# PENNSYLVANIA AIR QUALITY MONITORING 2004 ANNUAL REPORT





Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Air Quality Division of Air Quality Monitoring 2004 REPORT

> Edward G. Rendell Governor Kathleen A. McGinty Secretary

# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF AIR QUALITY

2004

# AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING REPORT

### DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY MONITORING 400 MARKET STREET HARRISBURG, PA 17105



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# List of Acronyms Used in this Report

AIRS	Aerometric Information Retrieval System
AQI	Air Quality Index
AQS	Air Quality System
ATSDR	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
BAM	Beta-Attenuation Mass (type of continuous PM <sub>2.5</sub> sampler)
Be	Beryllium
CBD	Central Business District
CO	Carbon Monoxide
COPAMS	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Air Monitoring System
DEP	Department of Environmental Protection
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FEM	Federal Equivalent Method
FRM	Federal Reference Method
HAPs	Hazardous Air Pollutants
H₂S	Hydrogen Sulfide
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
Мах	Maximum
MM/DD-HH	Month/Day - Hour
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standard
NARSTO	North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone
NO	Nitric Oxide
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen Dioxide
NO <sub>x</sub>	Oxides of Nitrogen
NPAP	National Performance Audit Program
O <sub>3</sub>	Ozone
obs	observations
PAMS	Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station
PAQSS	Pennsylvania Air Quality Surveillance System
Pb	
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Particulate Matter with aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 micrometers
PIM <sub>10</sub>	Particulate Matter with aerodynamic diameter less than 10 micrometers
ppp	parts per billion
ppbc	parts per billion Carbon
pppv	parts per billion volume
ppm	parts per million Dellutent Standarda Index
P31	Pollutant Standards Index
P50	Pennsylvania State University
	Sullui Dioxide
TEOM	Total Suspended Particulate
	micrograms per subic meter (upit of flow)
µg/m	Micrograms per cubic meter (unit of now)
VUUS	

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) protects the right to clean air for all Pennsylvanians as provided in Article I Section 27 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. DEP's Bureau of Air Quality fulfills this obligation by regulating emissions from thousands of air contamination sources located at facilities such as factories, refineries, landfills, and power plants. Monitoring air quality statewide, assisting companies with compliance, requiring the installation of monitoring equipment, investigating complaints, and taking enforcement action against violators are all part of DEP's powers and duties.

As DEP continues to implement the federal Clean Air Act as Amended in 1990, the study of past and present air quality data will be a crucial component of program planning and air pollution reduction strategies. The data will allow the Department to develop a comprehensive strategy to prevent the emission of certain air contaminants.

# **Ambient Air Monitoring**

The goals of Pennsylvania's ambient air monitoring program are to evaluate compliance with federal and state ambient air quality standards, provide real-time monitoring of air pollution episodes, develop data for trend analysis, support the development and implementation of air quality regulations, and provide information to the public on daily air quality conditions.

DEP monitors air quality in areas having high population density, high levels of expected contaminants, or a combination of both factors. The majority of the monitoring takes place in the 13 air basins of the Commonwealth. Air basins are geographic areas, usually valleys, where air tends to stagnate.

DEP does not generally monitor air quality in Allegheny and Philadelphia counties. Monitoring in these areas is performed by independent county health agencies. An exception exists in Allegheny County, where DEP has an ambient air monitoring site as part of an exhibit at the Carnegie Science Center in Pittsburgh.

# **Air Quality Index**

An Air Quality Index (AQI) is published daily for all sites in Pennsylvania as a means of reporting air quality to the general public. The AQI reports levels of five common air contaminants -- carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), ozone, and nitrogen dioxide. It was developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to standardize air pollution ratings. Real time monitoring and current AQI information is also available on DEP's website at http://www.depweb.state.pa.us/(DEP Keyword: Air Quality Index, Air Index).

# **Quality Assurance Program**

DEP's Bureau of Air Quality conducts regularly scheduled performance audits and precision checks on the air monitoring equipment. Quarterly performance audits are conducted to assess data accuracy on carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, ozone, total suspended particulate matter (TSP), PM<sub>10</sub> suspended particulate matter, PM<sub>2.5</sub> suspended particulate matter, oxides of nitrogen, nitrogen dioxide, and lead monitoring systems.

# **Overview of Air Quality Data**

Data collected by DEP can generally be divided into two groups: particulate matter and gaseous pollutants. DEP monitors health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) as well as several Pennsylvania ambient air quality standards for contaminants such as beryllium and hydrogen sulfide.

#### Total Suspended Particulate and PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> Suspended Particulate Matter

Particulate matter is the solid or liquid matter formed by smoke, dust, fly ash, or condensing vapors that can be suspended in the air for long periods of time. Particulate emissions result primarily from industrial processes and fuel combustion. The smaller particles can be breathed deeply into the lungs where they can aggravate or cause respiratory ailments or carry other pollutants into the lungs.

The federal ambient air quality standard for particulate matter was revised to reflect the adverse health effects of particulate matter less than 10 microns in size (PM<sub>10</sub>). PM<sub>10</sub> measurements have replaced the total suspended particulate (TSP) standard because many of the larger particles measured in TSP do not penetrate the lungs and have little health effect. PM<sub>10</sub> measurements appear to represent all of the particulate emissions from transportation sources and most of the emissions in the other traditional categories. Thus, there is no federal or state air quality standard for TSP. In July 1997, EPA revised the standard for particulate matter by adding a standard for fine particulates that are less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter  $(PM_{2.5})$ . Although legal challenges to the  $PM_{2.5}$ standard had initially left it unenforceable, a March 26, 2002 appellate court decision rejected all challenges and EPA has developed guidance to implement the new standard.

The annual mean composite of all areas of the Commonwealth has demonstrated a 38 percent improvement in TSP levels over the last 10 years. There were no sites in the Commonwealth that exceeded the former annual or 24-hour air quality standard in 2004.

Average  $PM_{10}$  levels have improved 25 percent over the last 10 years. There were no sites in the Commonwealth that exceeded the ambient air quality standards in 2004.

With only six complete years of  $PM_{2.5}$  data collected, no trend information is available. Six of the Federal Reference Method (FRM) monitoring sites exceeded the annual air quality standard, and none of the FRM sites exceeded the 24-hour air quality standard in 2004.

#### Sulfates

The atmosphere contains two types of sulfates: primary and secondary. Primary sulfates are emitted directly into the atmosphere from industrial processes. Secondary sulfates are formed in the atmosphere from other sulfur-containing compounds under mechanisms that involve photochemical processes.

Studies have shown significant correlation between high sulfate levels and illness. Sulfates also reduce visibility and contribute to acid rain. The high level of sulfates during the summer is due to sulfate formation in sunlight. Sulfates continue to be a problem in Pennsylvania.

There are currently no long- or short-term air quality standards for sulfates.

#### Lead

Lead is a metal that is highly toxic when ingested or inhaled. It is a suspected carcinogen of the lungs and kidneys and has adverse effects on cardiovascular, nervous and renal systems. Lead is emitted into the atmosphere by industrial processes.

Lead levels in the Commonwealth have met the federal standards for at least the past 10 years. Since lead was removed from gasoline, relatively few improvements now are seen in air basins that have no lead industrial sources.

#### Nitrates

Nitrates are particulate compounds that form in the atmosphere from the oxidation of nitrogen gases emitted from fuel combustion sources. They represent a significant portion of the finer particulate that can be inhaled into the lungs and which affect visibility.

Levels of nitrates are relatively constant across the Commonwealth. There are no long- or short-term air quality standards for nitrates.

#### Sulfur Dioxide

Sulfur dioxide is a gaseous pollutant that is emitted primarily by industrial furnaces or power plants burning coal or oil containing sulfur. Health problems caused by high exposures to sulfur dioxide include impairment of breathing and respiratory illnesses. Sulfur dioxide damages trees, plants and agricultural crops and is a precursor to acid rain.

All sites met the air quality standards for sulfur dioxide. In general, sulfur dioxide levels have improved slightly or remained the same over the last 10-year period.

The 2004 averages continue to be below 50 percent of the annual ambient air quality standard.

#### Ground-Level Ozone

Ground-Level Ozone, or photochemical smog, is not emitted into the atmosphere as ozone, but

rather is formed by reactions of other pollutants. The primary pollutants entering into this reaction -- volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and oxides of nitrogen ( $NO_x$ ) -- create ozone in the presence of sunlight. Ozone is a strong irritant to the eyes and upper respiratory system and also damages crops.

Ground-Level Ozone levels fluctuate depending on weather conditions. Ozone levels are consistently higher during the summer months, with the ozone monitoring season (April 1 to Oct. 31). Since 1995, daily maximum 1-hour ozone levels have improved so that the majority of counties in Pennsylvania are meeting the air quality standard. The improvements that are seen in ozone concentrations can be attributed in part to controls on VOCs and gasoline volatility. Ozone concentrations (using all monitors in Pennsylvania) did not exceed the 1-hour daily air quality standard in 2004, but the 8-hour daily maximum level of 84 parts per billion (ppb) was exceeded on 14 days during 2004.

#### Oxides of Nitrogen

Oxides of nitrogen  $(NO_x)$  are a class of pollutants formed when fuel is burned at a very high temperature. They are predominately emitted from vehicles. Although there is no air quality standard for  $NO_x$ , the level of this pollutant is of concern due to its role in the formation of ground-level ozone and acid rain.

#### Nitrogen Dioxide

Nitrogen dioxide is a highly toxic, reddish brown gas that is created primarily from fuel combustion in industrial sources and vehicles. It creates an odorous haze that causes eye and sinus irritation, blocks natural sunlight and reduces visibility. It can severely irritate respiratory illnesses. Nitrogen dioxide contributes to the creation of acid rain and adversely impacts forests and other ecosystems.

No sites in Pennsylvania exceeded the annual air quality standard for nitrogen dioxide in 2004. Nitrogen dioxide levels have improved 19 percent on average over the last 10 years.

#### Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas that, when introduced into the bloodstream, inhibits the delivery of oxygen to body tissue. Exposure creates a severe health risk to individuals with cardiovascular disease. The largest man-made source of carbon monoxide is motor vehicle emissions. This pollutant is a health concern in areas of high traffic density or near industrial sources.

All DEP sites in the Commonwealth have met the federal air quality standards for carbon monoxide for at least the last 10 years. Carbon monoxide levels have seen a long-term improvement of 57 percent from levels in 1995.

For additional information about Pennsylvania's air quality programs, visit the DEP website <u>http://www.depweb.state.pa.us/</u> (DEP Keyword: Air, Air Pollution, Air Quality, Clean Air).

#### Acid Rain

The DEP, under cooperative agreement with the Pennsylvania State University, has maintained the Pennsylvania Atmospheric Deposition Monitoring Network (PADMN) since 1981. The purpose of this program is to determine how much acid rain is falling in Pennsylvania for environmental assessment purposes. Parameters monitored include pH, sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, chloride, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium, and specific conductance. Starting in 1997, measurements of the amount of mercury in rain were made as part of the National Atmospheric Deposition Program – Mercury Deposition Network (NADP – MDN).

Eighteen acid rain monitoring sites are currently in operation in Pennsylvania. Included in this network are nine acid rain and six mercury monitoring sites supported by the DEP. The remaining sites are supported by the National Atmospheric Deposition Program/National Trends Network (NADP/NTN) and various other agencies.

The annual Acid Rain Report can be found on the web at the following address:

http://www.depweb.state.pa.us/ (DEP Keyword: Acid Rain)

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### INTRODUCTION

The goals of the ambient air monitoring program in Pennsylvania are to determine compliance with federal and state ambient air quality standards, provide real-time monitoring of air pollution episodes, provide data for trend analysis, evaluate regulations and planning, and provide public information daily on air quality.

Three agencies conduct air quality monitoring to evaluate compliance with air quality standards in Pennsylvania: DEP, the Allegheny County Health Department, and the Philadelphia Department of Health Air Management Services.

This report contains summaries of the air quality data collected by DEP's Bureau of Air Quality during the 2004 calendar year. Data from Philadelphia or Allegheny counties can be obtained by contacting those agencies directly. Mailing addresses and telephone numbers for all three agencies are listed in Appendix B.

The monitoring strategy of DEP places monitors in areas having high population density and/or high levels of contaminants. The majority of all monitoring efforts take place in the "air basins" of the Commonwealth. These "air basins" are defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1 and consist of the following geographical areas:

- Allegheny County Air Basin
- Allentown Bethlehem Easton Air Basin
- Erie Air Basin
- Harrisburg Air Basin
- Johnstown Air Basin
- Lancaster Air Basin
- Lower Beaver Valley Air Basin
- Monongahela Valley Air Basin
- Reading Air Basin
- Scranton, Wilkes-Barre Air Basin
- Southeast Pennsylvania Air Basin
- Upper Beaver Valley Air Basin
- York Air Basin

Air monitoring surveillance is conducted in the 13 air basins. The Allegheny County Health Department conducts the majority of the air quality monitoring in the Allegheny County Air Basin. The Philadelphia Department of Public Health, Air Management Services, which is located in the Southeast Pennsylvania Air Basin, conducts air monitoring only for the Philadelphia County portion of the air basin. In addition to the aforementioned 13 air basins, DEP conducts surveillance in three non-air basin areas: Altoona, Montoursville, and Farrell. DEP also performs monitoring in Allegheny County at the Carnegie Science Center in Pittsburgh as part of an air quality exhibit.

DEP operates two air monitoring networks in the Commonwealth: the Pennsylvania Air Quality Surveillance System (PAQSS) for high volume particulate sampling and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Air Monitoring System (COPAMS) for continuous pollutant sampling.

In July 1997, EPA revised the primary standard for particulate matter by adding standards for fine particulates (particulates less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter –  $PM_{25}$ ). The increased resources needed to implement and operate the PM<sub>2.5</sub> monitors resulted in significant cuts to the PAQSS network. The remaining sites were chosen to support needed lead monitoring. The discrete total suspended particulate network consists of eight monitoring sites. Each site sampled total suspended particulate matter (TSP) on a schedule of once every six days. Selected filters are also analyzed for sulfates, nitrates, and lead. In addition, discrete sampling is also conducted at four sites for suspended particulate matter of 10 microns or less in size (PM<sub>10</sub>) in 2004. No additional analysis is performed on the PM<sub>10</sub> sample filters. The 2004 PM<sub>2.5</sub> monitoring network consists of 24 discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> sites along with 10 continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> monitoring sites.

The COPAMS network is a totally automatic, microprocessor-controlled system that consists of 51 remote stations throughout the Commonwealth. Dial-up telephone lines used by a central computer system collect the raw data from these remote stations every hour. Each station measures selected parameters such as sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, ozone, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, continuous  $PM_{10}$ , continuous  $PM_{2.5}$ , wind speed, wind direction (vector averaged and sigma theta), ambient temperature, and solar radiation.

The sampling locations for DEP's air monitoring sites and the pollutants monitored at each site are listed in Appendix C.

In addition to the normal air monitoring surveillance conducted by DEP, two cooperative monitoring efforts continued this year. DEP has renewed a cooperative agreement with Pennsylvania State University's (PSU) Department of Plant Pathology to conduct ozone monitoring in five remote areas. The collected ozone data will be used to determine possible effects to forests and crops and assess ozone transport in rural Pennsylvania. The sites are located in the Moshannon State Forest, Clearfield County; Tiadaghton State Forest, Lycoming County; near Gleason, Tioga County; at the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources Penn Nursery, Centre County; and in State College, Centre County.

# **CHAPTER 1 - Air Quality Standards**

One of the primary goals of the ambient air monitoring program is to obtain data to compare against air quality standards. Pennsylvania has adopted and incorporated by reference all of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), as well as several state ambient air quality standards. These standards, designed to protect the public health and welfare, are shown in Tables 1-1 and 1-2.

There are two types of NAAQS standards: primary and secondary. Primary standards protect against adverse health effects, while secondary standards protect against welfare effects such as damage to crops, vegetation, and buildings, and decreased visibility.

	Primary (Health Related)		Secondary (Welfare Related)	
Pollutant	Type of Average	Standard Level Concentration	Type of Average	Standard Level Concentration
Carbon Monoxide	8-hour Running (not to be exceeded more than once per year)	9 ppm	No Secondary	Standard
	1-hour (not to be exceeded more than once per year)	35 ppm	No Secondary	Standard
Lead	Maximum Quarterly Average	1.5 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Same as Primar	ry Standard
Nitrogen Dioxide	Annual Arithmetic Mean	0.053 ppm	Same as Primar	ry Standard
Ozone	Maximum Daily 1-Hour Average (only applies in areas that have not attained the standard)	0.12 ppm	Same as Prima	ry Standard
	Fourth-Highest Daily Maximum 8-hour Running Mean (based on 3- year average)	0.08 ppm	Same as Primai	ry Standard
Particulate Matter	Annual Arithmetic Mean (based on 3-year average)	50 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Same as Prima	ry Standard
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hour (not to be exceeded more than once per year)	150 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Same as Prima	ry Standard
Particulate Matter	Annual Arithmetic Mean (based on 3- year average)	15 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Same as Primai	ry Standard
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24-hour (based on 3 year average of 98th percentile)	65 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Same as Prima	ry Standard
Sulfur Dioxide	Annual Arithmetic Mean	0.03 ppm	3-hour (block average) (not to be exceeded more than once per year)	0.50 ppm
	24-hour (daily mean) (not to be exceeded more than once per year)	0.14 ppm		

#### Table 1-1. National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

Pollutant	Type of Average	Standard Level Concentration
Beryllium	30-day	0.01 μg/m <sup>3</sup>
Fluorides (total soluble, as HF)	24-hour	5 μg/m³
Hydrogen Sulfide	24-hour	0.005 ppm
	1-hour	0.1 ppm
Settled Particulate (Total)	30-day	43 tons/mile <sup>2</sup> /month
	1-year	23 tons/mile <sup>2</sup> /month

### Table 1-2. Pennsylvania Ambient Air Quality Standards

### **CHAPTER 2 - Air Quality Trends and Comparisons**

### **Particulate Sampling**

#### **Total Suspended Particulate Matter**

With the monitoring for  $PM_{2.5}$  particulate matter being labor intensive, DEP reduced the number of sites monitoring for total particulate matter in 1999 since no air quality standard exists. The TSP monitoring sites that remain were chosen for other needs, such as lead monitoring.

Total suspended particulates (TSP) are the solid or liquid matter in air. Particles vary in size and may remain suspended in the air from a few seconds to several months. Sources of particulate emissions include coal-burning power plants, industrial processes, mining operations, municipal waste incinerators and fuel combustion. They also are produced by natural sources such as forest fires and volcanoes. The smaller particles are breathed deeply into the lungs, where they can aggravate or cause respiratory ailments. These smaller particles can also carry other pollutants into the lungs.

The federal ambient air quality standard for particulate matter was revised to reflect the adverse health effects of smaller particulate matter less than 10 microns in size (PM<sub>10</sub>). There is no federal or state air quality standard for TSP.



Figure 2-1. Trend in annual geometric mean TSP concentrations, 1995-2004.

Figure 2-1 shows a decrease in annual geometric mean TSP concentrations. In 1995, the statewide average concentration was 41 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) and in 2004 the statewide average concentration was 26 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>), representing a statewide decrease of 37% for this period. The solid line represents the former annual primary air quality standard of 75 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>).

The 2004 calendar year TSP summary is contained in Appendix A, Table A-1. There were no sites in the Commonwealth that exceeded the former annual or 24-hour primary air quality standards in 2004. For comparison to the  $PM_{10}$  annual air quality standard, the TSP annual arithmetic mean was calculated by averaging the four quarterly arithmetic means.

Figure 2-2, located on the following page, shows the TSP trends over the last 10 years in various areas of the Commonwealth where monitoring remains. The graphs of the air basin's annual geometric means consist of all stations that were operated during that year and which had at least 30 samples taken. Thus, stations that were moved or discontinued in the past are still included in the 10year trend. The solid line represents the former annual primary air quality standard of 75  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>. The historical data illustrated in Figure 2-2 are contained in Appendix A, Table A-2. This table lists the annual geometric means over the last 10 years for each site monitored in 2004. The annual mean is shown if at least 30 samples were collected that year.



Former Annual TSP National Ambient Air Quality Standard was 75 micrograms per cubic meter

2004

0 + 1995

#### Sulfate and Nitrate Particulate Matter

With the monitoring for  $PM_{2.5}$  particulate matter being labor intensive, DEP reduced the number of sites monitoring for total particulate matter in 1999 since no air quality standard exists. As a result, the number of sites with filter analysis for sulfates and nitrates was also reduced.

Sulfate particulate matter in the atmosphere is composed of two types: primary and secondary. Primary sulfates are emitted directly into the atmosphere from industrial processes. Secondary sulfates are formed in the atmosphere from other sulfur-containing compounds under mechanisms that involve photochemical processes.

Studies have shown a significant correlation between high sulfate levels and increased absences from work and school because of illness. Sulfates are also of interest due to their effects of reducing visibility and contributing to acid rain.

Pennsylvania's ambient air quality sulfate standard was repealed since it was more stringent than federal regulations. There are no short- or long-term air quality standards for sulfates. However, elevated sulfate values, consistent with previous years, continue to be recorded statewide. The 2004 sulfate summary is contained in Appendix A, Table A-3. The large number of high sulfate levels during the summer is caused by the relationship between sulfate formation and photochemical processes. The maximum values will occur at the majority of sites from May to September.

Nitrates are particulate compounds that are usually formed in the atmosphere from the oxidation of oxides of nitrogen gases. They are of interest since they represent a significant portion of the finer particulates which can be inhaled into the lungs and which have a great impact on visibility. Nitrates are also being studied to determine their impact on acid precipitation.

Appendix A, Table A-4 summarizes nitrate data collected during 2004. As seen from the annual means, the levels of nitrates in the Commonwealth are relatively constant from area to area.

There are no long-term or short-term air quality standards for nitrates.

#### Lead

Lead is a highly toxic metal when ingested or inhaled. It is a suspected carcinogen of the lungs and kidneys and has adverse effects on the cardiovascular, nervous, and renal systems. Lead is emitted to the atmosphere by vehicles burning leaded fuel and from certain industrial processes, primarily battery manufacturers and lead smelters. As a result of the reduction in lead in gasoline, metal processing is the major source of lead emissions.

