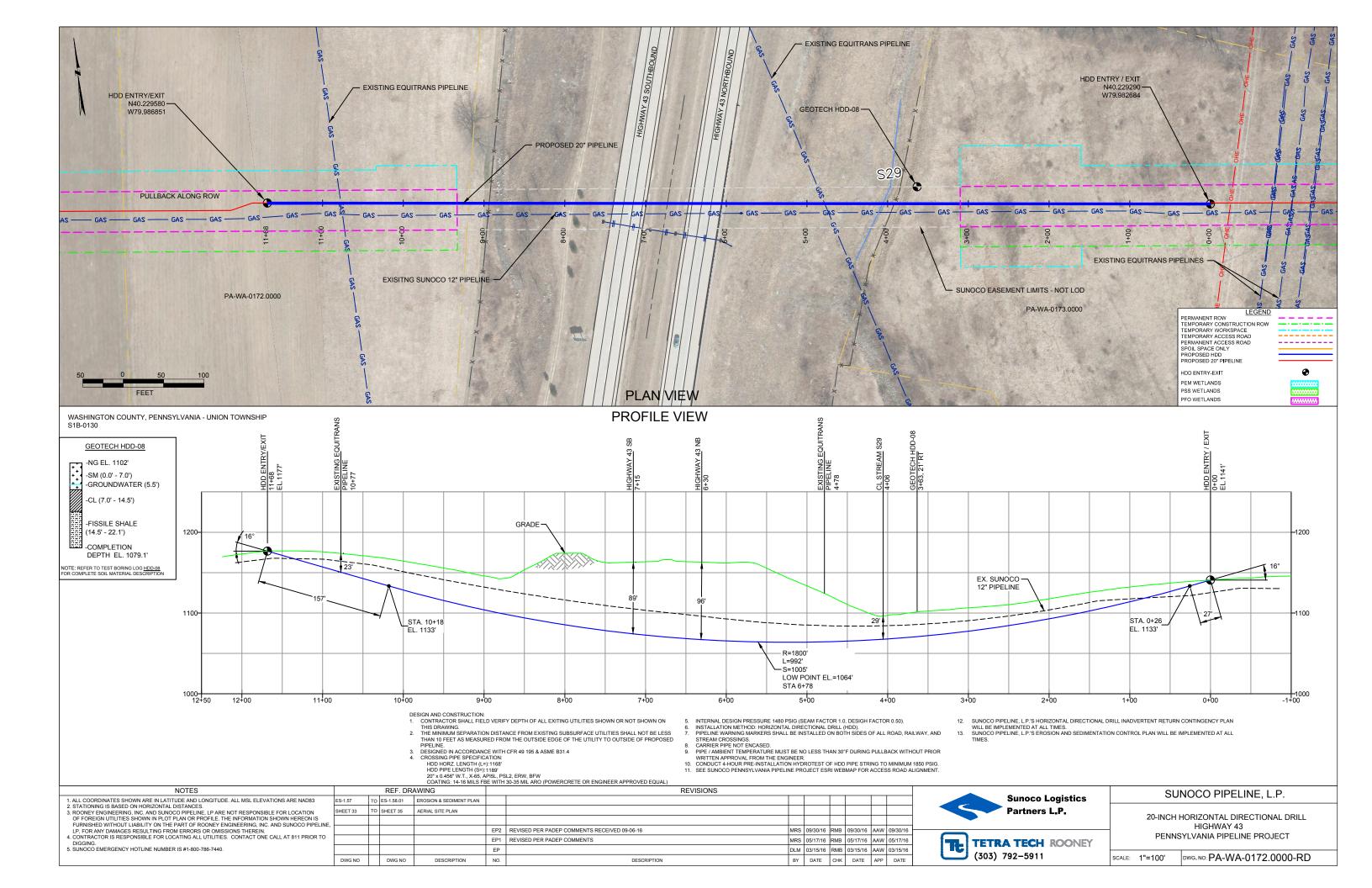
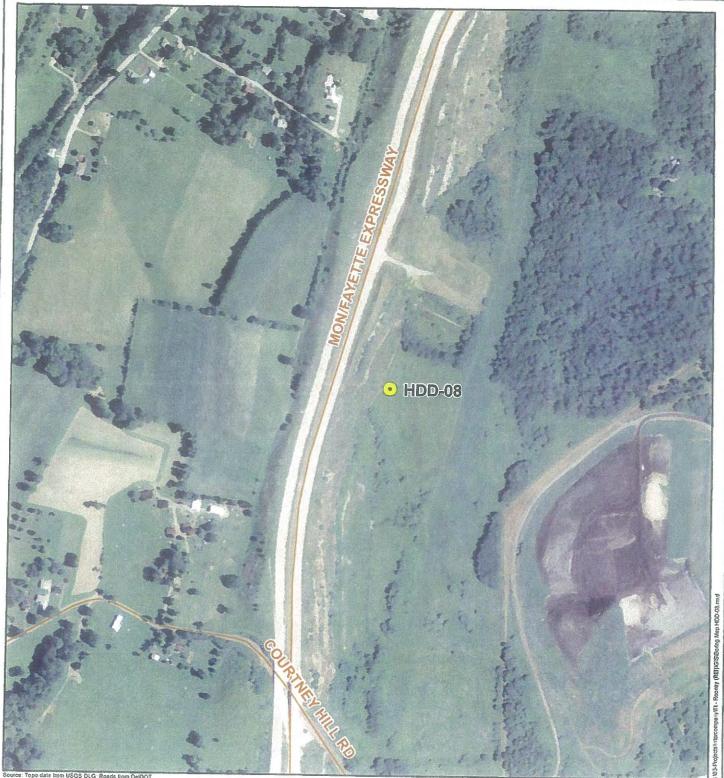
HDD PA-WA-0172.0000-RD (S29)

