

Northwest Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type

Facility Type

Major / Minor

Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No. PA0037893

APS ID 1002115

Authorization ID 1289101

		Applicant a	nd Facility Information	
Applicant Name	East Brac	ly Borough	Facility Name	East Brady STP
Applicant Address	502 Ferry	Street, Suite 15	Facility Address	300 Verner Street
	East Brad	y, PA 16028-1238		East Brady, PA 16028
Applicant Contact	Barbara M	1ortimer	Facility Contact	Aaron Serene, Operator
Applicant Phone	(724) 526	-5531	Facility Phone	(412) 826-5454
Client ID	36546		Site ID	258272
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Overlo	oaded	Municipality	East Brady Borough
Connection Status	No Limitat	ions	County	Clarion County
Date Application Rece	eived S	September 11, 2019	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accepted		September 20, 2019	If No, Reason	-

Summary of Review

Act 14 - Proof of Notification was submitted and received.

A Part II Water Quality Management permit is not required at this time.

The applicant should be able to meet the limits of this permit, which will protect the uses of the receiving stream.

I. OTHER REQUIREMENTS:

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

A. Stormwater into Sewers

II. Solids Management

- B. Right of Way
- C. Solids Handling

There are 3 open violations in efacts associated with the subject Client ID (36546) as of 2/10/2023 (see Attachment 3).

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
V		Stephen A. McCauley	0/40/0000
X		Stephen A. McCauley, E.I.T. / Environmental Engineering Specialist	2/10/2023
V		Chad W. Yurisic	0/04/0000
X		Chad W. Yurisic, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	2/21/2023

Outfall No. 001		Design Flow (MGD)	0.185
Latitude 40° 58'	41.00"	Longitude	-79° 37' 17.00"
Quad Name		Quad Code	-
Wastewater Descripti	ion: Sewage Effluent		
Receiving Waters	Allegheny River (WWF)	Stream Code	42122
_	123857786	Stream code	69.27
-	7763	Yield (cfs/mi²)	0.26
_	2072	Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	calculated
` ' -	822	Slope (ft/ft)	0.000378
` '	17-C	Chapter 93 Class.	WWF
Existing Use	-	Existing Use Qualifier	-
Exceptions to Use _	-	Exceptions to Criteria	-
Assessment Status	Attaining Use(s)		
Cause(s) of Impairme	ent <u>-</u>		
Source(s) of Impairm	ent -		
TMDL Status	-	Name -	
	_		A
Background/Ambient	Data	Data Source	
pH (SU)	-	-	
Temperature (°F)	-		
Hardness (mg/L) Other:	-		
Other.	-	-	
Nearest Downstream	Public Water Supply Intake	PA American Water Company	/ - Kittanning District
	Cuppi,and		
	egheny River	Flow at Intake (cfs)	987

Sludge use and disposal description and location(s):

All sludge is taken to larger, approved STPs where it is ultimately disposed of at an approved landfill.

Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the Pennsylvania Bulletin in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Narrative: This Fact Sheet details the determination of draft NPDES permit limits for an existing discharge of 0.185 MGD of treated sewage from a municipal STP in East Brady Borough, Clarion County.

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

Treatment permitted under Water Quality Management Permit No. 1610401 consists of the following: A pump station and wet well, comminutor, bar screen, flow equalization tank, two aeration basins, two clarifiers, an aerobic digestor/sludge holding tank, and UV disinfection.

1. Streamflow:

Allegheny River at Parker, PA - USGS Stream Gage 03031500 (1967-2008):

Drainage Area: <u>7671</u> sq. mi. (USGS StreamStats)

Q₇₋₁₀: <u>2050</u> cfs (USGS StreamStats)

Yieldrate: <u>0.26</u> cfsm calculated

Allegheny River at Outfall 001:

Yieldrate: <u>0.26</u> cfsm calculated above
Drainage Area: 9.78 sq. mi. (USGS StreamStats)

 Q_{7-10} : 2.54 cfs calculated

% of stream allocated: 100% Basis: No nearby discharges

2. Wasteflow:

Maximum discharge: 0.185 MGD = 0.286 cfs

Runoff flow period: 24 hours Basis: Runoff flow for municipal STPs

There is greater than 3 parts stream flow (Q7-10) to 1 part effluent (design flow). Therefore, the standards in DEP guidance (391-2000-014) will not be applied.

Flow will be required to be monitored as authorized under Chapter 92a.61, and as recommended in the SOP.

3. Parameters:

The following parameters were evaluated: pH, Total Suspended Solids, Fecal Coliform, E. Coli, Total Phosphorus, Total Nitrogen, NH₃-N, CBOD₅, Dissolved Oxygen, and Total Residual Chlorine.

a. <u>pH</u>

Between 6.0 and 9.0 at all times

Basis: Application of Chapter 93.7 technology-based limits.

The measurement frequency was previously set to 1/day as recommended in the SOP, based on Table 6-3 in the "Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations" (362-0400-001), which will be retained.

b. <u>Total Suspended Solids</u>

Limits are 30.0 mg/l as a monthly average and 60.0 as an instantaneous maximum.

Basis: Application of Chapter 92a47 technology-based limits.

c. Fecal Coliform

05/01 - 09/30: 200/100ml (monthly average geometric mean)

1,000/100ml (instantaneous maximum)

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

10/01 - 04/30: 2,000/100ml (monthly average geometric mean)

10,000/100ml (instantaneous maximum)

Basis: Application of Chapter 92a47 technology-based limits

d. E. Coli

Monitoring was added for E. Coli at a frequency of 1/quarter.

Basis: Application of Chapter 92a.61 as recommended by the SOP for flows between 0.05 MGD and

1.0 MGD.

e. <u>Phosphorus</u>

Chapter 96.5 does not apply. The previous monitoring for Total Phosphorus will be retained in accordance with the SOP, based on Chapter 92a.61. However, the monitoring frequency will be reduced from 1/month to 1/year since the receiving stream is not impaired, per the SOP.

f. <u>Total Nitrogen</u>

The previous monitoring for Total Nitrogen will be retained in accordance with the SOP, based on Chapter 92a.61. However, the monitoring frequency will be reduced from 1/month to 1/year since the receiving stream is not impaired, per the SOP.

g. Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH₃-N)

Median discharge pH to be used: 6.9 Standard Units (S.U.)

Basis: eDMR data

Discharge temperature: <u>25°C</u> (default value used in the absence of data)

Median stream pH to be used: 7.0 Standard Units (S.U.)

Basis: <u>default value used in the absence of data</u>

Stream Temperature: 25°C (default value used for WWF modeling)

Background NH₃-N concentration: <u>0.1</u> mg/l

Basis: Default value

Calculated NH₃-N Summer limits: 25.0 mg/l (monthly average)

50.0 mg/l (instantaneous maximum)

Calculated NH₃-N Winter limits: 25.0 mg/l (monthly average)

50.0 mg/l (instantaneous maximum)

Result: WQ modeling resulted in the summer limits above (see Attachment 1). The winter limits are calculated as three times the summer limits, but since the technology-based limits would govern, they will be used. Since the calculated limits are the same as in the previous permit, they will be retained. Since this is an existing discharge, the year-round monitoring requirement for ammonia-

nitrogen will be retained, per the SOP.

h. CBOD₅

Median discharge pH to be used: 6.9 Standard Units (S.U.)

Basis: <u>eDMR data</u>

Discharge temperature: 25°C (default value used in the absence of data)

Median stream pH to be used: 7.0 Standard Units (S.U.)