Lead concentrations for 1995 to 2004 are represented in Figure 2-3 by the maximum quarterly mean during the year for all DEP monitors across the state. After dramatic reductions seen in the late 1970s to early 1980s due to the implementation of lead-free gasoline, lead concentrations have leveled off. Figure 2-3 indicates that the maximum quarterly lead concentrations have remained fairly constant and well below the air quality standard over the past 10 years even though source-oriented sites dominate the data. The solid line represents the quarterly mean air quality standard of 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>). Lead trends for the individual areas in the state are shown in Figure 2-4, located on the following page, for 1995 to 2004.

The particulate lead standard was not exceeded at any monitoring site in 2004, including sourceoriented sites. Quarterly averages for all stations that monitored lead in 2004 are shown in Appendix A, Table A-5, along with the number of samples taken in each quarter, the annual arithmetic mean, and the total number of samples for the year.

Lead historical trend data is presented in Appendix A, Table A-6 for 1995 to 2004. The table contains the maximum quarterly mean for each year. Trend data is shown for all sites that operated in 2004. The quarterly mean is shown if at least 30 samples were collected during the year. No current monitoring site has exceeded the air quality standard for at least the last 10 years. Higher lead levels recorded at sites located in Laureldale (Reading Air basin) and Lyons are due to the influence of lead point sources close to the monitoring sites, although these sites are well below the air quality standard.



Figure 2-3. Trend in maximum quarterly average lead concentrations (including source-oriented sites), 1995-2004.



Lead National Ambient Air Quality Standard is a quarterly average of 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter

#### PM<sub>10</sub> Suspended Particulate Matter

Particulate matter (PM) is solid matter or liquid droplets from smoke, dust, fly ash, or condensing vapors that can be suspended in the air for long periods of time. Particulate matter in air with aerodynamic diameters less than 10 micrometers is  $PM_{10}$ .  $PM_{10}$  has replaced the total suspended particulate (TSP) standards because many of the larger particles included in the TSP measurement (up to 45 micrometers) do not penetrate into the lungs and have very little effect on health. Consequently, the  $PM_{10}$  measurement is believed to be a better indicator of actual health risks.

 $PM_{10}$  appears to represent essentially all of the particulate emissions from transportation sources and most of the emissions in the other traditional categories (coal-burning power plants, steel mills, mining operations, etc). The standard for  $PM_{10}$  was adopted in July 1987. On July 18, 1997, EPA revised the particulate matter standards by adding new standards for  $PM_{2.5}$  (particles less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers).

The  $PM_{10}$  concentrations are measured using both discrete (single sample) monitors that collect particulate matter on a filter for 24 hours and continuous real-time instruments. The continuous TEOM monitor is a gravimetric instrument that draws ambient air through a filter, constantly weighing the filter and calculating real-time  $PM_{10}$  concentrations. The analyzer reports 1-hour data, which are then used to calculate daily 24-hour averages (midnight to midnight), for comparison to the ambient air quality standard.



**Figure 2-5**. Trend in annual mean PM<sub>10</sub> concentration, 1995-2004.

Figure 2-5 is a graph of the historical statewide  $PM_{10}$  trend from 1995 to 2004. Because of an EPA policy change, data prior to 1988-99 is reported in units corrected to standard conditions while data since 1998-99 is corrected to local conditions. In 1995, the statewide average concentration was 27 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) and in 2004 the statewide average concentration was 20 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>), representing a statewide decrease of 26% for this period.

The map in Figure 2-6 shows the range of  $PM_{10}$  annual mean levels in the different counties across the Commonwealth where monitoring is performed. When there are multiple sites in the county, the annual mean is the highest reading of these sites. Only sites that have monitored 50 percent of the time during 2004 are included in this figure. All counties monitored by DEP are in attainment of the annual  $PM_{10}$  NAAQS. The map in Figure 2-7 displays the highest second maximum 24-hour  $PM_{10}$  by county in 2004. All counties monitored by DEP are in attainment of the 24-hour  $PM_{10}$  standard.

 $PM_{10}$  trends for the individual areas of the state are shown in Figure 2-8 for 1995 to 2004. The air basin or area averages consist of all stations that were operated during that year and had at least 30 discrete samples or 50 percent valid continuous data.  $PM_{10}$  levels have remained fairly constant over this period with an average 7 percent decrease in levels over the last five years. The apparent dramatic improvement shown in the Scranton-Wilkes Barre air basin for 1999 may be due to the lack of sampling data and should not be viewed as representative of the particulate levels. The solid line represents the annual air quality standard of 50 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>).

The 2004 PM<sub>10</sub> data summary appears in Appendix A, Table A-7. Historical trend data for each site monitored in 2004 is shown in Appendix A, Table A-8. This table lists the annual arithmetic means and second maximum 24-hour mean over the last 10 years for each site that monitored in 2004 with at least 50 percent data completeness.

# Figure 2-6. PM-10 Concentrations

Annual Means (Average by County, for 2004)

(Micrograms per Cubic Meter)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM-10 Annual Mean = 50 micrograms per cubic meter (Data are displayed for single calendar year, but the standard is based on a 3-year average)

# Figure 2-7. PM-10 Concentrations

Highest Second Maximum 24-Hour Mean (by County, for 2004)

(Micrograms per Cubic Meter)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM-10 24-Hour Mean = 150 micrograms per cubic meter (not to be exceeded more than once per year)



PM-10 Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 50 micrograms per cubic meter

#### PM<sub>2.5</sub> Suspended Particulate Matter

Particulate matter (PM) is the general term used for a mixture of solid particles and liquid droplets found in the air. These particles, which come in a wide range of sizes, may be emitted directly by a source or formed in the atmosphere. Fine particles are those that are less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>). Fine particles can accumulate in the respiratory system and are associated with numerous adverse health effects including decreased lung function and increased respiratory symptoms and disease. Sensitive groups that appear to be at greatest risk include the elderly, individuals with cardiopulmonary disease such as asthma, and children. Particulate matter also can cause adverse impacts to the environment. PM2.5 is the major cause of reduced visibility in parts of the United States. Other environmental impacts occur when particles deposit onto soil, plants, water, or man-made materials such as monuments or statues.

The  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations are measured using both discrete (single sample) monitors and continuous real-time instruments. The discrete monitors collect particulate matter on a filter for 24 hours. The filter is then collected and shipped to the lab to be weighed.

The continuous Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) monitor is a gravimetric instrument that draws ambient air through a filter, constantly weighing the filter and calculating real-time  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations. The analyzer reports 1-hour data, which are then used to calculate daily 24-hour averages (midnight to midnight), for comparison to the ambient air quality standard.

The continuous Beta-Attenuation Mass (BAM) sampler draws ambient air through a section of filter tape. The filter tape passes between a beta ray source and a beta ray detector. As the particulate mass on the filter increases, the number of beta ray particles transmitted through the filter decreases. So the detector measures the number of beta particles transmitted through the exposed filter tape, and then the instrument calculates the particulate mass using a correlation equation. The analyzer reports 1-hour data, which are then used to calculate daily 24-hour averages (midnight to midnight), for comparison to the ambient air quality standard.

Nine of the DEP monitoring sites have both discrete manual and continuous samplers, but only the

discrete  $PM_{2.5}$  sampler is approved by EPA as a Federal Reference Method (FRM) for compliance purposes.

The map in Figure 2-9 shows the range of  $PM_{2.5}$  annual mean levels in the different counties across the Commonwealth where monitoring is performed. When there are multiple samplers in a county, the highest FRM monitor reading is used. Only sites that have monitored 50 percent of the time during 2004 are included in this figure. In 2004, six counties monitored by DEP exceeded the annual  $PM_{2.5}$  standard.

The map in Figure 2-10 displays the highest 98th percentile 24-hour PM2.5 mean by county. When there are multiple samplers in a county, the highest FRM monitor reading is used. In 2004,no counties monitored by DEP exceeded the 24-hour  $PM_{2.5}$  standard.

With only six complete years of data collected, no graphical trend analysis is available. Data collected in 2004 is summarized in Appendix A, Table A-9 for all FRM monitors and continuous monitors. Historical trend data for each site that was monitored in 2004 is shown in Appendix A, Table A-10. Six of the FRM monitoring sites exceeded the annual air quality standard, and none of the FRM sites exceeded the 24-hour air quality standard in 2004.

# Figure 2-9. PM-2.5 Concentrations

Annual Mean (Average by County, for 2004)

(Micrograms per Cubic Meter)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM-2.5 Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter (Data are displayed for single calendar year, but standard is based on a 3-year average)

Figure 2-10. PM-2.5 Concentrations

98th Percentile 24-Hour Daily Mean (by County, for 2004)

(Micrograms per Cubic Meter)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM-2.5 98th Percentile 24-Hour Mean = 65 micrograms per cubic meter. (Data are displayed for a single calendar year, but standard is based on a 3-year average)

### Chemical Speciation of PM<sub>2.5</sub> Suspended Particulate Matter

Particulate matter (PM) is a general term used for a mixture of solid particles and liquid droplets (also known as aerosols) found in the air.  $PM_{2.5}$  refers to particulate matter that is 2.5 micrometers or smaller in size. For reference, 2.5 micrometers is approximately 1/30 the size of a human hair. Speciation is a physical or chemical analysis of the captured particles that provide a first order characterization of the metals, ions, and carbon constituents of  $PM_{2.5}$ .

Physical and chemical speciation data can be used to support several areas of study as:

- Inputs to air quality modeling analyses used to implement the PM<sub>2.5</sub> standard;
- Indicators to track the progress of air pollution controls;
- Aids to interpret studies linking health effects to PM<sub>2.5</sub> constituents;
- Aids to understand the effects of atmospheric constituents on visibility impairment; and
- Aids in designing and siting monitoring networks.

PM2.5 is composed of a mixture of primary and secondary particles, both having long lifetimes in the atmosphere (days to weeks). traveling long distances (hundreds to thousands of kilometers) and hence, not easily traced back to their individual sources. Primary particles include soilrelated particles such as road dust, construction and agriculture and combustion-related particles. Combustionrelated particles come from a variety of sources such as diesel and gasoline vehicles, open burning operations, and utility and commercial boilers. The principle types of secondary aerosols are organics, sulfates and nitrates. Sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides and ammonia (ammonium sulfate, ammonium bisulfate, ammonium nitrate) are important precursors to secondary particles.

Knowing the chemical composition of the  $PM_{2.5}$  mix is also important for determining sources of pollution. By developing seasonal and annual chemical characterizations of ambient particulates across the nation, this speciation data will be used to perform source attribution analyses, evaluate emission inventories and air quality models, and support health related research studies and regional haze assessments.

Pennsylvania began operating a PM<sub>2.5</sub> speciation network, consisting of 13 sampling sites, in April 2002. The pie charts on the following pages, Figures 2-11 to 2-17 show the major constituents, consisting of nitrates, sulfates, ammonium, organic carbon, elemental carbon and other trace elements.
















Figure 2-15. PM<sub>2.5</sub> Speciation Pie Charts for New Garden and Perry County













### Sulfur Dioxide

Sulfur dioxide is a gaseous pollutant that is emitted primarily by industrial furnaces or power plants burning coal containing sulfur or oil containing sulfur. The major health effects associated with high exposures to sulfur dioxide include effects on breathing and respiratory illness symptoms. The population most sensitive to sulfur dioxide includes asthmatics and individuals with chronic lung disease or cardiovascular disease. Sulfur dioxide damages trees, plants, and agricultural crops and acts as a precursor to acid rain. Finally, sulfur dioxide can accelerate the corrosion of natural and man-made materials that are used in buildings and monuments, as well as paper, iron-containing metals, zinc, and other protective coatings.

The statewide composite average of sulfur dioxide annual mean concentration for 1995 to 2004 is shown in Figure 2-18. Sulfur dioxide levels have shown only a slight improvement over the last ten years and remain below 50 percent of the air quality standard.



Figure 2-18. Trend in annual mean SO<sub>2</sub> concentrations, 1995-2004

The map in Figure 2-19 displays the average sulfur dioxide annual mean by county in 2004. When there are multiple sites in the county, the annual mean is the highest reading of these sites. All counties in which monitoring was conducted met the air quality standard of 30 parts per billion (ppb).

The map in Figure 2-20 displays the highest second maximum 24-hour (daily) average concentration by county in 2004. All areas of the Commonwealth met the 24-hour air quality standard of 140 ppb.

Figure 2-21 displays the last 10-year trend (1995 to 2004) of the annual arithmetic mean in the 12 air basins and the Altoona, Montoursville, and Farrell sites. The solid line represents the annual air quality standard of 0.030 parts per million (ppm).

Sulfur dioxide levels correlate significantly with ambient temperatures. As outside temperatures go down, indoor space heating requirements increase, resulting in additional burning of coal and oil.

Sulfur dioxide data for all sites that operated in 2004 is summarized in Appendix A, Table A-11. All sites in the Commonwealth met the annual mean, 3-hour, and 24-hour ambient air quality standards.

Sulfur dioxide historical data over the last 10 years is presented in Appendix A, Table A-12 for all stations that operated in 2004 with at least 50 percent valid data. This data was used to produce the trend chart shown in Figure 2-21.



Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for Sulfur Dioxide Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million



Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for Sulfur Dioxide 24-Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million (not to be exceeded more than once per year)



SO2 Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 0.030 parts per million

#### **Ground-Level Ozone**

Ground-level ozone, or photochemical smog, is a secondary pollutant. It is not emitted directly to the atmosphere but rather is formed in the atmosphere by the reactions of other pollutants. Ground-level ozone forms during the summer months, when nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) combine and react in the presence of sunlight and warm temperatures. Nitrogen oxides come from burning fossil fuels at power plants, industrial boilers, and motor vehicles. VOCs are emitted from a variety of sources, including motor vehicles, chemical plants, refineries, and natural (biogenic) sources. Changing weather patterns contribute to yearly differences in ozone concentrations. Ozone and the precursor pollutants that cause ozone also can be transported into an area from pollution sources located hundreds of miles away. Ground-Level Ozone is a strong irritant to the eyes and upper respiratory system. It hampers breathing and also damages crops and man-made materials such as monuments and statues.

In July 1997, EPA promulgated a new 8-hour primary ozone standard to protect against longer exposure periods that are of concern for both human health and environmental welfare. The 1hour ozone standard stays in effect until an area has met the standard for three consecutive years. The secondary standard (welfare-based) was set identical to the 8-hour primary standard. The secondary standard highlights the concerns associated with effects on vegetation. As a way of focusing on this effect. DEP has contracted with Pennsylvania State University's Department of Plant Pathology to monitor ozone at five rural sites: Moshannon State Forest, Clearfield County; Tiadaghton, Lycoming County; the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources Penn Nursery facility, Centre County; State College, Centre County; and a site between Mansfield and Williamsport, Tioga County.

In addition to the established surveillance monitoring sites, DEP continued monitoring begun by the North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone (NARSTO). The Holbrook site (Greene County) is primarily designed to study ozone transport in the Northeast.

Since the 1-hour ozone standard still applies in areas that have not attained compliance with the

standard, this report presents both 1- and 8-hour ozone data. The ozone- monitoring season in Pennsylvania begins each year on April 1<sup>st</sup> and ends on October 31<sup>st</sup>.

Ambient ground-level ozone trends are erratic by nature. Changes in meteorological conditions, population growth, and changes in emissions (VOCs and NOx) influence ozone concentrations. Figure 2-22 shows the 1995-2004 statewide (DEP sites only) average second daily maximum 1-hour ozone concentrations. Weather conditions were not favorable for ozone formation in 2004. The solid line is at the primary 1-hour air quality standard of 125 parts per billion (ppb).



Figure 2-22. Trend in average second daily maximum 1-hour ozone concentrations, 1995-2004.

The map in Figure 2-23 presents the highest second daily maximum 1-hour ozone concentration by county in 2004. There were no exceedances of the 1-hour air quality standard in 2004. All ozone monitoring sites are included in the representation, with the exception of those monitors operated by Allegheny and Philadelphia counties.

The map in Figure 2-24 presents the fourth highest daily maximum running 8-hour ozone concentration by county in 2004. All ozone monitoring sites are included in the representation, with the exception of those monitors operated by Allegheny and Philadelphia counties.

For the 12 air basins and Altoona, Montoursville, and Farrell sites, Figure 2-25 shows the 10-year trend (1995 to 2004) of the average second daily maximum 1-hour ozone concentration during the ozone season for DEP monitoring sites. Figure 2-26 shows the 10-year trend (1995 to 2004) of the 3year average of the fourth highest daily 8-hour running ozone mean. All sites, with the exception of the Montoursville site, have been close to or exceeded the 8-hour standard of 0.08 parts per million (ppm). The solid line in both figures indicates the 1- or 8-hour standard level.

Montoursville has been the only area consistently below the ozone air quality standards.

Appendix A, Table A-13a summarizes the 1-hour ozone data during the ozone season of 2004 for all monitoring sites. Appendix A, Table A-13b summarizes the 8-hour ozone data during the ozone season of 2004 for all monitoring sites.

Appendix A, Table A-14 lists the days on which the 1-hour ozone air quality standard was exceeded in 2004 at all sites in Pennsylvania.

Appendix A, Tables A-15 and A-16 summarize the 1-hour and 8-hour data over the last three years (2002 - 2004). These tables include monitoring sites operated by DEP, the Allegheny County Health Department, Philadelphia Department of Public Health, Air Management Services, and the Pennsylvania State University.

Historical 1-hour data for ozone from 1995 to 2004 is contained in Appendix A, Table A-17 for all DEP sites that operated during the ozone monitoring season in 2004 with at least 50 percent valid data. To demonstrate that the 1-hour ozone NAAQS is achieved and maintained, a site can have no more than three exceedances of the 0.12 parts per million (ppm) standard over the last three years. Only two sites, located in the Southeast Pennsylvania air basin, have more than three exceedances in the last three years.

# Figure 2-23. Ozone Concentrations

Highest Second Maximum Daily 1-hour Concentrations (by County, for 2004)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for Ozone Maximum Daily 1-Hour Average = 0.12 parts per million (not to be exceeded more than once per year)

# Figure 2-24. Ozone Concentrations

Fourth Maximum Daily 8-hour Concentrations (by County, for 2004)



Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standard for Ozone Fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour average = 0.08 parts per million (Data are displayed for single calendar year, but standard is based on a 3-year average)



Daily Maximum 1-Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 125 parts per billion



The eight-hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard is the average of the yearly 4th daily maximum 8-hour values over 3 years. The standard is exceeded when the 3-year average is greater than 84 ppb.

### Nitrogen Dioxide / Oxides of Nitrogen

Nitrogen dioxide  $(NO_2)$  is a highly toxic, reddish brown gas that is formed through the oxidation of nitric oxide (NO) emitted primarily from the combustion of fuels in stationary or transportation sources. It can cause an odorous, brown haze that irritates the eyes and nose, shuts out sunlight, and reduces visibility. NO<sub>2</sub> acts as a precursor to acidic precipitation and plays a key role in nitrogen loading of forests and ecosystems. NO<sub>2</sub> has been associated with acute effects in individuals diagnosed with respiratory disease.

Oxides of nitrogen  $(NO_x)$  are a class of pollutants formed when fuel is burned at a very high temperature (above 1200° F), such as in automobiles and power plants. For air pollution purposes, it is composed primarily of nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide  $(NO_2)$  and other oxides of nitrogen. Although there is no air quality standard for  $NO_x$ , it plays a major role in the formation of ground-level ozone in the atmosphere through a complex series of reactions with volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Nitrogen oxides also contribute to deposition of nitrogen in soil and water through acid rain.



Figure 2-27. Trend in annual  $NO_2$  concentrations, 1995-2004.

The trend in annual mean  $NO_2$  concentrations statewide between 1995 and 2004 is shown in Figure 2-27. In 1995, the statewide average concentration was 17 parts per billion (ppb) and in 2004 the statewide average concentration was 13 parts per billion (ppb), representing a statewide decrease of 24% for this period. All areas of the Commonwealth continue to be well below the air quality annual standard of 53 parts per billion (ppb), which is indicated by the solid line in Figure 2-27. Figure 2-29 on the following page indicates the 10year trend of nitrogen dioxide annual mean levels from 1995 to 2004 in 12 air basins and the Altoona non-air basin. Nitrogen dioxide levels have remained relatively constant over the last 10 years. All areas are at or below 50 percent of the annual air quality standard.

Nitrogen dioxide data for 2004 is summarized in Appendix A, Table A-18. No site exceeded the annual primary air quality standard for nitrogen dioxide in Pennsylvania in 2004.

Historical trend data for those sites that monitored nitrogen dioxide in 2004 is presented in Appendix A, Table A-19 for 1995 to 2004. Data is shown for those sites with at least 50 percent valid data. The annual arithmetic mean is shown so that a comparison to the air quality standard can be made for the individual sites.



Figure 2-28. Trend of nitrogen oxides annual means, 1995-2004.

Appendix A, Table A-20 summarizes data for oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>X</sub>) in 2004. Figure 2-28 represents the statewide trend of oxides of nitrogen by using the arithmetic mean from all monitoring sites over the last 10 years with at least 50 percent data capture. Since 1995, average NO<sub>X</sub> concentrations have declined by 26 percent.



The Nitrogen Dioxide Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 0.053 ppb

#### **Carbon Monoxide**

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless, odorless, poisonous gas that has an affinity for hemoglobin 210 times that of oxygen. By combining with the hemoglobin in the blood, CO inhibits the delivery of oxygen to the body's tissue, thereby causing asphyxia or shortness of breath. The health threat from carbon monoxide is most serious for those who suffer from cardiovascular disease. At much higher levels of exposure, healthy individuals are also affected.

Carbon monoxide is a byproduct of the incomplete burning of fuels. Industrial processes contribute to carbon monoxide pollution levels, but the principal source of carbon monoxide in most large urban areas is motor vehicle emissions. Peak carbon monoxide concentrations typically occur during the colder months of the year when automotive emissions are greater and nighttime inversion conditions are more frequent.



Figure 2-30. Trend in second maximum 8-hour average CO concentrations, 1995-2004.

Figure 2-30 shows the statewide average second maximum 8-hour carbon monoxide concentrations. In 1995, the statewide average concentration was 3.5 parts per million (ppm) and in 2004 the statewide average concentration was 1.5 parts per million (ppm), representing a statewide decrease of 57% for this period. The carbon monoxide improvement occurred across all spatial scales – downtown central business district (CBD), rural, and suburban. Figure 2-31 shows that, historically, CBD sites recorded higher carbon monoxide concentrations on average than other monitoring site locations. But this year, the average carbon monoxide concentrations are equal for both types of

sites. The solid line at 9 parts per million in Figures 2-30 and 2-31 indicates the 8-hour running mean air quality standard.



Figure 2-31. Trend in second maximum 8-hour average CO concentrations by location, 1995-2004.

