

Section 6 - Operating Data

The proposed commercial brine disposal well will primarily be utilized to inject produced and flowback water from wells completed in the Marcellus Shale, the Medina Group and other natural gas and oil producing formations. Other oil and gas related wastewaters associated with the production of oil and natural gas or natural gas storage operations, which are approved by EPA for injection under a UIC Class II D injection well, may also be injected. According to Title 40 Chapter I Sec. 144.6 (b)(1), such fluids include those "Which are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage operations, or conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection."

Injection Rate

Injection rate and pressure data collected to date for the nearby Bittinger #4 permitted brine disposal well indicate the well is capable of a sustainable injection rate of approximately 1,000 bbls/day while operating within the maximum injection pressure permit limit. This is consistent with the permitted injection volume of 30,000 bbls/month for this well. (The 2014 Annual Disposal/Injection Well Monitoring Report for Bittinger #4 is attached.) Considering the proximity of the Bittinger #3 well to the Bittinger #4 well (which is located approximately 0.5 mile to the west) and the similarity in the injection interval based on log analysis, it is anticipated that the Bittinger #3 well can also be operated at this injection rate while staying below the proposed MIP. (Please see the attached Billman Geologic Consultants report and included geologic cross-sections.) An injection rate of 30,000 bbls/month is therefore also proposed for the Bittinger #3 well.

Maximum Allowable Surface Injection Pressure (MASIP) and Average Surface Injection Pressure

MASIP calculations based on EPA approved equations are included in the "Geologic Data" section of this application. Based on these calculations, the proposed MASIP is 1732 psi. It is estimated that the average surface injection pressure will be approximately 1000 psi.

Laboratory Analysis of Injection Fluid Samples

Laboratory analytical results for samples representative of the types of brine which will be injected into the proposed injection well are attached. Samples were collected from produced water generated from gas wells in the vicinity of the injection well as well as Marcellus brine from a brine processing facility.

Monitoring of Injection Fluid Samples and Well

The following identifies the UIC Class II underground injection well regulatory requirements and operational procedures which will be conducted to meet the subject requirements:

- 1. Monitoring of the nature of injected fluids at time intervals sufficiently frequent to yield data representative of their characteristics. An initial sample of fluid will be collected and analyzed from initial loads proposed for disposal from new disposal customers. In addition, samples will be collected for analysis from new types of sources (e.g., from different geologic formations, geographic regions, etc.) which would be expected to differ significantly from brine previously characterized for disposal at the facility. Samples will be analyzed for the following parameters at a minimum: specific gravity, total dissolved solids and pH.
- 2. Observation of injection pressure, flow rate, and cumulative volume at least weekly based on the regulatory requirements for produced fluid disposal operations. Injection pressures,

annular pressure, injection rate, and cumulative volume will be continuously monitored and recorded electronically.

- 3. A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to 40 CFR Sec. 146.8 at least once every two years during the life of the injection well. A mechanical integrity test will be performed prior to initiating injection and at least once every two years.
- 4. Maintenance of the results of all monitoring until the next permit review. All monitoring records will be maintained throughout the life of the well.

Reporting requirements consist of the following:

An annual report will be submitted to EPA summarizing the results of the required monitoring, including monthly records of injected fluids, and any major changes in characteristics or sources of injected fluid.

Proposed Annulus Fluid

The proposed annulus fluid for the proposed injection well will consist of fresh water and a water soluble corrosion inhibitor. The corrosion inhibitor will be mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations then loaded into the well annulus prior to conducting injection operations. Product information for the type of corrosion inhibitor which will be utilized is attached. A similar type product may be used instead of the example product referenced.

Facility Layout and Operation

The attached drawing shows the following elements of the existing Bear Lake Properties brine disposal well facility including the recently permitted and constructed brine storage area. The brine storage facility was permitted as a residual waste transfer facility under PADEP residual waste regulations. The following key elements of the brine disposal facility are shown on the attached drawing:

- Existing permitted brine offloading facility located at the corner of State Route 4004 and State Line Road:
- The brine storage facility (located near the Bittinger #2 well) which is connected to the unloading area by underground double-walled piping; and,
- The three existing permitted UIC Class IID wells (Bittinger #1, #2 and #4) plus proposed UIC Class IID wells (Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras Unit #1).