Basis: default value used in the absence of data

Stream Temperature: 25°C (default value used for WWF modeling)

Background CBOD₅ concentration: <u>2.0</u> mg/l

Basis: <u>Default value</u>

Calculated CBOD₅ Summer limits: 25.0 mg/l (monthly average)

50.0 mg/l (instantaneous maximum)

Calculated CBOD₅ Winter limits: 25.0 mg/l (monthly average)

50.0 mg/l (instantaneous maximum)

Result: WQ modeling resulted in the summer limits above (see Attachment 1). The winter limits are calculated as three times the summer limits, but since the technology-based limits would govern, they will be used. Since the calculated limits are the same as in the previous permit, they will be retained. Since the summer and winter limits are technology-based, the year-round limit of 25.0 mg/l monthly average and 50.0 mg/l instantaneous maximum will be retained with this renewal.

i. Influent Total Suspended Solids and BOD₅

Monitoring for these two parameters will be retained as recommended in the SOP for POTWs, as authorized under Chapter 92a.61.

j. <u>Dissolved Oxygen (DO)</u>

The Dissolved Oxygen minimum of 4.0 mg/l will be retained with this renewal. The technology-based minimum of 4.0 mg/l is recommended by the WQ Model (see Attachment 1) and the SOP based on Chapter 93.7, under the authority of Chapter 92a.61.

The measurement frequency was previously set to 1/day as recommended in the SOP, based on Table 6-3 in the "Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations" (362-0400-001), which will be retained.

k. Disinfection

□ Ultraviolet (UV) light

Basis: UV Intensity (µw/cm²) reporting will be added with this renewal, per the SOP. The

measurement frequency will be set to 1/day as recommended in the SOP, based on Table 6-3 in the "Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations"

(362-0400-001).

TRC limits: mg/l (monthly average)

mg/l (instantaneous maximum)

Basis: N/A

4. Reasonable Potential Analysis for Receiving Stream:

A Reasonable Potential Analysis was performed in accordance with State practices for Outfall 001 using the Department's Toxics Management Spreadsheet (see Attachment 2).

Result: No reasonable potential was calculated, so no WQBELs are necessary for this renewal.

5. Reasonable Potential for Downstream Public Water Supply (PWS):

The Department's Toxics Management Spreadsheet does not calculate limits for parameters that are based on PWS criteria (TDS, Chloride, Bromide, and Sulfate). However, since the sample data was provided, mass-balance calculations were performed (see below).

Nearest Downstream potable water supply (PWS): PA American Water Company - Kittanning District

Distance downstream from the point of discharge: 23.6 miles (approximate)

PWS Evaluation:

Stream flow (sf) at the potable water supply intake = 987 cfs Waste flow (wf) from the STP = 0.185 MGD = 0.286 cfs

Total flow = 987.286 cfs

Background Concentrations: TDS - 150 mg/l, all others - no data available (assumed zero)

Mass balance for TDS at the potable water supply intake:

```
(sf @ PWS)(bkrd. conc.) + (wf)(x) = (tot. flow)(criteria)
(987 cfs)(150 mg/l) + (0.286 cfs)(x) = (987.286 cfs)(500 mg/l)
```

x = 1,208,367 mg/l (renewal application maximum was 450 mg/l - ok)

Mass balance for Chlorides at the potable water supply intake:

```
(sf @ PWS)(bkrd. conc.) + (wf)(x) = (tot. flow)(criteria)
(987 cfs)(0 mg/l) + (0.286 \text{ cfs})(x) = (987.286 \text{ cfs})(250 \text{ mg/l})
```

x = 863,012 mg/l (renewal application maximum was 92 mg/l - ok)

Mass balance for Bromide at the potable water supply intake:

```
(sf @ PWS)(bkrd. conc.) + (wf)(x) = (tot. flow)(criteria)
(987 cfs)(0 mg/l) + (0.286 cfs)(x) = (987.286 cfs)(1 mg/l)
```

x = 3,452 mg/l (renewal application maximum was <0.1 mg/l - ok)

Bromide has been linked to the formation of disinfection byproducts at increased levels in public water systems. Where the concentration of Bromide in a discharge exceeds 1 mg/L, and the discharge flow exceeds 0.1 MGD, Part A of the permit should include monitor and report for bromide. The maximum reported sample data for Bromide was <0.1 mg/l, and the permitted discharge is 0.185 MGD. However, since the dilution of stream flow to discharge flow is greater than 800:1 at the discharge point, monitoring for Bromide will not be added with this renewal permit.

Mass balance for Sulfates at the potable water supply intake:

```
(sf @ PWS)(bkrd. conc.) + (wf)(x) = (tot. flow)(criteria) (987 cfs)(0 mg/l) + (0.286 \text{ cfs})(x) = (987.286 \text{ cfs})(250 \text{ mg/l})
```

x = 863,012 mg/l (renewal application maximum was 40.8 mg/l - ok)

No limits necessary☐ Limits needed

Basis: Significant dilution available

6. Flow Information:

100% of the wastewater flow comes from the East Brady Borough. All the sewers in the East Brady Borough system are separate sewers.

7. Anti-Backsliding:

Since all the permit limits in this renewal are the same or more restrictive than the previous NPDES Permit, anti-backsliding is not applicable.

8. Attachment List:

Attachment 1 - WQ Modeling Printouts

Attachment 2 - Toxics Management Spreadsheet

Attachment 3 - Open Violations in Efacts

(The Attachments above can be found at the end of this document)

Threatened and Endangered Mussel Species Concerns and Considerations

The Allegheny River is known to contain state and federally listed threatened and endangered mussel species. Due to this being a direct discharge to the Allegheny River, potential impacts were evaluated.

The USFWS has indicated in comment letters on other NPDES permits, that to protect threatened and endangered mussel species, wastewater discharges containing ammonia-nitrogen (NH₃-N), chloride (Cl⁻) and nickel, where mussels or their habitat exist, can be no more than 1.9 mg/l, 78 mg/l and 7.3 µg/l, respectively.

Although the application form associated with the subject NPDES permit renewal does require sampling for ammonianitrogen, NPDES permits for sewage facilities of this nature do not, generally, include routine monitoring requirements for pollutants such as chloride and nickel. Therefore, with exception of the permit renewal application sampling for ammonianitrogen, which can be seen in the table below, the Department lacked sufficient data to support its assumption that a properly constructed, operated and maintained minor sewage facility of this size is expected to produce an effluent that would be protective of all the uses of the receiving stream including threatened and endangered mussels.

Sampling Data for USFWS Parameters of Concern						
Parameter	NPDES Renewal Application (September 11, 2019)					
Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH ₃ -N) (mg/L)	0.332 avg. / 3.0 max. (29 samples)					
Chloride (mg/L)	92.0 max. (1 sample)					
Total Nickel (μg/L)	-					
Total Zinc (µg/L)	-					

Note 1: The samples are all 8-hour composite samples. Note 2: The STP utilizes ultraviolet (UV) light disinfection.

The Department prepared the following calculations (included on the following pages) to determine the area of river that will be required to assimilate the maximum reported effluent concentrations of Chloride, Nickel, Zinc, and Ammonia-Nitrogen to achieve pollutant concentrations that at or below the USFWS criteria in the river.