The carbon monoxide 10-year historical trend for different areas of the state are shown in Figure 2-32 on the following page, using the highest second maximum 8-hour non-overlapping running average. The solid lines on the graphs represent the 8-hour ambient air quality standard.

Carbon monoxide data for 2004 has been summarized in Appendix A, Table A-21. There were no exceedances of the 1- or 8-hour air quality standards observed in 2004.

Historical trend data for 1995 to 2004 for carbon monoxide is shown in Appendix A, Table A-22 for all air monitoring sites that operated in 2004 with at least 50 percent valid data. The second maximum value is presented to indicate whether the site is attaining the air quality standard.



The Carbon Monoxide 8-Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 9.0 ppm

### **Air Toxics**

Hazardous air pollutants (HAPs), commonly referred to as air toxics, are pollutants known to cause or are suspected of causing cancer or other serious human health effects or ecosystem damage. Some air toxics are released from natural sources such as volcanic eruptions and forest fires. Most air toxics originate from mobile sources (cars, trucks, buses) and stationary sources (factories, refineries, power plants). Examples of some of the 188 toxic air pollutants include heavy metals such as mercury and chromium; benzene, found in gasoline; perchloroethylene, emitted from some dry cleaning facilities; and methylene chloride, used as a solvent and paint stripper by a number of industries.

DEP performs ambient air monitoring of several air toxics at a Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) site in Arendtsville, Adams County. This site studies the transport of ozone precursors from urban to rural areas. The volatile organic compounds (VOCs) routinely measured include several VOC species considered to be air toxics, such as benzene, hexane, toluene, and styrene. This station was not sited to represent the highest concentrations over a wide area, but it can be useful to study trends in ambient air toxics transported over long distances. DEP operates the Arendtsville site from June to October. Figure 2-33 on the following page displays the average concentration trend of selected air toxics from 1996 until 2004. Units in Figure 2-33 are expressed in parts per billion Carbon (ppbC).

The 2004 data from the Arendtsville site has been summarized in Appendix A, Table A-23. There are no federal or state air quality standards for the monitored compounds.

DEP performs air toxics monitoring for mercury at a site near Lancaster. This site is designed to comply with EPA's expanded national toxic monitoring program. Data supplied from this monitoring site, and the expanded national network, will assist in rulemaking and model validation. EPA will use these computer models to estimate lifetime chemical exposures and subsequent health-effect risks. Data from the Lancaster site for 2004 has been summarized in Appendix A, Table A-24. There are no federal or state ambient air quality standards for mercury.

For more information on PA's Air Toxics monitoring, visit us through the Department's website at <u>http://www.depweb.state.pa.us</u> (DEP Keyword: toxics).

#### Figure 2-33. Air Toxics Trends at the Arendtsville Monitoring Site (1996-2004) Annual Means



\* ppbC = parts per Billion Carbon



# CHAPTER 3 - Air Quality Index

Formerly, a Pollutant Standards Index (PSI) was published daily for monitoring sites in Pennsylvania. The PSI was a national uniform method for reporting air quality that incorporates recorded levels of five common air contaminants: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), suspended particulate matter 10 microns or less in size  $(PM_{10})$ , ozone, and nitrogen dioxide  $(NO_2)$ .

The PSI used a segmented linear function to convert concentration levels of these pollutants into normalized numbers based on the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), the various episode levels, and the significant harm levels for each pollutant.

On Oct. 4, 1999, EPA revised the PSI to update health messages for carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen dioxide. It reflects updated health information considered in the EPA proposal to revise the air quality standards for ground-level ozone (smog) and particulate matter. The revised index will ensure consistency between current science on the health effects of all of these air pollutants and the reporting of this air quality and health information to the public. The new index is called the Air Quality Index (AQI).

The AQI adds an additional air quality category to the former PSI categories just above the level of the standard. The AQI index establishes a category from 101 -150 characterized as "unhealthy for sensitive groups" and a category of 151 - 200 as "unhealthy". The AQI includes modifications to the ozone sub-index (an 8-hour subindex) and a new sub-index for fine particulate matter. These changes to the AQI are based on health effects information from the review of the ozone and particulate matter standards.

The AQI has been adopted by DEP and is published on DEP's web site with hourly updates (DEP Keyword: Air Quality Index, Air Index). The breakpoints for the AQI in terms of pollutant concentrations are shown in Table 3-1.

O <sub>3</sub> (ppm) 8 - hour	O <sub>3</sub> (ppm) 1 – hour( <sup>1</sup> )	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ΡΜ <sub>10</sub> (μg/m³)	CO (ppm)	SO <sub>2</sub> (ppm) 1-Hour	NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	AQI	Category
0.000 - 0.064	-	0.0 – 15.4	0 – 54	0.0 - 4.4	0.000 - 0.034	( <sup>2</sup> )	0 - 50	Good
0.065 - 0.084	-	15.5 – 40.4	55 – 154	4.5 – 9.4	0.035 – 0.144	( <sup>2</sup> )	51 - 100	Moderate
0.085 – 0.104	0.125 – 0.164	40.5 - 65.4	155 - 254	9.5 – 12.4	0.145 – 0.224	( <sup>2</sup> )	101 - 150	Unhealthy for sensitive groups
0.105 – 0.124	1.65 – 0.204	65.5 – 150.4	255 – 354	12.5 – 15.4	0.225 - 0.304	( <sup>2</sup> )	151 - 200	Unhealthy
0.125 – 0.374	0.205 - 0.404	150.5 – 250.4	355 – 424	15.5 – 30.4	0.305 - 0.604	0.65 – 1.24	201 - 300	Very unhealthy
( <sup>3</sup> )	0.405 - 0.504	250.5 - 350.4	425 – 504	30.5 – 40.4	0.605 - 0.804	1.25 – 1.64	301 - 400	Hazardous
(3)	0.505 - 0.604	350.5 - 500.4	505 - 604	40.5 - 50.4	0.805 – 1.004	1.65 – 2.04	401 - 500	Hazardous

## TABLE 3-1. BREAKPOINTS FOR THE AIR QUALITY INDEX (AQI)

<sup>1</sup> Agencies are generally required to report the AQI based on 8-hour ozone values. However, there are a small number of areas where an AQI based on 1-hour ozone values would be more precautionary. In these cases, in addition to calculating the 8-hour ozone index value, the 1-hour ozone index value may be calculated and the maximum of the two values is reported.

NO2 has no short-term NAAQS and can generate an AQI only above a AQI value of 200.

<sup>3</sup> When 8-hour Ozone concentrations exceed 0.374 ppm, AQI values of 301 or higher must be calculated with 1-hour concentrations.

## **CHAPTER 4 - Precision and Accuracy**

DEP conducts regularly scheduled performance audits and precision checks on all air monitoring equipment. Performance audits are conducted quarterly for the purpose of assessing data accuracy on carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), ozone (O<sub>3</sub>), total suspended particulate (TSP), suspended particulate matter 10 microns or less in size (PM<sub>10</sub>), and lead (Pb) monitoring equipment. Precision checks are performed every two weeks on CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>3</sub> and every sampling day (once every sixth day) for selected TSP, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, and lead.

Data obtained from the performance audits and precision checks are converted to 95 percent upper and lower probability limits using standard statistical methods.

For precision, only one probability level is calculated for each parameter. Acceptable 95 percent probability limits for precision are met when the instrument response is within 15 percent for all parameters. For continuous analyzers, every two weeks the equipment is challenged by a low level gas of known concentration; and for discrete particulate parameters (TSP, PM<sub>10</sub>, and lead), filters from pairs of collocated samplers that run on a onein-six-day schedule are analyzed and compared. This Precision Level data is shown in Figure 4-1.

For accuracy, acceptable 95 percent probability limits are met when the instrument response is within 20 percent for continuous gaseous parameters and within 15 percent for discrete particulate parameters (TSP, PM<sub>10</sub> and lead). Challenging the equipment quarterly with 3 known concentration levels of audit gas, which are shown as Accuracy Levels 1, 2, and 3 (Figure 4-1), respectively, determines accuracy for continuous analyzers. For discrete particulate parameters (TSP, PM<sub>10</sub>, and lead), an annual audit of the flow rate determines accuracy. These data are shown on the Accuracy Level 2 graph (Figure 4-1).

Figure 4-1 on the following page summarizes the 95 percent probability limits from all four quarterly reporting periods within the calendar year. The values presented were calculated from weighted arithmetic averages for each quarter's probability limits.

Note that there are two different types of accuracy checks for lead: the normal flow check, which is indicated by PB(F) and a quarterly analytical check, which is indicated by PB(A), on the legends of each graph. This analytical check is part of the EPA sponsored National Performance Audit Program (NPAP) in which spiked lead strips are sent to state laboratories to verify laboratory analysis accuracy.





**APPENDIX A - Data Tables** 

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## Total Suspended Particulate Matter (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

#### Year: 2004

				Daily Averages						
	PA	Geometric	Geometric	Arithmetic	Number	1st		2nd		Minimum
	Site	Annual	Standard	Annual	24HR	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Deviation	Mean	Samples	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean
Southeast Penn	sylvania	Air Basin								
Chester	P11	34	1.75	37	61	104	07/26	65	02/21	0
Northeast Regio	n Non-A	ir Basin								
Palmerton	205	25	1.75	28	58	62	07/20	57	05/15	6
Reading Air Bas	in									
Laureldale	R10	34	1.57	37	60	78	11/17	77	11/11	11
Southcentral Re	gion Noi	n-Air Basin								
Lyons	301	25	2.13	31	57	64	05/09	63	06/08	0
Lyons	375	21	1.62	23	57	60	05/15	48	06/26	6
Johnstown Air E	Basin									
East Conemaugh	J08	26	1.65	30	60	69	07/02	66	10/06	7
Monogahela Val	ley Air B	asin								
Monessen	M16	37	1.55	41	60	97	07/02	69	02/27	8
Lower Beaver V	alley Air	Basin								
Vanport	B05	8	4.82	22	55	74	08/01	70	06/08	0

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standard

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

## Total Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend Annual Geometric Means (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

	PA										
Site Name	Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Southeast Penns	sylvania /	Air Basin									
Chester	P11	43	43	55	40	35	39	36	33	35	34
Northoast Pagio	n Non-Ai	r Basin									
Delasartea		Dasili	00	04	00	07	00	07	00	00	05
Paimenton	205	29	32	31	29	27	28	21	28	30	25
Reading Air Basi	in										
Laureldale	R10	50	51	53	51	44	44	39	40	39	34
Southcontrol Do	nion Non	Air Booir									
Jouncential Reg						***	00	~~		40	05
Lyons	301	36	34	32	30	***	39	30	28	42	25
Lyons	375	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	26	23	21
Johnstown Air B	asin										
East Conemaugh	J08	***	37	40	41	42	42	30	28	30	26
Monongahela Va	lley Air E	Basin									
Monessen	M16	***	***	44	44	44	42	46	39	38	37
l ower Beaver Va	llev Air F	Basin									
Vopport		***	25	25	22	24	25	20	170	0	o
vanpon	PUD		30	30	33	34	30	30	17 5	9	o

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standard

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 30 samples collected during year

## Sulfate Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

#### Year: 2004

	PA Site	Annual	Number 24 HR	Number 30 Day	1st N 30 D	lax Jay	2nd N 30 D	/lax ay	Number 24 HR	1st 24	Max Hour	2nc 24	l Max Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Samples	> 10	Mean	ММ	Mean	ММ	> 30	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Northeast Region	Non-Air	Basin											
Palmerton	205	8.9	59	4	11.6	6	11.5	7	0	20.2	06/08	16.6	07/20
<i>Reading Air Basir</i> Laureldale	<b>n</b> R10	9.2	58	4	14.6	5	11.4	7	0	20.7	06/08	18.9	05/09
Johnstown Air Ba	asin												
East Conemaugh	J08	10.5	61	5	15.9	7	12.8	5	1	30.6	07/02	20.5	06/08
Monongahela Val	ley Air B	asin											
Monessen	M16	11.8	58	10	14.4	7	13.7	6	1	30.8	07/02	27.8	06/08

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standard

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## Nitrate Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

#### Year: 2004

	PA		Number	1st	Max	2nc	l Max	3rd	Max	Minimum
	Site	Annual	24HR	24	Hour	24	Hour	24	Hour	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Samples	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean
Northeast Region I	Non-Air Ba	sın								
Palmerton	205	3.35	59	7.3	06/14	6.8	05/27	6.8	02/09	0.56
Reading Air Basin										
Laureldale	R10	4.13	58	9.8	03/04	9.6	05/21	8.9	04/09	0.87
Johnstown Air Bas	sin									
East Conemaugh	J08	2.37	61	5.0	02/03	4.8	12/29	4.6	04/09	0.62
Monongahela Valle	ey Air Basiı	1								
Monessen	M16	3.04	58	5.9	12/17	5.9	04/09	5.8	12/05	1.20

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standard

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## Lead Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Number of Samples			
	Site	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Site Name	Code	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Southeast Pennsyl	vania Air Bas	in							
Chester	P11	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	15	15	16	15
Northeast Region I	lon-Air Basin								
Palmerton	205	0.12	0.05	0.07	0.05	14	15	15	15
Reading Air Basin									
Laureldale	R10	0.40	0.18	0.13	0.24	15	14	14	15
Southcentral Regio	on Non-Air Ba	sin							
Lyons	301	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.13	15	12	15	15
Lyons	375	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.08	15	14	15	15
	_								
Johnstown Air Bas	in								
East Conemaugh	J08	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	15	15	16	15
Monongahela Valle	y Air Basin								
Monessen	M16	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04	14	15	15	14
Lower Beaver Valle	ey Air Basin								
Vanport	B05	0.03	0.07	0.09	0.04	13	15	12	15

Primary Quarterly National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter

#### Lead Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend Maximum Quarterly Means (Units: micrograms per cubic meter)

	PA Site											
Site Name	Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southeast Penns	ylvania A	Air Basin										
Chester	P11	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	
Northoast Pagiar	Non Ai	r Booin										
Northeast Region		Dasin										
Palmerton	205	0.07	80.0	0.09	0.11	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.12	
Reading Air Basi	n											
Laureldale	R10	0.29	0.27	0.30	0.31	0.29	0.33	0.27	0.22	0.39	0.40	
Southcentral Reg	ion Non	-Air Basir	1									
Lyons	301	0.17	0.17	0.29	0.22	***	0.22	0.23	0.16	0.12	0.18	
Lyons	375	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.09	0.08	0.09	
Johnstown Air Ba	asin											
East Conemaugh	J08	***	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	
Monongahela Val	lley Air B	Basin										
Monessen	M16	***	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	
Lower Beaver Va	Lower Beaver Valley Air Basin											
Vanport	B05	0.15	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.11	0.09	0.09	

Primary Quarterly National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter

\*\*\* indicates less than 30 samples collected during year

## PM-10 Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / standard conditions)

#### Year: 2004

	Maximum 24 Hour Means										
	PA	Arithmetic	Number		1st	2	2nd	3rd	4th	99th	Minimum
	Site	Annual	24HR	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	24HR	24HR	Percentile	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Means	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	Mean	24HR	Mean
Southeast Pennsylvani	a Air Bas	sin									
Bristol (TEOM)	P01	18	349	60	07/22	59	05/12	52	49	49	4
Chester (TEOM)	P11	23	356	64	07/22	63	06/05	57	53	53	5
Norristown (TEOM)	P21	17	353	55	05/12	52	06/09	48	43	43	4
Allentown-Bethlehem-E	Easton A	ir Basin									
Allentown (TEOM)	A19	15	355	48	07/22	45	12/22	40	38	38	2
Freemansburg (TEOM)	A25	19	360	66	07/22	59	05/12	56	55	55	4
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	Air Basi	n									
Scranton (TEOM)	S01	16	364	55	07/22	43	06/09	43	42	42	2
Wilkes-Barre (TEOM)	S28	17	365	54	07/22	50	12/22	46	45	45	0
Northeast Region Non-A	Air Basin										
Nazareth (TEOM)	A26	32	348	143	07/21	115	11/17	108	101	101	4
Reading Air Basin											
Reading (TEOM)	R01	20	365	60	07/22	52	05/12	51	47	47	5
Reading	R15	20	60	46	11/17	45	06/08	41	38	46	2
Harrisburg Air Basin											
Harrisburg (TEOM)	H11	21	365	69	10/07	61	07/22	52	51	51	3
Lancaster Air Basin											
Lancaster (TEOM)	L01	20	365	55	05/11	54	02/02	51	49	49	3
York Air Basin											
York (TEOM)	Y01	22	361	59	05/11	53	05/12	52	52	52	4
()											
Southcentral Non-Air B	asin										
Altoona (TEOM)	308	20	365	110	04/19	63	06/09	61	58	58	4
					00		00,00	•			
Northcentral Region No	on-Air Ba	sin									
Montoursville	410	182	51	42	07/20	41	06/08	37	37	42	4
		101	01	12	0.720	r 1	00/00	57	01	.2	т
.lohnstown Air Basin											
	101	22	365	64	07/02	61	06/00	60	57	57	Λ
	501	~~	305	04	01/02	01	00/08	00	51	51	-+

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 50 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 99th Percentile) = 150 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

## PM-10 Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / standard conditions)

#### Year: 2004

	Maximum 24 Hour Means PA Arithmetic Number 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 99th										
	PA	Arithmetic	Number		1st	2	2nd	3rd	4th	99th	Minimum
	Site	Annual	24HR	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	24HR	24HR	Percentile	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Means	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	Mean	24HR	Mean
Monongahela Valley Ai	r Basin										
Charleroi (TEOM)	M01	20	359	68	07/02	64	07/03	52	50	50	5
Monessen	M16	25	58	77	07/02	60	08/31	50	42	77	7
Lower Beaver Valley Ai	ir Basin										
Beaver Falls (TEOM)	B11	23	363	67	07/02	64	06/08	64	59	59	2
Southwest Region Non	-Air Basi	in									
Florence	504	16	59	49	07/02	46	06/08	38	38	49	2
Greensburg (TEOM)	513	20?	320	52	08/17	50	08/03	48	48	48	3
Upper Beaver Valley Ai	ir Basin										
New Castle (TEOM)	B21	26	359	65	06/08	65	07/21	65	62	62	3
Erie Air Basin											
Erie (TEOM)	E10	14?	278	49	07/21	48	08/25	48	39	48	2

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 50 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 99th Percentile) = 150 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

#### PM-10 Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / standard conditions)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southeast Pennsylvan	ia Air B	asin									
Bristol (TEOM)	21?	21	20	23	17	18	21	18	19	18	Annual Mean
P01	58	55	59	57	51	53	57	56	56	49	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Chester (TEOM)	25	24	24	25	21	22	23	20	21	23	Annual Mean
P11	68	65	60	63	55	62	60	60	54	53	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Norristown (TEOM)	***	22?	21	21	18	19	20	16	19	17	Annual Mean
P21	***	54	66	56	49	49	56	49	50	43	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Allentown-Bethlehem-	Easton	Air Basi	n								
Allentown (TEOM)	***	21?	19	17	11	29	21	18	18	15	Annual Mean
A19	***	52	55	46	36	94	64	54	45	38	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Freemansburg (TEOM)	***	***	***	26?	38	35	20	20	19	19	Annual Mean
A25	***	***	***	65	97	98	60	60	55	55	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	e Air Bas	sin									
Scranton (TEOM)	23	21	20	21	12?	16	20	18	17	16	Annual Mean
S01	71	59	61	59	51	41	57	63	48	42	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Wilkes-Barre (TEOM)	21	21	21	24	***	18	20	19	21	17	Annual Mean
S28	59	57	62	64	***	49	57	63	68	45	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Northeast Region Non	-Air Bas	sin									
Nazareth (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	28	30	29	33	32	Annual Mean
A26	***	***	***	***	***	76	99	95	104	101	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Reading Air Basin											
Reading (TEOM)	***	24?	21	21	21	20	22	20	19	20	Annual Mean
R01	***	52	59	55	49	52	63	58	50	47	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Reading	***	29	29	27	29	27	24	25	25	20	Annual Mean
R15	***	81	79	67	53	66	62	60	83	46	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Harrisburg Air Basin											
Harrisburg (TEOM)	22	23	22	23	21	21	22	20	21	21	Annual Mean
H11	61	58	62	65	53	65	60	62	53	51	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Lancaster Air Basin											
Lancaster (TEOM)	27	24	23	24	24	21	23	21	20	20	Annual Mean
L01	72	64	68	62	63	55	67	61	49	49	99th Percentile 24HR Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 50 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 99th Percentile) = 150 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 30 discrete samples collected or less than 50 percent continuous data (TEOM)

#### PM-10 Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / standard conditions)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
York Air Basin											
York (TEOM)	***	***	23	26	23	22	24	21	24	22	Annual Mean
Y01	***	***	70	60	56	55	68	61	71	52	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Northcentral Region N	lon-Air B	Basin									
Altoona (TEOM)	26?	23	21	22	19	20	24	22	20	20	Annual Mean
308	69	53	59	58	57	54	69	63	69	58	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Montoursville	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	20	20	18?	Annual Mean
410	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	66	45	42	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Johnstown Air Basin											
Johnstown (TEOM)	***	28?	24	26	24	21	24	24	22	22	Annual Mean
J01	***	60	66	64	61	53	74	64	64	57	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Monongahela Valley A	Air Basin	1									
Charleroi (TEOM)	25?	26	24	26	27	21	25	21	19	20	Annual Mean
M01	74	69	57	62	95	51	69	57	56	50	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Monessen	***	***	32	34	38	31	31	30	29	25	Annual Mean
M16	***	***	75	74	79	62	67	76	<u> </u>	_0 77	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Lower Beaver Valley	Air Basir	1									
Beaver Falls (TEOM)	***	26	27	28	***	22	26	25	22	23	Annual Mean
B11	***	64	80	83	***	53	75	82	70	59	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Southwest Pegion No	n-Air Ba	sin									
Florence	***	***	***	***	27	22	20	21	20	16	Annual Mean
504	***	***	***	***	72	22 54	20 60	80	20 72	49	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
001						01	00	00		10	
Greensburg (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	20	19	23	22	22	20?	Annual Mean
513	***	***	***	***	52	47	57	59	60	48	99th Percentile 24HR Mean
Upper Beaver Valley A	Air Basin	1									
New Castle (TEOM)	***	32	33	33	28	28	32	29 72	26 70	26	Annual Mean
DZI		89	90	90	10	74	79	13	19	62	Sourcentile 24HR Mean
Erie Air Basin											
Erie (TEOM)	***	19?	20	21	18	18	19	19	16	14?	Annual Mean
E10	***	52	59	62	51	47	54	58	47	48	99th Percentile 24HR Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 50 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 99th Percentile) = 150 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 30 discrete samples collected or less than 50 percent continuous data (TEOM)