The brine storage facility has a capacity of 3,000 barrels and is anticipated to be operational during the First Quarter of 2015. A drawing showing details of the brine storage facility is attached.

Once the brine storage facility is operational, brine will be pumped from the offload station via the dual (secondary containment) pipeline to the storage tanks at the brine storage facility. The brine will then be pumped from the brine storage facility via high pressure dual (secondary containment) pipelines to the permitted brine disposal wells for injection.

The storage tanks in the brine storage area are located within a diked containment area with the containment area sized to account for the entire volume of the largest container, plus 10%. Automatic shut-off valves are incorporated into the tank design to prevent overflow during filling operations. The facility is surrounded by a fence having locking entrance and exit gates. A security camera is also strategically situated on the site.

OPERATING DATA TYPICAL BRINE LABORATORY ANALYSIS



® Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

BRADFORD DIVISION P.O. BOX 489 BRADFORD (\$14)368-6087

PA 16701

10,01

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WATER • AIR • WASTES • FOOD • PHARMACEUTICALS • NUTRACEUTICALS

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

KCS LENAPE RESOURCES CORP.

9489 ALEXANDER ROAD

ALEXANDER

NY 14005

LAUGER-EPLANICA

Date Reported -- 8/10/01
Date Received 7/13/01
Order No 9931-00207
Invoice No 008010
Cust # K011
Sampled Date .7/09/01

DATE

Sampled Time Sample Id 00:00

TECH

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UNITS

RESULT

Permit No Cust P.O.

TEST

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Subject: LION ENERGY - BRINE SAMPLE SUBMITTED 7/13/01

CONTSK

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POTASSION		1910	NG/C	7/23/01	ER I
RYGNEZIAR	•	3330	HG/L	7/23/01	er i
SUDIOR SUDIOR	•	. 80,700	HG/L	7/23/01	ER I
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	·	1.216		7/23/01	ER J
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		16.82	% BY WGT.	7/20/01	ERI
SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.00	S BY WGT.	7/23/01	ERI
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE		1.07	% BY WGT.	7/23/01	ERI
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POTASSION CHLORIDE		0.109	LBS/GAL.	7/23/01	ER I
- WAGNESSIUM CHLORIDE				1721701	い
TOTAL CHLORIDES		2.62	LBS/GAL	1/23/01	ER I
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ANALYSIS BY NYS LAB: 10121

S. G. = 10.15 # GAL = 1.218

Certificate Of Analysis Continued On Next Page

Client Sample Results

Client: Bear Lake Properties, LLC Project/Site: Injection Well Permitting

TestAmerica Job ID: 180-17986-1

ient Sample ID: CW 011013

Date Collected: 01/10/13 13:30 Date Received: 01/11/13 09:30

Lab Sample ID: 180-17986-1

Matrix: Water

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MOL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Barium	5200000	В	5000	44	ug/L		01/16/13 09:44	01/16/13 18:31	5
Iron	- 1600	JB	5000	230	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Magnesium	2300000	В	10000	200	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Manganese	10000	В	500	3.7	ug/L	• • • • •	01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Sodium	32000000	B	10000	270	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
- General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Đ	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chloride	130000		1000	200	mg/L			01/12/13 11:36	1000
Alkalinity	6.5	В	5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	6.5	В	5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND		5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Hardness	74000		2500	770	mg/L			01/14/13 09:05	500
Total Dissolved Solids	200000		1000	1000	mg/L			01/11/13 14:39	1
Total Organic Carbon - Duplicates	63		40	7.5	mg/L	• • • • •		01/21/13 11:02	40
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	RL	Unit	ם	Prepared	Analyzed	Dli Fac
pH	6.23	HF	0.100	0.100	SU			01/15/13 09:50	1
Specific Conductance	440000		1600	1600	umhos/cm			01/11/13 16:45	1600
Total Solids	220000		10	10	mg/L			01/15/13 15:50	1

RODUCT INFORMATION

509 Versiele Street East Charletton, US 29301-3199 1864)383.1192 Fex 1861 31513639





















Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT

WHAT ARE CORROSION INHIBITOR STICKST?

Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT are water soluble or oil soluble sticks that contain a blend of Imidazolines which have excellent filming characteristics and low emulsion tendencies. This unique blend gives effective corrosion control for most oil field corrosion problems.

