TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY LLC ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT PROPOSED 30" CENTRAL PENN LINE NORTH

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET

JACKSON AND SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIPS

COLUMBIA COUNTY

BMP DETAIL SUMMARY

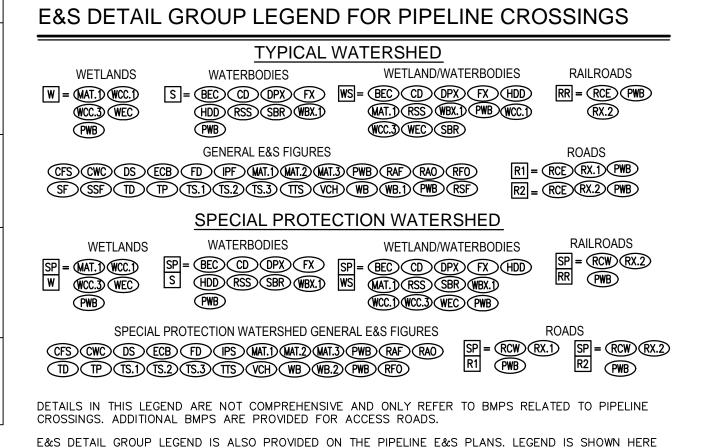
FIGURE	FIGURE TITLE	SHEET NO.
ARF	ABACT ROCK FILTER	
BBD	BROAD-BASED DIP	
BEC	BRIDGE EQUIPMENT CROSSING	1
CD	COFFERDAM STREAM CROSSING	
——————————————————————————————————————	CHECK DAM	
CFS	COMPOST FILTER SOCK	
CS	CLEANOUT STAKE	0
CST	COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP	2
CWC	CLEAN WATER CROSSING (TEMPORARY LEVEL SPREADER)	
DPX	DAM AND PUMP STREAM CROSSING	
DS	HYDROSTATIC DEWATERING STRUCTURE	
ECB	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	3
FD	FILTER SOCK DIVERSION	
FEN	CONSTRUCTION FENCE	
FX	FLUME STREAM CROSSING	
HDD	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL	
	FILTER BAG INLET PROTECTION - TYPE M	4
—— IPS	STONE AND CONCRETE INLET PROTECTION - TYPE M	
MAT.1	TIMBER MATTING CONSTRUCTION	
MAT.2	TIMBER MATTING WITH FILL OVER EXISTING PIPELINES	
MAT.3	TIMBER MATTING AIR BRIDGE	5
PWB	PUMP WATER FILTER BAG	
RAO	RIP RAP APRON AT PIPE OUTLET WITHOUT FLARED END SECTION	
— RAP	RIP RAP GRADATION	
RCE	ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	
RCW	ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WITH WASH RACK	6
RFO	ROCK FILTER OUTLET	
RSF	REINFORCED SILT FENCE (30" HIGH)	
RSS	RIP RAP STREAM BANK STABILIZATION	
RX.1	TRENCHED ROAD CROSSING	
RX.2	BORED ROAD/RAILROAD CROSSING	7
SBR	STREAM BANK STABILIZATION WITH REINFORCEMENT BLANKET	
SF	STANDARD SILT FENCE (18" HIGH)	
SSF	SUPER SILT FENCE (33" HIGH)	
TD	TRENCH DEWATERING	8
TP	TRENCH PLUG INSTALLATION	
TRV	TRASH RACK AND ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE	
TS.1	TOPSOIL SEGREGATION (1)	
TS.2	TOPSOIL SEGREGATION (2)	
TS.3	TOPSOIL SEGREGATION (3)	9
TTS	SIDE SLOPE (TWO—TONE) CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE	
VCH	VEGETATED CHANNEL	
WB	WATERBAR	
WB.1	WATERBAR LAYOUT DETAIL	10
WB.1	COMPOST FILTER SOCK AND SUMP (PADEP APPROVED ALTERNATE DETAIL) AT WATERBAR DISCHARGE	10
WBX.1	BORED WATERBODY CROSSING	
WCC.1	WETLAND INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	
WCC.3	"INUNDATED WETLAND" INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	
	WATER DEFLECTOR	11
WEC	WETLAND EQUIPMENT CROSSING	
L WEC	TILILAIND EQUIT MILIT ONOUSHING	

DETAILS THAT ARE NOT UTILIZED IN THIS COUNTY ARE STRUCK THROUGH IN THIS TABLE. THESE DETAILS ARE ALSO CROSSED OUT WITH A NOTE THAT READS "DETAILS ARE

NOT UTILIZED IN THIS COUNTY" ON THEIR RESPECTIVE SHEET.

DRAWING INDEX

DRAWING NUMBER	SHEET NO.	DRAWING NAME
24-1601-70-28-A/1683_3-BMP-CV	1-1	COVER SHEET
ASR-BMP-GN	1-3	GENERAL NOTES
ASR-BMP	1-11	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
24-1600-70-28-A/1683_3-BMP-CO-TB	1-2	QUANTITY, CROSSING, AND ACIDIC SOIL TABLES



FOR COORDINATION PURPOSES.

MINION				REVISIONS				TR/	ANSCONTIN	NENTAL GA	AS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC		
ONWEAL	NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. N	о. СНК	APP.		Α	TLANTIC S	SUNRISE PROJECT		
REGISTERED	0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL	W05723	35 JLK	SMK	1	PROPOSE	D 30" CF	NTRAL PENN LINE NORTH		
PROFESSIONAL ATT	1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W05723	35 JLK	SMK	•			PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN	SFT	
NE MARIE KING	2	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W05723	85 JLK	AJB				JNTY, PENNSYLVANIA	JLI	Williams
ENGINEER	3	April 2017	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #2	W05723	95 JLK	AJB		OOL	JINIDIN OO	Sitti, i Ennotevana		
PE082757								1		001	ED OLIEET		GAS PIPELINE
SYLVE										COV	ER SHEET		
Carrier .						+		DRAWN BY: ELZ	DATE:	05/15/15	ISSUED FOR BID:	SCALE:	
NG REG NO. PE 082757								CHECKED BY: JLK	DATE:	07/02/15	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION:	REVISION:	3
ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENTAL LAND SURVEYING								APPROVED BY: SMK	DATE:	07/08/15	DRAWING NUMBER: 24-1601-70-28-A/1683	.3—BMP-	-CV SHEET 1
LAND SURVEYING	<u> </u>		ļ				-		 		NUMBER: 21 1001 70 20 79 1000	_0	

- 2. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING. THE OWNER AND OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE LANDOWNER, APPROPRIATE MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS, THE E&S PLAN PREPARER, THE PCSM PLAN PREPARER, THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT OF CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PCSM PLAN, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO AN ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 3. AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, OR EXPANDING INTO AN AREA PREVIOUSLY UNMARKED, THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INC. SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT 1-800-242-1776 FOR THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 4. ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEQUENCE PROVIDED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. DEVIATION FROM THAT SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR BY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- 5. AREAS TO BE FILLED ARE TO BE CLEARED, GRUBBED, AND STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL TO REMOVE TREES, VEGETATION, ROOTS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL.
- 6. CLEARING, GRUBBING, AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL BE LIMITED TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. GENERAL SITE CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING MAY NOT COMMENCE IN ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF THE PROJECT UNTIL THE E&S BMPS SPECIFIED BY THE BMP SEQUENCE FOR THAT STAGE OR PHASE HAVE BEEN INSTALLED AND ARE FUNCTIONING AS DESCRIBED IN THIS E&S PLAN.
- 7. AT NO TIME SHALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES BE ALLOWED TO ENTER AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BOUNDARIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS. THESE AREAS MUST BE CLEARLY MARKED AND FENCED OFF BEFORE CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS BEGIN.
- 8. TOPSOIL REQUIRED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION SHALL BE STOCKPILED AT THE LOCATION(S) SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS(S) IN THE AMOUNT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE FINISH GRADING OF ALL EXPOSED AREAS THAT ARE TO BE STABILIZED BY VEGETATION. EACH STOCKPILE SHALL BE PROTECTED IN THE MANNER SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. STOCKPILE HEIGHTS SHALL NOT EXCEED 35 FEET. STOCKPILE SLOPES SHALL BE 2H: 1V OR FLATTER.
- 9. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, THE OPERATOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSIÓN AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION AND NOTIFY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR THE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT.
- 10. ALL BUILDING MATERIALS AND WASTES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS AT 25 PA. CODE 260.1 ET SEQ., 271.1, AND 287.1 ET. SEQ. NO BUILDING MATERIALS OR WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURNED, BURIED, DUMPED, OR DISCHARGED AT THE SITE.
- 11. ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ANY MATERIAL BROUGHT ON SITE IS CLEAN FILL. FORM FP-001 MUST BE RETAINED BY THE PROPERTY OWNER FOR ANY FILL MATERIAL AFFECTED BY A SPILL OR RELEASE OF A REGULATED SUBSTANCE BUT QUALIFYING AS CLEAN FILL DUE TO ANALYTICAL TESTING.
- 13. ALL PUMPING OF WATER FROM ANY WORK AREA SHALL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PROCEDURE DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN, OVER UNDISTURBED VEGETATED AREAS.
- 14. VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT MAY NEITHER ENTER DIRECTLY NOR EXIT DIRECTLY FROM LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE TO PUBLIC ROADS WITHOUT PASSING OVER A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.
- 15. UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS SHALL BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE SHALL INCLUDE INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. ALL PREVENTATIVE AND REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK. INCLUDING CLEAN OUT. REPAIR. REPLACEMENT. REGRADING. RESEEDING, REMULCHING AND RENETTING MUST BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY. IF THE E&S BMPS FAIL TO PERFORM AS EXPECTED, REPLACEMENT BMPS, OR MODIFICATIONS OF THOSE INSTALLED WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 16. A LOG SHOWING DATES THAT E&S BMPS WERE INSPECTED AS WELL AS ANY DEFICIENCIES FOUND AND THE DATE THEY WERE CORRECTED SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE AND BE MADE AVAILABLE TO REGULATORY AGENCY OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION.
- 17. SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO ANY PUBLIC ROADWAY OR SIDEWALK SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SEDIMENT BE WASHED, SHOVELED, OR SWEPT INTO ANY ROADSIDE DITCH, STORM SEWER, OR SURFACE WATER.
- 18. ALL SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS.
- 19. AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE TOPSOILED SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES -- 6 TO 12 INCHES ON COMPACTED SOILS --PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. AREAS TO BE VEGETATED SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IN PLACE PRIOR TO SEEDING AND MULCHING. FILL OUTSLOPES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES OF TOPSOIL.
- 20. ALL FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED AS REQUIRED TO REDUCE EROSION. SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE OR OTHER RELATED PROBLEMS, FILL INTENDED TO SUPPORT BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES AND CONDUITS, ETC. SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL REQUIREMENTS OR CODES.
- 21. ALL EARTHEN FILLS SHALL BE PLACED IN COMPACTED LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 9 INCHES IN THICKNESS.
- 22. FILL MATERIALS SHALL BE FREE OF FROZEN PARTICLES, BRUSH, ROOTS, SOD, OR OTHER FOREIGN OR OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH OR PREVENT CONSTRUCTION OF SATISFACTORY FILLS.
- 23. FROZEN MATERIALS OR SOFT, MUCKY, OR HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE INCORPORATED INTO FILLS.
- 24. FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SATURATED OR FROZEN SURFACES.

PENALTIES FOR EACH VIOLATION.

- 25. SEEPS OR SPRINGS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION FOR SUBSURFACE DRAIN OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD.
- 26. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE IN ANY AREA OR SUBAREA OF THE PROJECT, THE OPERATOR SHALL STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. DURING NON-GERMINATING MONTHS, MULCH OR PROTECTIVE BLANKETING SHALL BE APPLIED AS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. AREAS NOT AT FINISHED GRADE. WHICH WILL BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR. MAY BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. THOSE AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR SHALL BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS.
- 27. PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS DEFINED AS A MINIMUM UNIFORM, PERENNIAL 70% VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED EROSION. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING FAILURE DUE TO SLUMPING, SLIDING, OR OTHER MOVEMENTS.
- 28. E&S BMPS SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AS SUCH UNTIL ALL AREAS TRIBUTARY TO THEM ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED OR UNTIL THEY ARE REPLACED BY ANOTHER BMP APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT.
- 29. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO REMOVAL/CONVERSION OF THE E&S BMPS.
- 30. AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED, TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS MUST BE REMOVED OR CONVERTED TO PERMANENT POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BMPS. AREAS DISTURBED DURING REMOVAL OR CONVERSION OF THE BMPS SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. IN ORDER TO ENSURE RAPID REVEGETATION OF DISTURBED AREAS, SUCH REMOVAL/CONVERSIONS ARE TO BE DONE ONLY DURING THE
- 31. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO SCHEDULE A FINAL INSPECTION.
- 32. FAILURE TO CORRECTLY INSTALL E&S BMPS, FAILURE TO PREVENT SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, OR FAILURE TO TAKE IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION TO RESOLVE FAILURE OF E&S BMPS MAY RESULT IN ADMINISTRATIVE, CIVIL, AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES BEING INSTITUTED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 602 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CLEAN STREAMS LAW. THE CLEAN STREAMS LAW PROVIDES FOR UP TO \$10,000 PER DAY IN CIVIL PENALTIES, UP TO \$10,000 IN SUMMARY CRIMINAL PENALTIES, AND UP TO \$25,000 IN MISDEMEANOR CRIMINAL
- 33. CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE HANDLED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. IN NO CASE SHALL IT BE ALLOWED TO ENTER ANY SURFACE WATERS OR GROUNDWATER SYSTEMS.
- 34. ALL SWALES SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO FILL, ROCKS, LEAVES, WOODY DEBRIS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT, EXCESS VEGETATION, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL/WASTES.
- 35. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES CUTTING THROUGH ANY ACTIVE SWALE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BACKFILLED AND THE SWALE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION AND PROTECTIVE LINING. ANY BASE FLOW WITHIN THE SWALE SHALL BE CONVEYED PAST THE WORK AREA IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN UNTIL SUCH RESTORATION IS COMPLETE.
- 36. SWALES HAVING RIPRAP, RENO MATTRESS, OR GABION LININGS MUST BE SUFFICIENTLY OVER-EXCAVATED SO THAT THE DESIGN DIMENSIONS WILL BE PROVIDED AFTER PLACEMENT OF THE PROTECTIVE LINING.
- 37. SEDIMENT BASINS AND/OR TRAPS SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF ALL CONSTRUCTION WASTE, WASH WATER, AND OTHER DEBRIS HAVING POTENTIAL TO CLOG THE BASIN/TRAP OUTLET STRUCTURES AND/OR POLLUTE THE SURFACE WATERS.
- 38. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM UNAUTHORIZED ACTS BY THIRD PARTIES.
- 39. ANY DAMAGE THAT OCCURS IN WHOLE OR IN PART AS A RESULT OF BASIN OR TRAP DISCHARGE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPAIRED BY THE PERMITTEE IN A PERMANENT MANNER SATISFACTORY TO THE MUNICIPALITY, LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT, AND THE OWNER OF THE DAMAGED
- 40. UPON REQUEST, THE APPLICANT OR HIS CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AS-BUILT (RECORD DRAWING) FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP TO THE MUNICIPAL INSPECTOR, LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT.
- 41. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL SLOPES 3H:1V OR STEEPER, WITHIN 100' OF A STREAM OR WETLAND IN A HIGH QUALITY OR EXCEPTIONAL VALUE WATERSHED, WITHIN 50' OF A STREAM OR WETLAND IN A NON-HIGH QUALITY OR EXCEPTIONAL VALUE WATERSHED, AND ON ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS SPECIFIED ON THE PLAN MAPS AND/OR DETAIL SHEETS.
- 42. FILL MATERIAL FOR EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE FREE OF ROOTS, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION, ORGANIC MATERIAL, LARGE STONES, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS. THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE COMPACTED IN MAXIMUM 9 INCH LAYERED LIFTS AT 95% DENSITY.
- 43. IN AREAS OF TOPSOIL SEGREGATION THE TOPSOIL SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES -- 6 TO 12 INCHES ON COMPACTED SOILS -- PRIOR TO THE RESTORATION OF THE TOPSOIL. AREAS TO BE REVEGETATED SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IN PLACE PRIOR TO SEEDING AND MULCHING. FILLOUT SLOPES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES OF TOPSOIL.

GENERAL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1. INSPECT SNOW PLACEMENT AREAS DURING THE THAW CYCLE. INSTALL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS DURING QUICK THAWS AND WHEN SNOW MELT RUNOFF IS CONCENTRATED OR IS CAUSING EROSION.
- 2. DISCHARGING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER WHICH WILL CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO THE DEGRADATION OF A BENEFICIAL USE OF A WATER OF THE STATE FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, A DEWATERING SITE, OR SEDIMENT BASIN/TRAP INTO ANY WATER BODY OR STORM DRAIN WITHOUT FILTRATION OR EQUIVALENT TREATMENT IS
- 3. DISCHARGES ORIGINATING FROM OFF-SITE SOURCES, WHICH FLOW THROUGH OR ACROSS THE AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION, SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREA WHENEVER POSSIBLE.
- 4. STAGING AREAS, ASSEMBLY AREAS, TEMPORARY EQUIPMENT AND NON-HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED OUTSIDE THE 100-YR FLOOD ZONE. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 100 FEET BACK FROM SURFACE WATER BODIES.
- 5. ALL EXCAVATED MATERIALS THAT WILL NOT BE USED ON THE SITE CANNOT BE STORED IN THE FLOODPLAIN AND MUST BE HAULED TO A DISPOSAL SITE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE FLOODPLAIN.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY FROM THE EDGE OF A WETLAND.
- 7. MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO PREVENT TRENCHES FROM DRAINING A WETLAND OR CHANGING ITS HYDROLOGY.
- 8. IT IS DESIRED THAT THE AMOUNT AND DURATION OF OPEN TRENCH BE MINIMIZED DURING THE PROJECT.
- 9. IF TOPSOIL PILES ARE EXPOSED FOR GREATER THAN 4 DAYS, THEY SHALL BE SEEDED WITH AN ANNUAL SEED MIXTURE AND MULCHED WITH STRAW.
- 10. NO EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSTALLED IN AGRICULTURAL AREAS EXCEPT AS REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT THE TEMPORARY FLUME CROSSINGS.
- 11. HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- 12. LOCATION AND SPACING OF THE WATERBARS ARE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. WATERBARS MAY BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD DUE TO ACTUAL SITE CONDITIONS. HOWEVER INSTALLATION AND SPACING MUST CONFORM TO THE DETAILS PROVIDED AND APPROVAL MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR PA DEP.
- 13. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM PUBLIC ROADS OR BMPS WILL BE REUSED ON SITE OR DISPOSED OF AT A SITE WITH AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR DEP.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL FAMILIARIZE HIMSELF WITH THE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRUCTION PLAN
- 15. CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE THE TOTAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE.
- 16. UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE A CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED 4 DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED. MULCHED. OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&S PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES. FOR AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY TO BE CONSIDERED TEMPORARILY STABILIZED. THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: A MINIMUM UNIFORM COVERAGE OF MULCH AND SEED, WITH A DENSITY CAPABLE OF RESISTING ACCELERATED E&S, OR AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH TEMPORARILY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED E&S. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR ON ACTIVE VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS WITHIN THE ROW. THE ON-SITE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR WILL LOG ACTIVITY WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND NOTIFY THE CONTRACTOR OF AREAS REQUIRING TEMPORARY STABILIZATION.
- 17. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, THE OPERATOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BMPS TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION AND NOTIFY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR PADEP.
- 18. MAINTAIN TEMPORARY SOIL STOCKPILES.
- 19. NO EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WITHIN 50 FEET OF STREAM SWALES WILL BE PERFORMED UNTIL MATERIALS NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE CROSSING ARE AT THE NEAREST AVAILABLE
- 20. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS MAINTENANCE OF ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WITHIN DISTURBED AREAS.
- 21. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE LONGER THAN 4 DAYS IN ANY AREA OR SUBAREA OF THE PROJECT, THE OPERATOR SHALL STABILIZE ALL SUCH INACTIVE
- 22. DURING NON-GERMINATING MONTHS, MULCH OR PROTECTIVE BLANKETING SHALL BE APPLIED AS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. AREAS NOT AT FINISHED GRADE, WHICH WILL BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR, MAY BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. THOSE AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR SHALL BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS.
- 23. FOLLOW THE CONSTRUCTION/EROSION CONTROL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AS OUTLINED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 24. THE STAGING OF EARTHMOVING ACTIVITIES FOR THIS PROJECT IS A GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK REQUIRED. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROJECT OWNER STANDARDS, THE PADEP REGULATIONS, AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 25. SCHEDULE WORK TO BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES THE LENGTH OF TIME THAT BARE SOIL WILL BE EXPOSED TO THE ELEMENTS.
- 26. ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SEQUENCE. EACH STAGE SHALL BE COMPLETED AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED BEFORE ANY FOLLOWING STAGE IS INITIATED. CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL BE LIMITED ONLY TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE. IMPLEMENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SPECIFIED; HOWEVER, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSERT ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION PHASES IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE HIS WORK WHILE MAINTAINING THE SAME LEVEL OF PROTECTION.ANY DEVIATION FROM THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT. CONSTRUCTION MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEQUENCE OF BMP INSTALLATION INDICATED ON SITE SPECIFIC DETAIL SHEETS. THIS SEQUENCE IS DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. THE CONTRACTOR MAY DEVIATE SLIGHTLY FROM THE STAGING OF PERMANENT SITE IMPROVEMENTS, BUT NO DEVIATION FROM THE RELATIVE ORDER OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR PADEP.
- 29. THE FLOODWAY/FLOODPLAIN LINE SHOWN ON THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODWAY MAPPING, FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAPPING, AND THE PLANS WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODPLAIN WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FROM AVAILABLE FEMA FLOODPLAIN WAS DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE FROM
- 30. ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR DEP AND BE FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND TO DEVELOP A PLAN THAT MEETS THE CONDITIONS OF CHAPTER 102, NPDES PERMIT CONDITIONS, AND/OR OTHER STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- 31. ALL COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHOWN AT ROAD CROSSINGS IS INTENDED FOR USE DURING RESTORATION ACTIVITIES.

EXISTING CONDITIONS NOTES

- 1. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS BASED UPON THE FOLLOWING:
- A. PHOTOGRAMMETRIC SURVEY PROVIDED BY AEROMETRIC/QUANTUM AERIAL, BASED UPON DIGITAL AERIAL IMAGERY ACQUIRED MARCH THROUGH NOVEMBER OF 2012 AND APRIL OF 2013, AND COMPILED TO NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS FOR SCALE 1"=100' AND 2' CONTOUR INTERVAL
- B. SUPPLEMENTAL FIELD SURVEY DATA PROVIDED BY WILLIAMS SURVEY FOR AREAS WITHIN THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROADS CORRIDORS AND PROPOSED FACILITIES. 2. NORTH ARROW AND COORDINATES ARE BASED UPON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR WITH NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983, ZONE 18, U.S. FOOT, CENTRAL MERIDIAN 75° WEST (UTM83-18F).
- ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88).

PROXIMITY TO THE ACCESS ROADS CORRIDORS, PROPOSED FACILITIES, AND PIPELINES.

- 4. WETLAND AND WATERBODY DELINEATIONS ARE BASED ON ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEY DATA PROVIDED BY E&E AND ARE LIMITED TO THE AREAS WITHIN OR IN CLOSE
- 5. APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINES ARE BASED UPON DIGITAL MAPPING PROVIDED BY WILLIAMS SURVEY AND ARE DEPICTED FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY.
- 6. LAND OWNER IDENTIFICATION IS BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY WILLIAMS SURVEY AND IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY.

ANY CONDITIONS THAT VARY FROM WHAT IS DEPICTED ON THIS PLAN. THERMAL IMPACT ANALYSIS

IN ORDER TO AVOID THERMAL IMPACTS, THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE WITHIN THE PIPELINE RIGHT-OF-WAY HAS BEEN MINIMIZED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE. ADDITIONALLY, ALL DISTURBED AREA WILL BE RESTORED TO AN EXISTING, VEGETATIVE CONDITION FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.

7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY WILLIAMS AND ITS ENGINEER OF

- THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS RELATED TO THERMAL IMPACTS BY ACCESS ROADS ARE INCLUDED IN THE E&SC ACCESS ROAD PLANS:
- THE MINIMUM PERMANENT CHANGES IN LAND COVER, NECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT THE REQUIRED FACILITIES ARE BEING PROPOSED.
- RUNOFF FROM THE PERMANENT IMPERVIOUS AREA WILL BE COLLECTED AS PART OF THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT / SITE RESTORATION (PCSM/SR) PLAN AND ROUTED TO PCSM/SR BMPs. IN ADDITION, IMPERVIOUS AREAS WILL BE GRAVEL INSTEAD OF ASPHALT WHEREVER PRACTICAL.
- THE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION, ESPECIALLY TREE COVER, WILL BE LIMITED TO ONLY THAT NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION. THE IMPACTS TO EXISTING RIPARIAN CORRIDORS WILL BE LIMITED TO ONLY THAT NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION
- THE AMOUNT OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES WILL BE LIMITED TO ONLY THAT NECESSARY TO SUPPORT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PIPELINE AND/OR OPERATION OF THE
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE RESTORED TO AN EXISTING, VEGETATIVE CONDITION FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 102 AND ESCGP-2 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS FOR LINEAR OIL AND GAS PROJECTS

NOTICES TO CONTRACTOR

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSURE THAT THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN IS PROPERLY AND COMPLETELY IMPLEMENTED.
- 3. WATERBARS IN AGRICULTURAL/FARM FIELDS ARE TEMPORARY AND SHALL BE REMOVED AND RESTABILIZED UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNIFORM 70 PERCENT PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER WITHIN THE UPSLOPE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA PER PA CHAPTER 102.22.
- 4. ALL WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION.

RECEIVING WATERCOURSE - CHAPTER 93 DESIGNATION

- 5. FURNISH & INSTALL SWALES WHENEVER CONCENTRATED FLOWS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO RUN ONTO OR THROUGH THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. DIRECT THE SWALE DISCHARGE TO A RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER AND VEGETATED AREA.
- 6. THE CONTRACTORS SHALL BE ADDED AS CO-PERMITEES TO THE ESCGP-2 PERMIT.

REFER TO THE PIPELINE AND ACCESS ROAD PLANS FOR THE LOCATION, NAME AND CHAPTER 93 WATERCOURSE DESIGNATIONS. A SUMMARY TABLE OF THE WATERBODIES CROSSED BY THE PIPELINE AND CHAPTER 93 DESIGNATIONS ARE PROVIDED IN THE COUNTY-SPECIFIC TABLES INCLUDED AT THE END OF THIS PLAN SET.

RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL METHODS

THE RESTORATION OF THE PIPELINE RIGHT-OF-WAY WILL REQUIRE THE REMOVAL OF THE TEMPORARY MATERIALS. THE TEMPORARY MATERIALS INCLUDE, BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO, STONE SURFACES AND ASSOCIATED GEOTEXTILES. THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO DISPOSE OF THE MATERIALS AT SUITABLE DISPOSALS OR RECYCLING SITES AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO INVENTORY AND MANAGE THEIR CONSTRUCTION SITE MATERIALS. THE GOAL IS TO BE AWARE OF THE MATERIALS ON-SITE, ENSURE THEY ARE PROPERLY MAINTAINED, USED, AND DISPOSED OF, AND TO MAKE SURE THE MATERIALS ARE NOT EXPOSED TO STORMWATER.

MATERIALS MANAGEMENT PLAN CAN BE MODIFIED TO ADDRESS ADDITIONAL MATERIALS USED ON-SITE): ACIDS

THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES ARE EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT ON-SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION (NOTE: THIS LIST IS NOT AN ALL-INCLUSIVE LIST AND THE

DETERGENTS

MATERIALS COVERED

- FERTILIZERS (NITROGEN/PHOSPHORUS)
- HYDROSEEDING MIXTURES PETROLEUM BASED PRODUCTS
- SANITARY WASTES SOIL STABILIZATION ADDITIVES
- SOLDER SOLVENTS
- OTHER (LIST HERE): THESE MATERIALS MUST BE STORED AS APPROPRIATE AND SHALL NOT CONTACT STORM OR NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A

THE FOLLOWING ARE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION:

- STORE MATERIALS IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER.
- MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED. INSPECTIONS WILL BE PERFORMED TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS.
- MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS TO PRECIPITATION.
- MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR OFF-SITE TRACKING OF LOOSE CONSTRUCTION AND LANDSCAPE MATERIALS.

2. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS

THESE PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. MSDSS FOR EACH SUBSTANCE WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES THAT IS USED ON THE JOB SITE(S) WILL BE OBTAINED AND USED FOR THE PROPER MANAGEMENT OF POTENTIAL WASTES THAT MAY RESULT FROM THESE PRODUCTS. A MSDS WILL BE POSTED IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA WHERE SUCH PRODUCT IS STORED AND/OR USED AND ANOTHER COPY OF EACH MSDS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN A FILE AT THE JOB SITE CONSTRUCTION TRAILER OFFICE. EACH EMPLOYEE WHO MUST HANDLE A SUBSTANCE WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES WILL BE INSTRUCTED ON THE USE OF MSDS AND THE SPECIFIC INFORMATION IN THE APPLICABLE MSDS FOR THE PRODUCT HE/SHE IS

- PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS WITH THE ORIGINAL LABELS IN LEGIBLE CONDITION.
- IF SURPLUS PRODUCT MUST BE DISPOSED OF, MANUFACTURER'S OR LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR PROPER DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- 3. HAZARDOUS WASTES
- ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL, STATE, AND/OR FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND BY

CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL BE ALLOWED TO WASH OUT OR DISCHARGE SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH WATER ON THE SITE, BUT ONLY IN EITHER (1) SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED DIKED AREAS WHICH HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO PREVENT CONTACT BETWEEN THE CONCRETE AND/OR WASHOUT AND SOIL AND STORMWATER HAVING THE POTENTIAL TO BE DISCHARGED FROM THE SITE OR (2) IN LOCATIONS WHERE WASTE CONCRETE CAN BE POURED INTO FORMS TO

THE HARDENED RESIDUE FROM THE CONCRETE WASHOUT DIKED AREAS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE SAME MANNER AS OTHER NON-HAZARDOUS

THE LOCATION OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA(S) MUST BE IDENTIFIED, BY THE CONTRACTOR/JOB SITE SUPERINTENDENT, ON THE JOB SITE COPY OF THE

5. SANITARY WASTES

ALL SANITARY WASTE UNITS WILL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE THE LIKELIHOOD OF THE UNIT CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGES IS NEGLIGIBLE. ADDITIONAL BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED, SUCH AS CONTAINMENT TRAYS (PROVIDED BY THE RENTAL COMPANY) OR SPECIAL CONTAINMENT CREATED WITH 2"X4" LUMBER, IMPERVIOUS PLASTIC, AND GRAVEL. THE LOCATION OF THE SANITARY WASTE UNITS MUST BE IDENTIFIED ON THE JOB SITE

ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN A SECURELY LIDDED METAL DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL AND

7. CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

ON-SITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS ON SITE WILL HAVE A DIKE OR BERM CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTED AROUND IT TO CONTAIN SPILLS WHICH MAY OCCUR (CONTAINMENT VOLUME TO BE 110% OF VOLUME STORED). THE DIKE OR BERMED AREA SHALL BE LINED WITH AN IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL SUCH AS A HEAVY DUTY PLASTIC SHEET. DRIP PANS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL DISPENSERS. ANY

FERTILIZERS WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONCE APPLIED, FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER. STORAGE WILL BE UNDER COVER. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR SPILLS. THE BIN SHALL BE LABELED APPROPRIATELY.

CONTAIN STOCKPILED MATERIALS, SUCH AS BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MULCHES, TOP SOIL, ROCKS AND GRAVEL, AND DECOMPOSED GRANITE, WHEN THEY ARE NOT ACTIVELY BEING USED.

MATERIAL WITHIN TWO DAYS PRIOR TO A FORECASTED RAIN EVENT OR DURING PERIODS OF PRECIPITATION.

10. PAINTS, PAINT SOLVENTS AND CLEANING SOLVENTS CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT IN USE. EXCESS PAINT AND SOLVENTS WILL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO

11. CONTAMINATED SOILS

12. OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF PADEP FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND TO DEVELOP A PLAN THAT MEETS THE CONDITIONS OF

APPROVED BY: SMK | DATE:

CHAPTER 102, NPDES PERMIT CONDITIONS, AND/OR OTHER STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.



DATE

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REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION

PENNSYLVANIA BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET GENERAL NOTES ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID: SCALE CHECKED BY: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION:

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3

SHEET 1

OF **3**

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT

PREVENT SPILL OR LEAKAGE. DRIP PANS SHALL BE PROVIDED UNDER DISPENSERS. SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

• COVER AND BERM LOOSE STOCKPILED CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT ACTIVELY BEING USED (I.E. SOIL, SPOILS, AGGREGATE, ETC.).

USING, PARTICULARLY REGARDING SPILL CONTROL TECHNIQUES.

ORIGINAL LABELS AND MSDSS WILL BE PRODUCED AND USED FOR EACH MATERIAL.

4. CONCRETE AND OTHER WASH WATERS

PREVENT DISPOSAL OF RINSE, WASH WATERS, OR MATERIALS ON IMPERVIOUS OR PERVIOUS SURFACES, INTO STREAMS, WETLANDS OR OTHER WATER BODIES.

MAKE RIPRAP OR OTHER USEFUL CONCRETE PRODUCTS.

CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS OR MAY BE BROKEN UP AND USED ON THE SITE AS DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE CONTRACTOR AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SEEING THAT THESE PROCEDURES ARE FOLLOWED. ALL CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS WILL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE THE LIKELIHOOD OF THE AREA CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGE IS

COPY OF THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S), IN THIS ESCP, BY THE CONTRACTOR/JOB SITE SUPERINTENDENT. 6. SOLID AND CONSTRUCTION WASTES

STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. THE DUMPSTER/CONTAINER LIDS SHALL BE CLOSED AT THE END OF EVERY BUSINESS DAY AND DURING RAIN EVENTS. APPROPRIATE MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO PRÉVENT DISCHARGES FROM WASTE DISPOSAL CONTAINERS TO THE RECEIVING WATER.

A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE PROVIDED TO HELP REDUCE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS. THE PAVED ROADS ADJACENT TO THE SITE ENTRANCE WILL BE INSPECTED DAILY AND SWEPT AS NECESSARY TO REMOVE ANY EXCESS MUD, DIRT, OR ROCK TRACKED FROM THE SITE. DUMP TRUCKS HAULING MATERIAL FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE WILL BE COVERED WITH A TARPAULIN AS NECESSARY.

ASPHALT SUBSTANCES USED ON THE SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

9. FERTILIZERS AND LANDSCAPE MATERIALS

APPLY ERODIBLE LANDSCAPE MATERIAL AT QUANTITIES AND APPLICATION RATES ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS OR BASED ON WRITTEN SPECIFICATIONS BY KNOWLEDGEABLE AND EXPERIENCED FIELD PERSONNEL. DISCONTINUE THE APPLICATION OF ANY ERODIBLE LANDSCAPE

ANY CONTAMINATED SOILS (RESULTING FROM SPILLS OF MATERIALS WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES) WHICH MAY RESULT FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE CONTAINED AND CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

REFER TO THE PIPELINE AND ACCESS ROAD EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLANS FOR LAND USE INFORMATION.

MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES TO STORMWATER RUNOFF.

1. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES

STORE ONLY ENOUGH MATERIAL REQUIRED TO DO THE JOB.

• STORE CHEMICALS IN WATERTIGHT CONTAINERS OR IN A STORAGE SHED, UNDER A ROOF, COMPLETELY ENCLOSED, WITH APPROPRIATE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT TO

THE MANUFACTURER OF SUCH PRODUCTS. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED.

NEGLIGIBLE. IF REQUIRED, ADDITIONAL BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT CONCRETE WASTES FROM CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGES. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S) IN THIS ESCP.

MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY - PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE LAND USES

W.O. NO. CHK. APP.

