HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION

FOR

BISHOP TUBE CORPORATION ROUTE 30 AND MALIN ROAD FRAZER, PENNSYLVANIA 19355

OCTOBER 1981

BCM PROJECT NO. 00-5265-01

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REPORT

Bishop Tube Co.

FRAZER, PENNSYLVANIA



Hydrogeologic Study



Betz·Converse·Murdoch·Inc.
Consulting Engineers, Planners and Scientists

Betz · Converse · Murdoch · Inc.

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1.0 BACKGROUND

1.1 General

The Bishop Tube Company operates a stainless steel tube manufacturing plant in Frazer, Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER) instructed Bishop Tube to conduct a hydrogeologic study of surface water and groundwater conditions at the plant. Betz•Converse•Murdoch•Inc. (BCM) of Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania, was retained to conduct the investigation, which was performed with the approval of the DER. This report describes the work performed and the results obtained, and contains recommendations for future action.

1.2 Monitoring Well Installation

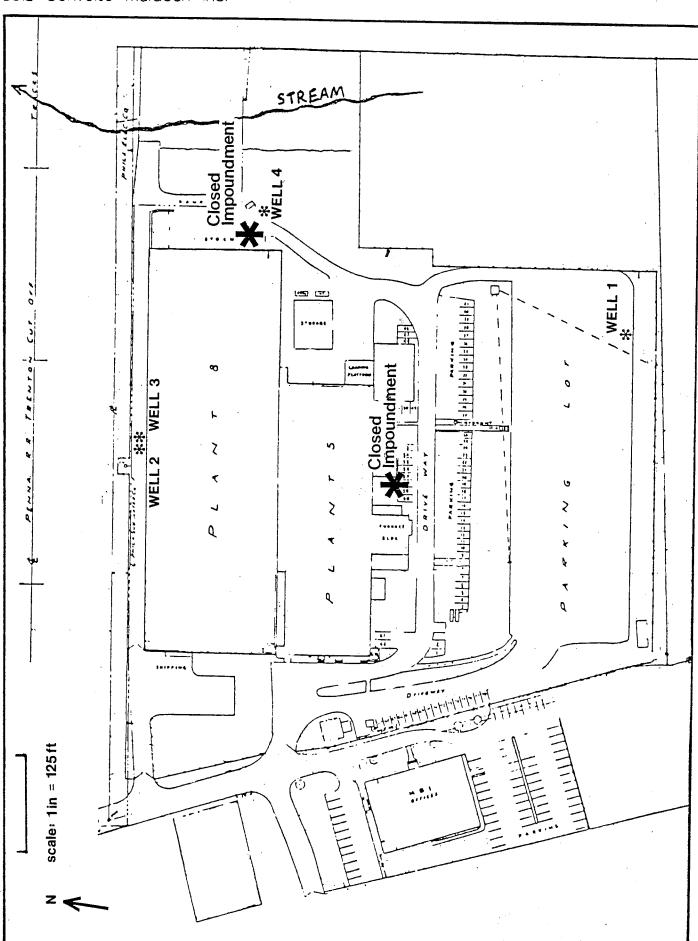
Between June 3, 1981 and June 5 1981, four monitoring wells were installed on the plant site by Thomas G. Keyes, Inc. under the supervision of a BCM geologist. The well locations are shown in Figure 1; copies of the original well logs are contained in Appendix 1.

Well 1, which serves to monitor background groundwater quality conditions, is finished in the Wissahickon Schist, a lower Paleozoic metamorphic formation. Wells 2 and 4 are finished in colluvium, alluvium, or residual soils above the Conestoga Formation, an Ordovician limestone containing minor amounts of shale and phyllite. Well 2 extends into the Conestoga Formation to a depth of 24 feet. Wells 2 and 3, located on the north side of Plant Building 8, are 24 feet and 13.5 feet deep, respectively. Well 3 monitors the uppermost water-bearing zone, and Well 2 monitors a lower, apparently separate, water-bearing zone. The locations of Wells 2, 3, and 4 were selected, with the DER's agreement, to be the closest feasible downgradient sites to the deactivated and closed waste impoundments identified in Figure 1.