CORROSION INHIBITOR STICKTH USES

Corrosion Inhibitor Sticks ™ are primarily used to control common corrosion problems found in producing oil and gas well systems. They can be used to treat hard to reach 'dead' areas such as the annulus space above the packer, rat-hole, or the bottom of water supply tanks.

ADVANTAGES OF CORROSION INHIBITOR STICKST

Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT can provide corrosion control throughout the entire production system. Regular usage will help control corrosion at the point they begin - down-hole.

They are available in two different formulations (oil soluble and water dispersable) or (water soluble and oil dispersable). The oil soluble type is soluble in oil, condensate and wet gas and can slowly disperse inhibitor into the water phase. The water soluble type is soluble in water and can slowly disperse inhibitor into the oil phase.

Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT can effectively inhibit corrosion in wells that produce both water and distillate or oil phases. In this case, it may be desirable to treat the well with both types of sticks by first dropping water soluble sticks and allowing them to fall through the oil into the water, thus dissolving and releasing inhibitor in

TREATMENT DETERMINATION

The number of Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT used is based on the volume of total fluid produced (oil or condensate plus water). Field experience indicates that for most corrosive environments the best results are achieved by using a larger initial slug treatment (80 PPM daily) until the problem is under control then reduce to smaller periodic treatments (40 PPM daily) thereafter: EXAMPLE: An initial slug treatment of 80 PPM would require 0.64 lbs of Corrosion Inhibitor Stick™ per 24 BBL (1000 gallons) of total fluid producéd.

COR. INH. STICK SIZES	STICKS PER BBL
SENIOR (1.5/8 " x 18")	1 per 58 bbls
JUNIOR (1 3/8 " × 16 ")	1 per 40 bbls
and the second s	
	1 per 29 bbls
	1 per 18 bbls
MIDGET (5/8" × 15")	1 per 7 bbls

NOTE: To successfully control any corrosion problem, the inhibitor insertion into the fluid stream must be constant. For intermittent treatment or extreme corrosive environments increase the number of sticks accordingly.

THE MOST COMMON PROCEDURE for producing wells is to shut-in well and drop sticks through lubricator. Leave well shut until sticks fall to the bottom. The time in minutes for the sticks to fall to the bottom (assuming well is shut-in with fluid at surface) is equal to the depth divided by 100. (Time, min. = Depth, ft / 100).

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The sticks are economical when compared to conventional corrosion control operations and therefore save investment in pumps, drums of chemical, and equipment maintenance.

Corrosion Inhibitor SticksT may be used in wells with bottom hole temperatures (BHT) of up to 375 degrees Fahrenheit.

PRODUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

OIL SOLUBLE: The stick will dissolve in 20 to 120 minutes (in moving diesel) depending on temperature, salt content, and relative fluid motion. The stick will melt at 135 degrees Fahrenheit and the specific gravity is 0.95.

WATER SOLUBLE: The stick will dissolve in 12 to 24 hours (in 60,00 PPMmoving brine water) depending on temperature, salt content, and relative fluid motion. The stick will melt at 125 degrees Fahrenheit and the specific gravity is 1.10.

PRODUCT PACKAGING

SENIOR	1.55 lb/stick	24/case 31/pail 48/chest
JUNIOR(1)	1.20 lb/stick	36/case n/a 72/chest
JUNIOR(2)	0.76 lb/stick	36/case 52/pail 72/chest
THRIFTY	0.49 lb/stick	49/case 72/pail 98/chest
MIDGET	0.19 lb/stick	108/case 204/pail 216/chest

WHERE TO BUY

All good oil field supply stores carry Aqua-Clear, Inc. Corrosion Inhibitor Sticks™, but you can also buy direct from us.