## PM-2.5 Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / local conditions)

#### Year: 2004

	Maximum 24 Hour Means										
	PA	Arithmetic	Number		1st	2	2nd	3rd	4th	98th	Minimum
	Site	Annual	24HR	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	24HR	24HR	Percentile	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Means	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	Mean	24HR	Mean
Southeast Pennsylvani	ia Air Bas	sin									
Bristol	P01	13.0?	108	39.8	05/12	30.4	06/08	29.9	28.7	29.9	3.6
Chester	P11	15.0	113	38.8	07/23	37.5	05/12	30.5	30.5	30.5	3.2
Norristown	P21	12.0?	102	39.3	05/12	29.3	06/08	28.8	27.0	28.8	2.4
Norristown (TEOM)	P21	17.6	352	65.4	07/22	51.4	05/12	48.4	44.5	40.4	1.2
New Garden	P30	14.3?	101	40.5	05/12	38.9	07/23	32.7	30.6	32.7	0.0
Allentown-Bethlehem-I	Easton A	ir Basin									
Allentown	A19	14.0	358	53.6	07/22	42.1	06/09	39.6	37.2	35.9	2.2
Faston (TEOM)	A20	13.6?	143	45.8	05/12	32.9	05/14	32.1	31.2	32.1	37
Freemansburg	A25	13.7	351	54.5	07/22	41.6	11/18	39.4	38.5	35.2	22
Freemansburg (TEOM)	A25	15.7?	212	54.8	07/22	42.3	06/09	39.5	38.8	37.9	3.1
0 ( )											
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	Air Basi	n									
Scranton	S01	11.6	343	47.2	07/22	36.5	08/18	33.1	33.0	31.2	0.0
Wilkes-Barre	S28	12.2	347	45.5	07/22	36.9	06/09	36.3	35.6	30.8	2.0
Reading Air Basin											
Reading	R01	15.6	114	41.2	05/12	37.5	06/08	33.1	33.1	33.1	2.9
Reading (TEOM)	R01	15.3?	86	40.2	10/09	35.3	11/18	34.7	32.8	35.3	2.7
Harrisburg Air Basin											
Harrisburg	H11	15.7	354	55.7	03/05	46.7	12/30	45.9	43.8	35.5	2.0
Harrisburg (BAM)	H11	21.2?	226	58.0	12/30	53.9	07/22	50.3	45.7	43.4	3.7
Lancaster Air Basin											
Lancaster	L01	16.6	120	43.6	03/04	35.9	05/12	35.5	35.4	35.5	2.8
Lancaster (TEOM)	L01	18.7	337	65.6	02/02	52.4	05/11	49.8	48.4	46.1	0.3
Vark Air Daain											
YORK AIR Basin		10 <b>-</b>				~					<b>•</b> (
York	Y01	16.5	111	56.7	03/04	37.5	06/08	35.9	34.1	39.0	3.1
York (TEOM)	Y01	17.7?	135	44.6	12/30	42.2	08/24	38.8	36.2	38.8	2.9
Southcentral Region N	on-Air Ba	asin									
Perry County	305	12.2	121	35.4	08/25	28.2	08/10	27.9	27.4	27.9	1.4
Arendtsville	314	13.7	358	43.5	07/22	43.3	03/05	40.3	39.5	36.3	0.0
Arendtsville (TEOM)	314	12.3	360	41.6	07/22	39.2	07/21	38.0	37.2	32.4	0.4
Carlisle	316	15.1	343	55.4	03/05	45.2	07/22	43.1	39.8	39.1	1.7

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 98th Percentile) = 65 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

## PM-2.5 Suspended Particulate Matter Summary (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / local conditions)

#### Year: 2004

				Maximum 24 Hour Means							
	PA	Arithmetic	Number		1st	2	2nd	3rd	4th	98th	Minimum
	Site	Annual	24HR	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	24HR	24HR	Percentile	24 Hour
Site Name	Code	Mean	Means	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	Mean	24HR	Mean
Northcentral Region No	on-Air Ba	isin									
State College	409	13.3	348	48.1	08/25	45.5	03/05	44.9	40.7	37.8	1.5
Johnstown Air Basin											
Johnstown	J01	14.4	116	52.4	07/02	37.7	08/25	36.2	34.9	36.2	2.7
Johnstown (BAM)	J01	16.1?	142	47.1	08/17	40.9	08/25	40.4	40.0	40.4	1.8
Monongahela Valley Ai	ir Basin										
Charleroi	M01	14.0	116	54.7	07/02	38.1	06/08	35.4	33.0	35.4	3.2
Lower Beaver Valley A	ir Basin										
Beaver Falls	B11	15.4	119	43.6	06/08	43.1	05/12	43.0	42.9	43.0	3.5
Beaver Falls (TEOM)	B11	17.9?	150	46.3	07/21	46.3	08/18	45.7	41.8	45.7	0.8
Southwest Region Non	-Air Basi	in									
Florence	504	13.2	347	45.1	07/21	44.5	07/03	40.8	39.4	36.0	2.0
Washington	508	14.1	119	47.1	07/02	37.3	06/08	34.0	29.5	34.0	3.8
Kittanning (TEOM)	512	14.3	359	45.9	06/08	44.6	07/22	44.2	41.2	37.8	3.6
Greensburg	513	14.9	118	59.3	07/02	49.6	08/10	39.0	33.3	39.0	3.1
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	E10	11.9	357	38.7	02/19	37.1	06/08	36.1	35.9	32.5	1.8
Northwest Region Non	-Air Basi	n									
Farrell	606	13.4	346	39.3	07/21	37.7	06/08	36.9	35.1	34.5	2.4

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 98th Percentile) = 65 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

#### PM-2.5 Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / local conditions)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
		Dente									
Southeast Pennsylva		Basin	***	***	40.00	40.00				40.00	
Bristol	***	***	***	***	12.0?	13.8?	14.6	14.2	14.4	13.0?	Annual Mean
P01	~~~	***	•••	***	32.8	38.4	38.5	37.2	39.6	29.9	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Chester	***	***	***	***	13 12	15.0	16.0	14.6	15.3	15.0	Annual Mean
P11	***	***	***	***	35.9	36.2	39.5	31.9	37.8	30.5	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
1 11					00.0	00.2	00.0	01.0	07.0	00.0	
Norristown	***	***	***	***	13.0?	13.6?	15.1?	13.7	13.9	12.0?	Annual Mean
P21	***	***	***	***	31.3	37.5	47.6	36.8	37.5	28.8	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Norristown (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	17.6	Annual Mean
P21	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	40.4	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Naw Oardan	***	***	+++	+++	***	***	***	447	45.0	44.00	
New Garden	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	14.7	15.6	14.3?	Annual Mean
P30								33.7	38.5	32.7	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Allentown-Bethlehem	n-Eastor	n Air Ba	sin								
Allentown	***	***	***	***	11 92	14.3	15.32	13 12	15.02	14 0	Annual Mean
A19	***	***	***	***	31.5	38.2	44.5	38.9	36.6	35.9	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Easton (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	12.2	14.9	14.8	14.5	13.6?	Annual Mean
A20	***	***	***	***	***	33.0	40.0	43.5	37.7	32.1	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Freemansburg	***	***	***	***	12.9?	13.6?	15.5	14.1	14.3	13.7	Annual Mean
A25	***	***	***	***	31.3	37.3	42.9	40.9	37.8	35.2	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Freemanshurg (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	15 70	Appuel Meen
	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	37.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
720										07.0	Sourr creentile 24 in Wear
Scranton-Wilkes-Bari	re Air B	asin									
Scranton	***	***	***	***	11.0?	11.7	12.9	12.4	12.5	11.6	Annual Mean
S01	***	***	***	***	29.7	31.5	36.7	42.7	33.8	31.2	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Wilkes-Barre	***	***	***	***	12.5?	12.7	13.8	12.0?	13.1	12.2	Annual Mean
S28	***	***	***	***	32.8	32.9	37.4	28.2	35.1	30.8	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Reading Air Basin											
Reading	***	***	***	***	13.5?	16.9	16.5	16.7?	16.1	15.6	Annual Mean
RUI					35.7	37.5	43.0	48.5	45.0	33.1	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Reading (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	15.32	Annual Mean
R01	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	35.3	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
										0010	
Harrisburg Air Basin											
Harrisburg	***	***	***	***	14.4?	15.4?	16.6	14.5	16.2	15.7	Annual Mean
H11	***	***	***	***	39.7	45.6	47.7	42.7	41.5	35.5	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Harrisburg (BAM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	21.2?	Annual Mean
H11	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	43.4	98th Percentile 24HR Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 98th Percentile) = 65 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 11 valid samples collected each quarter

#### PM-2.5 Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / local conditions)

Site Name /											
Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Lancaster Air Basin											
Lancaster	***	***	***	***	15 6?	17 8	17 3	16.2	17 6	16.6	Annual Mean
L01	***	***	***	***	38.2	47.0	42.1	40.2	51.5	35.5	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Lancaster (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	18.7	Annual Mean
L01	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	46.1	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
York Air Basin											
York	***	***	***	***	15.4?	16.7	16.9	17.1	17.4	16.5	Annual Mean
Y01	***	***	***	***	34.9	41.1	41.3	47.3	47.0	39.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Vork (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	17 70	Appuel Meen
	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	38.8	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
101										50.0	Sourr ercentile 24 in Mean
Southcentral Region	Non-Ai	r Basin									
Perry County	***	***	***	***	***	12.2	12.6	13.3	13 12	12.2	Annual Mean
305	***	***	***	***	***	30.2	33.7	36.9	34.5	27.9	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
								0010	0.110		
Arendtsville	***	***	***	***	13.1?	13.1?	14.1	12.6	13.6	13.7	Annual Mean
314	***	***	***	***	34.0	36.5	36.0	38.9	36.5	36.3	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Arendtsville (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	13.8	13.4	13.3	12.3	Annual Mean
314	***	***	***	***	***	***	38.0	39.3	33.4	32.4	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Carliala	***	***	***	***	***	***	15.6	111	15.0	15 1	Appuel Meen
316	***	***	***	***	***	***	15.0	14.4	10.0	30.1	Allitudi Medil 98th Percentile 24HP Mean
510							40.0	41.0	41.0	55.1	
Northcentral Region	Non-Air	Basin									
State College	***	***	***	***	***	***	13.92	11 97	13.6	13.3	Annual Mean
409	***	***	***	***	***	***	45.0	36.9	35.4	37.8	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Johnstown Air Basin	,										
Johnstown	***	***	***	***	14 8?	16 1?	15 5?	16 1	15.5	14 4	Annual Mean
J01	***	***	***	***	31.0	35.4	42.1	16.6	36.8	36.2	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Johnstown (BAM)	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	16.1?	Annual Mean
J01	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	40.4	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Monongahela Valley	Air Bas	in									
Charleroi	***	***	***	***	15.4?	15.5?	15.7	15.2	14.9	14.0	Annual Mean
M01	***	***	***	***	33.2	36.0	44.4	43.3	35.6	35.4	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Lower Beaver Valley	Air Bas	in									
Beaver Falls	***	***	***	***	***	15.9?	16.5	15.3	15.7	15.4	Annual Mean
В11	***	***	***	***	***	43.6	42.4	37.7	33.8	43.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	17 02	Annual Mean
B11	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	45 7	98th Percentile 24HR Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 98th Percentile) = 65 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 11 valid samples collected each quarter

#### PM-2.5 Suspended Particulate Matter Historical Trend (Units: micrograms per cubic meter / local conditions)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southwest Region N	lon-Air E	Basin									
Florence	***	***	***	***	13.0?	13.3	14.3?	13.6?	13.4	13.2	Annual Mean
504	***	***	***	***	38.1	30.5	35.5	36.7	33.9	36.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Washington	***	***	***	***	14.6?	15.1	15.8?	14.7	14.7	14.1	Annual Mean
508	***	***	***	***	42.4	33.3	36.6	37.2	33.4	34.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Kittanning (TEOM)	***	***	***	***	***	12.2	14 9	14.3?	124	14.3	Annual Mean
512	***	***	***	***	***	29.0	42.0	48.3	28.8	37.8	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Greensburg	***	***	***	***	1/ 02	16.02	15.0	1/ 02	15.3	1/ 0	Annual Mean
513	***	***	***	***	37.5	37.2	36.0	40.0	34.8	39.0	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	***	***	***	***	12.6?	13.8?	13.8?	13.3?	12.6?	11.9	Annual Mean
E10	***	***	***	***	30.5	28.2	37.5	42.9	29.7	32.5	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
Northwest Region N	on-Air B	asin									
Farrell	***	***	***	***	***	***	14 92	14 0	13.8	13.4	Annual Mean
606	***	***	***	***	***	***	43.0	36.6	35.4	34.5	98th Percentile 24HR Mean
000							40.0	50.0	55.4	04.0	

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 15 micrograms per cubic meter 24 Hour Mean (3-year average of 98th Percentile) = 65 micrograms per cubic meter

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 11 valid samples collected each quarter

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### Sulfur Dioxide Summary (Units: parts per million)

#### Year: 2004

				Daily (Block) Averages					Block A	verages		
	PA	Percent		1st	Max	2nc	d Max	1s	t Max	2nc	d Max	Max
	Site	Valid	Annual	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	3HR	Date	3HR	Date	1 HR
Site Name	Code	Data	Mean	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean
Southeast Per	nnsylvan	ia Air Basii	n									
Bristol	P01	97.4	0.004	0.023	01/12	0.023	12/29	0.039	01/12	0.035	01/12	0.043
Chester	P11	98.1	0.005	0.023	01/12	0.019	01/08	0.039	08/14	0.038	01/08	0.056
Norristown	P21	98.7	0.004	0.019	12/29	0.018	02/12	0.029	02/12	0.027	02/02	0.038
Allentown-Bet	hlehem-l	Easton Air	Basin									
Allentown	A19	99.5	0.007	0.055	01/27	0.045	01/26	0.069	01/27	0.068	01/27	0.076
Easton	A20	98.5	0.013	0.066	10/19	0.044	01/27	0.101	10/19	0.096	10/19	0.151
Freemansburg	A25	99.1	0.005	0.023	01/27	0.023	02/02	0.056	02/02	0.036	10/08	0.074
Scranton-Wilk	es-Barre	Air Basin										
Scranton	S01	98.1	0.005	0 020	12/29	0.016	02/14	0.031	12/16	0.030	12/28	0.046
Wilkes-Barre	S28	98.8	0.005	0.023	12/29	0.019	02/14	0.043	01/02	0.035	02/14	0.052
Villico Barro	020	00.0	0.000	0.020	12/20	0.010	02/11	0.010	01/02	0.000	02/11	
Northeast Reg	ion Non-	Air Basin										
Shenandoah	211	99.4	0.007	0.027	02/29	0.027	12/22	0.075	07/20	0.058	07/20	0.114
Reading Air B	asin											
Reading	R01	99.0	0.008	0 021	03/26	0 020	02/29	0 072	09/03	0.068	03/26	0.150
literating	1101	00.0	0.000	0.021	00/20	0.020	02/20	0.012	00,00	0.000	00,20	
Harrisburg Air	Basin											
Harrisburg	H11	97.6	0.004	0.022	09/07	0.018	01/09	0.102	09/03	0.061	09/07	0.177
Lancaster Air	Basin											
Lancaster	L01	98.7	0.005	0.021	11/18	0.017	02/29	0.061	11/18	0.049	10/07	0.096
Vork Air Rasir	,											
York	V01	08.3	0.005	0 021	01/25	0 020	12/25	0 083	01/25	0.070	12/25	0 131
TOIR	101	00.0	0.000	0.021	01/20	0.020	12/20	0.000	01/20	0.070	12/20	01101
Southcentral I	Region N	on-Air Bas	in									
Perry County	305	99.2	0.003	0.017	03/30	0.013	04/21	0.035	02/29	0.030	03/30	0.046
Altoona	308	98.3	0.006	0.040	01/08	0.030	02/29	0.093	02/29	0.065	11/16	0.124
Northcentral F	Region N	on-Air Bas	in									
Montoursville	410	97.2	0.003	0.016	02/02	0.015	02/10	0.032	02/02	0.032	06/12	0.061
State College	409	98.2	0.004	0.020	11/17	0.019	02/29	0.030	11/16	0.028	02/29	0.036

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

### Sulfur Dioxide Summary (Units: parts per million)

#### Year: 2004

				Daily (Block) Averages					Block A	verages		
	PA	Percent		1st	Max	2nd	d Max	1st	Max	2nd	d Max	Max
	Site	Valid	Annual	24HR	Date	24HR	Date	3HR	Date	3HR	Date	1 HR
Site Name	Code	Data	Mean	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean
Johnstown Air	r Basin											
Johnstown	J01	97.5	0.007	0.043	07/06	0.037	10/12	0.162	07/06	0.115	07/06	0.249
Monongahela	Valley Ai	ir Basin										
Charleroi	M01	98.6	0.008	0.028	02/01	0.021	01/08	0.059	02/01	0.052	08/22	0.103
Lower Beaver	Valley A	ir Basin										
Beaver Falls	B11	99.4	0.007	0.034	12/16	0.026	01/11	0.095	05/12	0.064	12/30	0.195
Hookstown	B23	97.0	0.009	0.071	09/21	0.048	11/10	0.207	09/21	0.126	09/21	0.251
Brighton Twp.	B27	99.4	0.012	0.057	11/15	0.046	08/03	0.259	08/03	0.150	03/24	0.369
Allegheny Cou	ınty Air E	Basin										
Pittsburgh	D12	98.1	0.007	0.025	01/31	0.024	02/26	0.071	02/26	0.057	02/16	0.083
Southwest Re	gion Non	-Air Basin										
Florence	504	98.5	0.009	0.035	11/17	0.034	01/20	0.112	11/17	0.082	12/02	0.172
Washington	508	98.8	0.009	0.027	10/28	0.026	01/08	0.121	10/28	0.086	11/23	0.200
Greensburg	513	97.5	0.006	0.031	02/15	0.023	01/11	0.067	02/15	0.058	02/15	0.079
Holbrook	514	57.4	0.006?	0.029	09/13	0.028	10/07	0.083	09/13	0.062	10/07	0.151
Upper Beaver	Valley Ai	ir Basin										
New Castle	B21	99.4	0.007	0.038	11/10	0.035	12/16	0.078	02/28	0.072	11/10	0.160
Erie Air Basin												
Erie	E10	98.4	0.008	0.042	03/16	0.029	12/23	0.097	12/23	0.077	12/23	0.109
Northwest Reg	gion Non	-Air Basin										
Farrell	606	97.9	0.006	0.019	01/17	0.019	02/18	0.070	11/10	0.060	03/11	0.084
Warren	611	99.0	0.004	0.022	12/16	0.019	03/25	0.039	11/14	0.037	11/10	0.066
Warren	612	96.7	0.010	0.120	02/29	0.061	10/07	0.234	02/29	0.212	02/29	0.309

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

#### Sulfur Dioxide Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southeast Penn	sylvania /	Air Basin									
Bristol	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.008	0.005	0.007	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.004	Annual Mean
P01	0.035	0.028	0.029	0.024	0.020	0.027	0.029	0.028	0.029	0.023	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.047	0.048	0.043	0.043	0.035	0.044	0.041	0.041	0.042	0.035	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Chester	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.005	Annual Mean
P11	0.028	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.025	0.026	0.023	0.022	0.028	0.019	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.054	0.047	0.062	0.048	0.057	0.048	0.045	0.044	0.049	0.038	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Norristown	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.006	0.006	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	Annual Mean
P21	0.025	0.028	0.025	0.022	0.020	0.022	0.019	0.019	0.023	0.018	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.036	0.042	0.048	0.030	0.042	0.032	0.041	0.031	0.036	0.027	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Allentown-Bethl	ehem-Fas	ston Air B	asin								
Allentown	0.006	0.006	0.008	0 008	0.006	0.007	0.007	0.008	0 000	0.007	Annual Mean
	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.007	0.000	0.003	0.007	2nd May 24-Hour Mean
AIS	0.020	0.055	0.058	0.030	0.058	0.027	0.020	0.020	0.058	0.040	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.011	0.000	0.000	Lina max o rioar moan
Easton	***	***	***	***	***	0.008	0.014	0.006	0.008	0.013	Annual Mean
A20	***	***	***	***	***	0.023	0.030	0.024	0.037	0.044	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	***	***	***	***	***	0.069	0.055	0.046	0.054	0.096	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Freemansburg	***	***	***	0.006	0.009	0.006	0.004	0.006	0.004	0.005	Annual Mean
A25	***	***	***	0.027	0.021	0.020	0.019	0.020	0.018	0.023	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	***	***	***	0.040	0.047	0.034	0.028	0.046	0.036	0.036	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Northeast Regio	n Non-Ai	r Rasin									
Shonandoah	***	***	0.010	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.007	Annual Moan
211	***	***	0.010	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.007	
211	***	***	0.064	0.059	0.074	0.053	0.052	0.140	0.045	0.058	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Scranton-Wilkes	s-Barre Ai	r Basin									
Scranton	0.005	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	Annual Mean
S01	0.045	0.033	0.031	0.026	0.021	0.021	0.026	0.023	0.020	0.016	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.068	0.043	0.049	0.044	0.033	0.038	0.044	0.036	0.034	0.030	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Wilkes-Barre	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.005	0.005	Annual Mean
S28	0.027	0.023	0.026	0.022	0.023	0.026	0.031	0.024	0.021	0.019	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.056	0.042	0.047	0.041	0.039	0.052	0.048	0.044	0.035	0.035	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

