



July 18, 2015
103IP3406

Mr. Uriah Sowell
Rooney Engineering
115 Inverness Drive East, Suite 300,
Englewood, CO 80112

***Subject: Infiltration Testing – Middletown Jct Valve Site
Sunoco Pennsylvania Pipeline Project
Dauphin County, Middletown Borough***

Dear Mr. Sowell:

Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) performed infiltration testing within proposed stormwater management feature areas at the proposed Middletown Jct. Valve Site in Middletown Borough, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. This letter report summarizes results of the infiltration testing.

The intended method for infiltration testing was the double-ring constant head test; however, the field water truck used to supply water for testing could not access test locations within reasonable distance. Therefore, the method used to conduct infiltration testing was the single-ring falling head test. This commonly accepted test method utilizes a considerable amount less water, and the water was reasonably hauled to the test locations with buckets.

Four single-ring falling head infiltration tests were performed at the site on June 27, 2015, in accordance with ASTM International (ASTM) D5126; locations of the tests are shown in Attachment 1. The tests for IT-01 and IT-02 were conducted approximately 10 feet north of the target locations because of access constraints associated with trees.

Prior to infiltration testing, a hand auger soil boring was advanced adjacent to each test location to log lithology, inspect for evidence of seasonal high water table, and collect representative soil samples. Soil borings were advanced by use of a hand-held auger, and subsurface conditions were logged. Boring logs (Attachment 2) include soil data obtained from the explorations. Soil borings could not be advanced to at least 2 feet below the infiltration test depths because of encounter with gravel and cobble-sized rock material. Regional mapped geology indicates that the site is underlain by the Gettysburg Formation, and depth to bedrock, based on area well drilling logs, ranges from 12 to 70 feet below ground surface. A Standard Penetration Test boring advanced at the site at a later date for a proposed Power Distribution Center did not encounter auger refusal material (e.g., bedrock) at its termination depth of 25 feet below ground surface. The SPT soil boring was located approximately 130 feet northeast of the infiltration test locations.

Groundwater was not encountered within the soil borings, and is not anticipated within 2 feet of the infiltration test depth. Soils observed within the soil borings were dry, and no mottling was observed. Groundwater was not encountered within the SPT boring described above.

A soil sample was collected at each of the four infiltration test depths. The samples were inspected and described visually in Tetra Tech's geotechnical laboratory. A Percent Finer than a No. 200

Sieve Test (ASTM D1140) was performed to measure the amount of silt and clay particulate in the soil samples. An Atterberg Limit Test (ASTM D4318) was conducted to aid in classification of the soils. Results of the grain-size analysis and Atterberg Limits testing were referenced to determine the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) designation for the soils encountered at the infiltration test depth. A summary of the laboratory testing results is in Attachment 3.

Infiltration testing via a single-ring, falling head testing method occurred at each test location; the procedure for this test method is described in Attachment 4. Results from the infiltration testing are summarized in the attached Infiltration Testing Tables (Attachment 5). Table 1 summarizes investigation and testing depths, results of the infiltration testing, and USCS classifications and descriptions of soils at the infiltration test depths.

**TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF RESULTS FROM INFILTRATION INVESTIGATION**

Infiltration Test Location	Infiltration Test Depth (inches)	Off-Set Soil Boring Depth (inches)	Infiltration Testing Results (inches/hour)	USCS Classification ⁽¹⁾ at Test Depth	Generalized Description of Soils at Test Depth
IT-01	42	43	4.92 (1.44 final test hour)	SM	Reddish brown fine to medium sand and silt, with a little F-C gravel, cobble sized rock at depth
IT-02	26	36	2.79 (1.68 final test hour)	SM	Reddish brown fine to medium sand with some silt, with a little F-C gravel, cobble sized rock at depth
IT-03	36	36	0.48 (0.72 final test hour)	CL	Reddish brown clay with some fine sand, trace F-C gravel, with cobble sized rock at depth
IT-04	14	24	1.50 (1.32 final test hour)	SC	Reddish brown fine sand and clay, trace F-C gravel, cobble sized rock at depth

1) USCS classifications are based on soil portion of encountered soils. Subsurface conditions include appreciable amounts of rock fragments (gravel and cobble-sized).



