

 Application Type
 Renewal

 Facility Type
 Storm Water

 Major / Minor
 Minor

# NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL INDUSTRIAL WASTE (IW) AND IW STORMWATER

 Application No.
 PA0058211

 APS ID
 1015678

 Authorization ID
 1313182

#### **Applicant and Facility Information**

Applicant Name	Evergreen Resources Management Operations	Facility Name	Read Boyd Farm
Applicant Address	2 Righter Parkway Suite 120	Facility Address	Route 452 & I-95
	Wilmington, DE 19803-1529	_	Upper Chichester, PA 19061
Applicant Contact	Scott Cullinan	Facility Contact	Mark A. Schaeffer
Applicant Phone	(302) 477-0139	Facility Phone	(610) 840-2552
Client ID	320841	Site ID	452589
SIC Code	2911	Municipality	Upper Chichester Township
SIC Description	Manufacturing - Petroleum Refining	County	Delaware
Date Application Recei	vedApril 15, 2020	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accept	oted May 15, 2020	If No, Reason	
Purpose of Application	Permit Renewal.		

#### Summary of Review

The PA Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP/Department) received an NPDES permit renewal application from Evergreen Resources Management Operations (permittee) on April 15, 2020 for permittee's Read Boyd Farm (facility), located in Upper Chichester Township, Delaware County. The current permit expired on September 30, 2020. The terms and conditions of the current permit is automatically extended since the renewal application was received at least 180 days prior to the expiration date. This is an Individual Industrial Stormwater (NSIR) permit that discharges treated effluent through seven outfalls into Marcus Hook Creek in State Watershed 3-G. Renewal NPDES permit applications under Clean Water Program are not covered by PADEP's PDG per 021-2100-001.

This fact sheet is developed in accordance with 40 CFR §124.56.

Change in this renewal: Changed the permit type from minor industrial to individual stormwater.

# Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
$\checkmark$		Reza H. Chowdhury, E.I.T. / Project Manager	December 20, 2021
х		<i><b>Pravin Patel</b></i> Pravin C. Patel, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	12/22/2021

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information	on	
Outfall No. 005	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude 39º 50' 0.64"	Longitude	-75º 2' 7.62"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters Marcus Hook Creek	Stream Code	00511
Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Informatic	on	
Outfall No. 001	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude <u>39° 49' 58.7"</u>	Longitude	-75º 25' 53.7"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters Marcus Hook Creek (WWF)	Stream Code	00511
Discharge Dessiving Waters and Water Supply Information		
Outfall No. 002	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitudo 200 40' 50 50"		75% 25' 0.02"
Qued Nemo Mercus Hock		-75 25 0.02
Westewater Description Stermuster		
Receiving Waters Marcus Hook Crook (WWE)	Stream Code	00511
	Stream Code	00311
Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information	on	
Outfall No. 004	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude <u>39° 50' 0"</u>	Longitude	-75º 25' 9.87"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters _ Marcus Hook Creek (WWF)	Stream Code	00511
Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information	on	-
Outtall No. 006	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude <u>39° 50' 4.69"</u>	Longitude	-75º 25' 12.64"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters Marcus Hook Creek (WWF)	Stream Code	00511

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Inform	nation	
Outfall No. 007	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude <u>39° 50' 5.16"</u>	Longitude	-75º 25' 13.26"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters Marcus Hook Creek (WWF, MF)	Stream Code	00511
Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Inform	nation	
Outfall No. 009	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude 39º 50' 0.33"	Longitude	-75º 25' 20.98"
Quad Name Marcus Hook	Quad Code	09223
Wastewater Description: Stormwater		
Receiving Waters <u>Marcus Hook Creek (WWF)</u>	Stream Code	00511
Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake	None before Delaware border	

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: See facility description in later section of this fact sheet.

	Tr	eatment Facility Summa	iry	
Treatment Facility Na	me: Read Boyd Farm			
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
Waste Type	Degree of Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Avg Annual Flow (MGD)
Storm Water	moutholit		Distinction	
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(Ibs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal

#### 303d Listed Streams:

The receiving stream is aquatic life impaired due to urban runoff/storm sewer and habitat modification from water/flow variability. The permit limits, terms, and conditions were developed in such a way that the discharge from this facility is expected not to contribute to the existing impairment of the receiving stream or the watershed.