#### Sulfur Dioxide Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Reading Air Ba	asin										
Reading	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.007	0.007	0.008	0.008	Annual Mean
R01	0.032	0.037	0.028	0.022	0.027	0.028	0.025	0.019	0.023	0.020	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.087	0.094	0.067	0.096	0.094	0.075	0.091	0.083	0.087	0.068	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Harrisburg Air	Basin										
Harrisburg	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	Annual Mean
H11	0.022	0.022	0.021	0.021	0.024	0.015	0.013	0.017	0.017	0.018	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.047	0.049	0.043	0.047	0.050	0.026	0.056	0.048	0.048	0.061	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Lancaster Air	Basin										
Lancaster	0.006	0.005	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	Annual Mean
L01	0.018	0.021	0.023	0.020	0.021	0.024	0.018	0.014	0.018	0.017	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.043	0.035	0.050	0.047	0.045	0.048	0.036	0.034	0.032	0.049	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
York Air Basin	,										
York	0.006	0.007	0 009	0 008	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.005	0 004	0.005	Annual Mean
Y01	0.020	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.020	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.000	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max 24-Hour Mean
101	0.061	0.054	0.073	0.063	0.058	0.059	0.043	0.036	0.039	0.070	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max 3-Hour Mean
Southcontral F	Perion Nor	n-∆ir Rasi	n								
Perry County	0.005	0.005	0.003	0 003	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.003	Annual Mean
305	0.003	0.000	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.005	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.003	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
505	0.050	0.020	0.021	0.012	0.012	0.034	0.036	0.026	0.033	0.030	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Altoona	0 008	0.008	0.010	0.008	0 007	0.006	0.009	0 007	0 007	0.006	Annual Mean
308	0.037	0.000	0.046	0.000	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.032	0.030	0.030	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.066	0.070	0.070	0.060	0.058	0.071	0.066	0.051	0.060	0.065	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Northcentral I	Non-Air Ba	sin									
Montoursville	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0 003	0.005	0.003	Annual Mean
410	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.005	0.003	0.005	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.027	0.070	0.032	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
State College	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.004	0.006	0.004	Annual Mean
409	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.023	0.019	0.019	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
-	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.044	0.031	0.028	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

#### Sulfur Dioxide Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Site Name /	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Johnstown Ail	r Basin										
Johnstown	0.012	0.011	0.009	0.008	0.009	0.007	0.008	0.007	0.008	0.007	Annual Mean
J01	0.042	0.034	0.030	0.027	0.025	0.026	0.031	0.025	0.028	0.037	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.128	0.067	0.069	0.080	0.069	0.065	0.078	0.074	0.074	0.115	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Monongahela	Valley Air	Basin									
Charleroi	0.009	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.007	0.007	0.006	0.008	Annual Mean
M01	0.030	0.033	0.035	0.025	0.023	0.031	0.022	0.023	0.029	0.021	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.097	0.084	0.074	0.056	0.059	0.059	0107	0.070	0.079	0.051	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Lower Beaver	Valley Air	Basin									
Beaver Falls	0.009	0.007	0.009	0.006	0.009	0.007	0.008	0.007	0.007	0.007	Annual Mean
B11	0.030	0.038	0.034	0.035	0.028	0.036	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.026	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.075	0.078	0.081	0.079	0.070	0.070	0.076	0.064	0.082	0.064	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Hookstown	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.010	0.010	0.009	Annual Mean
B23	0.046	0.038	0.049	0.046	0.044	0.039	0.037	0.038	0.045	0.048	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.127	0.105	0.163	0.129	0.145	0.126	0.108	0.115	0.118	0.126	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Brighton Twp.	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.016	0.015	0.012	0.014	0.014	0.011	0.012	Annual Mean
B27	0.080	0.058	0.078	0.094	0.070	0.086	0.072	0.075	0.083	0.046	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.216	0.207	0.251	0.207	0.215	0.247	0.249	0.319	0.174	0.150	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Allegheny Cou	ınty Air Ba	sin									
Pittsburgh	***	***	***	0.005	0.006	0.010	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.007	Annual Mean
	***	***	***	0.014	0.019	0.037	0.033	0.024	0.028	0.024	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	***	***	***	0.047	0.042	0.078	0.077	0.075	0.066	0.057	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Southwest Re	gion Non-A	Air Basin									
Florence	0.009	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.010	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.009	Annual Mean
504	0.034	0.035	0.050	0.043	0.036	0.031	0.039	0.037	0.033	0.034	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.095	0.086	0.127	0.102	0.099	0.100	0.102	0.092	0.100	0.081	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Washington	0.009	0.008	0.010	0.010	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.009	0.009	0.009	Annual Mean
508	0.045	0.030	0.047	0.040	0.030	0.027	0.038	0.032	0.028	0.026	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	0.093	0.094	0.086	0.072	0.062	0.059	0.069	0.080	0.078	0.067	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Greensburg	***	***	***	0.008	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.006	0.008	0.006	Annual Mean
513	***	***	***	0.039	0.037	0.029	0.027	0.024	0.029	0.023	2nd Max 24-Hour Mean
	***	***	***	0.065	0.100	0.071	0.053	0.048	0.070	0.058	2nd Max 3-Hour Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

#### Sulfur Dioxide Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Site Name / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Holbrook 514	***	***	0.007? 0.020 0.045	0.010? 0.021 0.038	0.009? 0.022 0.050	0.007? 0.022 0.062	0.006? 0.023 0.070	0.007? 0.022 0.055	0.006? 0.029 0.077	0.006? 0.028 0.062	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Upper Beaver	Valley Air	Basin									
New Castle B21	0.007 0.032 0.070	0.008 0.034 0.063	0.008 0.033 0.114	0.009 0.032 0.117	0.008 0.035 0.086	0.008 0.031 0.079	0.011 0.041 0.120	0.007 0.033 0.082	0.009 0.028 0.076	0.007 0.035 0.072	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Erie Air Basin											
Erie E10	0.009 0.050 0.112	0.011? 0.066 0.173	0.009 0.035 0.096	0.010 0.068 0.152	0.010 0.043 0.152	0.008 0.041 0.076	0.010 0.043 0.098	0.011 0.037 0.070	0.011 0.038 0.078	0.008 0.029 0.077	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Northwest Reg	ion Non-A	ir Basin									
Farrell 606	0.008 0.032 0.064	0.007 0.029 0.059	0.007 0.032 0.073	0.007 0.029 0.063	0.007? 0.039 0.060	0.007 0.024 0.052	0.007 0.033 0.071	0.006 0.024 0.067	0.006 0.025 0.067	0.006 0.019 0.044	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Warren 611	*** *** ***	0.008 0.028 0.096	0.009 0.038 0.082	0.008 0.028 0.103	0.008 0.031 0.072	0.006 0.024 0.070	0.007 0.027 0.075	0.006 0.023 0.066	0.006 0.028 0.067	0.004 0.019 0.037	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean
Warren 612	*** *** ***	*** ***	0.015 0.069 0.330	0.016 0.098 0.252	0.015 0.094 0.227	0.013 0.092 0.214	0.016 0.087 0.209	0.014 0.100 0.273	0.014 0.103 0.249	0.010 0.061 0.212	Annual Mean 2nd Max 24-Hour Mean 2nd Max 3-Hour Mean

Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards Annual Mean = 0.030 parts per million 24 Hour Mean (Daily Block Average) = 0.14 parts per million 3 Hour Mean (Block Average) = 0.50 parts per million

## Ozone Summary (1- hour) (Units: parts per million)

Year: 2004 (April - October)

	PA	Number	Percent	Number	1 <sup>st</sup> Da	ily Max	2 <sup>nd</sup> Da	aily Max	3nd D	aily Max	4 <sup>th</sup> Da	ily Max
	Site	of Valid	Valid	Days	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Days	Data	>= 0.125	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Southeast Pennsylvania Air	Basin											
Bristol	P01	210	97.6	0	.099	08/20	.098	06/08	.095	05/12	.093	06/09
Chester	P11	210	99.0	0	.109	04/18	.109	07/21	.093	07/29	.092	07/02
Norristown	P21	210	98.2	0	.095	07/02	.094	06/09	.094	08/20	.091	07/21
New Garden (Toughkenamon)	P30	204	95.8	0	.113	06/09	.102	05/12	.097	05/15	.096	04/18
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easto	n Air B	asin										
Allentown	A19	212	98.8	0	.103	05/12	.101	07/22	.100	07/01	.100	07/04
Easton	A20	214	99.7	0	.111	07/22	.104	07/07	.095	06/16	.094	05/13
Freemansburg	A25	214	99.7	0	.118	07/22	.104	07/01	.102	07/07	.097	06/16
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre Air B	asin											
Scranton	S01	213	99.1	0	.092	04/18	.088	07/04	.085	05/13	.079	06/16
Nanticoke	S26	213	99.4	0	.081	06/24	.079	05/13	.078	06/16	.077	04/18
Wilkes-Barre	S28	212	98.6	0	.090	06/16	.088	04/18	.084	06/24	.082	07/04
Peckville	S29	214	99.6	0	.088	04/18	.085	07/04	.083	05/13	.079	06/16
Reading Air Basin												
Reading	R01	213	99.0	0	.098	05/12	.089	06/08	.087	07/02	.085	06/07
Harrisburg Air Basin												
Harrisburg	H11	207	97.1	0	.098	07/22	.092	07/02	.090	09/04	.088	07/21
Lancaster Air Basin												
Lancaster	L01	214	98.8	0	.107	07/02	.097	05/12	.096	06/08	.094	04/18
York Air Basin												
York	Y01	214	99.7	0	.100	07/22	.091	07/02	.091	08/10	.090	08/03
Southcentral Region Non-Ai	r Basin	1										
Perry County	305	204	96.4	0	.088	09/22	.081	05/12	.080	07/02	.078	05/13
Hershey	306	212	99.0	0	.094	07/02	.084	05/13	.084	07/21	.084	07/22
Methodist Hill	313	201	95.1	0	.078	05/10	.078	07/21	.078	08/24	.077	04/17
Biglerville	D14	212	98.4	0	.091	07/22	.079	05/12	.079	07/02	.078	04/17
Altoona	308	214	99.5	0	.083	04/17	.083	07/01	.081	04/30	.080	06/08

Primary Daily 1 Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.12 parts per million

## Ozone Summary (1- hour) (Units: parts per million)

Year: 2004 (April - October)

	PA	Number	Percent	Number	1 <sup>st</sup> Da	ily Max	2 <sup>nd</sup> Da	aily Max	3nd D	aily Max	4 <sup>th</sup> Da	ily Max
	Site	of Valid	Valid	Days	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Days	Data	>= 0.125	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Northcentral Region Non-Ail	r Basin											
Montoursville	410	207	96.0	0	.098	05/13	.091	07/22	.086	04/30	.085	04/18
State College	409	211	98.9	0	.083	07/02	.081	06/08	.080.	05/11	.079	04/17
Moshannon (Elliott State Park)	D09	212	99.1	0	.083	04/17	.082	07/02	.081	04/18	.079	06/09
Tiadaghton	D10	198	92.3	0	.081	04/17	.080	04/18	.080	06/24	.079	04/30
Penn Nursery	D11	209	97.8	0	.081	04/17	.078	09/22	.075	07/02	.074	04/18
Tioga County	D13	205	95.3	0	.088	05/13	.085	06/09	.084	04/30	.084	06/08
Johnstown Air Basin												
Johnstown	J01	214	99.5	0	.082	04/17	.081	07/21	.080	05/09	.079	08/02
Monongahela Valley Air Bas	in											
Charleroi	M01	213	99.6	0	.089	08/02	.085	07/21	.082	08/03	.081	07/01
Lower Beaver Valley Air Bas	in											
Beaver Falls	B11	214	99.5	0	.086	07/02	.085	07/29	.083	08/24	.079	07/03
Hookstown	B23	212	98.7	0	.094	07/02	.090	09/23	.089	09/13	.087	09/22
Brighton Township	B27	213	99.6	0	.094	07/02	.085	07/03	.085	09/22	.083	07/29
Allegheny County Air Basin												
Pittsburgh	D12	214	99.6	0	.095	07/03	.094	08/02	.085	07/01	.080	07/02
Southwest Region Non-Air E	Basin											
Florence	504	205	95.5	0	.087	08/02	.083	07/10	.083	07/21	.082	07/03
Washington	508	213	99.8	0	.094	08/02	.086	07/03	.081	06/07	.079	07/21
Murrysville	510	212	99.2	0	.096	07/10	.092	07/02	.082	09/12	.080	08/03
Kittanning	512	213	99.5	0	.096	05/12	.093	06/07	.093	07/01	.091	05/13
Greensburg	513	211	97.9	0	.100	08/03	.094	07/02	.091	07/10	.085	07/01
Holbrook	514	206	97.3	0	.089	08/02	.082	05/09	.081	07/01	.080.	09/23
Upper Beaver Valley Air Bas	in											
New Castle	B21	212	99.6	0	.085	08/24	.083	09/03	.081	07/03	.077	07/02
Erie Air Basin												
Erie	E10	213	99.3	0	.091	06/07	.089	05/12	.087	09/23	.084	07/20
Northwest Region Non-Air B	asin											
Farrell	606	214	99.4	0	.091	07/01	.088	08/24	.087	07/03	.082	07/02

Primary Daily 1 Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.12 parts per million

## Ozone Summary (8- hour) (Units: parts per million)

Year: 2004 (April - October)

	PA	Number	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup> Da	aily Max	2 <sup>nd</sup> D	aily Max	3nd D	aily Max	4 <sup>th</sup> Da	ily Max
	Site	of Valid	Data	Days	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Days	Complete	> 0.84	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Southeast Pennsylvania Air	Basin											
Bristol	P01	207	97.4	2	.088	05/12	.088	07/22	.084	07/21	.082	06/08
Chester	P11	209	98.9	2	.090	07/21	.087	04/18	.084	07/02	.081	09/04
Norristown	P21	209	98.3	1	.085	07/02	.084	06/09	.084	07/21	.083	04/18
New Garden (Toughkenamon)	P30	202	95.6	5	.095	06/09	.088	05/11	.087	05/12	.085	04/18
Allentown-Bethlehem-Eastor	n Air Ba	asin										
Allentown	A19	212	98.7	3	.095	05/12	.091	07/22	.089	07/04	.083	07/01
Easton	A20	214	99.9	1	.101	07/22	.084	06/16	.084	06/24	.083	07/01
Freemansburg	A25	214	99.9	6	.105	07/22	.090	07/01	.088	06/16	.088	06/24
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre Air B	asin											
Scranton	S01	212	99.1	0	.080	04/18	.080	07/04	.077	05/13	.073	07/22
Nanticoke	S26	213	99.4	0	.073	04/18	.073	05/13	.072	07/04	.068	06/24
Wilkes-Barre	S28	210	98.4	0	.081	04/18	.077	07/04	.074	05/13	.073	06/16
Peckville	S29	214	99.8	0	.079	07/04	.078	05/13	.077	04/18	.071	06/24
Reading Air Basin												
Reading	R01	211	99.3	1	.086	05/12	.080	07/02	.079	06/08	.076	04/18
Harrisburg Air Basin												
Harrisburg	H11	205	97.0	1	.085	07/02	.079	07/21	.078	04/18	.076	09/04
Lancaster Air Basin												
Lancaster	L01	212	99.1	1	.098	07/02	.084	05/12	.083	04/18	.081	06/09
York Air Basin												
York	Y01	214	99.9	1	.086	07/02	.078	07/22	.077	05/12	.077	08/03
Southcentral Region Non-Air	r Basin											
Perry County	305	196	95.5	0	.073	04/18	.072	07/02	.070	09/22	.069	04/30
Hershey	306	211	99.1	0	.084	07/02	.074	07/21	.073	05/12	.072	05/13
Methodist Hill	313	195	94.3	0	.076	07/21	.072	04/17	.072	09/22	.071	04/18
Biglerville	D14	209	98.1	0	.074	07/22	.073	04/18	.073	05/12	.072	04/17
Altoona	308	213	99.6	0	.075	04/17	.075	04/30	.074	07/02	.073	07/01

Primary 8 Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard 0.08 parts per million for 4th daily maximum averaged over 3 years

## Ozone Summary (8- hour) (Units: parts per million)

Year: 2004 (April - October)

	PA	Number	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup> Da	aily Max	2 <sup>nd</sup> D	aily Max	3nd D	4 <sup>th</sup> Daily Max		
	Site	of Valid	Data	Days	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Days	Complete	> 0.84	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Northcontrol Posion Non Air	Racin											
	Dasiii	205	05.0	0	000	05/40	000	04/40	000	04/20	074	00/04
State Callege	410	205	95.8	0	.083	05/13	.080	04/18	.080	04/30	.074	06/24
Moshannon (Elliott State Park)	409	210	90.0 00.1	0	.079	07/02	.070	00/00	.074	04/17	.074	05/11
Tiadaghton	D03	196	99.1	0	073	04/17	.074	04/30	075	04/18	.074	06/24
Penn Nurserv	D10	208	97.8	0	075	04/17	070	04/30	070	07/02	070.	00/24
Tioga County	D13	203	95.2	0	.081	04/17	.080	04/30	.079	04/18	.079	05/13
Johnstown Air Basin												
Johnstown	J01	214	99.8	0	.077	04/17	.073	05/09	.072	04/30	.071	07/21
Monongahela Valley Air Bas	in											
Charleroi	M01	213	99.7	0	.080	08/02	.077	07/21	.075	07/01	.072	04/17
Lower Beaver Valley Air Bas	in											
Beaver Falls	B11	214	99.7	0	.072	07/03	.071	07/02	.069	07/29	.069	08/24
Hookstown	B23	211	98.9	0	.084	09/23	.082	09/22	.081	07/03	.081	09/13
Brighton Township	B27	213	99.7	0	.081	07/03	.079	09/22	.078	07/02	.074	09/13
Allegheny County Air Basin												
Pittsburgh	D12	213	99.7	0	.084	07/03	.080	08/02	.073	06/07	.072	07/21
Southwest Region Non-Air E	Basin											
Florence	504	202	95.3	0	.076	07/03	.076	08/02	.074	04/17	.073	07/01
Washington	508	213	99.8	0	.081	08/02	.076	07/03	.072	07/21	.071	07/01
Murrysville	510	211	99.3	0	.075	07/10	.071	07/02	.070	05/12	.070	08/02
Kittanning	512	213	99.7	1	.085	06/07	.084	07/01	.083	06/08	.082	05/13
Greensburg	513	208	97.9	0	.084	07/02	.080	08/03	.076	07/01	.073	07/10
Holbrook	514	205	97.0	0	.082	08/02	.076	09/22	.075	05/06	.075	05/09
Upper Beaver Valley Air Bas	in											
New Castle	B21	212	99.5	0	.078	07/03	.073	08/24	.070	07/02	.068	09/03
Erie Air Basin												
Erie	E10	213	99.4	0	.083	06/07	.079	05/12	.076	07/01	.074	05/13
Northwest Region Non-Air B	asin											
Farrell	606	214	99.8	1	.086	07/01	.082	07/03	.076	04/17	.076	06/07

Primary 8 Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard 0.08 parts per million for 4th daily maximum averaged over 3 years

## Table A-14. Ozone 1-Hour Exceedance Days in Pennsylvania – 2004

Date of Occurrence Monitoring Site County (ppb*)				Daily 1-Hour Concentration
	Date of Occurrence	Monitoring Site	County	(ppb*)

No sites exceeded the 1-Hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard in 2004

• 1-Hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 0.12 ppm or 125 ppb

# Table A-15.One-Hour Ozone Exceedances and Maximums Summary (2002 – 2004)<br/>(Units: parts per billion)

		2002					2003	İ	·			2004				
			Da	aily Ma	aximu	ms	Daily Maximums					Daily Maximums			ms	
	Design	Days	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Days	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Days	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Station	Value	> 124	<u>1-Hr</u>	<u>1-Hr</u>	<u>1-Hr</u>	1-Hr	> 124	<u>1-Hr</u>	<u>1-Hr</u>	<u>1-Hr</u>	1-Hr	> 124	1-Hr	1-Hr	<u>1-Hr</u>	1-Hr
Bristol	125	4	143	135	126	125	0	121	121	119	103	0	99 100	98	95	93
Norrietown	123	2	131	120	124	123	0	119	118	100	90	0	109	109	93	92
Nonisiowii Now Gardon (Airport)	113	2	144	122	124	100	0	114	115	100	99	0	90	94 102	94	91
New Garden (Airport)	124	2	149	110	124	124	0	120	100	100	99 01	0	00	02	97	90
Northeast (Airport)	127	4	140	135	132	127	0	110	105	102	100	0	110	92 108	107	105
Southwest (Fim)	113	1	126	122	119	113	0	107	97	86	85	0	96	88	86	81
Frankford (Lab)	96	0	110	105	96	96	0	99	95	94	81	0	77	73	73	69
		Ű	110	100	00	00	Ū	00	00	01	01			10	10	00
Allentown	110	0	117	114	110	107	0	112	109	97	94	0	103	101	100	100
Freemansburg	112	0	114	112	105	102	0	114	112	106	99	0	118	104	102	97
Easton	111	0	121	113	111	106	0	108	107	105	95	0	111	104	95	94
Reading	113	0	116	113	113	111	1	125	94	91	88	0	98	89	87	85
Scranton	99	1	134	122	99	98	0	101	99	88	86	0	92	88	85	79
Peckville	104	1	137	122	106	104	0	100	97	91	83	0	88	85	83	79
Nanticoke	108	0	11/	112	112	108	0	100	97	96	91	0	81	79	78	//
Wilkes-Barre	106	0	121	119	107	106	0	102	98	89	86	0	90	88	84	82
Harrieburg	111	2	129	126	112	111	0	100	80	99	<b>Q</b> /	0	08	02	00	00
Hershev	109	2	138	132	100	109	0	122	90	Q1	90 90	0	90 94	84	84	84
Perry County	98	0	118	110	106	98	0	97	95	94	92	0	88	81	80	78
Lancaster	115	0	124	115	112	110	1	135	115	94	93	0	107	97	96	94
York	114	1	134	124	114	112	0	115	114	101	93	0 0	100	91	91	90
Biglerville (PSU)	103	0	117	104	103	102	0	103	102	81	81	0	91	79	79	78
Methodist Hill	114	0	115	115	114	114	0	110	101	85	85	0	78	78	78	77
Montoursville	103	0	118	112	103	102	0	112	102	95	95	0	98	91	86	85
Tiadaghton (PSU)	98	0	103	101	99	95	0	98	94	90	83	0	81	80	80	79
Tioga County (PSU)	102	0	119	118	98	97	0	111	102	94	86	0	88	85	84	84
State College (PSU)	105	0	109	108	106	104	0	105	100	96	88	0	83	81	80	79
Penn Nursery (PSU)	109	0	114	113	105	102	0	111	109	99	97	0	81	78	75	74
Altoona	102	0	117	102	102	100	1	127	104	92	91	0	83	83	81	80
Johnstown	104	0	107	106	104	101	0	113	98	93	89	0	82	81	80	79
Moshannon (PSU)	104	0	107	106	104	102	0	107	103	97	91	0	83	82	81	79
	445		100	440	407	100	4	100	445	110	400	-	400	0.1		0.5
Greensburg	115	0	120	119	107	106	1	126	115	110	100	0	100	94	91	85
Murrysville	108	0	113	110	108	105	1	125	100	95	94	0	96	92	82	80
Rittanning Prighton Two	110	0	122	122	110	110	1	120	109	103	93	0	96	93 95	93 95	91
Boyvor Falls	117	0	120	110	117	100	1	120	107	100	94 80	0	94 86	00 85	00 00	03 70
Hookstown	115	0	110	112	115	109	1	100	107	100	09	0	00	00	00 20	79 97
Florence	107	0	116	11/	107	107	1	123	107	08	90 Q1	0	94 87	83	83	82
Charleroi	110	1	125	119	106	105	1	135	124	110	101	0	89	85	82	81
Washington	112	1	126	112	104	103	0	122	118	102	95	0	94	86	81	79
Holbrook	107	0	118	113	107	100	0	117	106	91	86	0	89	82	81	80
Pittsburgh (Carnegie SC)	115	0	119	119	115	114	1	135	110	105	101	0	95	94	85	80
Harrison Twp	118	0	123	120	118	116	0	122	114	91	89	0	94	91	88	87
Lawrenceville	110	0	115	114	110	109	1	130	109	104	102	0	89	86	83	81
South Fayette	109	0	109	106	104	104	1	132	112	109	103	0	102	93	82	80
New Castle	103	0	113	103	101	99	1	131	106	97	88	0	85	83	81	77
Farrell	117	0	120	118	117	114	0	120	116	109	96	0	91	88	87	82
_																
Erie	110	0	122	114	110	107	0	116	108	105	99	0	91	89	87	84

