

Project No. 88-537  
August 1988



Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

## Proposal

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# Assessment of the Presence of TCE and Other Volatile Organic Substances

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Beaver, Pennsylvania

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Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

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SET 0029638

WPL 005 5600



Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

August 11, 1988

Project No. 88-537

Ms. Linda LeGoullon  
Project Engineer  
Westinghouse Environmental Affairs  
Remediation Group  
Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Gateway Center  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

Proposal  
Professional Consulting Services  
Assessment of the Presence of TCE and  
Other Volatile Organic Substances  
Westinghouse Electric Facility  
Beaver, Pennsylvania

Dear Ms. LeGoullon:

In response to your recent verbal request, Rizzo Associates proposes to provide professional consulting services to Westinghouse for assessing the nature and extent of TCE and other volatile organic substances in the soil and groundwater at the Westinghouse Electric Corporation Facility in Beaver, Pennsylvania and to assess the relationship, if any, between the Westinghouse plant and current conditions at the well field of the Vanport Municipal Water Authority.

Our proposed project team includes individuals well known to the Corporate Environmental Affairs Department of Westinghouse. The key individuals are:

- Principal-in-Charge - Mr. Patrick F. O'Hara
- Consulting Hydrogeologist - Mr. Mark P. Zatezalo
- Senior Project Engineer - Ms. Beth F. Cockcroft

The participation of additional professional staff members is anticipated, however, the initial phases of the environmental assessment will be conducted principally by the above three individuals. Mr. William J. Johnson and Dr. David A. Dzombak may also participate in this project. Mr. Johnson and Dr. Dzombak prepared the original Area A-9 Remedial Action Plan and contract documents for executing that plan. Mr. O'Hara and Mr. Zatezalo also participated in our previous work at the Beaver Facility. Ms. Cockcroft is an environmental engineer with extensive experience in assessing groundwater contamination. She serves in a similar role on our project at the Westinghouse Elevator Plant in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, which also addresses alleged low-level TCE contamination of an aquifer over a fairly wide area.

WPL 005 5601

SUITE 300, 10 DUFF ROAD, PITTSBURGH, PA 15235, PHONE: (412) 242-7900, TELEX: 882225

SET 0020639

We propose to undertake this assessment in a series of tasks. These tasks are as follows:

- Task 1 - Initial Project Meeting  
This task took place on July 13, 1988. Rizzo Associates has elected not to invoice Westinghouse for participation in this meeting.
- Task 2 - Independent Observation of Field Sampling by the PADER  
This task has been completed. Rizzo Associates assigned a Senior Project Engineer to independently observe and document sampling practices employed by the PADER as well as the Westinghouse independent laboratory. In addition, our representative visited and investigated the open gravel pit immediately upgradient from the Vanport well field near the car dealership. Our representative obtained a sample of water believed to be discharged from this dealership into the gravel pit.
- Task 3 - Participation in a Project Meeting with PADER and Preparation of an Initial Work Plan for the Performance of the Study  
This task has been completed.
- Task 4 - Review of Existing Analytical Data from Investigations Performed by both PADER and Westinghouse Independent Laboratories  
This task will determine to the maximum degree practicable using existing data, which organic substances are present various sampling points. The reasoning for performing this task is to try to establish in general terms the relative likelihood of various contributors to current conditions observed at the Vanport Municipal well field and to verify that the alleged conditions are actually as reported. This task will be completed by August 30, 1988, assuming timely receipt of the required data.
- Task 5 - Prerequisites to Remedial Investigation  
Under this task, Rizzo Associates will prepare the technical submittal documenting how the subsurface exploration program previously transmitted to the PADER for investigation of inorganic contamination at the Westinghouse facility will be adapted for purposes of also assessing the nature and extent of volatile organics. In addition, Rizzo Associates will

solicit proposals from qualified drilling subcontractors and with the approval of Westinghouse retain one of those proposers to conduct the investigation described in the submittal mentioned above.

● Task 6 - Confirmatory Sampling of Wells in the A-9 Area

Rizzo Associates will send a sampling team to the Beaver Facility to obtain an additional round of groundwater samples. It is anticipated that the NUS Laboratory will be used to perform these analyses, and that NUS will bill its laboratory costs directly to Westinghouse. It is also anticipated that NUS will provide containers and coolers for obtaining the samples and also provide a sample to be used as a trip blank and sufficient containers for the acquisition of a field blank and duplicate(s). Rizzo Associates will obtain the sample containers at the NUS Laboratory enroute to the Beaver Facility and will deliver the samples, maintaining proper chain of custody, to the NUS Laboratory receiving area upon completion of this task.

● Task 7 - Subsurface Exploration Program and Installation of Additional Monitoring Wells

Rizzo Associates will conduct the subsurface investigation and well installation program described in our Revised Remedial Action Plan of March 1987, as modified by our letter of July 27, 1988 to Ms. Linda LeGoullon. Rizzo Associates will perform the following:

- Drill pilot borings for determining proper placement of monitoring wells.
- Install monitor wells at the five additional locations depicted in the Revised Remedial Action Plan.
- Develop the new monitoring wells.
- Acquire field data as regards subsurface conditions and monitoring well installation.
- Implement the health and safety plan for this activity.

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Rizzo Associates will obtain the soil and groundwater samples required under the sampling program and deliver those samples to the NUS Laboratory for analyses.

*From Rizzo Associates*

- Task 8 - Data Analyses and Report Preparation  
Rizzo Associates will assess the results obtained during the performance of the subsurface investigation, and will obtain, evaluate, and summarize laboratory data generated by NUS as regards this sampling and analyses program. A technical report will be prepared which documents the information obtained in this supplementary remedial investigation. The report will describe the methodology and procedures utilized in the study, factual data obtained in the performance of the study, and an interpretation and assessment of the nature and extent of contamination in the A-9 area. In addition, the contamination with regards to possible sources within the Westinghouse Plant as well as possible impacts upon the Vanport Municipal Well Field will be evaluated. It is possible that at the end of this task the "answer" regarding the nature of impacts (if any) of the Westinghouse facility upon the Vanport Wells will not yet be conclusive. However, it is expected that sufficient data will be obtained to proceed with remedial activities as regards the contamination in Area A-9.
- Task 9 - Meetings  
Rizzo Associates proposes to participate in two meetings to be held either at the PADER or at the Westinghouse Building in Gateway Center. Participation in these meetings will include the Principal-in-Charge, the Consulting Hydrogeologist, and the Sr. Project Engineer.

ESTIMATED COSTS

Estimated costs shown for this project are depicted in Tables 1 through 4.

The total estimated cost for our performance of Tasks 1 through 9 as described above, are \$50,928. We anticipate contract terms and conditions consistent with those employed on our other similar projects for Westinghouse Environmental Affairs.



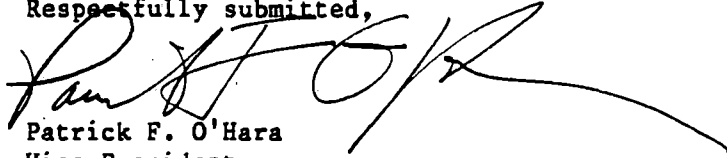
Ms. Linda LeGoullon

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August 11, 1988

In closing, we appreciate your confidence and trust. We hope this proposal is responsive to your needs. Please contact Ms. Bath Cockcroft or the undersigned should you have any questions on this transmittal.

Respectfully submitted,



Patrick F. O'Hara  
Vice President

PFO/crc  
Attachments

cc: Mr. Ted Kasper (Beaver Facility)

WPL 005 5605



SET 0020643

TABLES

WPL 005 5606



SET 0020644

TABLE 1  
 LEVEL OF EFFORT - MANHOURS  
 PAUL C. RIZZO ASSOCIATES  
 ASSESSMENT OF THE PRESENCE OF TCE AND  
 OTHER VOLATILE ORGANIC SUBSTANCES  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC FACILITY  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

TASK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	PRIN	PROJECT MANAGER	SR PROJ ENGR	ASST PROJ ENGR	DRAFT	SECY	TOTAL
1	INITIAL PROJECT MEETING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	IND. OBSERVATION OF PADER SAMPLING	2	0	16	0	0	2	20
3	MTG. AND PREP. OF INITIAL WORK PLAN	10	10	20	0	0	10	50
4	REVIEW OF EXISTING ANALYTICAL DATA	5	10	50	0	0	2	67
5	PREREQ. TO REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION	6	6	25	0	0	5	42
6	CONF. SAMPLING OF WELLS IN A-9 AREA	1	0	16	12	0	0	29
7	SUBSURFACE EXPL. AND WELL INSTALL.	5	10	20	120	0	0	155
8	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORT PREP.	20	20	80	100	90	50	360
9	MEETINGS	10	10	10	0	0	0	30
TOTAL HOURS		59	66	237	232	90	69	753
CHECK distribution		8%	9%	31%	31%	12%	9%	753
								1

WPL 005 5607

SET 0020645



TABLE 2  
 LEVEL OF EFFORT - COST  
 PAUL C. RIZZO ASSOCIATES  
 ASSESSMENT OF THE PRESENCE OF TCE AND  
 OTHER VOLATILE ORGANIC SUBSTANCES  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC FACILITY  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

TASK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	PRIN	PROJECT MANAGER	SR PROJ ENGR	ASST PROJ ENGR	DRAFT	SECY	TOTAL
		\$90.00	\$70.00	\$55.00	\$40.00	\$33.00	\$26.00	
1	INITIAL PROJECT MEETING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2	IND. OBSERVATION OF PADER SAMPLING	\$180	\$0	\$880	\$0	\$0	\$52	\$1,112
3	MTG. AND PREP. OF INITIAL WORK PLAN	\$900	\$700	\$1,100	\$0	\$0	\$260	\$2,960
4	REVIEW OF EXISTING ANALYTICAL DATA	\$450	\$700	\$2,750	\$0	\$0	\$52	\$3,952
5	PREREQ. TO REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION	\$540	\$420	\$1,375	\$0	\$0	\$130	\$2,465
6	CONF. SAMPLING OF WELLS IN A-9 AREA	\$90	\$0	\$880	\$480	\$0	\$0	\$1,450
7	SUBSURFACE EXPL. AND WELL INSTALL.	\$450	\$700	\$1,100	\$4,800	\$0	\$0	\$7,050
8	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORT PREP.	\$1,800	\$1,400	\$4,400	\$4,000	\$2,970	\$1,300	\$15,870
9	MEETINGS	\$900	\$700	\$550	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,150
TOTAL DIRECT LABOR CHECK		\$5,310	\$4,620	\$13,035	\$9,280	\$2,970	\$1,794	\$37,009

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SET 0020646

TABLE 3  
 REIMBURSIBLE EXPENSES  
 PAUL C. RIZZO ASSOCIATES  
 ASSESSMENT OF THE PRESENCE OF TCE AND  
 OTHER VOLATILE ORGANIC SUBSTANCES  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC FACILITY  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

TASK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	AIRFARE	HOTEL	PER DIEM	VEHICLE	SUB-CONTRACT	COMPUTER/WORD PROC	COMM-POSTAGE	REPRO	MISC	TOTAL
		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$45.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1	INITIAL PROJECT MEETING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2	IND. OBSERVATION OF PADER SAMPLING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$50	\$0	\$20	\$0	\$25	\$50	\$145
3	MTG. AND PREP. OF INITIAL WORK PLAN	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$99	\$20	\$50	\$50	\$219
4	REVIEW OF EXISTING ANALYTICAL DATA	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20	\$20	\$0	\$0	\$40
5	PREREQ. TO REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20	\$0	\$0	\$20
6	CONF. SAMPLING OF WELLS IN A-9 AREA	\$0	\$0	\$40	\$50	\$0	\$0	\$20	\$0	\$85	\$195
7	SUBSURFACE EXPL. AND WELL INSTALL.	\$0	\$0	\$220	\$500	\$9,600	\$0	\$240	\$0	\$970	\$11,530
8	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORT PREP.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,300	\$20	\$0	\$15	\$1,335
9	MEETINGS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10	\$0	\$0	\$20	\$390	\$15	\$435
TOTAL REIMBURSIBLE EXPENSES		\$0	\$0	\$260	\$610	\$9,600	\$1,439	\$360	\$465	\$1,185	\$13,919
CHECK											\$13,919

NOTE: COSTS INCLUDE MARKUP OF 10% ON EXPENSES AND 15% ON SUBCONTRACTS.

SET 0020647

TABLE 4  
SUMMARY OF COSTS  
PAUL C. RIZZO ASSOCIATES  
ASSESSMENT OF THE PRESENCE OF TCE AND  
OTHER VOLATILE ORGANIC SUBSTANCES  
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC FACILITY  
BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

TASK NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TIME	SUBCONTRACTS	EXPENSES	SUBTOTAL SUB & EXP	TOTAL
1	INITIAL PROJECT MEETING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2	IND. OBSERVATION OF PADER SAMPLING	\$1,112	\$0	\$145	\$145	\$1,257
3	MTG. AND PREP. OF INITIAL WORK PLAN	\$2,960	\$0	\$219	\$219	\$3,179
4	REVIEW OF EXISTING ANALYTICAL DATA	\$3,952	\$0	\$40	\$40	\$3,992
5	PREREQ. TO REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION	\$2,465	\$0	\$20	\$20	\$2,485
6	CONF. SAMPLING OF WELLS IN A-9 AREA	\$1,450	\$0	\$195	\$195	\$1,645
7	SUBSURFACE EXPL. AND WELL INSTALL.	\$7,050	\$9,600	\$1,930	\$11,530	\$18,580
8	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORT PREP.	\$15,870	\$0	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$17,205
9	MEETINGS	\$2,150	\$0	\$435	\$435	\$2,585
TOTALS CHECK		\$37,009	\$9,600	\$4,319	\$13,919	\$50,928
						\$50,928

WPL 005 5610

NOTE: COSTS INCLUDE MARKUP OF 10% ON EXPENSES AND 15% ON SUBCONTRACTS.

SET 0020648

Project No. 88-537  
May 1989

 Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

**Report**

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**Hydrogeologic Study  
Area A-9**

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**Beaver Facility**

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Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

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SET 0020649

WPL 005 5611



Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

May 12, 1989

Project No. 88-537

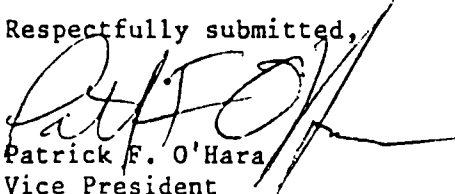
Ms. Linda LeGoullon  
Environmental Affairs  
Westinghouse Electric Corporation  
Westinghouse Building  
Gateway Center  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

Transmittal  
Report  
Hydrogeologic Study  
Area A-9, Beaver Facility

Dear Ms. LeGoullon:

We are hereby transmitting ten copies of the above-cited report. Please contact me should you have any questions or comments.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Patrick F. O'Hara  
Vice President

PFO/dlm  
Enclosures

WPL 005 5612

SUITE 300, 10 DUFF ROAD, PITTSBURGH, PA 15235, PHONE: (412) 242-7900, TELEX: 882225

SET 0020650

**REPORT  
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
AREA A-9 - BEAVER FACILITY  
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION**

**PROJECT No. 88-537  
MAY 11, 1989**

**PAUL C. RIZZO ASSOCIATES, INC.  
10 DUFF ROAD, SUITE 300  
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15235  
PHONE: (412) 242-7900  
TELEFAX: (412) 241-7453**

WPL 005 5613

**DCR**

SET 0020651

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WPL 005 5618

**DCR**

SET 0020656

**REPORT  
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
AREA A-9 - BEAVER FACILITY  
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION**

**1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This report summarizes the results of a field investigation conducted by Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc. (Rizzo Associates) in Area A-9 of Westinghouse Electric Corporation's Beaver facility. Previous studies (Rizzo Associates, 1985 and 1986a) documented the presence of localized perched zones of both high-pH and low-pH groundwater containing silver and cyanide. Groundwater samples collected by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PADER) and Westinghouse during June and July 1988 indicate that volatile organic compounds (VOCs) are also present in the subsurface in Area A-9.