Ordering Information

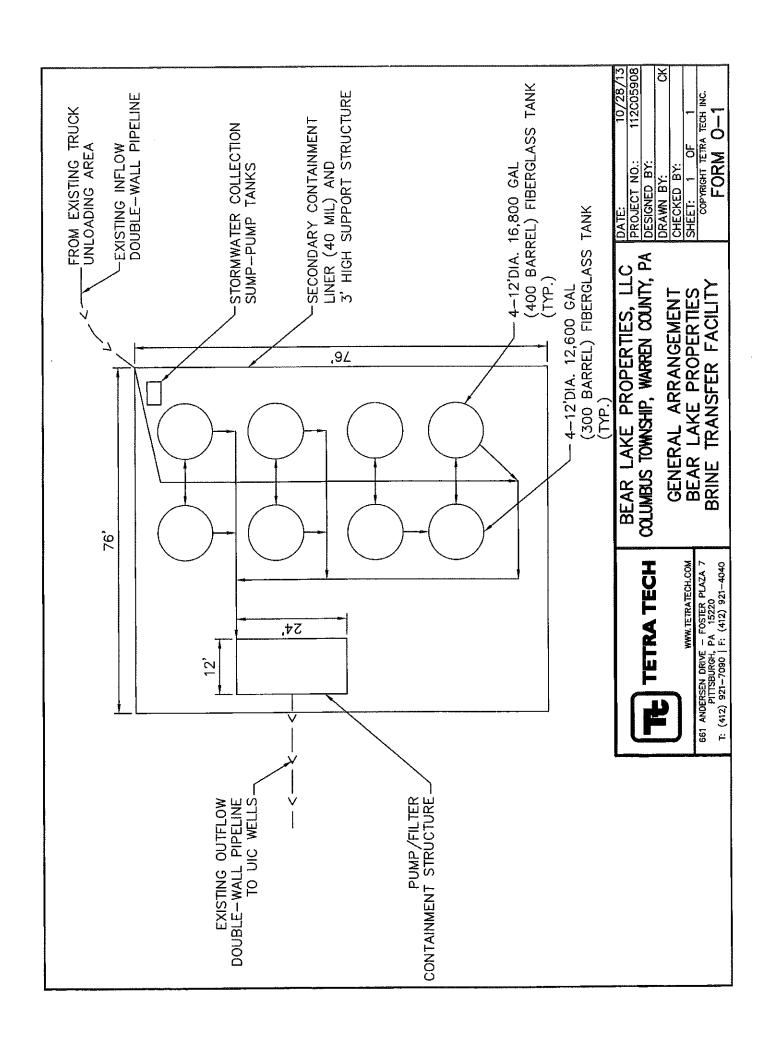
Should you wish to speak to a sales representative about any of our products, you can call or email Tommy Halloran Jr., Ronald "Buster" Wilson, or Russell Cook directly:

Tommy Halloran Jr. W 304-343-4792 H 304-345-5152 C 304-546-8526 tom@aquaclear-inc.com

Ronald "Buster" Wilson W 304-546-8518 H 304-965-7996 Fax 304-965-2713 buster@aquaclear-inc.com

Russell Cook W 304-546-2940 H 304-842-7050 Fax 304-842-7050 russell@aquaclear-inc.com

OPERATING DATA FACILITY LAYOUT SCHEMATIC



OPERATING DATA ANNUAL OPERATING DATA REPORTS

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August-2014	1380	1400		9316			80		100			
September-2014	1540	1620		2434			50		150			
October-2014	1580	1620		12338			60		180			
November-2014	November-2014 1580 1620			9840			80		200			
December-2014	1590	1620		8559			80		200			
				Certification								
I certify under th	he penalty of law that I	have persona	ally exami	ned and am familiar s	witi	h the information sub	mitted in t	this docume	nt and all that the			
information is tr	d that, based on my inc rue, accurate, and com ne and imprisonment.	plete. I am a	ware that	there are significant	pel	nalties for submitting	,ormat false info	rmation, inc	cluding the			
	e (Please type or print)			ignature				D	ate Signed			
John C. Holles Vice				-				1 1	01/29/15			