Notes:

- 1. The dissolved zinc criteria of 13.18 µg/l was provided to the Department in emails from the USFWS dated October 25, 2021 and November 8, 2021. The nickel criteria has been provided in numerous comment letters and other correspondence with the USFWS. As part of the October 25, 2021 correspondence, the USFWS provided the Department with a "Hazard/Risk Assessment" for the "Evaluation of Acute and Chronic Toxicity of Nickel and Zinc to 2 Sensitive Freshwater Benthic Invertebrates Using Refined Testing Methods" as prepared by Ning Wang, James L. Kunz, Danielle M. Cleveland, Jeffery A. Steevens, Edward J. Hammer, Eric Van Genderen, Adam C. Ryan, and Christian E. Schlekat published in the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry—Volume 39, Number 11—pp. 2256–2268, 2020, received May 11, 2020, revised June 3, 2020, and accepted July 30, 2020.
- 2. The Department has limited dissolved nickel data for the effluent from sewage treatment plants. However, the Department has been incorporating quarterly monitoring for total nickel in NPDES permits for publicly owned treatment plants that are discharging to waterways known to contain state and federally listed threatened and endangered mussel species. A summary of the data collected at the POTWs with nickel monitoring is as follows:

		PA0103373	PA0023931	PA0239861	PA0026271	PA0101923	PA0025470	PA0047201	PA0027367	PA0222585	PA0029467	PA0025291	PA0027120
		FOXBURG STP	CAMBRIDGE AREA JT AUTH STP	COCHRANTON BORO STP	MEADVILLE AREA STP	SAEGERTOWN AREA STP	FREDERICKSBURG STP	TIONESTA BORO WWTP	GREENVILLE SANI AUTH	BROKENSTRAW VALLEY AREA AUTH STP	NORTH WARREN MUNI STP	SOUTHWEST WARREN CNTY STP	WARREN CITY WMTP
L	INITS	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L
2017	4th QTR												0.05
2018	1st QTR		< 0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005			0.006	0.001				< 0.005
	2nd QTR		< 0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005			0.001	0.003				0.05
	3rd QTR		< 0.04	< 0.005	< 0.005			0.016	0.0001				0.01
	4th QTR		< 0.04	< 0.005	< 0.005		< 0.005	0.003	0.001		0.00518		< 0.05
2019	1st QTR		< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005		< 0.005	0.001	0.001		< 0.00400	< 0.02	< 0.05
	2nd QTR		< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.005	0.001	0.0009	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	3rd QTR		< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.009	< 0.005	0.0003	0.002	< 0.005	0.04	< 0.02	< 0.05
	4th QTR	0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.008	< 0.005	0.019	0.002	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
2020	1st QTR	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	0.001	0.0009	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	2nd QTR	0.007	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	0.002	0.0007	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	3rd QTR	0.006	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.011	< 0.005	0.004	0.001	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	4th QTR	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.012	< 0.005	0.003	0.003	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
2021	1st QTR	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	0.001	0.005	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	2nd QTR	0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.008	< 0.005	0.006	0.004	< 0.005	0.007	< 0.02	< 0.05
	3rd QTR	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.011	< 0.005	0.003	0.001	0.005	< 0.007	0.02	< 0.05

As seen from this data, nickel is rarely above the USFWS criteria of 7.5 ug/L. The highest reported value that does not appear to be an outlier was 19 ug/L at the Tionesta Borough WWTP in the fourth quarter of 2019. Therefore, this value is used in the following calculations.

As shown on the following "impact area" calculations, the subject discharge is expected to almost instantaneously dilute with the river for Chloride, Nickel, Zinc, and Ammonia-Nitrogen. Based on this information, the Department has determined the discharge will be protective of threatened and endangered mussels in the Allegheny River.

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

East Brady Borough (Clarion County)

Facility:		East Brady STP					
Permit N		PA0037893	Effective: N/A Expiration: N/A				
Outfall N		001					
Location		East Brady Borough, Clarion County					
Discharg		Allegheny River					
Site Spec	cific Mussel Survey Completed:	No					
Dischara	ge and Stream Characteristics		Comments				
Q ₅	Stream Flow	1339 MGD / 2072 cfs	Fact Sheet				
Q_0	Discharge Flow	0.185 MGD / 0.28628 cfs	Fact Sheet				
C _{S(CI*)}	Instream chloride Concentration	15.6 mg/L	Average WQN data (2010 to 2021 - USGS-03036500)				
C _{E(CI} -)	Discharge chloride (existing)	92 mg/L	From renewal application - Max of 3 grab samples				
C _{P(CI")}	Discharge chloride (proposed)	92 mg/L	From renewal application - Max of 3 grab samples				
C _{s(cl⁻)}	Instream nickel Concentration	5 μg/L	Assumed - No WQN data below the criteria of 7.3 μg/L (reported at < 50)				
C _{E(Ni)}	Discharge nickel (existing)	0 μg/L	From renewal application - no data				
C _{P(Ni)}	Discharge nickel (proposed)	0 μg/L	From renewal application - no data				
C _{S(Zn)}	Instream zinc Concentration	16.26 μg/L	Average WQN data (2010 to 2021 - USGS-03036500)				
C _{E(Zn)}	Discharge zinc (existing)	0 μg/L	From renewal application - no data				
Zn _{P(Cl*)}	Discharge zinc (proposed)	0 μg/L	From renewal application - no data				
C _{s(NH3-N)}	Instream NH ³ -N	0.03 mg/L	Average WQN data (2010 to 2021 - USGS-03036500)				
C _{E(NH3-N)}	Discharge NH ³ -N (existing)	3 mg/L	From renewal application - Max of 15 grab samples				
C _{P(NH3-N)}	Discharge NH ³ -N (proposed)	3 mg/L	From renewal application - Max of 15 grab samples				
pH _s	Instream pH	7.6 S.U.	Average WQN data (2010 to 2021 - USGS-03036500)				
T _s	Instream Temp.	25 °C	Default value for a WWF				
C _{C(NH3-N)}	Ammonia criteria	0.920 mg/L	From ammonia criteria comparison spreadsheet -using instream pH and Temp				
C _{C(CI")}	Chloride criteria	78 mg/L	USFWS criteria				
C _{C(Ni)}	Nickel criteria	7.3 μg/L	USFWS criteria				
C _{C(Zn)}	Zinc criteria	13.18 μg/L	USFWS criteria				
W _s	Stream width	223 meters	Google Earth				

pH ₅	7.6 S.U. (Default value is 7.0)								
T ₅	25 °C	(Default value is 2	20°)						
Acute	Criteria								
	METHOD and UNITS	CRITERIA		Comments					
	Old CMC (mg TAN/L) =	3.577							
	EPA 2013 CMC (mg TAN/L) =	5.226	Oncorhynchus present	* formula on pg. 41 (plateaus at 15.7 C					
		5.226	Oncorhynchus absent	* formula on pg. 42 (plateaus at 10.2 C					
Chroni	ic Criteria	2 77							
	METHOD and UNITS	CRITERIA		COMMENTS					
	Old CMC (mg TAN/L) =	0.952							
CCINHA	EPA 2013 CMC (mg TAN/L) =	0.920		* formula on pg. 46 (plateaus at 7 C)					

Endangered Mussel Species Impact Area Calculations:

Existing Area of Impact

N/A - No Site Specific Mussel Survey Completed for this Discharger

Approximate Area of Impact Determined from Survey =	N/A m²
Existing Mussel Density within Area of Impact =	
Rabbitsfoot (Quadrula cylindrical)	N/A per m²
Northern Riffleshell (Epioblasma torulosa rangiana)	N/A per m²
Rayed Bean (Villosa fabalis)	N/A per m²
Clubshell (Pleurobema clava)	N/A per m²
Sheepnose (Plethobasus cyphyus)	N/A per m²
Snuffbox (Epioblasma triquetra)	N/A per m²
TOTAL	0 per m²

(Enter N/A if no site specific survey has been completed)

Method 1 - Utilizing Site Specific Mussel Survey Information

N/A - No Site Specific Mussel Survey Completed for this Discharger

This method utilizes a simple comparison of the size of the existing area of impact as determined from a site specific mussel survey and the chlorides in the existing discharge compared to the chlorides in the proposed discharge after the facility upgrades treatment technologies. This method is only applicable to where the stream impairment is caused by TDS and/or chlorides as the plume has been delineated through conductivity measurements.