Given the design, the threat of inadvertent return has been reduced to the maximum extent practicable and in this case that threat is considered to be low. Implementing this design, along with adherence to the Pennsylvania Pipeline Project Inadvertent Return Contingency Plan will ensure inadvertent impacts, if they were to occur, are also minimized to the maximum extent.

The drill will enter/exit 430 feet from the western edge of Highway 43 and enter/exit 600 feet from the eastern edge. The horizontal directional drill will enter/exit 760 feet from the western edge of stream 29 (S29) and enter/exit 410 feet from the eastern edge. The drill will cross below the highway at 90 feet and the stream at 30 feet. The 20" drill will parallel the existing ME1 12" pipeline drill. The geotechnical results from the previous drill, as well as other data points, were used to determine the entry/exit angles, and depths to pass through the best substrates while maintaining the pipe integrity (e.g., no large bends). According to the geotechnical report the primary substrate at the crossing depth is bedrock with clays and shales above. Based on the geotechnical report, the drill profile, and the previous drill data minimal inadvertent returns are expected.











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Figure Boring Location HDD-08 Sunoco Mariner East Project Washington County, PA



1 inch = 500 feet

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TEST BORING LOG

Projec	t Locatio	n: WAS	HINGTO	N COU	VTY, P	4			Project N		0011-2		
Test E	Boring No	o.:	HDD-08		- 		Dates(s) Drilled: 06/26/13	Inspector:	Page 1 o E. WATT			m	
Drilling Contractor: CONNELLY							Drilling Method: SPT - ASTM D1586	Driller:	K. Kersh				· <u> </u>
Surfac	e Elevat						Groundwater Depth (ft): SEE BELOW	Total Depth (ft):					
Sample Sample Depth (it) No. From To		<u> ⊒, ⊊ </u>			Strata (USCS)				6" Increment		N		
1	3.5	5.0			ИТН	5	3lows 7	11	1				
				7.0		0101	SOME CLAY, TRACE F-GRAVEL.		——				
2	8.5	10.0	0 7.0 10 MOTTLED ORANGE, BROWN AND GRAY SILTY CLAY WITH SOME			ME	з	4	4				
						CL	FINE SAND, TRACE FINE GRAVEL. USCS: C	USCS: CL					
3	13.5	15.0			14	0	GRAY, BROWN AND YELLOWISH BROWN SIL	TY CLAY, TRACE		11	15	50/5"	>
			· <u></u>	14.5			FINE SAND.						
			14.5				HIGHLY WEATHERED FISSILE SHALE.						
4	18.5	18.7			2	FS	GRAY FISSILE SHALE.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	50)/2"			
5	22.0	22,1		22.1									
							GRAY FISSILE SHALE.		50)/1"			
							AUGER REFUSAL ENCOUNTERED AT 22.0'.						
					{	ł	WET ON SPOON AT 9.5'.						
			1			ŀ	WATER LEVEL THROUGH AUGERS AT 5.5'.						