#### Antidegradation (93.4):

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing in-stream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High-Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

# **Class A Wild Trout Fisheries:**

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

# **Compliance History**

# DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020)

Parameter	DEC-20	NOV-20	<b>OCT-20</b>	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Minimum	7.6			7.2			7.3			7.2		
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Maximum	7.6			7.2			7.3			7.2		
TSS (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	18			22			10.1			33.8		
Oil and Grease (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	< 1.6			4.0			< 1.4			2.2		
Total Aluminum (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	2.5			0.82			0.748			2.01		
Total Iron (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	3.1			1.2			1.04			1.77		
Total Manganese (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.10			0.034			0.0417			0.0336		

# DMR Data for Outfall 002 (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020)

Parameter	DEC-20	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	<b>MAR-20</b>	FEB-20	JAN-20
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Minimum	7.8			7.4			7.6			7.4		
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Maximum	7.8			7.4			7.6			7.4		
TSS (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	7.6			43			13.4			90.5		
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	170			260			181			194		
Oil and Grease (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	< 1.4			2.4			< 1.4			3.3		
Total Aluminum (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.94			3.0			1.1			5.25		
Total Chromium (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.0025			0.0053			0.0032			0.0091		
Total Iron (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.79			2.8			1.25			6.39		
Total Lead (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	< 0.0071			< 0.015			0.0077			0.0122		
Total Manganese (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.020			0.47			0.0648			0.111		

DMR Data for Outfall 005	(from January 1,	, 2020 to December 31, 2020)
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Parameter	<b>DEC-20</b>	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Minimum	7.4			3.9			7.5			7.3		
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Maximum	7.4			7.1			7.5			7.3		
TSS (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	53			110			22.4			66		
Oil and Grease (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	< 1.6			3.1			< 1.4			2.4		
Total Aluminum (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	3.0			4.7			1.22			4.02		
Total Iron (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	2.9			5.1			1.37			1.53		
Total Lead (mg/L)							<					
Daily Maximum	0.0088			0.012			0.0071			0.0089		

# DMR Data for Outfall 006 (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020)

Parameter	DEC-20	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Minimum	7.9			7.3			7.9			7.4		
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Maximum	7.9			7.3			7.9			7.4		
TSS (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	26			140			9.85			17.3		
Oil and Grease (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	< 1.6			4.0			< 1.4			< 1.4		
Total Aluminum (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	1.7			6.9			0.637			1.06		
Total Barium (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	0.051			0.084			0.0358			0.0299		
Total Iron (mg/L)												
Daily Maximum	1.7			8.9			0.75			0.744		
Total Lead (mg/L)							<					
Daily Maximum	0.013			0.050			0.0071			< 0.0071		

# DMR Data for Outfall 009 (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020)

Parameter	DEC-20	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20
pH (S.U.)												
Instantaneous Minimum	7.4			7.9			7.5			7.3		

pH (S.U.)							
Instantaneous Maximum	7.4	7.9		7.5		7.3	
TSS (mg/L)							
Daily Maximum	16	31		40.4		50	
Oil and Grease (mg/L)							
Daily Maximum	2.3	3.4		< 1.4		4	
Total Aluminum (mg/L)							
Daily Maximum	1.4	0.67		1.72		2.44	
Total Iron (mg/L)							
Daily Maximum	1.4	1.7		1.86		2.23	

	Compliance History										
ffluent Violations for Outfall 002, from: February 1, 2020 To: December 31, 2020											
Parameter Date SBC DMR Value Units Limit Value Units											
Total Aluminum	03/31/20	Daily Max	5.25	mg/L	5.0	mg/L					
Total Iron	03/31/20	Daily Max	6.39	mg/L	5.0	mg/L					

# Effluent Violations for Outfall 005, from: February 1, 2020 To: December 31, 2020

Parameter	Date	SBC	DMR Value	Units	Limit Value	Units
рН	09/30/20	Inst Min	3.9	S.U.	6.0	S.U.
TSS	09/30/20	Daily Max	110	mg/L	100	mg/L
Total Iron	09/30/20	Daily Max	5.1	mg/L	5.0	mg/L

# Effluent Violations for Outfall 006, from: February 1, 2020 To: December 31, 2020

Parameter	Date	SBC	DMR Value	Units	Limit Value	Units
TSS	09/30/20	Daily Max	140	mg/L	100	mg/L
Total Aluminum	09/30/20	Daily Max	6.9	mg/L	5.0	mg/L
Total Iron	09/30/20	Daily Max	8.9	mg/L	5.0	mg/L

Other Comments: No explanation was provided for the non-compliances in the Non-compliance report form, however, the PPC plan provided explanation and corrective actions taken until December 9, 2019. No NOV was issued by the time this fact sheet was prepared for the 2020 non-compliances.

