

NITRIFICATION CONTROL PLAN FOR CHLORAMINATED DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

PART 1: GENERAL SYSTEM INFORMATION

Water System Name:			PWSID:		
Mailing Address:					
Contact Person:		Phone:	Email:		
System Type:	☐ CWS ☐ NTNCWS	☐ TNCWS	Population Served:		
Source Types: (check all that apply)	□ Surface Water (SW) □ Purchased SW □ Groundwater (GW) □ Purchased GW □ GUDI (GW under direct influence of SW) □ Purchased GUDI Selling finished water to a other public water system? □ Yes □ No				
Treatment: (check all that apply)	 No treatment. Purchase and Chloramines □ Chloramine Production Free Chlorine □ Seasonal Chlorination¹ 	☐ Booster Chloraminated was a Booster Chloramination of the Chloring (for system-wide nitrification of the Chloring (f	on se Conversion²	ooster Chlorination	
Blending:	Does chloraminated water and ☐ Yes ☐ No	chlorinated water, from diffe	rent sources, blend within y	our distribution system?	

¹ Routine seasonal conversion to free chlorine (e.g. utilized chloramines from June – September and free chlorine from October – May) based on normal operational practices or permit conditions.

² Shorter term conversion to free chlorine done specifically for system-wide nitrification control.

PART 2A: MONITORING PLAN FOR CHLORAMINE PRODUCTION (TREATMENT)

(This part is only for water systems that produce chloramines, booster chloraminate or booster chlorinate.)

Treatment Monitoring Locations, Parameters and Frequencies

Parameter	Pre-Treatment Frequency (prior to ammonia addition) Sample Location Description:	Post-Treatment Frequency (after ammonia addition and prior to entry into the distribution system Sample Location Description:
Free Chlorine ¹		
Total Chlorine		
Monochloramine		
Free Ammonia ²		
рН		
Nitrite		
Nitrate		
Other Parameters: (Please list below)		

Free chlorine is needed for monitoring free chlorine concentrations *prior* to ammonia addition. Caution must be used when using N,N-diethyl-p-phenylenediamine (DPD) methods after monochloramine formation, due to the positive interference from monochloramine, other oxidants and oxidized manganese.

² Pre-treatment free ammonia samples should be taken from the raw water (prior to the addition of free chlorine within the treatment process). Elevated raw water free ammonia levels can create a demand on the free chlorine and lead to the formation of chloramines prior to ammonia addition.

PART 2B: MONITORING PLAN FOR CHLORAMINATED DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

	Monitoring Locations ¹						
Parameter				Frequ	uency		
Total Chlorine							
Monochloramine							
Free Ammonia							
Nitrite							
рН							
Temperature			1				
HPCs							
Nitrate							
Free Chlorine ²							
Other Parameters: (Please list below)							

Make additional copies of this table, as necessary, if the number of monitoring locations exceeds the spaces provided.

Free chlorine is *only* useful for distribution monitoring during a chlorine conversion, periods of seasonal chlorination, when trying to boost chloraminated water with free chlorine past breakpoint and when free chlorine and chloraminated waters are blended. Caution must be used when using N,N-diethyl-p-phenylenediamine (DPD) methods, due to the positive interference from monochloramine, other oxidants and oxidized manganese.

PART 3A: RESPONSE PLAN FOR CHLORAMINE PRODUCTION (*TREATMENT*) (This part is only for water systems that produce chloramines, booster chloraminate or booster chlorinate.)

Pre-Treatment Goals, Action Levels and Responses (prior to ammonia addition)

Parameter	Goal	Action Level	Response
Free Chlorine			
Total Chlorine			
Monochloramine			
Free Ammonia			
рН			
Nitrite			
Nitrate			
Other Parameters: (Please list below)			

Post-Treatment Goals, Action Levels and Responses (after ammonia addition and prior to entry into the distribution system)

Parameter	Goal	Action Level	Response
Free Chlorine			
Total Chlorine			
Monochloramine			
Free Ammonia			
рН			
Nitrite			
Nitrate			
Other Parameters: (Please list below)			

PART 3B: RESPONSE PLAN FOR CHLORAMINATED DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Distribution System Goals and Trigger Levels

Parameter	Goal	Alert Level	Action Level
Total Chlorine			
Monochloramine			
Free Ammonia			
Nitrite			
рН			
Temperature			
HPCs			
Nitrate			
Free Chlorine ¹			
Other Parameters: (Please list below)			
<u> </u>	e diatributian manaitaring during a ablaring burn pariode		

Free chlorine is *only* useful for distribution monitoring during a chlorine burn, periods of seasonal chlorination, when trying to boost chloraminated water with free chlorine past breakpoint and when free chlorine and chloraminated waters are blended. Caution must be used when using N,N-diethyl-p-phenylenediamine (DPD) methods, due to the positive interference from monochloramine, other oxidants and oxidized manganese.

Distribution System Response Plan¹

Monitoring Location ² Response to Action Level Exceedance		
	Monitoring Location ²	Response to Action Level Exceedance

Make additional copies of this table, as necessary, if the number of monitoring locations exceeds the spaces provided.

The monitoring locations listed in this table should match the monitoring locations identified in PART 2B: MONITORING PLAN FOR CHLORAMINE DISTRIBUTION