1.3 Monitoring Well Sampling Method

On June 16, 1981, all four monitoring wells were sampled. Because of the generally turbid conditions of the water samples, the wells were resampled on July 31, 1981. A standard procedure was followed, using a submersible pump to purge the wells and collect the samples. Also, to eliminate the uncertainties that arise from the turbid samples, all samples were filtered through an 0.45 m filter using a vacuum pump before filling the pre-fixed bottles.

All samples were transported immediately to the BCM laboratory in Norristown, Pennsylvania, where they were analyzed.



LOCATION OF MONITORING WELLS AND CLOSED IMPOUNDMENTS FIGURE 1.

On July 31, three additional monitoring points were sampled. These were all surface water stations; they were included to help ascertain the interconnection of water quality between the surface and subsurface, and to determine the effect of Bishop Tube's current discharges on the stream. The surface water stations are located as follows:

- At the discharge line of the cooling water into the unnamed stream
- 2. On the unnamed stream at the upstream property line
- 3. On the unnamed stream at the downstream property line

2.0 PRESENTATION OF DATA

Table 1 presents the results of the laboratory analyses for the ground-water samples and the surface water samples. The analytical parameters listed in this table were recommended by BCM and approved by the DER. They were selected on the basis of materials used and wastewater generated at Bishop Tube.

3.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

3.1 Groundwater Quality

To determine the significance of the data in Table 1, the concentrations should be compared to water quality standards. Because Pennsylvania has no state-wide groundwater standards, the convention is to use drinking water standards. The relevant standards are the Well Water Drinking Standards promulgated by the Chester County Health Department. These standards, which are essentially the same as the U.S. Public Health Service Drinking Water Standards are presented in Table 2.

A comparison of the data in Table 1 with the standards in Table 2 indicates that the values for zinc, chromium, and copper are significantly below the standards for all the wells. The nitrate levels in Wells 1 and 4 are also below the standards, but are at levels approaching the limit. The 6.77 ppm in the background Well 1 indicate that high nitrates are originating from upgradient, probably as a result of septic systems in the properties to the south. The only parameters that are above the standards are aluminum and fluoride in Well 4 and managanese and iron in Wells 2 and 4. Although no standard exists for nickel, the 0.454 parts per million (ppm) in Well 4 is higher than normal background levels.

TABLE 1
ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SAMPLES COLLECTED JULY 31, 1981
(All values except pH in mg/l)

				Sampling Station	ion		
Parameter	Well 1 Well 2	We11 2	We11 3	Well 4	Upstream	Discharge	Downstream
Total Dissolved Solids	63	303	151	353	144	205	156
Copper	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030
Aluminum	<0.250	<0.250	<0.250	4.10	<0.250	<0.250	<0.250
Zinc	0.057	0.050	0.050	0.065	0.046	0.073	0.046
Chromium	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Manganese	<0.014	2.22	<0.014	2.10	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014
Iron	0.054	1.01	<0.040	.173	<0.040	<0.040	<0.040
Nickel	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	0.454	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Chemical Oxygen Demand	-	34	16	. 19	9	5	4
Nitrate - Nitrogen	6.77	<0.10	0.05	7.22	2.76	2.22	2.72
Ammonia - Nitrogen	0.02	0.16	0.10	2.1	0.02	0.12	0.07
Fluoride	<0.10	0.2	0.5	23.1	0.2	1.0	2.2
Нd	6.3	7.4	8.7	8.9	7.3	7.8	7.5

TABLE 2 CHESTER COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT WELL WATER STANDARDS FOR SELECTED PARAMETERS (All values in parts per million)

Parameter	Well Water Standard
Total Dissolved Solids	500
Copper	1.0
Alumi num	Not available
Zinc	5.0
Chromium (hexavalent)	0.05
Manganese	0.05
Iron	0.3
Nickel	Not available
Carbon Oxygen Demand	Not available
Nitrate	10
Ammonia	Not available
Fluoride	0.6 to 1.7*
pH	Not available

3.2 Surface Water Quality

Table 1 presents the data on the water quality samples taken from the Bishop Tube cooling water discharge and two sampling stations on the unnamed stream—one upstream and one downstream. The purpose of sampling these three points was to determine if there is a significant difference in stream water quality between the upstream and downstream points that can be attributed to the cooling water and/or groundwater discharge.