+						F	A LI LEVEL MINOGAN AGGENS AT 5.5.						
	<u>î</u>												
								·····	·	-+			
						C	DFF-SET BORING 32' TO THE NORTH, AND CO	NTINUOUSLY		_			
						F	DRILLED TO AN AUGER REFUSAL DEPTH OF				{		
							WATER WAS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THIS B						
						Ļ		····		- -			
						_				\neg			
						Ļ							
						-							
			<u> </u>			Ļ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······					
Jotes/	Commer	nts:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l									
<u>Pc</u>	cket Per	tromete	r Testing										
	l: >4 TSF 2: 2.75 TS					. سو							
02						F	S: FISSILE SHALE						

Number of blows of 140 lb. Hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2 in. split-spoon sampler in 6 in. incrementa.
Number of blows to drive spoon from 6" to 18" interval.

FIELD DESCRIPTION AND LOGGING SYSTEM FOR SOIL EXPLORATION

GRANULAR SOILS

(Sand, Gravel & Combinations)

<u>Density</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>	Particle Si	ze Identifica	tion
Very Loose	5 or less	<u>Boulders</u>	8 in. diamet	
Loose	6 to 10	Cobbles	3 to 8 in. dia	
Medium Dense	11 to 30			
Dense	31to 50	Gravel	Coarse (C)	
Very Dense	51 or more		Fine (F)	¾ in. to No. 4 sieve
		Sand	Coarse (C)	No. 4 to No. 10 sieve
				(4.75mm-2.00mm)
Relative Proportion			Medium	No. 10 to No. 40 sieve
<u>Description Term</u>	<u>Percent</u>		(M)	(2.00mm – 0.425mm)
Trace	1 - 10		Fine (F)	No. 40 to No. 200 sieve
Little	11 - 20			(0.425 – 0.074mm)
Some	21 - 35	Silt/Clay	Less Than a	No. 200 sieve (<0.074mm)
And	36 - 50	. ,		

COHESIVE SOILS

(Silt, Clay & Combinations)

<u>Consistency</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>	Plasticity	
Very Soft	3 or less	Degree of Plasticity	Plasticity Index
Soft	4 to 5	None to Slight	0 - 4
Medium Stiff	6 to 10	Slight	5 - 7
Stiff	11 to 15	Medium	8- 22
Very Stiff	16 to 30	High to Very High	> 22
Hard	31 or more	6 , 6	

ROCK

(Rock Cores)

Rock	Rock
Quality Designation	Quality <u>Descripti</u>
<u>(RQD), %</u>	<u>on</u>
0-25	Very Poor
25-50	Poor
50-75	Fair
75-90	Good
90-100	Excellent

*N - Standard Penetration Resistance. Driving a 2.0" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler a distance of 18 inches into undisturbed soil with a 140 pound hammer free falling a distance of 30.0 inches. The number of hammer blows to drive the sampler through each 6 inch interval is recorded; the number of blows required to drive the sampler through the final 12 inch interval is termed the Standard Penetration Resistance (SPR) N-value. For example, blow counts of 6/8/9 (through three 6-inch intervals) results in an SPR N-value of 17 (8+9).

