

# Standard Animal Weights

Agricultural Advisory Board  
October 20, 2016

Frank X. Schneider  
State Conservation Commission  
Director, Nutrient and Odor Management Programs

# Background

- SCC Staff would like to update the AAB on possible changes to the Standard Animal Weights that are utilized in the Act 38 Nutrient Management Program
- The current animal weights that are used in the Act 38 Nutrient Management Plan (NMP) program were developed in 2010.
- The original animal weights were published in 1997 for Act 6.
  - In 2007, a revision was made for Act 38.
  - In 2010, the weights were again revised to better reflect current Pennsylvania agriculture.

# Reason / Request

- Staff has received many requests from certified NMP writers indicating that the average weights and grouping of different production cycles is not current with the current trend in Pennsylvania Agriculture.
- Specifically, Penn State swine experts inquired about updating the swine numbers and NMP specialists that work in the duck industry indicated that the duck numbers and groupings were not reflective of the industry.
- Based on those requests, staff and Penn State Cooperative Extension felt it was best to review and update all animal species and groupings to the current trends and to be representative of what currently exists in Pennsylvania.

# Regulations

- 83.262 (a) (1) (i) of the Act 38 regulations state:

Compute the animal weight for the agricultural operation by multiplying the average number of animals on the agricultural operation by the *standard animal weight used by the livestock industry in this Commonwealth*. The standard weights contained in guidance published by the Commission may be used to meet this requirement. Other animal weights may be used in place of those in the Commission guidance, if there is sufficient documentation to support their use. For those animal types not included in the Commission guidance, the average animal weight for the operation shall be used for this calculation, taking into account, if applicable, the range of animal weights throughout the time the animals are on the operation.

# Effects

- Please note that any changes made to the standard animal weights, which are needed to be more reflective of Pennsylvania Agriculture, could have ripple effects that include:
  - Addition of new Concentrated Animal Operations (CAOs)
  - Addition of new Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs)
  - Deletion of some existing Concentrated Animal Operations (CAOs)
  - Deletion of some existing Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs)

# Questions

- Additionally, staff will need to contemplate and make recommendations to the SCC on the following:
  - When will the changes become effective?
  - How will the new animal weights be brought into existing NMPs ?
  - How will the new animal weights be brought into existing CAO / CAFO calculations that show someone is not a CAO / CAFO?
  - How will these new weights and agronomy facts 54 be “rolled out”?

# Proposed Dairy

## - Significant change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Dairy</b>	
<i>Holstein</i>	
Cow	<del>1,300</del> 1500
Heifer: 1-2 yr.	<del>900-1050</del> (650-1,150)800-1300)
Calf: 0-1 yr.	<del>375-445</del> (100-650)90-800)
Bull	<del>1,500</del> 2000
<i>Brown Swiss</i>	
Cow	<del>1,300</del> 1450
Heifer: 1-2 yr.	<del>900-1000</del> (650-1,150)750-1250)
Calf: 0-1 yr.	<del>375-420</del> (100-650)90-750)
Bull	<del>1,500</del> 2000
<i>Ayrshire</i>	
Cow	<del>1,100</del> 1250
Heifer: 1-2 yr.	<del>800-888</del> (575-1,025)650-1125)
Calf: 0-1 yr.	<del>338-365</del> (100-575)80-650)
Bull	<del>1,250</del> 1800
<i>Guernsey</i>	
Cow	<del>1,100</del> 1200
Heifer: 1-2 yr.	<del>800-863</del> (575-1,025)625-1100)
Calf: 0-1 yr.	<del>338-348</del> (100-575)70-625)
Bull	<del>1,250</del> 1800
<i>Jersey</i>	
Cow	<del>900</del> 1000
Heifer: 1-2 yr.	<del>600-675</del> (400-800)500-850)
Calf: 0-1 yr.	225 (50-400)500)
Bull	<del>1,000</del> 1400