#### Facility description

Read Boyd Farm is located near the intersection of Route 452 and Interstate 95. The site is owned and maintained by Real Property Operations, a series of Evergreen Resources Group, LLC. The 71-acre site contains eleven (11) pits that contained approximately 540,000 cubic yards of sludge primarily derived from sulfuric acid wet refining processes. In addition, the site contains stockpiles of spent clay wastes generated by operation at the Marcus Hook Refinery between 1925-1965. The site has a neutralization facility which serves as a pretreatment plant for various groundwater, surface water, and impoundment pit water. The facility has several active remedial efforts being conducted across the site. In addition to the pits, major features at the site include:

1. A neutralization facility in the south-central portion of the site storing:

- a. one 55-gallon drum of pump crankcase oil
- b. one 55-gallon drum of compressor oil,
- c. one 6,000-gallon fiberglass caustic tank,
- d. one 9,000-gallon water aeration tank,
- e. one 2,000-gallon wastewater discharge wet well, and
- f. one 750-gallon fiberglass (neutralization) transfer tank.

2. Pit 8 Groundwater Interceptor Trench south of Pit 8 (manhole A and manhole B) that collects groundwater north of Marcus Hook Creek and beneath Marshall's Run and transports it to Pit 6, and ultimately, the neutralization facility for treatment,

3. Trenches located north of Pit 8 (caustic addition trench A), south of Pit 8 (caustic addition trench D), and southwest of pit 8A (caustic addition trench C), which receive periodic injections of caustic,

4. Clay Pile A located in the western portion of the facility,

5. Clay Pile A remediation system which contains piping and associated transfer equipment, for recovered groundwater (oily water),

6. A 550-gallon aboveground storage tank (tank 828) located northwest of Clay Pile A at the remediation system,

7. Clay Pile C located in the central portion of the site

8. Clay Pile C remediation system which contains piping and associated transfer equipment for recovered groundwater (oily water),

9. subsurface petroleum gas pipelines running northwest/southeast along the eastern property boundary,

10. An aboveground pipeline rack traversing the northern portion of the site along Marcus Hook Creek, and

11. Catch Basin-1 (CB-1) which intercepts surface water adjacent to Pit 7 and transfers water into Pit 2.

Pits: The 11 pits contain materials that have the appearance of tar-like to a hard coal-like substance. Accumulated stormwater on the surface of the pits is neutralized before it is discharged from the site via pipeline to the Marcus Hook Industrial Complex wastewater system. All pits are out of service and no longer accept sludge from off-site sources. Due to remedial efforts, only Pits 2 and 6 collect stormwater which is managed onsite. These pits collect stormwater which falls directly on them as well as surface runoff from areas surrounding Pits 1, 3, 4, and 5. Pits 7 and 7A have undergone neutralization, solidification, and stabilization (NSS) and therefore, stormwater runs off to the area surrounding the Pits. Pit 8 has been partially stabilized and capped, therefore, stormwater will not encounter the materials in the Pit, but will drain to the ground surrounding the Pit. Pit 8A has been stabilized, filled, and vegetated, therefore, stormwater runoff discharges to the swale between Pit 8 and 8A. The upper layer of Pit 9 has undergone the NSS process, therefore, stormwater that falls on Pit 9 drains to the surrounding terrain which ultimately flows to a permitted outfall. Pits 1, 3, 4, and 6 have partially neutralized, stabilized, and solidified but only Pit 6 collects rainfall which is managed onsite. Pit 5 is currently covered with treated sludge and Pit 11 has been excavated in its entirety and replaced with treated sludge. Pit conditions are monitored daily using and index to determine how much rainfall can occur without causing a high level discharge of water from Pit 2. The levels are reported internally as a High, Medium, Low, or Very Low Level. Overflow conditions, if present, would be observed by personnel on-site. The overflow water, if sufficient in quantity, would drain to Marcus Hook Creek. The Pit 2 overflow structure is a 24" diameter overflow piping that ties-in with Pit 6 underground overflow piping to a grated, concrete headwall located in a wooded area immediately east of Pit 2 and Pit 6.

