

2025 Fulton County

Clean Water Progress Snapshot

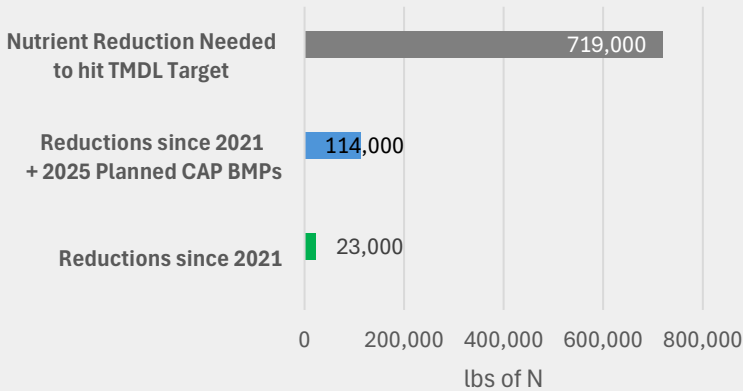
Fulton County is one of 34 counties in Pennsylvania’s Chesapeake Bay Watershed that have developed a voluntary Countywide Action Plan (CAP). The goal of each CAP is to reduce nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment loads generated within the county. Mitigating these nutrient loads benefits not only the health of the Chesapeake Bay but also improves local water and soil quality. This Snapshot provides an overview of the county’s current nutrient loading rates, the county identified nutrient reduction goals, and the progress made to date.

Current Conditions

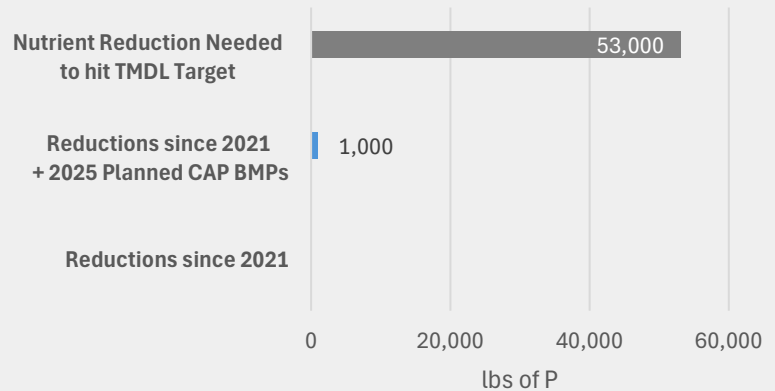
Fulton County’s current nutrient loading rate is approximately 1.96 million pounds of nitrogen and 146,197 pounds of phosphorus per year. To meet the requirements established under the Chesapeake Bay Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL), the county must reduce these loads to 1.24 million pounds of nitrogen and 93,000 pounds of phosphorus annually. Achieving this target will require total reductions of 719,00 pounds of nitrogen and 53,000 pounds of phosphorus.

Fulton County has been working on implementation efforts related to the CAP since 2021 resulting in 23,000 pounds of nitrogen reductions. Due to technical changes in the Chesapeake Assessment Scenario Tool (CAST) nutrient loading rates to the county have increased affecting results below. This change is not necessarily reflective of on-the-ground implementation or monitoring efforts in the county. Additionally, in its 2025 CAP BMP Entry Form, the county set a goal to reduce nutrient loads by 91,000 pounds of nitrogen and 1,000 pounds of phosphorus.