# Proposed Swine

- Slight change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Swine</b>	
Nursery pig	<del>30</del> <b>33</b> (15- <del>45</del> <b>50</b> )
Wean to finish	<del>140</del> <b>153</b> (15- <del>265</del> <b>290</b> )
Grow finish	<del>155</del> <b>170</b> ( <del>45</del> <b>50</b> - <del>265</del> <b>290</b> )
Gestating sow	400
Sow and litter	470
Boar	450



# Poultry

## - Significant change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Poultry</b>	
Layer: 18- <del>65</del> <b>75</b> wk.	<del>3.10</del> <b>3.13</b> ( <del>2.75</del> <b>2.82</b> - <del>3.45</del> <b>3.44</b> )
Layer: 18- <del>105</del> <b>90</b> wk.	<del>3.15</del> <b>3.14</b> ( <del>2.82</del> <b>3.46</b> ) <i>weighted avg.</i>
Layer, brown egg: <del>20-65</del> <b>18-75</b> wk.	<del>3.83</del> <b>3.85</b> ( <del>3.3-4.33</del> <b>3.35-4.34</b> )
Layer, brown egg: <del>20-105</del> <b>18-90</b> wk.	<del>4.00</del> <b>3.85</b> ( <del>3.3-4.73</del> <b>3.35-4.34</b> )
Pullet: 0- <del>18</del> <b>16</b> wk.	<del>1.42</del> <b>1.38</b> (0.08- <del>2.75</del> <b>2.67</b> )
<b>Pullet, brown egg: 0-16 wk.</b>	<b>1.55 (0.08-3.0)</b>
Broiler, large: 0-53 days	<del>3.04</del> <b>4.0</b> (0.09- <del>6.08</del> <b>8.0</b> )
Broiler, medium: 0-35 days	<del>2.3</del> <b>2.5</b> (0.090- <del>4.55</del> <b>5.0</b> )
Roaster	<del>3.54</del> ( <del>0.09</del> <b>7</b> )
Male: 0-7 wk.	<b>4.3 (0.09 - 8.6)</b>
Female: 0-9 wk.	<b>4.9 (0.09 - 9.8)</b>
<b>Turkey, tom brooder: 0-6 wk.</b>	<b>3.31 (.12-6.5)</b>
<b>Turkey, hen brooder: 0-6 wk.</b>	<b>2.69 (.12-5.25)</b>
Turkey, tom: <del>60</del> <b>18</b> wk.	<del>20.025</del> <b>2.25</b> ( <del>6.50</del> <b>12</b> - <del>40</del> <b>44</b> )
Turkey, hen <b>regular</b> : <del>60</del> <b>12</b> wk.	<del>7.11</del> <b>1.13</b> ( <del>5.25</del> <b>0.12</b> - <del>14</del> <b>17</b> )
<b>Turkey, hen heavy: 6-16 wk.</b>	<b>14.13 (5.25-23)</b>
Duck, <b>grower</b> : 0- <del>403</del> days	<del>3.75</del> <b>6</b> (0.22 <b>11</b> - <del>7.3</del> )
<b>Duck, developer: 0-196 days</b>	<b>3.21 (.22-6.2)</b>
<b>Duck, laying</b>	<b>6.85 (6.2-7.5)</b>
Guinea, <b>growing</b> : 0-14 <del>to</del> <b>24</b> -wk.	1.9 (0.06-3.75)
<b>Guinea, mature</b>	<b>3.75</b>
Pheasant, <b>growing</b> : 0-13 <del>to</del> <b>43</b> -wk.	1.53 (0.05-3.0)
<b>Pheasant, mature</b>	<b>3.0</b>
Chukar, growing: 0-13 <del>to</del> <b>43</b> -wk.	0.52 (0.04-1.0)
<b>Chukar, mature</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Quail, <b>growing</b> : 0-13 <del>to</del> <b>43</b> -wk.	0.26 (0.02-0.5)
<b>Quail, mature</b>	<b>0.5</b>