PIPELINE BMP INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

- AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTORS, THE LANDOWNER, APPROPRIATE MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS, THE E&S PLAN PREPARER, THE PCSM PLAN PREPARER, THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT OF CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PCSM PLAN, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO AN ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING
- AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, OR EXPANDING INTO AN AREA PREVIOUSLY UNMARKED, THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INC. SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT 1-800-242-1776 FOR THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- HOLD PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTORS, LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT (CCD), PADEP, AND DESIGN ENGINEER.
- I. LOCATE STAGING AREAS AND ACCESS POINTS INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES. FIELD LOCATE THE LOD.
- 5. LOCATE, STAKE AND/OR INSTALL ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AROUND SPECIAL AREAS OF CONCERN (I.E. WETLANDS, STREAMS, CULTURAL RESOURCES...)
- PERFORM NON-MECHANIZED TREE CUTTING WHERE REQUIRED.
- . INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES.
- ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR DEP AND BE FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND TO DEVELOP A PLAN THAT MEETS THE CONDITIONS OF CHAPTER 102. NPDES PERMIT CONDITIONS. AND/OR OTHER STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- REMOVE BRUSH, INCLUDING STUMPS, ONLY IN AREAS NECESSARY TO EFFECTIVELY INSTALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT BARRIERS, UPSLOPE TEMPORARY FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS AND TEMPORARY DIVERSION SWALES. LEVEL SIDE CUTS REQUIRED TO GRANT ACCESS FOR VEHICLES AND WORKERS TO SAFELY PERFORM THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS AS SHOWN ON THE E&SC PLANS.
- 10. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS (SEDIMENT BARRIERS). ACCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR PERIMETER CONTROLS ALONG PRIVATE DRIVES WITHIN THE LOD SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LANDOWNER AGREEMENTS.
- . INSTALL PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND ASSOCIATED BMPS (VEGETATED ROADSIDE DITCHES, DITCH RELIEF CULVERTS, AND RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION). SEE ACCESS ROAD SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR SPECIFIC CONSTRUCTION STEPS ASSOCIATED WITH ROAD CONSTRUCTION (PROVIDED IN SECTION 2 OF THE ESCGP-2 5. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IN LONG STRANDS, NOT FINELY CHOPPED OR BROKEN.
- 12. THE COMPLIANCE MANAGER SHALL PROVIDE PADEP AT LEAST THREE DAYS' NOTICE PRIOR TO BULK EARTH DISTURBANCE AND UPON COMPLETED INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION CONTROLS.
- 13. HAVE SURVEY CREWS LOCATE AND RE-STAKE AS NEEDED, IF ANY STAKES ARE DAMAGED, IN ALL SPECIAL AREAS OF CONCERN (I.E., WETLANDS, STREAMS, ETC.)
- 14. UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE THE CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED FOUR DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&SC PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES. 8. WATERBARS WITHIN AGRICULTURAL OR RESIDENTIAL AREAS SHALL BE USED AS TEMPORARY FEATURES. WATERBARS MAY BE REMOVED WHEN THE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA FOR AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY TO BE CONSIDERED TEMPORARILY STABILIZED, THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: A MINIMUM UNIFORM COVERAGE OF MULCH AND SEED, WITH A DENSITY CAPABLE OF RESISTING ACCELERATED E&SC, OR AN ACCEPTABLE E&SC BMP WHICH TEMPORARILY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED E&SC. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR ON ACTIVE VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS WITHIN THE ROW.
- 15. PROCEED WITH MAJOR CLEARING AND GRUBBING.
- 16. BEGIN CONSTRUCTION STAKING FOR TEMPORARY GRADING.
- 17. INSTALL CLEAN WATER CROSSINGS, INCLUDING LINERS, RIP RAP APRON ENERGY DISSIPATERS AND FLUME CROSSINGS
- 18. AS THE GRUBBING OPERATION COMMENCES, INSTALL ROCK FILTERS AND WATERBARS ALONG THE ALIGNMENT
- 19. STRIP AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL; INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS AROUND STOCKPILES.
- 20. HAUL PIPE TO RIGHT-OF-WAY. BEND, PLACE ON SUPPORTS, ALIGN, AND WELD. INSTALL STREAM AND WETLAND CROSSING BMPS (TIMBER MATTING, TIMBER MAT BRIDGES). LAY PIPE IN DITCH. IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLING CROSSING, RESTORE DISTURBED AREA AND INSTALL STREAMBANK STABILIZATION.
- 21. CLEAR, GRUB, AND CONSTRUCT STREAM AND WETLAND CROSSINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 105, SECTION 404, 401, AND RELATED PERMITS. INSTALL STREAM FLUMES. AND/OR DAM AND PUMP AS SPECIFIED IN CHAPTER 105 PERMIT DOCUMENTS FOR CROSSING OF STREAM AND WETLAND AREAS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE PIPE, INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS, BACKFILL TRENCH, AND TEMPORARILY STABILIZE WITHIN 48 HOURS OF EXCAVATING TRENCH IN RESOURCE CROSSING LOCATIONS.
- 22. DIG TRENCH OUTSIDE OF RESOURCE CROSSINGS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE PIPE, INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS, AND BACKFILL TRENCH WITHIN 30 DAYS OF EXCAVATING TRENCH.
- 23. PERFORM NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING (NDT) INSPECTION OF WELDS AND APPLY COATING TO WELD AREA.
- 24. INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS.

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- 25. BACKFILL PIPE TRENCH, REPAIR PERMANENT WATERBARS, REMOVE TEMPORARY WATERBARS, RETURN TEMPORARILY GRADED AREAS TO PRE—DEVELOPMENT GRADE, REPAIR/INSTALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET AS NEEDED, REPLACE TOPSOIL AND IMMEDIATELY SEED AND STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS (SLOPES, DITCHES AND CHANNELS) AS THEY ARE RETURNED TO FINAL GRADE. REFER TO PLANTING PLANS AND RIPARIAN BUFFER PLANTINGS, AS APPLICABLE, IN THE BMP PLAN SET AND E&S NARRATIVE. ANY 8. INSTALL PIPE AREA THAT USED STONE AND/OR TIMBER MATS FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION AND/OR ACCESS WILL BE COMPLETELY REMOVED, SOIL WILL BE DE-COMPACTED BY USING TRACKED EQUIPMENT MAKING MULTIPLE PASSES OVER AREA. RE-ESTABLISH PRECONSTRUCTION CONTOURS, AND REPLACE TOPSOIL TO A MINIMUM OF 4-8 INCHES DEEP AND 9. INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS IN WETLAND AREAS PER THE E&S PLAN TO PREVENT THE TRENCH SEED AND MULCH AREAS. VEHICULAR TRAFFIC SHOULD BE RESTRICTED FROM AREAS TO PREVENT SOIL COMPACTION.
- 26. TRANSCO WILL COMPLETE UPLAND FINAL GRADING, TOPSOIL REPLACEMENT, INSTALLATION OF PERMANENT E&S MEASURES WITHIN 20 DAYS AFTER BACKFILLING THE TRENCH IN 10. BACKFILL PIPE TRENCH. BACKFILL THE TOP 12-INCHES OF THE EXCAVATED TRENCH WITH THE ALL AREAS EXCEPT RESIDENTIAL AREAS, WHICH WILL BE COMPLETED WITHIN 10 DAYS.
- 27. PERFORM HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST OF PIPELINE.
- 28. DEWATER PIPELINE UTILIZING APPROPRIATE BMPS, COMPLETE FINAL TIE—INS, AND DRY PIPELINE.
- 29. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE PIPELINE WORK SEQUENCE AT STREAM CROSSINGS COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING AND OTHER MOVEMENTS. WHEN CONTROLS ARE TO BE REMOVED IN AGRICULTURAL NON-SENSITIVE AREAS (STREAMS/WETLANDS). AGRICULTURAL LANDOWNERS SHALL MAINTAIN AGRICULTURAL BMPs PER PADEP
- 30. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE PERMITTEE AND/OR OPERATORS SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CCD AND/OR PADEP FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF THE E&SC BMPS. REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY WETLAND AND STREAM CROSSINGS, TEMPORARY BMPS INCLUDING SEDIMENT BARRIERS, TEMPORARY FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SWALES, TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION SWALES (AND ASSOCIATED GRADING), CLEAN WATER CROSSING OUTFALL PROTECTION AND LEVEL SPREADERS. ROCK FILTERS. AND TEMPORARY WATERBARS ALONG THE ALIGNMENT.
- 31. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY UPON REACHING FINISHED GRADE. CUT SLOPES IN COMPETENT BEDROCK AND ROCK FILLS NEED NOT BE VEGETATED. SEEDED AREAS WITHIN 100 FEET OF A HQ/EV SURFACE WATER AND WITHIN 50 FEET OF NON-HQ/EV SURFACE WATER, OR AS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS, SHALL BE BLANKETED ACCORDING TO THE STANDARDS OF THIS PLAN.
- 32. COMPLETE SITE RESTORATION AND STABILIZATION, INCLUDING SOIL AERATION, SOIL TREATMENT, SEED APPLICATION AND MULCHING IN AREAS DISTURBED BY E&SC BMP REMOVAL. INSTALL RIPARIAN BUFFER PLANTINGS PER THE RIPARIAN BUFFER PLANTING PLANS.
- 33. REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF/RECYCLE E&SC BMPS. REMOVE STAKES AND ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE. REPAIR AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE AREAS DISTURBED

MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

- THE FOLLOWING INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO MAINTAIN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND STABILIZATION MEASURES. REFER TO BMP DETAILS FOR SPECIFIC OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY SEVEN DAYS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. A WRITTEN REPORT MUST ALSO BE COMPLETED DOCUMENTING EACH INSPECTION AND, IF NECESSARY, ANY REPAIR, REPLACEMENT OR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY.
- 2. ALL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER; IF REPAIRS OR ADDITIONAL MEASURES ARE FOUND TO BE NECESSARY, THEY WILL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE INSPECTION REPORT.
- 3. BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM PERIMETER BMPS WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE-THIRD THE HEIGHT OF THE BMP.
- 4. PERIMETER BMPS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR DEPTH OF SEDIMENT, DAMAGE, ETC., TO ENSURE THE MEASURE IS IN PROPER WORKING ORDER, AND THAT ANY POSTS/WOOD STAKES ARE SECURELY IN THE GROUND.
- 5. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS, IF PRESENT, WILL BE INSPECTED FOR DEPTH OF SEDIMENT, AND BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES THE DESIGN CLEANOUT DEPTH.
- 6. TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING, AND OTHER STABILIZATION MEASURES, WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND HEALTHY GROWTH.
- 7. A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION. COPIES OF THE REPORT FORMS TO BE COMPLETED BY THE INSPECTOR ARE INCLUDED IN
- 8. THE INSPECTOR WILL IMPLEMENT INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES NECESSARY FOR KEEPING THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT ARE USED ON THE SITE IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. THE INSPECTOR WILL ALSO BE TRAINED IN THE COMPLETION OF, INITIATION OF ACTIONS REQUIRED BY, AND THE FILING OF THE
- 9. DISTURBED AREAS AND MATERIALS STORAGE AREAS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF OR POTENTIAL FOR POLLUTANTS ENTERING THE STORMWATER.
- A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S) WILL BE AVAILABLE ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- ONCE ANY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE INSTALLED, THE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES ABOVE SHALL BEGIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THE INSPECTION FORMS BECOME AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE ESCP AND SHALL BE MADE READILY AVAILABLE TO THE GOVERNMENT INSPECTION OFFICIALS, THE PROJECT OWNER'S ENGINEER, AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR REVIEW UPON REQUEST DURING VISITS TO THE PROJECT SITE.
- INSPECTORS SHOULD BE KNOWLEDGEABLE IN THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND POSSESS THE SKILLS TO ASSESS CONDITIONS AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT COULD IMPACT STORMWATER QUALITY AND TO ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF ANY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SELECTED TO CONTROL THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THEY SHOULD ALSO HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD ALL PORTIONS OF THIS ESCP,
- THE INDIVIDUAL(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR POST-STORM AND STORM EVENT BMP INSPECTIONS, AND THE QUALIFIED PERSON(S) ASSIGNED RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE PERMIT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF ALL ELEMENTS OF THE ESCP, INCLUDING THE PREPARATION OF THE ANNUAL COMPLIANCE EVALUATION AND THE ELIMINATION OF ALL UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES ARE:

NAML:	
PHONE NUMBER:	EMERGENCY PHONE #:
COMPANY:	
RESPONSIBILITIES:	
NAME:	
PHONE NUMBER:	EMERGENCY PHONE #:
COMPANY:	

TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

TEMPORARY SEEDING WITH STRAW MULCH COVER FOR INTERIM STABILIZATION IS A TYPE OF BMP THAT CAN USUALLY BE PROVIDED WHERE THE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY TEMPORARILY CEASES (I.E. 4 DAYS OR MORE) UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT OWNER, PADEP, OR CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

THE INSTALLATION OF AN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR APPLICATION OF STRAW MULCH UPON SEEDED CAN BE UTILIZED TO PROTECT THE SEEDBED UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION

UPON COMPLETION OF ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE PERMANENT STABILIZATION. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING AND OTHER MOVEMENTS.

WHEN EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS ARE TO BE REMOVED IN AGRICULTURAL NON-SENSITIVE AREAS (STREAMS/WETLANDS), AGRICULTURAL LANDOWNERS SHALL MAINTAIN AGRICULTURAL BMPS PER PADEP REGULATIONS.

- 3. STABILIZATION DURING NON-GROWING SEASONS
- WHEN UTILITY CONSTRUCTION MUST BE DONE AND IS COMPLETED DURING A NON-GROWING SEASON, INTERIM STABILIZATION BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AND ADEQUATELY MAINTAINED. THE APPLICATION OF STRAW MULCH AT THE RATE OF 3.0 TONS PER ACRE IS REQUIRED. THE BMPS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY (UNLESS SNOW COVERED) AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT TO IDENTIFY AREAS THAT BECOME BARE

BARE AREAS SHOULD BE COVERED WITH A PROPERLY INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL BLANKET. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROLS MUST BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

- 4. WHERE REQUIRED, STRAW MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A MINIMUM OF 3.0 TONS PER ACRE
- 6. PRIOR TO ANY SEEDING, LIME, OR FERTILIZATION APPLICATION, A SOIL TEST SHALL BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE pH FACTOR. ADDITIONAL LIME AND FERTILIZER MAY BE REQUIRED. NO LIME OR FERTILIZERS SHALL BE USED IN WETLAND AREAS.
- 7. LIME, FERTILIZE, SEED, AND MULCH DISTURBED AREAS PER THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS, IN AREAS OF STEEP SLOPES OR OBVIOUS AREAS WHERE POTENTIAL EROSION MAY OCCUR, AND EROSION CONTROL MAT OR FLEXIBLE GROWTH MEDIUM (FGM) SHALL BE USED. FGM SHALL BE APPLIED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS. NO LIME OR FERTILIZERS SHALL BE USED IN WETLAND OR STREAM AREAS.
- IS AT LEAST 70% STABILIZED WITH PERENNIAL VEGETATION AS PER PA CHAPTER 102.22.

PIPELINE WORK SEQUENCE IN WETLANDS

FOR WORK IN WETLANDS, THE FOLLOWING STEPS SHALL BE INSERTED IN THE GENERAL PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE ABOVE:

- 1. INSTALL ORANGE FLAGGING AROUND PERIMETER OF WETLAND AND SEDIMENT BARRIERS ALONG THE *LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE*.
- 2. LOCATE STAGING AREAS AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM THE EDGE OF THE WETLAND.
- 3. INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS DOWN SLOPE OF THESE AREAS.
- 4. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- . MATS, PADS, OR SIMILAR DEVICES SHALL BE USED DURING THE CROSSINGS OF WETLANDS. ORIGINAL GRADES THROUGH WETLANDS MUST BE RESTORED AFTER TRENCHING AND BACKFILLING. ANY EXCESS FILL MATERIALS MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE WETLAND AND NOT SPREAD ON-SITE.
- 6. SOIL EXCAVATED FROM WETLAND AREAS SHALL BE CAREFULLY REMOVED WITH THE ROOTS INTACT. THIS SOIL SHOULD BE PLACED IN A SEPARATE STOCKPILE TO BE REUSED DURING THE WETLAND SURFACE RESTITUTION.
- 7. DEWATER WORK AREA; WATER FROM THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE PUMPED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR A FILTER BAG.
- FROM DRAINING THE WETLAND OR CHANGING ITS MICROHYDROLOGY.
- STOCKPILED WETLAND SOIL TO MATCH ORIGINAL SURFACE GRADES.

11. COMPACT BACKFILL AND GRADE THE SURFACE OF THE TRENCH AREA TO ALLOW FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO SOIL E&SCS AND TO PREPARE DISTURBED AREAS FOR PERMANENT TRENCH

- 12. MAINTAIN ALL E&SC DEVICES UNTIL SITE WORK IS COMPLETE AND A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70 PERCENT PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER IS ESTABLISHED
- 13. REMOVE ALL SOIL AND E&SC MEASURES UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70 PERCENT PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OVER THE DISTURBED AREA REGRADE AND REVEGETATE AREAS DISTURBED DURING THE REMOVAL OF THE SOIL E&SCS.

- FOR STREAM CROSSINGS, THE FOLLOWING STEPS SHALL BE INSERTED IN THE GENERAL PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE ABOVE:
- 1. AFTER INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENTATION BMPS, INSTALL BYPASS HOSE, PUMP, OR COFFERDAM AS DESCRIBED IN STREAM CROSSING DETAILS AROUND THE WORK AREA.
- 2. DEWATER WORK AREA. WATER FROM THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE PUMPED TO A SEDIMENT FILTER BAG. WHERE POSSIBLE, EXCAVATION SHALL BE FROM THE TOP OF THE STREAM BANK. 3. STABILIZE CHANNEL EXCAVATION AND STREAM BANKS PRIOR TO REDIRECTING STREAM FLOW WITHIN 24 HOURS OF CROSSING BEING DONE FOR ALL STREAMS SMALLER THAN 10 FEET AND
- 48 HOURS FOR STREAMS LARGER THAN 10 FEET WIDE. 4. REMOVE BYPASS HOSE, PUMP, AND TEMPORARY DAM AS NEEDED.

ACCESS ROAD BMP INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

REFER TO SPECIFIC ACCESS ROAD CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE NOTES INCLUDED IN THE ACCESS ROAD E&S PLAN SETS UNDER SEPARATE COVER.

ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK CONTROL PLAN

THE FOLLOWING ACID PRODUCING SOILS CONTROL PLAN WAS DEVELOPED TO IDENTIFY BMPS AND PROCEDURES FOR MINIMIZING THE POTENTIAL FOR POLLUTION ASSOCIATED WITH THE DISTURBANCE OF THE AREAS WITHIN THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY THAT CONTAIN ACID-PRODUCING SOILS WITH A pH LESS THAN 4.0.

ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK CONTROL PLAN:

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT THE EXCAVATION AREA AND EXPOSURE TIME WHEN HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED. LOCATIONS WHERE ACIDIC SOILS ARE ANTICIPATED TO BE PRESENT ALONG THE PIPELINE CORRIDOR ARE PROVIDED IN THE COUNTY—SPECIFIC TABLE INCLUDED AT THE END OF THIS PLAN SET.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEPARATELY STORE TOPSOIL STRIPPED FROM THE SITE AWAY FROM TEMPORARILY STOCKPILED HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK S.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK MATERIAL ON LEVEL GROUND TO MINIMIZE ITS MOVEMENT, ESPECIALLY WHEN THESE MATERIALS HAVE A HIGH CLAY CONTENT.
- I. CONTRACTOR SHALL COVER TEMPORARILY STOCKPILED HIGH ACID—PRODUCING SOIL AND BEDROCK MATERIAL TO BE EXPOSED MORE THAN 7 DAYS WITH PROPERLY ANCHORED, HEAVY-GRATE SHEETS OF POLYETHYLENE, WHERE POSSIBLE. IF NOT POSSIBLE, STOCKPILES SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF THREE TO SIX INCHES OF WOOD CHIPS TO MINIMIZE EROSION OF THE STOCKPILE. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SILT FENCE AT THE TOE OF THE STOCKPILE SLOPE TO CONTAIN MOVEMENT OF MATERIAL. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT APPLY TOPSOIL TO THE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOIL OR BEDROCK STOCKPILES TO PREVENT TOPSOIL CONTAMINATION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL ULTIMATELY DISPOSE OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK WITH A PH OF FOUR OR LESS, OR CONTAINING IRON SULFIDE (INCLUDING BORROW FROM CUTS) BY PLACING THE MATERIAL COMBINED WITH LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 6 TONS PER ACRE (OR 275 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA) AND COVERING THE MIXTURE WITH A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF SETTLED SOILS WITH A PH OF FIVE OR MORE EXCEPT AS FOLLOWS:
- A. IN THE AREAS WHERE TREES OF SHRUBS ARE TO BE PLANTED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COVER THE LIMESTONE/SOIL MIXTURE WITH A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES OF SOILS WITH A PH OF FIVE OR MORE.
- B. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT LOCATE ANY DISPOSAL AREA WITHIN 24 INCHES OF ANY SURFACE OF A SLOPE OR BANK, SUCH AS BERMS, STREAM BANKS, DITCHES, AND OTHER SURFACE WATERS TO PREVENT POTENTIAL LATERAL LEACHING DAMAGES.
- 6. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN ALL EQUIPMENT USED TO HANDLE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK TO PREVENT SPREADING OF HIGH-ACID MATERIALS TO OTHER PARTS OF THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY, INTO STREAMS, OR STORMWATER CONVEYANCES, AND TO PROTECT MACHINERY FROM ACCELERATED CORROSION
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL NON-VEGETATIVE EROSION CONTROLS (STONE TRACKING PADS, STRATEGICALLY-PLACE LIMESTONE CHECK DAMS, SILT FENCES, WOOD CHIPS) TO LIMIT THE MOVEMENT OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS FROM, AROUND, OR OFF OF THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 8. FOLLOWING THE BURIAL OR REMOVAL OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK, TOP SOILING, AND SEEDING OF THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY, TRANSCO SHALL MONITOR THE SITE FOR APPROXIMATELY SIX TO 12 MONTHS TO ASSURE THERE IS ADEQUATE STABILIZATION AND THAT NO HIGH-ACID SOIL OR BEDROCK
- 9. IF PROBLEMS OCCUR WHERE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK HAVE BEEN PLACED OR BURIED, THE APPLICANT SHALL MONITOR THESE AREAS FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS TO ASSURE THERE IS NO MIGRATION OF POTENTIAL ACID LEACHATE

AGRIGULTURAL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

PROBLEMS EMERGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL CORRECT ANY PROBLEMS THAT ARE DISCOVERED WITHIN THIS TIME PERIOD.

- 1. PER PA CHAPTER 102 REGULATIONS, ALL FARMS ARE REQUIRED TO DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A WRITTEN PLAN TO REDUCE EROSION WHEN PLOWING AND TILLING (INCLUDES NO-TILL CROPPING).
- 2. AREAS WITHIN 100-FT OF A STREAM MUST MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF 25% PLANT COVER OR CROP RESIDUE.
- 3. ADDITIONAL BMP'S MAY BE NEEDED TO MINIMIZE ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION FOR FIELDS WITH LESS THAN 25% PLANT COVER OR CROP RESIDUE COVER AND WITHIN 100-FT OF A RIVER OR PERENNIAL OR INTERMITTENT STREAM.

RIPARIAN BUFFER REPLANTING NOTES

1. PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION AREAS THAT ENCROACH THE RIPARIAN BUFFER SHALL BE SEEDED WITH THE RIPARIAN BUFFER MIX ERNMX-178 AS SHOWN ON SHEET 3 OF 3 OF THIS PLAN SET AND PLANTED WITH SHRUBS PER THE "RIPARIAN AREA IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION PLAN" INCLUDED THE "EROSION AND SEDIMEN" CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE" FOR EACH COUNTY (UNDER SEPARATE COVER).



REVISIONS DATE BY DESCRIPTION W.O. NO. CHK. APP. 0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL W0572385 JLK SMK 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL W0572385 JLK SMK Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1 W0572385 JLK SMK

ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT PENNSYLVANIA BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET

GENERAL NOTES SCALE REVISION: 3 SHEET 2

OF 3

ELZ DATE: **05/15/15** ISSUED FOR BID: ■ DRAWN BY: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY: SMK DATE: 07/08/15 DRAWING ASR-BMP-GN

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

RIP RAP GRADATION, FILTER BLANKET, & MAXIMUM VELOCITIES

R	Riprap Gradation, Filter Blanket Requirements, Maximum Velocities					
		Percent P	assing (Squar	e Openings)		
Class, Size NO.						
Rock Size (Inches)	R-8	R-7	R-6	R-5	R-4	R-3
42	100					
30		100				
24	15-50		100			
18		15-50		100		
15	0-15					
12		0-15	15-50		100	
9				15-50		
6			0-15		15-50	100
4				0-15		
3					0-15	15-50
2						0-15
Nominal Placement Thickness (inches)	63	45	36	27	18	9
Filter Stone ¹	AASHTO #1	AASHTO #1	AASHTO #1	AASHTO #3	AASHTO #3	AASHTO #57
V _{max} (ft/sec)	17.0	14.5	13.0	11.5	9.0	6.5

Adapted from PennDOT Pub. 408, Section 703.2(c), Table C

ADAPTED FROM PENNDOT PUB. 408, SECTION 703.2 (c), TABLE C.

1. THIS IS A GENERAL STANDARD. SOIL CONDITIONS AT EACH SITE SHOULD BE ANALYZED TO DETERMINE ACTUAL FILTER SIZE. A SUITABLE WOVEN OR NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT, USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE FILTER STONE FOR GRADIENTS < 10%.

LIMING AND FERTILIZER RATES

		lication Rate	J
Per Acre	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per 1,000 sq. yd.	Notes
6 tons	240 lb.	2,480 lb.	Or as per soil test; may not be required in agricultural fields
1,000 lb.	25 lb.	210 lb.	Or as per soil test; may not be required in agricultural fields
Tempo	rary Seeding App	lication Rate	
1 ton	40 lb.	410 lb.	Typically not required for topsoil stockpiles
500 lb.	12.5 lb.	100 lb.	Typically not required for topsoil stockpiles
	1,000 lb. Tempo 1 ton	1,000 lb. 25 lb. Temporary Seeding App 1 ton 40 lb.	1,000 lb. 25 lb. 210 lb. Temporary Seeding Application Rate 1 ton 40 lb. 410 lb.

1. NO LIME AND/OR FERTILIZER MAY BE APPLIED IN WETLANDS.

SLOPE SEED MIX

Scientific Name	# PLS/ acre	PLS/ sq ft	% of Mix
Andropogon gerardii	2	6	10
Schizachyrium scoparium	1	6	10
Panicum virgatum	1.3	12	20
Phleum prantense	0.4	12	20
Elymus virginicus	4.4	7.5	13
Dichanthelium clandestinum	0.7	6	10
Rudb eckia hirta	0.1	3	5
Trifolium repens	0.2	3	5
Heliopsis helianthoides	0.6	1.5	3
Chamaecrista fasciculata	1.1	1.5	3
Echinacea purpurea	0.6	1.5	3
	12.3	60	100
	Andropogon gerardii Schizachyrium scoparium Panicum virgatum Phleum prantense Elymus virginicus Dichanthelium clandestinum Rudbeckia hirta Trifolium repens Heliopsis helianthoides Chamaecrista fasciculata	Scientific Name acre Andropogon gerardii 2 Schizachyrium scoparium 1 Panicum virgatum 1.3 Phleum prantense 0.4 Elymus virginicus 4.4 Dichanthelium clandestinum 0.7 Rudbeckia hirta 0.1 Trifolium repens 0.2 Heliopsis helianthoides 0.6 Chamaecrista fasciculata 1.1 Echinacea purpurea 0.6	Scientific Name acre sq ft Andropogon gerardii 2 6 Schizachyrium scoparium 1 6 Panicum virgatum 1.3 12 Phleum prantense 0.4 12 Elymus virginicus 4.4 7.5 Dichanthelium clandestinum 0.7 6 Rudbeckia hirta 0.1 3 Trifolium repens 0.2 3 Heliopsis helianthoides 0.6 1.5 Chamaecrista fasciculata 1.1 1.5 Echinacea purpurea 0.6 1.5

. PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND. 2. PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

ROW SEED MIX

Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/ acre ¹	PLS/sq ft	% of Mix
Red Top	Agrostis gigantea	0.1	12.0	20
Timothy	Phleum prantense	0.4	12.0	20
Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	1.7	9.0	15
Annual Rygrass	Lolium perenne multiflorum	1.7	9.0	15
Italian Ryegrass	Festulium	1.7	9.0	15
Alsike Clover	Trifolium hybridum	0.2	3.0	5
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.2	3.0	5
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.2	3.0	5
Total		6.2	60.0	100

. PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND. 2. PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

COVER CROP SEED MIXES

Common Name	Cron Type	# PLS/	PLS/	% of Mix			
Common Name	Clop Type	acre	sq ft	70 OI WIIX			
Warm Season							
Pearl Millett	Grass	6.9	12.6	70			
Sunn Hemp	Legume	10.5	3.6	20			
Nitro Radishes	Brassicas	3.1	1.8	10			
Total		20.5	18	100			
	Cool Season						
Annual ryegrass	Grass	8	35.1	65			
Red Clover	Legume	3.2	13.5	25			
Nitro Radishes	Brassicas	9.4	5.4	10			
Total		20.6	54	100			

1. PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND. 2. PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

TEMPORARY SEED MIXTURE

TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL CONSIST OF ANNUAL RYEGRASS (100 PERCENT BY WEIGHT), OR EQUIVALENT, AND SHALL BE PLACED AT THE RATE OF 5 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE YARDS. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED TO THOSE AREAS THAT ARE A POTENTIAL EROSION PROBLEM DURING CONSTRUCTION AND TO THOSE AREAS EXPOSED FOR LONGER THAN 20 CALENDAR DAYS. IF CONDITIONS DO NOT PERMIT TEMPORARY SEEDING, MULCHING SHALL BE EMPLOYED. ADDITIONALLY, NITROGEN FERTILIZER (50-50-50) @ ONE (1) TON PER ACRE, AGRICULTURAL LIME @ ONE (1) TON PER ACRE, AND STRAW MULCH @ THREE (3) TONS PER ACRE. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IN LONG STRANDS, NOT CHOPPED OR FINELY BROKEN.

SPECIES TYPE AND **SEASON OF PLANTING**

Species Type and Season of Planting			
Cover Crops ¹			
March 1 to June 1			
June 1 to August 15			
Cool Season - Fall August 15 - October 15			
anent Crop ²			
April 20 to June 15			
Late Fall (dormant) October 10 - March 1			

1. SEEDING DATES FOR COVER CROPS ARE BASED ON DATES REFERENCED BY CLARK, ____.

2. SEEDING DATES FOR PERMANENT CROPS ARE BASED ON DATES REFERENCED BY LANDSHOOT, 1997 AND DELONG AND BRITTINGHAM, 2002.

SEED AFTER OCTOBER 10 WHEN GROUND TEMPERATURES AT A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES ARE 45 F OR LOWER AND COOLER AIR TEMPERATURES ARE FORECASTED.

DORMANT SEEDING CAN OCCUR UNTIL SOIL IS FROZEN AND ADEQUATE PENETRATION OF THE DRILL SEEDER DOES NOT

FACW MEADOW MIX ERNMX-122

Mix Type	Wet Meadow & Wetland Sites
31.0%	Fox Sedge, PA Ecotype (Carex vulpinoidea, PA Ecotype)
20.0%	Virginia Wildrye, PA Ecotype (Elymus virginicus, PA Ecotype)
14.0%	Lurid (Shallow) Sedge, PA Ecotype (Carex Iurida, PA Ecotype)
5.0%	Green Bulrush, PA Ecotype (Scirpus atrovirens, PA Ecotype)
4.0%	Blue Vervain, PA Ecotype (Verbena hastata, PA Ecotype)
3.5%	Wood Reedgrass, PA Ecotype (Cinna arundinacea, PA Ecotype)
3.0%	Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)
3.0%	Blunt Broom Sedge, PA Ecotype (Carex scoparia, PA Ecotype)
3.0%	Hop Sedge, PA Ecotype (Carex Iupulina, PA Ecotype)
2.0%	Sensitive Fern (Onoclea sensibilis)
2.0%	Oxeye Sunflower, PA Ecotype (Heliopsis helianthoides, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Rattlesnake Grass, PA Ecotype (Glyceria canadensis, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Woolgrass, PA Ecotype (Scirpus cyperinus, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Swamp Milkweed, PA Ecotype (Asclepias incarnata, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	New England Aster, PA Ecotype (Aster novae-angliae (Symphyotrichum n.), PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Flat Topped White Aster, PA Ecotype (Aster umbellatus (Doellingeria umbellata), PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Joe Pye Weed, PA Ecotype (Eupatorium fistulosum, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Boneset, PA Ecotype (Eupatorium perfoliatum, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Ditch Stonecrop, PA Ecotype (Penthorum sedoides, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Narrowleaf Blue Eyed Grass (Sisyrinchium angustifolium)
0.5%	Seedbox, PA Ecotype (Ludwigia alternifolia, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Great Blue Lobelia, PA Ecotype (Lobelia siphilitica, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Mud Plantain (Water Plantain), PA Ecotype (Alisma subcordatum (A. plantago-aquatica), PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Square Stemmed Monkeyflower, PA Ecotype (Mimulus ringens, PA Ecotype)
0.4%	Bladder (Star) Sedge, PA Ecotype (Carex intumescens, PA Ecotype)
0.1%	Slender Mountainmint (Pycnanthemum tenuifolium)

RIPARIAN BUFFER MIX ERNMX-178

Seeding Rate	20 lb per acre with a cover crop at 30 lb per acre (dry sites - grain oats, Jan 1-Aug 1)
Mix Type	Riparian Sites
20.0%	Virginia Wildrye, PA Ecotype (Elymus virginicus, PA Ecotype)
16.0%	Indiangrass, PA Ecotype (Sorghastrum nutans, PA Ecotype)
15.0%	Deertongue, 'Tioga' (Panicum clandestinum (Dichanthelium c.), 'Tioga')
12.5%	Big Bluestem, 'Niagara' (Andropogon gerardii, 'Niagara')
8.0%	Switchgrass, 'Carthage', NC Ecotype (Panicum virgatum, 'Carthage', NC Ecotype)
5.0%	Partridge Pea, PA Ecotype (Chamaecrista fasciculata (Cassia f.), PA Ecotype)
4.0%	Autumn Bentgrass, PA Ecotype (Agrostis perennans, PA Ecotype)
4.0%	Blue Vervain, PA Ecotype (Verbena hastata, PA Ecotype)
3.0%	Blackeyed Susan, Coastal Plain NC Ecotype (Rudbeckia hirta, Coastal Plain NC Ecotype)
3.0%	Oxeye Sunflower, PA Ecotype (Heliopsis helianthoides, PA Ecotype)
2.3%	New England Aster, PA Ecotype (Aster novae-angliae (Symphyotrichum n.), PA Ecotype)
2.0%	Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)
1.0%	Boneset, PA Ecotype (Eupatorium perfoliatum, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Joe Pye Weed, PA Ecotype (Eupatorium fistulosum, PA Ecotype)
1.0%	Blue False Indigo, Southern WV Ecotype (Baptisia australis, Southern WV Ecotype)
1.0%	New York Ironweed, PA Ecotype (Vernonia noveboracensis, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Great Blue Lobelia, PA Ecotype (Lobelia siphilitica, PA Ecotype)
0.5%	Wild Bergamot, PA Ecotype (Monarda fistulosa, PA Ecotype)
0.2%	Grassleaf Goldenrod, PA Ecotype (Euthamia graminifolia (Solidago g.), PA Ecotype)

PERMANENT SEED MIXTURES COOL & WARM SEASON GRASSES

HAYFIELDS

Carrage Name	Caiaatifia Nasaa	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata	4.0	60.0	40
Timothy	Phleum pratense	2.0	60.0	40
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.8	15.0	10
Red Clover	Trifolium pratense	2.4	15.0	10
Total		9.2	150.0	100
DACTURES				

PASTURES

Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.5	15.0	25%
Perennial Ryegrass	Lolium perenne	2.3	12.0	20%
Red Top	Agrostis gigantea	0.1	9.0	15%
Italian Ryegrass	Festulolium	1.7	9.0	15%
Alsike Clover	Trifolium hybridum	0.6	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.3	6.0	10%
Total		5.5	60.0	100%

SLOPING/FORESTED LAND

		1		
Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	1.4	6.0	10%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.0	6.0	10%
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.3	12.0	20%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	4.24	7.2	12%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	0.7	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	2.4	4%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.1	2.4	4%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.8	1.8	3%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	1.7	2.4	4%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	0.7	1.8	3%
Total		12.3	60.0	100%

DROUGHT/ROCKY SITES

Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.3	9.0	15%
Prairie Junegrass	Koeleria macrantha	0.1	6.0	10%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.7	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	3.5	6.0	10%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	2.1	3.0	5%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.2	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.6	3.0	5%
Total		12.0	60.0	100%

NON-AGRICULTURAL MEADOWS

NON-AGRICULTURAL I	WEADOWS			
Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/acre	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name		ft	Mix
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.1	9.0	15%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	4.2	6.0	10%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	1.3	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	1.2	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	5%
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	5.2	6.0	10%
Total		21.8	60.0	100%

NATIVE NON-NATIVE FOOD PLOT MIX

Canaman Nama	Caiantifia Nana	#	PLS/sq	% o
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Upland Bent Grass	Agrostis perennans	0.1	9.0	15%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.5	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.7	12.0	20%
Crimson Clover	Trifolium incarnatum	3.5	9.0	15%
Total		10.4	60.0	1009

POLLINATOR MIX (TO BE ADDED TO ANY MIX UPON LANDOWNER REQUEST)

Camana an Mana	Coiontifia Nama	#	PLS/sq	% c
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mi
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	2.6	3.0	15%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	1.1	3.0	15%
Dense Blazing Star	Liatris spicata	0.7	2.0	10%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.4	2.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	15%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis	1.3	3.0	15%
Wild Bergamot	Monarda fistulosa	0.1	2.0	10%
Hoary Mountainmint	Pycnanthemum	0.0	2.0	10%
Total		6.3	20.0	100

BRASSICA MIX

Camana an Nama	Coiomtific Nome	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Bonar (Rape)	Brassica napus	2.7	6.6	33%
Turnip	Brassica rapa	12.9	6.6	33%
Nitro Radish	Raphanus	11.8	6.8	34%
Total		27.4	20.0	100%

MULCH

- 1. MULCHES SHOULD BE APPLIED AT THE RATES SHOWN IN TABLE 11.6
- 2. STRAW AND HAY MULCH SHOULD BE ANCHORED OR TACKIFIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION TO PREVENT BEING WINDBLOWN. A TRACTOR-DRAWN IMPLEMENT MAY BE USED TO "CRIMP" THE STRAW OR HAY INTO THE SOIL - ABOUT 3 INCHES. THIS METHOD SHOULD BE LIMITED TO SLOPES NO STEEPER THAN 3H: 1V. THE MACHINERY SHOULD BE OPERATED ON THE CONTOUR. CRIMPING OF HAY OR STRAW BY RUNNING OVER IT WITH TRACKED MACHINERY IS NOT RECOMMENDED.
- 3. POLYMERIC AND GUM TACKIFIERS MIXED AND APPLIED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS MAY BE USED TO TACK MULCH. AVOID APPLICATION DURING RAIN AND ON WINDY DAYS. A 24-HOUR CURING PERIOD AND A SOIL TEMPERATURE HIGHER THAN 45°F ARE TYPICALLY REQUIRED. APPLICATION SHOULD GENERALLY BE HEAVIEST AT EDGES OF SEEDED AREAS AND AT CRESTS OF RIDGES AND BANKS TO PREVENT LOSS BY WIND. THE REMAINDER OF THE AREA SHOULD HAVE BINDER APPLIED UNIFORMLY.