A comparison of the data from the three stations shows that only the fluoride concentration increases significantly between the upstream station and the downstream station. The 1.0 ppm of fluoride in the cooling water discharge probably is partially responsible for this increase, but it cannot completely account for the 2.2 ppm at the downstream station. Some of the fluoride contribution probably is from recharge by groundwater (that contains 23.1 ppm fluoride near Well 4).

3.3 Deep Groundwater Quality

The quality of groundwater at a depth of 300 feet below the ground surface has been determined by U.S. Geologic Survey (USGS) personnel who sampled Bishop Tube's east well on June 3, 1981 as part of a county-wide USGS study. The USGS report is contained in Appendix 2.

The USGS analyses show that all concentrations of constituents studied to be lower than the Chester County Health Department standards presented in Table 2, except for fluoride. The fluoride concentration in the well was 1.0 ppm. This level is within the range of acceptable limits, and is approximately at the recommended concentration for intentionally-fluoridated water.

It is not clear from the available data if the east well is monitoring groundwater that is potentially affected by the plant operations or if the well takes water that is upgradient from the plant. It is possible that the values shown in the USGS report are representative of regional background levels.

4.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

1. Compared to background conditions (as shown in Well 1) and drinking water standards, the groundwater beneath the site exhibits no contamination for most of the parameters.

- Well 1 exhibits generally high quality water representative of background conditions. Elevated nitrate levels are the result of upgradient influences off Bishop Tube property.
- 3. Well 2 exhibits levels of iron and manganese in excess of background conditions as measured in Well 1. It appears that these levels do not represent natural background conditions.
- 4. Well 3, which monitors the shallow groundwater zone on the north side of the plant, exhibits no contamination. No contaminants are present in this well near levels of concern.
- 5. Well 4 exhibits elevated concentrations of fluoride, aluminum, manganese, iron, and nickel above background levels.
- 6. With the exception of fluoride, the surface water samples, including the cooling water discharge, showed no problems that warrant further investigation. The fluoride levels at the downstream sampling station suggest that fluoride is being added to the stream from the cooling water discharge and from groundwater discharge.
- 7. The deep groundwater beneath the site exhibits no significant contamination. The highest value is for fluoride, which, at 1.0 ppm, is within the range of acceptablility for fluoridated drinking water.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 Conclusions

- 1. The groundwater near Well 4 is moving towards, and discharges into, the unnamed stream. This is evident by the increase in fluoride concentration in the stream that cannot be attributed to the cooling water discharge. In recharging the stream, the fluoride-enriched groundwater becomes greatly diluted by the stream water.
- 2. The groundwater conditions at Bishop Tube are not a hazard to public health. The area of high fluoride concentrations is probably limited to the immediate vicinity around Well 4 and adjacent parts of the stream. The stream is not used for water supply and it shows significantly lower values for all parameters. The nearest public water supply well is about 1.5 miles away. Any surface or groundwater traveling from the Bishop Tube area to the public well would be diluted by several orders of magnitude before it was taken up in the well, and should be within drinking water standards.

3. It is possible that the groundwater near Well 4, which was monitored in the overburden, could move downward into the limestone. If this were to happen, any contamination in the groundwater would become very diluted before being taken up in any public water supply well.

5.2 Recommendations

Based on the conditions described previously, the surface and groundwater quality at the Bishop Tube site should be periodically monitored. This monitoring should include sampling water from the stream and from all four wells, as before. The samples should be analyzed for the key parameters shown to be important: fluoride, iron, manganese, aluminum, and nickel. This periodic monitoring will determine if changes in the system occur over time. Further action beyond this is not warranted at this time.