A. Ar	ea of Impact Determined from Survey:	N/A	m².
B. Ch	lorides in Existing Discharge:	Î	92 mg/L
C. Ch	lorides in Proposed Discharge after Treatment Facility Upgrades:		92 mg/L
D. Ap	proximate Area of Impact after Treatment Facility Upgrades:		N/A m ²

A/B = D/C Therefore, D = (A*C)/B

Endangered Mussel Species Impact Area Calculations: (continued...)

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

Method 2 - Mass Balance Relationship of Loading and Assimilative Capacity of Stream

	$L_{S(Cl^+)}$ = Available Chloride Loading in Stream = $C_{C(Cl^+)}$ - $C_{S(Cl^+)}$ X $Q_S(MGD)$ X 8.34 =	696,837 lbs/Day
_	L _{D-MAX(CIT)} = Current Maximium Discharge Chloride Loading exceeding criteria = (C _{E(CLT)} , C _{E(CLT)}) X Q _D (MGD) X 8.34 =	22 lbs/Day
D D	$\mathcal{H}_{E(Cl^+)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Current Loading = $L_{D-MAX(Cl^+)} / L_{S(Cl^+)}$ =	0% of Stream Capacity
ide	$L_{D(C\Gamma)}$ = Proposed Discharge CF Loading exceeding criteria after Treatment Facility Upgrades = $(C_{P(C\Gamma)} - C_{P(C\Gamma)}) \times Q_0 \text{(MGD)} \times 8.34 =$	21.6006 lbs/Day
Chloride (Cl ⁻)	$\%_{P(Cl^+)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Proposed Loading = $L_{D(Cl^+)}/L_{S(Cl^+)}$ =	0.00% of Stream Capacity
O	Proposed Area of Impact due to Chloride * = $(\%_{P(Cl^-)} X W_s)^2 X 0.5 =$	0.0000 m ²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
	$L_{S(N)}$ = Available Nickel Loading in Stream = $C_{C(N)} \cdot C_{S(N)} \times Q_{S}(MGD) \times 8.34 =$	25,685 lbs/Day
	$L_{D-MAX(Ni)}$ = Current Maximium Discharge Nickel Loading exceeding criteria = $(C_{E(Ni)}, C_{E(Ni)})$ X $Q_D(MGD)$ X 8.34 =	-11 lbs/Day
(E)	$\%_{E(Ni)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Current Loading = $L_{D-MAX(Ni)} / L_{S(Ni)}$ =	0% of Stream Capacity
Nickel(Ni)	$L_{D(NQ}$ = Proposed Discharge Ni Loading exceeding criteria after Treatment Facility Upgrades = $(C_{P(NQ)} - C_{P(NQ)}) \times Q_D(MGD) \times 8.34$ =	-11.26317 lbs/Day
Š	$%_{P(N)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Proposed Loading = $L_{D(N)} / L_{S(N)}$ =	-0.04% of Stream Capacity
	Proposed Area of Impact due to Nickel * = $(\%_{P(N)} X W_5)^2 X 0.5 =$	0.0048 m ²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
	$L_{S(Zn)}$ = Available Zinc Loading in Stream = $C_{C(Zn)}$ - $C_{S(Zn)}$ X $Q_{S}(MGD)$ X 8.34 =	-34,395 lbs/Day
	$L_{D-MAX(Zn)}$ = Current Maximium Discharge Zinc Loading exceeding criteria = $(C_{E(Zn)}, C_{E(Zn)}) \times Q_D(MGD) \times 8.34 =$	-20 lbs/Day
Ē	$\mathcal{H}_{E(Zn)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Current Loading = $L_{D-MAX(Zn)}$ / $L_{S(Zn)}$ =	0% of Stream Capacity
Zinc (Zn)	$L_{D(2n)}$ = Proposed Discharge Zn Loading exceeding criteria after Treatment Facility Upgrades = $(C_{P(2n)} - C_{P(2n)}) \times Q_D(MGD) \times 8.34$ =	-20.335422 lbs/Day
Zır	$\%_{P(Zn)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Proposed Loading = $L_{D(Zn)}$ / $L_{S(Zn)}$ =	0.06% of Stream Capacity
	Proposed Area of Impact due to Zinc * = $(\%_{P(Z_n)} X W_s)^2 X 0.5 =$	0.0087 m²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
_	$L_{S(NH3-N)}$ = Available NH3-N Loading in Stream = $C_{C(NH3-N)}$ - $C_{S(NH3-N)}$ X Q_{S} (MGD) X 8.34 =	9,939 lbs/Day
ger	$L_{D-MAX(NH3-N)}$ = Current Maximium Discharge NH3-N Loading = $C_{E(NH3-N)}$ X Q_{D} (MGD) X 8.34 =	5 lbs/Day
± €	$\%_{E(NH3-N)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Current Loading = $L_{D-MAX(NH3-N)}$ / $L_{S(NH3-N)}$ =	0% of Stream Capacity
onia-Nitra (NH3-N)	L _{D(NH3-N)} = Proposed Discharge NH3-N Loading after Treatment Facility Upgrades = C _{P(NH3-N)} - C _{C(NH3-N)} X Q _D (MGD) X 8.34 =	3 lbs/Day
Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH3-N)	$\%_{P(NH3-N)}$ = Percent of Stream Capacity for Proposed Loading = $L_{D(NH3-N)}/L_{S(NH3-N)}$ =	0.03% of Stream Capacity
m	Proposed Area of Impact due to NH3-N * = ${\left(\frac{\%_{P(NH3-N)}}{X} W_5\right)}^2 X 0.5 =$	0.0023 m ²
٩	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	

Endangered Mussel Species Impact Area Calculations: (continued...)

Method 3 - Mass Balance Relationship of Stream Flow, Proposed Effluent Quality, and Mussel Protection Criteria