OPERATING DATA TYPICAL CORROSION INHIBITOR

AQUACLEAR PRODUCT INFORMATION

809 Verghin Street Ban - Charlescon, WW 10000-2009 4864/843-4782 | Fax 4804/1846-2005

















OUCTS SONTACT RESOURCES. AS







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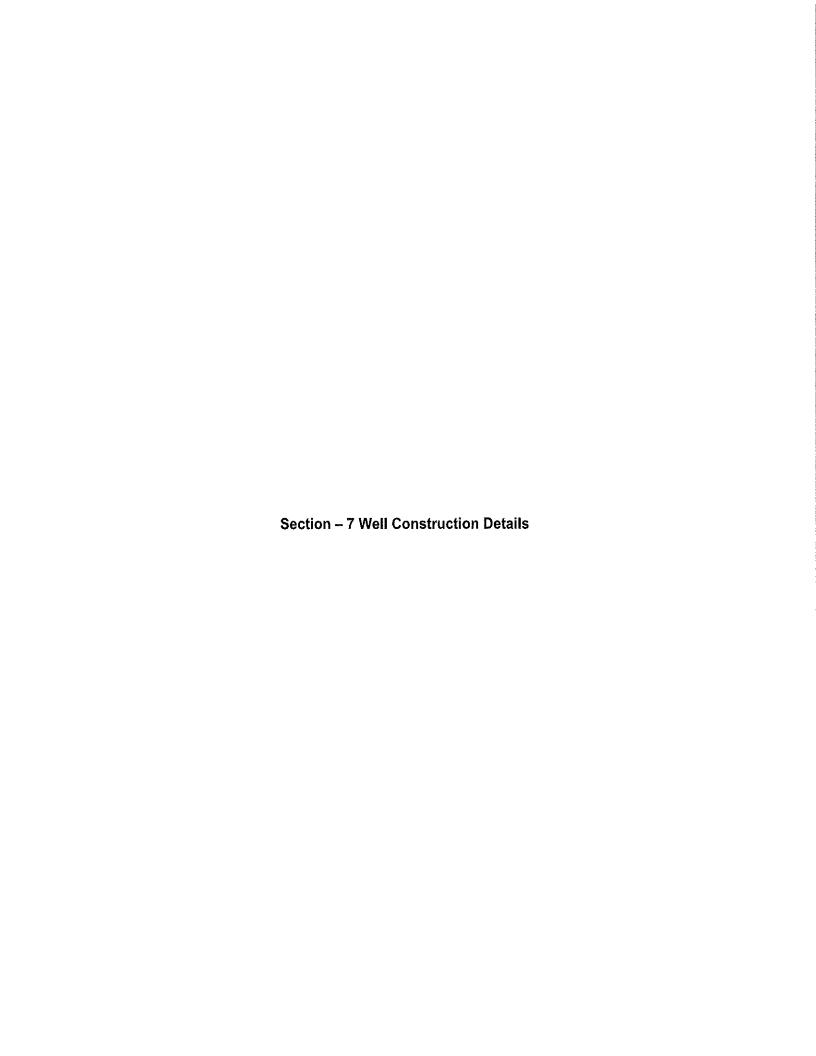
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Ronald "Buster" Wilson W 304-546-8518 H 304-965-7996 Fax 304-965-2713 buster@aquaclear-inc.com

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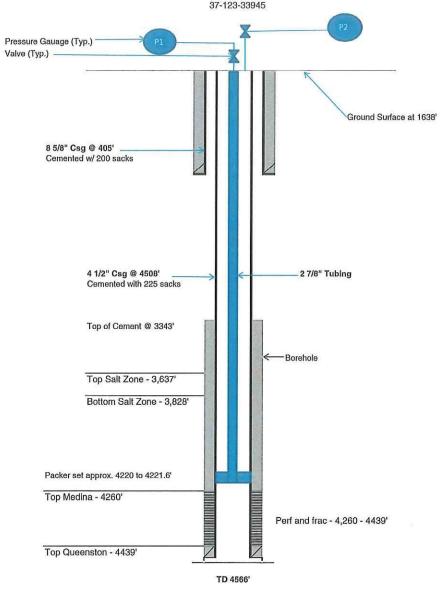


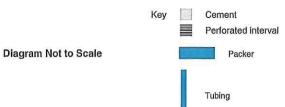
WELL CONSTRUCTION INJECTION WELL CONFIGURATION

Figure 1
Well Construction Diagram

Bear Lake Properties, LLC Bittinger #3

Columbus Township Warren County, PA 37-123-33945





WELL CONSTRUCTION BITTINGER #3 COMPLETION RECORD

7,700 W 79" 30 00"

7,700 W 79" 30 00"

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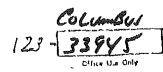
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Douglas K. Wilch, Comparint

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Section 8 - Monitoring Program

The fluid levels in the following nearby depleted Medina natural gas wells will be measured and recorded semi-annually, at a minimum. The monitoring well locations are shown on the attached figure.

