



Department of Environmental Protection Nov. 30, 2012

Dial-in number for audio is: 1-877-668-4493

Access code: 649 617 646

Today's Speakers

Alisa Harris

Special Deputy Secretary for External Affairs

Jeff Means

Director, Bureau of Waterways Engineering and Wetlands

Kenneth Murin

Environmental Program Manager

Wetlands, Encroachments and Training.=

Roger Adams, P.E.

Environmental Program Manager
Dam Safety



Agenda

- Review of Chapter 105 Dam Safety and Waterway Management Rules and regulations
- 2. Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Permit Applications
- 3. Questions & Comments

Note: WebEx Technical Support is available at 866-229-3239



General

- 5 SOPs (to date) for Chapter 105 related authorizations
- Others will be added soon (e.g., Submerged Lands License Agreements (SLLAs) and other DEP processed General Permits)
- SOPs are available on DEP website
- SOPs are not static documents
- PRP/PDG Policy contains a list of PDG permits and authorizations handled by Chapter 105 Programs



PDG Permits

- Authorization/application types covered by PDG:
 - New applications for a Dam Safety Permit for new dams, Water Obstruction and Encroachment Permit, and Environmental Assessment for waived activities, dam related activities, and 401 water quality certifications.
 - New General Permits processed by DEP (Nos. 5, 11, and
 15)
 - New General Permits processed by CCD (No. 5)



General Steps in SOPs

- Step 1: DEP receives application, enters it into eFACTS, and processes check
- Step 2: Permits Chiefs prioritize application for review
- Step 3: Application managers (permit reviewers) conduct a "Completeness Review"
- Step 4: Application managers conduct a "Technical Review" for complete applications only



General Steps in SOPs (cont'd)

- Step 5: Application manager prepares final permit package
- Step 6: Permits Chief reviews final permit package and transmits to Program Manager for review
- Step 7: Program Manager makes a final decision, and the final action is published in PA Bulletin



 Step 1: DEP receives application, enters it into eFACTS, and processes check

- Incorrect application fee submitted
- Incorrect application form submitted
- Incorrect or unclear information on form (e.g., client and site information, addresses, etc.)



 Step 3: Application manager (permit reviewer) conducts a "Completeness Review"

- Required attachments and supplementary information not included with application
- Signatures and seals not on applications, plans, reports, etc., where required (e.g., P.E.)
- Application is not completed as specified in the instructions



Completeness Review Issues

- If application is not complete, application manager will determine if the issue(s) are "significant" or "insignificant"
- Significant deficiencies Deficiency letter 60 days
 - Example did not include mitigation plan
- Insignificant deficiencies phone call
 - Example forgot to submit Act 14 notices
 - Generally, if the issue can be corrected in one business day, the deficiency will be considered insignificant



 Step 4: Application manager conducts a "Technical Review" for complete applications only

- Conflicting information in application
- Design significantly deviates from recognized standards
- Regulatory requirements were not met



Technical Review Issues

- If deficiencies are identified during the technical review, the application manager will determine if the issue(s) are "significant" or "insignificant"
- Significant deficiencies Technical Deficiency Letter
 - Example a dam design is not in accordance with applicable regulations
- Insignificant deficiencies phone call
 - Example there are minor differences between an Engineer's Report and design plans



Step 5: Application manager prepares final permit package

<u>Potential Issues</u>:

- Submerged Lands License Agreement required.
- Flowage easements required.
- Financial Responsibility requirements not met.



 Step 6: Permits Chief reviews final permit package and transmits to Program Manager for review

- Coordination with other permits
- Unresolved violations



Elevated Review Process

- How could an application reach this stage?
 - Inadequate or untimely response to a technical deficiency letter
- You may be contacted for a face-to-face meeting to discuss resolution of application issues
- Possible outcomes:
 - Permit is issued
 - Permit application is denied



Tips for a Smooth Permitting Experience

- For complex projects, contact the appropriate office to schedule a pre-application meeting
- Follow the <u>checklists and instructions</u> within each permit application package in DEP's eLibrary system
- Do not hesitate to contact DEP for assistance and clarification of application requirements
- Ensure information is consistent throughout the application, plans, etc.



"Permit Queue"

- A major priority of the Chapter 105 Program until July 2013 is to make decisions on applications received prior to July 2012 Executive Order
- There are several hundred applications in the queue
- You may receive a letter requesting a response to deficiency letter(s) issued in the past so that timely decisions can be made



Other Important Information

- Your application may be tracked by going to DEP's home page (<u>www.dep.state.pa.us</u>), selecting "Tools" and then "eFACTS"
- For assistance locating your application, contact DEP's Help Desk at 717.705.3768
- To locate your appropriate regional office, go to DEP's home page and select "Regional Resources"



Website Information



For more information, visit www.dep.state.pa.us

Click on the Permit Decision Guarantee button.









Bureau of Waterways Engineering and Wetlands

Questions?