The scope of work for this study was consistent with the March 12, 1987 Revised Remedial Action Plan (Rizzo Associates, 1987) and Modifications to Revised Remedial Action Plan (Rizzo Associates, 1988). The purpose of the investigation was to:

- Acquire information on the nature and extent of inorganic constituents in the subsurface of the A-9 area;
- Obtain data on the groundwater flow direction in the deep saturated unit associated with the soil-bedrock interface;
- Gather data on the nature and extent of VOCs in soil and perched groundwater in the A-9 area; and
- Obtain information on the occurrence of VOCs in the saturated unit associated with the soil-bedrock interface.

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Included in the investigation were drilling, sampling, and chemical analysis of soils samples from ten borings; installation of five new monitoring wells; chemical analysis of groundwater samples from new and existing wells; and the abandonment of two wells.

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## 2.0 SITE HISTORY AND RESULTS FROM PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

The Beaver facility was originally operated by Curtiss Wright during World War II to manufacture airplane propellers. In the area currently known as A-9, a building bay existed which was used to access railroad cars outside the actual plant structure. After purchase of the plant by Westinghouse, Area A-9 was constructed in 1953 by placing a floor over approximately four feet of backfill and enclosing the area.

Although it is currently used as a steel drum staging area, Area A-9 was once used by Westinghouse for electroplating copper and aluminum bus bars with silver. Wastes from the operation were temporarily stored in five brick-lined, reinforced concrete holding tanks located approximately 20 feet outside of the plant, south of Area A-9. The acid and cyanide rinsewaters were piped directly to separate tanks which functioned as equalizer tanks prior to piping the rinse water to the on-site treatment facility. Acid, cyanide, and alkaline wastes were also piped to separate holding tanks and collected by a transporter for off-site disposal.

In 1983 seepage of acidic liquid was noted in the vicinity of the acid waste tank and in October 1983 a subsurface investigation was conducted around the tanks to investigate the leakage. Analysis of samples taken from one of the borings, B-4 (Figure 1), detected low pH (<3) groundwater adjacent to the acid waste tank (see Table 11). In a fifth boring drilled during November 1983 (Boring B-1A), a high (>10) pH groundwater containing cyanide was encountered.

In January 1984 the outside storage tanks were emptied and their use was discontinued. Two additional borings were drilled during February 1984, one encountering high pH fluids (Boring B-1B) and the other showing no anomalies (Boring B-2B). During July 1984, the pipelines connecting the

plant facilities with these tanks were either plugged or removed and new PVC lines were installed to convey acid and cyanide rinsewater directly from the sumps to the wastewater treatment plant bypassing tank storage.

The outside storage tanks were removed during June of 1985. Following removal, the soil under the tanks was sampled, analyzed, and found to contain cyanide. As a result of these findings, an investigation of the area was undertaken to assess conditions of concern more fully. A deep boring (B-5) and three shallow borings (B-6, B-7, and B-8) were drilled during October 1985. Results from this study are presented in Rizzo Associates' May 28, 1986 report (Rizzo Associates, 1986a) which was submitted to PADER in June of 1988. Principal findings of this investigation were:

- Two distinct water-bearing zones underlie the A-9 Area. These zones are 1) a zone of perched groundwater at depths from 10 to 25 feet having highly variable characteristics over very short horizontal distances; and 2) a zone of saturation associated with the soil-bedrock interface at a depth of approximately 70 feet.
- Two distinct types of highly localized effects were confirmed in the perched groundwater zone. The findings of the earlier investigations regarding two distinct types of effected perched water ("high pH and low pH") were confirmed.
- The horizontal and vertical extent of the perched water having constituents of concern were further defined but not fully bounded.
- Groundwater samples from the zone of apparent continuous saturation associated with the soil-bedrock interface (Well B-5) were not adversely impacted by the inorganic constituents detected in the overlying perched groundwater zone.

In order to mitigate the potential for off-site transport of contaminants in the perched groundwater zone, long-term pumping of Wells B-1B, B-4, and B-6 began in June 1986. A comprehensive remedial action

plan was prepared by Rizzo Associates (Rizzo Associates, 1986b) and submitted to PADER in July 1986. At the request of PADER, a revised remedial action plan was prepared (Rizzo Associates, 1987) and submitted to PADER in March 1987. The revised plan included an investigative portion to define the extent of inorganic contamination and a section identifying remedial actions. PADER did not approve or provide comments on the revised remedial plan.

Groundwater samples from both groundwater zones were collected and analyzed for organic compounds by the PADER and Westinghouse during June and July 1988. VOCs were detected in samples taken from wells which monitor perched groundwater and from the zone of continuous saturation associated with the soil-bedrock interface. Because of the occurrence of VOCs, a modification to the investigative portion of the Revised Remedial Action Plan (Rizzo Associates, 1988) was made to include an assessment of VOCs. This report presents the results of that investigation.

WPL 005 5623

The logo for the Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering (DCR) at Princeton University, featuring the letters 'DCR' in a stylized, bold, serif font.

SET 0020661



### 3.0 DESCRIPTION OF FIELD INVESTIGATION

The field investigation was performed following procedures described in the Revised Remedial Action Plan (Rizzo Associates, 1987) and Modifications to Revised Remedial Action Plan (Rizzo Associates, 1988) as conditionally approved by PADER on August 10, 1988. The planned investigation included drilling borings to better define the thickness and extent of the perched water bearing zones encountered in previous investigations. Initial boring locations were to the south and southwest of Area A-9 in what was believed to be the fringe of the area of inorganic interest. Field tests were performed on soil samples to determine pH and the presence of cyanide and VOCs. If field tests indicated subsurface cyanide and/or VOCs, additional boring(s) were to be drilled on Westinghouse property further from the A-9 area, to attempt to delineate limits of contamination.

At the outer limits of contamination (or edge of the property line), shallow wells were planned to be installed to monitor the perched groundwater. Wells were not to be installed when there was contamination as determined by the field screening tests or when there were no water bearing zones encountered. Borings at which no wells were to be installed were sealed by tremie grouting.

In addition to the shallow wells, two monitor wells were planned to be installed to define and monitor groundwater quality in the first zone of continuous saturation, i.e., the zone monitored by Well B-5 associated with the soil-bedrock interface. These wells were located such they could be used in conjunction with existing Well B-5 to determine the hydraulic gradient in the saturated zone overlying bedrock.

Selected soil samples collected during the field investigation were analyzed at NUS Laboratories for inorganic and volatile organic parameters. Groundwater samples were also collected from existing and newly-installed monitoring wells during the investigation and analyzed at the laboratory.

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The investigation was completed as planned with minor exceptions to accommodate conditions as actually encountered. This section describes the actual performance of the field investigation.

### 3.1 DRILLING AND SOIL SAMPLING

The drilling program consisted of a total of 10 soil borings. Three of these were drilled to bedrock. The remaining seven were shallow borings intended to define conditions in shallow subsurface. Boring locations are shown on Figures 1 and 2. Drilling was performed by Terra Testing and supervised by Rizzo Associates.

#### 3.1.1 Drilling and Soil Sampling Methods

A CME 55 truck-mounted drill rig was used to advance 4 1/4-inch I.D., eight-inch O.D. continuous flight hollow-stem augers. Soil samples were collected with two-inch diameter split barrel Standard Penetration Test (SPT) samplers driven with a 140-pound hammer falling freely through a height of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler each six inches for a total depth of 24 inches was recorded.

Geotechnical samples were collected on 2.5-foot centers from ground surface to the bottom of each boring. At Boring B-12, samples were collected at five-foot centers after the first 20 feet. The riser on Well B-12 was inadvertently damaged after well construction. Because the well could not be properly sampled, a replacement well (B-12A) was drilled 11 feet away. Soil samples were taken at 10-foot centers from Boring B-12A.

#### 3.1.2 Soil Sample Collection and Analysis

After visual inspection and geotechnical classification of the split barrel soil samples, a geotechnical sample was collected and placed in a properly labeled glass jar. Geotechnical descriptions are summarized in

the boring logs included as Appendix A. A sample jar from the analytical laboratory, NUS, was also filled for selected soil samples to analyze for soil pH, cyanide, silver, sulfate, nitrate, and chloride concentrations in accordance with the Revised Remedial Action Plan.

In addition to laboratory testing, field tests were performed on the soil samples. An approximate soil pH was determined on a 1:1 soil/water slurry. The slurry was prepared by combining roughly 15 ml of soil and 15 ml of distilled water and shaking the mixture in a closed jar for approximately two minutes. Litmus paper was then used to determine the soil pH.

For soil samples with a pH greater or equal to seven, a 1:10 soil/NaOH solution slurry was prepared for cyanide analysis by combining 10 ml of soil with 100 ml of 0.01 Molar NaOH and mixing in a closed jar for approximately two minutes. The mixture was then allowed to settle for several minutes prior to filtering through a 0.5 micron filter using a hand operated vacuum pump. Hach Cyanide Test Kit procedures were followed on the filtered water. The color of the water after adding the reagents was compared to the value on the color comparator disc. The color disc reads values from 0 to 0.3 mg/l of free cyanide. A few cyanide tests were also performed on soil samples with pH less than seven as a spot check.

A field headspace reading was also performed on each soil sample by placing a piece of aluminum foil tightly over the lip of the sample jar, waiting approximately two minutes, breaking the aluminum foil seal with the HNu probe, and recording the peak response from the instrument. The soil sample having the highest headspace reading from each boring was sent to NUS labs to be analyzed for the VOCs on the Target Compound List. All samples for laboratory analysis were placed in a cooler on ice and delivered to the NUS laboratory for analysis.

### 3.1.3 Equipment Decontamination

The drilling rig, tools, augers and related equipment were cleaned upon entering the site at an on-site decontamination area. The decontamination area consisted of several layers of plastic sheeting placed on concrete. Water falling on the sheeting drained into a sump and from there was pumped into barrels. The decontamination procedure consisted of steam cleaning with a Liquinox detergent solution followed by steam cleaning with potable water. Potable water used on site was obtained from the water system serving Terra Testing's shop. The steam cleaning procedure was performed as needed to ensure that clean augers, rods, and drill bits were used at each boring. Steam cleaning was also performed at the end of the job on all equipment.

Split barrel samplers were cleaned at the drill site after each use. The procedure consisted of a Liquinox detergent solution scrub, spraying with methanol, a potable water rinse, and spraying the sampler with distilled water.

### 3.2 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

Six monitoring wells were installed as part of this investigation. Installation diagrams for these wells provided in Appendix B. Three of these (B-9B, B-10A, and B-11) were installed to monitor the perched water zone. It was recognized during drilling that these wells would be marginal in terms of yield. However, they were installed to document the limits of perched water and could yield representative samples of the perched zone in "non drought" conditions. Borings B-12 (and its replacement B-12A) and B-13 were completed as wells to monitor the groundwater zone associated with the soil-bedrock interface. No wells were installed at Borings B-9, B-9A, B-10, and B-14. Borings B-9 and B-10 were grouted because soil headspace readings indicated that they were not beyond the limits of VOC contamination. Borings B-9A and B-14 were grouted because of insufficient water to set a well.

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Monitoring wells were constructed with two-inch I.D., threaded, flush joint, Schedule 40 PVC riser pipe and two-inch I.D., threaded, flush joint, Schedule 40 well screen with No. 10 (0.010-inch) slots. The PVC pipe at Boring B-12 was damaged at a depth of 11.5 feet from the ground surface after well construction. Therefore, when replacing the damaged well with B-12A, a 20-foot section of stainless steel riser pipe was joined to the PVC riser adjacent to the depth where damage occurred.

A bentonite seal was installed at the bottom of Borings B-9B, B-10A, and B-11 prior to placement of well screen and riser pipe to mitigate the potential carry-down of chemical constituents. Well screen and riser pipe were lowered inside the hollow-stem augers. After the riser pipe and well screen were positioned at the appropriate depth, Best Sand's No. 430 coarse silica sand was placed to a depth of one to two feet above the top of the well screen. A three-foot bentonite seal was placed above the sand pack. The remaining annular space was tremie grouted with a cement bentonite mixture consisting of one 94-pound bag of cement, seven gallons of water and between three and five pounds of bentonite. This mixture was also used for grouting in borings where wells were not set. A locking six-inch I.D. steel protective casing set in a concrete pad completed the installation. For Well B-12A a 7 1/2-inch I.D. flush mounted steel protective casing with locking PVC cap was used due to traffic.

Monitoring wells were developed by bailing with stainless steel bailers. Complete well evacuation was achieved or a minimum of seven well volumes were removed from each well. Bailers used for well development were cleaned prior to each use with a Liquinox detergent scrub, a potable water rinse, spraying with methanol, followed by spraying with distilled water.

### 3.3 WELL ABANDONMENT

Wells B-8 and B-12 were abandoned during the installation program. Well B-8 had been installed as part of the previous investigation and

never yielded sufficient water for sampling. Well B-12 was damaged and could not be properly sampled. The abandonment procedure consisted of pulling out the protective steel casing, PVC riser, and PVC screen; drilling out the hole with hollow-stem augers; and tremie grouting the hole with cement-bentonite grout. Because the PVC riser and screen could not be pulled out at Well B-12, it was drilled out with a hollow-stem auger and the hole was tremie grouted.

### 3.4 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

After the new monitoring wells were installed, groundwater samples were collected from Wells B-1, B-1A, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-12A, and B-13 (October 13, 1988). Samples were not collected from Wells B-1B, B-2B, B-9B, B-10A, and B-11 because of insufficient water encountered during this sampling event. A sampling team from the PADER was present to collect split samples.

Prior to sample collection three well volumes were removed from Wells B-12A and B-13. Because B-4 and B-6 are routinely pumped and the water treated by Westinghouse, purging was not performed prior to sampling. Wells B-1, B-1A, B-5, and B-7 were not purged prior to sampling because they contained a very small amount of water and they recharge very slowly. Before removing water from the wells, the static water level in each well was measured with an M-scope to establish the potentiometric surface and to determine the well volume. The M-scope was cleaned after each use by spraying with distilled water and wiping with a paper towel.

Purging and sampling equipment consisted of stainless steel bailers lowered and raised using polypropylene rope. Each bailer was decontaminated prior to use by first wiping its surface with an acetone saturated cloth, followed by a Liquinox detergent solution scrub, a potable water rinse, spraying with methanol and spraying with distilled water. Bailers were wrapped in aluminum foil immediately after decontamination and were unwrapped just prior to use. The sample from Well B-4 was obtained by means of peristaltic pump tubing because the blocked casing prohibited lowering a bailer into the well.

Samples from Wells B-12A and B-13 were analyzed for sulfate, nitrate, chloride, and Priority Pollutants excluding herbicides, pesticides, and PCBs. Because of the small volume of water in Wells B-4, B-6, and B-7, only VOA vials could be filled and were analyzed for Priority Pollutant VOCs. Well B-1 had sufficient water to analyze for Priority Pollutant Metals and VOCs. Well B-1A had sufficient water to analyze for cyanide, and sulfate. Water from Well B-5 was analyzed for Priority Pollutant VOCs and cyanide. Samples were also analyzed in the field for pH, specific conductance, and temperature when there was sufficient volume to do so.