Injection Well	Monitoring Well	Approximate Distance and Direction From Injection Well
Bittinger #3	R. Craker #1	1,900 ft to the northeast
	D. Wright #1	2,000 ft to the southeast



Section 9 - Plugging and Abandonment Plan

At the point when the well is no longer used, the well will be abandoned in accordance with EPA and PADEP regulations. With regard to PADEP regulations, this currently includes providing a "Notice of Intent to Plug a Well" no less than 3 days and no more than 30 days prior to abandoning the well, to allow a PADEP inspector to be present during the plugging procedure. The PADEP may waive the notification period. The notification will include well location plat, well logs, production logs, injection logs, construction details, and proposed abandonment method. After receiving approval from PADEP to proceed, the well will be abandoned and the abandonment procedures will be documented on a "Certificate of Plugging".

The USEPA will be notified of the plugging activity at least 45 days prior to commencing activities. This notification will include USEPA Form No. 7514-20. A proposed plugging plan (Form 7514-20) is attached based on the current PADEP and USEPA regulations. However, this may be modified prior to plugging in order to meet the requirements at the time of the plugging activity. A contractor cost estimate to perform plugging and abandonment according to the proposed plugging plan is attached. The contractor estimate is \$30,000 for these services.

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT ESTIMATED COSTS



DLH Energy Service, LLC PO Box 40 5296 Bly Hill Road Ashville, NY 14710 Phone: 716-410-0204 or 716-410-0028 Fax: 716-526-4080

www.dlhenergyservice.com

03/18/2014

Re: Plugging Estimate for the Bittenger 2 API 37-165-3394

Dear Sirs,

The following is an estimate for the plugging to abandon the above mentioned well.

Two twelve hour days rig at \$195/hour, crew truck \$100/day, 4th man 8 hours \$40/hr for laying down casing,

\$5,200.00

Wire line service:

Jet Cut 4 1/2 casing: \$2,500.00

Cement and pumping service:

Up to 500 sacks cement and 10 hours on site pump time. Includes gel spacers between plugs. \$17,045,00

Water Hauling and Disposal: Delivery of fresh water and removal of returned fluid \$855.00

Rentals:

500 bbl. Water tank and open top returns tank 5 day minimum \$500.00

Support equipment:

Dozer at 2 days \$500.00

Trucking: mob and de mob dozer, excavator, water tank, open top, casing and tangibles (20 hrs) \$1,900.00

Remedial Work

Pea stone plug back with delivery, tank cleaning, excavating and cutting off surface casing, welding cap and monument, reclamation and seeding. \$1,500.00

> Total \$30,000.00

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (716) 410-1543.

Best Regards, Bill Weaver

Bill Weaver Operations Supervisor **DLH Energy Service**

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN EPA FORM 7520-14

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EPA Form 7520-14 (Rev. 12-11)

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN

Bittenger #2; Columbus Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania

API/Permit: 37-165-3394

This well will be plugged using the tubing balanced plug placement method. All plugs will be set through tubing at the desired locations with a gel spacer between each plug. The cement to be used will be class A common cement mixed to 15.6 #/gal with a yield of 1.18 cubic feet per sack.

The first and deepest cement plug will be set across the injection interval from a depth of 4,240 to 4,450 feet across the existing injection interval and tagged before proceeding with additional cement plugs.

We will utilize the cement bond log run on 8/13/2013 which located the top of existing cement outside the 4.5" casing at 3,190 feet. At this point, the 4.5" casing will be cut and pulled to allow the next plugs to be placed in the open hole with OD of 7-7/8 inches. The plugs will cover all possible hydrocarbon intervals as well as providing a seal below the surface casing at 428 feet.

- 1. Gelled spacer will be placed between the top of the bottom plug and the bottom of the next plug from 4,240' to 3,190'.
- 2. A 469 sack cement plug will be used to seal from the top of the cut 4.5" casing at approximately 3,190' to above the last possible hydrocarbon zone at 1,700'. Utilizing this plug to cover the Oriskany, Marcellus, Rhinestreet and Dunkirk formations.
- 3. The next 16 sack plug will be placed just below the bottom of the 8-5/8" surface casing covering 50 feet from 430' to 480'

The 8-5/8" casing from surface to 430 feet will be filled with pea gravel and the top of the casing will be cut at approximately 40 inches below the surface and a plate will be welded on the top of the casing.