BINDERS MAY BE APPLIED AFTER MULCH IS SPREAD OR SPRAYED INTO THE MULCH AS IT IS BEING BLOWN ONTO THE SOIL. APPLYING STRAW AND BINDER TOGETHER IS

- 4. SYNTHETIC BINDERS, OR CHEMICAL BINDERS, MAY BE USED AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR MULCH PROVIDED SUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION IS PROVIDED TO SHOW THEY ARE NON-TOXIC TO NATIVE PLANT AND ANIMAL SPECIES.
- 5. MULCH ON SLOPES 8% OR STEEPER SHOULD BE HELD IN PLACE WITH NETTING. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC, FIBER, OR PAPER NETS MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 6. SHREDDED PAPER HYDROMULCH SHOULD NOT BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 5%. WOOD FIBER HYDROMULCH MAY BE APPLIED ON STEEPER SLOPES PROVIDED A TACKIFIER IS USED. THE APPLICATION RATE FOR ANY HYDROMULCH SHOULD BE 2,000 LB/ACRE AT A MINIMUM.
- 7. HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED BLANKETS CAN BE AN EFFECTIVE METHOD OF STABILIZING STEEP SLOPES WHEN USED PROPERLY. THEY MAKE USE OF A CROSS-LINKED HYDROCOLLOID TACKIFIER TO BOND THERMALLY PROCESSED WOOD FIVERS. APPLICATION RATES VARY ACCORDING TO SITE CONDITIONS. IN ANY CASE, MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED. SHOULD NOT BE USED IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW (E.G. SWALES).
- 8. NO MULCH MAY BE APPLIED IN WETLANDS.

GENERALLY MORE EFFECTIVE.

		TABL	E 11.6	5
		MULCH APF	PLICATION RATES	5
MULCH	AP	PLICATION RATE	(MIN.)	
TYPE	PER ACRE	PER 1,000 SQ. FT.	PER 1,000 SQ. YD.	NOTES
STRAW	3 TONS	140 LB.	1,240 LB.	EITHER WHEAT OR OAT STRAW, FREE OF WEEDS, NOT CHOPPED OR FINELY BROKEN
WOOD CHIPS	4-6 TONS	185-275 LB.	1,650-2,500 LB.	MAY PRVENT GERMINATION OF GRASSES AND LEGUMES
HYDRO- MULCH	1 TON	47 LB.	415 LB.	SEE LIMITATIONS ABOVE
HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED BLANKETS	3,000 LB. 4,000 LB.	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	SLOPES UP TO 3H:1V SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3H:1V

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM PERMANENT STORMWATER FACILITIES

THE PERMIT APPLICANT SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF PERMANENT STORMWATER FACILITIES LOCATED ON THE SUBJECT PROPERTIES. PERMANENT MAINTENANCE OF THE STORM SYSTEM AFTER ACCEPTANCE WILL PRIMARILY CONSIST OF ROUTINE CLEANING OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS BY FACILITY STAFF OR PRIVATE CONTRACTORS. THE SPECIFIC MAINTENANCE STEPS AND SCHEDULE ARE LISTED BELOW:

- 1. VEGETATED SWALES
 ALL SWALES MUST BE KEPT FREE OF OF OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS FILL, FALLEN LEAVES & WOODY DEBRIS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL/WASTES. SWALES SHALL BE KEPT MOWED AND/OR FREE OF ALL WEEDY. BRUSHY OR WOODY GROWTH. ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITIES RUNNING ACROSS/THROUGH THE SWALE(S) SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BACKFILLED AND THE SWALE(S) REPAIRED AND STABILIZED PER THE SWALE CROSS SECTION DETAIL. ANY DISTURBANCE TO THE SWALES SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPAIRED AND STABILIZED PER THE SWALE CROSS SECTION DETAIL. REFER TO THE ADJACENT TABLE FOR THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FOR THE VEGETATED SWALES.
- ALL VALVE SITES MUST BE KEPT FREE OF OF OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS FILL, FALLEN LEAVES & WOODY DEBRIS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL/WASTES. ANY DISTURBANCE TO THE VALVE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPAIRED AND STABILIZED. COMPACTION OF THE VALVE SITE BOTTOM SHALL BE PREVENTED.
- ANNUAL CERTIFICATION OF MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN A CHECKLIST WHENEVER THE PERMANENT FACILITES ARE INSPECTED AND CLEANED. AN ANNUAL LIST OF INSPECTIONS AND MAJOR CLEANING OPERATIONS AND REPAIRS (REPAIR CHECK DAMS, REPLACE AGGREGATE, ETC.) SHALL BE MAINTAINED. THE COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT(S) OR ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS SHALL HAVE ACCESS TO THOSE RECORDS.
- COMPLIANCE WITH ESCGP—2 REQUIREMENTS AND RECORD KEEPING FOR PERMANENT STORMWATER DISCHARGE AND MAINTENANCE AND OTHER APPLICABLE ESCGP—2 AND DEP REQUIREMENTS REGARDING DISCHARGES.
- PROTECT SENSITIVE/SPECIAL VALUE FEATURES
 PROTECTED AREAS SHALL REMAIN UNDISTURBED AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES CEASE. PROTECTED AREAS
 SHALL RECEIVE A BIANNUAL HEALTH INSPECTION. DEAD OR DYING VEGETATION SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY
 REPLACED WITH SUITABLE SPECIES. RESEED BARE AREAS AND INSTALL APPROPRIATE EROSION CONTROLS WHEN SOIL IS EXPOSED. ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE WILL BE USED TO PROTECT SPECIAL VALUE/SENSITIVE AREAS
- 6. MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION PROTECTED AREAS — RESTRICT VEHICLE ACCESS, DO NOT CLEAR VEGETATION. AVOID EARTH DISTURBANCE. CONDUCT BIANNUAL HEALTH INSPECTIONS AND IMMEDIATELY REPLACE DEAD OR DYING VEGETATION WITH SUITABLE SPECIES. RESEED BARE AREAS AND APPLY APPROPRIATE EROSION CONTROL WHERE SOIL IS EXPOSED.

VEGETATED SWALL	₹
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE P	ROCEDURES
ΑСΠΝΤΥ	SCHEDULE
PLANT ALTERNATIVE GRASS SPECIES IN THE EVENT OF UNSUCCESSFUL ESTABLISHMENT. RESEED BARE AREAS, ROTOTILL OR CULTIVATE THE SURFACE OF THE SAND/SOIL BED OF DRY SWALES IF THE SWALE DOES NOT DRAW DOWN WITHIN 48 HOURS. WATER DURING DRY PERIODS, FERTILIZE, AND APPLY PESTICIDES WHEN NECESSARY REMOVE SEDIMENT BUILD—UP WITHIN THE BOTTOM OF THE SWALE ONCE IT HAS ACCUMULATED TO 25% OF THE ORIGINAL DESIGN VOLUME, OR ONCE IT HAS COVERED VEGETATION.	
INSPECT AND CORRECT EROSION PROBLEMS, DAMAGE TO VEGETATION, DAMAGE TO VEGETATION, DAMAGE TO VEGETATION, SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS ACCUMULATION INSPECT GRASS ALONG SIDE SLOPES FOR EROSION, RILLS, OR GULLIES, & CORRECT. MOW AND TIM VEGETATION TO ENSURE SAFETY, PROPER SWALE OPERATION, OR TO SUPPRESS WEEDS AND INVASIVE VEGETATION. INSPECT FOR POOLS OF STANDING WATER, DEWATER & DISCHARGE TO AN APPROVED LOCATION, RESTORE TO DESIGN GRADE. INSPECT FOR UNIFORMITY IN CROSS—SECTION & LONGITUDINAL SLOPE, CORRECT AS NEEDED. INSPECT SWALE INLET AND OUTLET FOR SIGNS OF EROSION OR BLOCKAGE, CORRECT AS NEEDED.	ANNUAL
INSPECT SWALE IMMEDIATELY AFTER SPRING MELT. REMOVE RESIDUALS AND REPLACE DAMAGED VEGETATION. IF ROADSIDE OR PARKING LOT RUNOFF IS DIRECTED TO THE SWALE, MULCHING &/OR SOIL AERATION MAY BE REQUIRED IN THE SPRING TO RESTORE SOIL STRUCTURE & MOISTURE CAPACITY & TO REDUCE THE IMPACT OF DEICING AGENTS. USE NONTOXIC, ORGANIC DEICING AGENTS. PLANT SALT TOLERANT	WINTER

TOPSOIL APPLICATION

MINIMUM DISTURBANCE AREAS - RESTRICT VEHICLE ACCESS.

GRADED AREAS SHOULD BE SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES TO PERMIT BONDING OF THE TOPSOIL TO THE SURFACE AREAS AND TO PROVIDE A ROUGHENED SURFACE TO PREVENT TOPSOIL FROM SLIDING DOWN

TOPSOIL SHOULD BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED ACROSS THE DISTURBED AREA TO A DEPTH OF 4 TO 8 INCHES MINIMUM — 2 INCHES ON FILL OUTSLOPES. SPREADING SHOULD BE DONE IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL PREPARATION OR TILLAGE. IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOIL PLACEMENT SHOULD BE AND SELECTION OF DEPRESSIONS UNLESS SUCH DEPRESSIONS ARE PART OF THE PCSM PLAN.

TOPSOIL SHOULD NOT BE PLACED WHILE THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET, OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDED PROPER TO COMPACTED SOILS SHOULD BE SCARIFIED 6 TO 12 INCHES ALONG CONTOUR WHEREVER POSSIBLE

TABLE 11.1

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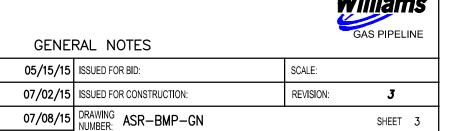
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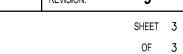
Depth (in)	Per 1,000 Square Feet	Per Acre
1	3.1	134
2	6.2	268
3	9.3	403
4	12.4	537
5	15.5	672
6	18.6	806
7	21.7	940
8	24.8	1,074

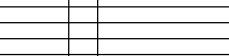
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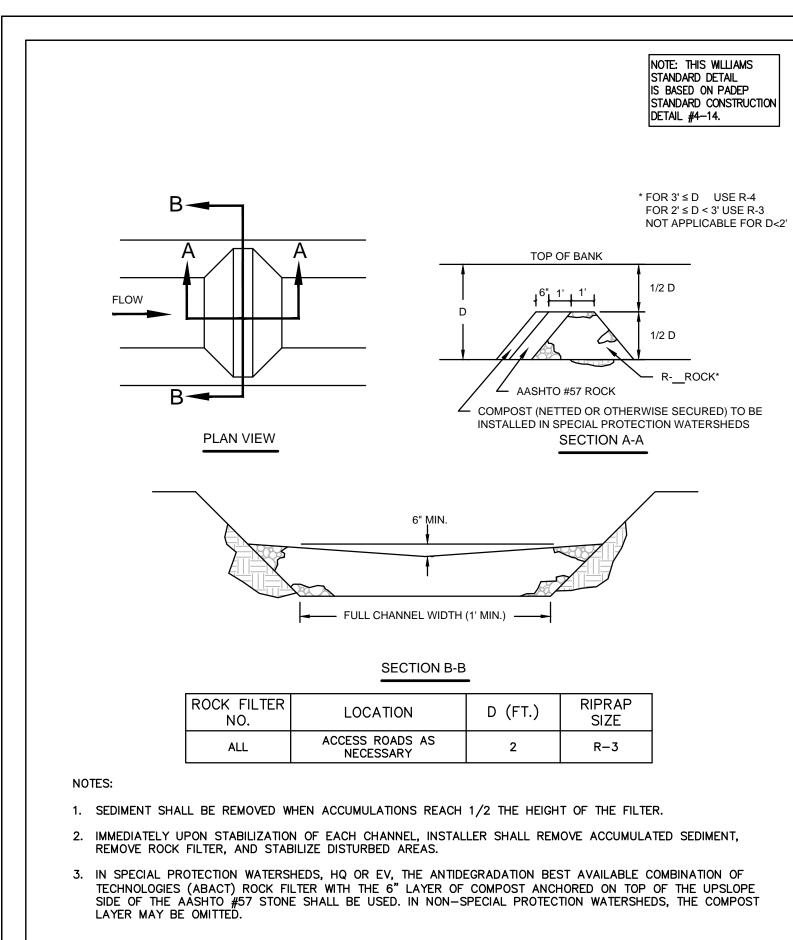
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MINION				REVISIONS	
MONWEAL	NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O.
REGISTERED	0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL	W057
PROFESSIONAL	1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W057
ANNE MARIE KING	2	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W0572
ENGINEER LA	3	April 2017	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #2	W057
PE082757					
VSVIVE					
Canado V					
KING REG NO. PE 082757 ARCHITECTURE					
ENGINEERING					

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT PENNSYLVANIA BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET GENERAL NOTES ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID:

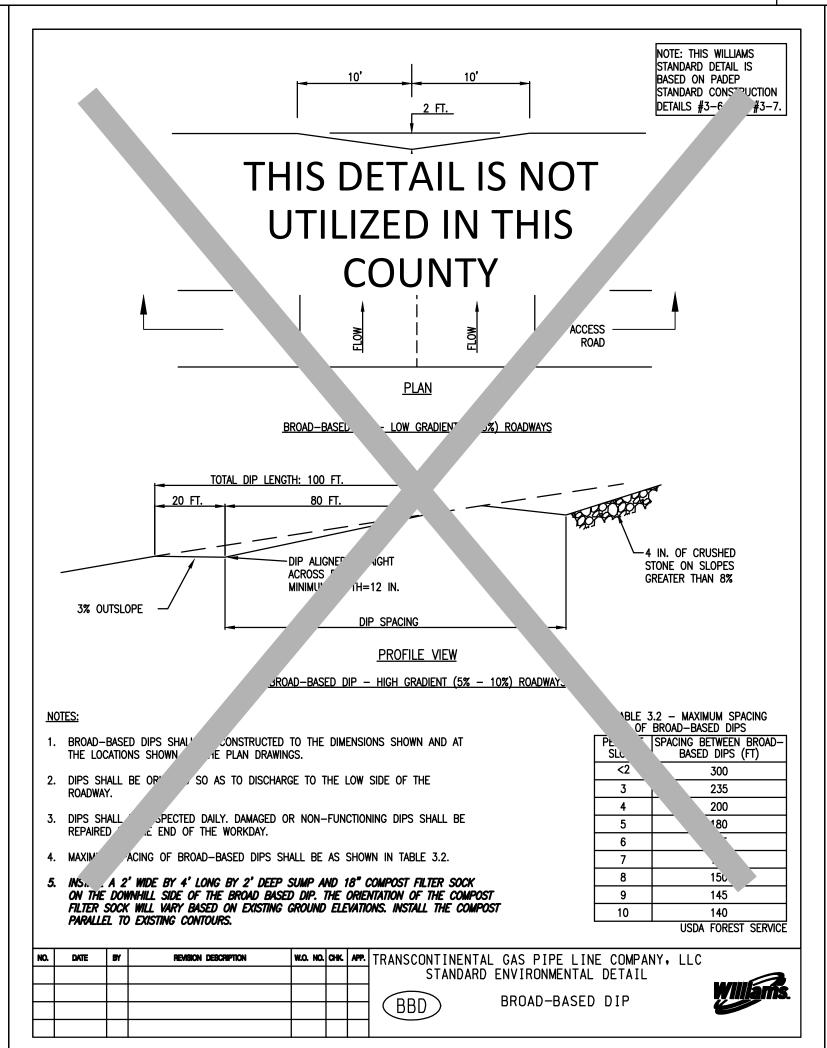


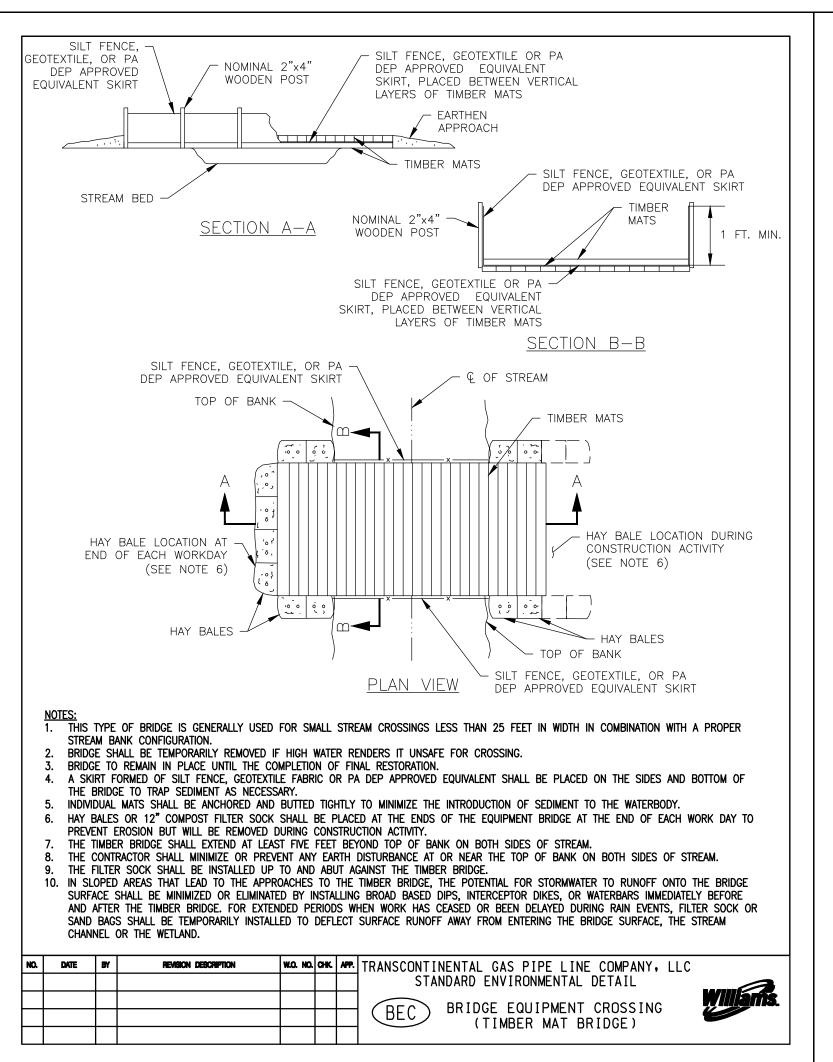


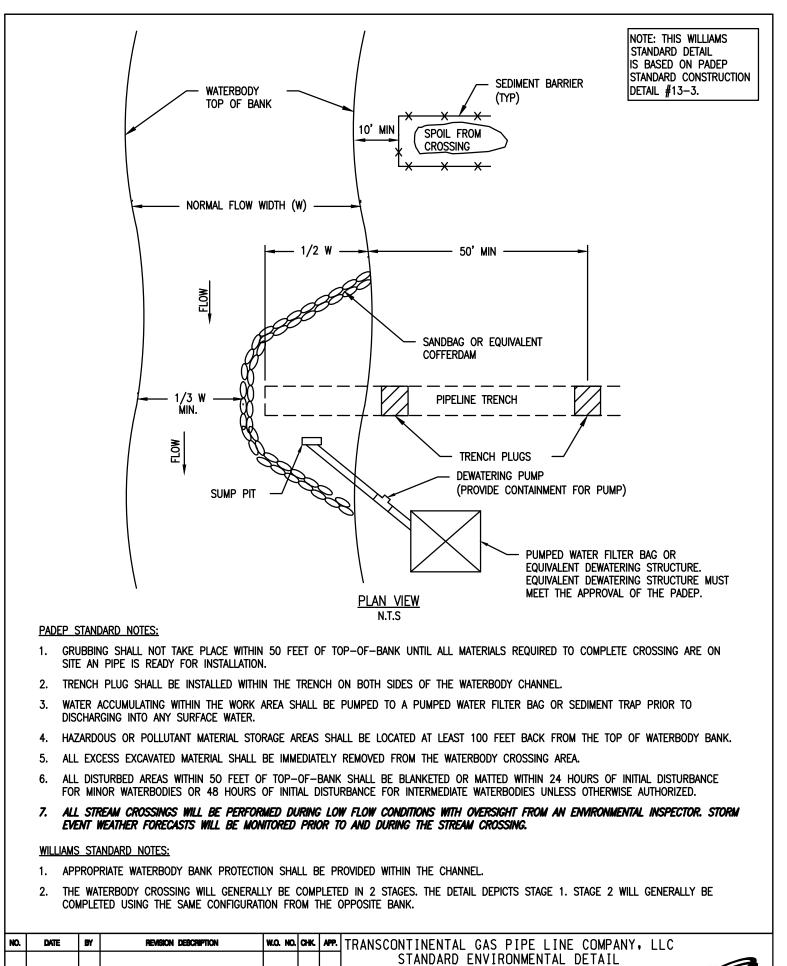




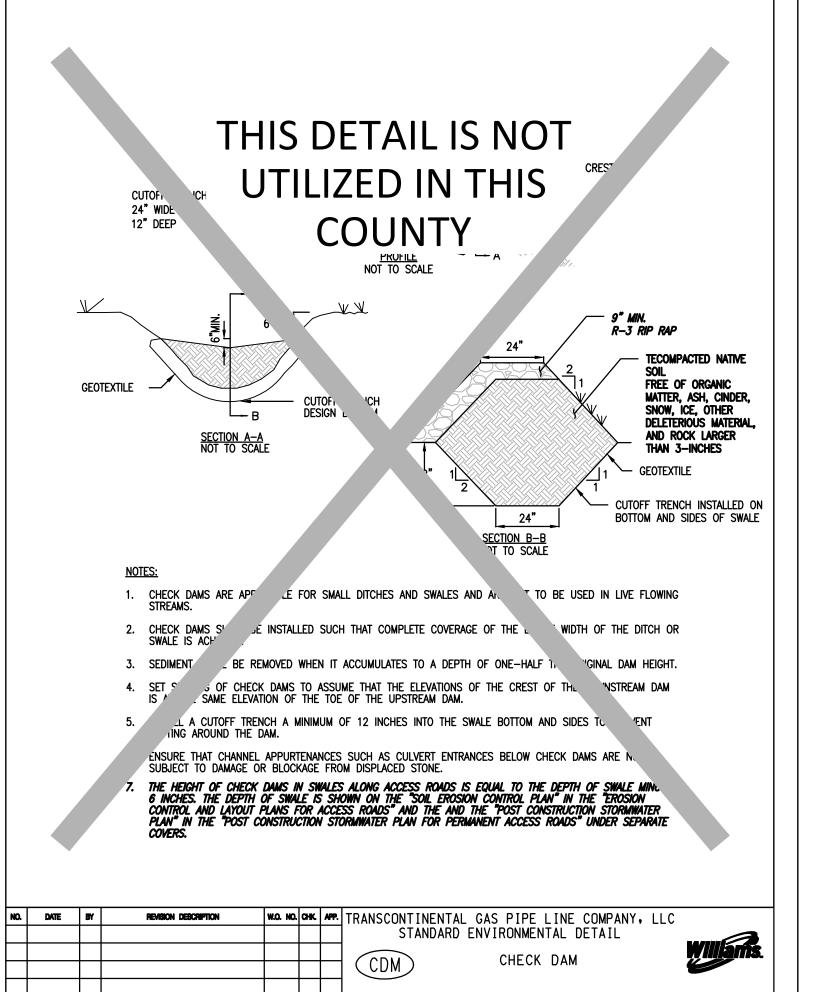
NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO	СНК	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL
							ARE ABACT ROCK FILTER
							(ARF) ABACI RUCK FILIER

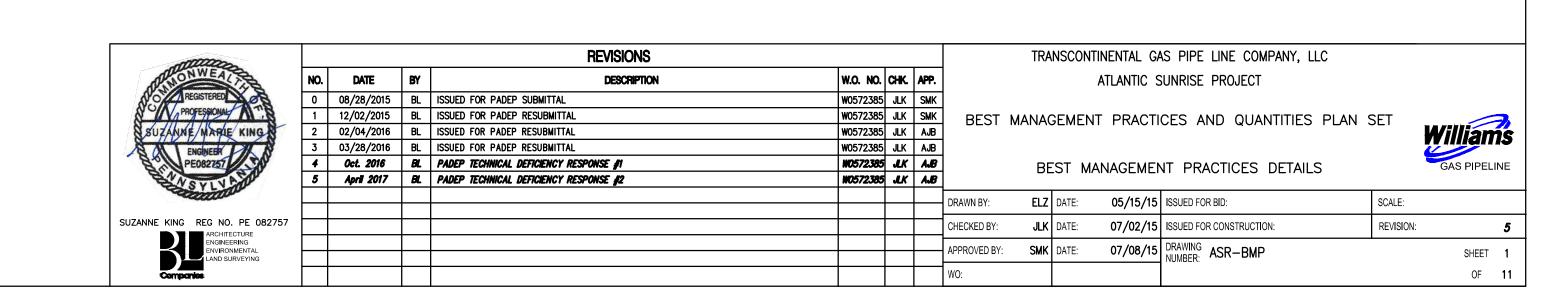




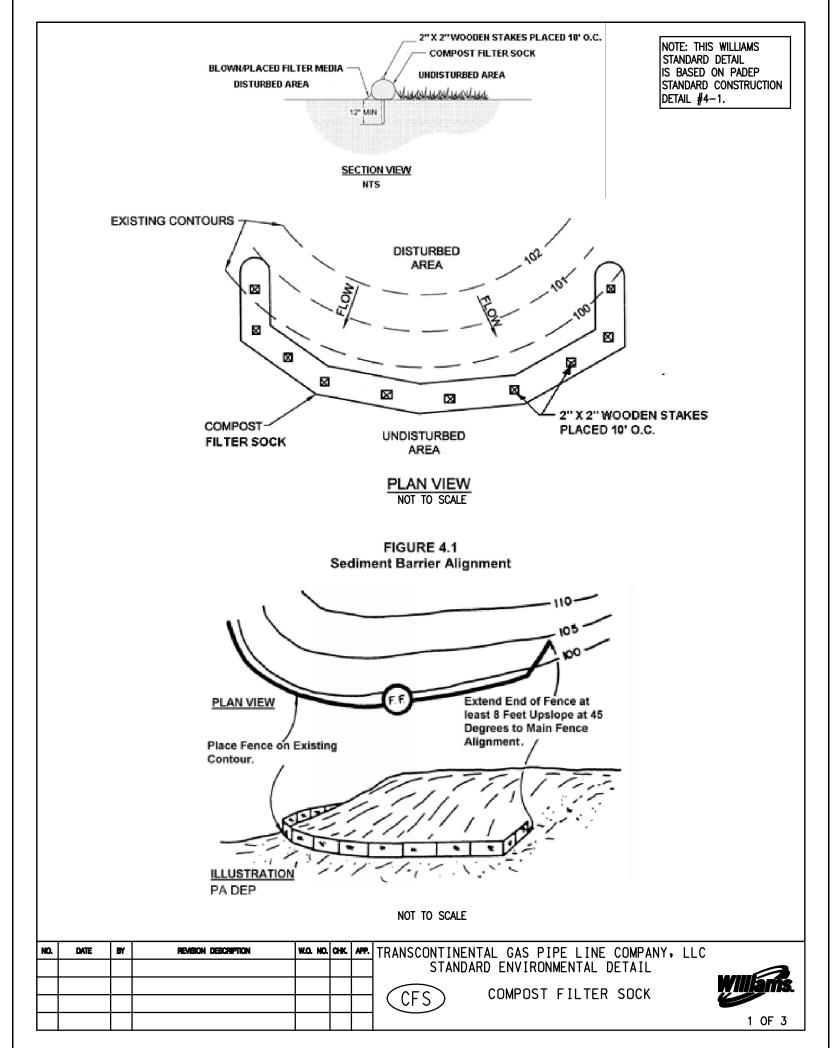


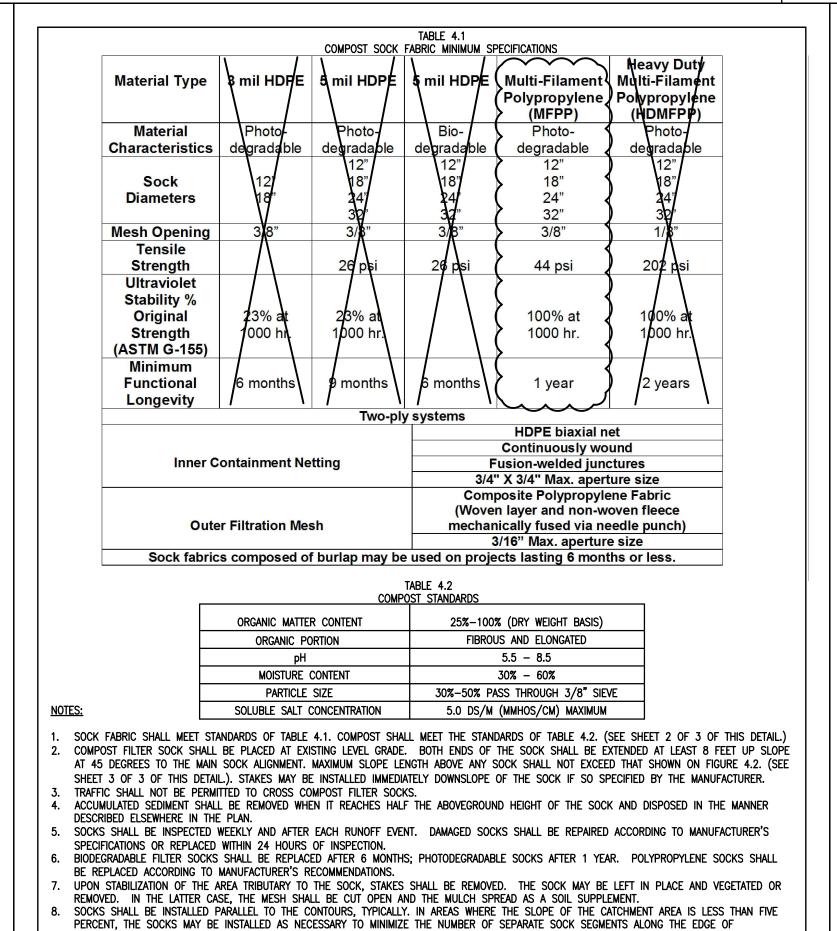
COFFERDAM STREAM CROSSING





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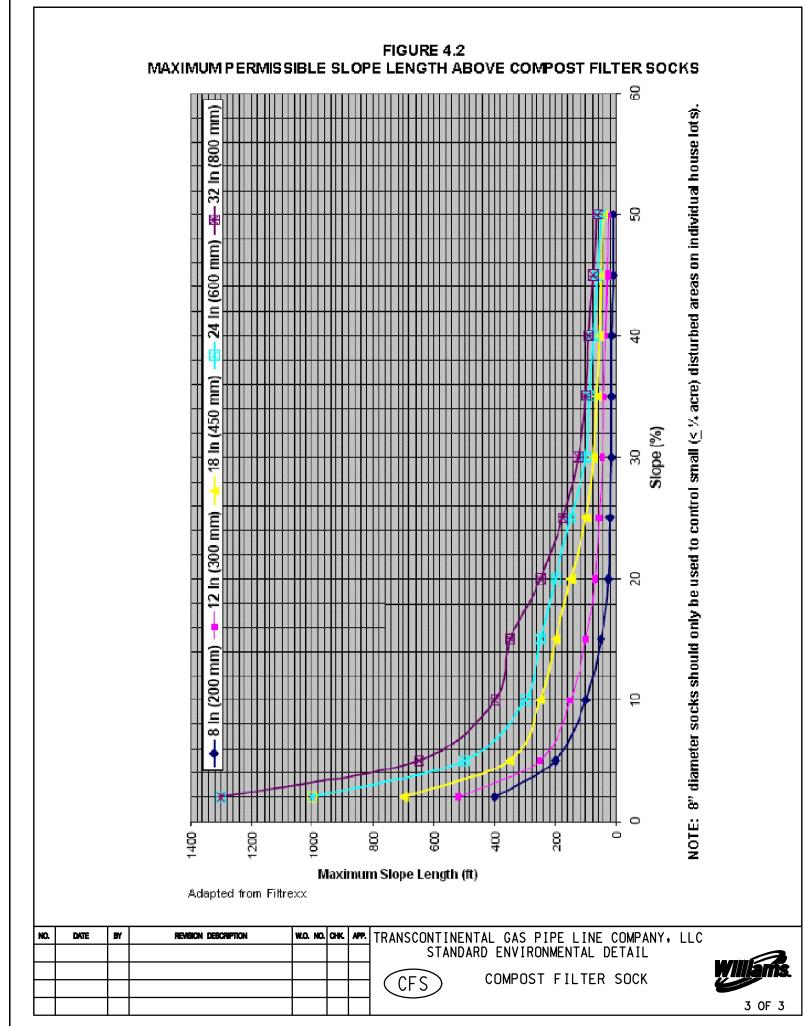


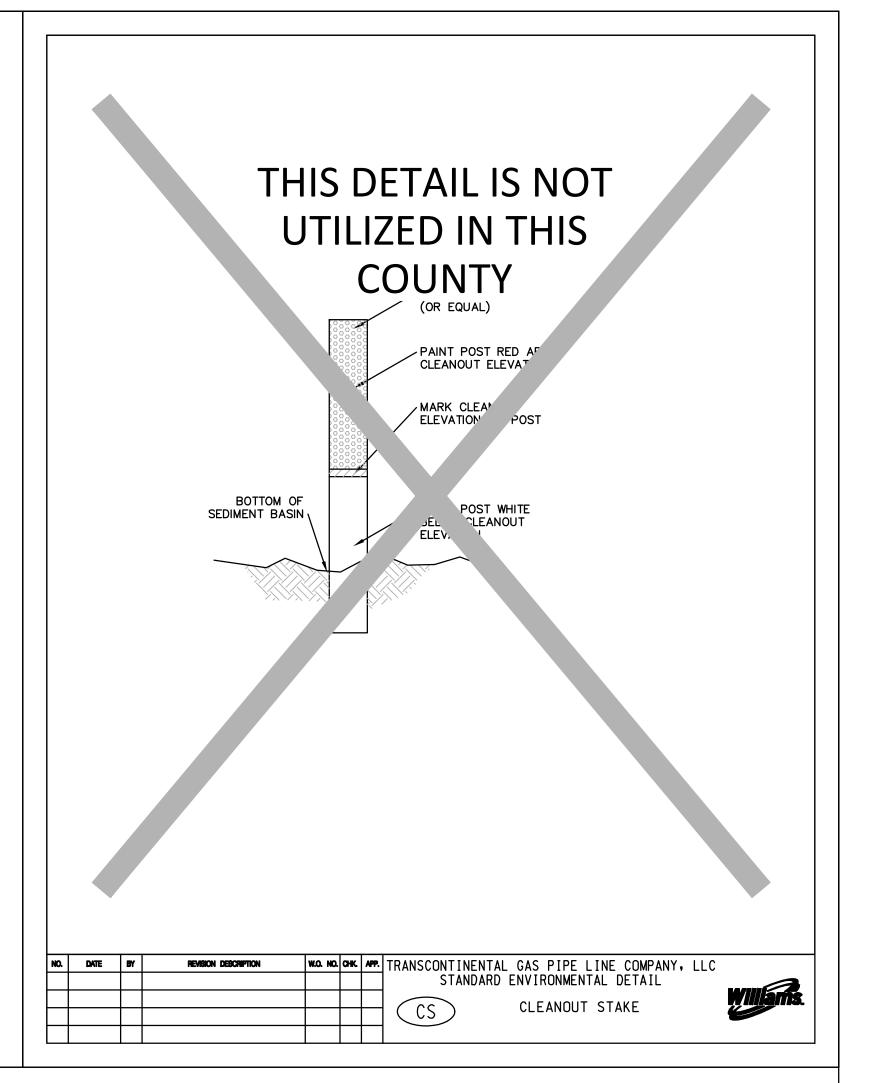


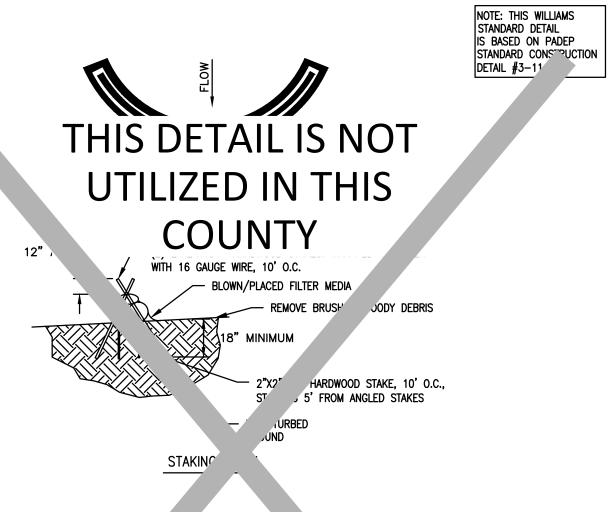
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STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL

2 OF 3







- SEE COMPOST FILTER SOCK (CFS) DETAIL FOR MORE INFORMATION. SOCK MATERIA. L. MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.1. COMPOST SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.2.
- MINIMUM TRAP HEIGHT IS ONE 24" DIAMETER S

 ADDITIONAL STORAGE MAY BE PROVIDE.