# Table A-16. Eight-Hour Ozone Days Greater Than 84 ppb and Maximums Summary (2002 – 2004)<br/>(Units: parts per billion)

		2002					2003					2004				
			Daily Maximums					Da	aily Ma	aximur	ns	Daily Maximums				
	Design	Davs	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Davs	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Days	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Station	Value	> 84	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr	> 84	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr	> 84	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr	8-Hr
Bristol	93	17	124	113	113	111	9	110	109	97	87	2	88	88	84	82
Chester	86	16	108	106	105	103	3	108	106	89	80	2	90	87	84	77
Norristown	88	12	102	101	98	96	4	107	103	90	85	1	85	84	84	83
New Garden (Airport)	91	23	123	112	111	104	4	112	112	88	85	5	95	88	87	85
Northwest (Rox)	86	13	104	103	99	98	2	102	101	84	84	0	83	83	78	77
Northeast (Airport)	95	22	117	116	114	110	4	104	96	87	86	6	94	92	91	91
Southwest (Elm)	79	13	101	98	95	94	2	98	92	75	70	0	80	79	79	73
Frankford (Lab)	69	0	84	82	82	82	2	92	85	77	69	0	64	62	59	57
		Ū	•				_					Ŭ	•			
Allentown	88	16	108	108	97	94	4	107	102	89	87	3	95	91	89	83
Freemansburg	88	12	106	105	91	90	4	108	106	89	87	6	105	90	88	88
Easton	86	13	106	99	94	92	3	100	99	86	83	1	101	84	84	83
					-	-							-	-		
Reading	83	13	104	102	97	95	3	106	91	85	80	1	86	80	79	76
<b>U</b>																
Scranton	79	8	106	95	95	89	2	94	88	76	75	0	80	80	77	73
Peckville	80	14	117	104	101	94	2	93	88	79	75	0	79	78	77	71
Nanticoke	78	6	108	104	94	89	3	90	88	85	77	0	73	73	72	68
Wilkes-Barre	81	7	111	109	96	92	2	94	93	80	78	0	81	77	74	73
Harrisburg	82	11	112	108	99	98	2	96	86	80	74	1	85	79	78	76
Hershey	81	13	120	116	97	94	2	108	93	82	79	0	84	74	73	72
Perry County	80	7	110	103	90	88	3	92	88	86	84	0	73	72	70	69
Lancaster	86	18	118	104	97	96	3	121	109	88	83	1	98	84	83	81
York	86	12	106	106	103	101	3	107	104	91	81	1	86	78	77	77
Methodist Hill	85	27	108	106	104	104	3	95	90	85	80	0	76	72	72	71
Biglerville (PSU)	80	7	106	99	94	93	2	99	98	78	76	0	74	73	73	72
Montoursville	82	7	110	99	93	91	3	100	90	87	83	0	83	80	80	74
Tiadaghton (PSU)	77	3	92	88	85	84	2	91	87	81	76	0	77	77	75	73
Tioga County (PSU)	85	8	105	99	97	93	3	99	94	85	84	0	81	80	79	79
		-					-					-				
State College (PSU)	82	8	101	100	92	90	3	99	96	89	82	0	79	76	74	74
Penn Nursery (PSU)	84	12	106	103	92	91	4	107	106	93	93	0	75	70	70	69
Altoona	81	9	108	93	89	89	3	104	96	87	83	0	75	75	74	73
Johnstown	80	6	97	90	89	88	2	101	90	84	83	0	77	73	72	71
Moshannon (PSU)	85	13	100	97	95	95	4	102	97	87	87	0	79	74	74	74
Greensburg	87	10	107	100	100	98	4	110	102	92	91	0	84	80	76	73
Murrysville	81	9	100	97	92	91	2	110	90	84	83	0	75	71	70	70
Kittanning	88	15	115	104	103	97	5	113	103	87	86	1	85	84	83	82
Brighton Twp	87	23	107	107	106	104	3	120	100	94	83	0	81	79	78	74
Beaver Falls	81	9	100	99	99	96	3	121	92	92	78	0	72	71	69	69
Hookstown	90	19	107	105	105	103	6	121	106	100	87	0	84	82	81	81
Florence	82	17	109	98	97	96	3	121	98	91	78	0	76	76	74	73
Charleroi	84	14	108	97	97	93	4	107	101	90	88	0	80	77	75	72
Washington	82	9	107	99	91	88	5	114	104	90	88	0	81	76	72	71
Holbrook	84	9	108	99	99	94	3	105	100	87	83	0	82	76	75	75
Pittsburgh (Carnegie SC)	86	25	114	108	105	100	5	122	103	90	88	0	84	80	73	72
Harrison Twp	87	14	110	106	105	105	2	111	107	83	81	0	81	79	78	76
Lawrenceville	87	16	107	102	100	100	5	122	105	92	90	0	77	74	73	72
South Favette	87	17	105	99	99	98	4	121	105	94	89	1	89	80	75	74
	•			-	-	-					-		-	-		
New Castle	77	6	97	95	89	87	2	122	85	83	77	0	78	73	70	68
Farrell	88	20	106	<u>1</u> 05	<u>1</u> 05	103	6	112	<u>1</u> 05	90	87	1	86	82	76	76
Erie	87	17	103	102	101	98	4	109	103	100	91	0	83	79	76	74

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#### Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southeast Pennsylvania	Air Rasin										
Bristol	0 137	0 120	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 5	0 145	0 1 2 1	0 1 2 1	0 135	0 1 2 1	0.008	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
DO1	0.137	0.120	0.119	0.115	6	0.121	0.131	0.155	0.121	0.090	2 Iviax Daily 1 Hour Average
FUI	0 111	0 002	0 102	0 006	0 1 1 2	0.000	2 0 104	4	0 007	0	A <sup>th</sup> Max Daily & Hour Average
	0.111	0.093	0.102	0.090	0.112	0.099	16	47	0.007	0.062	4 Iviax Daily o Hour Average
	23	10	14	17	24	14	10	17	9	2	Number Days 8-HI > 0.064 ppm
Chester	0.126	0.117	0.127	0.125	0.130	0.117	0.108	0.125	0.118	0.109	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
P11	2	0	3	2	3	0	1	2	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.108	0.091	0.101	0.099	0.100	0.091	0.093	0.103	0.080	0.081	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	15	7	19	17	19	7	12	16	3	2	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Norristown	0.114	0.118	0.131	0.126	0.126	0.125	0.120	0.122	0.111	0.094	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
P21	1	0	2	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.096	0 090	0 107	0 103	0 104	0 100	0 096	0.096	0 085	0 083	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	13	8	19	17	20	11	18	12	4	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
New Garden	***	***	***	***	***	0.095	0.122	0.139	0.115	0.102	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
P30	***	***	***	***	***	0	0	2	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	***	0.077	0.105	0.104	0.085	0.085	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	1	17	23	4	5	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
West Chester	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.117	0.113	0.110	***	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
P32	***	***	***	***	***	***	0	1	0	***	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.103	0.097	0.085	***	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	***	20	19	4	***	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Allentown-Bethlehem-Fa	ston Air Basin										
Allentown	0.109	0.114	0.116	0.106	0.125	0.112	0.126	0.114	0.109	0.101	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
A19	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.091	0.094	0.101	0.095	0.105	0.091	0.094	0.094	0.087	0.083	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	7	6	12	18	19	5	9	16	4	3	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Faston	***	***	***	***	***	0 100	0 1 1 3	0 1 1 3	0 107	0 104	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
A20	***	***	***	***	***	0.100	0.110	0.110	0.107	0.104	Number Days 1-Hr > 0 124 npm
A20	***	***	***	***	***	0 083	0 002	0 002	0 083	0 083	A <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	2	11	13	3	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Freemansburg	***	***	***	0.104	0.126	0.114	0.113	0.112	0.112	0.104	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
A25	***	***	***	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	0.087	0.107	0.092	0.094	0.090	0.087	0.088	4" Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	5	22	6	14	12	4	6	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

## Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre Air Bas	in										
Scranton	0.105	0.108	0.095	0.108	0.107	0.082	0.097	0.122	0.099	0.088	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
S01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.091	0.083	0.085	0.088	0.093	0.073	0.088	0.089	0.075	0.073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	8	3	4	5	11	1	5	8	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Nanticoke	0.100	0.087	0.091	0.098	0.102	0.093	0.104	0.112	0.097	0.079	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
S26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.081	0.075	0.079	0.081	0.086	0.076	0.086	0.089	0.077	0.068	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	3	0	0	2	4	1	5	6	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Wiilkes-Barre	0 105	0 105	0 111	0 102	0 111	0.086	0 100	0 119	0.098	0.088	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
S28	0.100	0.100	0.111	0.102	0.111	0.000	0.100	0.110	0.000	0.000	Number Days 1-Hr > 0 124 ppm
020	0 089	0 085	0 096	0 088	0.093	0 073	0.088	0 092	0.087	0 073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	10	4	8	7	9	1	7	7	2	0.070	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
	10		Ũ	•	U	•			-	Ũ	
Peckville	0.110	0.113	0.106	0.105	0.115	0.090	0.099	0.122	0.097	0.085	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
S29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.089	0.082	0.087	0.089	0.096	0.077	0.086	0.094	0.075	0.071	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	6	3	6	5	11	1	5	14	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Reading Air Basin											
Reading	0.116	0.110	0.120	0.106	0.123	0.105	0.125	0.113	0.094	0.089	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
R01	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.095	0.088	0.095	0.092	0.102	0.084	0.099	0.095	0.080	0.076	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	11	4	10	16	14	3	8	13	3	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Harrisburg Air Basin											
Harrisburg	0.099	0.096	0.112	0.116	0.114	0.101	0.099	0.126	0.089	0.092	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
H11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0 124 ppm
	0.084	0.078	0.084	0.097	0.095	0.079	0.086	0.098	0.074	0.076	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	3	3	3	22	15	3	7	11	2	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
l ancaster Air Basin											
Lancastor	0 1 2 4	0 101	0 133	0 1 1 0	0 127	0 107	0 1 2 7	0 1 1 5	0 1 1 5	0.007	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
	0.124	0.101	0.133	0.119	0.127	0.107	0.127	0.110	1 0.110	0.097	2 Max Daily I Hour Average
LUT	0 102	0.095	0 100	0 101	2 0 102	0 000	2			0 001	A <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	10	0.065	0.102	0.101	10	0.090	0.097	0.090	0.003 2	0.001	4 Max Daily o Hour Average
	10	4	21	21	10	5	15	10	3	I	
York Air Basin											
York	0.097	0.098	0.109	0.112	0.121	0.112	0.104	0.124	0.114	0.091	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
Y01	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.086	0.081	0.094	0.095	0.094	0.090	0.087	0.101	0.081	0.077	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	6	3	13	18	10	6	8	12	3	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

## Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southcentral Region Non-Air B	Basin										
Perry County	0.103	0.090	0.103	0.110	0.106	0.099	0.102	0.110	0.095	0.081	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.085	0.077	0.090	0.092	0.090	0.073	0.089	0.088	0.084	0.069	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	4	1	7	8	13	2	10	7	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Hershey	0.113	0.104	0.116	0.111	0.126	0.110	0.105	0.132	0.099	0.084	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
306	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.090	0.084	0.092	0.088	0.104	0.088	0.091	0.094	0.079	0.072	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	9	3	9	9	15	5	12	13	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Kutztown	0 107	0 100	0 109	0 104	0 128	0 101	0 1 1 9	0.106	0 084		2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
310	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		Number Days $1-Hr > 0.124$ ppm
	0 091	0.083	0 089	0 090	0 099	0 075	0 091	0 091	0 072		4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	7	2	6	14	12	2	7	11	1		Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Mothodiat Lill	***	0.006	0 11 4	0 1 2 0	0 115	0 100	0 104	0 115	0.095	0.070	2 <sup>nd</sup> May Daily 1 Hour Average
	***	0.096	0.114	0.120	0.115	0.100	0.104	0.115	0.060	0.078	2 Max Daily I Hour Average
313	***	0	0	0 101	0	0 005	0 005	0 404	0	0	t <sup>th</sup> May Daily 0.124 ppril
	***	0.062	0.091	0.104	0.096	0.065	0.095	0.104	0.000	0.071	4 Wax Daily 6 Hour Average
		3	1	22	20	4	15	27	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Biglerville	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.096	0.104	0.102	0.079	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D14	***	***	***	***	***	***	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.088	0.093	0.076	0.072	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	***	7	7	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Altoona	0.112	0.101	0.114	0.114	0.111	0.104	0.107	0.102	0.104	0.083	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
308	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.091	0.083	0.096	0.098	0.091	0.080	0.083	0.089	0.083	0.073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	8	2	7	17	6	2	3	9	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Northcontrol Dogion Non Air	Baain										
Northcentral Region Non-Air I	Dasiii ***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0 1 1 2	0 102	0.001	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
410	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.112	0.102	0.091	2 Wax Daily I Hour Average
410	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0 001	0 002	0 074	A <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.091	0.000	0.074	4 Max Daily o Hour Average
								/	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
State College	***	***	***	***	***	0.102	0.101	0.108	0.100	0.081	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
409	***	***	***	***	***	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	***	0.079	0.086	0.090	0.082	0.074	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	***	2	5	8	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Moshannon (Elliott State Park)	***	0.079?	0.117	0,116	0.092	0.105	0.102	0.106	0.103	0.082	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D09	***	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	0.070?	0.098	0.101	0.081	0.079	0.089	0.095	0.087	0.074	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	0	12	16	1	2	8	13	4	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
											<b>,</b>

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year
## Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Tiadaghton	***	***	0.075	0.099	0.091	0.092	0.089	0.101	0.094	0.080	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D10	***	***	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	0.060	0.084	0.076	0.073	0.080	0.084	0.076	0.073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	0	3	0	1	1	3	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Penn Nursery	***	0.102?	0.124	0.113	0.099	0.109	0.091	0.113	0.109	0.078	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D11	***	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	0.073?	0.094	0.092	0.085	0.075	0.082	0.091	0.093	0.069	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	1	7	8	4	2	1	12	4	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Tioga County	***	***	***	***	0.093?	0.103	0.094	0.118	0.102	0.085	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D13	***	***	***	***	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	0.082?	0.078	0.083	0.093	0.084	0.079	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	2	2	3	8	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Johnstown Air Basin											
Johnstown	0 104	0 124	0 107	0 104	0 106	0 106	0 106	0 098	0 098	0.081	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
J01	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.092	0.098	0.090	0.086	0.090	0.088	0.088	0.083	0.083	0.071	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	7	13	11	5	5	6	6	2	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Monongahela Valley Air Basin											
Charleroi	0 116	0 102	0 118	0 127	0 115	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 2	0 1 1 9	0 124	0.085	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
M01	0	0	0	3	0.110	0.110	0.112	1	1	0.000	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.096	0.090	0.099	0.108	0.096	0.080	0.087	0.093	0.088	0.072	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	16	5	14	34	11	3	7	14	4	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Lower Beaver Valley Air Basin											
Beaver Falls	0 106	0 105	0 101	0 1 1 6	0 131	0 099	0 109	0 1 1 2	0 107	0.085	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
B11	0	0.100	0	0	2	0.000	0.100	0.112	1	0.000	Number Days 1-Hr > 0 124 ppm
2	0 084	0 085	0 085	0 098	0 087	0 084	0 086	0 096	0 078	0 069	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	3	4	5	6	3	14	4	9	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Hookstown	0.102?	0.104	0.098	0.113	0.116	0.095	0.101	0.115	0.111	0.090	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
B23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.085?	0.090	0.086	0.095	0.095	0.077	0.092	0.103	0.087	0.081	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	4	6	4	11	9	1	9	19	6	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Brighton Township	0.098	0.099	0.096	0.113	0.132	0.096	0.103	0.118	0.107	0.085	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
B27	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.089	0.083	0.082	0.092	0.101	0.077	0.089	0.104	0.083	0.074	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	5	3	3	15	11	1	8	23	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

## Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Allegheny County Air Basin											
Pittsburgh	***	***	***	0.105	0.120	0.111	0.112	0.119	0.110	0.094	2 <sup>n</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
D12	***	***	***	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	0.089	0.099	0.086	0.093	0.100	0.088	0.072	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	6	16	4	9	25	5	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Southwest Region Non-Air Bas	in										
Florence	0.104	0.092	0.111	0.109	0.110	0.098	0.106	6 0.114	0.107	0.083	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
504	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.085	0.084	0.085	0.094	0.096	0.080	0.089	0.096	0.078	0.073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	6	2	4	11	9	2	7	17	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Washington	0.111	0.103	0.107	0.112	0.106	0.105	0.109	0.112	0.118	0.086	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
508	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.088	0.084	0.088	0.095	0.090	0.080	0.090	0.088	0.088	0.071	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	6	3	6	15	11	3	6	9	5	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Murrysville	0.127	0.104	0.123	0.101	0.115	0.103	0.097	0.110	0.100	0.092	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
510	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.096	0.081	0.088	0.082	0.087	0.076	0.078	0.091	0.083	0.070	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	7	2	4	3	5	2	1	9	2	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Kittanning	***	***	***	0.113	0.121	0.103	0.119	0.122	0.109	0.093	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
512	***	***	***	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	0.100	0.100	0.079	0.098	0.097	0.086	0.082	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	21	18	2	16	15	5	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Greensburg	***	***	***	***	0.125	0.097	0.100	0.119	0.115	0.094	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
513	***	***	***	***	2	0	0	0	1	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	***	***	***	***	0.099	0.076	0.084	0.098	0.091	0.073	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	***	***	16	3	3	10	4	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Holbrook	***	***	0 123?	0 110?	0 116	0 106	0 099	0 113	0 106	0.082	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
514	***	***	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0 124 ppm
	***	***	0.092?	0 100?	0 101	0 087	0.090	0 094	0.083	0 075	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	***	***	10	16	21	6	12	9	3	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Unner Beaver Valley Air Basin											
New Costlo	0 101	0.007	0 100	0.006	0 105	0 000	0 000	0 102	0 100	0.002	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
	0.101	0.097	0.109	0.096	0.105	0.090	0.099	0.103	0.100 4	0.063	2 IVIAX Daily I Hour Average
DZI	0 000					0.000	0 070		- حم م 1		$1^{\text{th}}$ Max Daily 9 Llaur Average
	0.083	0.084	0.000 1	0.077	0.088	0.069	0.079	0.08/	0.077	800.U	4 IVIAX Daily & Hour Average
	3	2	4	2	Э	U	1	ю	2	U	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

## Ozone Historical Trend (Units: parts per million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	0.105	0.100	0.103	0.122	0.112	0.095	0.104	0.114	0.108	0.089	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
E10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.088	0.083	0.087	0.098	0.096	0.078	0.089	0.098	0.091	0.074	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	8	3	6	12	13	2	4	17	4	0	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm
Northwest Region Non-Air Basin											
Farrell	0.113	0.103	0.111	0.121	0.108	0.098	0.113	0.118	0.116	0.088	2 <sup>nd</sup> Max Daily 1 Hour Average
606	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number Days 1-Hr > 0.124 ppm
	0.095	0.090	0.092	0.106	0.091	0.081	0.094	0.103	0.087	0.076	4 <sup>th</sup> Max Daily 8 Hour Average
	9	9	9	24	8	2	15	20	6	1	Number Days 8-Hr > 0.084 ppm

? indicates less than 75 percent valid data for year \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

## Nitrogen Dioxide Summary (Units: parts per million)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup> Max		2 <sup>nd</sup>	Max	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Max	4 <sup>th</sup>	Мах
	Site	Valid	Annual	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Data	Mean	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Southeast Pen	nsylvania	a Air Basir	1								
Bristol	P01	97.3	0.016	0.061	09/13	0.054	09/23	0.052	09/13	0.051	02/17
Chester	P11	98.5	0.018	0.061	04/19	0.061	09/23	0.060	03/01	0.058	03/01
Norristown	P21	97.7	0.014	0.070	12/30	0.060	10/08	0.059	12/22	0.058	03/01
Allentown-Bet	hlehem-E	aston Air	Basin								
Allentown	A19	98.8	0.013	0.052	02/20	0.052	02/24	0.052	03/01	0.051	03/01
Freemansburg	A25	96.2	0.014	0.052	03/26	0.049	02/02	0.049	05/11	0.049	09/22
Scranton-Wilk	es-Barre .	Air Basin									
Scranton	S01	98.4	0.012	0.052	03/01	0.050	05/06	0.049	05/06	0.049	12/22
Wilkes-Barre	S28	97.6	0.012	0.052	03/30	0.050	04/02	0.047	04/17	0.046	04/17
Reading Air Ba	asin										
Reading	R01	98.1	0.017	0.069	03/01	0.067	02/10	0.067	03/01	0.063	04/17
Harrisburg Air	Basin										
Harrisburg	H11	99.3	0.015	0.071	03/01	0.070	03/01	0.067	02/17	0.066	03/01
Longodon Ain	Deela										
Lancaster Air I	Sasin		0.044	0 0 5 0	00/00	0.050	40/00	0.050	40/00	0.054	00/40
Lancaster	L01	96.0	0.014	0.058	02/02	0.056	10/08	0.053	10/08	0.051	02/10
York Air Basin											
York	Y01	99.3	0.016	0.075	11/15	0.074	02/10	0.065	02/10	0.064	02/02
Southcentral F	Region No	on-Air Bas	in								
Perry County	305	98.7	0.005	0.034	02/02	0.034	03/01	0.032	02/02	0.032	02/17
Arendtsville	314	55.7	0.004?	0.030	04/09	0.028	04/09	0.027	04/09	0.026	04/13
Altoona	308	99.0	0.012	0.077	02/18	0.063	02/02	0.062	03/01	0.062	08/08
Northcentral R	egion No	on-Air Basi	in								
State College	408	98.7	0.009	0.054	02/02	0.052	02/17	0.051	02/17	0.049	03/19
Johnstown Air	Basin										
Johnstown	J01	98.7	0.013	0.049	02/06	0.049	02/06	0.049	03/01	0.049	04/07
Monogahela V	alley Air I	Basin									
Charleroi	M01	99.1	0.012	0.048	02/02	0.045	02/02	0.045	03/25	0.045	12/22
Lower Beaver	Valley Ai	r Basin									
Beaver Falls	B11	99.0	0.015	0.063	03/01	0.063	11/16	0.061	03/01	0.059	02/20