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APPENDIX 1

WELL LOGS

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WELL NUMBER: I DACKAround	WELL OWNER: 1315hop lube
LOCATION: upper parking lot	ADDRESS: Malvern PA
	TOTAL DEPTH: 48 FT
SURFACE ELEVATION:	STATIC WATER LEVEL: 15 6" DATE: 6-3-81
DRILLER:	DRILLING METHOD: <u>air rotary</u>
COMPANY: Thomas Keyes	DATE DRILLED: 6-3-81 START 0818
Malvern, PA	570P 0915
LOGGED BY: Bill Neubeck	
	SK ETCH MAP
COMMENTS:	
	•
	LOCATION:
E SAMPLES	
DEPTH FROM SURFACE (FEET CRAPHIC CRAPHIC COG NOOD SANDING SAND	
	CRIPTION OF MATERIALS Wissahicken Schist
0-20 weathered schist; m	ica, quartz pebbles, It brown, dry, iron stains.
20' moisture encountered	waited a few minutes, no free water
hit water @ approx	30 Ft
48' total depth 48'	
	e taken at 30ft -
20' of 4" PVC, sc	reen set from 48 to 28 gravel packed
30' of 4" PVC pi,	or eset above
	NO 3 DOI MINUS
	William Mukel
——————————————————————————————————————	1 1 M RECUEST / Y/KUKA

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WELL NUMBER: 1 Downgradien	WELL OWNER: Bishop labo
LOCATION: N side of mainplant building	ADDRESS: Malvern, Pa.
approx midway and villing, ~5' for build	TOTAL DEPTH: 24'
SURFACE ELEVATION:	STATIC WATER LEVEL:DATE:
DRILLER: Romen Keynoston Tack	DRILLING METHOD: air ratary, air hammar
COMPANY: Thomas Keynes	DATE DRILLED: 6/4/81
Malvern, Pa	
LOGGED BY: Alan Robinson	SKETCH MAP
COMMENTS:	*
	
EE .	LOCATION:
DEPTH FROM SURFACE (FE CAPHIC SAPPHIC SMOONS O'I SAPPHIC SAPPHIC SMOONS O'I SAPPHIC SA	
APH APH APH NOOD SPOON	O LOTTON OF WATER IN C
ESSENUMBER BLOWS DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIALS
0-6') 8" Fill-linestone pubbles, b G-13') air notary Weathered linestone and	
(6-13) Weather Ilmestone and	schist (?), party weathered limestow Fragments
13-19/2) 6" Lineston, blue-grey, platy	
13 0 S C M	
198-24) arraman Samelithologyasabove, much	NUMIN
9' f 11' DW . 4	ב אוי וכי ה אויי
1 11 11 11 11	From 24-15', grave packed to 14'
	', cuttings to 1', coment to surface
15'PVC pipo set from	
Development Of me 3Sr	nm an 6/5/81 / // m/1) (Toknison

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WELL NUMBER: 3 Downgra Drent	WELL OWNER: Bishop Jule
WELL NUMBER: 3 Downgra Drent LOCATION: Msrcl of main plant building	ADDRESS: Prazier Pa
approx. 4' Ect well #2	TOTAL DEPTH: 13.5
SURFACE ELEVATION:	STATIC WATER LEVEL: DATE:
DRILLER: Jack	DRILLING METHOD: Air rotary
COMPANY: Thomas Keynes	DATE DRILLED: C/4/8)
Maluern, Pa	
LOGGED BY: Alan M. Robinso	SKETCH MAP
COMMENTS:	*
	LOCATION:
SAMPLES SYMPLES	
APHI PARAC PLID. SPOON	
	CRIPTION OF MATERIALS
10-1' Road grave)))
	ebbles w/brown soil matrix, dry
	some school fragments, water at 8'
10-13 Greymatrix, platy line	
13-13 1/2 Fresh Unweathered lim	ostow, blue-grey, dry
P1// 70 12	x' a' 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4 PVC screen 130	8-8', grave packal to 6' surface+, bontonito 6'-1'
	Surtac+, bontoniTP 6'-1'
Cement dosurtace	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Westoped for 30 min	sintes but probably postly du to produce pump