A field blank was collected on site by filling a clean bailer with distilled water. The water (rinse) was then transferred to the sample bottle. This procedure was repeated until all bottles were filled. Specific conductance, pH, and temperature were measured and recorded at the time of collection. A trip blank for VOC analysis was prepared by the lab and was stored with the other samples. A duplicate sample was collected from Well B-13. All samples were stored in a cooler on ice immediately after sample collection and delivered to the NUS lab on the same day as sample collection.

A second sampling round occurred approximately six weeks after the first round (December 1, 1988). Samples were collected from the newly-installed wells. Wells B-9 and B-10A were dry. Samples were collected from Wells B-12A and B-13 using the same procedure as for the first round and were analyzed for Priority Pollutant VOCs. In addition, Westinghouse opted to collect samples from Wells B-1 and B-1A. PADER representatives collected a split sample from Well B-12A.

### 3.5 HEALTH AND SAFETY

To protect against equipment hazards and possible dermal exposure to hazardous substances during drilling, well installation, and well abandonment, site personnel wore disposable coveralls, steel toe boots, boot covers, inner gloves, outer gloves, safety glasses, and a hard

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hat. Boot covers and outer gloves were decontaminated after use with a soapy water scrub. Disposable coveralls and inner gloves were double bagged and were disposed in accordance with applicable requirements.

To monitor possible inhalation exposure, an HCN gas monitor and an HNu meter were used to monitor the breathing zone in the work area during drilling operations. No HCN or organic vapors were measured in the breathing zone, therefore, respiratory protection was not utilized.

### 3.6 MANAGEMENT OF RESIDUE

Drill cuttings, decontamination water, and purge water were collected and placed in labeled 55-gallon drums, sealed, and transported to an on-site staging area in the hazardous materials section of the plant. Material determined to be hazardous based upon laboratory analysis will be transported to a licensed waste disposal facility.

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## 4.0 HYDROGEOLOGIC ANALYSIS

### 4.1 HYDROGEOLOGICAL SETTING

The Westinghouse Plant in Beaver, Pennsylvania is located adjacent to a large alluvial terrace overlooking the Ohio River. As the glacial ice sheets terminated their southern movement about 10 miles north, glacial till is not a constituent of the terrace and nearly all of the sediments are alluvial in nature. Regional information concerning terraces along the Ohio River indicates that the terrace deposits consist of sand and gravel capped with about a 50-foot thickness comprised predominantly of silt. The alluvial aquifer associated with this terrace does not appear to be directly under the plant, but is reportedly present between the plant and the Ohio River, where the alluvium may be in excess of 150 feet thick.

### 4.2 SITE STRATIGRAPHY

The ten borings performed as part of this study allow for a more refined interpretation of site conditions than that presented in previous reports (Rizzo Associates, 1985 and 1986). Each of the stratigraphic units encountered at the site are described below.

#### 4.2.1 Fill

Silt and clay to a thickness of 8 to 15 feet appear to be present irregularly across much of the plant, including Area A-9. Based on the visual classification of soil samples, the presence of rock fragments, cinders, brick fragments, etc., indicate that much of this surficial material is fill. Some sand and gravel beneath this material is also probably fill. Total fill thickness in Area A-9 ranges between 13 and 21 feet.

#### 4.2.2 Fine Sand

A layer of orange to light brown, fine to medium sand found in all of the Area A-9 borings appears to represent the top of natural ground. This material is silty in places and occasionally contains rounded pebbles. The thickness of this unit varies between 13 and 19 feet.

#### 4.2.3 Sand and Gravel

The bedrock surface under the site is blanketed by a layer of sand and gravel which contains some silt, clay, and abundant angular rock fragments. This material is poorly sorted and may in part be colluvial in nature (i.e., material that has moved down slope from surrounding hillsides).

#### 4.2.4 Bedrock

Borings to bedrock in different parts of the plant have encountered either sandstone or shale of the Pennsylvanian age Allegheny Group. Bedrock is frequently within 20 feet of the surface along the northwestern side of the plant. Sporadic borings in other parts of the plant indicate the bedrock surface is irregular, but generally deepens toward the Ohio River. Borings in Area A-9 indicated depths to bedrock of 63.5 feet at Boring B-5 and 88.5 feet at Boring B-12.

### 4.3 SITE HYDROGEOLOGY

Groundwater occurrence in the A-9 area includes both a perched water zone (<35 feet deep) and a saturated zone (60-80 feet) that occurs at or near bedrock. Hydrogeologic characteristics of these two zones are discussed below.

#### 4.3.1 Perched Groundwater

The occurrence of perched groundwater in Area A-9 is erratic. The presence of between 10 and 20 feet of fill in Area A-9 helps explain the highly variable soil conditions and sporadic occurrence of perched groundwater. Most of the perched groundwater encountered appears to be present within the fill. It is probable that a very thin layer of relatively low permeability material separates these two zones, although such a layer was not confirmed during this investigation. In several borings, wet sand and gravel was observed to directly overlie essentially dry natural soils.

Water levels in perched zones are currently significantly lower than those measured during December 1985 (Table 21 indicates measured depths to groundwater). This is likely the result of the continuous pumping and treating of the perched water that began in June 1986 as well as a decrease in precipitation over the past year.

#### 4.3.2 Deep Saturated Unit

A deep saturated unit beneath Area A-9 occurs in silty and clayey sand and gravel immediately above the bedrock. The saturated thickness is less than 10 feet. Water level measurements from the three deep borings indicate that the groundwater flows in a southerly direction (toward the Ohio River) with possible discharge being into the alluvial aquifer mentioned in Section 4.1.

## 5.0 CHEMICAL ANALYSIS RESULTS

### 5.1 SUBSURFACE SOIL

Selected soil samples were analyzed for the parameters described in Section 3.1.2. Tables 1 through 10 summarize the results from these analysis. The results of the analyses are discussed by type of parameter.

#### 5.1.1 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

One or more of the VOCs 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA), and trichloroethene (TCE) were found in samples taken from three of the ten site borings. Acetone and methylene chloride were also detected in several samples, but these substances are common laboratory contaminants and were often detected in laboratory blanks.

The highest TCE concentration was found in Boring B-9A in the wet sand fill above the dry natural sand. Also found in this sample were low concentrations of 1,1-DCE and TCA. In a sample 10 feet lower, within the dry natural sand layer, no TCE; 1,1-DCE; or TCA were detected. Headspace readings were higher in the natural sand layer, indicating VOCs occur in their gaseous state in this layer. TCA and TCE were also detected in the sand fill of Boring B-10. Levels just above the TCE detection limit were found in the sand and gravel fill of B-11.

#### 5.1.2 Cyanide

Cyanide was detected in samples from the sand fill zone of Borings B-9 and B-11. These concentrations were significantly lower than those measured in samples taken from B-6 and B-7 during the previous investigation (Rizzo Associates, 1986a). Borings on the outer fringes of the study area (B-9A, B-9B, B-10, B-10A, B-12, B-12A, and B-14) showed no evidence of cyanide contamination. Figure 3 shows the approximate limit of anomalous cyanide concentrations in the soil.

### 5.1.3 Silver

The highest silver concentration was measured in a sample taken from the fill layer in Boring B-11. All of the other soil samples showed concentrations less than or slightly above the detection limit.

### 5.1.4 pH

Soil pH values were consistent in samples taken from most of the new borings. A majority of soil samples pH values indicated slightly acidic conditions in the primarily dry silty clay/clayey silt fill. Neutral conditions occur in the wet sand and gravel fill and in the natural soil zones.

The only boring with unusual soil pH values was B-11. In this boring all samples, except one, were slightly basic. The sample taken in the moist sand and gravel fill was acidic.

### 5.1.5 Sulfate

Soil sulfate concentrations measured during this study were higher than for previous investigations. For most borings, concentrations were highest in the fill layer and decreased significantly in the natural sand layer. The upgradient boring, B-13, also had high soil sulfate concentrations, indicating that the values detected are probably not indicative of environmental contamination.

### 5.1.6 Nitrate

A few anomalously high nitrate values were measured in the fill material of Borings B-9A, B-12, and B-14.

### 5.1.7 Chloride

The only chloride concentration above the detection limit was found in the first two feet of the upgradient Boring B-13.

## 5.2 GROUNDWATER

Section 3.4 describes the methods used to collect groundwater samples and the parameters for sample analysis. Results of these analysis are given in Tables 18 and 19. Analytical results for sampling performed by NUS during July 1988 are presented in Tables 16 and 17. Groundwater sampling data from previous investigations is given in Tables 11 through 15. The results of these analyses are discussed by type of parameter.

### 5.2.1 VOCs

TCE was detected in samples from all of the perched zone monitoring wells, with the highest occurrences in Wells B-1 and B-7. TCE was also detected in Wells B-5 and B-12A which monitor the deep saturated zone.

Other VOCs detected in most of the perched zone monitoring wells were 1,1-DCA; 1,1-DCE; and TCA. In addition to these compounds 1,1-dichloroethane (1,1-DCA); 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA); 1,2-dichloroethene (1,2-DCE); methyl chloride; methylene chloride; and toluene were erratically detected in perched zone monitoring wells. Methyl chloride, methylene chloride and toluene were detected infrequently and at low concentrations.

Because all of the wells sampled in the A-9 area contained TCE and related VOCs, the limits of occurrence could not be determined. Shallow wells on the fringes of the monitored area (B-9B, B-10A, and B-11) yielded insufficient water for sampling.

TCE was the only contaminant detected in the deep saturated zone (Wells B-5 and B-12A).

### 5.2.2 Cyanide

In previous studies, cyanide was detected in all of the wells monitoring the shallow perched water zone. No samples from new shallow wells were collected for cyanide analysis during this study because there was insufficient water in the new shallow wells (B-9B, B-10A, and B-11). The samples collected from the deep wells detected no cyanide.

### 5.2.3 Other Parameters

Other analysis performed on samples from the new wells included acid and base neutral extractables, metals, chloride, nitrate, and sulfate. Results from these analysis showed no anomalous concentrations.

### 5.3 PADER SAMPLING OF VANPORT WELLS

PADER provided analytical results of the sampling of production and test wells in the Vanport Municipal Authority well field, and are presented in Table 20. This table shows concentrations of VOCs detected using a GC/MS scan. Results from the test wells differ significantly from the production wells. Test well samples contain ethyl benzene, methylene chloride, toluene, and xylene in addition to TCA and TCE. The methods PADER used to collect samples from the test and production wells are not known.

## 6.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A summary of the findings of this investigation is as follows:

- The perched groundwater zone appears to be very limited in extent in the A-9 Area. Of the 10 wells which monitor this zone, four are dry. Most of the remaining water producing wells can be bailed dry after removal of a very small quantity of water (less than 0.25 liters). This is believed to be a result of the ongoing pumping and treatment program for Wells B-1B, B-4, and B-6 and/or lack of precipitation.
- Chemical constituents of interest were detected primarily in moist or wet sand and gravel fill. This material is generally found at a depth of 10 to 20 feet from the ground surface. Analytical data do not indicate migration of inorganic constituents of interest into the unsaturated sand found beneath the fill.
- Various VOCs were detected in the perched groundwater zone. In addition to TCE and TCA, related compounds such as 1,1,-DCE; 1,1-DCA; 1,2-DCA; and 1,2-DCE were detected in the shallow wells. As VOCs were detected in a soil sample from the fill from Boring B-9A, the extent of this occurrence south of Area A-9 is not apparent. The shallow occurrence of VOCs appears to be bounded east of Area A-9 by Boring B-14 and to the west by Boring B-12.
- Cyanide appears not to have migrated from the plant site. The area currently known to be contaminated is a localized perched zone surrounded by borings showing no anomalous cyanide concentrations (B-9A, B-9B, B-10A, B-12, B-12A, and B-14). The approximate limit of anomalous cyanide concentrations is shown on Figure 3. Cyanide was not detected in the zone of continuous saturation associated with the soil-bedrock interface.
- Flow direction in the zone of continuous saturation is generally towards the river. The Vanport Water Authority well field is located adjacent to the bank of the Ohio River.



- Groundwater samples from the zone of continuous saturation in Area A-9 contain TCE at less than 1 ppm. Other VOC constituents detected in the perched groundwater were not detected in the zone of continuous saturation.
- VOCs were not detected in soil samples taken from the natural soil layers beneath the fill.
- Ethyl benzene was detected in the Vanport Municipal Authority wells in addition to toluene, xylene, TCE and related compounds. Ethyl benzene was not detected in any of the samples collected from the A-9 area. Of all the VOC constituents reported in the municipal well field, only TCE was detected in the zone of continuous saturation at Area A-9 of the Westinghouse property.

In summary, the occurrence of inorganic groundwater contamination in Area A-9 appears to be highly localized and has not been detected in continuous groundwater units. The inorganic constituents do not appear to extend to the property line. Past and ongoing remediation appears successful.

The occurrence of VOCs in shallow, discontinuous groundwater has been detected in Area A-9. The units monitored are highly localized both laterally and vertically, and the full extent of apparent contamination has not been bounded in one direction.

The occurrence of VOCs has been confirmed with respect to TCE. TCE was detected in the zone of continuous saturation beneath Area A-9. The samples obtained from this zone at the A-9 Area do not indicate the presence of other VOCs detected in the Vanport Municipal Wellfield nor in the overlying zone of perched groundwater.

Respectfully submitted,

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TABLES

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TABLE 1

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-9

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	PH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	0.72	<10	500	<1	5.1	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	0.37	<10	440	<1	5.4	N/A
3	5 - 7	<200	0.38	14	860	<1	4.5	N/A
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	0.71	<10	640	<1	4.9	N/A
5	10 - 12	<200	24	<10	1060	<1	6.7	N/A
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.71	<10	960	<1	6.6	Methylene Chloride 11B <sup>(4)</sup>
7	15 - 17	<200	0.48	<10	1230	<1	6.5	N/A
8	17.5 - 19.5	<200	0.27	<10	750	<1	6.3	N/A
9	20 - 22	<200	<0.25	13	480	<1	6.4	N/A

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1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

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TABLE 2

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-9A

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	PH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST	
								VOLATILES DETECTED	(ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	<0.25	26	1410	<1	7.1	N/A	(3)
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	<0.25	72	240	<1	4.4	N/A	
3	5 - 7	<200	<0.25	13	630	1	4.5	N/A	
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	0.35	<10	2000	<1	4.5	N/A	
5	10 - 12	<200	<0.25	<10	620	<1	6.5	N/A	
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.30	<10	1000	<1	6.3	Acetone 1,1-Dichloroethene Methylene Chloride 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethene	42 5 16B 8 230
7	15 - 17	<200	0.30	<10	<400	<1	7.9	N/A	
8	17.5 - 19.5	<200	<0.25	11	<400	1	7.2	N/A	
9	20 - 22	<200	<0.25	<10	<400	<1	6.8	N/A	
10	22.5 - 24.5	<200	0.28	12	440	1	6.7	Methylene Chloride	9B

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.  
 2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.  
 3. N/A = Not Analyzed.  
 4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE 3

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-9B

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST	
								VOLATILES DETECTED	(ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	10 - 12	<200	0.63	<10	950	1	4.8	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>	
2	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.25	<10	<400	1	6.3	Acetone Methylene Chloride	120B <sup>(4)</sup> 26B

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE 4

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FOR BORING B-10

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST	
								VOLATILES DETECTED	(ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	0.90	<10	3900	4	7.5	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>	
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	<0.25	<10	1100	<1	5.6	N/A	
3	5 - 7	<200	<0.25	<10	780	1	4.6	N/A	
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	<0.25	<10	770	2	4.5	N/A	
5	10 - 12	<200	1.4	26	1900	1	6.6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	22
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.31	32	1300	<1	6.4	Trichloroethene	75
								N/A	

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.