**Neutralization Facility:** Stormwater flows by gravity from Pit 2 via underground piping to the existing neutralization facility where the pH is adjusted with caustic soda. Treatment takes place in a 9,000-gallon neutralization/aeration tank located in the neutralization facility. the neutralized water flows to a connected 2,000-gallon discharge tank through and underflow weir. The neutralized water is then pumped by pipeline to the Marcus Hook Industrial Complex where the wastewater is mixed with Industrial Complex wastewater. All Industrial Complex Wastewater is processed at the Industrial Complex pretreatment system and then pumped off-site to the DELCORA WWTP located in Chester County for final treatment and disposal.

**Pit 8 Groundwater Interceptor Trench:** The trench collects acidic groundwater and drains to two manholes, where groundwater is collected and pumped to the groundwater neutralization system. Manhole A (MH-A) collects groundwater from the trench south and east of Pit 7 and Manhole B (MH-B) collects groundwater from the trench south of Pit 8. When the groundwater level in either MH-A or MH-B reaches a predetermined level, the groundwater is automatically pumped to the groundwater neutralization system or to Pit 2. The pH of the water is neutralized in the treatment facility and transferred to Marcus Hook Industrial Complex via the site effluent water pipeline.

<u>Catch Basin 1:</u> CB-1 collects surface water from a swale that runs along the southern base of Pits 4,5, and 6 and the southwestern base of Pit 7. CB-1 was decommissioned prior to the NSS remediation at Pit 7. Upon completion, CB-1 was reinstalled in 2017. When in operation, the water is collected in CB-1 and transferred through buried piping to Pit 2 via a pump in the catch basin.

**Caustic Addition Trenches:** Three trenches were constructed for the groundwater and soil neutralization program. Trenches were constructed between Pit 8 and Pit 9 (Trench A); to the southeast of Pit 8A (Trench C); and southeast of Pit 8 (Trench D). A NaOH solution is periodically injected into well vault piping directly from a delivery truck. Groundwater is monitored in wells within and downgradient of the trenches to evaluate the appropriate frequency of caustic addition and the effect on groundwater chemistry downgradient of the trenches.

<u>Clay Pile Systems:</u> Clay Piles A, B, and C are the result of stockpiling of spent filtration clay wastes generated by operations at the Marcus Hook Refinery from the period of 1925 to 1965. An interceptor with HDPE barrier wall was installed to the northwest of Clay Pile A to recover oil and groundwater. This trench collects oil and water in sumps and air diaphragm pumps transfer the total fluids to Tank 828. Stormwater runoff from the area east of Clay Pile A drains by gravity to a rock-lined trench and basin and then flows by pipe to a permitted outfall. The trenches in Clay Pile C are used to collect oily water seeping from the pile. Clay Pile C has been covered and seeded to prevent any stormwater from contacting filter clay. The primary interceptor trench collects the water and pumps it into a polyethylene process tank. From the process tank the water is pumped via pipeline to the 5-line near the neutralization facility.

The extent of the coverage under the Individual Industrial Stormwater permit is limited to the stormwater outfalls. Stormwater not captured in the pits can run-off into Marcus Hook Creek from one of the seven major drainage areas. Outfalls 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007 and 009 are associated with these drainage areas. The areas that drain to each individual sample point are listed below.

Outfall 001: The area draining to this outfall is 109,700 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from the sediments from unpaved roads. The applied BMPs are swale enhancement, check dams, established vegetation, stone on road surfaces, and silt control.

Outfall 002: The area draining to this outfall is 30,900 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from the sediments from unpaved roads. The control measures are check dams, established vegetation, stone on road surfaces, check dams on road surfaces, and silt control.

Outfall 004: The area draining to this outfall is 23,000 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from the sediments from unpaved roads. The control measures are stone on road surfaces, check dams, and silt control.

Outfall 005: The area draining to this outfall is 76,100 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from the sediments from unpaved roads or stockpiled soils. The control measures are swale enhancement, check dams, silt control, and outfall enhancement.

Outfall 006: The area draining to this outfall is 65,150 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from sediments from unpaved roads or stockpiled soils. The control measures are check dams, stone on road surfaces, silt control, and outfall enhancement.

Outfall 007: The area draining to this outfall is 56,100 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from the sediments from unpaved roads. The control measures are stone on road surfaces, check dams, and stone berms.

