DW Module 15: Direct Filtration Answer Key- Revised 4/4/18



How many of the monthly samples of all filters must be less than or equal to 0.3 NTU?

Ans: 171 Samples—If a minimum of six samples per day are required (one every four hours), then 180 samples are collected each month. 95% of the 180 samples equal 171 samples.

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EXERCISE:

Unit 1 – Exercise

Multiple Choice - Choose the best answer

- 1. Which of the following pretreatment/treatment processes are parts of direct filtration? (Choose all that apply)
 - a. rapid mixing (coagulation)
 - b. flocculation
 - c. sedimentation/clarification
 - d. direct filtration

Answer: a., b., and d.

- 2. Select the characteristics of source water that are appropriate for direct filtration. (Choose all that apply)
 - a. Turbidity is less than 2 NTU
 - b. True color is less than 40 c.u.
 - c. Algal blooms are less than 20,000 asu/ml
 - d. Iron is less than 0.3 mg/L
 - e. Manganese is less than 0.05 mg/L
 - f. Coagulant demand is below 15 mg/l

Answer: a., d., e, and f.

- 3. One of the mechanisms at work in granular media filtration is the particle attachment to the _____ grains. (Choose the best answer to fill in the blank)
 - a. media
 - b. turbidity
 - c. organic

Answer: a. media

- 4. Some of the criteria of safe and aesthetically pleasing drinking water are: (Select all that apply)
 - a. Free of toxic substances
 - b. Free of disease-causing organisms

c. Disagreeable taste and odor.

Answer: a. and b.

5. To verify that a source water can be treated with direct filtration, the DEP requires that ______ testing be performed prior to the design of the facility. (Choose the best answer to fill in the blank)

- a. pressure
- b. sedimentation
- c. pilot

Answer: c. pilot

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Exercise:

Unit 2 – Exercise

Multiple Choice – Choose the best answer

- 1. In drinking water terminology, "pretreatment" is any treatment process that occurs before the filter. For the process of direct filtration, this can involve which of the following: (Choose all that apply)
 - a. chemical addition
 - b. coagulation (rapid mixing)
 - c. flocculation (slow mixing)
 - d. sedimentation

Answer: a., b., and c.

- 2. Overdosing of ______ can result in a residual that may contribute to the formation of disinfection by-products. (Choose the best answer)
 - a. Potassium permanganate
 - b. Soda ash
 - c. Chlorine

Answer: c. - chlorine

- 3. The most common chemicals for raising pH are: (Choose all that apply)
 - a. potassium permanganate
 - b. lime
 - c. caustic soda
 - d. soda ash

Answer: b., c, and d.

- 4. Alum, ferric chloride, and PAC are the most common chemicals used in the pretreatment process of:
 - a. coagulation
 - b. flocculation

c. sedimentation

Answer: a. coagulation

5. A _____ pH is necessary for most effective coagulation of organics.

- a. high
- b. low

Answer: b. low

- 6. The pretreatment step during which a slow, mechanical mixing process promotes the formation of floc particles is called:
 - a. coagulation
 - b. flocculation
 - c. oxidation

Answer: b. flocculation

PRACTICE: try and solve

- 7. If 1,000 pounds of dry alum are required to treat 15 million gallons of water, what is the dosage?
 - a. 0.125 mg/L
 - b. 8 mg/L
 - c. 566 mg/L
 - d. 1799 mg/L

Answer: b. 8 mg/L - 1000 lbs./ (15 MGD * 8.34 lbs/gal)

- 8. The surface of a sand bed of a filter measures 15 by 25 feet. What is rated total capacity for a rate of 10 gpm/sq ft?
 - a. 37.5 gpm
 - b. 375 gpm
 - c. 3,750 gpm
 - d. 3,075 gpm

Answer: c. 3750 gpm -- 15ft * 25ft * 10 gpm/sqft.

- 9. A filter is 5 feet wide and 15 feet long. The desired backwash rate is 5 gallons per minute per square foot. What backwash flow is needed?
 - a. 7,075 gpm
 - b. 3,075 gpm
 - c. 750 gpm
 - d. 375 gpm
 - e. 75.5 gpm

Answer: d. - 375 gpm -- 5ft * 15ft * 5 gpm/sqft

10. What is the weight of a 3 gallon solution which has a specific gravity of 1.05?

a. 10 lbs.

b. 10 mg/L

- c. 26 lbs.
- d. 26 mg/L

Answer: c. 26 lbs --3 gal * 1.05 s.p. * 8.34 lbs/gal

11. A filter 5 feet wide by 5 feet long is permitted to operate at a rate of 2 gpm/ft.². What is the maximum flow rate within the permit limitations?

- a. .035gpm
- b. .07 mgd
- c. 3.5 mgd
- d. 7.0 gpm

Answer: b .07 mgd -- 2gpm/sqft * 1440 min/day * 1mgd/1000000 gal* 25sqft

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Exercise:

Unit 3 – Exercise

Matching: Match the letter of the corresponding filter system component with the number of the correct statement.

A. mono media-type filter B. dual media filter

C. mixed media filter

1. <u>A</u> Commonly has a single media which is anthracite.

2. <u>C</u> Typically has a top layer of anthracite or GAC, a middle layer of silica sand, and a bottom layer of garnet sand.

3. <u>B</u> Has a has a top layer of anthracite or GAC, and a bottom layer of silica sand.

Listing:

4. List the four criteria of water quality that direct filtration plant operators must take into account.

filter effluent turbidity filter particle counts quality vs. run-time and headloss microscopic particulate analysis

True or False: Select the best answer

5. The quality of the filtration process changes over run time.

- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a. – True

6. Increased flow rates make filtration less susceptible to breakthrough.

- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b. – False – Increased flow rates make filtration MORE susceptible to breakthrough due to higher shearing forces on the previously retained material.

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Exercise:

Unit 4 – Exercise

True or False: Select the best answer

1. Depth of media and filter rate are two factors which can affect filter headloss.

- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a. True

- 2. A common filter backwash criteria is to terminate the backwash rinse and return the filter to service when turbidity falls below 10 NTU.
 - a. True
 - b. False

Answer: b. False. A common rinse criterion is to terminate the rinse and return the filter to service when turbidity falls below 0.10 NTU.

Fill in the blanks:

- 3. Some indicators of abnormal direct filtration operations are:
 - a. Rapid changes in filtered water _____ during normal filter operations.
 - b. Short _____ runs.

Answers: a. turbidity; b. filter

- 4. Some adjustments that can be made if a direct filtration plant is operating abnormally are:
 - a. Make ______ modifications as necessary.
 - b. Inspect the _____ bed, including depths and conditions of media.

Answers: a. pretreatment; b. filter

 Accurate water quality process records should be kept of the following: Temperature, _____, alkalinity, _____, color, iron, manganese, and hardness.
Answers: a. pH; b. turbidity

6. Accurate process operations records should be kept of the following: Filters in service, filtration rates, loss of head, length of ______ runs, frequency of filter _____, auxiliary scour, and backwash rates and durations. Answer: a. filter; b. backwash