 MEANS OF AN EXCAVATED SUMP 12" DEEP ALONG THE LOWER SIDE OF THE TRAP.
- 3. THE MAXIMUM TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE ART 5.0 ACRES. SINCE COMPOST SOCKS ARE "FLOW-THK" NO SPILLWAY IS REQUIRED.
- 4. COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAPS S' JE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. SEL SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE KS.
- 5. PHOTODEGRADABLE AND BIO DABLE SOCKS SHALL NOT BE USED FOR MORE THAN 1 YEAR.
- A. COMPOST SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE SIZED TO PROVIDE 2,000 CUBIC FEET OF STORAGE CAPACITY 12" FREEBOARD FOR EACH AC ABUTARY TO THE TRAP.
 - B. MIN' JASE WIDTH IS EQUIVALENT TO THE HEIGHT.
 - C MENT ACCUMULATION SHALL NOT EXCEED 1/3 THE TOTAL HEIGHT OF THE TRAP. JOCKS SHALL BE OF LARGER DIAMETER AT THE BASE OF THE TRAP AND DECREASE IN DIAMETER FOR SUCCESSIVE LAYE.
 - INDICATED TO THE LEFT. E. ENDS OF THE TRAP SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT HIGHER IN ELEVATION THAN THE MID-SECTION, WHICH SHALL BE LOCATED AT
- THE POINT OF DISCHARGE.

10.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	CHK	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL
							CST COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP
							(CS) COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP

MPANY LLC STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL CLEAN WATER CROSSING (TEMP. LEVEL SPREADER)

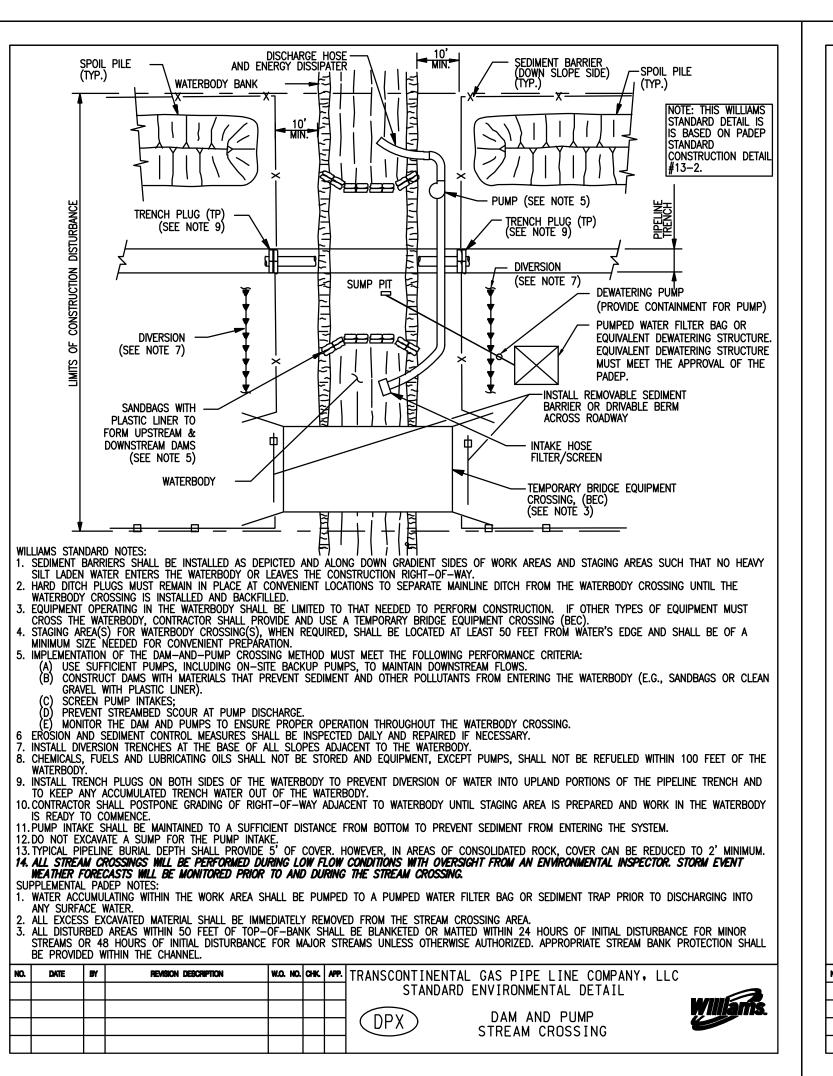


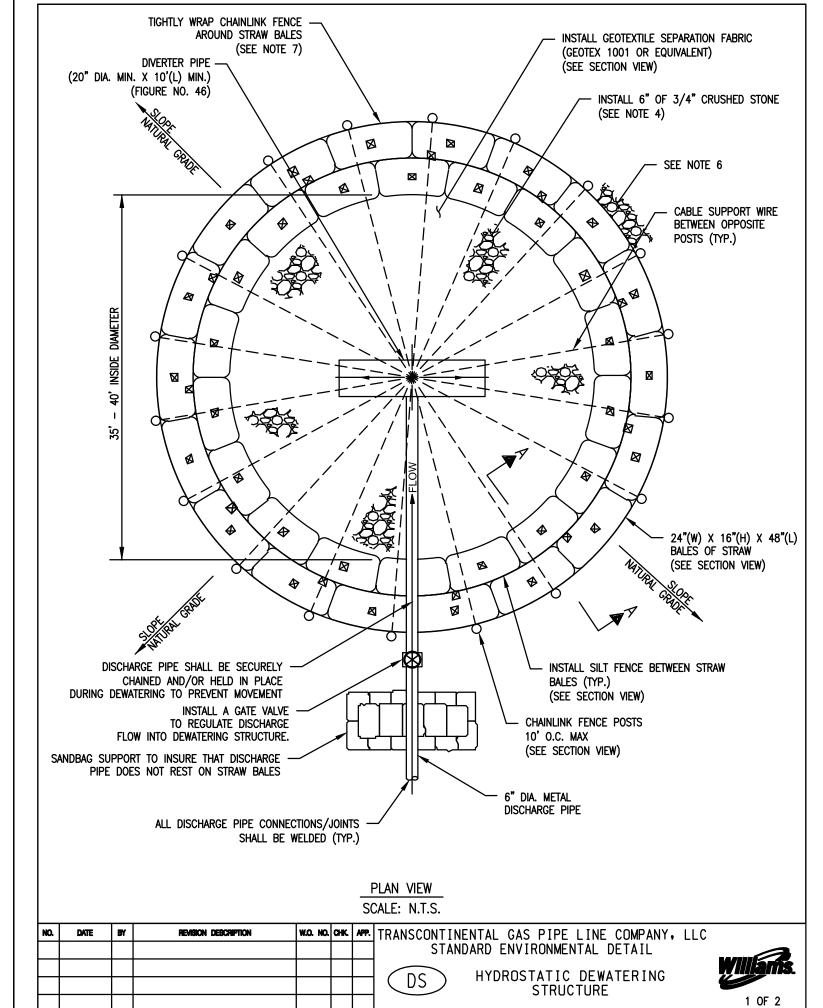
DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	снк.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY L STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	LLC
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						NTITY, CROSSING AND ACIDI	С

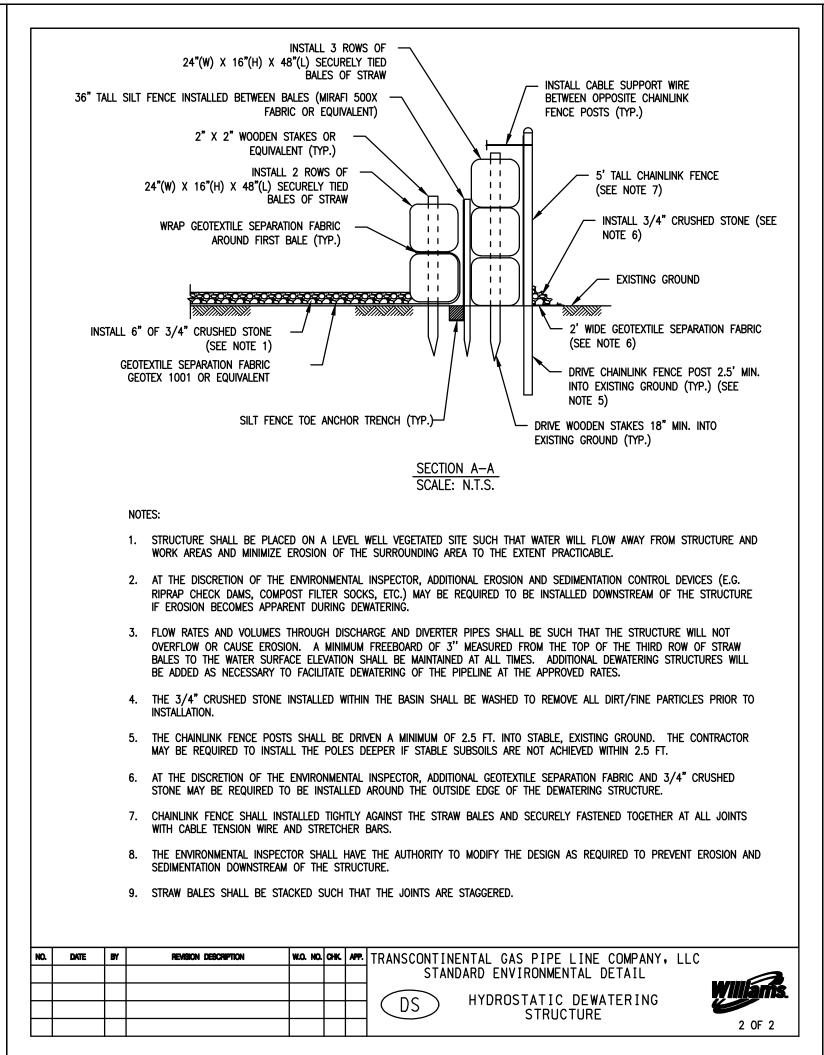
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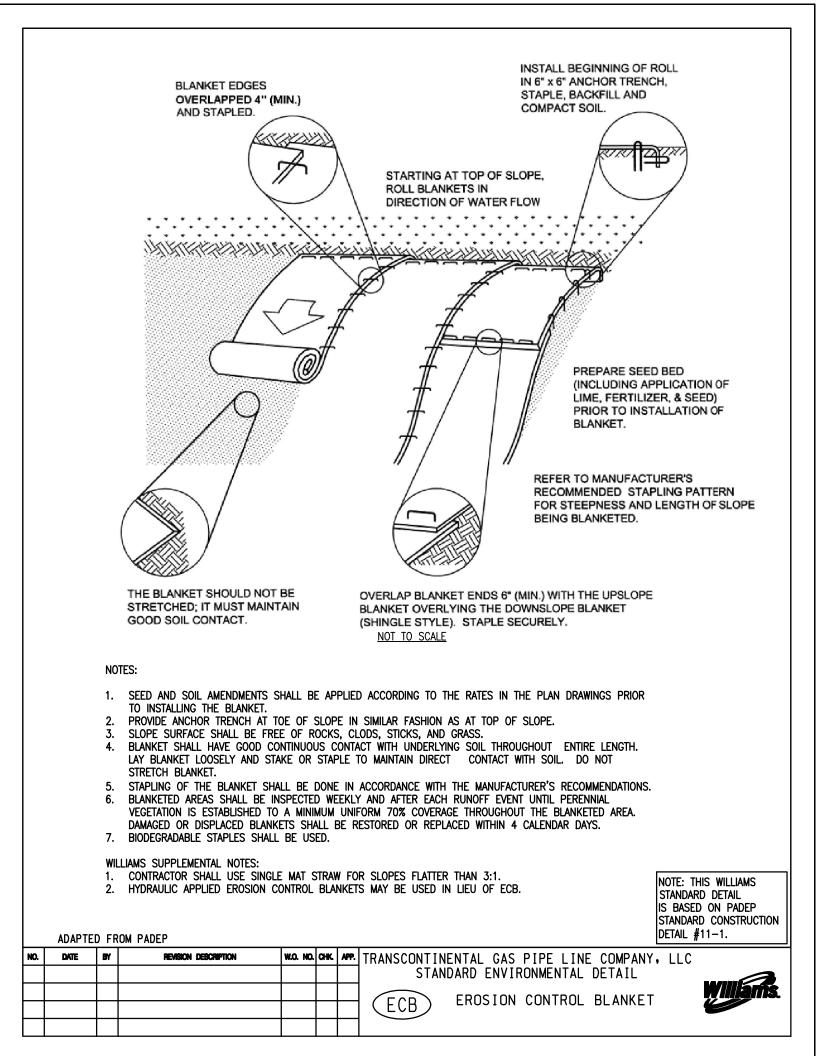
REVISION DESCRIPTION

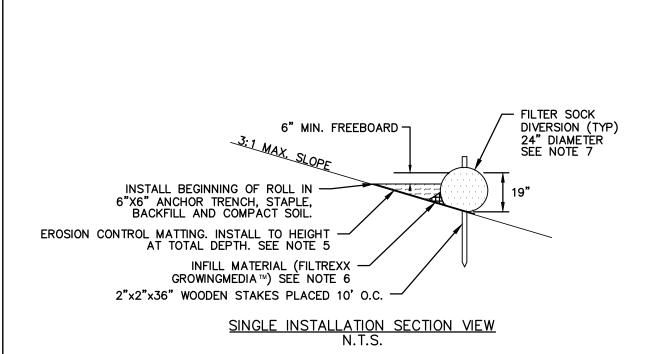
2				REVISIONS				TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC
The second	NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO	. СНК	C. APF	APP. ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT
B	0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL	W057238	5 JLK	SM	SMK
3	1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W057238	5 JLK	SM	SMK BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET
	2	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W057238	5 JLK	SM	SMK WIlliam
	3	April 2017	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #2	W057238	5 JLK	(SM	SMK
								BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DETAILS GAS PIPELIN
							_	DRAWN BY: ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID: SCALE:
	4		\vdash			+	+	CHECKED BY: JLK DATE: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: 3
								APPROVED BY: SMK DATE: 07/08/15 DRAWING NUMBER: ASR-BMP SHEET
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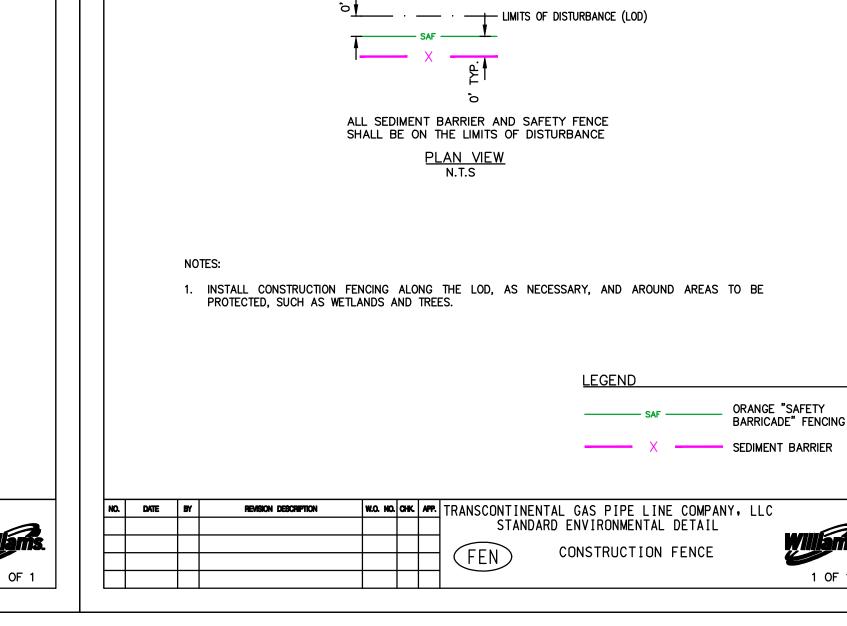


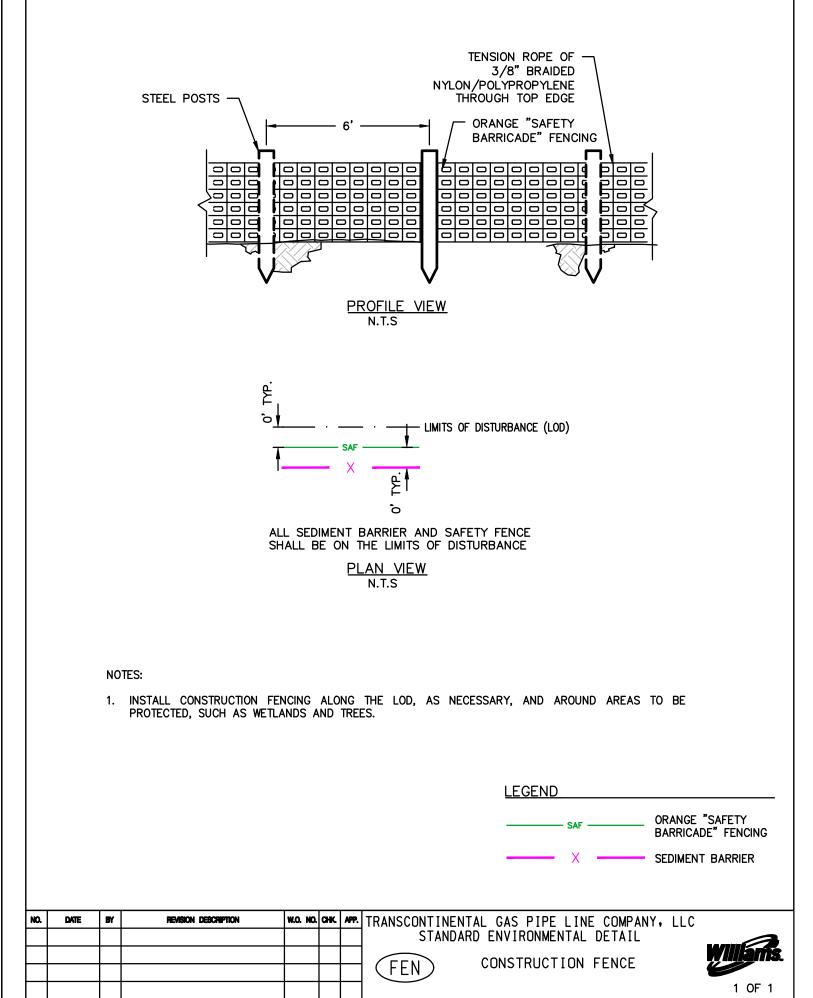


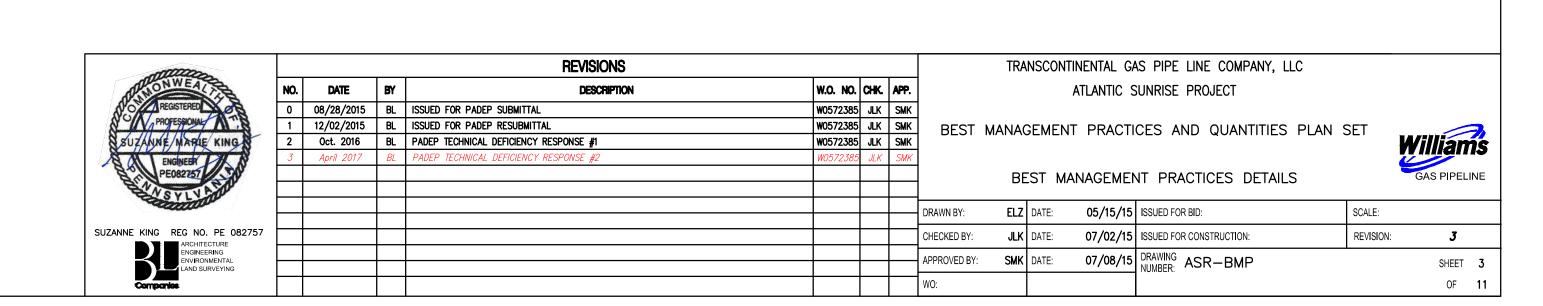


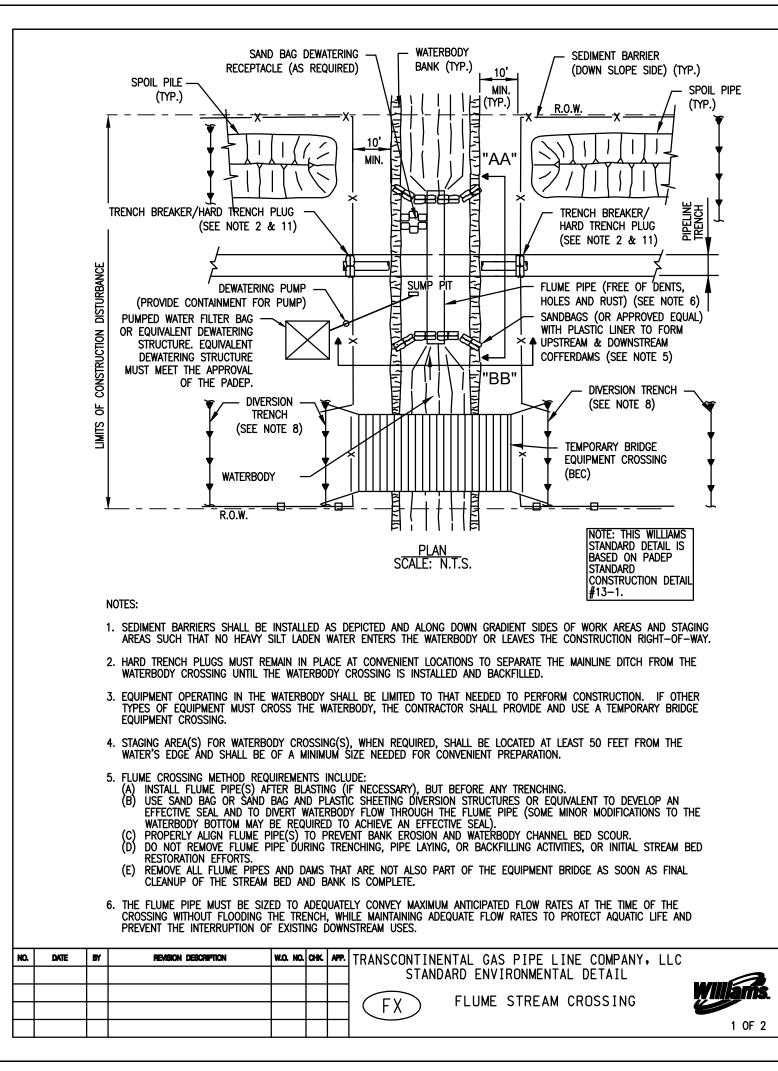
- 1. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION WHEN ACCUMULATION HAS REACHED 1/2 OF THE EFFECTIVE HEIGHT OF THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION. SEDIMENT SHALL ALSO BE REMOVED DURING INSTALLATION OF FINAL STABILIZATION MEASURES (E.G. EROSION CONTROL MATTING, SEEDING, MULCHING, ETC.) TO LIMIT POTENTIAL DISTURBANCE FROM CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT WHILE VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHING.
- 2. SLOPES GREATER THAN 5% MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL STABILIZATION PRACTICES AS DETERMINED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.
- 3. THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL BE FILLED WITH FILTREXX GROWINGMEDIA™ OR APPROVED EQUAL AND SEEDED AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION. SOIL OR AND MAY BE ADDED TO THE GROWINGMEDIA™ TO ADD WIGHT AND BALLAST TO THE RUNOFF DIVERSION.
- 4. IF UNDERMINING IS OBSERVED CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN GROWING MEDIA PACKING AT TOE OF FILTER SOCK DIVERSION.
- 5. EROSION CONTROL MATTING INSTALLED UNDER AND ADJACENT TO THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION FOR ACCESS ROADS SHALL BE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN C-125™ OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT AND SEEDED AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION. REFER TO TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION OF THIS PLAN SET FOR THE REQUIRED NORTH AMERICAN GREEN (OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT) LINING ASSOCIATED WITH THE PIPELINE FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS. REFER TO THE EROSION CONTROL BLANKET DETAIL (ECB) ON PAGE 3 FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL MATTING.
- 6. INFILL MATERIAL (FILTREXX GROWINGMEDIA™ OR APPROVED EQUAL) SHALL BE MODIFIED TO REDUCE PERMEABILITY AND PROMOTE VEGETATIVE GROWTH IN ACCORDANCE WITH BMP REQUIREMENTS. THE GROWINGMEDIA™ SHALL BE DISPERSED ON SITE OR THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE THE DISTURBED AREA HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED OR AS DETERMINED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.
- 7. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE HEIGHT OF A 24" FILTER SOCK IS 19", THEREFORE TOTAL DEPTH IS ALSO 19". EFFECTIVE HEIGHT MINUS FREEBOARD (6") SHOULD NOT EXCEED 13".
- 8. EROSION CONTROL MATTING SHOULD NOT EXTEND UPHILL PAST THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE.

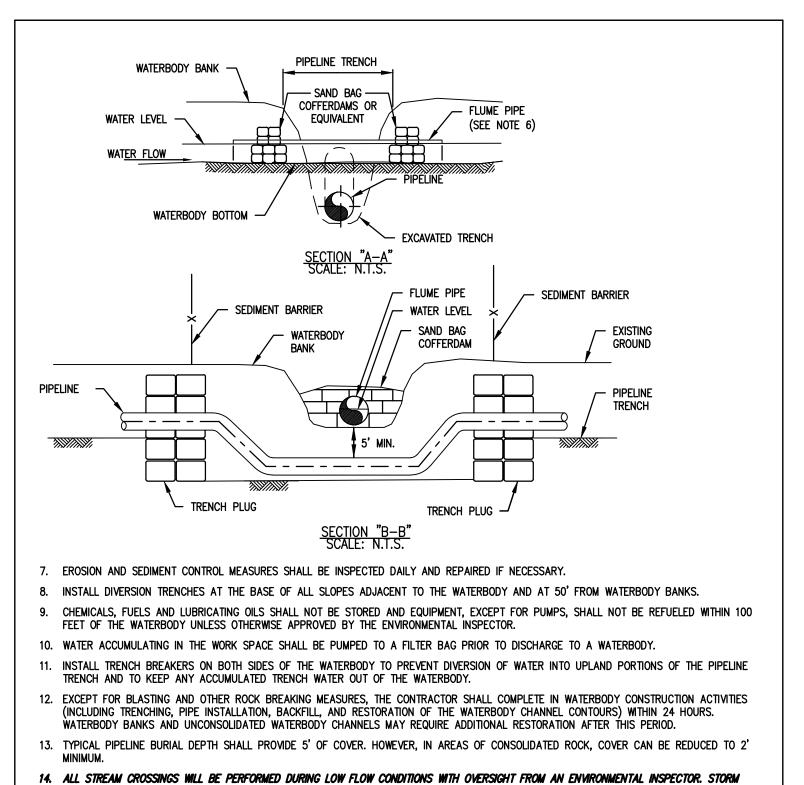
DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	CHK.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY,
						STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL
						FILTER SOCK DIVERSION
						FD TIETER SOCK DIVERSION











1. WATER ACCUMULATING WITHIN THE WORK AREA SHALL BE PUMPED TO A PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG OR SEDIMENT TRAP PRIOR TO DISCHARGING

3. ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN 50 FEET OF TOP-OF-BANK SHALL BE BLANKETED OR MATTED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE FOR

MINOR STREAMS OR 48 HOURS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE FOR MAJOR STREAMS UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED. APPROPRIATE STREAM BANK

| W.O. NO. | CHK | APP. | TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL

FLUME STREAM CROSSING

(SECTIONS)

2 OF 2

EVENT WEATHER FORECASTS WILL BE MONITORED PRIOR TO AND DURING THE STREAM CROSSING.

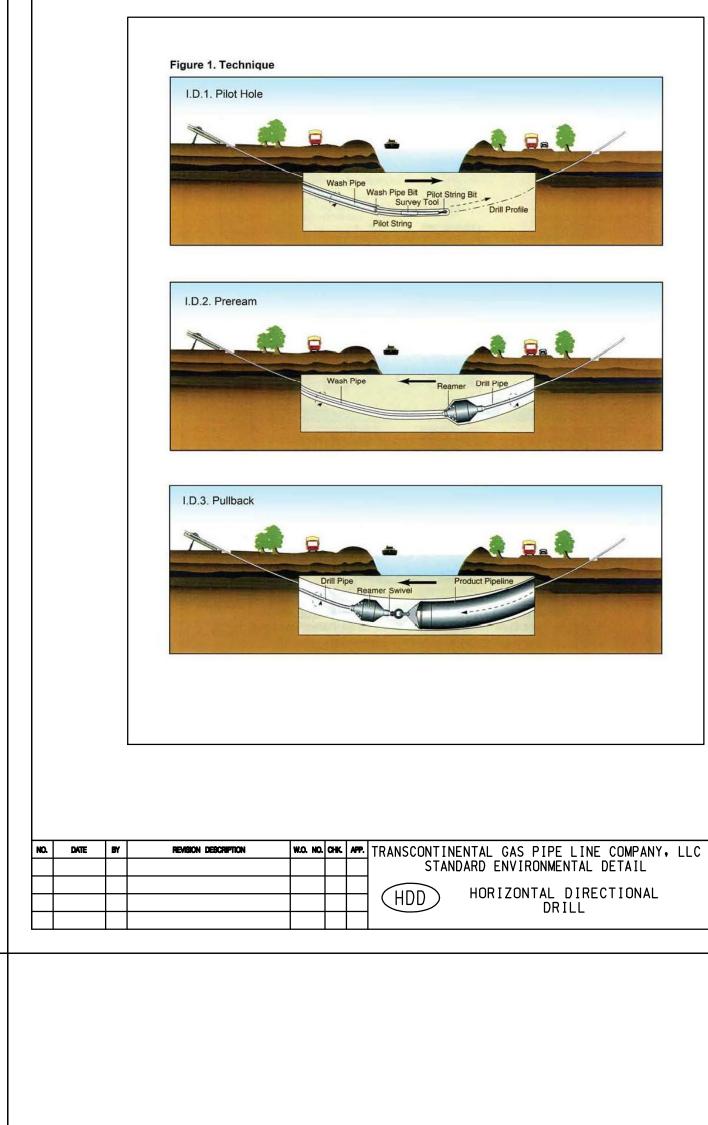
2. ALL EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM THE STREAM CROSSING AREA.

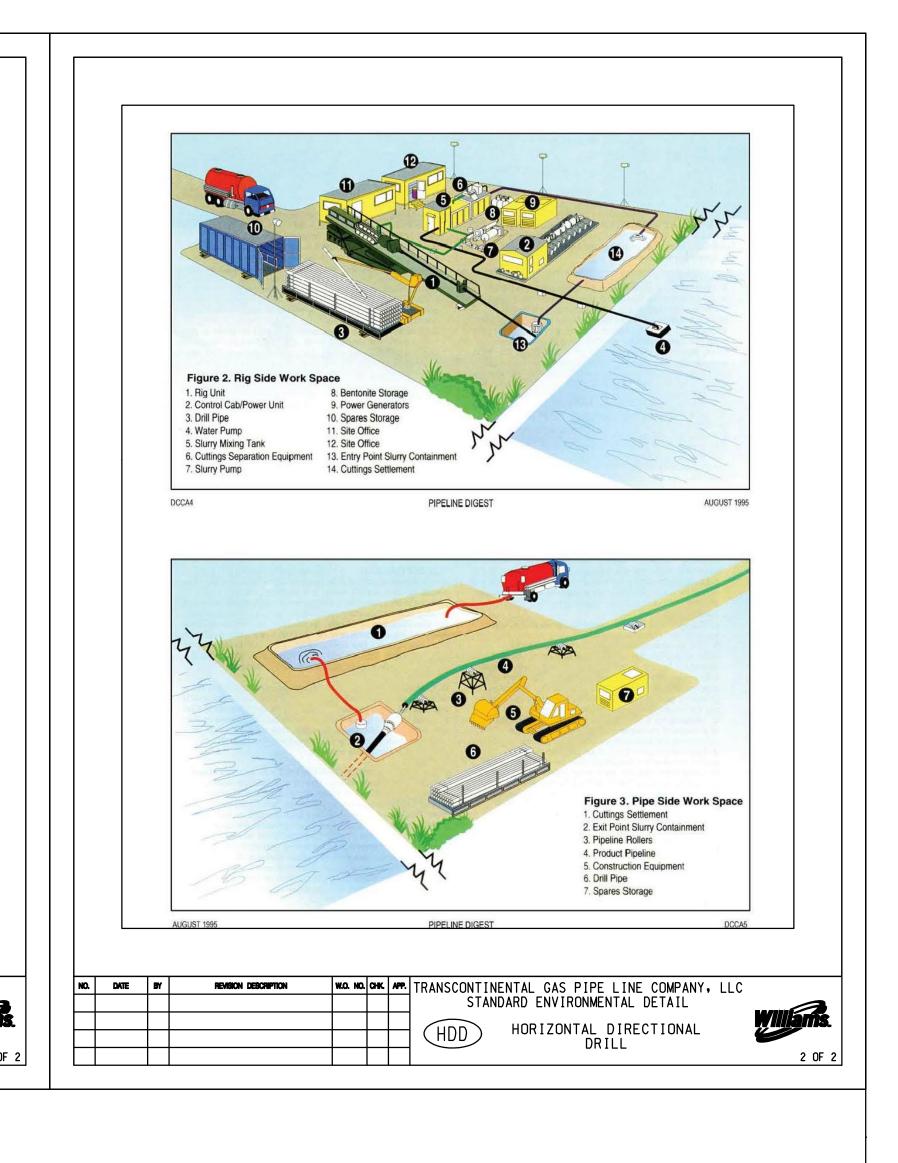
SUPPLEMENTAL PADEP NOTES:

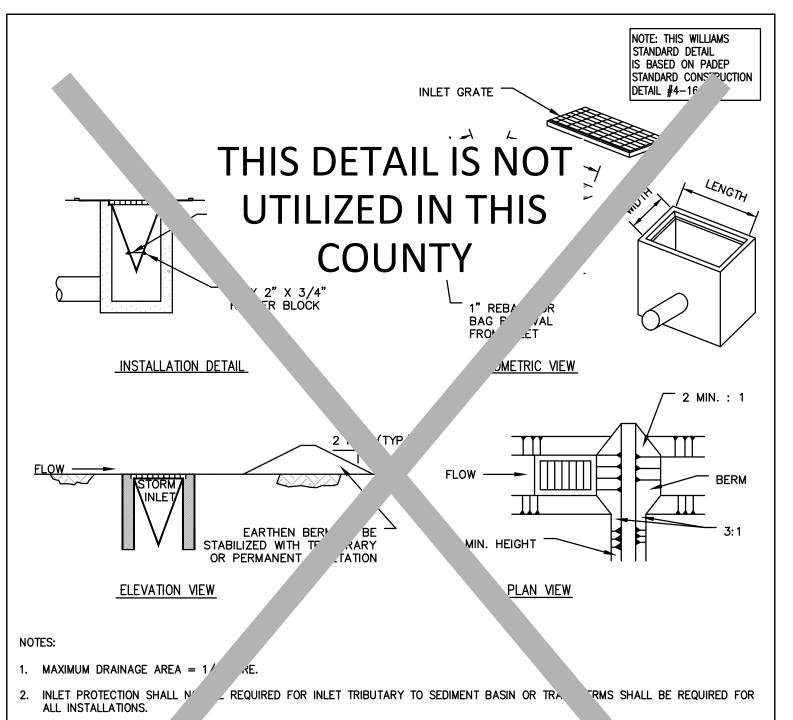
NO. DATE BY

PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE CHANNEL.