Betz · Converse · Murdoch · Inc. | BCM |

WELL NUMBER: 4 Lowingvalvent	WELL OWNER: Bishoplub
LOCATION: East of plant in Finished product	ADDRESS: Trazierfa
storage are ~ 20' Not SEconor of build	TOTAL DEPTH: 20'
SURFACE ELEVATION:	STATIC WATER LEVEL:DATE:
DRILLER: Tack	DRILLING METHOD: Divrolzy
COMPANY: Thomas Keynes	DATE DRILLED: 6/5/81
LOGGED BY: Alan M. Rosinin	Coversor was
COMMENTS:	SK ETCH MAP
COMMENTS:	
	1
FEET)	LOCATION:
C E FROM C C F C C C F C C C C C C C C C C C C	
SAMPLES HE SUBJECTION SPOON DESCRIPTION OF THE STAND STAND FINE TIME AND STAND ST	
DESCRIPTION DESCRI	RIPTION OF MATERIALS
C-4' Road grave offiner line. 4-7.5' Morefill, encountered w	stoy Fill
4-7.5 More Fill, encountered w	sorsture at 41
	phyllite Flakes widhin a Ferin matrix
4" DVC scrosning from	~ 30'ta7'
U'' Cossia 7' to Cit'	
Grave Deackord to 25'	n 20' to 7' , bentonito do 1', cement dosus fra
Developed for ~ 40.	min on 6/5/8
	· M M. D-A :
	11 hall (1858)

APRENDIX 2
USGS REPORT ON EAST WELL



United States Department of the Interior

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Water Resources Division
35 Great Valley Parkway
Great Valley Corporate Center
Malvern, PA 19355

Bishop Tube Route 30 & Malin Road Frazer, PA 19355

Attention: Mr. Chuck Thompson

Dear Mr. Thompson:

Thank you for allowing us to sample your well as part of the Chester County Ground Water Quality Monitoring Program. Enclosed is a copy of the laboratory report. Your well water meets EPA's safe drinking water standards. We may wish to sample your well again in the future as part of the program.

The quantity of dissolved substances in your well water are shown in quantities of milligrams per liter (MG/L) and micrograms per liter (UG/L). One milligram per liter of dissolved substance is equivalent to one part of the substance in one million parts of water. One microgram per liter of dissolved substance is equivalent to one part of the substance in one billion parts of water.

If you have any questions concerning the sampling procedure, please call me anytime at 647-9008. If you have any questions concerning health related problems and contaminants, please call Philip Terry, Chester County Health Department, at 431-6247.

Jest C

Sincerely

Charles R. Wood Subdistrict Chief

DKD/cdk Encl.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CENTRAL LABORATORY ATLANTA, GEORGIA

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS LAB-ID # 161031 RECORD-# 58682

SAMPLE LOCATION: 2432
STATION ID: 400221075321201 LAT.LONG.SEQ.: 400221 0753212 01
DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--810603 END-- TIME--1100
STATE CODE: 42 COUNTY CODE: 029 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION: 444209300
DATA TYPE: 2 SOURCE: GROUND WATER GEULOGIC UNIT:
COMMENTS: UNIQUE-#:
OWNER BISHOP TUBE