2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.

3. N/A = Not Analyzed.

SET 0020684

TABLE 5

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-10A

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	0.48	36	1500	<1	7.2	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	<0.25	23	1100	<1	5.4	N/A
3	5 - 7	<190	0.35	20	850	<1	4.6	N/A
4	7.5 - 9.5	<190	0.25	14	540	<1	4.6	N/A
5	10 - 12	<190	0.55	50	310	<1	5.3	N/A
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.49	<10	1200	<1	6.7	N/A
7	15 - 17	<200	<0.25	10	390	<1	6.2	N/A
8	17.5 - 19.5	<200	0.30	10	600	<1	6.5	N/A
9	20 - 22	<200	0.26	14	720	<1	6.3	N/A
10	25 - 27	<200	<0.25	10	1200	<1	6.5	N.D. <sup>(4)</sup>
11	27.5 - 29.5	<200	0.59	12	930	<1	6.3	N/A

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. N.D. = No Target Compound List volatiles detected.



TABLE 6

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-11

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	PH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	4.7	<10	1400	<1	8.0	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	0.29	<10	1800	<1	8.3	N/A
3	5 - 7	<200	0.51	<10	1100	3.9	8.4	N/A
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	0.45	<10	1400	<1	8.2	N/A
5	10 - 12	<200	0.37	<10	1200	<1	8.2	N/A
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	0.37	<10	2000	<1	8.2	N/A
7	15 - 17	<200	2.7	<10	1600	12	8.1	N/A
8	17.5 - 19.5	<200	18	<10	1100	1	3.8	Trichloroethene 8
9	20 - 22	<200	0.55	<10	400	1	8.0	N/A

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.

2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.

3. N/A = Not Analyzed.

TABLE 7

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-12

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg)(1)	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST	
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg)(2)	35 Methylene Chloride 38B(4)
1	2.5 - 4.5	<190	<0.3	14	350	<1	8.9	N/A(3)	
2	5 - 7	<200	0.3	18	580	<1	4.4	N/A	
3	7.5 - 9.5	<200	<0.3	<10	600	<1	4.8	N/A	
4	10 - 12	<200	0.4	140	320	<1	5.0	N/A	
5	12.5 - 14.5	<180	<0.3	<10	530	<1	5.7	Acetone	
6	15 - 17	<180	<0.3	<10	610	<1	6.0	Methylene Chloride	
7	17.5 - 19.5	<200	0.6	<10	270	<1	5.7		
8	20 - 22	<190	<0.3	22	160	<1	6.3		
9	25 - 27	<180	<0.3	15	180	<1	6.5		
10	30 - 32	<200	<0.3	11	270	<1	7.1		
11	35 - 37	<200	<0.3	12	240	<1	6.6		

TABLE 7  
(Continued)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
12	40 - 42	<190	<0.3	19	160	<1	6.6	N/A
13	45 - 47	<190	<0.3	36	170	<1	7.2	N/A
14	50 - 52	<190	<0.3	13	190	<1	6.7	N/A
15	55 - 57	<200	<0.3	<10	270	<1	6.2	N/A
16	60 - 62	<200	<0.3	<10	340	<1	6.1	N/A
17	65 - 67	<190	<0.3	<10	220	<1	6.0	N/A
18	70 - 72	<190	<0.3	12	200	<1	6.2	N/A
19	75 - 77	<200	<0.3	<10	250	<1	6.3	N/A
20	80 - 82	<200	<0.3	30	280	<1	6.1	N/A
21	85 - 87	<200	<0.5	<10	2100	<1	7.2	Acetone 12B Methylene Chloride 9B

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.  
 2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.  
 3. N/A = Not Analyzed.  
 4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

SET 0020688

TABLE 8

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-12A

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	PH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST	
								VOLATILES DETECTED	(ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	10 - 12	<200	<0.25	<10	<400	<1	6.3	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>	
2	20 - 22	<200	0.35	<10	470	<1	6.2	N/A	
3	30 - 32	<200	0.15	<10	1270	<1	7.5	N/A	
4	40 - 42	<200	0.64	<10	1580	<1	8.5	N/A	
5	50 - 52	<200	0.24	<10	610	<1	6.9	N/A	
6	60 - 62	<200	0.15	16	830	<1	6.4	N/A	
7	70 - 72	<200	0.20	18	560	<1	6.7	N/A	
8	80 - 82	<200	0.16	<10	<400	<1	6.9	N/A	
9	85 - 87	<200	0.50	13	<400	<1	6.7	Acetone Methylene Chloride	73B <sup>(4)</sup> 9B
10	87.5 - 88.8	<200	0.19	<10	<400	<1	6.8	N/A	

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

WPL 005 5651

SET 0020689

TABLE 9

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-13

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	pH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	360	<0.25	<10	2100	<1	5.8	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	<0.25	<10	2000	<1	6.4	N/A
3	5 - 7	<200	0.42	<10	4100	6	6.5	N/A
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	0.43	<10	4600	<1	6.5	N/A
5	10 - 12	<200	<0.25	<10	1600	<1	7.0	N/A
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	<0.25	<10	890	<1	6.8	N/A
7	15 - 17	<200	<0.25	<10	1000	<1	6.2	Acetone 18B <sup>(4)</sup>

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. B indicates compound was detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE 10

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLES  
TAKEN FROM BORING B-14

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH (feet)	CHLORIDE (mg/kg) <sup>(1)</sup>	CYANIDE (mg/kg)	NITRATE (mg/kg as N)	SULFATE (mg/kg)	SILVER (mg/kg)	PH (in water)	TARGET COMPOUND LIST
								VOLATILES DETECTED (ug/kg) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	0 - 2	<200	4.2	37	950	<1	6.0	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
2	2.5 - 4.5	<200	0.34	43	480	<1	4.3	N/A
3	5 - 7	<200	<0.25	25	550	6.0	5.0	N/A
4	7.5 - 9.5	<200	<0.25	<10	1500	<1	5.4	N/A
5	10 - 12	<200	1.50	<10	800	1	6.4	N/A
6	12.5 - 14.5	<200	<0.25	32	390	<1	5.9	N/A
7	15 - 17	<200	0.31	44	790	<1	5.5	N.D. <sup>(4)</sup>
8	17.5 - 19.5	<200	0.27	70	310	<1	4.8	N/A

1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.
2. ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram or parts per billion.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.
4. N.D. = No Target Compound List volatiles detected.

TABLE 11

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DURING 1983

PARAMETER <sup>(1)</sup>	WELL			
	B-1 (10/83)	B-4 <sup>(2)</sup> (10/83)	B-4 <sup>(3)</sup> (10/83)	B-4 (11/83)
pH	7.4	2.6/3.2 <sup>(4)</sup>	2.1	3.0
Residual Chlorine	N/A <sup>(5)</sup>	N/A	160	650
Cyanide	N/A	11	49	250
Nitrate	N/A	N/A	N/A	6440
Sulfate	N/A	N/A	N/A	1160
Arsenic	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.33
Barium	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.0
Cadmium	0.06	0.73	0.64	0.38
Chromium	<0.05	0.19	2.6	0.55
Copper	N/A	N/A	N/A	198
Lead	3.8	4.2	1.1	0.11
Mercury	N/A	0.013	0.011	0.003
Nickel	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.42
Selenium	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.02
Silver	0.72	3.3	2.2	0.08
Zinc	0.19	64	75	N/A

1. All results, except pH, are in units of mg/l (milligrams per liter or parts per million).
2. Before purging.
3. After purging.
4. Duplicate analysis performed.
5. N/A = Not Analyzed.

TABLE 12

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DURING 1984**

<u>PARAMETER</u> <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>WELL</u>		
	<u>B-1A</u> (6/84)	<u>B-1A</u> (8/84)	<u>B-4</u> (5/84)
pH	10.6	10.8	2.7
Residual Chlorine	N/A <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A	<1
Cyanide	950	1050	2.3
Nitrate	450	156	825
Sulfate	910	1240	5600
Chromium	N/A	0.40	N/A
Copper	170	1000	190
Nickel	1.0	N/A	0.59
Silver	0.4	0.08	0.05
Zinc	N/A	37	N/A

1. All results, except pH, are in units of mg/l (milligrams per liter or parts per million).
2. N/A = Not Analyzed.

WPL 005 5655

SET 0020693



TABLE 13

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DURING MAY 1985

PARAMETER <sup>(1)</sup>	WELL			
	B-1A	B-1B	B-2B	B-4
pH	10.7	10.3	7.5	2.8
Ammonia	140	76	3.5	2.0
Chloride	585	3500	390	490
Cyanide	210	2300	1.5	11
Nitrate	33	390	160	520
Sulfate	650	345	260	340
Copper	110	1600	3.4	130
Silver	38	2.3	0.39	1.5

1. All results, except pH, are in units of mg/l (milligrams per liter or parts per million).

TABLE 14

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DURING NOVEMBER 1985

PARAMETER <sup>(1)</sup>	WELL						
	B-1	B-1A	B-1B	B-4	B-5	B-6	B-7
pH	7.95	10.4	9.9	3.15	7.45	9.1	8.3
Ammonia	49	41	85	40/44 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.83	59	N/A <sup>(3)</sup>
Chloride	140	120	2700	380/370	15	270	370
Cyanide	45	61/58	1100	18	<0.02	120	180
Nitrate	180	32	570	1960/1970	1.9/1.9	180	220
Sulfate	220	180	640	820	20	150	530
Copper	43	34	1100	250	0.06/0.06	150/160	290
Silver	0.035	37	0.013/0.004	0.008	<0.001/<0.001	0.027/0.021	0.075

1. All results, except pH, are in units of mg/l (milligrams per liter or parts per million).
2. Duplicate analysis performed.
3. N/A = Not Analyzed.

WPL 005 5657

SET 0020695

TABLE 15

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DURING DECEMBER 1985**

<u>PARAMETER</u> <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>WELL</u>					
	<u>B-1A</u>	<u>B-1B</u>	<u>B-4</u>	<u>B-5</u>	<u>B-6</u>	<u>B-7</u>
pH	11.3	10.5	3.7	7.3	9.1	7.4
mmonia	18	46	1.4	4.5	41/38 <sup>(2)</sup>	30
Chloride	76	2400	330/350	17	180	700
Cyanide	38	1400	31/25	0.03	91	290
Nitrate	22	870	1800	2.6/2.8	120	400
Sulfate	98	230	710/780	16	170	280
Copper	11/10	1000	270	0.17	120	700
Silver	17/16	0.1	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.02

1. All results, except pH, are in units of mg/l (milligrams per liter or parts per million).
2. Duplicate analysis performed.

WPL 005 5658

SET 0020696

TABLE 16

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED JULY 6 THROUGH 8, 1988**

PARAMETER	WELL		
	B-1	B-1A	B-5
Cyanide	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	<0.005
<u>Priority Pollutant Volatiles (ug/l)<sup>(2)</sup></u>			
Acrolein	<10000	<100	<100
Acrylonitrile	<10000	<100	<100
Benzene	<500	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	<500	8	<5
Bromoform	<500	<5	<5
Carbon Tetrachloride	<500	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	<500	<5	<5
Chloroethane	<1000	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	<1000	<10	<10
Chloroform	<500	17	<5
Dibromochloromethane	<500	7	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	<500	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	900	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	<500	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	<500	<5	<5
1,3-Dichloropropene	<500	<5	<5
Ethyl Benzene	<500	<5	<5
Methyl Bromide	<1000	<10	<10
Methyl Chloride	<1000	<10	<10
Methylene Chloride	<500	6	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<500	<5	<5
Tetrachloroethene	<500	<5	<5
Toluene	<500	<5	<5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10000	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<500	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	14000	<5	170
Trichlorofluoromethane	<500	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	<1000	<10	<10
<u>Priority Pollutant Acid Extractables (ug/l)</u>			
2-Chlorophenol	<10	N/A	<10
2,4-Dichlorophenol	<10	N/A	<10
2,4-Dimethylphenol	<10	N/A	<10
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	<50	N/A	<50
2,4-Dinitrophenol	57	N/A	<50
2-Nitrophenol	<10	N/A	<10
4-Nitrophenol	<50	N/A	<50
p-Chloro-n-cresol	<10	N/A	<10
Pentachlorophenol	<50	N/A	<50
Phenol	<10	N/A	<10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	<10	N/A	<10

WPL 005 5659

SET 0020697

TABLE 16  
(Continued)

PARAMETER	WELL		
	B-1	B-1A	B-5
<u>Priority Pollutant Base/Neutral Extractables (ug/l)</u>			
Acenaphthene	<10	N/A	<10
Acenaphthylene	<10	N/A	<10
Anthracene	<10	N/A	<10
Benzidine	<50	N/A	<50
Benzo(a)Anthracene	<10	N/A	<10
Benzo(a)Pyrene	<10	N/A	<10
3,4-Benzofluoranthene	<10	N/A	<10
Benzo(ghi)Perylene	<10	N/A	<10
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	<10	N/A	<10
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	<10	N/A	<10
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	<10	N/A	<10
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	<10	N/A	<10
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	23B <sup>(3)</sup>	N/A	<10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	<10	N/A	<10
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	<10	N/A	<10
2-Chloronaphthalene	<10	N/A	<10
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	<10	N/A	<10
Chrysene	<10	N/A	<10
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene	<10	N/A	<10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<10	N/A	<10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<10	N/A	<10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<10	N/A	<10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<20	N/A	<20
Diethyl Phthalate	<10	N/A	<10
Dimethyl Phthalate	<10	N/A	<10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	<10	N/A	<10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	<10	N/A	<10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	<10	N/A	<10
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	<10	N/A	<10
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	<20	N/A	<20
Fluoranthene	<10	N/A	<10
Fluorene	<10	N/A	<10
Hexachlorobenzene	<10	N/A	<10
Hexachlorobutadiene	<10	N/A	<10
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<10	N/A	<10
Hexachloroethane	<10	N/A	<10
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	<10	N/A	<10
Isophorone	<10	N/A	<10
Naphthalene	<10	N/A	<10
Nitrobenzene	<10	N/A	<10
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	<10	N/A	<10
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine	<10	N/A	<10
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	<10	N/A	<10
Phenanthrene	<10	N/A	<10
Pyrene	<10	N/A	<10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<10	N/A	<10

TABLE 16  
(Continued)

PARAMETER	WELL		
	B-1	B-1A	B-5
Metals (mg/l) <sup>(4)</sup>			
Cadmium	0.026	0.14	<0.005
Chromium	0.03	0.44	<0.01
Copper	5.8	5.2	0.05
Lead	0.17	0.59	<0.05
Nickel	0.12	0.12	0.07
Silver	0.03	0.33	<0.01

1. N/A = Not Analyzed.
2. ug/l = micrograms per liter or parts per billion.
3. B indicates substance was detected in laboratory blank.
4. mg/l = milligrams per liter or parts per million.