Nitrogen Reduction Progress



Phosphorus Reduction Progress



Fulton County’s Top 3 Most Implemented Best Management Practices of 2024



#1

Water Trough



#2

Nutrient Management Core N

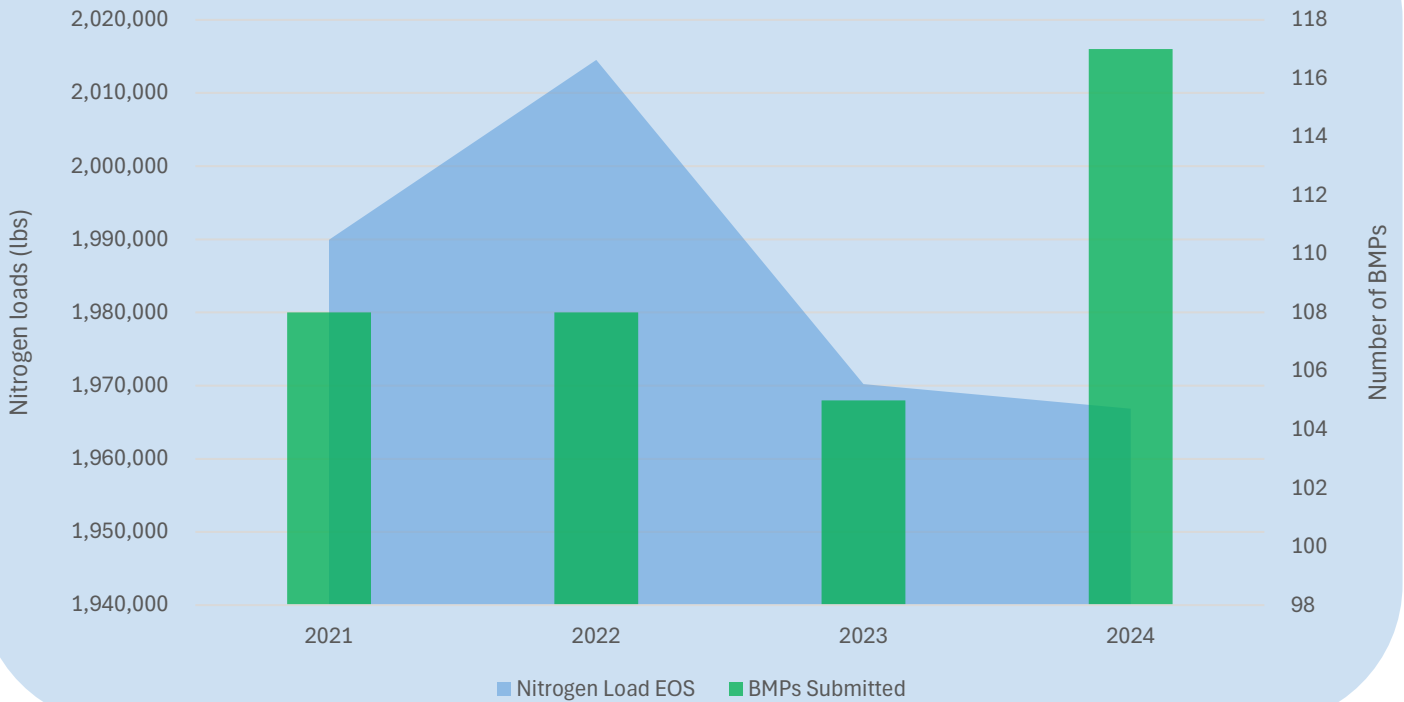


#3

Nutrient Management Core P

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Fulton County Progress 2021-2024

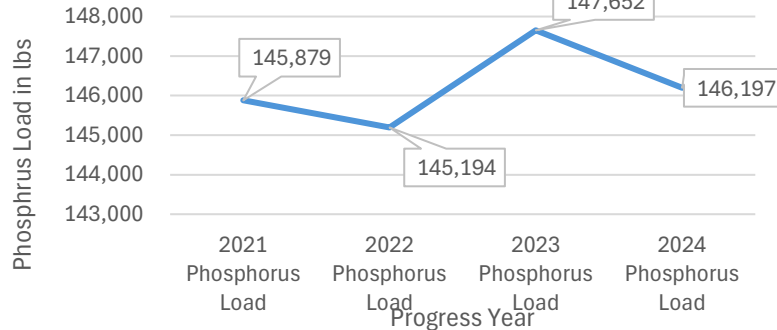


Fulton County contains 7 major watersheds: Great Trough Creek, Aughwick Creek, Brush Creek, Licking Creek, Tonoloway Creek, Sideling Hill Creek and Potomac River. Watersheds in Fulton County have elevated levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment. Of the 1,114 total stream miles in Fulton County, approximately 5% are impaired.

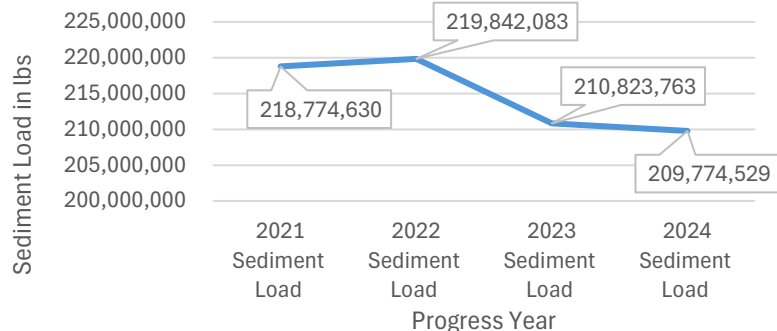
51 Nutrient Impaired Stream Miles in Fulton County

As you review the information provided in this Snapshot, it is important to keep in mind that several influencing factors are beyond the control of the local organizations participating in the CAP process. These include population growth, land use changes, and limitations within the Chesapeake Assessment Scenario Tool (CAST).

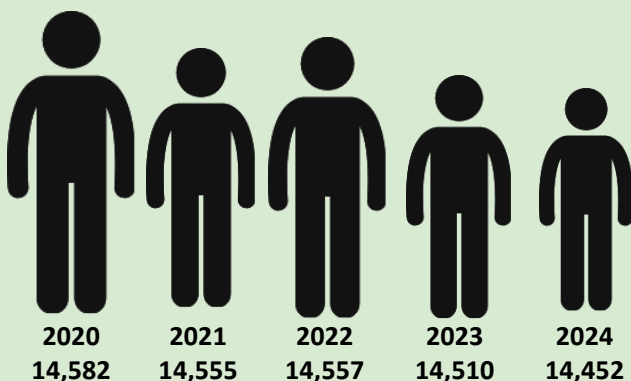
Fulton County Phosphorus Load EOS 2021-2024



Fulton County Sediment Load EOS 2021-2024



Population Change from 2020 to 2024



Disclaimer: This dataset represents the original information submitted to NEIEN/CAST and does not reflect all active Best Management Practices (BMPs) currently in the CAST system. It may not include subsequent updates, corrections, or additions. Furthermore, this data does not account for BMP credit durations or lifespans as defined within the CAST model.