Tetra Tech's services accorded with generally accepted engineering practice. No warranty, expressed or implied, is given. We appreciate the opportunity to provide our professional services to you. If you have any questions regarding the testing we performed, please contact me at (302) 283-2274, or via E-mail at ralph.boedeker@tetrattech.com.

Sincerely,

Ralph Boedeker

Ralph Boedeker, P.E. (DE, MD, PA, VA)
Geotechnical Project Manager

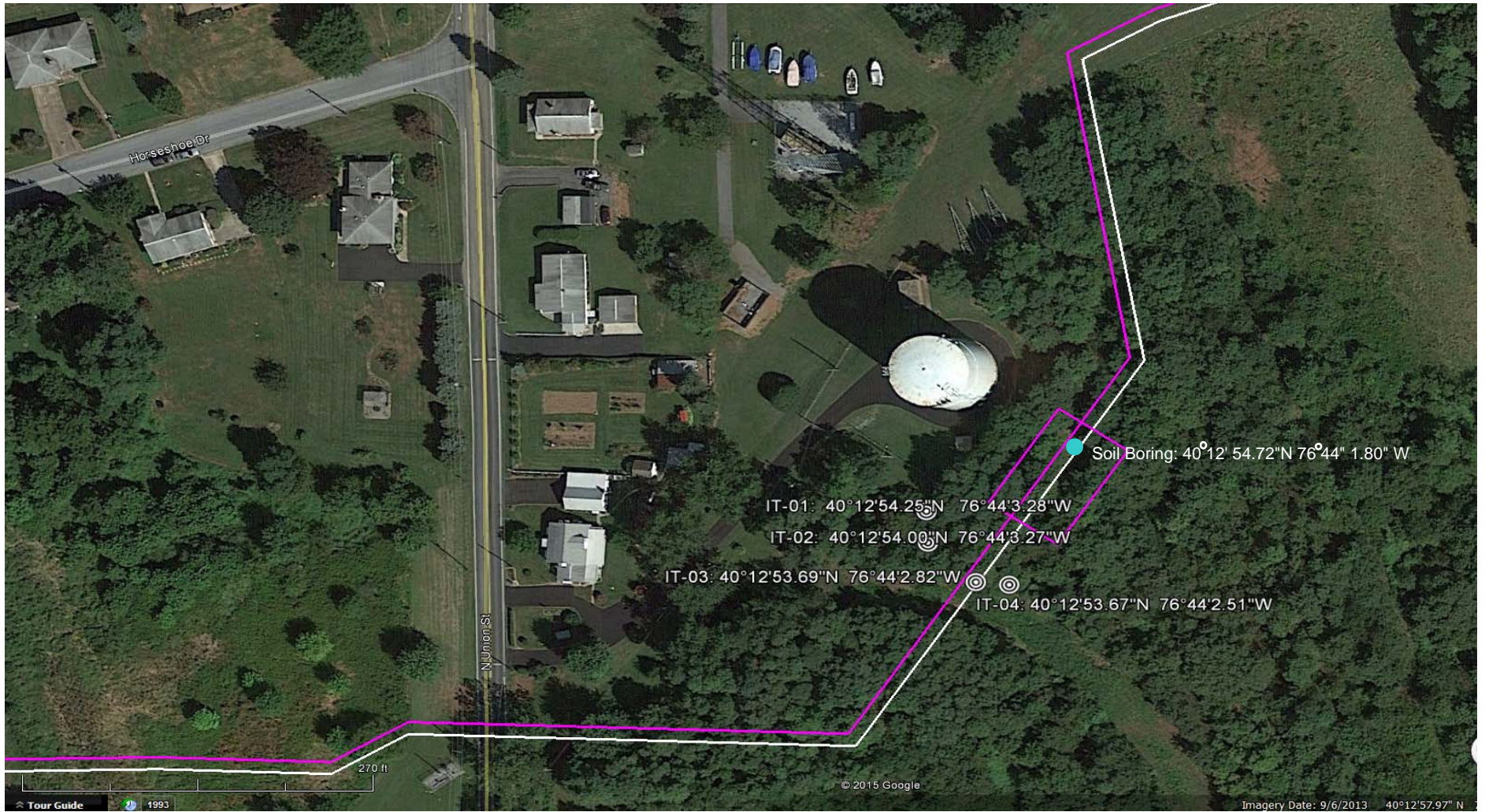
cc: Karen Gleason (Tetra Tech – Pittsburgh)