WPL 005 5661

SET 0020699

TABLE 17

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED JULY 14, 1988**

PARAMETER	WELL						
	B-1	B-1A	B-1B	B-4	B-5	B-6	B-7
pH	7.3	11.0	10.3	3.4	7.2	9.6	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm) <sup>(2)</sup>	2250	1100	>10000	1600	390	2100	N/A
<u>Priority Pollutant Volatiles (ug/l)<sup>(3)</sup></u>							
Acrolein	<12500	<100	<2500	<500	<100	<170	<10000
Acrylonitrile	<12500	<100	<2500	<500	<100	<170	<10000
Benzene	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Bromodichloromethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Bromoform	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Carbon Tetrachloride	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Chlorobenzene	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Chloroethane	<1250	<10	<250	<50	<10	<17	<1000
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	<1250	<10	<250	<50	<10	<17	<1000
Chloroform	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Dibromochloromethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,1-Dichloroethane	<625	6	330	<25	<5	93	640
1,2-Dichloroethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	17	<500
1,1-Dichloroethene	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,2-Dichloroethene	<625	7	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,2-Dichloropropane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,3-Dichloropropane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Ethyl Benzene	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Methyl Bromide	<1250	<10	<250	<50	<10	<17	<1000
Methyl Chloride	<1250	<10	<250	<50	<10	<17	<1000
Methylene Chloride	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Tetrachloroethene	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Toluene	<625	13	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	7900	19	1900	540	<5	250	<500
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Trichloroethene	12000	64	350	88	140	210	20000
Trichlorofluoromethane	<625	<5	<125	<25	<5	<8.5	<500
Vinyl Chloride	<1250	<10	<250	<50	<10	<17	<1000

1. N/A = Not Analyzed.

2. umhos/cm = micromhos per centimeter.

3. ug/l = micrograms per liter or parts per billion.

TABLE 18

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED OCTOBER 13, 1988

PARAMETER	WELL										FIELD BLANK	TRIP BLANK
	B-1	B-1A	B-4	B-5	B-6	B-7	B-12A	B-13	B-13 (dup)	B-13		
pH	N/A(1)	10.62	2.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.96	6.07	6.07	4.32	N/A
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)(2)	N/A	6890	1737	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	579	676	676	48	N/A
Chloride (mg/l)(3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	35	55	55	<1	N/A
Cyanide (mg/l)	N/A	220	N/A	<0.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	N/A
Nitrate (mg/l)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.6	1.6	1.6	<0.1	N/A
Sulfate (mg/l)	N/A	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	130	110	110	<1	N/A
Priority Pollutant Volatiles (ug/l)(4)												
Acrolein	<5000	N/A	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Acrylonitrile	<5000	N/A	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Benzene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon Tetrachloride	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroethane	<500	N/A	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	<500	N/A	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	1100	N/A	<5	<5	15	1000	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	300	N/A	<5	<5	<5	60	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5500	N/A	6	<5	<5	480	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	270	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethyl Benzene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Methyl Bromide	<500	N/A	<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Chloride	<500	N/A	<10	<10	<10	130	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

PL 005 5663

SET 0020701



TABLE 18  
(Continued)

PARAMETER	WELL										TRIP	
	B-1	B-1A	B-4	B-5	B-6	B-7	B-12A	B-13	B-13 (dup)	FIELD BLANK	BLANK	BLANK
Methylene Chloride	<250	N/A	6	<5	7	290	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Tetrachloroethene	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	350	N/A	<5	<5	<5	27	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	26000	N/A	130	<5	47	630	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<250	N/A	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	58000	N/A	34	190	120	2300	1000	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	<500	N/A	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Priority Pollutant Acid Extractables	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.D. (5)	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N/A	N/A
Priority Pollutant Base/Neutral Extractables	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N/A	N/A
Priority Pollutant Metals (mg/l)												
Antimony	<0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.2	<0.2	N/A	N/A	<0.2	<0.2
Arsenic	0.032	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.018
Beryllium	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005
Cadmium	0.027	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005
Chromium	0.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.03	<0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.06
Copper	13	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.02	<0.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.02
Lead	0.16	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.05	<0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.05
Nickel	0.08	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.03	<0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.03
Selenium	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.005
Silver	0.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.02	0.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.02
Thallium	<0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.2	<0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.2
Zinc	2.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.06	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.01

1. N/A = Not Analyzed.
2. umhos/cm = micromhos per centimeter.
3. mg/l = milligrams per liter or parts per million.
4. ug/l = micrograms per liter or parts per billion.
5. N.D. = None Detected.

TABLE 19

ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES  
COLLECTED DECEMBER 1, 1988

PARAMETER	WELL			
	B-1	B-1A	B-12A	B-13
pH	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	10.76	6.38	6.11
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm) <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A	6700	606	662
<u>Priority Pollutant Volatiles (ug/l)<sup>(3)</sup></u>				
Acrolein	<25000	<100	<100	<100
Acrylonitrile	<25000	<100	<100	<100
Benzene	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Bromodichloromethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Carbon Tetrachloride	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Chlorobenzene	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Chloroethane	<2500	<10	<10	<10
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	<2500	<10	<10	<10
Chloroform	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Dibromochloromethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	<1200	10	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethene	3200	<5	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	<1200	12	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
1,3-Dichloropropane (total)	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Ethyl Benzene	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Methyl Bromide	<2500	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Chloride	<2500	<10	<10	<10
Methylene Chloride	<1200	14B <sup>(4)</sup>	10B	10B
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Tetrachloroethene	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	<1200	19	<5	<5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	26000	24	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Trichloroethene	47000	94	460	<5
Trichlorofluoromethane	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Vinyl Chloride	<2500	<10	<10	<10
Xylenes (total)	<1200	<5	<5	<5
Mercury (mg/l) <sup>(5)</sup>	N/A	N/A	<0.0002	<0.0002

1. N/A = Not Analyzed.
2. umhos/cm = microhmos per centimeter
3. ug/l = micrograms per liter
4. B indicates substance was detected in laboratory blank.
5. mg/l = milligrams per liter

WPL 005 5665

SET 0020703

TABLE 20

RESULTS OF PADER ANALYSIS OF SAMPLES  
FROM VANPORT MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY WELL FIELD

WELL DATE	1		2		4		5		6		TEST WELL #1 8/30/88		TEST WELL #1 8/31/88		TEST WELL #2 9/7/88		TEST WELL #2 9/8/88		TEST WELL #2 9/8/88		
	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	6/16/88	8/30/88	8/31/88	9/7/88	9/7/88	9/7/88	9/7/88	9/8/88	9/8/88	9/8/88	9/8/88	
DEPTH (feet)						93.8	103.9				130	86	100	110	120						
<u>PARAMETER</u>																					
Ethyl Benzene																					1.2
Methylene Chloride																					16
Toluene																					105
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.8	2.5	3.1	14	2.6	1.6															1.0
Trichloroethene	55	100	36	59	32	3.8															3.0
Xylene (total)																					8.2

All concentrations have units of micrograms per liter or parts per billion. Where blanks are present on the table, the compound was not analyzed for or was not detected.

WPL 005 5666

SET 0020704

**TABLE 21**  
**GROUNDWATER LEVELS**

WELL NUMBER	DATE				
	10/30/85	11/25/85	07/14/88	10/13/88	12/01/88
B-1	16.36	17.6	16.25	19.8	19.6
B-2	--	--	--	--	--
B-3	--	--	--	--	--
B-4	8.75	8.5	10.33	--	--
B-1A	--	6.3	7.17	7.6	7.55
B-1B	10.75	9.8	14.66	14.8	--
B-2B	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	--
B-5	--	63.0	63.83	63.9	--
B-6	12.07	10.5	19.33	19.8	--
B-7	16.2	17.5	18.58	18.5	--
B-8	41.35	Dry	Dry	--	--
B-9B	--	--	--	14.8	--
B-10A	--	--	--	Dry	--
B-11	--	--	--	Dry	--
B-12A	--	--	--	77.6	77.55
B-13	--	--	--	9.6	9.85

All depths to water measurements were measured from the top of the protective casing and are reported in feet. Wells B-5, B-12A, and B-13 were surveyed in April 1989. Any future reporting for these and other wells monitoring zones of relatively continuous saturation will be in feet above means sea level.

WPL 005 5667

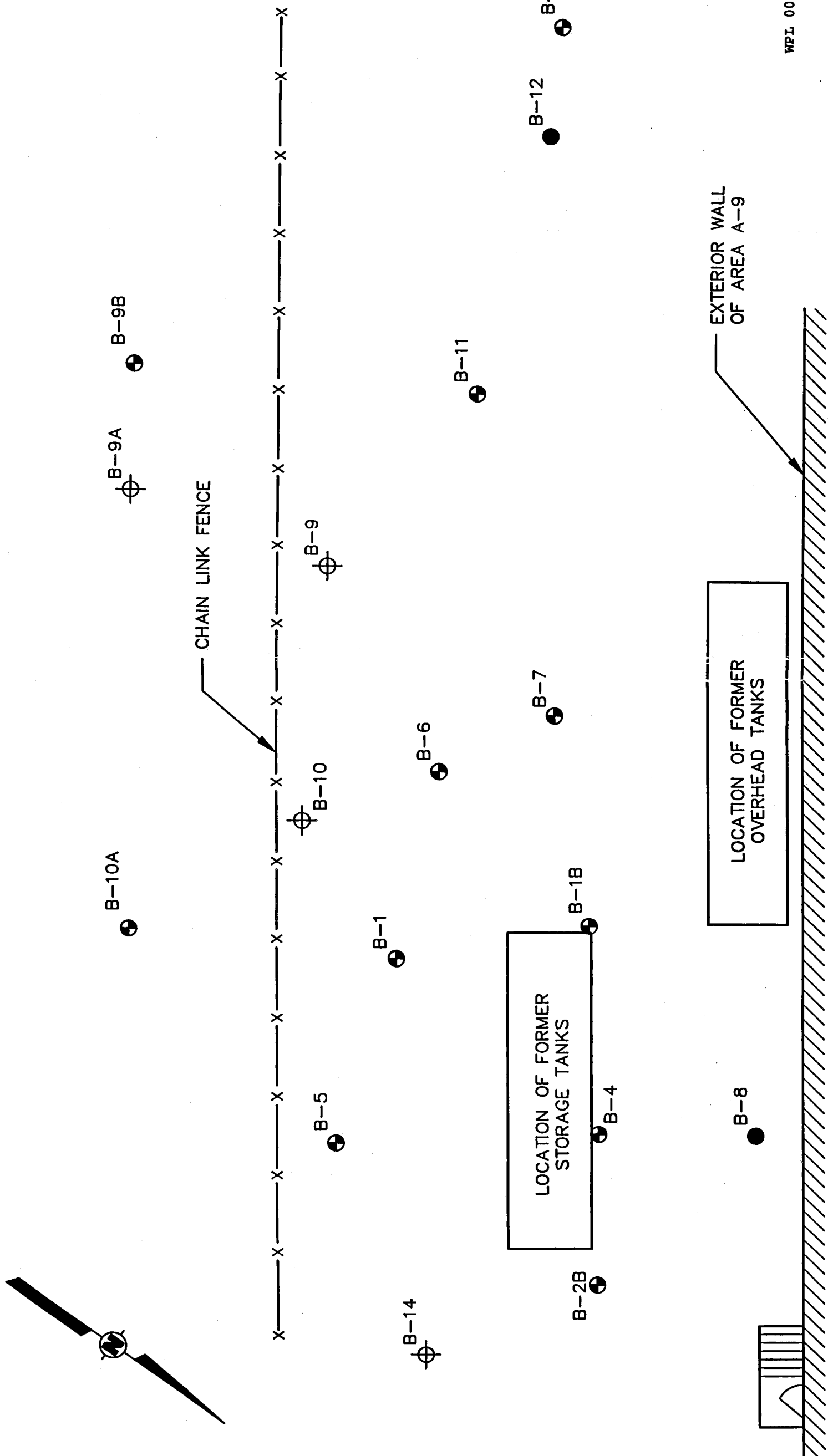
SET 0020705

**FIGURES**

WPL 005 5668



SET 0020706



WPL 005 5669

FIGURE 1

LOCATION MAP OF WELLS  
AND BORINGS  
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
AREA A-9  
BEAVER FACILITY  
PREPARED FOR



**LEGEND**  
 ⊕ WELL LOCATION  
 ⊕ BORING LOCATION  
 ● ABANDONED WELL

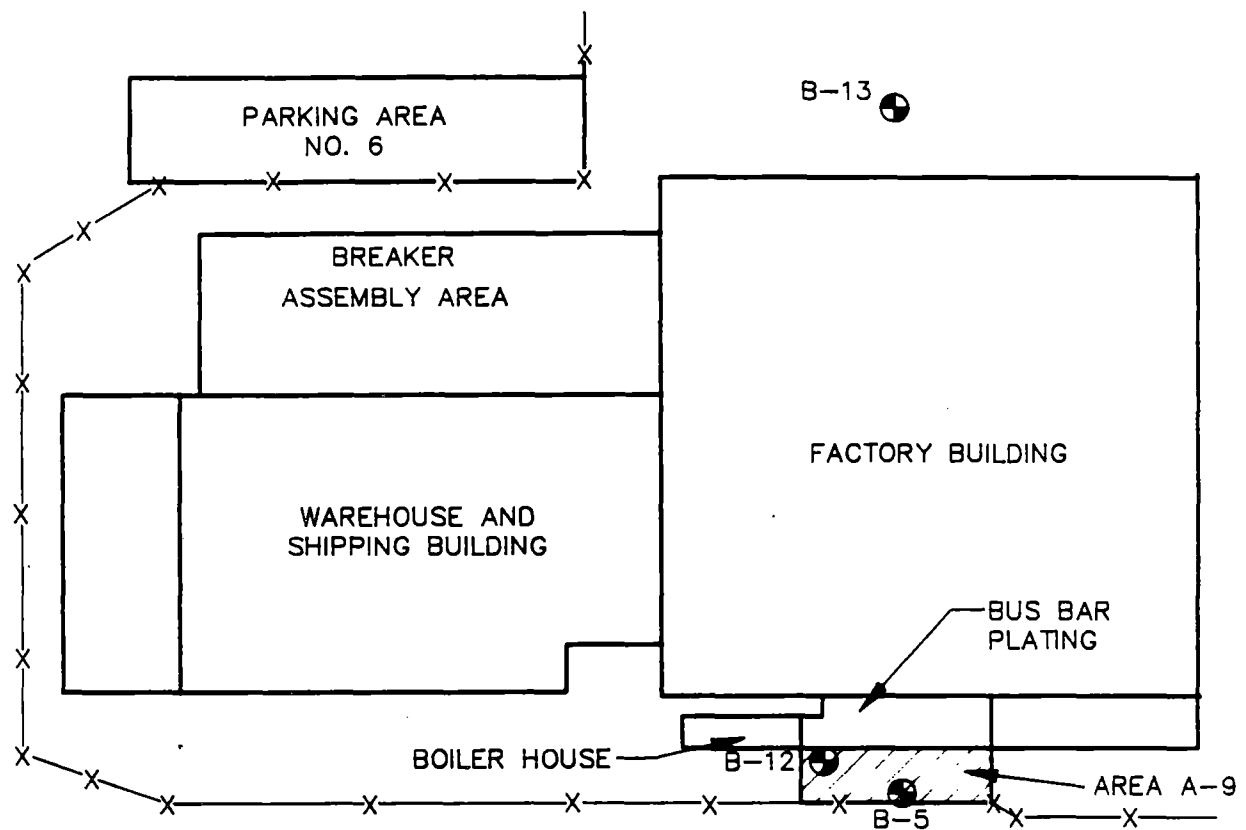
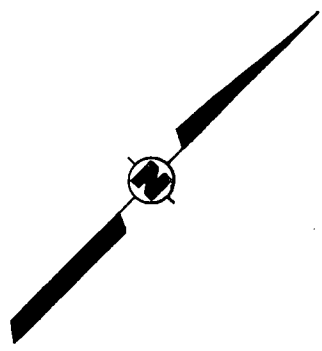
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.  
BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA



Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

DRAWN BY	10-24-88	CHECKED BY	11/19/88	DRAWING NUMBER	88-537-B1

DRAWING NUMBER 88-537-A6  
 8/1984/89  
 8/1984/89  
 CHECKED BY PRH  
 APPROVED BY PRH  
 11-25-86  
 DRAWN BY



N.T.S.