Primary Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.053 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

## Nitrogen Dioxide Summary (Units: parts per million)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup> Max		2 <sup>nd</sup> Max		3 <sup>rd</sup>	Max	4 <sup>th</sup>	Max
	Site	Valid	Annual	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Data	Mean	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Allegheny Cou	nty Air B	asin									
Pittsburgh	D12	98.4	0.021	0.084	07/02	0.081	11/15	0.078	03/01	0.078	11/15
Southwest Reg	ion Non	Air Basin									
Florence	504	98.0	0.006	0.036	03/14	0.035	03/04	0.034	03/14	0.033	12/09
Washington	508	98.7	0.013	0.057	03/25	0.056	02/02	0.054	03/25	0.053	02/02
Greensburg	513	96.4	0.013	0.054	02/20	0.053	03/25	0.049	02/12	0.048	03/25
Upper Beaver	Valley Ai	r Basin									
New Castle	B21	99.2	0.016	0.052	02/06	0.051	02/02	0.050	04/29	0.049	02/02
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	E10	96.9	0.012	0.067	09/22	0.064	09/22	0.062	09/22	0.058	02/20

Primary Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.053 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

#### Nitrogen Dioxide Historical Trend Annual Means (Units: Parts Per Million)

	PA Sito										
Site Name	Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Southoast Bon	nevlvania	Air Bacin	•								
Briatal	D01		0.021	0.020	0.019	0.019	0.017	0.019	0.016	0.016	0.016
Chester	P01 P11	0.020	0.021	0.020	0.010	0.010	0.017	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.018
Norristown	P21	0.020	0.021	0.019	0.019	0.016	0.018	0.013	0.010	0.010	0.010
Allentown-Beth	hlehem-Ea	aston Air	Basin								
Allentown	A19	0.018	0.018	0.016	0.016	0.015	0.013	0.017	0.014	0.015	0.013
Freemansburg	A25	***	***	***	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.013	0.013	0.014
Scranton-Wilke	es-Barre A	\ir Basin									
Scranton	S01	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.016	0.014	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.014	0.012
Wilkes-Barre	S28	0.014	0.018	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.012
Reading Air Ba	nsin										
Reading	R01	0.021	0.022	0.021	0.021	0.021	0.020	0.020	0.019	0.018	0.017
Harrisburg Air	Basin										
Harrisburg	H11	0.020	0.021	0.019	0.019	0.018	0.017	0.018	0.016	0.016	0.015
Lancaster Air E	Basin										
Lancaster	L01	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.015	0.014
York Air Basin											
York	Y01	0.021	0.021	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.018	0.020	0.017	0.017	0.016
Southcentral R	egion No	n-Air Bas	in								
Perry County	305	0.007	0.009	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.005
Arendtsville	314	***	***	***	***	***	0.004?	0.004?	0.004?	0.004?	0.004?
Altoona	308	0.013	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.012
Northcentral R	egion Nor	n-Air Basi	in								
State College	408	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	0.008	0.008	0.009
Johnstown Air	Basin										
Johnstown	J01	0.015	0.018	0.016	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.012	0.013	0.013
Monogahela Va	alley Air B	lasin									
Charleroi	M01	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.015	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.012	0.012

Primary Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.053 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

#### Nitrogen Dioxide Historical Trend Annual Means (Units: Parts Per Million)

	PA Site										
Site Name	Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Lower Beaver	Valley Air	Basin									
Beaver Falls	B11	0.018	0.018	0.017	0.019	0.019	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.015
Allegheny Cou	nty Air Ba	nsin									
Pittsburgh	D12	***	***	***	0.021	0.023	0.022	0.021	0.020	0.021	0.021
Southwest Reg	ion Non-	Air Basin									
Florence	504	***	***	***	***	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.006	0.013	0.006
Washington	508	0.016	0.015	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.015	0.012	0.012	0.013
Greensburg	513	***	***	***	0.018	0.018	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.013
Upper Beaver	/allow Air	Basin									
оррег Беачег у	alley All	Dasili									
New Castle	B21	0.019	0.024	0.020	0.019	0.020	0.019	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.016
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	E10	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.015	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012

Primary Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 0.053 parts per million

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness \*\*\* indicates less than 50 percent valid data for year

### Oxides of Nitrogen Summary (Units: Parts Per Million)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup>	Max	2 <sup>nc</sup>	<sup>d</sup> Max	3 <sup>rc</sup>	Max	$4^{th}$	Max
Site Name	Site Code	Valid Data	Annual Mean	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD
Southeast Pen	nsvlvani	a Air Rasir	,								
Bristol	D01	07 3	0.032	0 430	12/00	0 427	12/00	0 / 1 1	12/03	0 4 0 0	11/17
Chester	P11	97.5	0.032	0.439	12/09	0.427	12/09	0.411	12/03	0.409	03/24
Norristown	P21	97.7	0.025	0.437	12/22	0.436	12/22	0.413	12/30	0.362	12/29
Allentown-Bet	hlehem-E	aston Air	Basin								
Allentown	A19	99.2	0.022	0.269	12/22	0.268	12/22	0.265	12/22	0.240	12/22
Freemansburg	A25	96.2	0.026	0.325	12/22	0.314	12/22	0.275	12/22	0.257	12/22
Scranton-Wilk	es-Barre .	Air Basin									
Scranton	S01	98.0	0.020	0.315	12/22	0.266	11/15	0.243	11/16	0.225	11/15
Wilkes-Barre	S28	97.6	0.023	0.252	12/22	0.241	12/22	0.215	11/16	0.214	11/16
Reading Air Ba	asin										
Reading	R01	98.1	0.034	0.524	02/10	0.430	12/03	0.418	11/17	0.416	11/17
Harrisburg Air	Basin										
Harrisburg	H11	99.3	0.029	0.438	12/30	0.430	12/30	0.427	11/19	0.402	11/19
Lancaster Air I	Basin										
Lancaster	L01	96.0	0.024	0.368	02/10	0.338	02/10	0.312	11/16	0.309	11/16
York Air Basin											
York	Y01	99.3	0.032	0.532	02/10	0.459	11/15	0.388	02/10	0.384	11/16
Southcentral F	Region No	on-Air Bas	in								
Perry County	305	98.7	0.006	0.062	12/22	0.061	12/22	0.056	12/22	0.055	12/22
Arendtsville	314	55.7	0.004?	0.040	07/14	0.032	04/09	0.030	04/09	0.028	04/09
Altoona	308	99.0	0.021	0.348	02/18	0.243	02/18	0.226	11/15	0.224	11/16
Northcentral R	egion No	on-Air Basi	in								
State College	408	98.4	0.012	0.203	12/02	0.142	02/17	0.142	12/09	0.130	12/02
Johnstown Air	Basin										
Johnstown	J01	99.0	0.020	0.286	02/06	0.283	02/06	0.283	02/06	0.276	02/06
Monogahela V	alley Air I	Basin									
Charleroi	M01	99.2	0.021	0.330	12/22	0.300	12/22	0.261	12/22	0.254	12/30

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standards

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

### Oxides of Nitrogen Summary (Units: Parts Per Million)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	Percent		1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> Max		Max	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Max	4 <sup>th</sup>	Max
Site Name	Site Code	Valid Data	Annual Mean	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD	1 HR Mean	Date MM/DD
Lower Beaver	Valley Ai	r Basin									
Beaver Falls	B11	99.0	0.030	0.293	02/06	0.269	02/20	0.266	12/07	0.262	02/20
Alleghenv Co	untv Air B	asin									
Pittsburgh	D12	98.4	0.041	0.438	12/22	0.425	11/15	0.407	12/22	0.378	11/16
Southwest Re	gion Non	-Air Basin									
Florence	504	98.0	0.008	0.058	03/03	0.057	11/23	0.055	11/23	0.054	11/23
Washington	508	98.7	0.025	0.316	10/26	0.245	04/16	0.240	10/26	0.236	02/02
Greensburg	513	96.1	0.024	0.293	02/20	0.242	09/22	0.235	11/15	0.233	10/08
Upper Beaver	Valley Ai	r Basin									
New Castle	B21	99.4	0.028	0.492	02/06	0.473	02/06	0.469	02/06	0.399	02/06
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	E10	96.9	0.018	0.262	02/26	0.217	02/25	0.213	02/25	0.198	02/18

No Long- or Short-Term Air Quality Standards

? indicates that the annual mean does not meet the summary criteria for completeness

### Carbon Monoxide Summary (Units: Parts Per Million)

#### Year: 2004

				et a second s			Running Average					
	PA	Percent	Number	1 <sup>st</sup>	Max	2"	Max	Number	1 <sup>st</sup>	Max	2"	Max
Cite Neme	Site	Valid	1 HR	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	8 HR	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Data	> 35	Mean	IVIIVI/DD	wean		>9	Mean		Mean	
Southeast Pe	nnsylvar	nia Air Basin										
Bristol	P01	98.0	0	3.3	11/17	3.2	11/15	0	2.4	12/03	2.2	11/17
Norristown	P21	97.6	0	2.1	12/22	1.9	08/28	0	1.5	12/29	1.4	08/29
Allentown-Be	thlehem-	Easton Air E	Basin									
Freemansburg	A25	98.8	0	2.6	11/16	2.4	11/17	0	1.8	11/10	1.7	11/10
Scranton-Will	ces-Barre	e Air Basin										
Scranton	S01	98.7	0	2.9	11/15	2.9	11/23	0	1.8	11/16	1.8	11/17
Wilkes-Barre	S27	96.5	0	2.7	11/15	2.4	11/17	0	1.8	11/18	1.8	12/22
Northeast Reg	gion Non	-Air Basin										
Shenandoah	211	98.4	0	1.9	12/22	1.5	03/26	0	0.8	02/29	0.8	11/19
Reading Air B	asin											
Reading	R01	99.2	0	34	02/10	25	02/29	0	21	02/29	18	12/29
licaaling		00.2	Ū.	••••	02.10		0_/_0			01.10		
Harrisburg Ai	r Basin											
Harrisburg	H16	98.9	0	27	01/12	23	02/10	0	14	12/29	13	01/12
Harnoburg		00.0	Ũ		01112	2.0	02/10			12/20	1.0	01/12
Lancaster Air	Basin											
Lancaster	L01	99.0	0	3.7	12/10	3.2	12/07	0	1.9	11/17	1.6	12/08
York Air Basi	n											
York	Y01	96.0	0	3.4	11/16	2.8	11/19	0	2.0	11/17	1.8	11/19
			-									
Southcentral	Region N	Ion-Air Basiı	n									
Arendtsville	314	58.1	0	2.0	10/18	1.7	10/31	0	1.7	10/18	1.6	10/31
Altoona	308	99.4	0	2.5	02/18	2.3	02/27	0	1.0	02/06	0.9	01/02
Johnstown A	ir Basin											
Johnstown	J01	98.7	0	3.4	02/06	2.0	12/30	0	3.2	02/06	2.1	02/06
Monogahela \	/alley Ai	r Basin										
Charleroi	- M01	97.6	0	1.8	02/02	1.8	03/31	0	1.6	03/28	1.4	02/02

Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standards 1 Hour Mean = 35 parts per million 8 Hour Running Mean = 9 parts per million

### Carbon Monoxide Summary (Units: Parts Per Million)

#### Year: 2004

	PA	Percent	Number	1 <sup>si</sup>	<sup>t</sup> Max	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<sup>1</sup> Max	Number	1 <sup>si</sup>	Running Max	Average 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Max
	Site	Valid	1 HR	1 HR	Date	1 HR	Date	8 HR	8 HR	Date	8 HR	Date
Site Name	Code	Data	> 35	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD	> 9	Mean	MM/DD	Mean	MM/DD
Lower Beave	r Valley A	Air Basin										
Beaver Falls	B11	99.0	0	1.8	02/08	1.7	02/02	0	1.3	01/21	1.2	12/07
Allegheny Co	ounty Air	Basin										
Pittsburgh	D12	93.6	0	2.1	11/15	2.0	03/26	0	1.9	11/16	1.7	09/22
-												
Southwest R	egion No	n-Air Basin										
Greensburg	513	97.9	0	2.7	02/04	2.1	02/28	0	1.4	02/29	1.4	12/30
Holbrook	514	55.5	0	0.7	04/30	0.6	06/09	0	0.3	04/01	0.3	04/01
Upper Beave	r Valley A	\ir Basin										
New Castle	B21	99.4	0	5.1	02/06	2.8	02/20	0	3.2	02/06	1.8	12/22
Erie Air Basi	n											
Erie	E12	92.1	0	1.9	02/25	1.8	02/02	0	1.4	02/02	1.3	02/26

Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standards 1 Hour Mean = 35 parts per million 8 Hour Running Mean = 9 parts per million

## Carbon Monoxide Historical Trend (Units: Parts Per Million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Southeast Pennsy	Ivania A	ir Basiı	1								
Bristol	9.2	6.3	6.8	5.2	6.6	4.3	4.0	4.3	4.5	3.2	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
P01	5.0	4.7	3.8	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.1	2.4	2.8	2.2	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Norristown	18	35	3.2	20	31	28	25	27	24	10	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
P21	4.0	29	22	2.9	19	2.0	2.5	2.1	2. <del>4</del> 1.8	1.9	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
121	4.1	2.0	2.2	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.0	1.4	
Allentown-Bethlehe	em-East	on Air E	Basin								
Freemansburg	***	***	***	3.4	4.4	5.5	3.1	2.3	2.3	2.4	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
A25	***	***	***	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.7	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Allentown	7.3	5.3	4.8	5.0	5.5	4.1	4.0	4.4	***	***	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
A51	4.8	3.2	2.7	2.9	3.2	2.6	3.3	2.3	***	***	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
		<b>_</b> .									
Scranton-wilkes-E	sarre All	Basin			o -			o <del>-</del>			
Scranton	5.2	7.0	4.7	3.4	3.5	4.4	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.9	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
501	2.0	3.5	2.8	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.0	1.5	1.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Wilkes-Barre	57	74	46	70	42	38	28	5.1	32	24	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
S27	3.0	4.1	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.3	1.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Northeast Region	Non-Air	Basin									
Shenandoah	***	***	2.3	3.7	2.9	2.6	2.0	2.3	2.8	1.5	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
211	***	***	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.4	0.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Reading Air Basin											
Reading	***	***	***	4.7	4.6	3.8	3.8	4.1	3.2	2.5	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
R01	***	***	***	3.2	2.8	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Harrisburg Air Bas	sin										
Harrisburg	***	4.2	5.2	4.1	4.9	3.5	4.4	3.6	3.0	2.3	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
H16	***	2.5	3.3	3.0	4.3	2.1	2.8	2.3	2.0	1.3	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Langagtar Air Bag											
Lancaster All Das	ш лл	26	E 1	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	27	2.2	and Maximum 1 Hour Moon
Lancaster	4.4 2.4	3.0 2.6	.। ৫ ৫	3.4 1 Q	3.1 2.5	3.0 1 Q	2.9	3.0 2.2	2.7 1 7	3.Z 1.6	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
LUT	2.4	2.0	5.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.0	
York Air Basin											
York	55	50	57	50	53	37	38	43	26	28	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
Y01	2.7	2.8	3.4	2.4	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Southcentral Regi	on Non-	Air Bas	in								
Arendtsville	***	***	***	0.7	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.7	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
314	***	***	***	0.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.6	0.4	1.6	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Altoona	3.1	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.6	1.7	2.4	1.5	1.6	2.3	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
308	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.2	0.9	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean

## Carbon Monoxide Historical Trend (Units: Parts Per Million)

Station / Site Code	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Johnstown Air Ba	sin										
Johnstown	5.4	7.0	4.7	4.2	4.4	2.8	2.8	3.9	3.0	2.0	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
J01	3.5	4.8	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.0	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.1	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Monongahela Vall	ey Air B	asin									
Charleroi	3.5	2.8	1.8	3.0	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.8	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
M01	2.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.4	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Lower Beaver Val	ley Air E	Basin									
Beaver Falls	3.2	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.5	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.6	1.7	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
B11	2.5	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Allegheny County	Air Bas	sin									
Pittsburgh	***	***	***	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.0	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
D12	***	***	***	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.0	2.0	1.7	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Southwest Region	n Non-A	ir Basin									
Greensburg	***	***	***	3.3	3.2	2.6	3.0	2.1	3.1	2.1	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
513	***	***	***	2.3	2.4	1.8	1.8	1.2	2.1	1.4	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Holbrook	***	***	***	***	1.7	0.6	1.3	0.25	0.6	0.6	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
514	***	***	***	***	1.5	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Upper Beaver Vall	ley Air E	Basin									
New Castle	6.1	6.5	4.6	7.2	5.5	3.5	3.0	4.1	3.3	2.8	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
B21	4.3	3.5	3.0	2.4	3.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean
Erie Air Basin											
Erie	***	***	9.3	9.5	10.6	11.9	7.2	7.5	7.6	1.8	2nd Maximum 1 Hour Mean
E12	***	***	4.9	5.1	5.6	6.0	4.4	4.5	3.4	1.3	2nd Maximum 8 Hour Mean

#### Arendtsville, Pennsylvania Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) Compounds Units: parts per billion Carbon (ppbC) [The concentration in ppbC for a compound can be divided by the number of carbon atoms for that target compound to estimate the concentration in parts per billion volume (ppbv).]

Compound 1 Hour Max Date/Time of Max Mean Acetylene 2.95 8/3/2004 7:00 0.32 Ethylene 4.97 8/3/2004 7:00 0.69 Ethane 19 3.98 8/18/2004 11:00 Propylene 5.98 0.41 9/5/2004 23:00 31.66 3.21 Propane 9/27/2004 12:00 Isobutane 7.2 0.64 10/9/2004 8:00 Butene-1 3.71 10/15/2004 5:00 0.12 n-Butane 21.6 10/9/2004 8:00 1.29 t-Butene-2 3.32 10/15/2004 5:00 0.37 c-Butene-2 4.18 10/15/2004 5:00 0.11 Isopentane 20.12 10/9/2004 8:00 1.49 Pentene-1 2.52 0.03 10/15/2004 5:00 n-Pentane 10/9/2004 8:00 0.76 8.1 Isoprene 20.12 10/9/2004 8:00 1.49 2.83 0.06 trans-2-Pentene 10/15/2004 5:00 c-2-Pentene 3.7 10/15/2004 5:00 0.01 2,2-Dimethylbutane 4.5 10/15/2004 5:00 0.03 0.14 cyclopentane 2.32 10/15/2004 5:00 2,3-Dimethylbutane 1.04 10/9/2004 8:00 0.08 2-Methylpentane 5.64 0.3 10/15/2004 5:00 0.2 3-Methylpentane 2.39 10/9/2004 8:00 n-Hexane 3.75 8/30/2004 7:00 0.29 0.09 Methylcyclopentane 2.46 10/15/2004 5:00 2,4-Dimethylpentane 4.1 10/15/2004 5:00 0 Benzene 3.06 10/26/2004 7:00 0.59 Cyclohexane 4.01 10/15/2004 5:00 0.02 2-Methylhexane 0.05 2.83 8/30/2004 7:00 2,3-Dimethylpentane 5.52 10/15/2004 5:00 0.01 3-Methylhexane 2.88 8/30/2004 7:00 0.1 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 3.04 10/15/2004 5:00 0.4 0.09 n-Heptane 7.64 8/30/2004 7:00 Methylcyclohexane 10.81 8/29/2004 2:00 0.06 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane 2.49 10/15/2004 5:00 0.04 6.44 Toluene 10/9/2004 8:00 1.02

Year 2004 (May-October)

#### \*Total Nonmethane Organic Compounds \*\*PAMS Hydrocarbons

VOCs refer to gaseous aliphatic and aromatic nonmethane organic compounds that have a vapor pressure greater than 0.14 mmHg at 25C and generally have a carbon number in the range of C2-C12.

#### Arendtsville, Pennsylvania Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) Compounds Units: parts per billion Carbon (ppbC) [The concentration in ppbC for a compound can be divided by the number of carbon atoms for that target compound to estimate the concentration in parts per billion volume (ppbv).]

Compound	1 Hour Max	Date/Time of Max	Mean
2-Methylheptane	2.72	10/15/2004 5:00	0.03
3-Methylheptane	2.69	10/15/2004 5:00	0.03
n-Octane	4.77	8/30/2004 7:00	0.04
Ethylbenzene	2.53	10/15/2004 5:00	0.16
m/p-Xylene	4.04	10/15/2004 5:00	0.39
Styrene	2.28	10/15/2004 5:00	0.03
o-Xylene	2.39	10/15/2004 5:00	0.15
n-Nonane	2.3	10/15/2004 5:00	0.05
Isopropylbenzene	2.9	10/15/2004 5:00	0.01
n-Propylbenzene	2.56	10/15/2004 5:00	0.02
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2.3	10/15/2004 5:00	0.03
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.19	10/15/2004 5:00	0.15
o-Ethyltoluene	2.57	10/15/2004 5:00	0.13
m-Ethyltoluene	1.95	10/15/2004 5:00	0.26
p-Ethyltoluene	3.11	10/15/2004 5:00	0.01
m-Diethylbenzene	2.48	10/15/2004 5:00	0.01
p-Diethylbenzene	3.17	8/24/2004 14:00	0.01
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	3.25	7/20/2004 13:00	0.19
n-Decane	2.82	10/15/2004 5:00	0.05
Undecane	3.48	7/27/2004 12:00	0.05
tnmoc*	167.18	10/15/2004 5:00	22.15
pamshc**	160.75	10/15/2004 5:00	19.44
Unidentifed VOC	47.26	7/16/2004 13:00	1.99

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Year 2004 (May-October)

\*Total Nonmethane Organic Compounds

\*\*PAMS Hydrocarbons

VOCs refer to gaseous aliphatic and aromatic nonmethane organic compounds that have a vapor pressure greater than 0.14 mmHg at 25C and generally have a carbon number in the range of C2-C12.