Attachments

- Attachment 1: Infiltration Test Locations
- Attachment 2: Soil Boring Logs
- Attachment 3: Laboratory Testing Summary
- Attachment 4: Falling Head Single Ring Infiltration Test Procedures
- Attachment 5: Infiltration Testing Tables

Attachment 1

Infiltration Test Locations



LEGEND:

- ⊙ Infiltration Test Locations (IT)
- Standard Penetration Test Boring



INFILTRATION TEST LOCATIONS
 MIDDLETOWN JCT VALVE SITE
 DAUPHIN COUNTY, MIDDLETOWN BOROUGH, PA
 SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT

Attachment 2

Soil Boring Logs



INFILTRATION TESTING SOIL LOG

Project: Sunoco PPP - Middletown Jct.
 Project No.: 103IP3406
 Boring/Pit No.: IT-01
 Tested by: Tetra Tech/Hynes

Equipment Used: Double Ring Infiltrometer/Hand Auger
 Weather: 75 F, light rain
 Geology: _____
 Land Use: N/A

Horizon	Upper Boundary	Lower Boundary	Soil Textural Class	Description	Soil Color	Color Patterns	Pores, Roots, Rock Structure	Depth to Bedrock	Depth to Water	Comments
O	0"	3"	topsoil	topsoil	reddish brown	Solid	roots present			
A	3"	43"	USCS: SM	fine to medium sand and silt with a little fine to coarse gravel, cobble sized rock at depth	reddish brown	solid		(Note 1)	Not Encountered	%<200: 39.6

1) Could not penetrate deeper than 43" bgs with hand auger due to presense of gravel and cobble sized rock. Hand auger refusal not suspected to be a result of bedrock. Many off-set attempts were made.



INFILTRATION TESTING SOIL LOG

Project: Sunoco PPP - Middletown Jct.
 Project No.: 103IP3406
 Boring/Pit No.: IT-02
 Tested by: Tetra Tech/Hynes

Equipment Used: Double Ring Infiltrometer/Hand Auger
 Weather: 75 F, light rain
 Geology: _____
 Land Use: N/A

Horizon	Upper Boundary	Lower Boundary	Soil Textural Class	Description	Soil Color	Color Patterns	Pores, Roots, Rock Structure	Depth to Bedrock	Depth to Water	Comments
O	0"	3"	topsoil	topsoil	reddish brown	Solid	roots present			
A	3"	36"	USCS: SM	fine to medium sand with some silt with a little F-C gravel, cobble sized rock at depth	reddish brown	solid		(Note 1)	Not Encountered	%<200: 34.2

1) Could not penetrate deeper than 36" bgs with hand auger due to presense of gravel and cobble sized rock. Hand auger refusal not suspected to be a result of bedrock. Many off-set attempts were made.



INFILTRATION TESTING SOIL LOG

Project: Sunoco PPP - Middletown Jct.

Equipment Used: Double Ring Infiltrometer/Hand Auger

Project No.: 103IP3406

Weather: 75 F, light rain

Boring/Pit No.: IT-03

Geology: _____

Tested by: Tetra Tech/Hynes

Land Use: N/A

Horizon	Upper Boundary	Lower Boundary	Soil Textural Class	Description	Soil Color	Color Patterns	Pores, Roots, Rock Structure	Depth to Bedrock	Depth to Water	Comments
O	0"	3"	topsoil	topsoil	reddish brown	Solid	roots present			
A	3"	36"	USCS: CL	clay with some fine sand, trace F-C gravel, with cobble sized rock at depth.	reddish brown	solid		(Note 1)	Not Encountered	%<200: 76.7

1) Could not penetrate deeper than 36" bgs with hand auger due to presense of gravel and cobble sized rock. Hand auger refusal not suspected to be a result of bedrock. Many off-set attempts were made.