WPL 005 5670

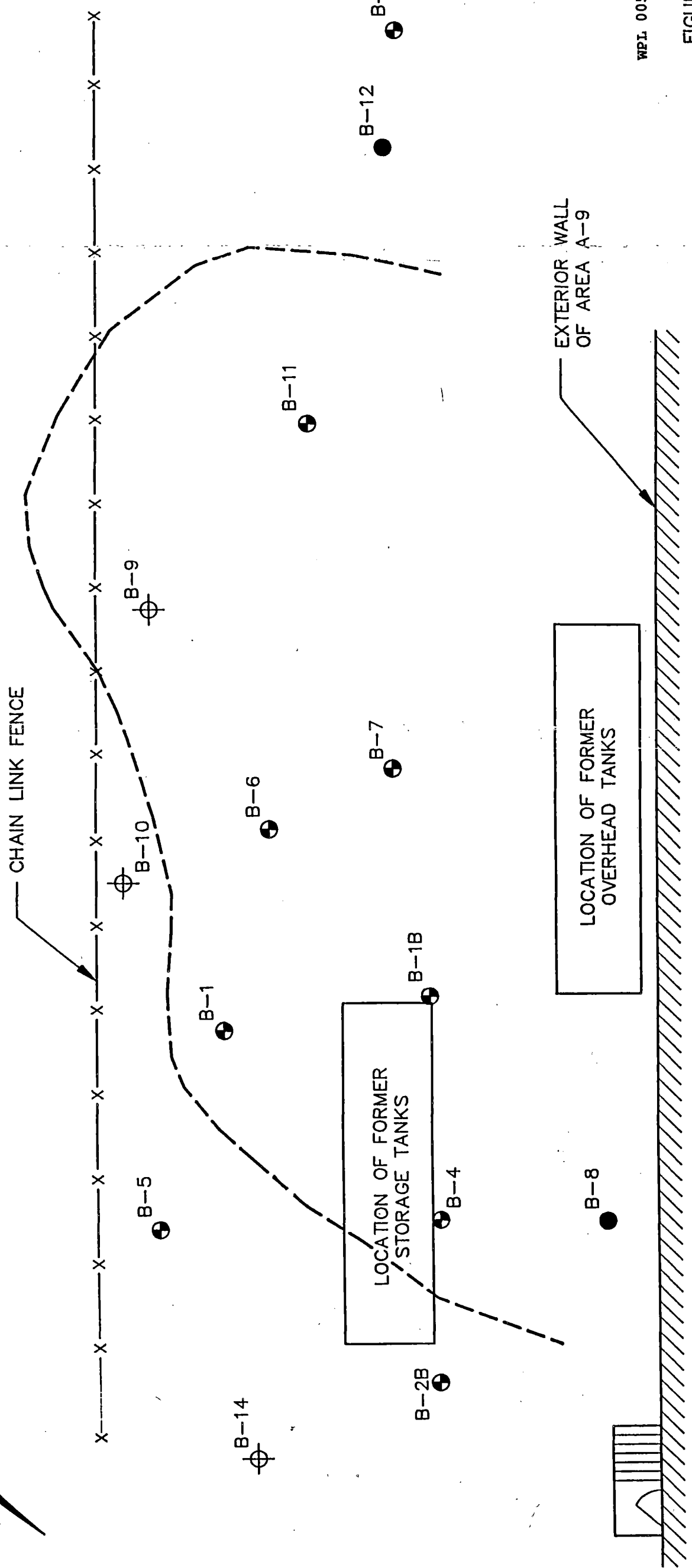
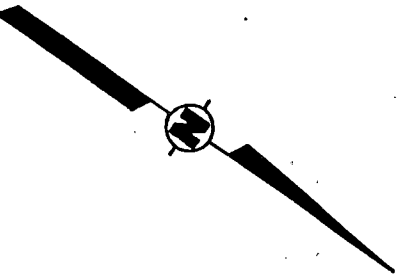
**LEGEND:**  
 B-5 ● DEEP WELL LOCATION

**FIGURE 2**  
 LOCATION MAP OF DEEP WELLS  
 HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
 AREA A-9  
 BEAVER FACILITY  
 PREPARED FOR

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

**PCR** Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
 CONSULTANTS

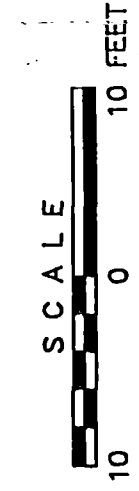
SFT 0020708



WPI 005 5671

FIGURE 3

APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF ANOMALOUS  
CYANIDE CONCENTRATIONS  
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
AREA A-9  
BEAVER FACILITY  
PREP-RED FOR



LEGEND

- WELL LOCATION
- BORING LOCATION
- ABANDONED WELL
- APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF ANOMALOUS CYANIDE CONCENTRATIONS

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.  
BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA



Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

DRAWN BY	BBO	CHECKED BY	<i>[Signature]</i>
APPROVED BY		DATE	2-21-89
DRAWING NUMBER	88-537-B2	DATE	8 MAY 89



APPENDIX A  
BORING LOGS

WPL 005 5672



SET 0020710

DATE STARTED: 9-26-88  
 DATE FINISHED: 9-26-88  
 GROUND SURFACE EL           

**WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
 BORING B-9**  
 N            E           

PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>nu</sub> READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 1	21	1-5 5-6	[Cross-hatched profile symbol]	MEDIUM STIFF BROWN SILTY CLAY/ CLAYEY SILT, TRACE SAND (FILL)	0	6	DRY
						2.5'			
		S 2	21	1-2 2-3		VERY LOOSE BROWN SAND (FILL) 3.3'	0	5	DRY
	5	S 3	13	3-4 13-14		SOFT TO STIFF BROWN AND GRAY SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT (FILL)	0	5	DRY
		S 4	24	4-6 6-5		8.8'	0	5	DAMP
	10	S 5	24	4-4 4-4		LOOSE BROWN SAND, TRACE TO SOME SILT AND CLAY, SOME PEBBLES AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL)	2	5	DAMP
		S 6	24	1-2 3-3			5	5	MOIST, SAMPLE S-6 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
	15	S 7	24	4-4 6-7		16.1'	5	5	WET DRY
		S 8	24	3-4 6-9		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND	5	5	DRY
	20	S 9	24	2-3 4-5		12	5	DRY	
	22				[Dotted profile symbol]				
	25					BOTTOM OF BORING = 22.0'  BORING GROUTED BECAUSE OF HIGH HEADSPACE READINGS			
	30								
	35								
	40								
	45								

BORING NO. B-9  
 SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5673

SET 0020711

DATE STARTED: 9-29-88  
 DATE FINISHED: 9-30-88  
 GROUND SURFACE EL \_\_\_\_\_

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
 BORING B-9A

PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 8 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>nu</sub> READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS	
		S 1	21	3-6 8-6	[Cross-hatched profile]	MEDIUM STIFF LIGHT BROWN SANDY SILT, TRACE PEBBLES (FILL) 0.8' MEDIUM DENSE BLACK SLAG (FILL) 2.5'	0.5	6	DRY, SOME ROOTS	
		S 2	24	2-3 2-4		LOOSE BROWN SAND (FILL) 4.0'	0.5	6	DRY	
5		S 3	18	3-4 5-11		MEDIUM STIFF TO STIFF, MOTTLED GRAY, ORANGE AND LIGHT BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, BECOMES SANDY AT 8.5' (FILL)	0	6	DRY	
		S 4	24	7-8 11-11			0.5	6	DRY	
10		S 5	21	2-3 3-3		LOOSE BROWN SAND, TRACE SILT, CLAY, AND ROCK FRAGMENTS, CLAY LAYER FROM 10.6' TO 11.0', GRAVELLY AFTER 12.5' (FILL)	1	6	DAMP, BECOMES MOIST AT 11'	
		S 6	21	1-2 4-3			1.5	6	WET, SAMPLE S-6 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES DRY TO DAMP	
15		S 7	19	5-4 4-6			6	6	DRY TO DAMP	
		S 8	24	3-4 5-4			3	6	DRY TO DAMP	
20		S 9	24	3-6 4-4		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND, TRACE TO SOME SILT	9	6	DRY TO DAMP	
		S 10	24	3-4 7-8			12	6	DRY TO DAMP, SAMPLE S-10 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES	
25		S 11	24	2-4 7-7			3	6	DRY TO DAMP	
		S 12	11	3-2 3-4			1	6	DAMP WET	
30		S 13	13	4-4 8-11		LOOSE ROCK FRAGMENTS	30.0'			
		S 14	18	4-4 6-8		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE BROWN AND ORANGE SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE SILT AND CLAY	28.4'	0	6	MOIST, WET BETWEEN 30.6' AND 30.8'
34.5							0	6	DRY WITH MOIST LENSES	
						BOTTOM OF BORING = 34.5' BORING GROUTED				
	40									
	45									

BORING NO. B-9A  
 SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5674

SET 0020712

DATE STARTED: 10-3-88      WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER      PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 DATE FINISHED: 10-3-88      BORING B-9B      FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 GROUND SURFACE EL \_\_\_\_\_      N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_      CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 8 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	Hru READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS		
	5				X				NO SAMPLES COLLECTED BETWEEN 0' AND 10.0'		
	10	S 1	17	3-3 4-2		10.0'	LOOSE BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE SILT AND CLAY (FILL)	<0.5		6	DAMP TO MOIST WET, SAMPLE S-2 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES DRY TO DAMP
	14.5	S 2	22	2-4 4-6		12.5' 13.6'	LOOSE GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE SILT, CLAY AND SAND (FILL)	1.5		6	
	15					LOOSE ORANGISH BROWN FINE SAND BOTTOM OF BORING = 14.5' MONITORING WELL INSTALLED WITH SCREEN FROM 8.4' TO 13.4'					
	20										
	25										
	30										
	35										
	40										
	45										

BORING NO. B-9B  
SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5675

SET 0020713

DATE STARTED: 9-28-88  
 DATE FINISHED: 9-28-88  
 GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

**WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
 BORING B-10**

PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>nu</sub> READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 1	19	2-5 5-6	X	MEDIUM STIFF BROWN SILTY CLAY/ CLAYEY SILT, TRACE COAL AND PEBBLES (FILL) 2.5'	0	5	DRY, SOME ROOTS
		S 2	22	2-3 2-2	X	LOOSE BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE CLAY (FILL) 3.7'	0	6	DRY DAMP
	5	S 3	10	4-6 7-10	X	SOFT TO STIFF, LIGHT BROWN TO MOTTLED BROWN AND GRAY, SILTY TO SANDY CLAY, SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL) 10.0'	0	5	DAMP
		S 4	24	6-9 9-6	X		0.5	6	DAMP
	10	S 5	24	4-5 6-4	X	LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE BROWN CLAYEY SAND, SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS, GRAVELLY AFTER 12.5' (FILL)	9	7	MOIST, CYANIDE NOT DETECTED WITH HACH TEST, SAMPLE S-5 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
	14.5	S 6	19	1-4 4-6	X	LOOSE LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND 13.5'	4	6	WET DAMP
	15					BOTTOM OF BORING = 14.5'  BORING GROUTED BECAUSE OF HIGH HEADSPACE READINGS			
	20								
	25								
	30								
	35								
	40								
	45								

BORING NO. B-10  
 SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5676

SET 0020714

DATE STARTED: 9-28-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-10A

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 9-28-88

FIELD ENGINEER: MAP

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>nu</sub> READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 1	20	4-6 8-4	[Cross-hatched profile]	SOFT TO STIFF, LIGHT BROWN TO MOTTLED GRAY AND BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE TO SOME SAND, GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL) LOOSE LIGHT BROWN SAND 2.5'-3.0'	0	6	DRY
		S 2	24	3-2 3-5			0	5	DRY, TRACE WOOD CHIPS
5		S 3	14	4-5 5-8			0	6	DRY
		S 4	24	5-7 10-14			0	5	DRY
10		S 5	24	4-7 5-6			1	5	DRY TO MOIST
		S 6	22	2-2 4-3	[Dotted profile]	LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE LIGHT BROWN TO BROWN FINE SAND	<0.5	5	DRY TO DAMP
15		S 7	24	2-2 4-3			1.5	6	DRY TO DAMP
		S 8	24	2-3 5-4			5	6	DRY TO DAMP
20		S 9	24	4-4 4-5			9	6	DRY TO DAMP, CYANIDE NOT DETECTED WITH HACH TEST
25		S 10	24	2-4 7-8			9	6	DRY TO DAMP, SAMPLE S-10 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
		S 11	15	2-2 4-5			1	6	DAMP TO MOIST, WET BETWEEN 28.0' AND 28.5'
	32.1'	S-12	4	2-4	[Dotted profile]	LOOSE COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE SILT AND CLAY AFTER 31.3'	1	-	WET DAMP
	35					BOTTOM OF BORING = 32.1'			
	40					MONITORING WELL INSTALLED WITH SCREEN FROM 24.1' TO 29.1'			
	45								

SET 0020715

DATE STARTED: 9-26-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-11

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 9-26-88

FIELD ENGINEER: MAP

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 8 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	Hnu READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 1	15	2-2 4-3	X	TOPSOIL (FILL) 0.4' MEDIUM STIFF BROWN TO GRAY SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE TO SOME SAND, PEBBLES AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL) 3.5'	0	6	SOME GRASS AND ROOTS DAMP
		S 2	18	3-3 4-4		LOOSE BROWN SAND (FILL) 5.2'	0	6	DAMP DRY
	5	S 3	7	5-13 12-5		MEDIUM STIFF TO STIFF, LIGHT BROWN TO GRAY, CLAYEY TO SANDY SILT, TRACE TO SOME PEBBLES AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL)	0	6	DRY DAMP TO MOIST
		S 4	24	3-4 4-5			0	6	DAMP
	10	S 5	24	3-3 3-3			0.5	6	DAMP
		S 6	24	1-3 3-2		15.2'	<0.5	6	DAMP
	15	S 7	16	2-2 1-1			<0.5	6	DAMP MOIST, CYANIDE NOT DETECTED WITH HACH TEST
		S 8	24	2-3 4-6		19.0'	0.5	6	MOIST, SAMPLE S-8 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES DRY
	20	S 9	24	3-5 6-8		MEDIUM DENSE, LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND	0	6	DRY
	22				.	BOTTOM OF BORING = 22.0'			
						MONITORING WELL INSTALLED WITH SCREEN FROM 13.9' TO 18.9'			
	25								
	30								
	35								
	40								
	45								