Outfall 009: The area draining to this outfall is 84,700 sq. feet. The quality of the stormwater is not changed, and the potential pollutants are from sediments from unpaved roads. The control measures are stone on road surfaces, silt control, velocity dissipation device, French drain interceptor trench, check dams, swale enhancement, and silt berms.

## **Existing limits**

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirement	
Baramotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrati		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required	
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
рН (S.U.)	XXX	xxx	6.0	ххх	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	XXX	XXX	XXX	100	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	XXX	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 001: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

Outfall 002: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirements	
Paramotor	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
рН (S.U.)	ххх	xxx	6.0	xxx	xxx	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	xxx	XXX	XXX	100	XXX	ХХХ	1/quarter	Grab
Total Dissolved Solids	XXX	xxx	xxx	Report	XXX	ххх	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	ххх	xxx	xxx	15	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	ххх	xxx	xxx	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

		Effluent Limitations							
Baramatar	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required			
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
Total Chromium	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	

Outfall 004: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Baramotor	Mass Units	s (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Faranieter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
рН (S.U.)	xxx	xxx	6.0	xxx	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	xxx	XXX	xxx	100	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	ххх	XXX	XXX	15	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	xxx	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	xxx	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	xxx	xxx	XXX	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 005: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirements	
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Falameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
рН (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	XXX	XXX	XXX	100	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

		Effluent Limitations							
Baramatar	Mass Units	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required			
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
Oil and Grease	ххх	xxx	xxx	15	xxx	ххх	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Aluminum	ххх	xxx	xxx	5.0	ххх	ххх	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Iron	ХХХ	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Lead	ххх	XXX	xxx	Report	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	

Outfall 006: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

			Effluent L	imitations.			Monitoring Re	quirements
Paramotor	Mass Units (lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
pH (S.U.)	xxx	XXX	6.0	xxx	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	ХХХ	XXX	xxx	100	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	ххх	XXX	xxx	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	ХХХ	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Barium	xxx	XXX	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 007: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

		Effluent Limitations						
Baramatar	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Falameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	XXX	ххх	XXX	100	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirements	
Paramotor	Mass Units (lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Total Dissolved Solids	XXX	xxx	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	xxx	xxx	15	XXX	ххх	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	ХХХ	xxx	xxx	5.0	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Barium	ХХХ	xxx	xxx	Report	XXX	ХХХ	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	ХХХ	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 009: Effective between October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020

		Monitoring Red	quirements					
Paramotor	Mass Units	; (lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Minimum	Daily Maximum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
pH (S.U.)	ххх	xxx	6.0	xxx	xxx	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	ххх	xxx	xxx	100	xxx	ххх	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	xxx	xxx	15	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	ххх	xxx	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	ХХХ	xxx	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab

#### **Development of effluent limitations**

<u>Outfall 001:</u> The effluent sample results from Outfall 001 shows detected results for the pollutants listed in the permit. Since they are still Pollutants of Concern, the current limits will be carried over. Other parameters sampled per the requirement of the renewal application (BOD5, COD, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus) didn't exceed the 100 times of the most stringent criteria (if there is criteria) or 100 mg/l if there no criteria, and therefore, are not pollutants of concern.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0 S	STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Manganese, Total	1.5	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT

<u>**Outfall 002:**</u> The effluent sample results from Outfall 002 shows detected results for the pollutants listed in the permit which indicated they are still pollutants of concern. There were three pollutants for data collection: TDS, Total Chromium, and Total Lead. The sample results show maximum 846 mg/l of TDS concentration, <15 ug/l of Total Chromium (TQL is 4 ug/l), and 15.3 ug/l of Total Lead (most stringent criteria is 2.5 ug/l). Since all of these pollutants were detected and Total Chromium is non-detected above TQL and Total Lead is above most stringent criteria, they are still pollutants of concern and will be continued. The other sampled parameters (BOD5, COD, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus) are not concern at this time.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0 \$	Chapter 95	
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Manganese, Total	1.5	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Chromium, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data
Lead, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data
TDS	Report	Daily Max	To collect Data

<u>Outfall 004:</u> No sample results were provided as there was no discharge through this outfall. No DMR data available for last 12 months. Therefore, existing limits will be carried over.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
pH	6.0 to 9	.0 STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Manganese, Total	1.5	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Lead, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data

<u>Outfall 005</u>: The effluent sample results shows detected results for the pollutants listed in the permit except Total Lead which was non-detect at lab's quantitation limit of 7.1 ug/l (TQL is 1 ug/l). It is still unclear if Total Lead is still a pollutant of concern unless it is tested at or below TQL. All existing parameters will be carried over. The other sampled parameters (BOD5, COD, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus) are not concern at this time.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0	STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Lead, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data