INFILTRATION TESTING SOIL LOG

Project: Sunoco PPP - Middletown Jct.
 Project No.: 103IP3406
 Boring/Pit No.: IT-04
 Tested by: Tetra Tech/Hynes

Equipment Used: Double Ring Infiltrometer/Hand Auger
 Weather: 75 F, light rain
 Geology: _____
 Land Use: N/A

Horizon	Upper Boundary	Lower Boundary	Soil Textural Class	Description	Soil Color	Color Patterns	Pores, Roots, Rock Structure	Depth to Bedrock	Depth to Water	Comments
O	0"	3"	topsoil	topsoil	reddish brown	Solid	roots present			
A	3"	24"	USCS: SC	fine sand and clay, trace F-C gravel, cobble sized rock at depth	reddish brown	solid		(Note 1)	Not Encountered	%<200: 45.1

1) Could not penetrate deeper than 24" bgs with hand auger due to presence of gravel and cobble sized rock. Hand auger refusal not suspected to be a result of bedrock. Many off-set attempts were made.



TETRA TECH

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 Newark, Delaware 19713
 302.738.7551
 fax: 302.454.5988

TEST BORING LOG

Project Name:	SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT	Project No.:	103IP3406
Project Location:	NORTH UNION STREET, BOROUGH OF MIDDLETOWN, PA	Page 1 of 1	
EFRD No.:	MIDDLETOWN JCT	Dates(s) Drilled:	07-15-15
Boring No.:	VB-01	Inspector:	J. COSTELLO
Drilling Contractor:	HYNES	Drilling Method:	SPT - ASTM D1586
		Driller:	M.HYNES
		Groundwater Depth (ft):	NOT ENCOUNTERED
		Total Depth (ft):	125.0
Boring Location Coordinates:	40°12'54.72"N	76°44'1.80"W	

Sample No.	Sample Depth (ft)		Strata Depth (ft)		Recov. (in)	Strata (USCS)	Description of Materials	6" Increment Blows *				N	
	From	To	From	To									
			0.0	0.2			TOPSOIL (2")						
1	1.0	2.5	0.2		14	A (SM)	DR, REDDISH BROWN (W/WHITE SPECS) FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT, TRACE FINE SHALE FRAGMENTS.	4	8	13		21	
2	3.5	5.0			16		DR, REDDISH BROWN (W/WHITE SPECS) FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT, TRACE FINE SHALE FRAGMENTS.	3	19	33		52	
3	6.0	7.5			14		DR, REDDISH BROWN (W/WHITE SPECS) FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT, TRACE FINE SHALE FRAGMENTS.	20	32	46		78	
4	8.5	9.5			12		DR, REDDISH BROWN (W/WHITE SPECS) FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT, TRACE FINE SHALE FRAGMENTS.	15	28	39		67	
5	13.5	15.0			16		DR, REDDISH BROWN (W/WHITE SPECS) FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT, TRACE FINE SHALE FRAGMENTS.	12	16	14		30	
				19.0									
6	18.5	19.5	19.0		12		B	REDDISH BROWN PARTIALLY WEATHERED SHALE	7	50/6"			>50
7	23.5	23.8		25.0	4	REDDISH BROWN PARTIALLY WEATHERED SHALE		50/3"				>50	
							AUGERED TO 25'.						
							CAVED AND DRY AT 12'.						
							OFF-SET BORING LOCATION DUE TO ACCESS CONSTRAINTS (TREES)						

Notes/Comments:
Pocket Pentrometer Testing

Strata (USCS) Designations are approximated based on visual review, except where indicated in Description of Materials.

* Number of blows of 140 lb. Hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2 in. split-spoon sampler in 6 in. increments.
 N: Number of blows to drive spoon from 6" to 18" interval.