BORING NO. B-11  
SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5678

SET 0020716

DATE STARTED: 9-20-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-12

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 9-21-88

FIELD GEOLOGIST WJJ

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 8 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	HrU READING (ppm)	FIELD PH	REMARKS
						ASPHALT 0.5'			
						STIFF DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY/ CLAYEY SILT AND ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS. (FILL) 2.9'			
	5	S 1	10	4-3 2-1		VERY LOOSE DARK BROWN MEDIUM SAND (FILL) 5.0'	0	8	DRY, CYANIDE NOT DETECTED WITH HACH TEST
		S 2	20	5-6 7-7		STIFF MOTTLED BROWN AND LIGHT GRAY SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE SAND AND ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL) 7.5'	0	5	DRY
		S 3	24	7-5 5-7		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, DARK BROWN MOTTLED SAND AND ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS, SOME CLAY, SOME ROUNDED PEBBLES BETWEEN 10' AND 12' (FILL) 12.5'	<1	6	DRY
	10	S 4	24	3-5 7-7		VERY LOOSE TO LOOSE, DARK BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE TO SOME CLAY, WITH BOTH ANGULAR AND ROUNDED PEBBLES (FILL) 17.0'	0	5.5	MOIST
		S 5	16	3-4 3-5			1	5	WET, SAMPLE S-5 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
	15	S 6	24	1-1 1-1			0	5	WET
		S 7	24	5-4 4-5			0	5	DRY
	20	S 8	24	3-5 6-8			0	6	DRY
						LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND, SILTY AFTER 22.0'			
	25	S 9	24	12-12 5-6			0	6	MOIST
	30	S 10	16	5-5 6-5		MEDIUM DENSE LIGHT BROWN COARSE SAND, SOME SILT AND PEBBLES 30.0'	0	5	MOIST
	35	S 11	20	5-5 4-5		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, BROWN SILTY, SANDY FINE TO COARSE GRAVEL 35.0'	0	5	MOIST
	40	S 12	10	5-6 9-6			0	5	MOIST
	45								

BORING NO. B-12  
SHEET 1 OF 2

WPL 005 5679

SET 0020717



DATE STARTED: 9-20-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-12

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 9-21-88

FIELD GEOLOGIST WJJ/GLK

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 8 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>nu</sub> READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 13	6	5-5 5-9	0	LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, BROWN SILTY SANDY FINE TO COARSE GRAVEL	0	5	MOIST
	50.0'								
		S 14	24	4-7 7-10	0	MEDIUM DENSE BROWN FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, SOME GRAVEL PEBBLES, TRACE TO SOME SILT	0	5	MOIST
	55.0'								
		S 15	24	4-6 7-7	0		0	5	MOIST
	60.0'								
		S 18	24	8-8 8-10	0.5	MEDIUM DENSE, BROWN FINE TO COARSE SILTY SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS INCLUDING SANDSTONE	0.5	5	MOIST
	65.0'								
		S 17	24	10-12 17-29	0		0	5	DRY TO MOIST
	70.0'								
		S 18	24	7-7 12-8	0	STIFF BROWN SANDY SILT AND ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS	0	5	DRY TO MOIST
	75.0'								
		S 19	24	10-9 12-18	0	VERY STIFF DARK BROWN SANDY/CLAYEY SILT AND ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS	0	5	DRY
	80.0'								
		S 20	24	12-13 15-24	1		1	5	DRY TO MOIST
	85.0'								
		S 21	24	12-17 28-40	2	HARD, DARK BROWN, SANDY SILTY CLAY WITH ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENTS	2	5	WET, SAMPLE S-21 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES TOP OF BEDROCK = 88.5'
	88.5'								
		5-22	7	12-50/0.1	---	SHALE - GRAY			
	89.1'								
	90					BOTTOM OF BORING = 89.1'			

BORING NO. B-12  
SHEET 2 OF 2

WPL 005 5680

SET 0020718

DATE STARTED: 10-4-88  
 DATE FINISHED: 10-5-88  
 GROUND SURFACE EL \_\_\_\_\_

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
 BORING B-12A

PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	Hnu READING (ppm)	FIELD PH	REMARKS
	5				[Cross-hatched profile]				PIECES OF WOOD IN CUTTINGS.
	10	S 1	18	3-3 3-6		MEDIUM STIFF TO STIFF, BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, SOME SAND AND GRAVEL, BLACK CINDERS BETWEEN 21.0' AND 21.3' (FILL)	0.5	6	DAMP
	20	S 2	24	5-8 8-9		21.3'	1	5	MOIST TO WET DRY
	30	S 3	24	2-3 3-6		LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, LIGHT BROWN SILTY FINE SAND, TRACE PEBBLES	0	6	DRY
	40	S 4	13	3-5 4-5	[Dotted profile]	40.0'	1	6	WET
	45					LOOSE BROWN SANDY GRAVEL, SOME SILT/CLAY			

BORING NO. B-12A  
 SHEET 1 OF 3

WPL 005 5681

SET 0020719

DATE STARTED: 10-4-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-12A

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 10-5-88

FIELD ENGINEER: MAP

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	Hnu READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
						LOOSE BROWN SANDY GRAVEL, SOME SILT/CLAY			
	50	S 5	18	6-8 8-7		50.0'	0	6	DRY TO WET
	55								
	60	S 6	20	8-16 26-9		MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE TO SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE SILT AND CLAY	<0.5	6	DAMP
	65								
	70	S 7	24	8-10 11-18			<0.5	6	DAMP
	75								
	80	S 8	24	7-13 14-18		80.0'	1	6	DAMP
	85	S 9	24	5-16 23-27		VERY STIFF TO HARD, BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE TO SOME GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE SAND AFTER 85.0'	1	6	DAMP TO MOIST, SAMPLE S-9 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
		S 10	15	12-17 50/0.3		87.5'	1	6	DAMP TO WET
	90					90.0'			

BORING NO. B-12A  
SHEET 2 OF 3

WPL 005 5682

SET 0020720

DATE STARTED: 10-4-88

**WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-12A**

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 10-5-88

FIELD ENGINEER: MAP

GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	THRU READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S-11	2	50/0.2		SILTSTONE - BROWN AND GRAY, WEATHERED BOTTOM OF BORING ● 90.2'			TOP OF BEDROCK = 90.0'
	95								
	100								
	105								
	110								
	115								
	120								
	125								
	130								
	135								

MONITORING WELL INSTALLED WITH SCREEN FROM 80.3' TO 90.0'

BORING NO. B-12A  
SHEET 3 OF 3

WPL 005 5683

SET 0020721

DATE STARTED: 9-23-88

WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
BORING B-13

PROJECT NO. 88-537

DATE FINISHED: 9-23-88

FIELD ENGINEER: GLK

GROUND SURFACE EL \_\_\_\_\_

N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	H <sub>2</sub> O READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S 1	19	2-2 4-5	[Cross-hatched]	MEDIUM STIFF TO STIFF, LIGHT BROWN TO DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE SAND AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL)	0.5	6	DRY, SOME ROOTS AND WOOD PIECES
		S 2	24	5-6 7-8			0	5	DRY
	5	S 3	20	5-5 7-9			0.5	6	DAMP, SOME ROOTS AND WOOD PIECES
		S 4	24	4-4 5-13			0	6	DAMP
	10	S 5	24	1-1 2-3	[Dotted]	VERY LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, LIGHT TO DARK BROWN, SILTY SAND, TRACE GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS AFTER 12.5'	0	5	WET
		S 6	24	1-1 5-7			0	5	WET
	15	S 7	24	7-9 13-22			0	6	WET, SAMPLE S-7 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES TOP OF BEDROCK= 16.3'
	17.7	S-8	2	50/0.2		SILTSTONE, LIGHT GRAY			
	20					BOTTOM OF BORING = 17.7'			
						MONITORING WELL INSTALLED WITH SCREEN FROM 10.9' TO 15.9'			
	25								
	30								
	35								
	40								
	45								

BORING NO. B-13  
SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5684

SET 0020722

DATE STARTED: 10-3-88  
 DATE FINISHED: 10-3-88  
 GROUND SURFACE EL. \_\_\_\_\_

**WESTINGHOUSE BEAVER  
 BORING B-14**

PROJECT NO. 88-537  
 FIELD ENGINEER: MAP  
 CHECKED BY: WJJ

ELEV. (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE RECOVERY (IN.)	BLOWS PER 6 IN. INCREMENT	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION	Hnu READING (ppm)	FIELD pH	REMARKS
		S	23	3-6 5-5	X	MEDIUM STIFF TO STIFF, LIGHT BROWN TO BROWN, SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, TRACE TO SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS INCLUDING COAL (FILL)	0	6	DRY
		S	22	3-4 4-6	X		0	6	DRY
	5	S	19	8-12 11-10	X	MEDIUM DENSE, ORANGISH BROWN SAND, GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS, SOME SILT AND CLAY (FILL)	0	6	DRY
		S	24	6-4 5-8	X	MEDIUM STIFF, BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, SOME GRAVEL AND ROCK FRAGMENTS (FILL)	<0.5	5	DAMP
	10	S	24	3-4 5-7	X	LOOSE BROWN SAND (FILL)	1.5	5	MOIST TO WET
		S	19	3-4 5-4	X	MEDIUM STIFF BROWN SILT, TRACE CLAY (FILL)	6	6	DRY TO DAMP, TRACE WOOD PIECES.
	15	S	24	3-4 4-6	X	STIFF BROWN SILTY CLAY/CLAYEY SILT, SOME GRAVEL (FILL)	17	6	DRY TO DAMP, SAMPLE S-7 ANALYZED FOR VOLATILES
		S	24	2-2 4-5	X	LOOSE ORANGISH BROWN SAND, TRACE COAL FRAGMENTS FROM 15'-17' (FILL)	12	6	DAMP WET DAMP
	20	S	24	3-4 4-5	X	MEDIUM STIFF BROWN SILT (FILL)	4	6	DAMP
	22	S	24	3-4 4-5	X	LOOSE, ORANGISH BROWN SAND, TRACE COAL FRAGMENTS (FILL)			
		S	24	3-4 4-5	X	LOOSE, LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND, TRACE SILT			
	25					BOTTOM OF BORING = 22.0'			
						BORING GROUTED IN BECAUSE OF INSUFFICIENT WATER TO SET WELL.			
	30								
	35								
	40								
	45								

BORING NO. B-14  
 SHEET 1 OF 1

WPL 005 5685

SET 0020723

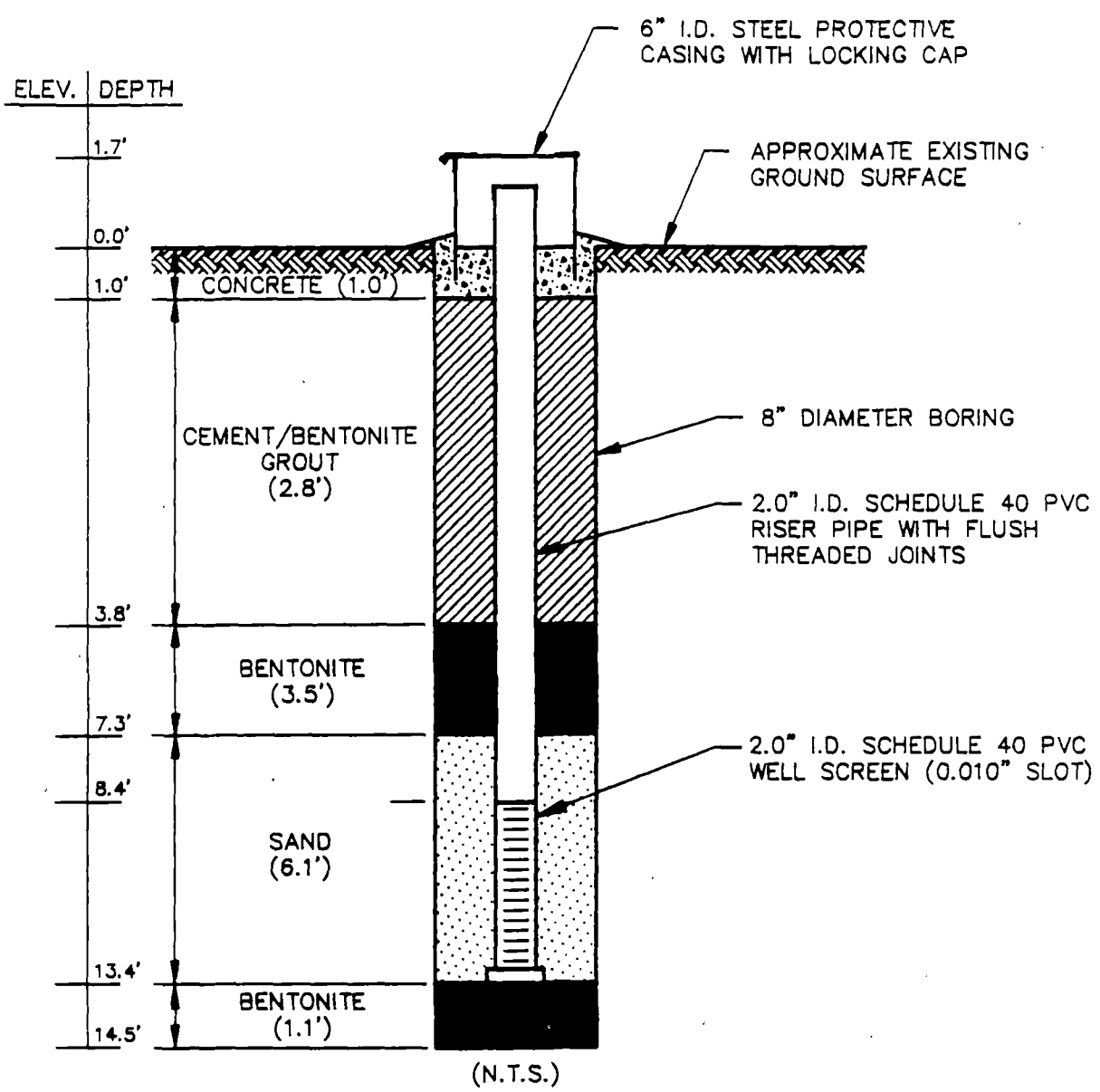
APPENDIX B  
WELL INSTALLATION DETAILS



WPL 005 5686

SET 0020724

DRAWING NUMBER 88-537-A1  
 11/10/88  
 11/16/88  
 M.O.P.  
 P.P.O.  
 CHECKED BY  
 APPROVED BY  
 DWD  
 10-26-88  
 DRAWN BY



MONITORING WELL NO. B-9B  
 INSTALLATION DETAILS  
 HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
 AREA A-9  
 BEAVER FACILITY  
 PREPARED FOR