REVISION DESCRIPTION







3. ROLLED EARTHEN BEP ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBB. FERM SHALL BE

MAINTAINED UNTIL F AY IS PAVED. EARTHEN BERM IN CHANNEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERM. 'T STABILIZATION IS

4. AT A MINIMUM __ FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS, A MINIMUM BURS __ PENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A JUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPINU PARTICLES

RINS A REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING ON ASSING

OF BAGS. ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS

OF INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLA ... NT

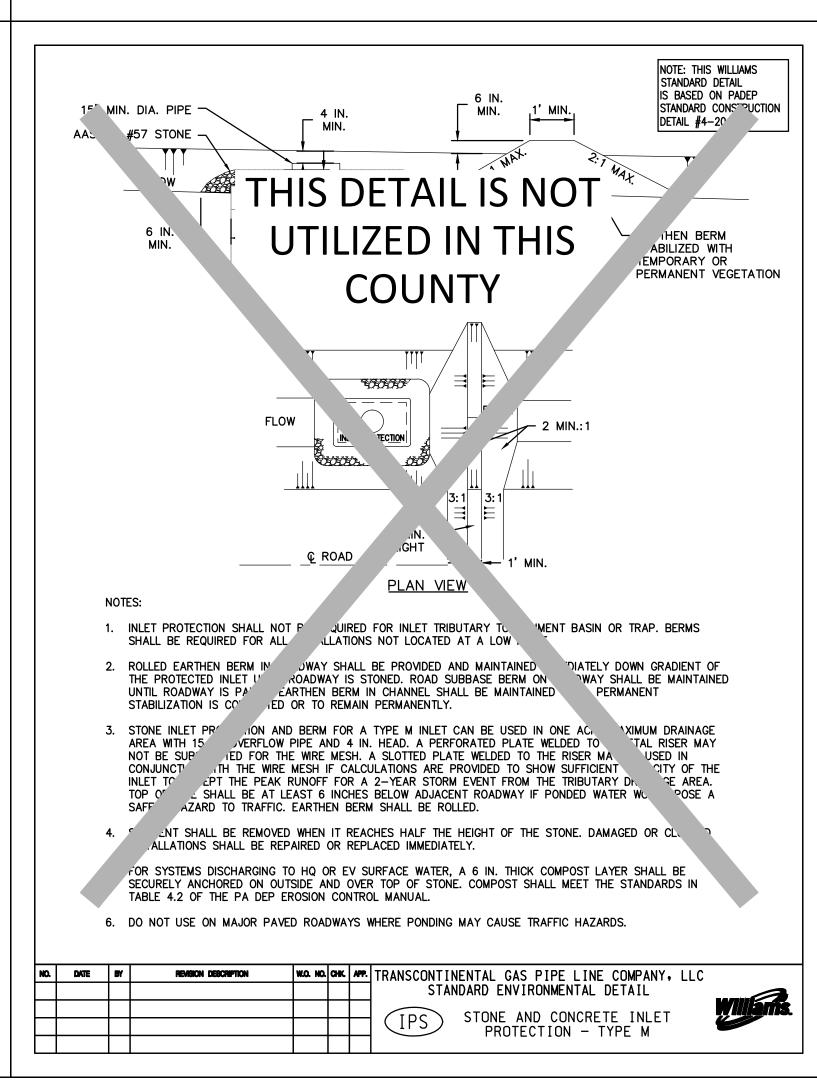
R BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EM. AND

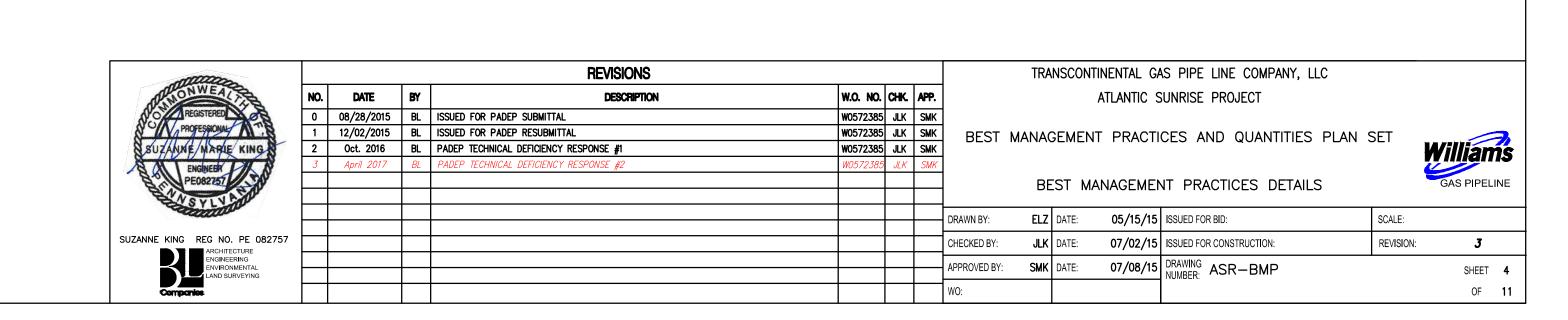
W.O. NO. CHK APP. TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

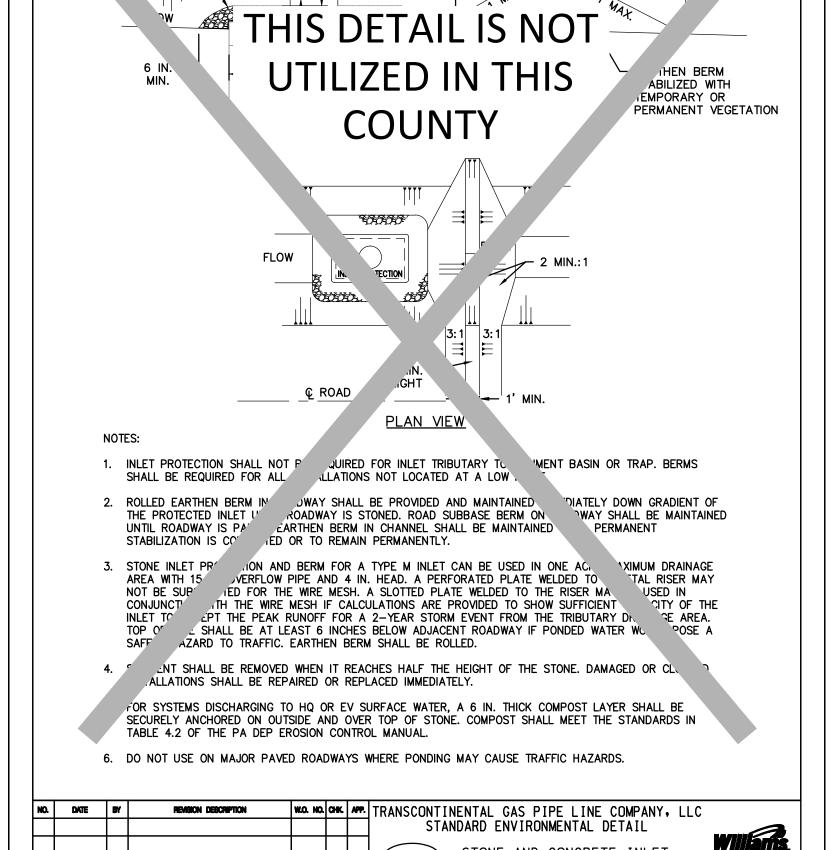
STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL

FILTER BAG INLET

PROTECTION - TYPE M





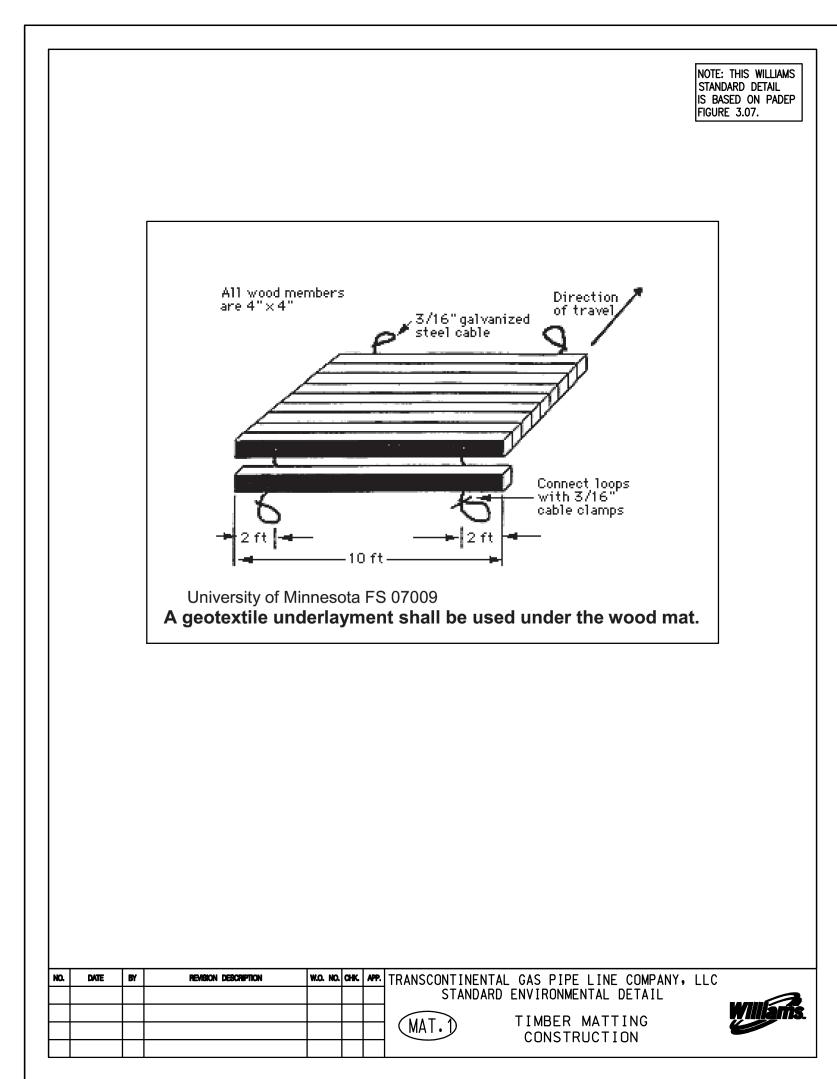


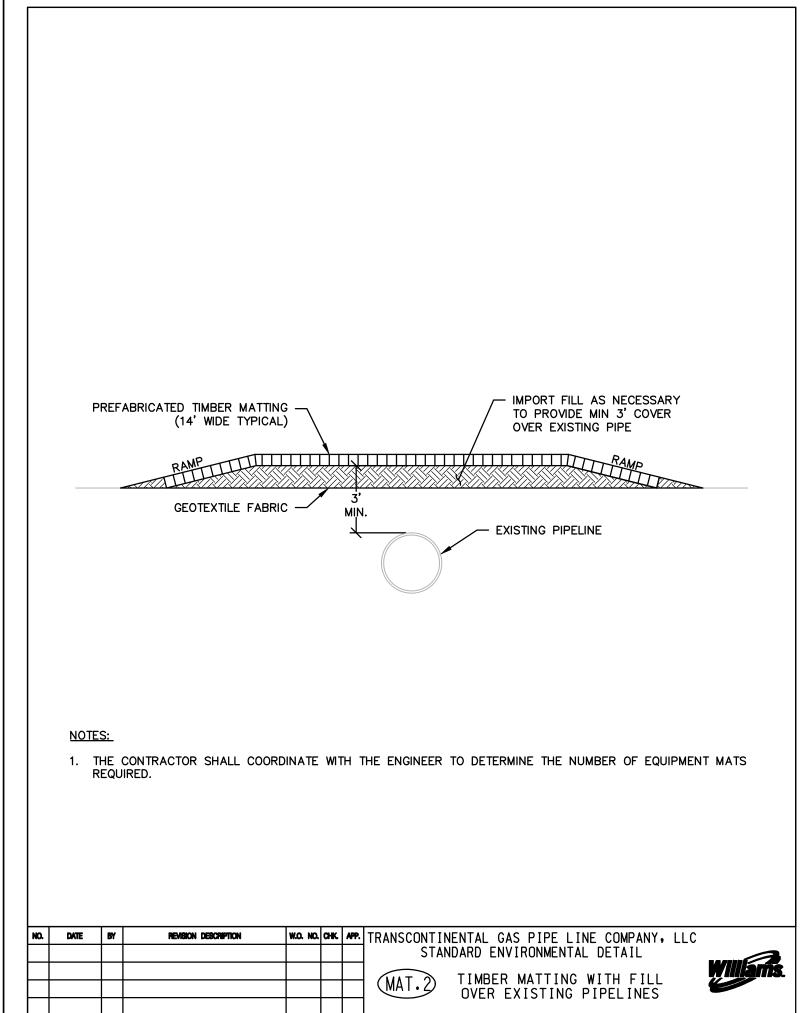
COMPLETED OR RF PERMANENTLY.

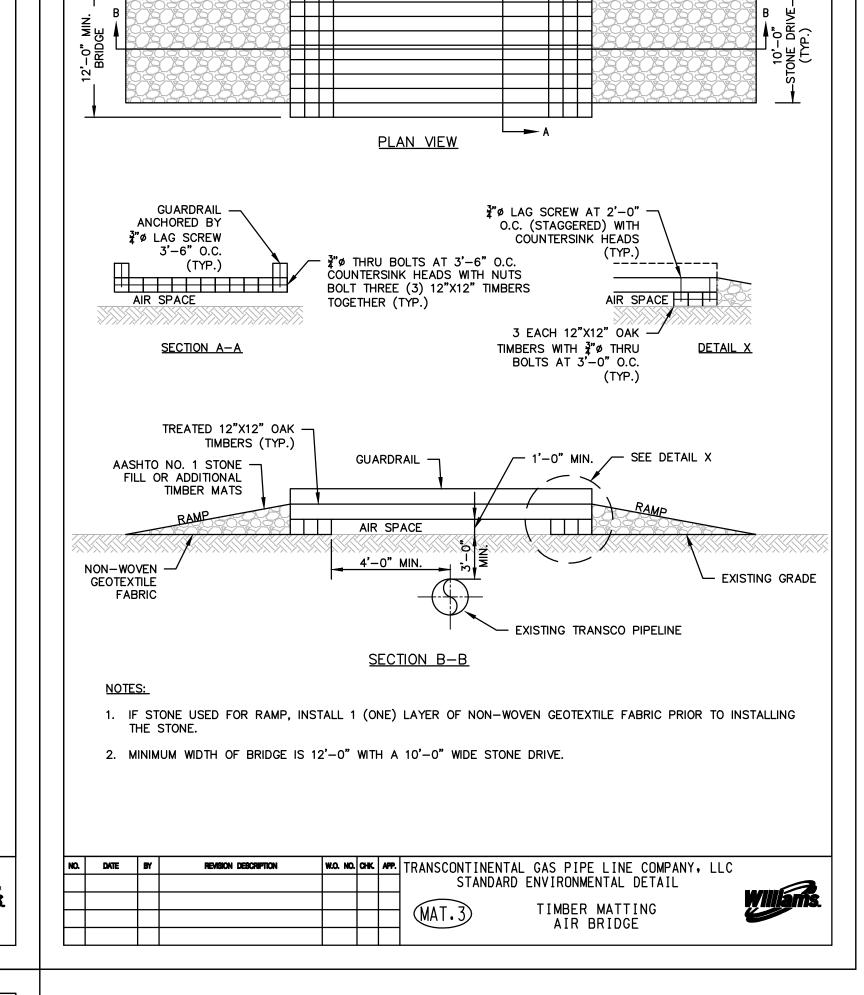
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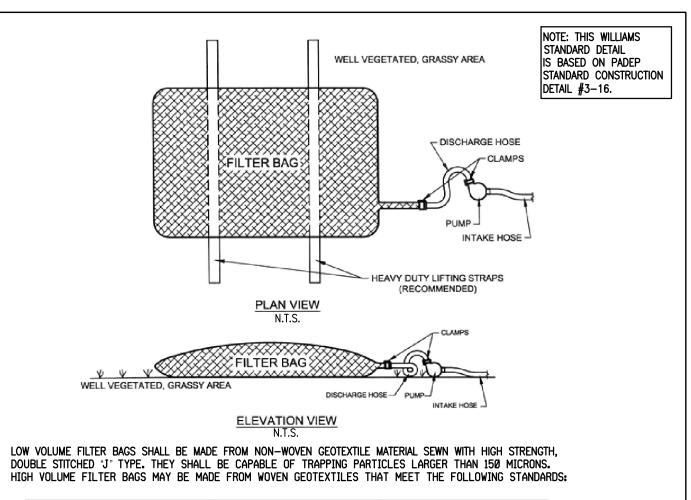
WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES.

6. DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.









PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%

ASTM D-4751 80 SIEVE A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES MUST BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS TO BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.

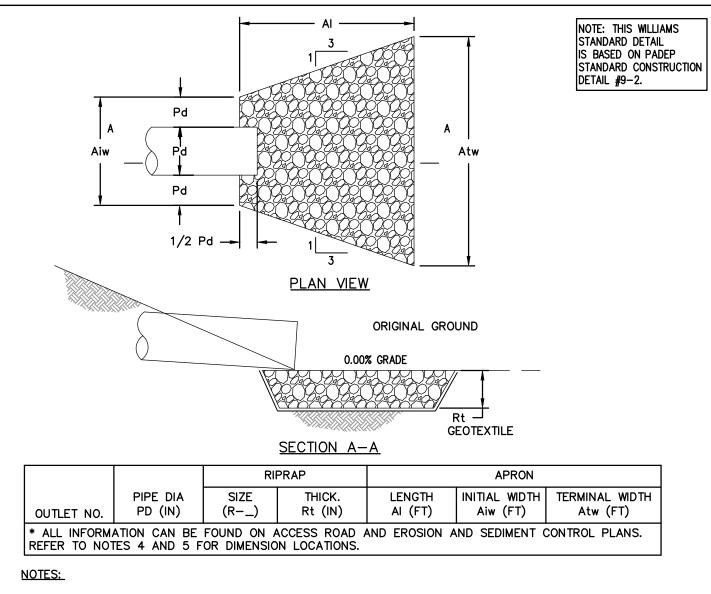
BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS.

NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE. THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A

PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE. THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR ½ THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.

FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.

| W.O. NO. | CHK | APP. | TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC NO. DATE BY REVISION DESCRIPTION STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL PWB PUMP WATER FILTER BAG



1. ALL APRONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. TERMINAL WIDTHS SHALL BE ADJUSTED AS NECESSARY TO MATCH RECEIVING CHANNELS.

2. ALL APRONS SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE APRON SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.

3. EXTEND RIPRAP ON BACK SIDE OF APRON TO AT LEAST 1/2 DEPTH OF PIPE ON BOTH SIDES TO PREVENT

SCOUR AROUND THE PIPE. 4. FOR APRONS ON ACCESS ROADS, THE DIMENSIONS FOR THE APRONS ARE GIVEN AS FOLLOWS: L \times D \times W/W

WHERE: L = LENGTH OF APRON OR "AI" AS SHOWN IN THE PLAN VIEW ABOVE D = DEPTH OF RIP RAP OR "Rt" AS SHOWN IN THE SECTION ABOVE W/W = WIDTH OF SHORT END OF APRON/WIDTH OF LONG END OF APRON OR "Aiw"/"Atw" AS

SHOWN IN THE PLAN VIEW ABOVE 5. FOR APRON ON SWALES AND FLUME CROSSINGS, THE DIMENSIONS FOR THE APRONS ARE AS FOLLOWS: DIMENSIONS LOCATED ON TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION SUMMARY:

a. RIP RAP SIZE (R-_) UNDER WATERBODY b. APRON INITIAL WIDTH AND TERMINAL WIDTH IS TWO (2) FEET FOR FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS AND SWALES.

c. RIP RAP THICKNESS (Rt) d. APRON LENGTH (AI)

NO. DATE BY

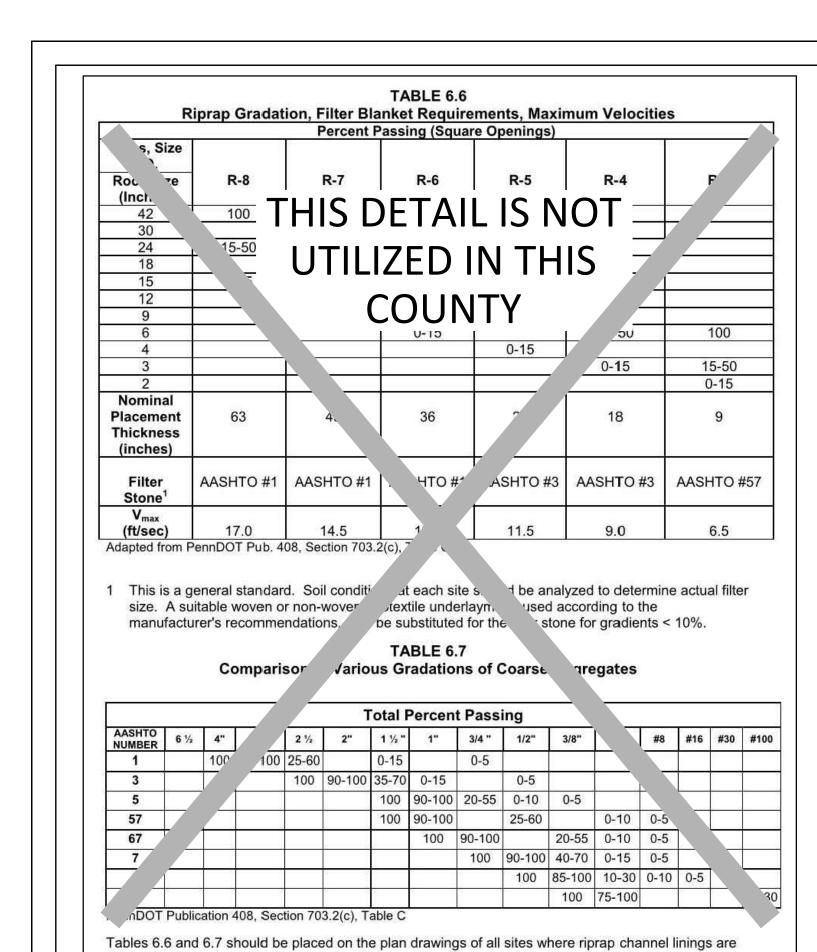
| W.O. NO. | CHK | APP. | TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC REVISION DESCRIPTION

STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL RAO RIP RAP APRON AT PIPE OUTLET WITHOUT FLARED END SECTION



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DETAILS ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID: JLK DATE: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: 3

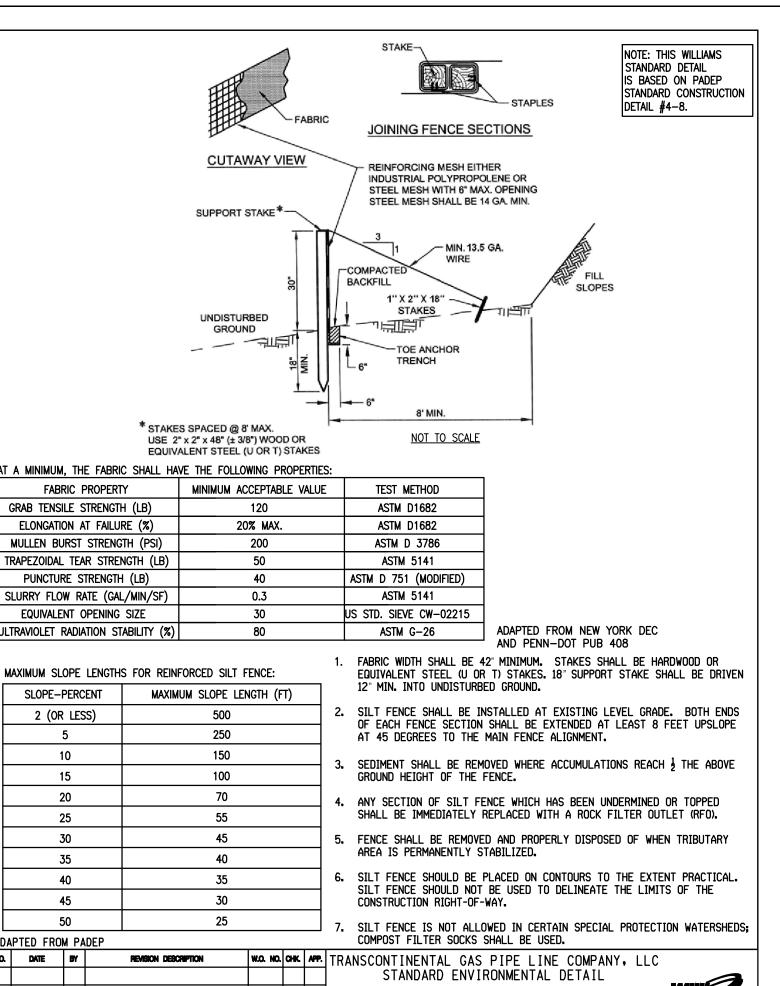
REVISIONS TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC DATE BY W.O. NO. CHK. APP. ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT 0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL | W0572385 | JLK | SMK | 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL W0572385 JLK SMK BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1 | W0572385 | JLK | SMK | CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY: SMK DATE: 07/08/15 DRAWING NUMBER: ASR-BMP



proposed.

REVISION DESCRIPTION

DATE BY



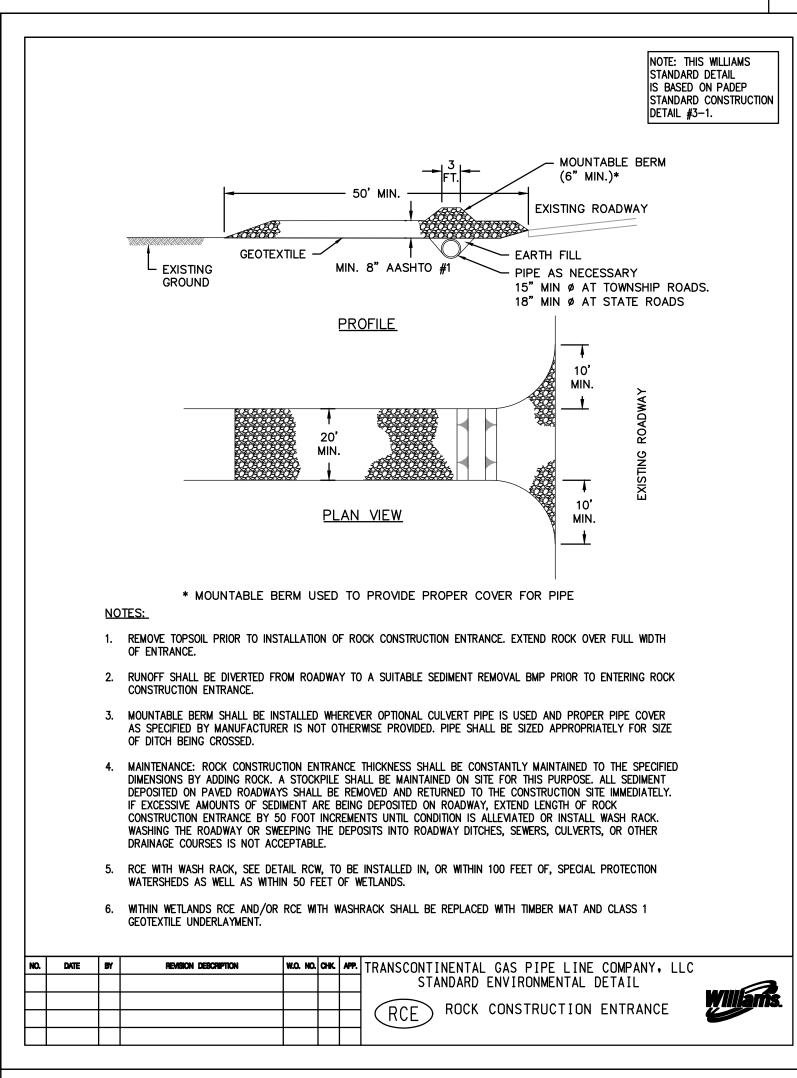
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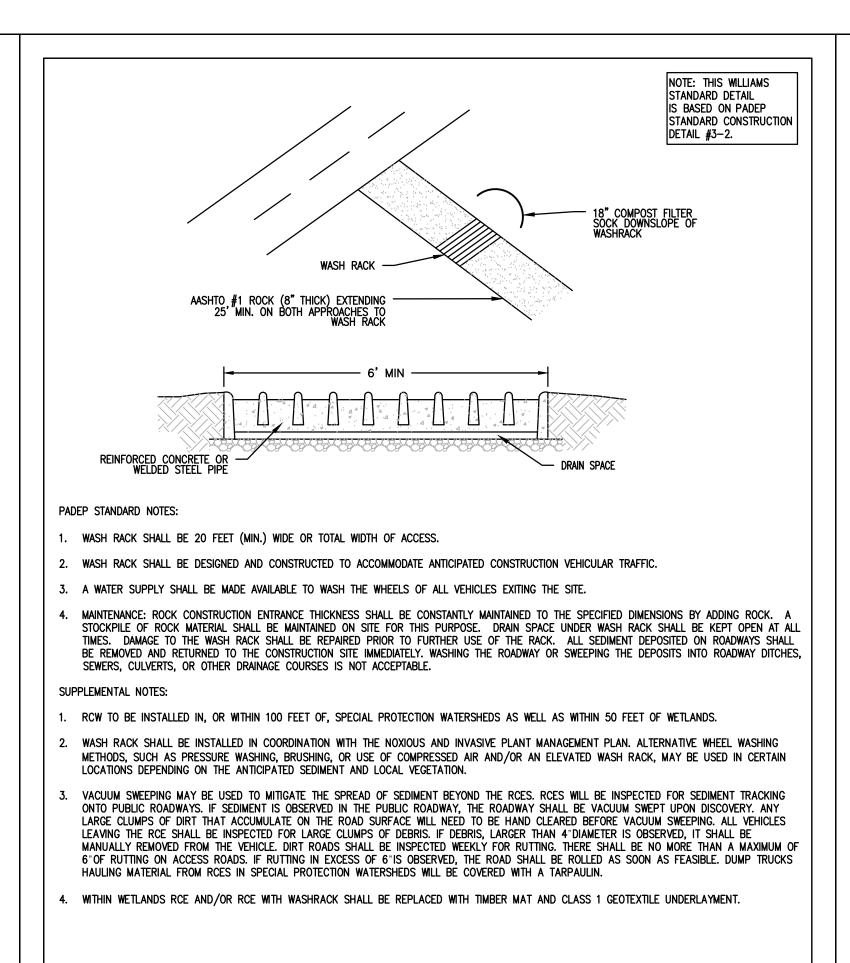
RAP

STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL

RIP RAP GRADATION

REINFORCED SILT FENCE (30" HIGH)





W.O. NO. CHK APP. TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

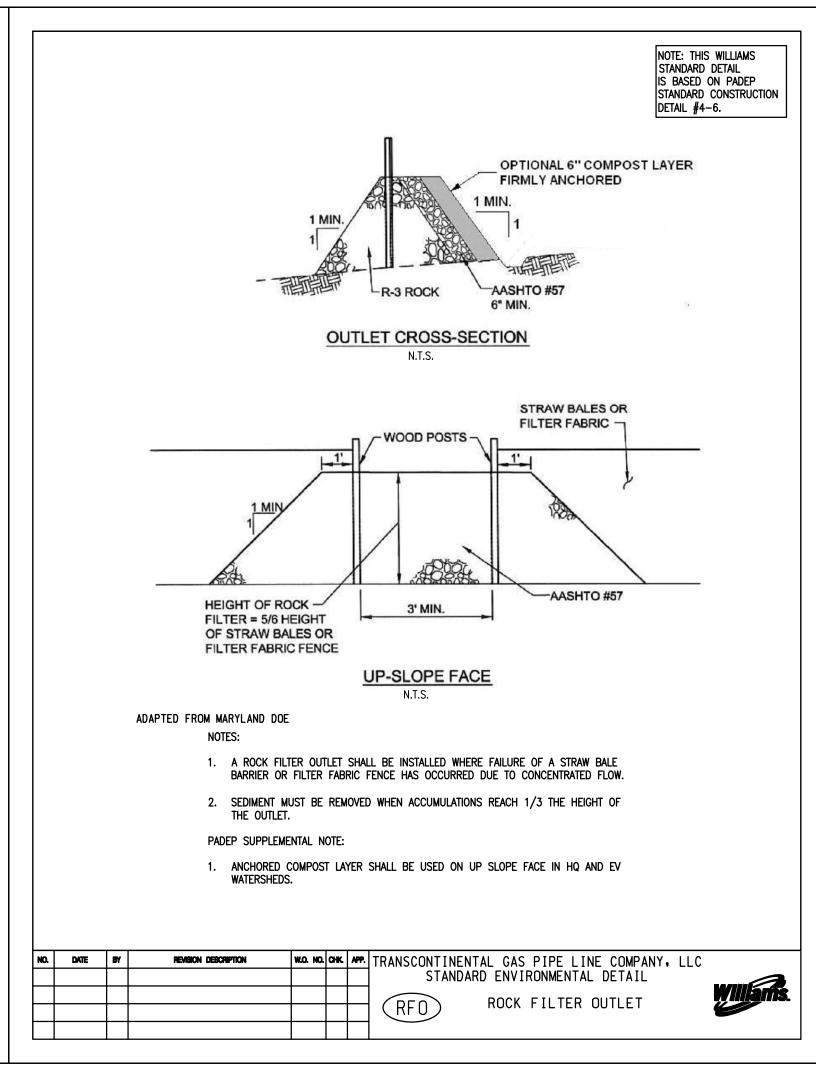
STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL

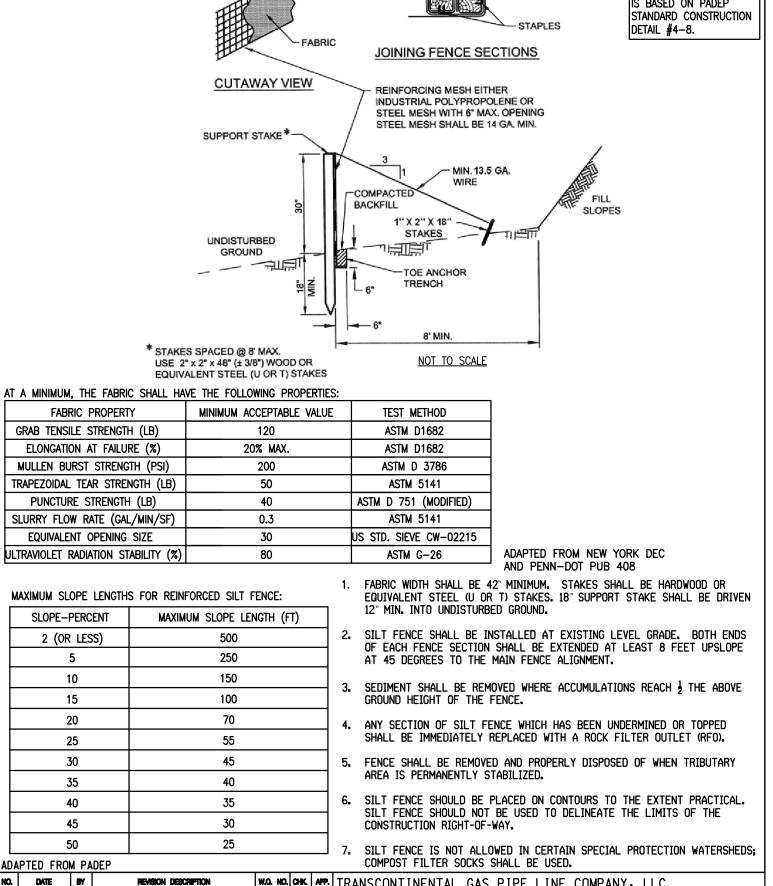
ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