<u>Outfall 006</u>: The effluent sample results shows detected results for the pollutants listed in the permit. The maximum reported concentration for Total Barium was 86.9 ug/l (criteria 2400 ug/l) and for Total Lead was 25.9 ug/l (criteria 2.5 ug/l). They are recommended to be carried over. The other sampled parameters (BOD5, COD, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus) are not concern at this time.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0	STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Lead, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data
Barium, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data

**Outfall 007:** No sample results were provided as there was no discharge through this outfall. No DMR data available for last 12 months. Therefore, existing limits will be carried over.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0	STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Manganese, Total	1.5	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT
Lead, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data
Barium, Total	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data
TDS	Report	Daily Max.	To collect Data

**<u>Outfall 009</u>**: The effluent sample results shows detected results for the pollutants listed in the permit. they are recommended to be carried over.

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Basis
рН	6.0 to 9.0 \$	STD at all times	Chapter 95
TSS	100	Daily Max.	BPJ/ BAT
Oil and Grease	15	Daily Max.	Chapter 95
Aluminum, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ /BAT
Iron, Total	5.0	Daily Max.	BPJ/BAT

#### NPDES Permit No. PA0058211





The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

		Effluent Limitations						
Baramotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Daily Maximum	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	100	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	xxx	XXX	ХХХ	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	ХХХ	XXX	ХХХ	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	ХХХ	XXX	ХХХ	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	ХХХ	XXX	ххх	1.5	xxx	ххх	1/quarter	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 001

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 002, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Red	quirements
Paramotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Falanetei	Average	Average		Daily		Instant.	Measurement	Sample
	Monthly	Weekly	Minimum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Frequency	Туре
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
TSS	ххх	XXX	xxx	100	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Dissolved Solids	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	XXX	15	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Chromium	ххх	XXX	XXX	Report	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	ххх	XXX	XXX	5.0	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	ххх	XXX	xxx	Report	xxx	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 002

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 004, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

		Monitoring Red	quirements					
Baramotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Daily Maximum	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	xxx	xxx	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
TSS	xxx	XXX	xxx	100	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	xxx	15	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	xxx	Report	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 004

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 005, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Red	quirements
Paramotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Falameter	Average	Average		Daily		Instant.	Measurement	Sample
	Monthly	Weekly	Minimum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Frequency	Туре
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	100	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	XXX	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 005

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 006, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

	Effluent Limitations							Monitoring Requirements	
Parameter	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required			
	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Daily Maximum	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	xxx	xxx	9.0	1/quarter	Grab	
TSS	xxx	XXX	xxx	100	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	xxx	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Barium	XXX	XXX	xxx	Report	xxx	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 006

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 007, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

	Effluent Limitations							Monitoring Requirements	
Paramotor	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required			
Falametei	Average	Average		Daily		Instant.	Measurement	Sample	
	Monthly	Weekly	Minimum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Frequency	Туре	
			6.0						
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab	
TSS	ххх	XXX	xxx	100	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Dissolved Solids	xxx	XXX	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Oil and Grease	xxx	XXX	xxx	15	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Aluminum	xxx	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Barium	xxx	XXX	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Iron	ххх	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Lead	XXX	XXX	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	
Total Manganese	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab	

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 007

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

#### Outfall 009, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

		Monitoring Requirements						
Baramatar	Mass Units (Ibs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>			Concentrat	Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required		
Falameter	Average	Average		Daily		Instant.	Measurement	Sample
	Monthly	Weekly	Minimum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Frequency	Туре
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/quarter	Grab
TSS	xxx	XXX	xxx	100	XXX	xxx	1/quarter	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	XXX	15	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Aluminum	XXX	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab
Total Iron	XXX	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 009

Tools and References Used to Develop Permit					
	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment				
	Toxics Management Spreadsheet (see Attachment				
	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)				
	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment				
	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.				
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.				
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.				
	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.				
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.				
	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.				
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.				
	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.				
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.				
	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.				
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.				
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen				
	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges				
	391-2000-008, 10/1997.				
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.				
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.				
	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.				
	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.				
	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.				
	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.				
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.				
	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.				
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.				
	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.				
	Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.				
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.				
	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.				
	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.				
	SOP:				
	Other:				