# Beef

- Slight change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Beef</b>	
Calf: 0–8 mo.	<del>300</del> <b>325</b> (100– <del>500</del> <b>550</b> )
<b>Backgrounding Cattle</b>	<b>675</b> (550-800)
Finishing: 8–24 mo.	<del>950</del> <b>975</b> ( <del>500</del> <b>550</b> –1,400)
<b>Replacement Heifer: 8 mo.-1 yr.</b>	<b>700</b> (550-850)
<b>Replacement Heifer: 1-2 yr.</b>	<b>1025</b> (850-1200)
Cow	1,400
Bull	<del>1,500</del> <b>1800</b>

# Veal

- Slight change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
Veal	
Calf: 0-20 wk.	<del>270-280</del> (95- <del>445</del> 465)

# Sheep and Goats

- Significant change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Larger Breed Sheep</b>	
Lamb: 0–1 yr.	<del>80</del> 85 (10– <del>150</del> 180)
Ewe	<del>175</del> 225
Ram	<del>225</del> 300
<b>Smaller Breed Sheep</b>	
Lamb: 0–1 yr.	<del>50</del> 80 (10– <del>90</del> 150)
Ewe	<del>150</del> 175
Ram	<del>185</del> 225
<b>Meat Goats</b>	
Kid: 0–1 yr.	65 (5–125)
Doe	150
Buck	200
<b>Dairy Goats</b>	
Kid: 0–1 yr.	45 (5–85)
Doe	125
Buck	170

# Equine

- no change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Miniature Horses &amp; Miniature Donkeys</b>	
Foal: 0-6 mo.	35 (25-45)
Weanling: 6-12 mo.	60 (45-75)
Yearling: 12-24 mo.	100 (75-125)
Two Year Old: 24-36 mo.	150 (125-175)
Mature	200
<b>Ponies &amp; Donkeys</b>	
Foal: 0-6 mo.	65 (30-100)
Weanling: 6-12 mo.	150 (100-200)
Yearling: 12-24 mo.	300 (200-400)
Two Year Old: 24-36 mo.	400 (300-500)
Mature	600
<b>Light Horses &amp; Mules</b>	
Foal: 0-6 mo.	190 (80-300)
Weanling: 6-12 mo.	450 (300-600)
Yearling: 12-24 mo.	700 (600-800)
Two Year Old: 24-36 mo.	900 (800-1000)
Mature	1100
<b>Draft Horses</b>	
Foal: 0-6 mo.	360 (120-600)
Weanling: 6-12 mo.	800 (600-1000)
Yearling: 12-24 mo.	1150 (1000-1300)
Two Year Old: 24-36 mo.	1450 (1300-1600)
Mature	1800

# Bison

- Significant change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Bison</b>	
Calf: 0–1 yr.	<del>525-275</del> (50- <del>500</del> <del>1000</del> )
<b>Yearling 1-2 yr.</b>	<b>650</b> (500-800)
Cow	<del>1200</del> <b>1000</b>
Bull	<del>2000</del> <b>1600</b>

# Deer

- No change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Deer</b>	
Fawn: 0-6 mo.	36 (7-65)
Yearling Doe: 6-18 mo.	95 (65-125)
Yearling Buck: 6-18 mo.	110 (65-155)
Mature Doe	145
Mature Buck	200

# Alpaca and Llama

- Slight change

Type of Animal	Standard Weight (lbs) during Production (range)
<b>Alpaca</b>	
Young	80 (15-145)
Mature Female	145
Mature Male	170
<b>Llama</b>	
Cria: 0-1 yr.	<del>85-75</del> (20-150) <del>25-125</del>
Yearling: 1- <del>2</del> 3 yr.	<del>225-213</del> (150-300) <del>125-300</del>
Mature	<del>325</del> 350



# Review

- Staff and Penn State Cooperative Extension have started a review of the standard animal weights.
  - Significant changes are anticipated.
- It is staff's intention to make the draft updated standard animal weights available for a 60 day public comment period.
- After thorough review of the comments received by Penn State species experts and SCC staff, an updated weight table and Agronomy Fact 54 will be presented to the SCC for action

# Timeline

- It is anticipated that staff will ask for an action from the SCC on the new Standard Animal Weights sometime in 2017, after public comments and a more thorough review by Penn State species experts and SCC staff.