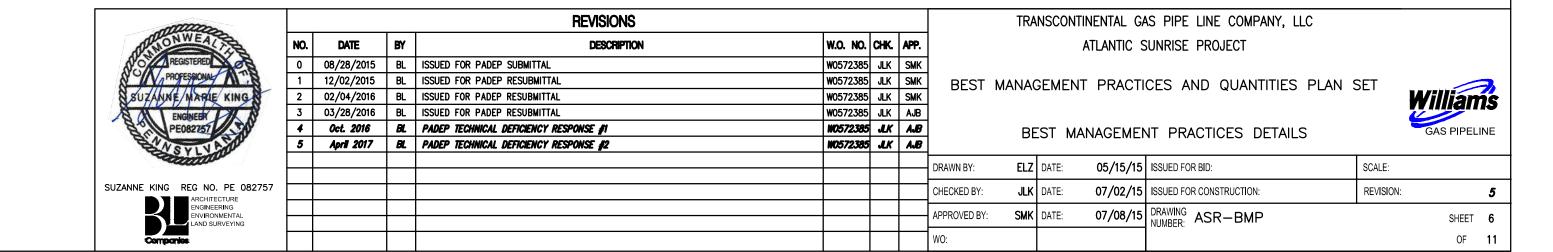
WITH WASH RACK

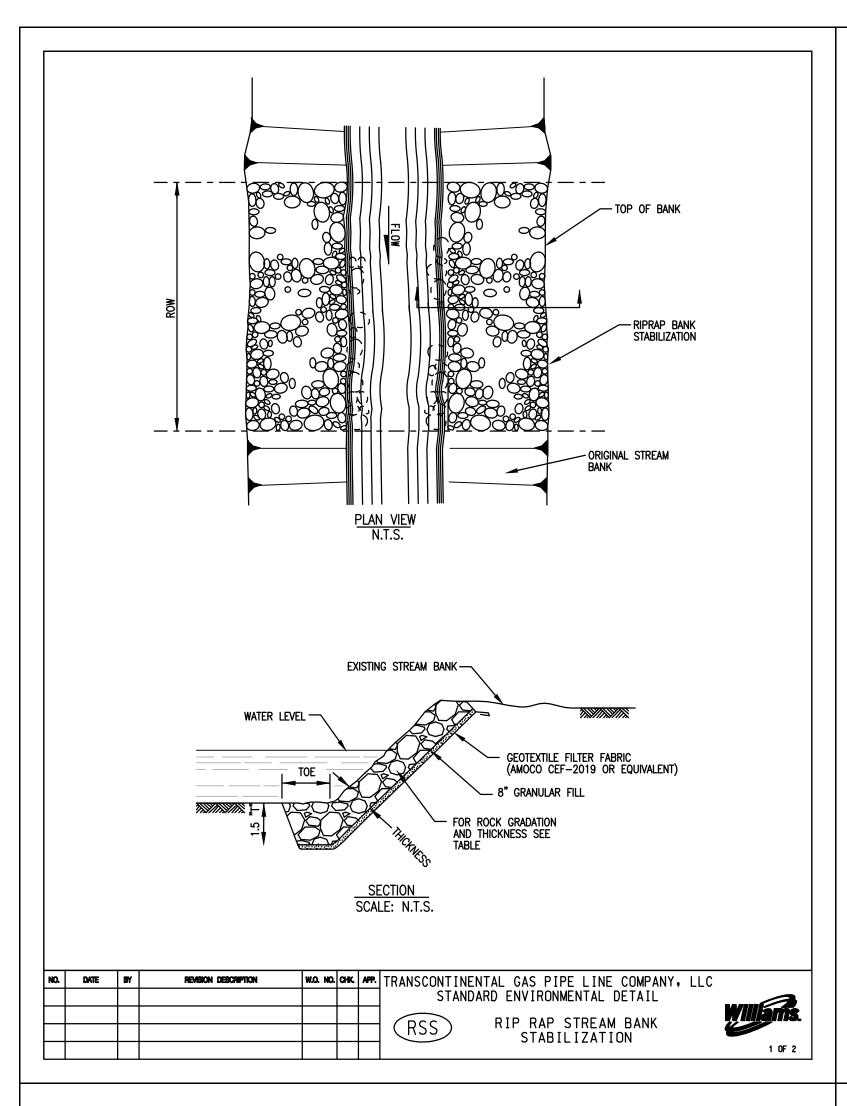
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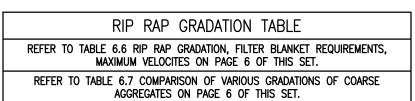
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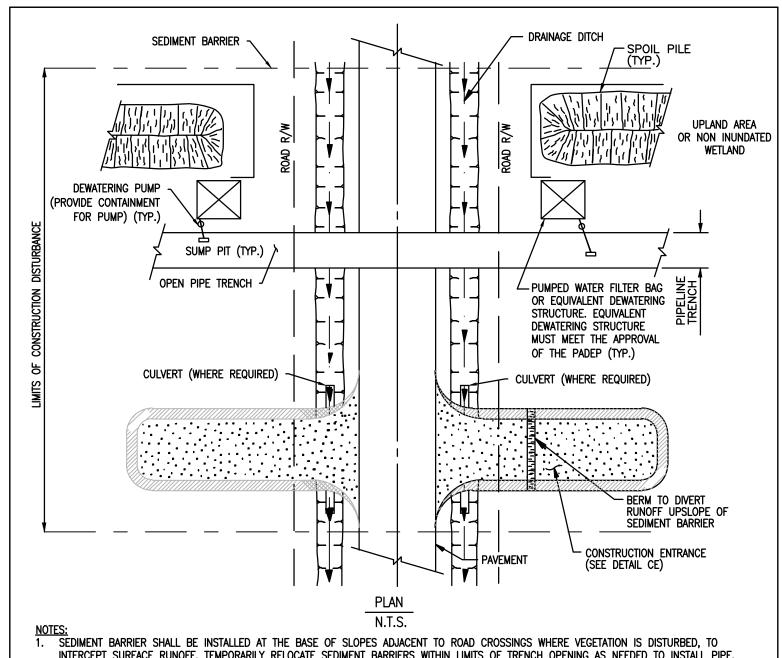






- ROCK UTILIZED FOR RIPRAP SHALL CONSIST OF SOUND, DURABLE ROCK, INSOLUBLE IN WATER, AND RESISTANT TO WEATHERING.
- 2. ALL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF STRUCTURAL DEFECTS, SHALE SEAMS AND ORGANIC MATTER.
- INDIVIDUAL PIECES SHOULD BE SHARPLY ANGULAR, BLOCK SHAPED AND HAVE A MINIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.5.
- 4. NO PIECE SHALL HAVE A LENGTH EXCEEDING THREE (3) TIMES ITS WIDTH OR DEPTH.
- EACH LOAD OF ROCK SHALL BE OF WELL-GRADED MIXTURE. A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE, AS USED HEREIN, IS DEFINED AS A MIXTURE COMPOSED PRIMARILY OF LARGER STONE, BUT WITH A SUFFICIENT MIXTURE OF SMALLER SIZES TO FILL THE VOIDS.
- MATERIAL SHALL MEET NSA SPECIFICATIONS SEE TABLE ABOVE.
- 7. IF STREAM WIDTH IS EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2 TIMES THE TOE WIDTH, RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED ACROSS THE ENTIRE STREAM WIDTH.
- RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED TO THE FULL COURSE THICKNESS IN ONE CONTINUOUS OPERATION. OPERATIONS WHICH CAUSE SEGREGATION OF THE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. INDIVIDUAL ROCKS MAY BE REARRANGED, AND THE VOIDS FILLED WITH HAND PLACED SMALLER ROCK IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THE DESIRED UNIFORM ARMOR.
- SLOPE SHALL BE GRADED TO 2:1 OR FLATTER PRIOR TO PLACING GRANULAR FILL, FILTER FABRIC, OR RIPRAP.
- 10. ENDS OF THE RIPRAP SHALL BE KEYED INTO A STABLE BANK. WHEN TYING INTO OTHER STRUCTURES, LARGER RIPRAP CAN BE LAID IN STEPS OR STACKED AS NEEDED TO FIT. STONES LARGER THAN THOSE DESIGNED FOR FLOW SHALL BE USED FOR THIS PURPOSE.
- 11. REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE GRADED AND PERMANENTLY SEEDED AND MULCHED.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
							DCC RIP RAP STREAM BANK	Williams.
							STABILIZATION	
								2 OF 2

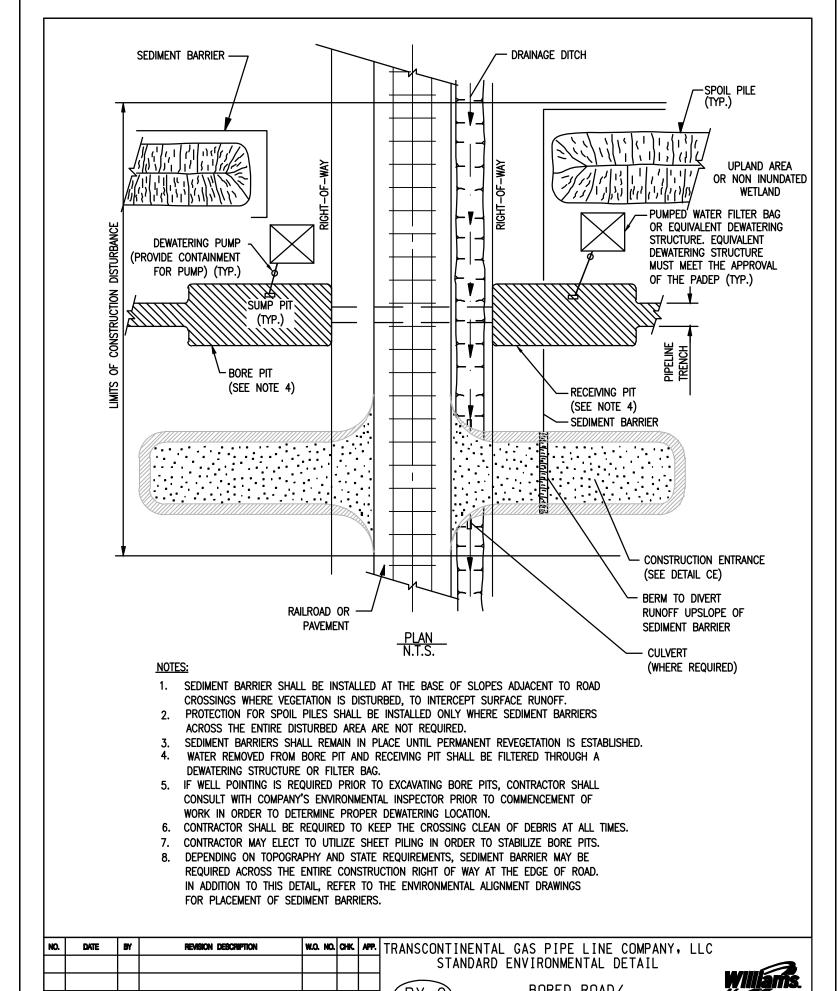


INTERCEPT SURFACE RUNOFF. TEMPORARILY RELOCATE SEDIMENT BARRIERS WITHIN LIMITS OF TRENCH OPENING AS NEEDED TO INSTALL PIPE. IMMEDIATELY REPLACE BARRIERS AFTER BACKFILLING TRENCH.

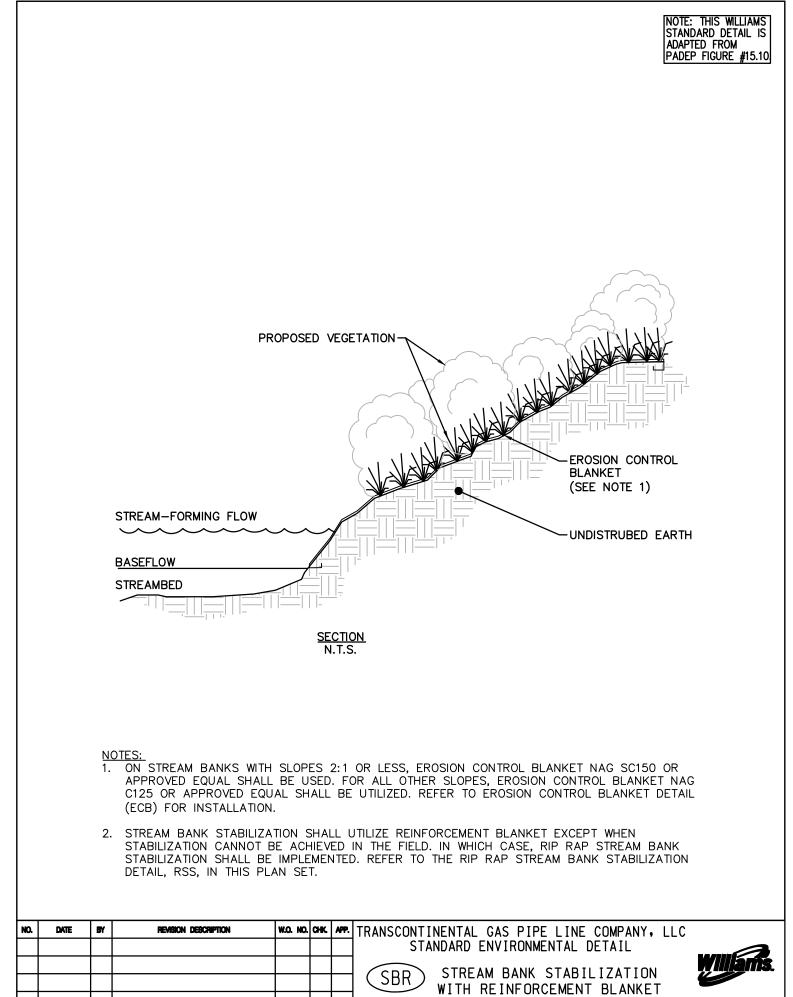
- 2. PROTECTION FOR SPOIL PILES SHALL BE INSTALLED ONLY WHERE SEDIMENT BARRIERS ACROSS THE ENTIRE DISTURBED AREA ARE NOT REQUIRED.
- 3. SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL PERMANENT REVEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.
- 4. CULVERTS TO BE SIZED AND PLACED WHERE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN WATER FLOW.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO KEEP THE ROAD CLEAN OF DEBRIS AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR MAY ELECT TO UTILIZE SHEET PILING IN ORDER TO STABILIZE PIPE TRENCH.
- 7. CONTRACTOR MAY ELECT TO UTILIZE WELL-POINTS IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE WATER TABLE PRIOR TO COMMENCING EXCAVATION.
- 8. DEPENDING ON TOPOGRAPHY AND STATE REQUIREMENTS, SEDIMENT BARRIER MAY BE REQUIRED ACROSS THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION RIGHT-OF-WAY AT THE EDGE OF ROAD. IN ADDITION TO THIS DETAIL, REFER TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL ALIGNMENT DRAWINGS FOR PLACEMENT OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS.
- 9. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE NEEDED AS SHOWN ON SPECIFIC PLAN.

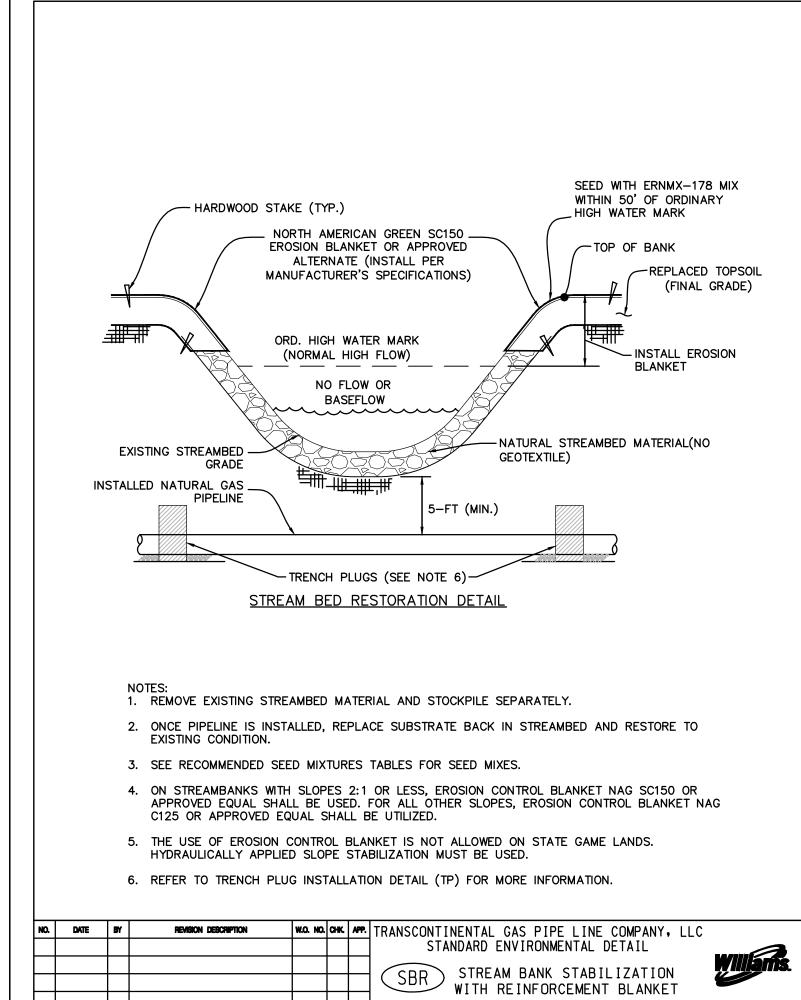
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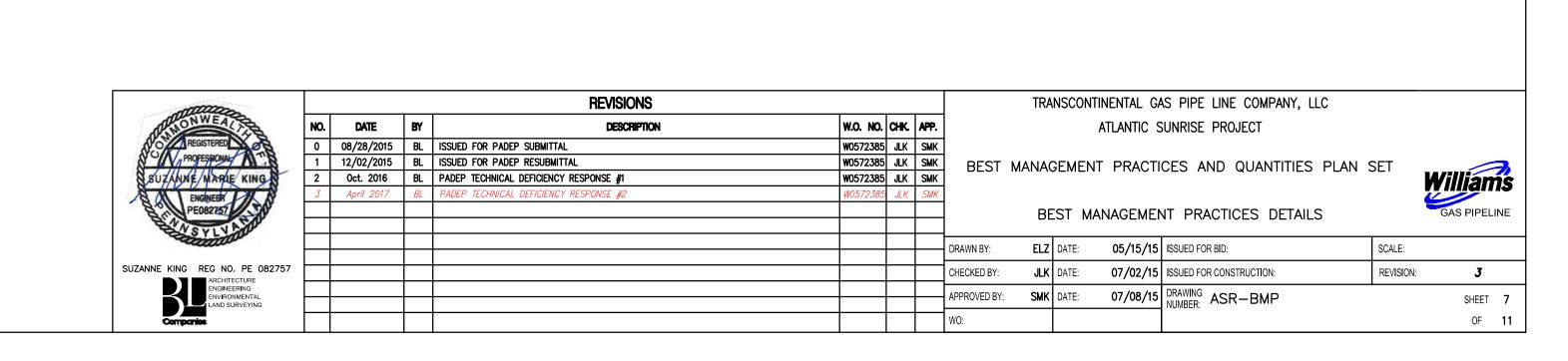
BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC
					STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL
					TRENCHED ROAD CROSSING
					RX.1) TRENCHED ROAD CROSSING