Attachment 3

Laboratory Testing Summary

**GEOTECHNICAL LABORATORY TESTING SUMMARY
SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT
MIDDLETOWN JCT VALVE SITE**

Valve Site	Soil Boring No.	Sample No.	Water Content, % (ASTM D2216)	Percent Silts/Clays, % (ASTM D1140)	Atterburg Limits (ASTM D4318)			USCS Classif. (ASTM D2487)
					Liquid Limit, %	Plastic Limit, %	Plasticity Index, %	
Middletown Jct	IT-01	IT-01	17.2	39.6	28	24	4	SM
	IT-02	IT-02	14.6	34.2	NV	NP	NP	SM
	IT-03	IT-03	18.8	76.7	40	22	18	CL
	IT-04	IT-04	17.5	45.1	38	22	16	SC

Notes:

- 1) Sample depths based on feet below grade at time of exploration.

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM [Casagrande (1948)]

Major Divisions		Group Symbols	Typical Descriptions	Laboratory Classifications				
Coarse Grained Soils (More than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve)	Gravels (More than half of coarse fraction is larger than No. 4 sieve size)	Clean gravel (Little or no fines)	GW Well-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines	Determine Percentage of sand and gravel from grain size curve. Depending on Percentage of fines (fraction smaller than No. 200 sieve), coarse-grained soils are classified as follows: Less than 5 percent GW, GP, SW, SP More than 12 percent GM, GC, SM, SC 5 to 12 percent Borderline cases requiring dual symbols ⁽¹⁾	$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ greater than 4: $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ between 1 and 3			
		GP Poorly graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines	Not meeting C_u or C_c requirements for GW					
		Gravel with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I_p less than 4	Limits plotting in hatched zone with I_p between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			GC Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I_p greater than 7			
	Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. 4 Sieve)	Clean sands (Little or no fines)	SW Well graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines		$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ greater than 6: $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ between 1 and 3			
			SP Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines		Not meeting C_u or C_c requirements for SW			
		Sands with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	SM Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I_p less than 4	Limits Plotting in hatched zone with I_p between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			SC Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I_p greater than 7			
						For soils plotting nearly on A line use dual symbols i.e., $I_p = 29.5$, $w_L = 60$ gives CH-MH. When w_L is near 50 use CL-CH or ML-MH. Take near as ± 2 percent.		
		Fine-grained soils (More than half of material is smaller than No. 200 sieve)	Silt and clays (Liquid limit less than 50)		ML Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands, or clayey silts with slight plasticity			
CL Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays								
OL Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity								
Silt and Clays (Liquid limit greater than 50)	MH Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts							
	CH Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays							
	OH Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts							
Highly organic soils	Pt Peat and other highly organic soils							

(1) Borderline classifications, used for soils possessing characteristics of two groups, are designated by combinations of group symbols. For example: GW-GC. well-graded gravel-sand mixture with clay binder.

Attachment 4

Falling Head Single Ring Infiltration Test Procedures

Falling Head Single Ring Infiltration Test Procedure

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 15 gallons of clean water per test | <input type="checkbox"/> Hand Auger 4-inch bucket (with extensions) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4 inch diameter thin wall PVC pipe | <input type="checkbox"/> Driving Block |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sledge Hammer | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 gallon buckets Water |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3- inch hand auger bucket | <input type="checkbox"/> level indicator Gator/ATV |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shovels Flat/Round | <input type="checkbox"/> level indicator Gator/ATV (as necessary) |

Procedure

- A. Unless directed otherwise, advance one soil boring at each test location. The boring should extend to groundwater. Accurately measure depth to groundwater and depth of each soil change. Pay close attention to soils for mottling. Contact office to determine test depth. Note: This step can be omitted if test borings were advanced during a previous site visit.
- B. Advance a 4-inch diameter soil boring to the specified test depth. Check boring log to ensure that soil at bottom of excavation is soil type to be tested.
- C. Cut thin wall PVC to length (approximately 1 to 2' longer than desired test depth).
- D. Push/drive PVC to bottom of soil boring.
- E. Using 3-inch auger, clean out bottom of test hole to remove any soils that caved in during PVC placement. Drive PVC casing an additional 2 inches to ensure that bottom of test hole does not extend beyond the bottom of the PVC pipe.
- F. Collect initial test information using water level indicator
 1. Determine the total depth to the bottom of the hole from top of pipe and record.
 2. Determine riser height above ground and record.
 3. Subtract 2 feet from total depth (See F.1.) and record.
- G. Start Test\
 1. Set up water level indicator at depth determined in F.3.
 2. Fill tube with water until water level indicator alarms. To minimize soil scouring, slowly pour water down the inside of the casing wall.
 3. Record exact depth to water with level indicator
- H. Run Test:
 1. Pre-soak (1 hour or less).
 - a. Record depth to water every 15 minutes for first hour (pre-soak).
 - b. At the end of first hour refill pipe with water to level determined Step F.3.