	$Q_{A(Cl^*)}C_{S(Cl^*)} + Q_{D}C_{P(Cl^*)} = Q_{T}C_{C(Cl^*)}$	
	Q _{A(Cl')} = Assimilative Stream Flow Required to Achieve Criteria (cfs)	
	$Q_T = Q_S + Q_D$ (cfs)	
_	$Q_{A(Cl^{-})}C_{S(Cl^{-})} + Q_{D}C_{P(Cl^{-})} = (Q_{D}+Q_{S})C_{C(Cl^{-}))}$	
Chloride (Cl)	SOLVING FOR $\mathbf{Q}_{A(Cl^-)} = [(\mathbf{Q}_0 C_{P(Cl^-)} / C_{C(Cl^-)}) - \mathbf{Q}_0)] / (1 - C_{S(Cl^-)} / C_{C(Cl^-)}) =$	0.06422949 cfs
į	% _{P(CI*)} = Percent of Stream Width Required to Assimilate Chlorides to Criteria	
음	Concentration = $Q_{A(Cl^*)}/Q_s(cfs)$ =	0.0031%
	W _{I(Cl')} = Proposed Width of Stream required to Assimilate Chlorides to Criteria	
	Concentration = W _s X % _{P(Cl⁺)}	0.006913 meters
	Proposed Area of Impact due to Chloride * = $(W_{i(Cl)})^2 \times 0.5 =$	0.0000 m²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
	$Q_{A(N)}C_{S(N)} + Q_DC_{P(N)} = Q_TC_{C(N)}$	
	$Q_{A(Ni)}$ = Assimilative Stream Flow Required to Achieve Criteria (cfs)	
	$Q_{\tau} = Q_{S} + Q_{D} (cfs)$	
_	$Q_{A(N)}C_{S(N)} + Q_{D}C_{P(N)} = (Q_{D}+Q_{S})C_{C(N)}$	
Vickel (Ni)	SOLVING FOR $Q_{A(Ni)} = [(Q_DC_{P(Ni)}/C_{C(Ni)}) - Q_D)]/(1 - C_{S(Ni)}/C_{C(Ni)}) =$	-0.90862783 cfs
ke	% _{P(CI*)} = Percent of Stream Width Required to Assimilate Nickel to Criteria	
ž	Concentration = $Q_{A(N)}/Q_{S}$ (cfs) =	-0.0439%
	W _{I(NI)} = Proposed Width of Stream required to Assimilate Nickel to Criteria	
	Concentration = W _s X % _{P(Ni)}	-0.097792 meters
	Proposed Area of Impact due to Nickel * = $(W_{I(N)})^2 \times 0.5 =$	0.0048 m²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
	$Q_{A(Zn)}C_{S(Zn)} + Q_DC_{P(Zn)} = Q_TC_{C(Zn)}$	
	Q _{A(Zn)} = Assimilative Stream Flow Required to Achieve Criteria (cfs)	
	$Q_{T} = Q_{S} + Q_{O} (cfs)$	
17,037	$Q_{A(Zn)}C_{S(Zn)} + Q_{D}C_{P(Zn)} = (Q_{D} + Q_{S})C_{C(Zn)}$	
(uZ	SOLVING FOR $Q_{A(Zn)} = [(Q_DC_{PZn})/C_{C(Zn)}] - Q_D] / (1 - C_{S(Zn)}/C_{C(Zn)}) =$	1.22505532 cfs
Zinc (Zn)	% _{P(CI*)} = Percent of Stream Width Required to Assimilate Zinc to Criteria	
12	Concentration = $Q_{A(Zn)} / Q_{S}(cfs) =$	0.0591%
	W _{I(Zn)} = Proposed Width of Stream required to Assimilate Zinc to Criteria	
	Concentration = W _s X % _{PZn)}	0.131847 meters
	Proposed Area of Impact due to Chloride * = (W _{I(CI)}) ² X 0.5 =	0.0087 m²
	* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	
	$Q_{A(NH3-N)}C_{S(NH3-N)} + Q_{O}C_{P(NH3-N)} = Q_{T}C_{C(NH3-N)}$	

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

Q _{A(NH3-N)} = Assimilative Stream Flow Required to Achieve Criteria (cfs)	
$Q_T = Q_S + Q_O (cfs)$	
$Q_{A(NH3-N)}C_{S(NH3-N)} + Q_{O}C_{P(NH3-N)} = (Q_{O}+Q_{S})C_{C(NH3-N)}$	
SOLVING FOR $Q_{A(NH3-N)} = [(Q_DC_{P(NH3-N)}/C_{C(NH3-N)}) - Q_D)]/(1 - C_{S(NH3-N)}/C_{C(NH3-N)}) =$	0.669059 cfs
% _{P(NH3-N)} = Percent of Stream Width Required to Assimilate NH3-N to Criteria	
Concentration = Q _{A(NH3-N)} / Q _s (cfs) =	0.0323%
W _{I(NH3-N)} = Proposed Width of Stream required to Assimilate NH3-N to Criteria	
Concentration = W ₅ X % _{P(NH3-N)}	0.072008 meters
Proposed Area of Impact due to NH3-N * = $(W_{I(NH3-N)})^2 \times 0.5 =$	0.0026 m ²
* assuming equal flow across transect and 90° spread at discharge	

Please note that the nickel impact area is based on assumptions and a worst-case scenario for both the in-stream concentration as well as the effluent concentration. All of the "impact area" calculations are based on the worst-case scenario of the stream being at low flow (Q₇₋₁₀) flow conditions and the discharge from the treatment plant being at the design capacity. The likelihood of all of these conditions being at the "worst-case" scenario is not anticipated. Please also note that as discussed below, the Department will be able to further evaluate nickel concentrations in the effluent through proposed effluent monitoring. The Department may also collect in-stream nickel data over the course of the upcoming permit cycle at various facilities to be able to better evaluate the associated "impact areas".

Similar to other NPDES Permits for POTWs that have minimal impact areas, the Department will add the following in the draft NPDES permit:

- Weekly effluent monitoring for Ammonia-Nitrogen
- Monthly effluent monitoring for Chloride.
- Quarterly effluent monitoring for Nickel.
- Quarterly effluent monitoring for Zinc.

This monitoring will provide a dataset as a means of further evaluating potential impacts in the upcoming permit term. This data will also allow the Department to evaluate the need for pollutant reduction evaluations in future NPDES permit renewals for some or all of these pollutants.

Compliance History

DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

Parameter	DEC-22	NOV-22	OCT-22	SEP-22	AUG-22	JUL-22	JUN-22	MAY-22	APR-22	MAR-22	FEB-22	JAN-22
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.068	0.077	0.043	0.039	0.038	0.039	0.049	0.077	0.081	0.095	0.133	0.057
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.293	0.978	0.194	0.232	0.263	0.163	0.187	0.312	0.199	0.425	0.988	0.092
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	6.65	6.6	6.67	6.7	6.7	6.72	6.4	6.4	6.69	6.52	6.5	6.73
pH (S.U.)												
Maximum	7.17	7.4	7.36	7.1	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.18	7.05	6.99	7.22	7.1
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	6.42	6.04	4.54	4.8	4.82	4.24	5.11	5.12	6.12	6.32	6.65	6.44
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	3.997	1.922	1.082	2.433	0.946	0.957	1.231	2.352	2.327	2.382	4.66	2.924
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Weekly Average	3.997	1.922	1.082	2.433	0.946	0.957	1.231	2.352	2.327	2.382	4.66	2.924
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	5.7	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.57	3
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Weekly Average	5.7	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.57	3
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
Average Monthly	109.592	78.146	58.053	39.64	56.725	62.658	69.157	100.993	121.86	106.19	126.94	72.356
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
Daily Maximum	169.302	125.07	81.265	57.045	59.848	95.351	103.16	106.68	144.62	130.75	218.86	111.88
BOD5 (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
Average Monthly	186.5	137.66	162	149.25	182.4	198.25	169.8	136.75	157.25	143.52	150.0	168.5
TSS (lbs/day)	4 7 4 5	4.000	4 000	0.400	4.000	4 700	0.040	0.007	5 000	0.000	4.00	0.407
Average Monthly	1.745	1.922	1.082	2.493	1.626	1.762	3.648	3.697	5.663	2.382	4.32	3.137
TSS (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent	00.070	444.000	00.040	50.040	70.404	04.054	04.000	100 110	00.050	00.00	404.45	70.004
Average Monthly	93.679	111.029	86.840	52.812	76.401	61.854	61.332	109.118	98.053	93.93	104.45	76.881
TSS (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent	404 770	200.50	400.007	60.004	00.470	00.000	77.00	400.40	400.00	4.40.40	405.75	407.5
Daily Maximum	131.772	202.56	133.807	68.304	98.479	86.069	77.06	123.16	109.88	142.46	195.75	127.5
TSS (lbs/day)	1 715	1 022	1 000	2 402	1 626	1 760	2.649	2 607	F 663	2 202	4 22	2 127
Weekly Average	1.745	1.922	1.082	2.493	1.626	1.762	3.648	3.697	5.663	2.382	4.32	3.137
TSS (mg/L)	2	2	2	2.25	5 2	E E	7.0	1.5	7	2	2	2.5
Average Monthly	3	3	3	3.25	5.2	5.5	7.8	4.5	7	3	3	3.5