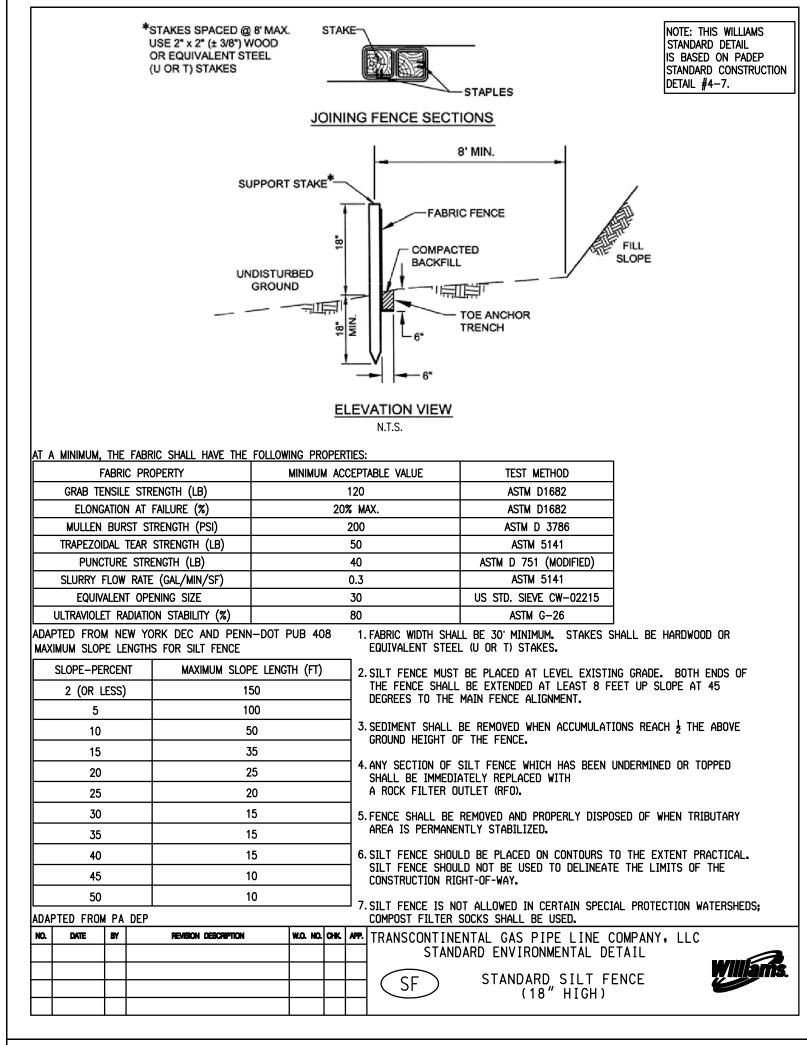


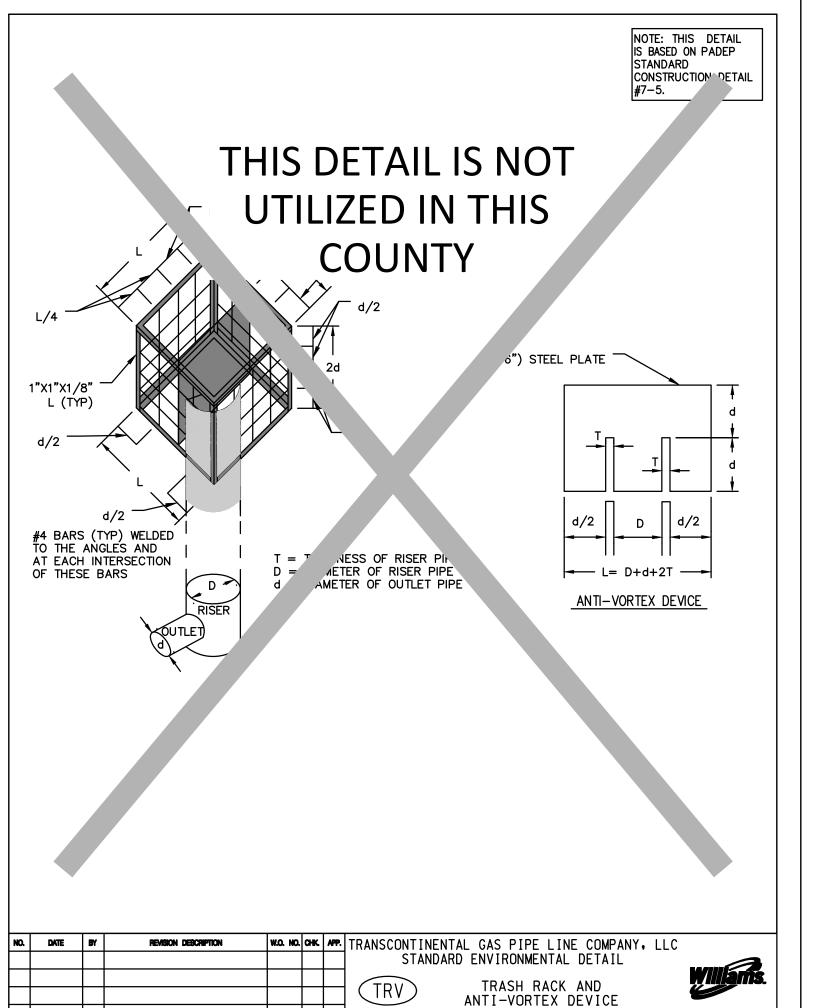
RAILROAD CROSSING

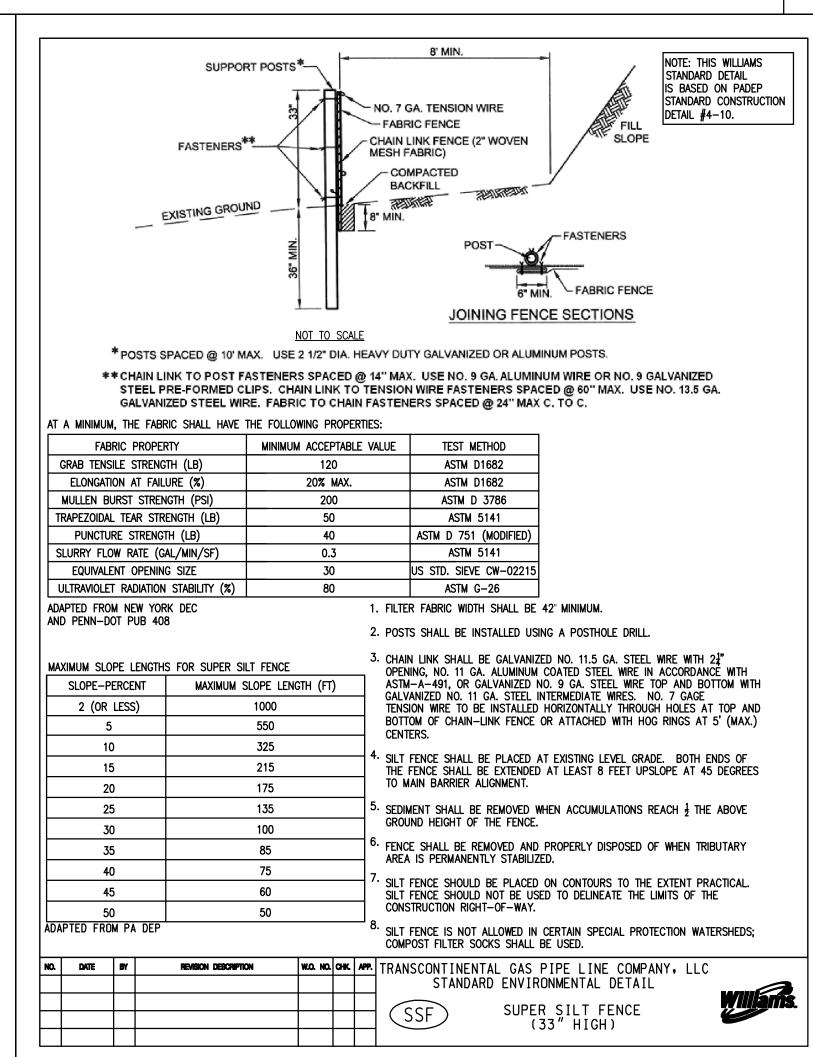


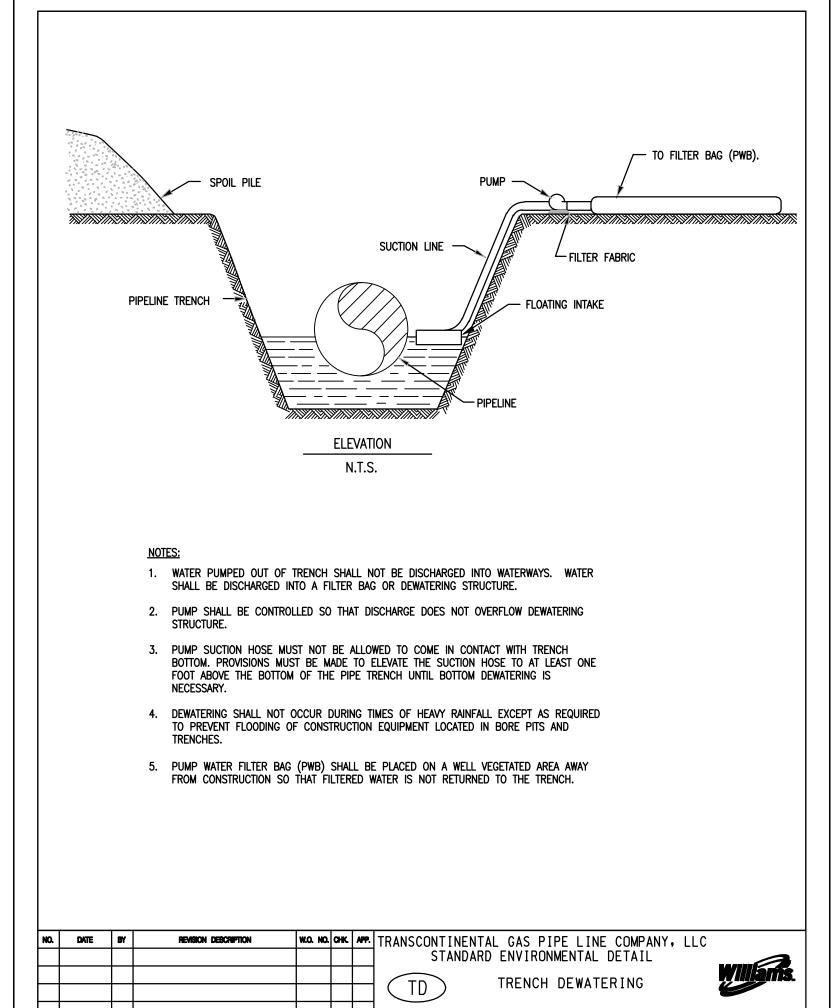


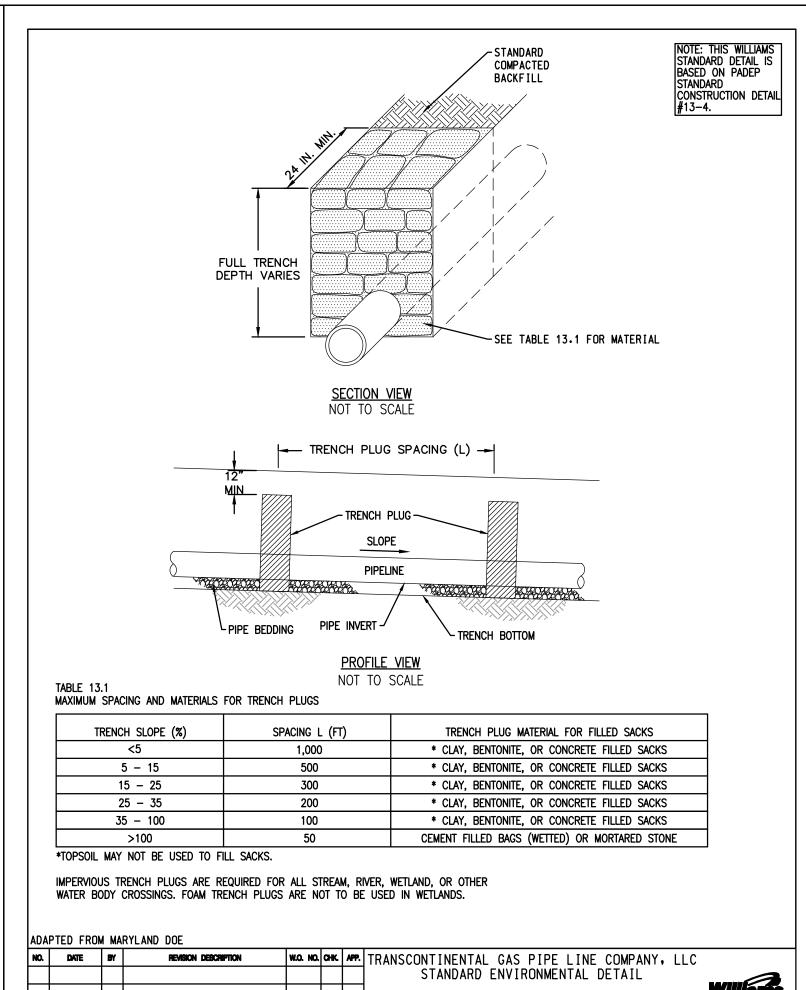




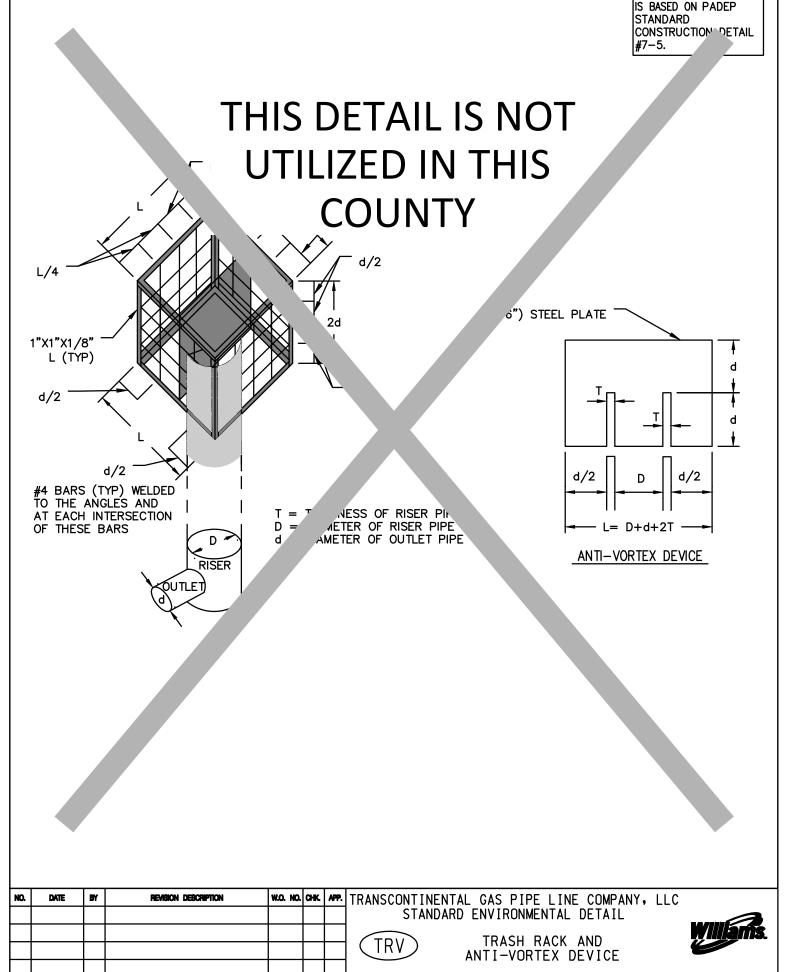


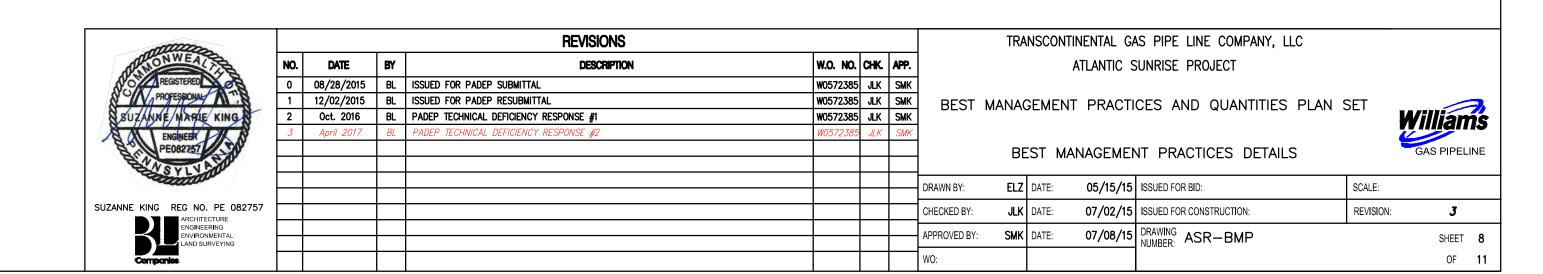


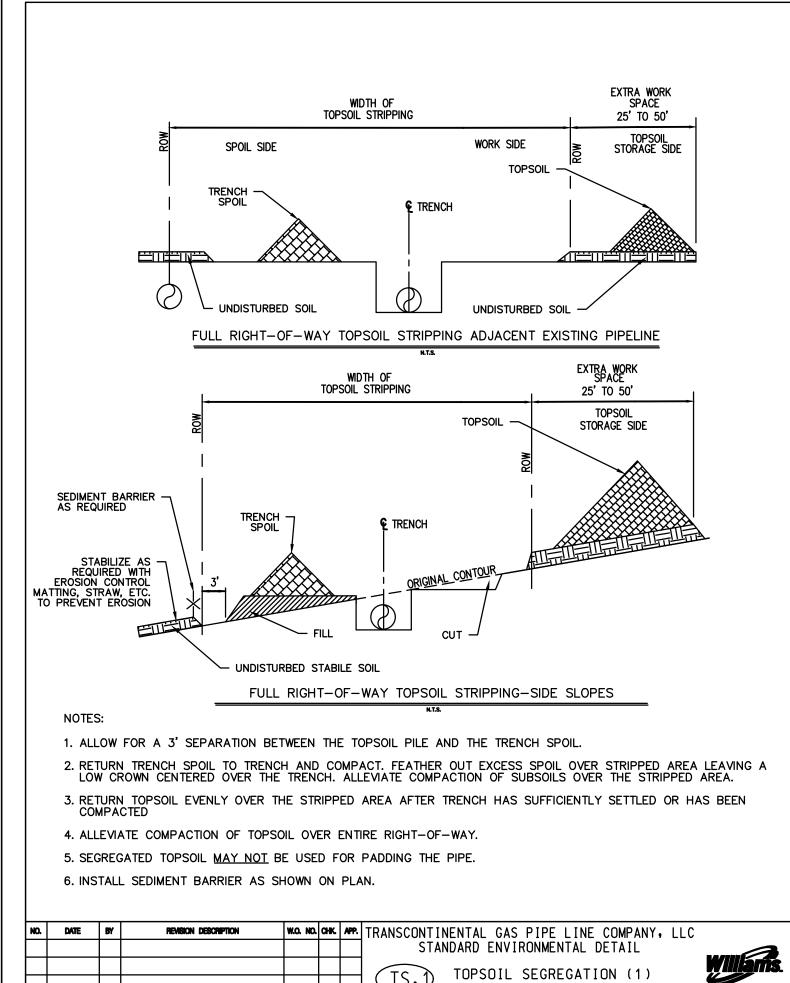


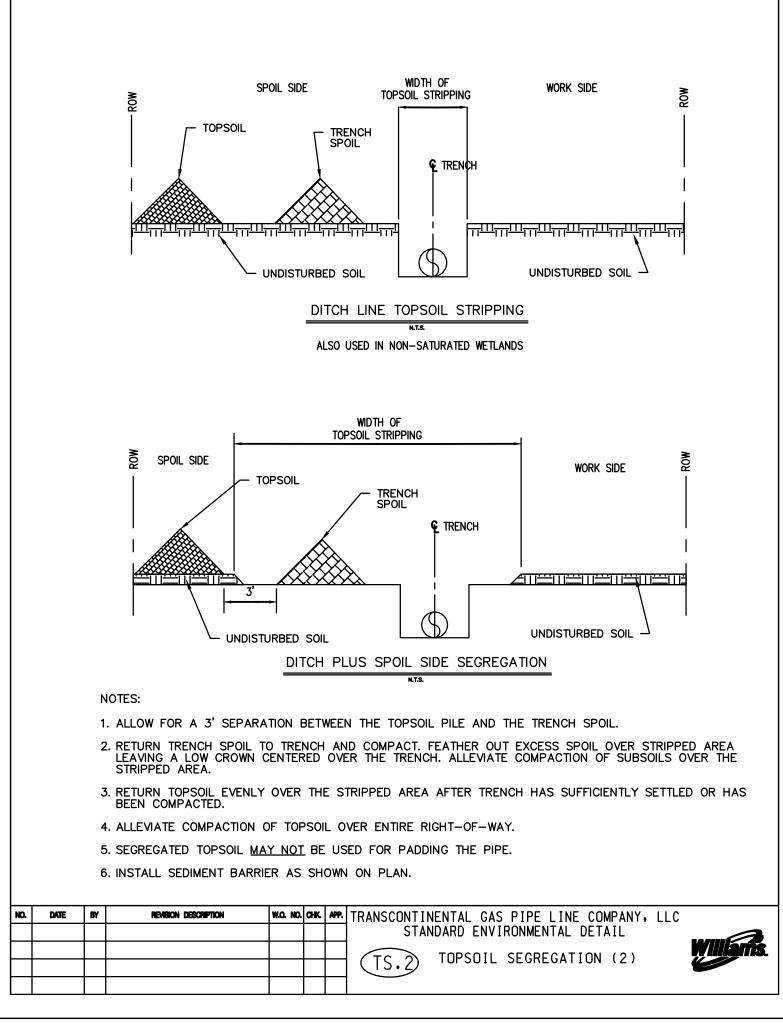


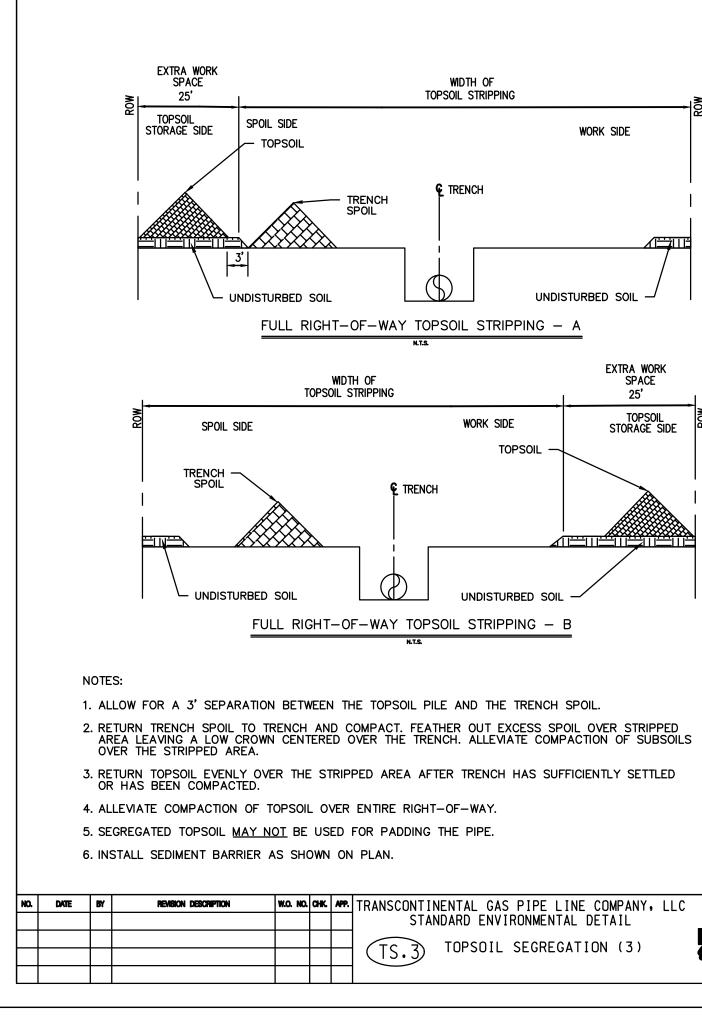
TRENCH PLUG INSTALLATION

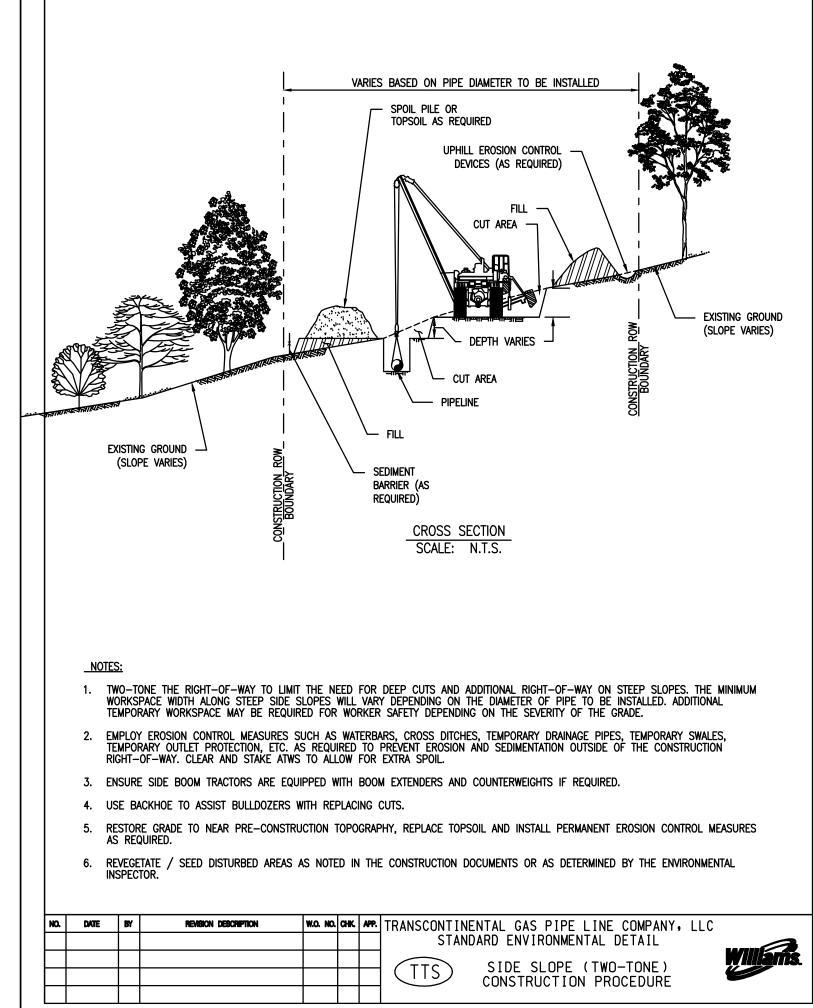




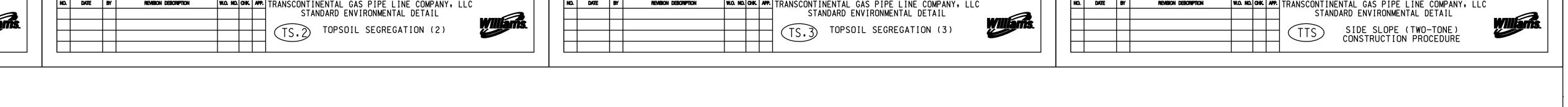


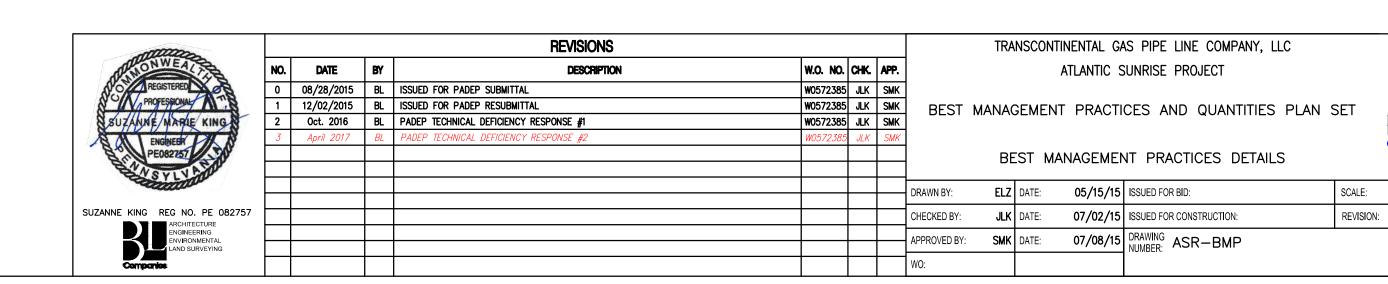


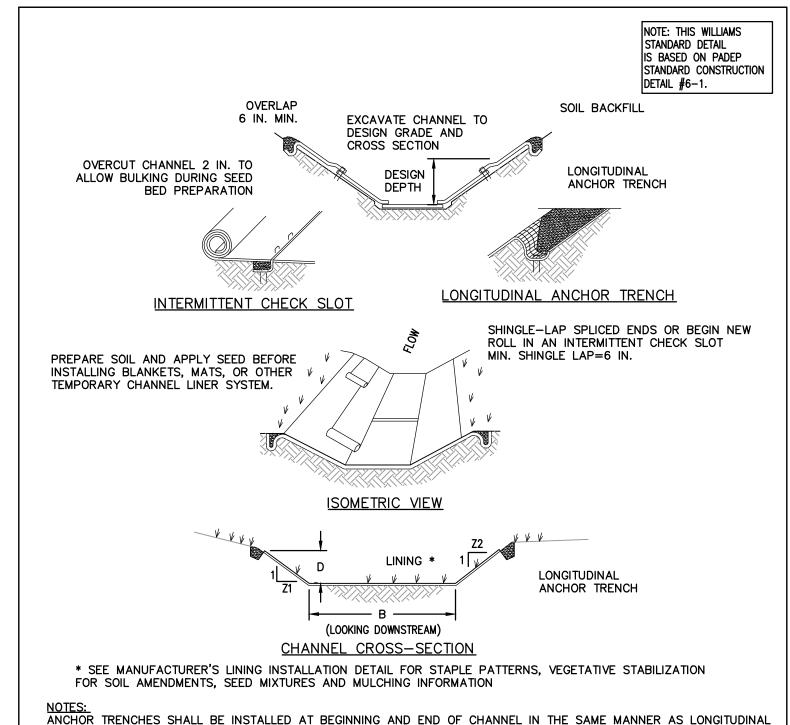




SHEET **9**OF **11**







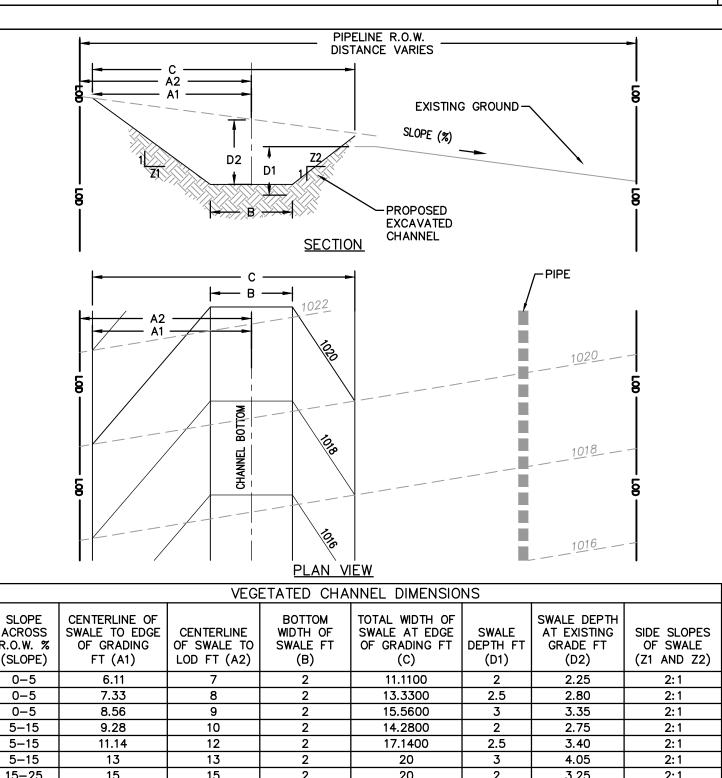
NOTES: ANCHOR TRENCHES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT BEGINNING AND END OF CHANNEL IN THE SAME MANNER AS LONGITUDINAL ANCHOR TRENCHES.

CHANNEL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED. CHANNEL SHALL BE CLEANED WHENEVER TOTAL CHANNEL DEPTH IS REDUCED BY 25% AT ANY LOCATION. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF DISCOVERY OR AS SOON AS SOIL CONDITIONS PERMIT ACCESS TO CHANNEL WITHOUT FURTHER DAMAGE. DAMAGED LINING SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF DISCOVERY.

NO MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE SHOOT (GRASS LEAF) SHALL BE REMOVED IN ANY MOWING. GRASS HEIGHT SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN 2 AND 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. EXCESS VEGETATION SHALL BE REMOVED FROM PERMANENT CHANNELS TO ENSURE SUFFICIENT CHANNEL CAPACITY.

REFER TO "TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION SUMMARY" AT THE END OF THIS PLAN SET FOR CHANNEL INFORMATION CHART FOR THE DIVERSION SWALES ALONG THE PIPELINE RIGHT OF WAY.

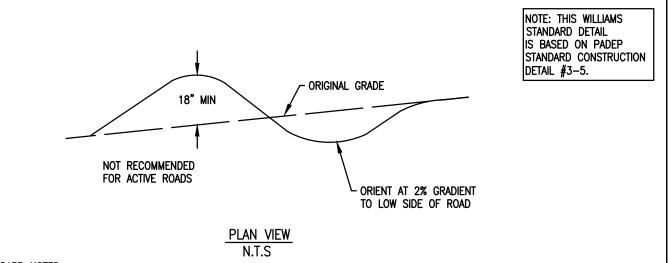
NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, I
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL
							VCU VEGETATED CHANNEL
							VCH VEGETATED CHANNEL



ACROSS R.O.W. % (SLOPE) 15-25 2.5 4.00 15-25 4.75 2.5 4.48

SWALES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT A STANDARD DEPTH (D2) FROM CENTERLINE OF SWALE BOTTOM TO EXISTING 2. VEGETATED CHANNEL GRADING IS FOR VEGETATED CHANNELS ALONG THE PIPELINE RIGHT OF WAY. SEE THE ACCESS

	ROAD	E&:	SC AND PCSM PLANS FOR	VEGET	ATE	D C	CHANNEL GRADING AT MLV SITES.	
NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
							VCU VEGETATED CHANNEL	Williams.
							VCH VEGETATED CHANNEL GRADING	
							ONABINO	



PADEP STANDARD NOTES:

- 1. WATERBARS SHALL DISCHARGE TO A STABLE AREA.
- 2. WATERBARS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED OR ERODED WATERBARS SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.
- MAINTENANCE OF WATERBARS SHALL BE PROVIDED UNTIL ROADWAY, SKIDTRAIL, OR RIGHT-OF-WAY HAS ACHIEVED PERMANENT STABILIZATION.
- 4. WATERBARS ON RETIRED ROADWAYS, SKIDTRAILS, AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE AFTER PERMANENT STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED.

<u>WILLIAMS STANDARD NOTES:</u>

STEEP SLOPE AREAS.

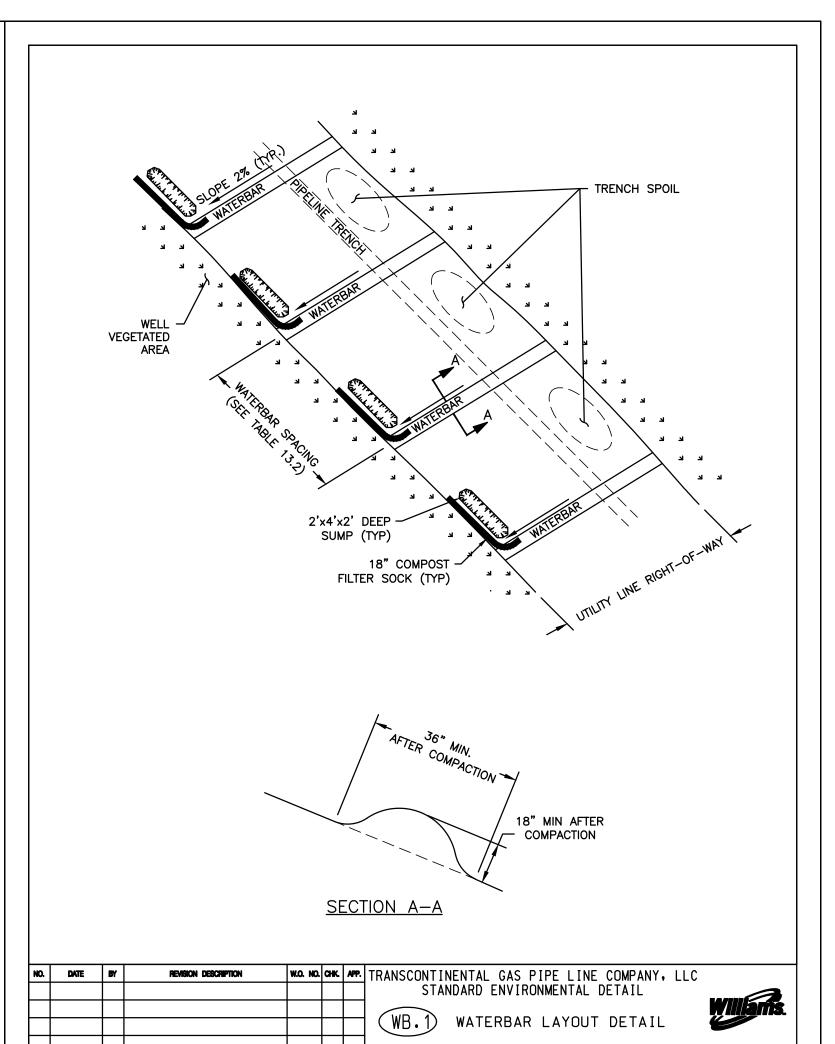
- 1. ALL WATERBARS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE INTENDED TO BE PERMANENT BMPS.
- 2. ADDITIONAL WATERBARS MAY BE INSTALLED AS APPROPRIATE DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. WATERBARS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED TO DISCHARGE TO ALTERNATE SIDES OF THE ROW, WHERE POSSIBLE/PRACTICAL.
- 4. A "SOFT" TRENCH PLUG MAY BE USED TO CONTROL INSTANCES WHERE A WATERBAR DISCHARGES TO THE TRENCH IN
- 5. A "J-HOOK" OUTLET MAY BE USED AT WATERBARS TO CONTROL THE FLOW OF RUNOFF. STRAW BALES, SILT SOCKS OR SUPER SILT FENCE TRENCHED IN MAY BE USED AS "J-HOOK" OUTLETS.
- 6. THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (PCSM) FOR THE LINEAR PORTION OF THIS PROJECT IS TO RESTORE THE CONSTRUCTION RIGHT-OF-WAY TO ITS ORIGINAL CONTOURS FOLLOWING PIPELINE INSTALLATION AND RESTORATION. THE ENTIRE AREA WILL BE PERMANENTLY RE-VEGETATED OR STABILIZED WITH PERVIOUS MATERIAL. WATER BARS INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL REMAIN AS PERMANENT WATER BARS AND ACT AS PCSM BMPS.

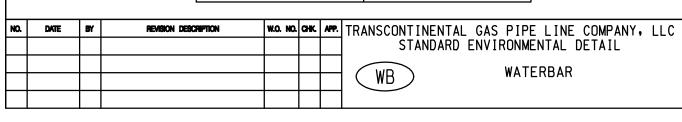
SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE:

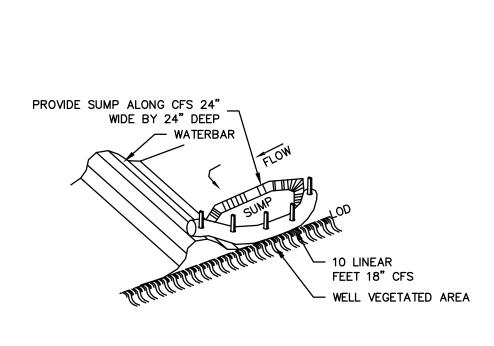
- 1. DO NOT EXCAVATE UPHILL SWALE WITHIN 10' OF CENTERLINE OF PIPE TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM 3' COVER OVER THE PIPE. SLIGHTLY MODIFY WATERBAR FLOWLINE GRADING TO PROMITE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO LOW SIDE OF WATERBAR.
- 2. ALL WATERBARS ARE PERMANENT EXCEPT FOR THOSE LOCATED IN AGRICULTURAL AREAS. WETLANDS. TRANSPORATION FACILITIES, AND LAWNS. ALL WATERBARS IN THESE AREAS ARE TO BE REMOVED DURING FINAL RESTORATION.

IABLE 3.1 - MAXIMU	M WATERBAR SPACING
PERCENT SLOPE	SPACING (FT)
<5	200

						STANDARD ENVIRONME	NTAL DETAIL
BY	REVISION DESC	RIPTION V	W.O. NO.	CHK.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE	LINE COMPANY,
	'						
			>30			50	
		>.	15-30			100	
			5-15			150	



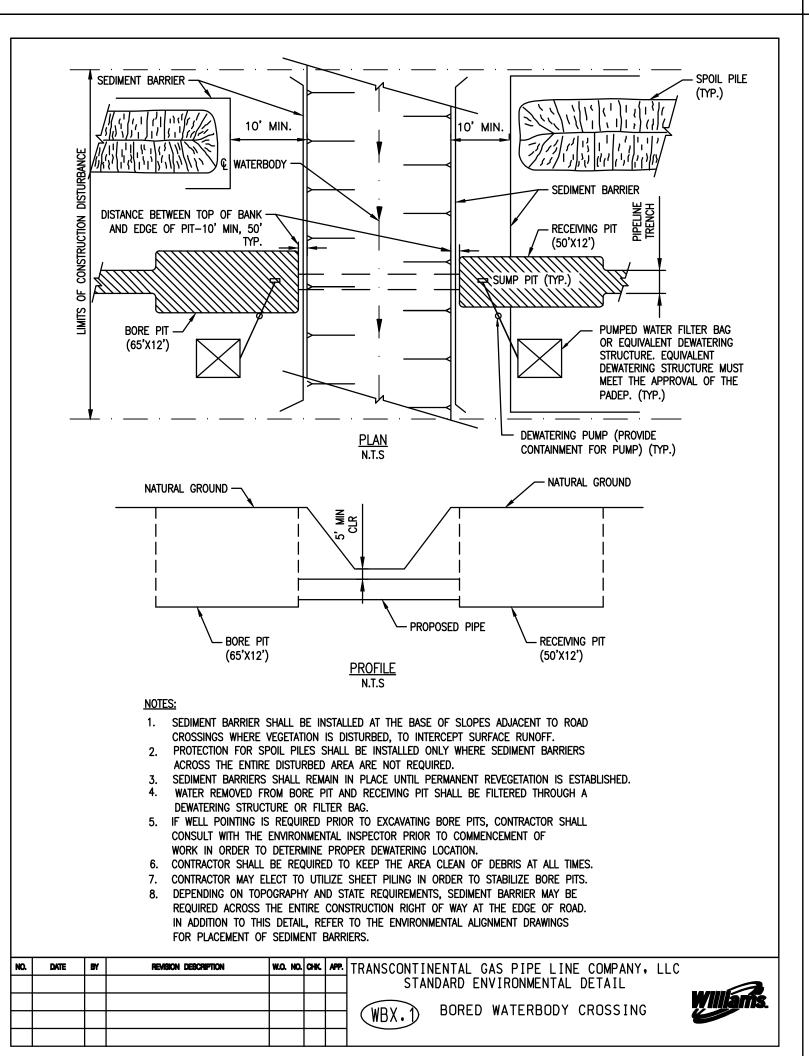


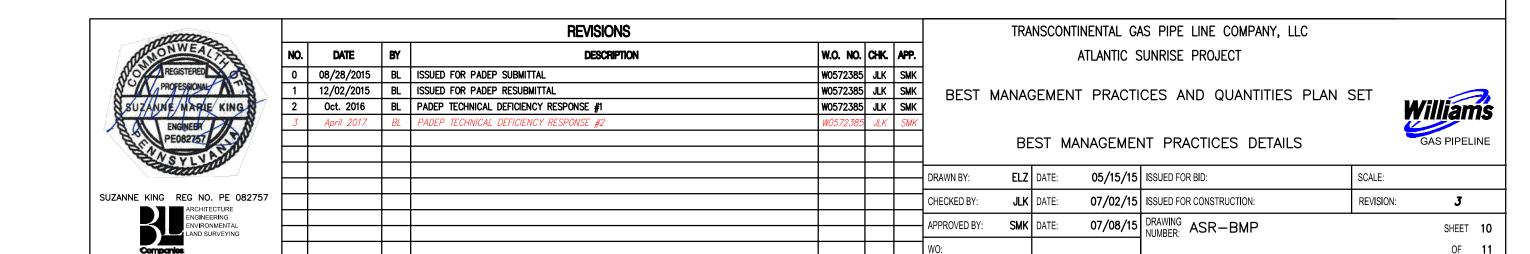


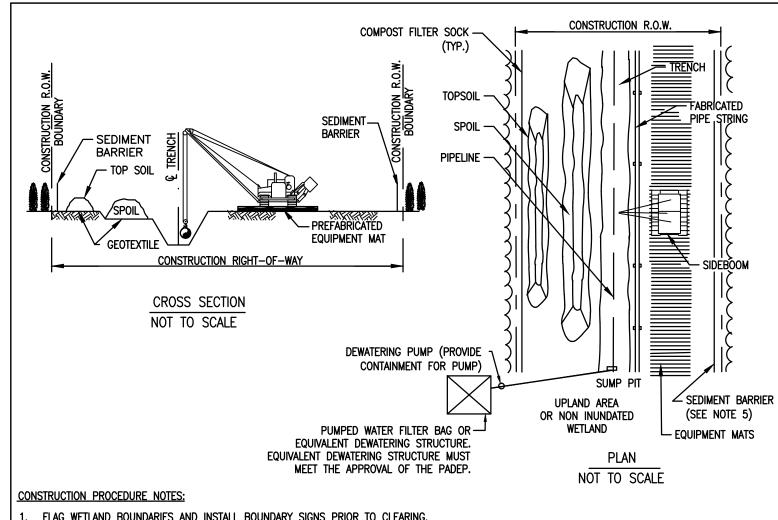
NOTES:

- 1. 10 LINEAR FEET OF 18 INCH COMPOST FILTER SOCK (CFS) SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH ONE END RESTING ON THE WATERBAR AS PER DETAIL CFS, ALLOWING FOR 8 FEET OF EFFECTIVE LENGTH AND A SPECIFIED FLOW THROUGH RATE OF 15 GALLONS PER MINUTE PER LINEAR FOOT. A PASS THROUGH FLOW OF 0.26 CUBIC FEET PER SECOND CAN BE ACCOMMODATED THROUGH THE FILTER SOCK. THIS FLOW RATE IS ADEQUATE FOR 20,000 SQUARE FEET OF DRAINAGE AREA FOR THE 2-YEAR, 24-HOUR STORM, 5 MINUTE TIME OF CONCENTRATION (RATIONAL METHOD).
- 2. CONSTRUCTION OF A 24" WIDE AND 24" DEEP SUMP AT THE DISCHARGE END OF THE WATERBAR WILL REDUCE VELOCITY AND PROVIDE A SHEET FLOW CONDITION TO THE CFS. THE SUMP SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND CLEANEDOUT WHEN IT BECOMES A MINIMUM OF 12" DEEP. THE SUMP SHALL BE FILLED AND STABILIZED WHEN THE CFS IS REMOVED AFTER SITE STABILIZATION.
- 3. TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS FILTER SOCKS.
- 4. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE ABOVEGROUND HEIGHT OF THE SOCK AND DISPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH WILLIAMS STANDARDS. SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.
- 5. BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCK SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

DATE	B	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	CHK.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
						STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
						COMPOST FILTER SOCK AND SUMP	Willian
						(WB.2) AT WATERBAR DISCHARGE	
						1 (PADEP APPROVED ALTERNATE DETAIL)

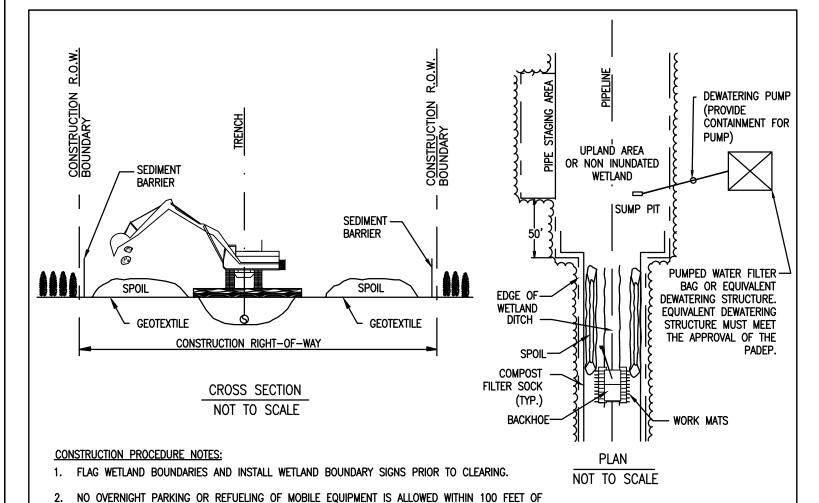






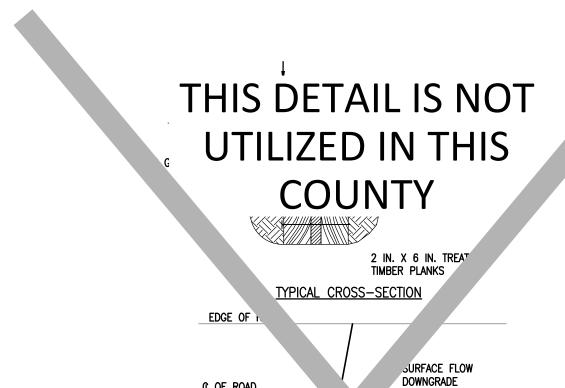
- FLAG WETLAND BOUNDARIES AND INSTALL BOUNDARY SIGNS PRIOR TO CLEARING.
- NO OVERNIGHT PARKING OR REFUELING OF MOBILE EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED WITHIN 100 FEET OF WETLAND. PLACE "NO FUELING" SIGN POSTS 100 FEET BACK FROM WETLAND BOUNDARY.
- . INSTALL TEMPORARY SLOPE BREAKERS UPSLOPE OF WETLAND BOUNDARIES AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- . INSTALL PREFABRICATED EQUIPMENT MATS THROUGH ENTIRE WETLAND AREA ON THE WORKING SIDE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CORRIDOR.
- LIMIT PULLING OF TREE STUMPS AND GRADING ACTIVITIES TO DIRECTLY OVER THE TRENCH LINE. DO NOT GRADE OR REMOVE STUMPS OR ROOT SYSTEMS FROM THE REST OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY IN WETLANDS UNLESS THE CHIEF INSPECTOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR DETERMINE THAT SAFETY RELATED CONSTRUCTION CONSTRAINTS REQUIRE REMOVAL OF TREE STUMPS FROM UNDER THE WORKING SIDE OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- CONDUCT TRENCH LINE TOPSOIL STRIPPING (IF TOPSOIL IS NOT SATURATED). SALVAGE TOPSOIL TO ACTUAL DEPTH OR A MAXIMUM DEPTH OF 12 INCHES, AS DETERMINED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR. SEGREGATED TOPSOIL PILE MAY BE LOCATED ON SPOIL SIDE, AS REQUIRED. B. LEAVE HARD PLUGS AT THE EDGES OF WETLAND UNTIL JUST PRIOR TO TRENCHING
- 10. PIPE SECTION MAY BE FABRICATED WITHIN THE WETLAND ADJACENT TO PIPE TRENCH, OR IN STAGING AREA OUTSIDE THE WETLAND AND WALKED IN.
 NO CONCRETE COATING ACTIVITY WITHIN 100 FEET OF WETLAND BOUNDARY UNLESS APPROVED BY ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.
- 11. LOWER-IN PIPE. PRIOR TO BACK FILLING TRENCH, INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 12. RESTORE GRADE TO NEAR PRE-CONSTRUCTION TOPOGRAPHY, REPLACE TOPSOIL AND INSTALL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL.
- 13. REMOVE PREFABRICATED MATS FROM WETLANDS UPON COMPLETION.
- 14. IF WETLAND IS SATURATED, THE TOPSOIL STOCKPILE SHALL NOT OCCUR AS SHOWN IN DETAIL.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
							(100)	
							WCC.1) WETLAND INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	



- WETLAND. PLACE "NO FUELING" SIGN POSTS 100 FEET BACK FROM WETLAND BOUNDARY.
- INSTALL TEMPORARY SLOPE BREAKERS UPSLOPE OF WETLAND BOUNDARIES AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 4. AVOID ADJACENT WETLANDS. INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS AT OUTER BOUNDARIES OF WETLAND AND ALONG BOTH WETLAND EDGES.
- SYSTEMS FROM THE REST OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY IN WETLANDS UNLESS THE CHIEF INSPECTOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR DETERMINE THAT SAFETY RELATED CONSTRUCTION CONSTRAINTS REQUIRE REMOVAL OF TREE STUMPS FROM UNDER THE WORKING SIDE OF THE
- 6. TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED IN SATURATED SOIL CONDITIONS.
- UTILIZE AMPHIBIOUS EXCAVATORS (PONTOON MOUNTED BACKHOES) OR TRACKED BACKHOES SUPPORTED BY PREFABRICATED EQUIPMENT MATS OR FLOATS, TO EXCAVATE TRENCH. IF PREFABRICATED EQUIPMENT MATS ARE USED FOR STABILIZATION, THE BACKHOE SHALL GRADUALLY MOVE ACROSS THE WETLAND BY MOVING THE MATS FROM IMMEDIATELY BEHIND TO IMMEDIATELY IN FRONT OF THE BACKHOE'S PATH.
- 8. FABRICATE PIPE IN A STAGING AREA OUTSIDE THE TYPE III WETLAND. NO CONCRETE COATING ACTIVITY WITHIN 100 FEET OF WETLAND BOUNDARY, UNLESS APPROVED BY ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.
- 9. LEAVE HARD PLUGS AT THE EDGE OF "INUNDATED WETLAND UNTIL JUST PRIOR TO PIPE PLACEMENT.
- 10. FLOAT PIPE IN PLACE, LOWER-IN, INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS. AND BACKFILL.
- 11. RESTORE GRADE TO NEAR PRE—CONSTRUCTION TOPOGRAPHY AND INSTALL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL.
- 12. REMOVE ANY MATS UTILIZED TO SUPPORT AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT FROM WETLANDS UPON COMPLETION.
- 13. WETLANDS CROSSED USING PUSH/PULL METHOD TEND TO BE TOO WET FOR EFFECTIVE SEEDING. HOWEVER, IF THE SITE IS DRY ENOUGH AND IF DIRECTED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR, THE RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE SEEDED.

DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	CHK.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
						STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
						"INUNDATED WETLAND"	
						INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	
						1 THO THE EATT ON THOUSE BOILE	



© OF ROAD MINIMUM ANGLE IGRADE PAINAGE EDGE OF ROAD - 2'x4'x2' 18" COMPC FILTER 1

NOTE: THIS WILLIAMS

STANDARD DETAIL IS BASED ON PADEP STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-9.

1. DEFLECTOF LL BE USED ON TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS WITH SLOPES GREATER TH. PERCENT. MAXIMUM DEFLECT ACING SHALL BE 100 FEET.

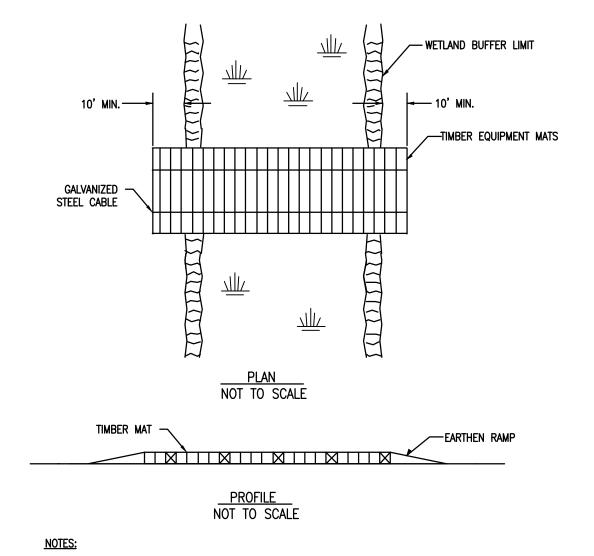
TYPICAL PLAN VIEW

2. DEF' 'X SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT.

JELT SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN WORN AND NO LONGER EFFECTIVE.

- MULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM DEFLECTOR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.
- INSTALL A 2' WIDE BY 4' LONG BY 2' DEEP SUMP AND 18" COMPOST FILTER SOCK ON THE DOWNHILL SIDE THE WATER DEFLECTOR. THE ORIENTATION OF THE COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL VARY BASED ON THE EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION. INSTALL THE COMPOST FILTER SOCK PARALLEL TO EXISTING CONTOURS.

DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
						STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
						WATER DEFLECTOR	
						(WD) WATER DEFLECTOR	=



- 1. PERIODICALLY CHECK INSTALLATION AND REMOVE BUILD-UP OF SEDIMENT OR DEBRIS.
- 2. MATERIALS PLACED IN WETLANDS SHALL BE COMPLETELY REMOVED DURING FINAL CLEAN-UP. REMOVAL OF THIS STRUCTURE IS NOT CONTINGENT UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT
- 3. IF A WATERBODY IS LOCATED WITHIN A WETLAND SYSTEM, EXTEND TIMBER EQUIPMENT MATS TO THE BRIDGE EQUIPMENT CROSSING (BEC) USED TO CROSS THE WATERBODY IN ORDER TO ALLOW FOR CONTINUOUS TIMBER EQUIPMENT MAT COVERAGE THROUGH THE WETLAND AND
- 4. USE ADDITIONAL TIMBER MAT LAYERS TO RAISE CROSSING ABOVE GRADE WHERE POOR SOIL CONDITIONS EXIST.
- 5. TIMBER EQUIPMENT MATS SHALL EXTEND A MINIMUM OF 10 FEET OUTSIDE OF THE WETLAND BOUNDARIES.
- 6. INSTALL EARTHEN RAMP APPROACHES TO TIMBER EQUIPMENT MATS. EARTHEN RAMPS TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF UPLAND MATERIAL, TOP SOIL SHALL NOT BE USED TO CONSTRUCT EARTHEN RAMPS.
- 7. A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT SHALL BE USED UNDER THE WOOD MAT.

WATERBODY AREA.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК.	APP.	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC	
							STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL DETAIL	
							WEC WETLAND EQUIPMENT CROSSING	
							WEC WETLAND EQUIPMENT CROSSING	
	·							

0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL SUZANNE/MARIE KING

REVISIONS W.O. NO. CHK. APP. W0572385 JLK SMK Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1 W0572385 JLK SMK DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY:

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DETAILS ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID: SCALE: JLK DATE: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: APPROVED BY: SMK DATE: 07/08/15 DRAWING NUMBER: ASR-BMP

SHEET 11 OF **11**

MILEPOST	Dia.			LOCATION	I	SLOPE	SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE BARRIER
NO.	ln,	BEGIN STA.		END STA.	TYPE	PERCENT	(FT)
0	12	7+75	to	8+00	Road	2	90
	12	8+00	to	8+50		2	164
	12	8+50	to	12+00	Wetland/Stream	2	107
	24	11+75	to	19+25		6	336
	32	19+50	to	22+75		4	706
	24	23+25	to	30+50		8	318
	12	28+75	to	29+25	Wetland	4	80
	12	30+75	to	31+75	Wetland	2	125
	32	31+50	to	33+25		2	1256
	24	33+50	to	40+25		2	869
	24	41+50	to	44+75		5	442
M-0155	24	0+00	to	2+75		13	140
	18	2+75	to	3+00		13	40
	24	4+00	to	5+50	Wetland/Stream	2	56
	12	4+75	to	5+50		15	31
	18	<i>5+75</i>	to	6+25		8	40
1	32	6+25	to	55+00		14	260
	24	55+00	to	57+25		13	256
	12	57+25	to	59+25	Wetland	3	169
	12	58+75	to	60+50		2	319
	12	60+00	to	60+50	Road	4	143
	12	60+75	to	60+75	Road	4	116
	12	60+75	to	62+00	Wetland/Stream	4	109
	12	62+00	to	62+00	Road	2	350
	12	62+25	to	62+25	Road	2	350
	12	62+25	to	63+00	Wetland/Stream	2	82
	12	62+50	to	66+00		2	220
	12	65+50	to	66+25	Road	2	255
	12	65+75	to	67+75	Wetland/Stream/Road	2	209
	12	67+75	to	78+25	Stream/Road	2	131

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual, Page 372

E&S WORKSHEET #1 Compost Filter Sock PROJECT NAME: ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROPOSED GAS PIPELINE LOCATION: JACKSON AND SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIPS, COLUMBIA COUNTY PREPARED BY: ESS CHECKED BY: AJB DATE: 03/25/2017 DATE: 04/03/2017

2" X 2" WOODEN STAKES PLACED 10' O.C.
COMPOST FILTER SOCK
UNDISTURBED AREA
DISTURBED AREA

MILEPOST	Dia.			LOCATION		SLOPE	SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE BARRIER
NO.	ln.	BEGIN STA.		END STA.	TYPE	PERCENT	(FT)
1	12	69+75	to	75+00		2	395
	12	74+75	to	79+75		2	197
	12	78+00	to	82+25	Road	3	83
	24	82+25	to	88+25		10	262
	18	90+00	to	90+50		8	200
	32	90+50	to	92+75		7	432
	12	92+75	to	96+75		7	179
	32	96+75	to	102+50		14	263
	12	102+75	to	104+50		17	77
	12	103+25	to	103+50	Road	9	88
	18	104+50	to	105+25	Stream	19	84
2	24	105+25	to	107+25		21	88
M-0086	12	107+25	to	10+75		7	186
	24	10+75	to	11+50	Wetland/Stream	20	170
	32	11+50	to	119+75		26	145
	12	119+50	to	119+50	Road	8	14
	12	119+75	to	123+00	Wetland/Stream	13	86
	12	129+50	to	134+25		8	115
	18	135+00	to	139+00		5	344
	12	139+00	to	139+75		4	224
	12	139+75	to	140+25	Road	3	181
	12	140+25	to	143+75		3	130
	24	144+25	to	148+75		7	303
	12	148+75	to	150+25	Road	3	141
	18	149+00	to	151+50		21	25
	18	150+25	to	154+75	Wetland/Stream	11	160
3	24	155+00	to	170+75		7	322
	12	171+75	to	172+00	Road	2	173
	18	174+75	to	178+00	Wetland/Stream	7	228
	24	177+25	to	179+00		3	761

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual, Page 372

TABLE 3: WATERBODIES CROSSED BY CPLN PIPELINE IN COLUMBIA COUNTY

Waterbody ID	Waterbody Name	Milepost	County	Township	Stream Type	State Water Quality Use Classification - Designated Use	State Fishery Classification	Crossing Method	Crossing Window
WW-T91-15001	UNT to West Creek(WW-T91-15001)	0.21	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15002	UNT to Fishing Creek(WW-T02-15002)	0.59	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15004	UNT to Fishing Creek(WW-T02-15004)	M-0155 0.10	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Intermittent	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15006	UNT to Fishing Creek(WW-T02-15006)	1.16	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T92-15001B	UNT to Fishing Creek(WW-T92-15001B)	1.26	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15007	Fishing Creek(WW-T02-15007)	1.31	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Approved Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15008	UNT to East Branch Fishing Creek(WW-T02-15008)	1.99	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T91-15004	UNT to Coles Creek(WW-T91-15004)	M-0086 0.21	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Intermittent	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15009	UNT to Coles Creek(WW-T02-15009)	2.30	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Intermittent	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15010	Hess Hollow(WW-T02-15010)	2.87	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF	Class A Wild Trout Waters;	Dam-and-Pump	April 2 through September 30
WW-T92-15001	UNT to Hess Hollow(WW-T92-15001)	2.88	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF	Class A Wild Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	April 2 through September 30
WW-T02-15011	UNT to Hess Hollow(WW-T02-15011)	2.92	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF	Class A Wild Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	April 2 through September 30
WW-T02-15013	UNT to Coles Creek(WW-T02-15013)	3.35	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15014	Ashelman Run(WW-T02-15014)	3.82	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15012C	UNT to Coles Creek(WW-T02-15012C)	4.12	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T02-15012	Coles Creek(WW-T02-15012)	4.13	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Perennial	HQ-CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	Dam-and-Pump	January 1 through September 30
WW-T92-15002	UNT to Coles Creek(WW-T92-15002)	4.22	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Intermittent	HQ-CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
WW-T93-15001	UNT to Marsh Run(WW-T93-15001)	4.80	Columbia	Sugarloaf	Intermittent	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
Access Roads									
WW-T70-12003A	UNT to Hemlock Creek(WW-T70-12003A)	AR-CO-94.1.3	Columbia	Hemlock	Perennial	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
WW-T67-13001	UNT to Green Creek(WW-T67-13001)	AR-CO-106	Columbia	Jackson	Perennial	TSF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
WW-T17-14002	UNT to York Hollow(WW-T17-14002)	AR-CO-106.3	Columbia	Jackson	Intermittent	CWF, MF	Wild Trout Waters	N/A	January 1 through September 30
Water Withdrawal					_				
WW-T70-12006	Fishing Creek(WW-T70-12006)	M-04233.07	Columbia	Hemlock	Perennial	WWF, MF	WWCW Fisheries Streams	Water Withdrawal	June 16 through February 28
WW-T88-004	Susquehanna River (WW-T88-004)	99.63	Columbia	Catawissa	Perennial	WWF	WWCW Fisheries Streams	Water Withdrawal	June 16 through February 28
Key:									
CWF = Coldwater F	ishes								
MF = Migratory Fis	hes								

TABLE 4: WETLANDS CROSSED BY CPLN PIPELINE IN COLUMBIA COUNTY

Wetland ID	Milepost	County	Township	Wetland Classes Impacted
W-T02-15001A	0.19	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15001C	0.21	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15002	0.55	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15003C	0.59	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15003A	0.59	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15004A	M-0155 0.08	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15004C	0.93	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15005	1.12	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15006A /W-T02-15006A-1	1.17	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15006A /W-T02-15006A-1	1.17	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15007	1.26	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15009C	2.29	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15009A	2.31	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15010C / W-T02-15010C-1 / W-T02-15010C-2	2.89	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15010A / W-T02-15010A-1	2.90	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15013A	3.33	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15014C-2	3.77	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15014A /W-T02-15014A-1 /W-T02-15014A-2	3.78	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15015C	3.96	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15015A	3.99	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15012C / W-T02-15012C-2	4.15	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15012A	4.21	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15016C	4.66	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PFO
W-T02-15016A / W-T02-15016A-1	4.66	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
W-T02-15016A	4.66	Columbia	Sugarloaf	PEM
Key:		•		
PEM = Palustrine Emergent				
PFO = Palustrine Forested				
PSS = Palustrine Scrub-Shrub				

E&S WORKSHEET #1

Compost Filter Sock

PROJECT NAME: ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROPOSED GAS PIPELINE

LOCATION: JACKSON AND SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIPS, COLUMBIA COUNTY

PREPARED BY: ESS DATE: 03/25/2017

CHECKED BY: AJB DATE: 04/03/2017

2"X 2" WOODEN STAKES PLACED 10' O.C.

COMPOST FILTER SOCK

BLOWNPLACED FILTER MEDIA

UNDISTURBED AREA

DISTURBED AREA

MILEPOST	Dia.			LOCATION		SLOPE	SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE BARRIER
NO.	ln.	BEGIN STA.		END STA.	TYPE	PERCENT	(FT)
3	12	179+00	to	184+75		8	100
	32	185+00	to	191+50		6	590
	18	192+25	to	198+50		6	294
	12	195+50	to	197+50	Wetland	3	180
	12	198+50	to	201+75	Wetland/Stream	2	111
	18	201+75	to	208+25		9	236
4	18	208+50	to	212+00	Wetland	16	136
	24	212+25	to	217+25		8	209
	18	214+50	to	223+75	Wetland/Stream	11	150
	12	222+25	to	223+50	Road	2	158
	24	223+75	to	226+50		7	291
	12	224+50	to	227+75	Road	4	116
	24	227+75	to	228+75		12	217
	18	229+00	to	253+50		15	127
	12	244+75	to	248+50	Wetland/Stream	15	56
	12	250+50	to	255+50	Wetland/Stream	11	51
	18	258+50	to	263+75		4	190

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual, Page 372

TABLE 5: LOCATIONS OF ACID SOILS ALONG CPLN PIPELINE IN COLUMBIA COUNTY

MP Begin	MP End	County	Map Unit Symbol	рН	MP Begin	MP End	County	Map Unit Symbol	pН
0.00	0.01	Columbia	OcB2	4.80	1.70	1.86	Columbia	OcB2	4.80
0.01	0.09	Columbia	OcB2	4.80	1.86	2.01	Columbia	OcC2	4.80
0.09	0.16	Columbia	OcC2	4.80	2.01	2.07	Columbia	OcB2	4.80
0.16	0.20	Columbia	MrB	5.30	M-0086 0.00	M-0086 0.15	Columbia	OcB2	4.80
0.20	0.24	Columbia	Ln	4.80	M-0086 0.15	M-0086 0.17	Columbia	LdF	5.00
0.24	0.29	Columbia	OsD	4.80	M-0086 0.17	M-0086 0.24	Columbia	LcD	4.90
0.29	0.29	Columbia	OcB 2	4.80	2.26	2.41	Columbia	LcD	4.90
0.29	0.37	Columbia	OcC2	4.80	2.41	2.44	Columbia	LcB	5.10
0.37	0.65	Columbia	Os B	4.80	2.44	2.64	Columbia	LaB2	4.90
0.65	0.81	Columbia	OcB2	4.80	2.64	2.74	Columbia	LcB	5.10
0.81	0.84	Columbia	OcC2	4.80	2.74	2.88	Columbia	LcD	4.90
0.84	0.85	Columbia	OcB 2	4.80	2.88	2.96	Columbia	WhB	5.50
M-0155 0.00	M-0155 0.08	Columbia	OcB 2	4.80	2.96	3.09	Columbia	LcD	4.90
M-0155 0.08	M-0155 0.15	Columbia	Ln	4.80	3.09	3.10	Columbia	LdF	5.00
M-0155 0.15	M-0155 0.16	Columbia	Os B	4.80	3.10	3.26	Columbia	LcB	5.10
1.00	1.06	Columbia	Os B	4.80	3.26	3.38	Columbia	WpD	5.30
1.06	1.09	Columbia	LdF	5.00	3.38	3.48	Columbia	Ln	4.80
1.09	1.16	Columbia	WfC2	4.90	3.48	3.67	Columbia	WsB	5.30
1.16	1.18	Columbia	Hs	6.20	3.67	3.74	Columbia	WpD	5.30
1.18	1.25	Columbia	Bd	4.80	3.74	4.09	Columbia	WsB	5.30
1.25	1.30	Columbia	Bb	5.30	4.09	4.20	Columbia	Ln	4.80
1.30	1.32	Columbia	w	Water	4.20	4.22	Columbia	WpD	5.30
1.32	1.51	Columbia	Ba	5.30	4.22	4.25	Columbia	WsB	5.30
1.51	1.59	Columbia	LdF	5.00	4.25	4.36	Columbia	WpD	5.30
1.59	1.62	Columbia	LcD	4.90	4.36	4.98	Columbia	LcD	4.90
1.62	1.70	Columbia	LdF	5.00					

NOTE: SEE THE SUPPORTING PIPELINE AND ACCESS ROAD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVES FOR DEFINITIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS OF THE MAP UNIT SYMBOL ABBREVIATIONS.

TABLE 6: LOCATIONS OF ACIDIC BEDROCK ALONG CPLN PIPELINE IN COLUMBIA COUNTY

Pipeline	Mile	Post	Linear	Bedrock Formation	Acid Potential	1	Dook Tune
Facility/	From	То	Distance	Bedrock Formation	Acid Potential	Karst ¹	Rock Type
CPL-North							
Columbia	M-0115 0.00	M-0115 0.01	0.01				
Columbia	0.01	0.85	0.84		Typically non-acid sulfide		Sandstone, Siltstone, and
Columbia	M-0155 0.00	M-0155 0.16	0.16	Catakill Formation			
Columbia	1.00	2.07	1.07	Catskill Formation	bearing		Shale; conglomerate;
Columbia	M-0086 0.00	M-0086 0.24	0.24				mudstone
Columbia	2.26	4.95	2.69				
		Subtotal	5.01				
Note: 1) No ca	rbonate bedroc	k along CPLN	alignment.				

REVISIONS TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC W.O. NO. CHK. APP. W0572385 JLK SMK DESCRIPTION ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT 0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP SUBMITTAL PROPOSED 30" CENTRAL PENN LINE NORTH 1 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL W0572385 JLK SMK PENNSYLVANIA BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND 2 Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DEFICIENCY RESPONSE #1 QUANTITIES PLAN SET COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA QUANTITY, CROSSING AND ACIDIC SOIL TABLES ELZ DATE: 05/15/15 ISSUED FOR BID: 07/02/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: ARCHITECTURE ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENTAL LAND SURVEYING APPROVED BY: SMK DATE: 07/08/15 DRAWING NUMBER: 24-1601-70-28-A/1683_3-BMP-CO-TB SHEET 1

OF 2

TABLE 7: RESOURCE SPECIFIC AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES

*The FERC Alignment Sheets provided in Attachment H-1 show field delineated streams and wetlands within the 300-foot wide environmental survey corridor, and surrounding land use features on an aerial base map.

Resource Type Stream or Wetland)	Resource Name	Resource ID	MP	Chapter 93 Classification, Wetland Classification	Stream Type (Perennial, Intermittent, Ephemeral)	Stream Trout Status (Class A Wild Trout, Wild Trout, Trout Stocked)	Wetland (Cowardin Classification)	Limits of Disturbance (LOD) Adjustments (Supporting Information for Technical Deficiency #29)	Field Routing Adjustments within 600-foot Wide Corridor (Supporting Information for Technical Deficiency #15)*	Stream Bank Stabilization BMP	Widt Erosion Blan Requir Stream Stabili
Wetland	N/A	W-T02-15001A/ W-T02-15001C	0.20	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	II OD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to W-102-15001.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	N/
Stream	UNT to Fishing Creek	WW-T91-15001	0.21	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	Ito the adjacent wetland W-102-15001A - Further LOD reduction at this l	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and to avoid crossing the stream channel with the pipeline.	SBR with SC150 fabric	: 51
Wetland	N/A	W-T02-15002	0.55	None	N/A	N/A	PEM	The LOD has been modified to eliminate impacts to W-T02-15002.	This feature is no longer impacted based on LOD reductions.	N/A	N,
Wetland	N/A	W-T02-15003A/ W-T02-15003C	0.59	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	·	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	N
Stream	UNT to Fishing Creek	WW-T02-15002	0.59	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	LOD has been reduced to 80' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15002.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
Wetland	N/A	W-T02-15004A/ W-T02-15004C	M-0155 0.08	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	The LOD reduction also results in the elimination of impacts to the	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel an existing pipeline ROW. The route was adjusted in the field to crossover the existing pipeline in order to cross the wetland at a perpindicular angle and to avoid the forested portion of the wetland (W-T02-15004C).	N/A	
Stream	UNT to Fishing Creek (WW-T02-15004)	WW-T02-15004	M-0155 0.10	CWF, MF	Intermittent	Wild Trout Waters	R4	LOD has been reduced to 85' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15004.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel an existing pipeline ROW. The route was adjusted in the field to crossover the existing pipeline in order to cross the stream at a perpindicular angle in an area where the riparian corridor has been partially cleared by the existing pipeline.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
Wetland	N/A	W-T02-15005	1.12	None	N/A	N/A	PEM	W-T02-15005 does not extend across the full width of the LOD. Since the wetland width within the LOD is less than 75', the FERC Procedures do not require LOD reduction. In addition, an LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would not result in minimization of wetland.	The pipeline was routed at this location to crossover the existing pipeline from the north to the south side. The crossover was necessary to align the pipeline for a perpendicular crossing of stream WW-T02-15007. Workspace requirements for the crossover make avoidance of W-T02-15005 infeasible. Additionally, the crossover location was selected to avoid impact to stream WW-T91-15003.	N/A	
Stream	UNT to Fishing Creek	WW-T02-15006	1.16	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	Per justification provided for wetland W-T02-15006 crossing, LOD	The pipeline was routed at this location to avoid impacts to stream WW-T91-15003 and avoid impacts to the forested portions of wetland W-T02-15006. The pipeline was also routed to maintain colocation with the existing pipeline.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
Vetland	N/A	W-T02-15006A / W-T02-15006A-1	1.17	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM	the road crossing of Camp Lavigne Rd. due to the confined workspace between the road and environmental features. The additional	The pipeline was routed at this location to avoid impacts to stream WW-T91-15003 and avoid impacts to the forested portions of wetland W-T02-15006. The pipeline was also routed to maintain colocation with the existing pipeline.	N/A	
Stream	UNT to Fishing Creek	WW-T92-15001B	1.26	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	II OD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to W/W-T92-15001B	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15007	1.26	EV	N/A	N/A	PFO	II OD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to W-T02-15007	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	
ream	Fishing Creek	WW-T02-15007	1.31	CWF, MF	Perennial	Approved Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	R3	Full ROW width needed to complete a safe and efficient crossing of this large stream.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
ream	UNT to Fishing Creek	WW-T02-15008	1.99	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	II (11) has been reduced to XII to minimize impacts to W/W-1112-1500X	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15008B/ W-T02-15008C	2.12	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PSS, PFO	LOD has been modified to eliminate impacts to W-T02-15008.	This feature is no longer impacted based on LOD reductions.	N/A	
tream	UNT to Coles Creek	WW-T91-15004	M-0086 0.21	CWF, MF	Intermittent	Wild Trout Waters	R 4	Full ROW width needed to accommodate adjacent PI's.	The pipeline was rerouted in this location to deviate from the existing ROW in order to avoid a documented population of northeastern bulrush, a threatened species, in wetland W-T02-15008. The pipeline crosses perpendicular to stream WW-T91-15004 on a route to resume colocation with the existing pipeline.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15009A/ W-T02-15009C	2.26	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	LOD has been reduced to 75' for the portion of W-T02-15009 that crosses the full width of the LOD. Additional LOD reduction for the portion of the wetland encroaching on the northern end of the LOD would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would not result in additional minimization of wetland impacts.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	
tream	UNT to Coles Creek	WW-T02-15009	2.29	CWF, MF	Intermittent	Wild Trout Waters	R 4	LOD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15009.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
tream	Hess Hollow	WW-T02-15010	2.87	HQ-CWF	Perennial	Class A Wild Trout Waters; Class A Wild	R3	LOD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15010.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	-
ream	UNT to Hess Hollow	WW-T92-15001	2.88	HQ-CWF	Perennial	Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	R3	LOD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15001.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15010A/ W-T02-15010C	2.89	EV	N/A	N/A Class A Wild	PEM, PFO	LOD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to W-T02-15010.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	\perp
ream	UNT to Hess Hollow	WW-T02-15011	2.92	HQ-CWF	Perennial	Trout Waters; Wild Trout Waters	R3	II OD has been reduced to 75' to minimize impacts to WW-102-15011.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15013A	3.33	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM	the wetland width within the LOD is less than 75', the FERC Procedures do not require LOD reduction. In addition, an LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would not result in minimization of wetland impacts.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	
tream	UNT to Coles Creek	WW-T02-15013	3.35	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	II OD has been reduced to 80' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15013	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	_
etland	N/A	W-T02-15014A / W-T02-15014A-1 / W-T02-15014A-2/ W-T02-15014C-2	3.77	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	FERC Procedures do not require LOD reduction. In addition, an LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland. A crossover of the existing pipeline was considered to reduce impacts, but was not adopted as this would result in greater impacts to the forested portion of the wetland.	N/A	
ream	Ashelman Run (WW-T02-15014)	WW-T02-15014	3.82	CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	impacts. LOD has been reduced to 80' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15014.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland	N/A	W-T02-15015A/ W-T02-15015C	3.96	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO		The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland. A crossover of the existing pipeline was considered to reduce impacts, but was not adopted as this would result in greater impacts to the forested portion of the wetland.	N/A	
ream	UNT to Coles Creek	WW-T02-15012C	4.12	HQ-CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	LOD has been reduced to 80' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15012C.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	+
ream	Coles Creek	WW-T02-15012	4.13	HQ-CWF, MF	Perennial	Wild Trout Waters	R3	LOD has been reduced to 80' to minimize impacts to WW-T02-15012	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this stream.	SBR with SC150 fabric	+
etland	N/A	W-T02-15012A/ W-T02-15012C / W-T02-15012C-1/ W-T02-15012C-2	4.15	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	that crosses the full width of the LOD. Additional LOD reduction for the portion of the wetland encroaching on the northern end of the LOD would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland. A crossover of the existing pipeline was considered to reduce impacts, but was not adopted as this would result in greater impacts to the forested portion of the wetland. The proposed alignment also avoids impacts to stream WW-T02-15012A.	N/A	
tream	UNT to Coles Creek	WW-T92-15002	4.22	HQ-CWF, MF	Intermittent	Wild Trout Waters	R 4	Full ROW width needed to complete a safe and efficient crossing of this stream and adjacent wetland. W-T02-15016 does not extend across the full width of the LOD. Since	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
etland/	N/A	W-T02-15016A/ W-T02-15016C	4 .66	None	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	the wetland width within the LOD is less than 75', the FERC Procedures do not require LOD reduction. In addition, an LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would not result in minimization of wetland	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland.	N/A	
tream	UNT to Marsh Run (WW-T93-15001)	WW-T93-15001	4.80	CWF, MF	Intermittent	Wild Trout Waters	R4	impacts. WW-T93-15001 does not extend across the full width of the LOD. An LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent upland area and would not result in minimization of stream impacts.	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW.	SBR with SC150 fabric	
	N/A	W-T02-15016A-1/ W-T02-15016C	4.80	EV	N/A	N/A	PEM, PFO	the wetland width within the LOD is less than 75', the FERC Procedures do not require LOD reduction. In addition, an LOD reduction at this location would only be possible in the adjacent	The pipeline was routed in this location to parallel existing ROW and provides a perpendicular crossing of this wetland. A crossover of the existing pipeline was considered to reduce impacts, but was not adopted as this would result in greater impacts to the forested portion of the wetland. The proposed alignment also avoids impacts to stream WW-	N/A	

TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION SUMMARY

						TEMPO	DRARY DIVI	ERSION SUMM	IARY - COLUMBIA COUNTY, PE	ENNSYLVANIA								
	DIVERSION											WATERBODY**				TEMPORARY PIPE		
MILE POST	DIVERSION ID	DIVERSION TYPE	BOTTOM WIDTH B (FT)	DEPTH D (FT)	TOP WIDTH W (FT)	Z1 (FT)	Z2 (FT)	TEMPORARY LINING	PERMANENT LINING	DISCHARGE TYPE	INITIAL AND TERMINAL WIDTH (FT)		RIP RAP	RIP RAP THICKNESS (IN)	R.O.W. SLOPE (%)	Q (CFS)	# OF 12" DIAMETER PIPES	
0																		
	0.01	FILTER SOCK	0	1.6	7.9	0	5	C125	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE		1	-	-	6	5.92	1	
2																		
	2.01	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	7	1.6	1	
3																		
	3.01	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	5	6.72	1	
	3.02	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	9	6.24	1	
4																		
	4.01	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	C125	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	=	-	-	23	5.12	1	
	4.02	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	20	5.76	1	
	4.03A	FILTER SOCK	0	1.6	7.1	0	4.5	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	Ξ.	-	-	16	4.96	1	
	4.03B	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	16	5.44	1	
	4.03C	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	15	7.20	1	
	4.04A	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	14	8.00	1	
	4.04B	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	=	-	12	4.00	1	
	4.04C	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-		-	8	18.40	2	
	4.04D	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	11	7.84	1	
	4.05A	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-,	-	12	8.00	1	
	4.05B	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	S75	UNREINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	8	7.52	1	
	4.05C	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	8	5.92	1	
	4.05D	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	8	5.12	1	
	4.06	SWALE	2	2	10	2	2	SC150	REINFORCED VEGETATION	TEMP. PIPE	-	-	-	-	/	5.76	1	

*High Quality or Exceptional Value watershed

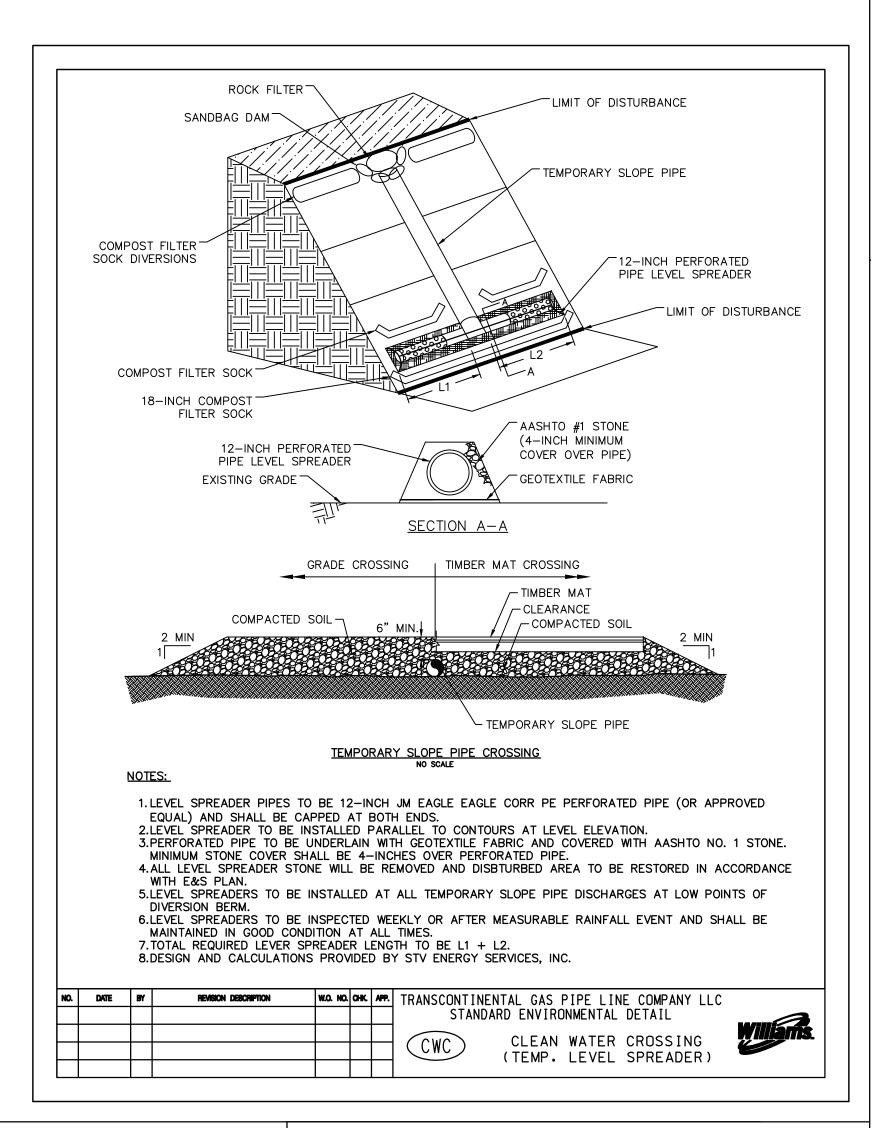
Columbia County - North Temporary Perforated Pipe Level Spreader Calculations

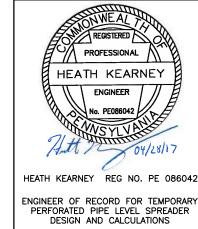
MILE POST	DIVERSION ID	Q (CFS)	AVAILABLE STATIC HEAD (FT)	LEVEL SPREADER PIPE DIAMETER (IN.)	PERFORATION DIAMETER (IN.)	NUMBER OF PERFORATIONS PER ROW	ORIFICE AREA PER FOOT (IN ^{2/} FT)	ROW SPACING (IN.)	ORIFICE COEFFICIENT (Cd)	LEVEL SPREADER CAPACITY PER FOOT OF LENGTH (CFS / FT)	REQUIRED LENGTH (FT)	NOMINAL LENGTH (FT)	OVERALL LEVEL SPREADER CAPACITY (CFS)
0													
	0.01	5.92	8	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.394	15.02	20	7.88
2													
	2.01	1.6	6	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.341	4.69	5	1.71
3													
	3.01	6.72	7	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.369	18.22	20	7.38
	3.02	6.24	9	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.418	14.92	15	6.27
4													
	4.01	5.12	25	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.697	7.35	10	6.97
	4.02	5.76	17	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.575	10.02	15	8.62
	4.03A	4.96	13	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.503	9.87	10	5.03
	4.03B	5.44	13	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.503	10.83	15	7.54
	4.03C	7.20	13	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.503	14.33	15	7.54
	4.04A	8.00	13	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.503	15.92	20	10.05
	4.04B	4.00	11	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.462	8.65	10	4.62
	4.04C	9.20	10	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.441	20.87	25	11.02
	4.04D	7.84	7	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.369	21.26	25	9.22
	4.05A	8.00	8	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.394	20.29	25	9.86
	4.05B	7.52	7	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.369	20.39	25	9.22
	4.05C	5.92	5	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.312	19.00	20	6.23
	4.05D	5.12	12	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.483	10.60	15	7.24
	4.06	5.76	9	12	0.375	6	4.10	1.94	0.61	0.418	13.78	15	6.27

1. FLOWS HIGHLIGHTED YELLOW HAVE MORE THAN ONE PIPE, AND THEREFORE, THE

FLOW HAS BEEN DIVIDED ACCORDINGLY.

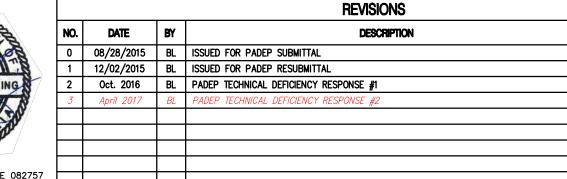
2. DESIGN AND CALCULATIONS PROVIDED BY STV ENERGY SERVICES, INC.











TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT PROPOSED 30" CENTRAL PENN LINE NORTH PENNSYLVANIA BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN SET COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA QUANTITY, CROSSING AND ACIDIC SOIL TABLES

W.O. NO. CHK. APP.

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DRAWN BY: ELZ	Z DATE: 05/15/15	ISSUED FOR BID:	SCALE:	
CHECKED BY: JLK	DATE: 07/02/15	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION:	REVISION: 3	
APPROVED BY: SMK	DATE: 07/08/15	DRAWING NUMBER: 24-1601-70-28-A/1683_	3-BMP-CO-TB SHEET	2
WO:		·	OF	2

^{**} Diversion End Treatment to Stream or Wetland *** Sizing was determined using maximum allowable velocity outlined in Table 6.6 of the PA DEP Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Program Manual, dated March 2012

Drainage Area > 5 acres due to valley/drainage ditch Drainage Area > 5 acres due to wetlands