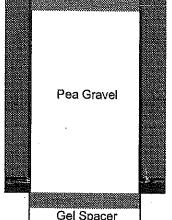
Any remaining equipment will be removed and the location will be restored and seeded.

FINAL PLUGGED WELL DRAWING

API/Permit: 37-123-33944

Bittinger #2

Pipe cut below plow depth with plate on top



Btm of surface csg 428'

Gel Spacer

Gel Spacer

16 sk cement plug 430'-480'

Dunkirk Shale Top 1,700'

469 sk cement plug 1700'-3190'

TOC 3,190'

Medina/Whirlpool Perfs 4,290' to 4,420'

Total casing 4,457 ft

16 sk cement plug 4,240'-4,450'



Section 10 - Necessary Resources

Bear Lake Properties, LLC will provide Certificates of Deposit (CDs) to meet necessary resources requirements for properly plugging and abandoning the well. This documentation will be provided under a separate cover at a later date.



Section 11: Plans for Well Failure

General system design and monitoring: The system being utilized for monitoring and control will function with the use of pressure switch gauges with adjustable limit switches and motor valves. The gauges provide a sensing device for changes in pressure conditions and if the limit switches are reached, they will send responses to activate motor valves controlling injection flow and pressure relief. In addition to the automated portion of the system, the manual operation of all pumping equipment as well as the continual inspections of the pumping and monitoring equipment provide additional safeguards for appropriate actions necessary in case of well failures.

<u>Injection Pressure Limit Monitoring:</u> The primary safeguard to prevent over pressuring is the automated shutdown on the pumping equipment at which the maximum operating pressure can be set as a limit at which all pumping will cease.

Additional switch gauges and motor valves will be utilized at the wellhead to monitor pressure changes that would be caused by tubing or casing failures and the appropriate valve will be activated to cease injection.

<u>Tubing and Packer Monitoring:</u> With the monitoring switch gauge connected to the tubing, we will have a secondary system to prevent over pressuring of the tubing. When the maximum pressure is sensed, a response is sent to a motor valve which will stop additional injection into the tubing.

<u>Tubing to Casing Annulus Monitoring:</u> This annular space will be monitored for both increase and decreases in pressure. The switch gauge will have both a low and high shutdown tab limit. When either of the limits is reached, the sensor will send a response to a motor valve shutting down flow. The lower limit will be used to monitor damage to the casing which allows fluid to leave the casing, and the high limit will sense a pressure increase in the casing that may be caused by communication with the tubing or flow into the annular space. Both of these limits when reached will send responses shutting down the injection cycle.

8-5/8" Annular Monitoring: The PADEP requires the annular valve on the 8-5/8" casing head to remain open to the atmosphere at all times. We will connect this point to a storage tank capable of collecting any fluid and allowing visual monitoring of any fluid flow. The valve and associated gauge will be monitored and inspected visually for changes or fluid flow. If such is detected, the system will be shut down and the remaining equipment associated with the system will be inspected to evaluate the cause of the changes.

Under the monitoring provided above, well failures will either be identified by the automated equipment and switch gauges or by visual inspection during injection operations or at other times. Should any failure occur, all injections will cease and proper notifications to EPA will be made. Analysis of the failure will take place and the

necessary repairs to be implemented along with any equipment replacement will be coordinated with the EPA.

APPENDIX A SURROUNDING LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Landowners Within 1/4 Mile of Bittinger #3 Well

		Pennsylvania Landowners	
	PARCEL#	OWNER	ADDRESS
A	2341	Bear Lake Properties, LLC	3010 Village Run, Suite 103, Wexford, PA 15090
9	2382		
Н	2633		
		Propery East of Bittinger #3	
		Property South of Bittinger #3	

	New	New York Landowners
OWNER	PARCEL #	ADDRESS
Casper Goodrich	448.00-1-25	5 Weeks Rd Panama NY 14767
Jackson Bemis	449.00-1-5	