ALDRIN, TOT (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	LEAD, DIS.	UG/L		1
ANALYZING AGENCY			80010	LINDANE, TOT (WATER)		<	0.01
ARSENIC, DISSOLVED	UG/L		1	MANGANESE, DISSOLV.	UG/L		1
BENZENE, TOTAL	UG/L		0.0	MERCURY, DISSOLVED	UG/L		0.3
BROMOFORM, TOTAL	CUG/L		0.0	METALS DISS CHE-EXT	007.2		0
CADMIUM, DIS.	UG/L		1	METHOXYCHLOR T. (WAT)	ugzi	<	0.01
CARBON TETRA., TOT.	UG/L		0.0	METHYLBROMIDE, TOTAL	UG/L		0.01
CHLORDANE, T (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.1	METHYLENE CHLORIDE, T			0.0
CHLOROBENZENE, TOTAL	UG/L		0.0	MIREX, TOT.	UG/L	<	0.01
CHLORODIBROMO., TOT.	UG/L		0.0	NICKEL, DIS.	UG/L		8
CHLOROETHANE, TOTAL	UG/L		0.0	PERTHANE, TOT.	UG/L	<	0.01
CHLOROFORM, TOTAL	UG/L		0.0	PH FIELD	UNITS		7.1
CHROMIUM, DISSOLVED	UG/L		0	PHENOLS, TOTAL	UG/L		0
CONFIRMATION ABOVE 2	UG/L		0	SP. CONDUCTANCE FLD	UMHOS		325
CYANIDE, TOTAL		R_	DELETED	TETRACHLOROETHYLEN, T.			
DDD, TOTAL (WATER)		<	0.01	TOLUENE, TOTAL	UG/L		0 . 0 0 . 0
DDE, TOTAL (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	TOXAPHENE, T (WATER)		<	0.1
DDT, TOTAL. (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	TRICHLOROETHYLENE,T	UG/L		0.0
DICHLOROBROMOMETHA, T	UG/L		0.0	TRICHLOROFLUOROMET, T			0.0
DICHLORODIFLUOROME, T	UG/L		0.0	VINYL CHLORIDE, TOTA			0.0
DIELDRIN, T. (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	WATER TEMPERATURE	DEG C		12.0
ENDOSULFAN I TOTAL	UG/L	<	0.01	1,1-DICHLORETHYLEN,T			0.0
ENDRIN, TOTAL (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE,T			0.0
ETHYLBENZENE, TOTAL	UG/L		0.0	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETH,T			0.0
FLUDRIDE, DISSOLVED	MG/L		1.0	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETH,T			0.0
GROSS PCBS T (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.1	1,1,2,2-TETRCHLORO,T			0.0
GROSS PCNS T (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.1	1,2-DICHLUROETHANE,T			0.0
HEPT EPOX, T (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	1,2-DICHLOROPROPAN,T			0.0
HEPTACHLOR T. (WATER)	UG/L	<	0.01	1,3-DICHLUROPROPAN,)			0.0
IRON, DIS.	UG/L		10	12TRANSDICL-ETHYLENE			0.0
				2-CL-ETHYLVINYLETHER			0.0

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CENTRAL LABORATORY ATLANTA, GEORGIA

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS LAB-ID # 162811 RECORD-# 58928

SAMPLE LOCATION: 2432

STATION ID: 400221075321201 LAT.LONG.SEQ.: 400221 0753212 01

DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--810603 END-- TIME--1100

STATE CODE: 42 COUNTY CODE: 029 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION: 444240300

DATA TYPE: 2 SOURCE: GROUND WATER GEULOGIC UNIT:

TOTAL

COMMENTS: UNIQUE-#:

OWNER BISHOP TUBE

ANALYZING AGENCY	80010	NITE DISS NH4 AS N	MG/L	0.02
CARBON, ORGANIC, TOT MG/L	0.9	NITR. DIS NH4 AS NH4	MG/L	0.03
NITR DIS NO2 AS N MG/L	< 0.01	PH FIELD	UNITS	7.1
NITR DIS NO2+NO3 -N MG/L	0.14	SP. CONDUCTANCE FLD	UMHDS	325
		WATER TEMPERATURE	DEG C.	12.0
•		<i>8</i>		
CATIONS		ANIC)NS	
(MG/L)	(MEQ/L)	(1)	IG/L)	(MEQ/L)
(110, 2,	, _,		0.14	0.010

TOTAL

0.010