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA


 Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
 CONSULTANTS

WPL 005 5687

SET 0020725



DRAWING NUMBER 88-537-A2

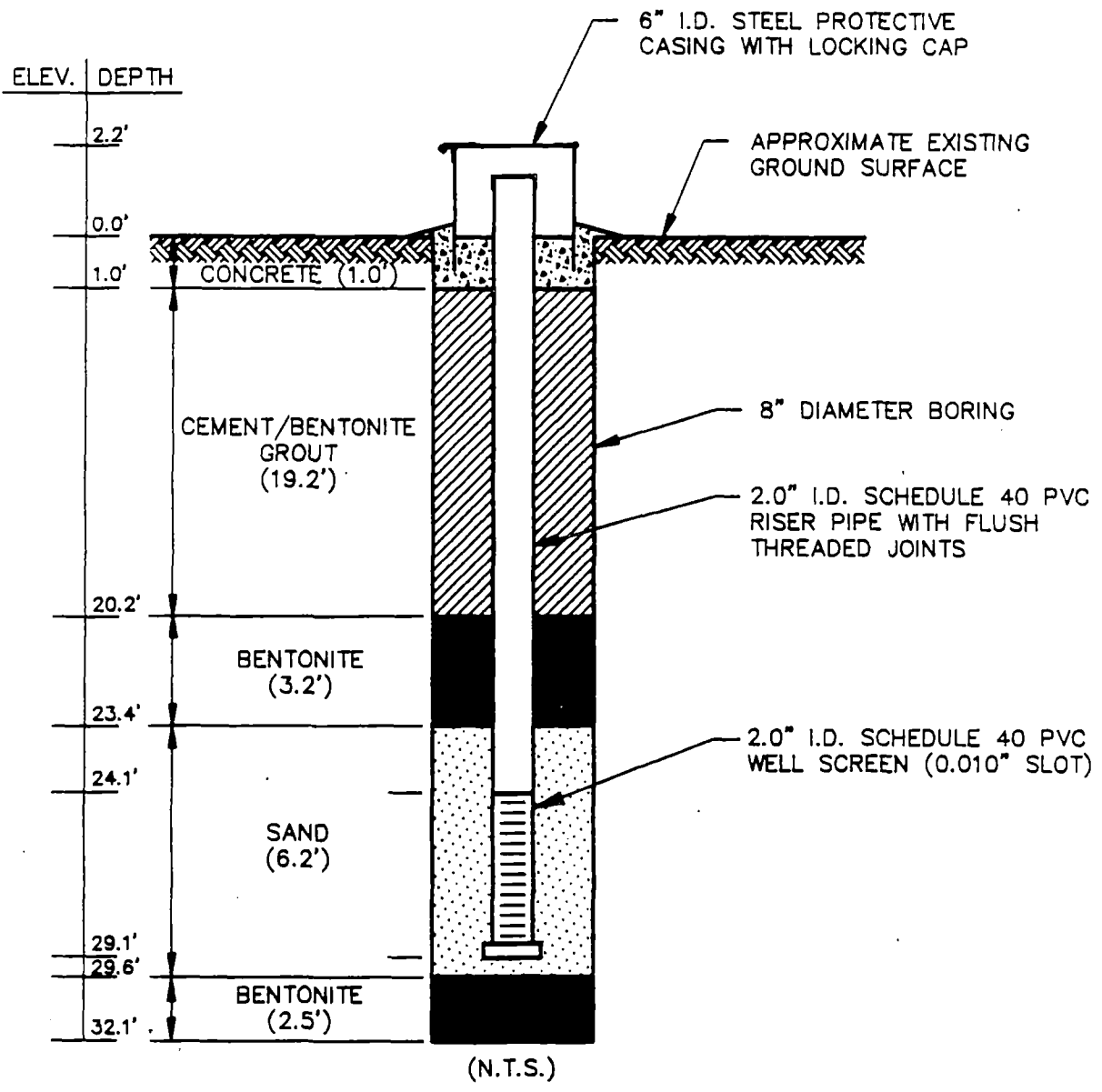
11/19/88  
11/16/88

700 P  
P.P.O.

CHECKED BY  
APPROVED BY

DWD  
10-26-88

DRAWN BY



MONITORING WELL NO. B-10A  
INSTALLATION DETAILS  
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
AREA A-9  
BEAVER FACILITY  
PREPARED FOR

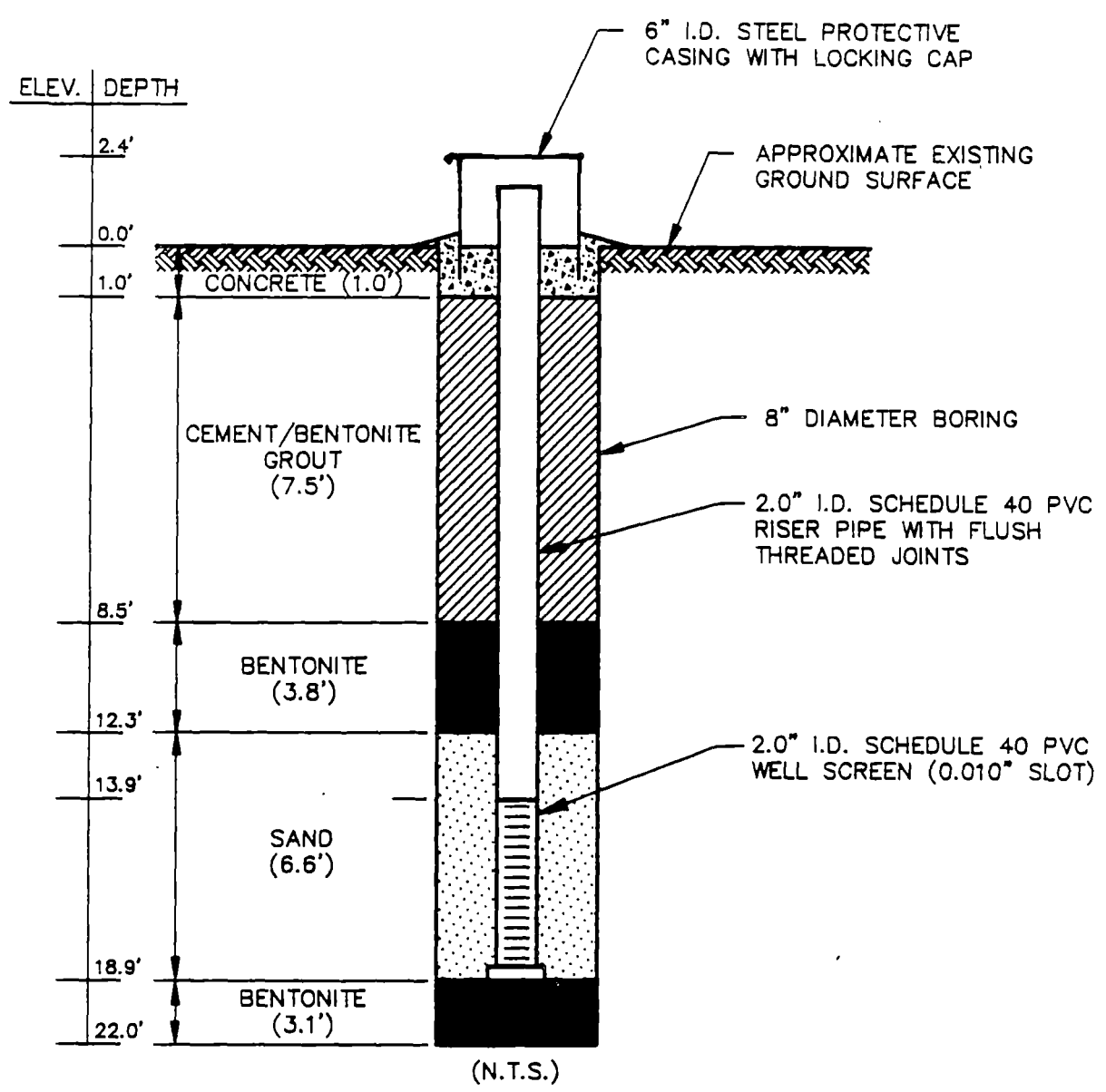
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA


**PCRA** Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
CONSULTANTS

WPL 005 5688

SET 0020726

DRAWN BY: [ ]  
 DWD 10-26-88  
 CHECKED BY: [ ]  
 APPROVED BY: [ ]  
 11/10/88  
 11/10/88  
 DRAWING NUMBER 88-537-A3

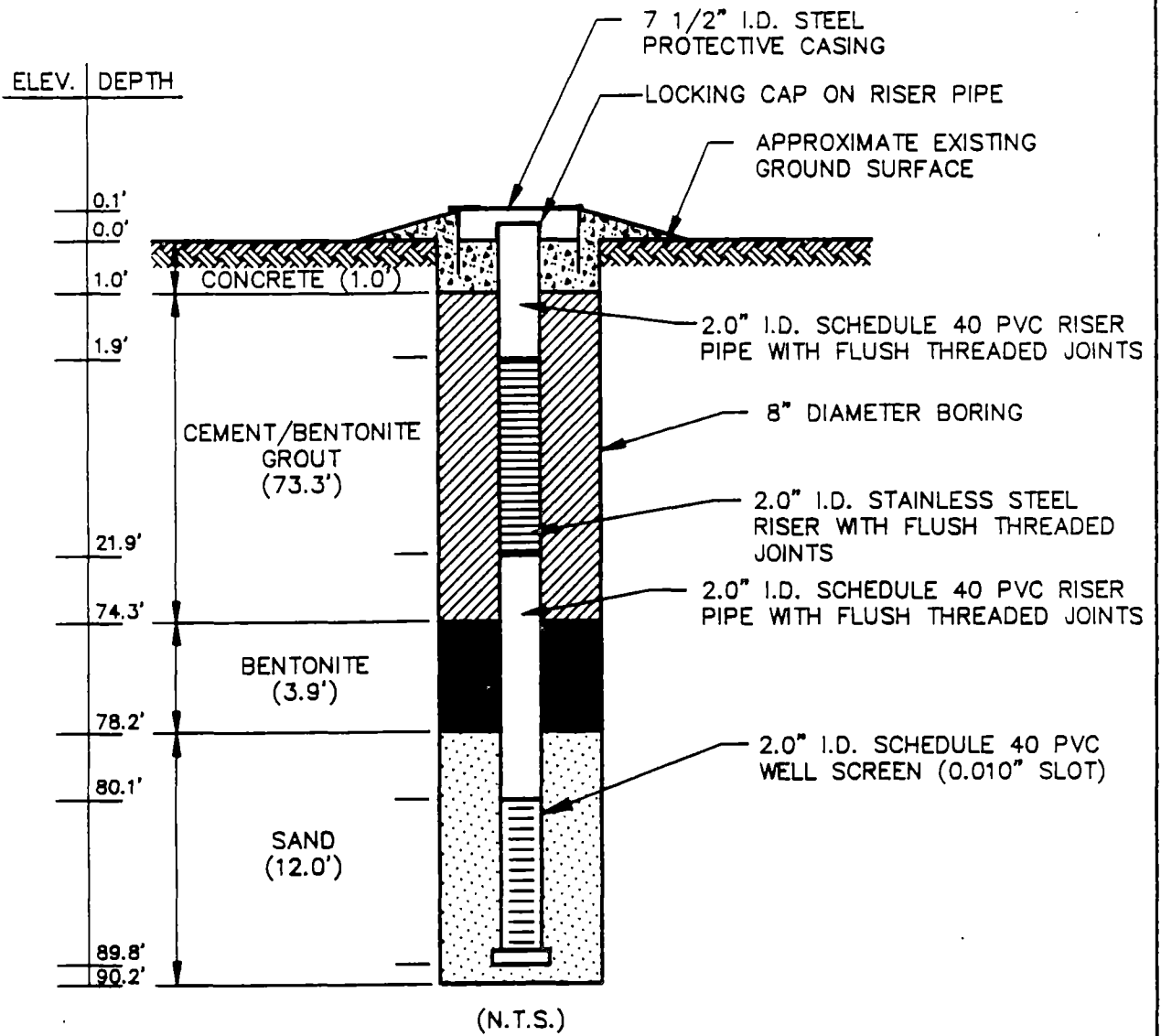


MONITORING WELL NO. B-11  
 INSTALLATION DETAILS  
 HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
 AREA A-9  
 BEAVER FACILITY  
 PREPARED FOR  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA  

 Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
 CONSULTANTS

WPL 005 5689

SET 0020727

DRAWING NUMBER 88-537-A4  
 11/10/88  
 11/19/88  
 T.M.P.  
 P.T.O.  
 DWD  
 10-26-88  
 DRAWN BY



MONITORING WELL NO. B-12A  
 INSTALLATION DETAILS  
 HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
 AREA A-9  
 BEAVER FACILITY

PREPARED FOR  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA


**Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.**  
 CONSULTANTS

SET 0020728

88-537-A5

DRAWING NUMBER

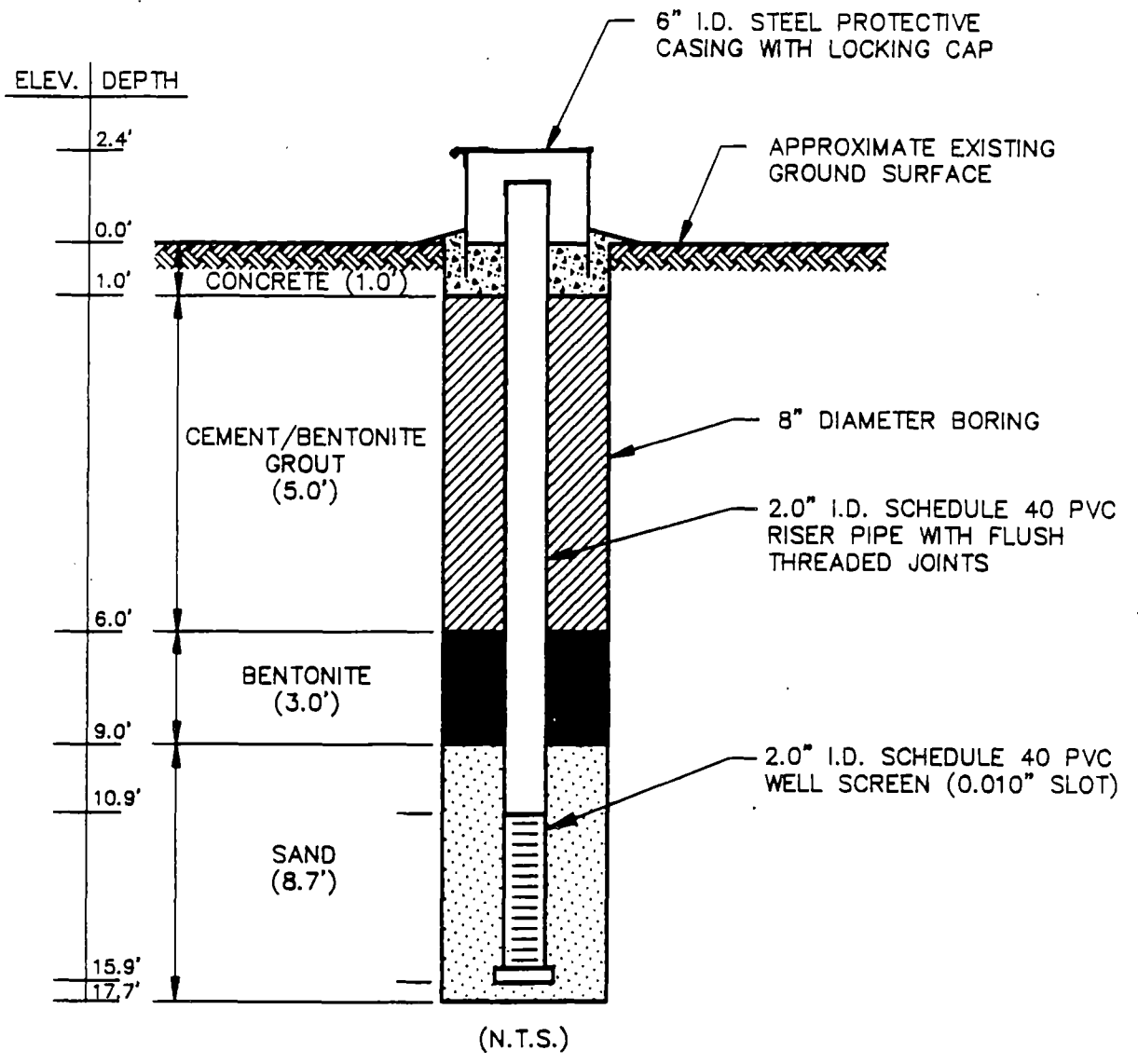
11/10/88  
11/10/88

MAP  
P.O.

CHECKED BY  
APPROVED BY

DWD  
10-26-88

DRAWN BY



MONITORING WELL NO. B-13  
 INSTALLATION DETAILS  
 HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY  
 AREA A-9  
 BEAVER FACILITY  
 PREPARED FOR  
 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION  
 BEAVER, PENNSYLVANIA

**PCR** Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.  
 CONSULTANTS

WPL 005 5691

SET 0020729