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East Brady STP

TSS (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
Average Monthly	161.5	174.8	242.5	200.25	243.6	193.75	157.4	147	127	127	125	178.5
TSS (mg/L)												
Weekly Average	3	3	3	3.25	5.2	5.5	7.8	4.5	7	3	3	3.5
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml)												
Geometric Mean	1	13.981	6.514	128.58	91.776	82.254	13.8	3	1.250	9.4	11.795	3.584
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml)												
Instantaneous Maximum	1	194	15	345	313	210	27	8	2	18	2420	11
Total Nitrogen (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	15.936	22.284	10.077	0.364	0.428	0.455	1.291	1.11	17.429	13.231	2.54	0.641
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	28.1	34.7	28.1	1.12	1.35	1.4	3.16	1.73	25.8	16.7	2.29	1.35
Ammonia (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	0.057	0.180	0.129	0.032	0.032	0.068	0.123	0.096	0.068	0.333	0.199	0.071
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	0.1	0.28	0.36	0.1	0.1	0.21	0.3	0.15	0.1	0.42	0.18	0.15
Total Phosphorus (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	1.979	3.237	1.219	1.824	1.794	1.903	2.358	1.971	1.952	1.196	4.37	1.269
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	3.49	5.04	3.4	5.61	5.66	5.85	5.77	3.07	2.89	1.51	3.94	2.67

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum (2)	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Daily Min	XXX	9.0 Daily Max	XXX	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	4.0 Daily Min	XXX	xxx	XXX	1/day	Grab
CBOD5	38.0	61.0	XXX	25.0	40.0	50	1/week	8-Hr Composite
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite
TSS Raw Sewage Influent	Report	xxx	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite
TSS	46.0	69.0	XXX	30.0	45.0	60	1/week	8-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	1/week	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	xxx	xxx	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	1/week	Grab
E. Coli (No./100 ml)	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
UV Intensity (μw/cm²)	XXX	xxx	XXX	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	1/day	Metered
Total Nitrogen	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	1/year	8-Hr Composite
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Report	xxx	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	1/year	8-Hr Composite

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Red	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required
Faranietei	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
	Report			Report				8-Hr
Total Nickel	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite
	Report			Report				8-Hr
Total Zinc	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite
								8-Hr
Chloride	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/month	Composite

Compliance Sampling Location: at Outfall 001, after ultraviolet (UV) light disinfection.

Flow is monitor only based on Chapter 92a.61. The limits for pH and Dissolved Oxygen are technology-based on Chapter 93.7. The limits for CBOD₅, Total Suspended Solids, and Fecal Coliform are technology based on Chapter 92a.47. Monitoring for influent BOD5 and influent Total Suspended Solids is based on Chapter 92a.61. Monitoring for E. Coli, UV Intensity, Total Nitrogen, Ammonia-Nitrogen, Total Phosphorus, Total Nickel, Total Zinc, and Chloride is based on Chapter 92a.61.

Attachment 1

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

	SWP Basin Stream 18A 42	<u>Stream Name</u> ALLEGHENY RIVER							
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)		
69.270	East Brady STP	PA0037893	0.185	CBOD5	25		-		
				NH3-N	25	50			
				Dissolved Oxygen			4		

WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin St	ream Code			Stream Name	
18A	42122		Al	LEGHENY RIVER	
<u>RMI</u>	Total Discharge	115.00) Ana	ysis Temperature (°C)	Analysis pH
69.270	0.18	5		25.000	7.000
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De	oth (ft)		Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
1144.952	0.91	5		1251.305	1.927
Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Reach Kc (<u>1/days)</u>	<u>R</u>	each NH3-N (mg/L)	Reach Kn (1/days)
2.00	0.003			0.00	1.029
Reach DO (mg/L)	Reach Kr (Kr Equation	Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
8.242	3.833	3		Tsivoglou	5
Reach Travel Time (days)		Subreach	Results		
0.032	TravTime	CBOD5	NH3-N	D.O.	
	(days)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	
	0.003	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.006	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.010	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.013	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.016	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.019	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.022	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.025	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.029	2.00	0.00	7.54	
	0.032	2.00	0.00	7.54	

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	✓
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.64	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.36	Temperature Adjust Kr	✓
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	✓
D.O. Goal	5		

Input Data WQM 7.0

					ınp	ut Dat	a ww	VI 7.U						
	SWP Basin	10000000000		Stre	eam Name		RMI	Ele	evation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdra (mgd	wal	Apply FC
	18A	42	122 ALLEC	SHENY R	IVER		69.2	70	822.00	7763.00	0.00000		0.00	~
					St	tream Da	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth		<u>Tributary</u> np pH	Ten	<u>Stream</u> np	рН	
Cond.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)	(°C	()		
27-10 21-10 230-10	0.260	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.	00 2	5.00 7.0	00	0.00	0.00	
					D	ischarge	Data							
			Name	Per	rmit Numbe	Disc	g Permitt Disc Flow (mgd	: Di:	sc Res	Dis erve Tem ctor	np p	isc oH		
		East	Brady STF	PA	0037893	0.185	50 0.00	00 0.	0000	0.000 2	5.00	6.90		
					P	arameter	Data							
			1	Paramete	r Name			Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
				aramete	i ivallic	(n	ng/L) (mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)				
	_		CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			4.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

Input Data WQM 7.0

	SWP Basin	Strea Cod		Stre	eam Name		RMI	Ele	evation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slop (ft/f	With	WS ndrawal ngd)	Apply FC
	18A	421	122 ALLEC	SHENY R	IVER		68.27	70	820.00	7765.0	0.00	000	0.00	✓
5.					St	ream Dat	a							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth			4	<u>Strea</u> Temp	<u>am</u> pH	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
ଇ7-10 ଇ1-10 ଇ30-10	0.260	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.	00 2	5.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	
					Di	scharge I	Data							
			Name	Per	mit Number	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Di:	sc Res	erve T ctor	Disc emp °C)	Disc pH		
		3 1				0.0000	0.000	00 0.	0000	0.000	25.00	7.00	-	
					Pa	rameter l	Data							
			1	Paramete	r Name	Di C		Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
						(m	g/L) (n	ng/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N			i	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name
18A	42122	ALLEGHENY RIVER

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
69.27	0 East Brady STP	11.07	50	11.07	50	0	0
IH3-N (Chronic Allocati	ons					
IH3-N (Chronic Allocati Discharge Name	ons Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

		CBC	DD5	NH.	<u>3-N</u>	Dissolved	d Oxygen	Critical	Percent
RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Reach	Reduction
69.27	East Brady STP	25	25	25	25	4	4	0	0

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

	sw	<u>P Basin</u>	<u>Strea</u>	m Code		<u>Stream Name</u>								
	18A		42122											
RMI	Stream Flow	PWS With	Net Stream Flow	Disc Analysis Flow	Reach Slope	Depth	Width	W/D Ratio	Velocity	Reach Trav Time	Analysis Temp	Analysis pH		
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(fps)	(days)	(°C)			
Q7-1	0 Flow													
69.270	2018.38	0.00	2018.38	.2862	0.00038	.915	1144.95	1251.3	1.93	0.032	25.00	7.00		
Q1-1	0 Flow													
69.270	1291.76	0.00	1291.76	.2862	0.00038	NA	NA	NA	1.50	0.041	25.00	7.00		
Q30-	10 Flow	,												
69.270	2745.00	0.00	2745.00	.2862	0.00038	NA	NA	NA	2.29	0.027	25.00	7.00		