Falling Head Single Ring Infiltration Test Procedure

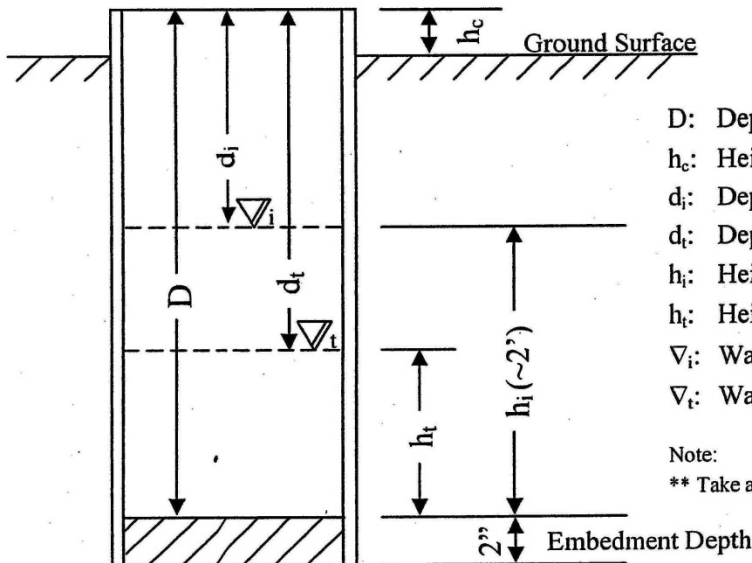
2. Infiltration testing (four, one Hour tests)
 - a. Tests starts after completing Step H.1.b
 - b. Record depth of water every 15 minutes (or more frequently) for one hour or until water drains from pipe.
 - c. Refill pipe with water to level determined in Step F.3
 - d. Repeat Step H.2.b. and c. three additional times (four test runs)
 - e. Testing concludes after pre-soak and four test runs are completed

I. Calculations

Infiltration rate is calculated as inches per hour.

Determine the water level drop recorded during each one hour test (note that the water level indicator is marked in tenths of a foot. A conversion to inches is required). Multiply the water level drop recorded in tenths of a foot by 1.2 to get water level drop in inches.

All data should be recorded on pre-made forms.



D : Depth from top of casing to bottom of boring.

h_c : Height of casing above ground surface.

d_i : Depth to water at time $t=0$.

d_t : Depth to water at time t .

h_i : Height of water at time $t=0$.

h_t : Height of water at time t .

∇_i : Water level at time $t=0$.

∇_t : Water level at time t .

Note:

** Take all measurements to 1/100 inch

Attachment 5

Infiltration Testing Tables

INFILTRATION TEST DATA SHEET

JOB NAME: PPP - Middletown Jct. Valve Site



PROJECT NUMBER: 103IP3406

TEST LOCATION: IT-01

TEST DATE: June 27, 2015

TEST DEPTH: 3.55 ft

	TIME	DEPTH TO WATER BELOW GROUND SURFACE	HYDRAULIC HEAD	Δ HYDRAULIC HEAD	PERMEABILITY (K _m)		COMMENTS
Test Hour 1	9:00	1.55 ft	2.00 ft				
	9:15	1.65 ft	1.90 ft	0.10 ft			
	9:30	1.75 ft	1.80 ft	0.10 ft			
	9:45	1.85 ft	1.70 ft	0.10 ft			
	10:00	1.90 ft	1.65 ft	0.05 ft	0.35 ft/hr	4.20 in/hr	
Test Hour 2	10:15	1.99 ft	1.56 ft	0.09 ft			
	10:30	2.08 ft	1.47 ft	0.09 ft			
	10:45	2.37 ft	1.18 ft	0.29 ft			
	11:00	2.64 ft	0.91 ft	0.27 ft	0.74 ft/hr	8.88 in/hr	
Test Hour 3	11:15	2.80 ft	0.75 ft	0.16 ft			
	11:30	2.97 ft	0.58 ft	0.17 ft			
	11:45	3.05 ft	0.50 ft	0.08 ft			
	12:00	3.15 ft	0.40 ft	0.10 ft	0.51 ft/hr	6.12 in/hr	
Test Hour 4	12:15	3.20 ft	0.35 ft	0.05 ft			
	12:30	3.26 ft	0.29 ft	0.06 ft			
	12:45	3.34 ft	0.21 ft	0.08 ft			
	13:00	3.42 ft	0.13 ft	0.08 ft	0.27 ft/hr	3.24 in/hr	
Test Hour 5	13:15	3.45 ft	0.10 ft	0.03 ft			
	13:30	3.48 ft	0.07 ft	0.03 ft			
	13:45	3.49 ft	0.06 ft	0.01 ft			
	14:00	3.54 ft	0.01 ft	0.05 ft	0.12 ft/hr	1.44 in/hr	

There are generally two acceptable methods to calculate steady state infiltration rates:

1. Time Weighted Average: 4.92 in/hr
2. Final Test Hour Reading: 1.44 in/hr

INFILTRATION TEST DATA SHEET

JOB NAME: PPP - Middletown Jct. Valve Site



PROJECT NUMBER: 103IP3406

TEST LOCATION: IT-02

TEST DATE: June 27, 2015

TEST DEPTH: 2.17 ft

	TIME	DEPTH TO WATER BELOW GROUND SURFACE	HYDRAULIC HEAD	Δ HYDRAULIC HEAD	PERMEABILITY (K _m)		COMMENTS
Test Hour 1	9:00	0.17 ft	2.00 ft				
	9:15	0.28 ft	1.89 ft	0.11 ft			
	9:30	0.39 ft	1.78 ft	0.11 ft			
	9:45	0.58 ft	1.59 ft	0.19 ft			
	10:00	0.70 ft	1.47 ft	0.12 ft	0.53 ft/hr	6.36 in/hr	
Test Hour 2	10:15	0.79 ft	1.38 ft	0.09 ft			
	10:30	0.88 ft	1.29 ft	0.09 ft			
	10:45	1.18 ft	0.99 ft	0.30 ft			
	11:00	1.34 ft	0.83 ft	0.16 ft	0.64 ft/hr	7.68 in/hr	
Test Hour 3	11:15	1.34 ft	0.83 ft	0.00 ft			
	11:30	1.35 ft	0.82 ft	0.01 ft			
	11:45	1.35 ft	0.82 ft	0.00 ft			
	12:00	1.36 ft	0.81 ft	0.01 ft	0.02 ft/hr	0.24 in/hr	
Test Hour 4	12:15	1.38 ft	0.79 ft	0.02 ft			
	12:30	1.42 ft	0.75 ft	0.04 ft			
	12:45	1.45 ft	0.72 ft	0.03 ft			
	13:00	1.49 ft	0.68 ft	0.04 ft	0.13 ft/hr	1.56 in/hr	
Test Hour 5	13:15	1.53 ft	0.64 ft	0.04 ft			
	13:30	1.56 ft	0.61 ft	0.03 ft			
	13:45	1.60 ft	0.57 ft	0.04 ft			
	14:00	1.63 ft	0.54 ft	0.03 ft	0.14 ft/hr	1.68 in/hr	

There are generally two acceptable methods to calculate steady state infiltration rates:

1. Time Weighted Average: 2.79 in/hr
2. Final Test Hour Reading: 1.68 in/hr

INFILTRATION TEST DATA SHEET

JOB NAME: PPP - Middletown Jct. Valve Site



PROJECT NUMBER: 103IP3406

TEST LOCATION: IT-03

TEST DATE: June 27, 2015

TEST DEPTH: 3.00 ft

	TIME	DEPTH TO WATER BELOW GROUND SURFACE	HYDRAULIC HEAD	Δ HYDRAULIC HEAD	PERMEABILITY (K _m)		COMMENTS
Test Hour 1	9:15	1.00 ft	2.00 ft				
	9:30	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	9:45	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	10:00	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	10:15	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft	0.00 ft/hr	0.00 in/hr	
Test Hour 2	10:30	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	10:45	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	11:00	1.00 ft	2.00 ft	0.00 ft			
	11:15	1.01 ft	1.99 ft	0.01 ft	0.01 ft/hr	0.12 in/hr	
Test Hour 3	11:30	1.01 ft	1.99 ft	0.00 ft			
	11:45	1.02 ft	1.98 ft	0.01 ft			
	12:00	1.03 ft	1.97 ft	0.01 ft			
	12:15	1.04 ft	1.96 ft	0.01 ft	0.03 ft/hr	0.36 in/hr	
Test Hour 4	12:30	1.05 ft	1.95 ft	0.01 ft			
	12:45	1.07 ft	1.93 ft	0.02 ft			
	13:00	1.08 ft	1.92 ft	0.01 ft			
	13:15	1.10 ft	1.90 ft	0.02 ft	0.06 ft/hr	0.72 in/hr	
Test Hour 5	13:30	1.12 ft	1.88 ft	0.02 ft			
	13:45	1.13 ft	1.87 ft	0.01 ft			
	14:00	1.15 ft	1.85 ft	0.02 ft			
	14:15	1.16 ft	1.84 ft	0.01 ft	0.06 ft/hr	0.72 in/hr	

There are generally two acceptable methods to calculate steady state infiltration rates:

1. Time Weighted Average: 0.48 in/hr
2. Final Test Hour Reading: 0.72 in/hr

INFILTRATION TEST DATA SHEET

JOB NAME: PPP - Middletown Jct. Valve Site



PROJECT NUMBER: 103IP3406

TEST LOCATION: IT-04

TEST DATE: June 27, 2015

TEST DEPTH: 1.20 ft

	TIME	DEPTH TO WATER BELOW GROUND SURFACE	HYDRAULIC HEAD	Δ HYDRAULIC HEAD	PERMEABILITY (K _m)		COMMENTS
Test Hour 1	9:15	-0.65 ft	1.85 ft				
	9:30	-0.44 ft	1.64 ft	0.21 ft			
	9:45	-0.25 ft	1.45 ft	0.19 ft			
	10:00	-0.03 ft	1.23 ft	0.22 ft			
	10:15	0.05 ft	1.15 ft	0.08 ft	0.70 ft/hr	8.40 in/hr	
Test Hour 2	10:30	0.20 ft	1.00 ft	0.15 ft			
	10:45	0.22 ft	0.98 ft	0.02 ft			
	11:00	0.25 ft	0.95 ft	0.03 ft			
	11:15	0.26 ft	0.94 ft	0.01 ft	0.21 ft/hr	2.52 in/hr	
Test Hour 3	11:30	0.28 ft	0.92 ft	0.02 ft			
	11:45	0.29 ft	0.91 ft	0.01 ft			
	12:00	0.31 ft	0.89 ft	0.02 ft			
	12:15	0.34 ft	0.86 ft	0.03 ft	0.08 ft/hr	0.96 in/hr	
Test Hour 4	12:30	0.37 ft	0.83 ft	0.03 ft			
	12:45	0.39 ft	0.81 ft	0.02 ft			
	13:00	0.41 ft	0.79 ft	0.02 ft			
	13:15	0.44 ft	0.76 ft	0.03 ft	0.10 ft/hr	1.20 in/hr	
Test Hour 5	13:30	0.46 ft	0.74 ft	0.02 ft			
	13:45	0.49 ft	0.71 ft	0.03 ft			
	14:00	0.53 ft	0.67 ft	0.04 ft			
	14:15	0.55 ft	0.65 ft	0.02 ft	0.11 ft/hr	1.32 in/hr	

There are generally two acceptable methods to calculate steady state infiltration rates:

1. Time Weighted Average: 1.50 in/hr
2. Final Test Hour Reading: 1.32 in/hr