Groundwater observations were made at the times indicated. Groundwater elevations fluctuate throughout a given year, depending on actual field porosity and variations in seasonal and annual precipitation.

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM [Casagrande (1948)]

	Major Divisi	ons	Group Symbols	Typical Descriptions	Laboratory Classifications				
	n is larger	Clean gravel (Little or no fines)	GW	Well-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines	mbols ⁽¹⁾	$C_{u=\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}}$ greater than 4: $C_{c=\frac{(D_{30})2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}}$ between 1 and 3			
(6	Gravels More than half of coarse fraction is larger than No. 4 sieve size	Clean (Little or	GP	Poorly graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines	Determine Percentage of sand and gravel from grain size curve. Depending on Percentage of fines (fraction smaller than No. 200 sieve), coarse-grained soils are classified as follows: Less than 5 percent GW, GP, SW, SP More than 12 percent GM. GC, SM, SC 5 to 12 percent Borderline cases requiring dual symbols ⁽¹⁾	Not meeting C_u or C_c requiren	nents for GW		
o. 200 sieve		Gravel with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I $_{\rm P}$ less than 4	Limits plotting in hatched zone with I p between 4 and 7 are		
d Soils ger than Ne			GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I _p greater than 7	borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
Coarse Grained Soils if material is larger tha	Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. 4 Sieve)	sands to fines)	sw	Well graded sands, gravely sands, little or no fines	of fines (fract of fines (fract ed soils are cla percent C percent C percent C percent C percent	$C_{u=\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}}$ greater than 6: $C_{c=\frac{1}{10}}$	$\frac{(D_{30})2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ between 1 and 3		
Coarse Grained Soils (More than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve)		Clean sands (Little or no fines)	SP	Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines	ine Percentage of sand a on Percentage of fines (I coarse-grained soils ar Less than 5 percent More than 12 percent 5 to 12 percent	Not meeting C_u or C_c require	ments for SW		
(We		t fines able fines)	SM	Silty sands, sand- silt mixtures	Determ bepending	Atterberg limits below A Line or I _p less than 4	Limits Plotting in hatched		
		Sands with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I _p greater than 7	zone with I _p between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
Major	r Divisions Group Symbols		Typical Descriptions		For soils plotting nea When w _L is near 50	rly on A line use dual symbols i.e ., l _p use CL-CH or ML-MH. Take near as	= 29.5, w _L =60 gives CH-MH. ± 2 percent.		
	Sitts and clays (Liquid limit less than 50)	ML	sands, rock f	s and very fine lour, silty or clayey r clayey silts with ly	60[] - A Lir	e:			
200 sieve)		CL inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays , sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays		PI = 0.73(LL - 20) 50 U Line: PI = 0.9(LL - 8)					
ls r than No.		OL	Organic silts clays of low	and organic silty plasticity	40 (Id) ×		N ^o O ^N		
Fine-grained soils (More than half of material is smaller than No. 200	Silts and Clays (Liquid limit greater than 50)	МН		s, micaceous or s fine sandy or silty silts	Plasticity Index (PI), %	NUR A	MH or OH		
Fir half of mat		СН	Inorganic cla fat clays	ys of high plasticity,					
More than		ОН	Organic clays plasticity, org	s of medium to high anic silts		CL-ML ML or OL			
)	Highly organic soils	Pt	Peat and oth soils	er highly organic		0 20 30 40 50 6 Liquid Limit (LL	0 70 80 90 100),%		

(1) Borderline classifications, used for soils possessing characteristics of two groups, are designated by combinations of group symbols. For example: GW-GC. well-graded gravel-sand mixture with clay binder.