Attachment 2



Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3. March 2021

Discharge Information

Instructions	Disch	arge Stream				
	22 1					
Facility:	East Br	ady STP		NPDES Permit No.:	PA0037893	Outfall No.: 001
Evaluation T	ype:	Major Sewage	Industrial Waste	Wastewater Descrip	tion: POTW sewage	

Discharge Characteristics											
Design Flow	Hardness (mg/l)*	n⊔ (CU)*	Partial Mix Factors (PMFs) Comp					plete Mix Times (min)			
(MGD)*	Hardness (mg/l)*	pH (SU)*	AFC	CFC	THH	CRL	Q ₇₋₁₀	Q _h			
0.185	100	6.9									

					0 if left blank		0.5 if left blank		0 if left blank			1 if left	t blank
	Discharge Pollutant	Units	Max Discharge Conc		Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Daily CV	Hourly CV	Strea m CV	Fate Coeff	FOS	Criteri a Mod	
	Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	mg/L		450									
1	Chloride (PWS)	mg/L		92									
g	Bromide	mg/L	<	0.1									
Group	Sulfate (PWS)	mg/L		40.8									
	Fluoride (PWS)	mg/L											
	Total Aluminum	μg/L											
	Total Antimony	μg/L											
	Total Arsenic	μg/L											
	Total Barium	μg/L											
	Total Beryllium	μg/L											
	Total Boron	μg/L											
	Total Cadmium	μg/L											
	Total Chromium (III)	μg/L											
	Hexavalent Chromium	μg/L											
	Total Cobalt	μg/L											
	Total Copper	μg/L		50									
2	Free Cyanide	μg/L											
Group	Total Cyanide	μg/L											
้อั	Dissolved Iron	μg/L											
1000	Total Iron	μg/L											
	Total Lead	μg/L	<	20			Ì						
	Total Manganese	μg/L											
	Total Mercury	μg/L											
	Total Nickel	μg/L				-							
	Total Phenols (Phenolics) (PWS)	μg/L											
	Total Selenium	μg/L											
	Total Silver	μg/L											
	Total Thallium	μg/L											
	Total Zinc	μg/L		40									
	Total Molybdenum	μg/L											
	Acrolein	μg/L	<										
	Acrylamide	μg/L	<										
	Acrylonitrile	μg/L	<										
	Benzene	μg/L	<										
1	Bromoform	μg/L	<										

Carbon Tetrachioride	
Chlorochiane	
Chiorotemne	
2-Chicroethyl Vinyl Ether	
Chloroform Mg/L	
Dichlorobromomethane	
1.1-Dichloroethane	
1.2-Dichloroethane	
1.1-Dichloroethylene	
1,4-Dixane	
1,4-Dixane	
1,4-Dixane	
Ethylbenzene	
Methyl Chloride	
Methyl Chloride	
Methylene Chloride	
Methylene Chloride	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
Tetrachloroethylene	
Toluene	
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Trichloroethylene	
Vinyl Chloride	
2-Chlorophenol	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	
2,4-Dimethylphenol μg/L <	
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol μg/L <	
2,4-Dinitrophenol pg/L <	
Part	
p-Chloro-m-Cresol µg/L Pentachlorophenol µg/L Phenol µg/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol µg/L Acenaphthylene µg/L Acenaphthylene µg/L Acenaphthylene µg/L Anthracene µg/L Benzidine µg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene µg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene µg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene µg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene µg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate µg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate µg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene µg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl E	
p-Chloro-m-Cresol μg/L Pentachlorophenol μg/L Phenol μg/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/L Acenaphthylene μg/L Acenaphthylene μg/L Acenaphthylene μg/L Anthracene μg/L Benzidine μg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene μg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene μg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Pentachlorophenol µg/L <	
Phenol μg/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/L Acenaphthene μg/L Acenaphthylene μg/L Anthracene μg/L Benzidine μg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene μg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene μg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chlorospopyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chlorospopyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloroaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol µg/L Acenaphthene µg/L Acenaphthylene µg/L Anthracene µg/L Benzidine µg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene µg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene µg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene µg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene µg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene µg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane µg/L Bis(2-Chlorosporpoyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Chlorosporpoyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate µg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate µg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene µg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L	
Acenaphthene µg/L Acenaphthylene µg/L Anthracene µg/L Benzidine µg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene µg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene µg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene µg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene µg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane µg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether µg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate µg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate µg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene µg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L	
Acenaphthylene	
Anthracene μg/L Benzidine μg/L Benzo(a) Anthracene μg/L Benzo(a) Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi) Perylene μg/L Benzo(k) Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Benzidine μg/L Benzo(a)Anthracene μg/L Benzo(a)Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi)Perylene μg/L Benzo(k)Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Benzo(a) Anthracene μg/L Benzo(a) Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi) Perylene μg/L Benzo(k) Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Benzo(a) Pyrene μg/L 3,4-Benzofluoranthene μg/L Benzo(ghi) Perylene μg/L Benzo(k) Fluoranthene μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
3,4-Benzofluoranthene	
3,4-Benzofluoranthene	
Benzo(ghi)Perylene μg/L <	
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane μg/L Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether μg/L Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate μg/L 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L Butyl Benzyl Phthalate μg/L 2-Chloronaphthalene μg/L 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/L	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	
2-Chloronaphthalene	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/L <	
I Drivsene	
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthrancene µg/L <	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene µg/L <	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene µg/L <	
φ 1,4-Dichlorobenzene μg/L <	
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine μg/L <	
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	
Differing Printable pg/L	
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate μg/L <	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene µg/L <	

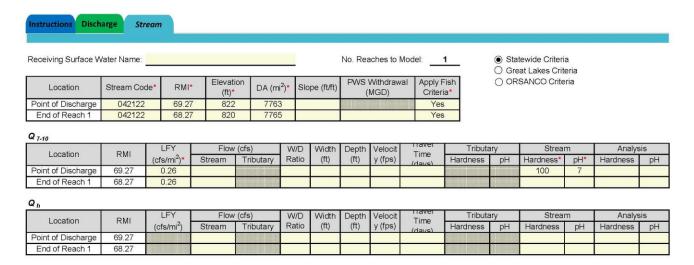
- 1	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/L	<							
	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate	µg/L	<		1.					
	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	µg/L	<			i i				
	Fluoranthene	µg/L	<							
	Fluorene	μg/L	<							
- 1	Hexachlorobenzene	μg/L	<							
	Hexachlorobutadiene		<		e e e					
	Section of the Committee of the Committe	μg/L	<							
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/L								
	Hexachloroethane	μg/L	<							
	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	μg/L	<							
	Isophorone	μg/L	<							
	Naphthalene	μg/L	<							
ı	Nitrobenzene	μg/L	<							
	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	μg/L	<							
ſ	n-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine	μg/L	<							
	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	μg/L	<							
	Phenanthrene	μg/L	<							
- 1	Pyrene	µg/L	<							
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	µg/L	<					i i	5	
_	Aldrin	µg/L	<							
- 1	alpha-BHC		<							
		µg/L								
	beta-BHC	μg/L	<							
	gamma-BHC	μg/L	<		3					
	delta BHC	μg/L	<							
	Chlordane	μg/L	<		8 5					
ı	4,4-DDT	μg/L	<							
	4,4-DDE	μg/L	<							
Ī	4,4-DDD	μg/L	<						j	
1	Dieldrin	μg/L	<							
ı	alpha-Endosulfan	μg/L	<							
	beta-Endosulfan	µg/L	<							
	Endosulfan Sulfate	µg/L	<							
	Endrin	µg/L	<							
<u></u>	Endrin Aldehyde	μg/L	<		i i					
			<							
	Heptachlor	μg/L					+			
	Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/L	<							
	PCB-1016	μg/L	<							
	PCB-1221	μg/L	<							
	PCB-1232	μg/L	<							
ı	PCB-1242	μg/L	<							
ı	PCB-1248	μg/L	<							
	PCB-1254	μg/L	<							
ſ	PCB-1260	μg/L	<							
1	PCBs, Total	μg/L	<							
	Toxaphene	μg/L	<							
	2,3,7,8-TCDD	ng/L	<							
	Gross Alpha	pCi/L								
ı	Total Beta	pCi/L	<							
<u>:</u>	Radium 226/228	pCi/L	<							
	Total Strontium		<							
از		μg/L	<		1 2					
ı,	Total Uranium	μg/L	<							
4	Osmotic Pressure	mOs/kg								
ı										
ļ										
ı										
ſ										
ı										
ŀ										
				10001000 100010001						
					2					33



Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3, March 2021

Stream / Surface Water Information

East Brady STP, NPDES Permit No. PA0037893, Outfall 001



Stream / Surface Water Information 11/23/2021 Page 4





Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3, March 2021

Model Results

East Brady STP, NPDES Permit No. PA0037893, Outfall 001

structions Result	ts	RETURN	I TO INPU	rs	SAVE AS PE	OF	PRINT	● A	II O Inputs	O Results	O Limits	
Hydrodynamics												
RMI Stream Flow (cfs	PWS With		Net Stream		rge Analysis ow (cfs)	Slope (ft/ft) Depth	(ft) Width (ft) W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Time (days)	Complete Mix Time (min)
69.27 2018.38 68.27 2018.90			2018.38 2018.9		0.286	0.00038	0.915	1144.9	52 1251.305	1.927	0.032	105449.527
h											200/100000	
RMI Stream Flow (cfs	ACT 100 (1) 100 (1)		Net Strean Flow (cfs)	Flo	rge Analysis ow (cfs)	Slope (ft/ft) Depth	(ft) Width (Velocity (fps)	Time (days)	Complete Mix Time (min)
69.27 5748.59 68.27 5749.885			5748.59 5749.88	(0.286	0.00038	1.45	1144.9	789.542	3.462	0.018	52861.848
☑ AFC	3.000	Stream	15 Stream	PMF:	0.012		is Hardnes		100	Analysis pH:]
Pollutant	76	Conc	CV	(µg/L)	Coef	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	WLA (µg/L)		С	omments	
Total Dissolved So Chloride (P\		0	0		0	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				
Sulfate (PV Total Copp	VS)	0	0		0	N/A 13.439	N/A 14.0	N/A 1,192		Chem Trans	lator of 0.06	applied
Total Lea	d	0	0		0	64.581	81.6	6,949		Chem Transl	ator of 0.79	1 applied
Total Zin	0	0	0		0	117.180	120	10,198		Chem Transl	ator of 0.97	8 applied
✓ CFC	CC	T (min):	720	PMF:	0.083	Analys	is Hardne	ss (mg/l):	100	Analysis pH:	7.00]
Pollutant	3	Conc	Stream CV	Trib Conc (µg/L)	Fate Coef	WQC \(\(\mu g/L\)	/VQ Obj (μg/L)	WLA (µg/L)		С	omments	
Total Dissolved So		0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Chloride (P\	VS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A				

Model Results 11/23/2021 Page 5

Sulfate (PWS)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Copper	0	0	0	8.956	9.33	5,446	Chem Translator of 0.96 applied
Total Lead	0	0	0	2.517	3.18	1,857	Chem Translator of 0.791 applied
Total Zinc	0	0	0	118.139	120	69,943	Chem Translator of 0.986 applied

☑ THH CCT (min): 720 PMF: 0.083 Analysis Hardness (mg/l): N/A Analysis pH: N/A

Pollutants	Conc	Stream CV	Trib Conc (µg/L)	Fate Coef	WQC (µg/L)	WQ Obj (µg/L)	WLA (µg/L)	Comments
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	0	0		0	500,000	500,000	N/A	
Chloride (PWS)	0	0		0	250,000	250,000	N/A	
Sulfate (PWS)	0	0		0	250,000	250,000	N/A	
Total Copper	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Lead	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Zinc	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	

∠ CRL CCT (min): 720 PMF: 0.117 Analysis Hardness (mg/l): N/A Analysis pH: N/A

Pollutants	Conc	Stream CV	Trib Conc (µg/L)	Fate Coef	WQC (µg/L)	WQ Obj (µg/L)	WLA (µg/L)	Comments
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Chloride (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Sulfate (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Copper	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Lead	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Zinc	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	

☑ Recommended WQBELs & Monitoring Requirements

No. Samples/Month: 4

á	Mass	Limits		Concentra	ation Limits				
Pollutants	AML (lbs/day)	MDL (lbs/day)	AML	MDL	IMAX	Units	Governing WQBEL	WQBEL Basis	Comments

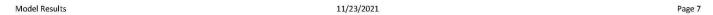
☑ Other Pollutants without Limits or Monitoring

The following pollutants do not require effluent limits or monitoring based on water quality because reasonable potential to exceed water quality criteria was not determined and the discharge concentration was less than thresholds for monitoring, or the pollutant was not detected and a sufficiently sensitive analytical method was used (e.g., <= Target QL).

Pollutants	Governing WQBEL	Units	Comments
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable
Chloride (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable

Model Results 11/23/2021 Page 6

Bromide	N/A	N/A	No WQS		
Sulfate (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable		
Total Copper	764	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL		
Total Lead	1,857	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL		
Total Zinc	6,536	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL		





Attachment 3



WATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OPEN VIOLATIONS BY CLIENT

Client ID: 36546 Client: All

Open Violations: 3

CLIENTID	CLIENT	PF ID	FACILITY	PF KIND	PF STATUS	INSP PROGRAM	PROGRAM SPECIFIC ID
36546	EAST BRADY BORO CLARION CNTY	283889	EAST BRADY WATER SYSTEM	Community	Active	Safe Drinking Water	6160003
36546	EAST BRADY BORO CLARION CNTY	283889	EAST BRADY WATER SYSTEM	Community	Active	Safe Drinking Water	6160003
36546	EAST BRADY BORO CLARION CNTY	283889	EAST BRADY WATER SYSTEM	Community	Active	Safe Drinking Water	6160003

INSP ID	VIOLATION ID	INSPECTION CATEGORY	VIOLATION DATE	VIOLATION CODE	VIOLATION	PF INSPECTOR	INSP REGION
3304790	941264	PF	01/06/2022	L C2B	FAILURE TO FOLLOW APPROVED METHODS FOR SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS	WAYLAND,MATTHEW	NWRO
3304790	941265	PF	01/06/2022	D6D	FAILURE TO PREPARE AND/OR MAINTAIN A SYSTEM MAP	WAYLAND,MATTHEW	NWRO
3389666	961268	PF	07/11/2022	C7	FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH A PERMIT CONDITION	WAYLAND,MATTHEW	NWRO