## ELEMENTAL MERCURY VAPOR SUMMARY

## YEAR 2004

Instrumental Method: Tekran 2537A Analyzer (Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry)

Site Location: Lancaster, Lincoln Junior High School

Monitoring for Mercury Vapor Started June 21, 1999

Valid Hours: 8430 (96% Data Availability)

Units: nanograms per cubic meter (ng/m<sup>3</sup>)

Annual Average (Mean) 1 <sup>st</sup> Maximum Hour Average	1.7 26.0	07/15/2004 01:00
2 <sup>nd</sup> Maximum Hour Average 3 <sup>rd</sup> Maximum Hour Average	12.4 8.1	09/30/2004 04:00 03/27/2004 13:00
Maximum 5-minute Sample	32.4	07/15/2004 01:25

Number	of 1-Hour		Values	in Range	c
INUTIDEL		Avelaue	values	III Naliue	э.

	T units	ol ol i lloui / Woluge	valabo in rangoo	
0 to 1	1 to 2	2 to 4	4 to 6	6 or more
0.13%	88.24%	11.44%	0.12%	0.07%

Mercury Vapor Historical Trend										
	1999*	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004				
Annual	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7				
Mean										
1 <sup>st</sup> Maximum	7.9	37.2	7.4	16.7	6.95	26.0				
Hour Average										
2 <sup>nd</sup> Maximum	7.6	32.3	7.3	14.5	5.78	12.4				
Hour Average										
* June 21, 1999 th	rough Decembe	er 31, 1999								

There are no national or Pennsylvania Ambient Air Quality Standards Other Standards or guidelines:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry of the U. S. Dept. of Health and Human Services (ATSDR) Minimal Risk Level for Hazardous Substances, Inhalation Chronic 0.0002 mg/m3 (200 ng/m<sup>3</sup>) Neurol. Final 03/99 007439-97-6

EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) Reference Concentration: 0.0003 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (300 ng/m<sup>3</sup>)

The risk to human health from direct exposure by inhalation to elemental mercury vapor in ambient air is believed to be well below any level of concern. Mercury deposited to surface waters is concentrated in the food chain and may reach levels in fish that are unsafe for consumption.

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# **APPENDIX B - Air Pollution Control Agencies in Pennsylvania**

Allegheny County Health Department 39th Street and Penn Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15201 (412) 578-8104

> City of Philadelphia Department of Public Health Air Management Services 321 University Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19104 (215) 685-7584

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Air Quality Division of Air Quality Monitoring Rachel Carson State Office Building 12th Floor 400 Market Street P.O. Box 8468 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8468 (717) 787-6548

Related environmental information is available electronically via the Internet. Access the DEP website at <u>http://www.depweb.state.pa.us/</u> (DEP Keyword: Air, Air Pollution, Air Quality, Clean Air).

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**APPENDIX C - Monitoring Sites, Equipment, and Addresses** 

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# Ambient Air Monitoring Equipment

## **Particulate Sampling**

PARAMETER	MANUFACTURER/INSTRUMENT/MODEL	EPA DESIGNATION
P <b>M</b> <sub>10</sub>		
Discrete	Thermo GMW PM <sub>10</sub> High-Volume Air Sampler - Volumetric http://www.thermo.com/com/cda/product/detail/1,1055,23297,0 0.html	Manual Reference Method: RFPS-1287-063 52 FR 45684, 12/01/87 53FR 1062, 1/15/88
Continuous	Rupprecht & Patashnick (R&P) Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) Series 1400 Ambient Particulate Monitor http://www.rpco.com/products/ambprod/amb1400/index.htm	Automated Equivalent Method: EQPM-1090-079 55 FR 43406, 10/29/90
PM <sub>2.5</sub>		
Discrete	R&P Partisol-Plus Model 2025 Sequential Air Sampler http://www.rpco.com/products/ambprod/amb2025/index.htm	Manual Reference Method: RFPS-0498-118 63 FR 18911, 4/16/98
Continuous	R&P TEOM Series 8500a Filter Dynamics Measurement System (FDMS) and TEOM Series 1400ab http://www.rpco.com/products/ambprod/amb8500/index.htm	
	Met One Instruments Beta-Attenuation Mass (BAM) Model 1020 <u>http://www.metone.com/documents/BAM1020Particulate.pdf</u>	
PM <sub>2.5</sub> Speciation	Met One Instruments SASS PM <sub>2.5</sub> Ambient Chemical Speciation Air Sampler <u>http://www.metone.com/documents/SASS0301Particulate.pdf</u>	
TSP	Thermo GMW TSP High Volume Air Sampler – Mass Flow <u>http://www.thermo.com/com/cda/product/detail/1,1055,23329,0</u> <u>0.html</u> and Thermo GMW TSP High Volume Air Sampler – Volumetric <u>http://www.thermo.com/com/cda/product/detail/1,1055,23328,0</u> <u>0.html</u>	Manual Reference Method 40 CFR Part 50, Appendix B 47 FR 54912, 12/6/82 48 FR 17355, 4/22/83
Pb	Laboratory analysis of TSP filters by Inductively Coupled Argon Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry	Manual Equivalent Method EQL-0592-086 57 FR 20823, 5/15/92
SO <sub>4</sub> , NO <sub>3</sub>	Laboratory analysis of TSP filters by Ion Chromatography	EPA Method 300.0

# Ambient Air Monitoring Equipment

# Continuous Gaseous Sampling

PARAMETER	MANUFACTURER/INSTRUMENT/MODEL	EPA DESIGNATION
SO₂	Teledyne Advanced Pollution Instrumentation Model 100A UV Fluorescence SO <sub>2</sub> Analyzer <u>http://www.teledyne-api.com/products/model_100e.asp</u>	Automated Equivalent Method: EQSA-0990-077 55 FR 38149, 9/17/90
NO/ NO <sub>2</sub> /NO <sub>x</sub>	Teledyne Advanced Pollution Instrumentation Model 200A Chemiluminescence Nitrogen Oxides Analyzer for Ambient Concentrations <u>http://www.teledyne-api.com/products/model_200e.asp</u>	Automated Reference Method: RFNA-0691-082 56 FR 27014, 6/12/91
O <sub>3</sub>	Teledyne Advanced Pollution Instrumentation Model 400 Photometric Ozone Analyzer http://www.teledyne-api.com/products/model_400e.asp	Automated Equivalent Method: EQOA-0992-087 57 FR 44565, 9/28/92 63 FR 31992, 6/11/98 67 FR 57811, 9/12/02
со	Teledyne Advanced Pollution Instrumentation Model 300 CO Gas Filter Correlation Analyzer http://www.teledyne-api.com/products/model_300e.asp	Automated Reference Method: RFCA-1093-093 58 FR 58166, 10/29/93

## **Southeast Region Air Basin Sites**

Appendix C: Table C-2. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
P01	BRISTOL	42-017-0012	BUCKS	Roosevelt Junior High School Rockview Lane	40 06 27 74 52 57
P11	CHESTER	42-045-0002	DELAWARE	Front & Norris Streets	39 50 08 75 22 22
P21	NORRISTOWN	42-091-0013	MONTGOMERY	State Armory 1046 Belvoir Road	40 06 45 75 18 34
P30	NEW GARDEN (TOUGHKENAMON)	42-029-0100	CHESTER	1235 Newark Road New Garden Airport	39 50 04 75 46 05
P32	WEST CHESTER	42-029-0050	CHESTER	South Campus Road West Chester University	39 56 09 75 36 16

#### Appendix C: Table C-3. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
BUCKS	P01	<b>X</b> <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>						х	х	х	х
DELAWARE	P11	<b>X</b> <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х	х		х		х	х	х	
MONTGOMERY	P21	<b>X</b> C10	X <sub>D2.5</sub> X <sub>C2.5T</sub>						х	х	х	х
CHESTER	P30		X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х							х	
	P32										х	

Southeast Region. Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties.

#### X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Allentown - Bethlehem - Easton Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-4. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
A19	ALLENTOWN	42-077-0004	LEHIGH	Allentown State Hospital Rear 1600 Hanover Avenue	40 36 43 75 25 58
A20	EASTON	42-095-8000	NORTHAMPTON	Spring Garden	40 41 32 75 14 14
A25	FREEMANSBURG	42-095-0025	NORTHAMPTON	Washington & Cambria Streets	40 37 41 75 20 28

#### Appendix C: Table C-5. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
LEHIGH	A19	X <sub>C10</sub>	$X_{D2.5}$						х	х	х	
NORTHAMPTON	A20		X <sub>C2.5</sub>						х		х	
	A25	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub> X <sub>C2.5</sub>	х					х	х	х	х

Northeast Region. Carbon, Lackawanna, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Northampton, Pike, Schuylkill, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming Counties.

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)
- X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Scranton - Wilkes-Barre Air Basin Sites

Арр	endix	C:	Table	C-6.
Site	Loca	tior	IS	

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
S01	SCRANTON	42-069-2006	LACKAWANNA	Behind Penn State Campus George Street	41 26 34 75 37 23
S26	NANTICOKE	42-079-1100	LUZERNE	255 Lower Broadway	41 12 33 76 00 13
S27	WILKES-BARRE CBD	42-079-2100	LUZERNE	North River Street	41 15 01 75 52 49
S28	WILKES-BARRE	42-079-1101	LUZERNE	Chilwick & Washington Streets	41 15 58 75 50 47
S29	PECKVILLE	42-069-0101	LACKAWANNA	Pleasant Avenue & Erie Street Wilson Fire Company No. 1	41 28 45 75 34 41

Appendix C: Table C-7. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
LACKAWANNA	S01	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х					х	х	х	х
	S29										х	
LUZERNE	S26										х	
	S27											х
	S28	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>						х	х	х	

Northeast Region. Carbon, Lackawanna, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Northampton, Pike, Schuylkill, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming Counties.

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)
- X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Northeast Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-8. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
205	PALMERTON	42-025-0105	CARBON	New Jersey Zinc Research Bldg. Fourth Street & Franklin Avenue	40 48 12 75 36 31
211	SHENANDOAH	42-107-0003	SCHUYLKILL	Coal & Stadium Streets	40 49 14 76 12 44
A26	NAZARETH	42-095-1000	NORTHAMPTON	South Green & Delaware	40 44 04 75 18 46

#### Appendix C: Table C-9. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
CARBON	205				х	х	Х	х				
SCHUYLKILL	211								х			х
NORTHAMPTON	A26	X <sub>C10</sub>										

Northeast Region. Carbon, Lackawanna, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Northampton, Pike, Schuylkill, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming Counties.

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)
- X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## **Reading Air Basin Sites**

Appendix C: Table C-10. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
R01	READING	42-011-0009	BERKS	UGI Property 234 Morgantown Road	40 19 14 75 55 37
R10	LAURELDALE	42-011-1717	BERKS	Muhlenberg Township Authority Spring Valley Road Substation	40 22 38 75 54 53
R15	READING	42-011-0015	BERKS	Northwest Junior High School North Front & West Spring Streets	40 21 04 75 56 08

#### Appendix C: Table C-11. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM-10	PM-2.5	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
BERKS	R01	X <sub>C10</sub>	$X_{D2.5}$ $X_{C2.5T}$						х	х	х	х
	R10				х	х	х	х				
	R15	$X_{D10}$										

Southcentral Region. Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, and York Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Lancaster Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-12. Site Locations

	outionio				
PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
L01	LANCASTER	42-071-0007	LANCASTER	Lincoln Junior High School	40 02 49 76 17 00

#### Appendix C: Table C-13. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
LANCASTER	L01	X <sub>C10</sub>	$X_{D2.5}$ $X_{C2.5T}$	х					х	х	х	х

Southcentral Region. Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, and York Counties.

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Harrisburg Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-14. Site Locations

<b>D</b> A					
SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
H11	HARRISBURG	42-043-0401	DAUPHIN	1833 UPS Drive	40 14 42 76 50 41
H16	HARRISBURG CBD	42-043-0102	DAUPHIN	PA Dept. of Agriculture Parking Lot 2301 North Cameron Street	40 17 09 76 52 53

#### Appendix C: Table C-15. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
DAUPHIN	H11	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub> X <sub>C2.5B</sub>	х					х	х	х	
	H16											х

Southcentral Region. Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, and York Counties.

- Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)  $X_{D10}$
- Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) X<sub>C10</sub>
- $X_{D2.5}$ Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM) X<sub>C2.5T</sub>  $X_{C2.5B}$ 

## York Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-16. Site Locations

	outions				
PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
Y01	YORK	42-133-0008	YORK	Davis Junior High School Hill Street	39 57 56 76 41 59

#### Appendix C: Table C-17. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
YORK	Y01	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub> X <sub>C2.5T</sub>	х					х	х	х	х

Southcentral Region. Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, and York Counties.

- X<sub>D10</sub> Discrete PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>D2.5</sub> Discrete PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)
- X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

# Southcentral Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C:	Table C-18.
Site Location	ns

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
301	LYONS EAST	42-011-0717	BERKS	Near State & Kemp Streets	40 28 36 75 45 33
305	PERRY COUNTY	42-099-0301	PERRY	Little Buffalo State Park	40 27 26 77 09 57
306	HERSHEY	42-043-1100	DAUPHIN	Hershey Foods Technical Center Sipe Avenue & Mae Street	40 16 21 76 40 53
308	ALTOONA	42-013-0801	BLAIR	Ward Trucking Corporation Second Avenue & Seventh Street	40 32 07 78 22 15
310	KUTZTOWN	42-011-0001	BERKS	Kutztown State College Grim Science Building	40 30 40 75 47 11
313	METHODIST HILL	42-055-0001	FRANKLIN	Forest Road (High Elevation Site)	39 57 40 77 28 31
314	ARENDTSVILLE	42-001-0001	ADAMS	Penn State Research Orchard	39 55 25 77 18 29
D14	BIGLERVILLE	42-001-0002	ADAMS	University Drive Penn State Research Orchard	39 56 06 77 15 10
316	CARLISLE	42-041-0101	CUMBERLAND	Imperial Court	40 14 48 77 11 12
375	LYONS SOUTH	42-011-0005	BERKS	Heffner & Dryville Roads	40 27 59 75 45 32

## Southcentral Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-19. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
BERKS	301				х		х					
	310										х	
	375				х		х					
PERRY	305		X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х					х	х	х	
CUMBERLAND	316		X <sub>D2.5</sub>									
DAUPHIN	306										х	
FRANKLIN	313										х	
ADAMS	314		X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х						х		х
			×62.51									
	D14										X	
BLAIR	308	X <sub>C10</sub>							х	х	х	х

Southcentral Region. Adams, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, and York Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

## Northcentral Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-20. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
410	MONTOURSVILLE	42-081-0100	LYCOMING	899 Cherry Street Rear Parking Lot of PA State Police	41 15 01 76 54 51
409	STATE COLLEGE	42-027-0100	CENTRE	Pennsylvania State University West of Big Hollow Road State College	40 48 40 77 52 38
D09	MOSHANNON	42-033-4000	CLEARFIELD	Moshannon State Forest Elliott State Park North of Cessna	41 07 03 78 31 34
D10	TIADAGHTON	42-081-4000	LYCOMING	Tiadaghton Sportmans Club Northeast of Haneyville	41 20 03 77 26 56
D11	PENN NURSERY	42-027-4000	CENTRE	Department of Conservation and Natural Resources Penn Nursery Facility South of Potters Mills	40 46 28 77 37 19
D13	TIOGA COUNTY	42-117-4000	TIOGA	North of Gleason	41 38 44 76 56 17

#### Appendix C: Table C-21. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
LYCOMING	410	$X_{D10}$							х		х	
CENTRE	409 D11		X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х					х	х	x x	
CLEARFIELD	D09										х	
LYCOMING	D10										х	
TIOGA	D13										х	

Northcentral Region. Bradford, Cameron, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Columbia, Lycoming, Montour, Northumberland, Potter, Synder, Sullivan, Tioga, and Union Counties.

#### X Parameter monitored at the site

X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)

- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)
### Johnstown Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-22. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
J01	JOHNSTOWN	42-021-0011	CAMBRIA	Miller Auto Body Crafts Shop One Messenger Street	40 18 35 78 54 54
J08	EAST CONEMAUGH	42-021-0808	CAMBRIA	Recreation Field Citron Alley & First Street	40 20 53 78 52 58

#### Appendix C: Table C-23. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
CAMBRIA	J01	X <sub>C10</sub>	Х <sub>D2.5</sub> Х <sub>C2.5В</sub>						х	х	х	х
	J08				х	х	Х	х				

Southwest Region. Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties.

Х Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub>
- Manual  $PM_{10}$  Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM) Continuous  $PM_{10}$  Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) X<sub>C10</sub>
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM) Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM) X<sub>C2.5T</sub>

 $X_{C2.5B}$ 

## Monongahela Valley Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-24. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
M01	CHARLEROI	42-125-0005	WASHINGTON	Borough Waste Treatment Plant Front Street	40 08 48 79 54 08
M16	MONESSEN	42-129-0007	WESTMORELAND	Monessen Community Center 435 Donner Avenue	40 10 00 79 52 30

#### Appendix C: Table C-25. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
WASHINGTON	M01	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>						х	х	х	х
WESTMORELAND	M16	X <sub>D10</sub>			х	х	х	х				

Southwest Region. Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

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X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM) X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Lower Beaver Valley Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-26. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
B05	VANPORT	42-007-0505	BEAVER	Vanport Water Works Tamaqui Drive	40 41 05 80 19 30
B11	BEAVER FALLS	42-007-0014	BEAVER	Eighth Street & River Alley	40 44 52 80 19 00
B23	HOOKSTOWN	42-007-0002	BEAVER	FAA Microwave Relay Tower	40 33 47 80 30 16
B27	BRIGHTON TOWNSHIP	42-007-0005	BEAVER	1015 Sebring Road	40 41 05 80 21 35

#### Appendix C: Table C-27. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
BEAVER	B05				х		х					
	B11	<b>X</b> C10	X <sub>D2.5</sub> X <sub>C2.5T</sub>						х	х	х	х
	B23								х		х	
	B27								х		х	

Southwest Region. Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM
- X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)
- X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

# Allegheny County Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-28. Site Location

	oution				
PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
D12	PITTSBURGH	42-003-0010	ALLEGHENY	Carnegie Science Center	40 26 44 80 00 59

### **Allegheny County Air Basin Sites**

Appendix C: Table C-29. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
ALLEGHENY	D12							х	Х	х	Х

Southwest Region. Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

## Southwest Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-30. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
504	FLORENCE	42-125-5001	WASHINGTON	Hillman State Park	40 26 44 80 25 16
508	WASHINGTON	42-125-0200	WASHINGTON	McCarrell & Fayette Streets	40 10 14 80 15 42
510	MURRYSVILLE	42-129-0006	WESTMORELAND	Murrysville Volunteer Fire Co. Old William Penn Hwy & Sardis Ave.	40 25 41 79 41 35
512	KITTANNING	42-005-0001	ARMSTRONG	Glade Drive & Nolte Road PA State Police Barracks	40 48 51 79 33 54
513	GREENSBURG	42-129-0008	WESTMORELAND	Donohue Road PA Dept. of Transportation Bldg.	40 18 17 79 30 20
514	HOLBROOK	42-059-0002	GREENE	Field 5 km southeast of Holbrook	39 48 58 80 17 06

## Southwest Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-31. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
WASHINGTON	504	X <sub>D10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х					х	х	х	
	508		X <sub>D2.5</sub>						х	х	х	
WESTMORELAND	510									х	х	
	513	X <sub>C10</sub>	X <sub>D2.5</sub>	х					х	х	х	х
ARMSTRONG	512		X <sub>C2.5T</sub>								х	
GREENE	514								х	х	х	х

Southwest Region. Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties.

### X Parameter monitored at the site

X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)

X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)

X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

# Upper Beaver Valley Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-32. Site Locations

	outionio				
PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
B21	NEW CASTLE	42-073-0015	LAWRENCE	Croton Avenue & Jefferson Street	40 59 45 80 20 48

### Appendix C: Table C-33. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	P <b>M</b> \ <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
LAWRENCE	B21	X <sub>C10</sub>							х	х	х	х

Northwest Region. Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Elk, Erie, Forest, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Venango, and Warren Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

### **Erie Air Basin Sites**

Appendix C: Table C-34. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
E10	ERIE	42-049-0003	ERIE	East 10th & Marne Streets	42 08 30 80 02 19
E12	ERIE CBD	42-049-0101	ERIE	West 12th & Myrtle Streets	42 07 14 80 05 21

#### Appendix C: Table C-35. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
ERIE	E10	<b>X</b> <sub>C10</sub>	$X_{D2.5}$	х					х	х	х	
	E12											х

Northwest Region. Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Elk, Erie, Forest, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Venango, and Warren Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM) X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

## Northwest Region Non-Air Basin Sites

Appendix C: Table C-36. Site Locations

PA SITE CODE	SITE NAME	EPA-AIRS SITE CODE	COUNTY	STREET ADDRESS	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
606	FARRELL	42-085-0100	MERCER	Farrell High School Field New Castle Road & Mercer Avenue	41 12 52 80 28 59
611	WARREN	42-123-0003	WARREN	School District Building 345 East 5th Avenue	41 51 26 79 08 15
612	WARREN	42-123-0004	WARREN	Overlook Site near Stone Hill Road	41 50 41 79 10 11

Appendix C: Table C-37. Parameters Monitored

COUNTY	PA SITE CODE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> SPEC	TSP	SULFATES	LEAD	NITRATES	SULFUR DIOXIDE	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	OZONE	CARBON MONOXIDE
MERCER	606		<b>X</b> <sub>D2.5</sub>						х		х	
WARREN	611								х			
	612								х			

Northwest Region. Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Elk, Erie, Forest, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Venango, and Warren Counties.

X Parameter monitored at the site

- X<sub>M10</sub> Manual PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Reference Method (FRM)
- X<sub>C10</sub> Continuous PM<sub>10</sub> Sampler, Federal Equivalent Method (FEM)
- X<sub>M2.5</sub> Manual PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler, FRM

X<sub>C2.5B</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (BAM)

X<sub>C2.5T</sub> Continuous PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sampler (TEOM)

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