

Northeast Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type	Renewal
Facility Type	Municipal
Major / Minor	Minor

# NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No.	PA0063878
APS ID	820637
Authorization ID	1256885

### **Applicant and Facility Information**

Applicant Name	Northeastern Schuylkill Joint Municipal Authority	Facility Name	Northeastern Schuylkill Joint Municipal Authority Wastewater Treatment Plant	
Applicant Address	P.O. Box 170, 6 Holly Road	Facility Address	6 Holly Road (T-856)	
	Barnesville, PA 18214-0170		Barnesville, PA 18214-0170	
Applicant Contact	Nathan Shock, Authority Chairman	Facility Contact	Patrick O'Boyle, WWTP Operator	
Applicant Phone	(570) 467-2176	Facility Phone	(215) 256-0042	
Client ID	121066	Site ID	497001	
Ch 94 Load Status		Municipality	Rush Township	
Connection Status	onnection Status No Limitations		Schuylkill	
Date Application Receiv	ved December 24, 2018	EPA Waived?	Yes	
Date Application Accep	ted January 8, 2019	If No, Reason	<u> </u>	
Purpose of Application Renewal of NPDES permit for discharge of treated sewage.				

### Summary of Review

The applicant is requesting the renewal of an NPDES permit to discharge up to 0.245 MGD of treated sewage into Pine Creek, a Cold-Water Fishery, Migratory Fish (CWF, MF) receiving stream in State Water Plan Basin 3-A (Upper Schuylkill River). As per the Department's current existing use list, the receiving stream does not have an existing use classification that is more protective than its designated use. This stream segment is designated as a naturally reproducing trout stream as per PA Fish & Boat Commission. This discharge is not expected to affect public water supplies.

Limitations for pH, CBOD<sub>5</sub>, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and Fecal Coliform are technology-based and carried over from the previous permit. A BPJ-based limitation for Dissolved Oxygen (DO) has been added to the permit.

WQM 7.0 modeling recommended stricter summertime limitations for Ammonia-Nitrogen (6.4 mg/L monthly average, 12.9 mg/L IMAX). The standard 3x multiplier was used to develop the wintertime limitations (19.2 mg/L monthly average, 38.7 mg/L IMAX). These limitations will come into effect three (3) years after the permit effective date (see Part C.II.).

The summertime limitations for Ammonia-Nitrogen from the previously issued permit will be in effect the first three (3) years of the permit. Wintertime limits at three times these previous summertime limits were also added to this permit and will come into effect at the permit effective date.

The previously issued permit did not contain Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limitations since the Wastewater Treatment Plant utilizes ultraviolet light for disinfection. In the event the facility uses chlorine for cleaning purposes or as a back-up disinfection option, an IMAX technology-based limitation 0.98 mg/L has been added to the permit and is to be sampled "daily when discharging" (see requirements under Part C.I.D). The Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Calculation Spreadsheet was used to develop this IMAX limitation.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
х		/s/ Allison Seyfried / Environmental Engineering Specialist	August 6, 2020
х		/s/ Amy M. Bellanca, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	10-21-20

#### Summary of Review

A final Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) exists for the Little Schuylkill River Watershed. The TMDL addresses metals (Iron, Manganese, and Aluminum) associated with acid mine drainage (AMD). The TMDL also addresses siltation. The TMDL load allocations apply to nonpoint sources of pollution; there are no Waste Load Allocations (WLAs) for this facility. Quarterly monitoring requirements for Total Iron, Total Manganese, and Total Aluminum are added to the permit to monitor these pollutants of concern.

The latest DRBC Preliminary Docket No. D-1999-033 CP-3 requires the addition of monitoring/reporting for 85% minimum CBOD<sub>5</sub> Percent Removal at the same monitoring frequency as CBOD<sub>5</sub>, a 1/week CBOD<sub>5</sub> monitoring requirement for the Raw Sewage Influent, and quarterly monitoring/ reporting for Total Dissolved Solids with a 1,000 mg/L limit. The Docket also requires the addition of a wintertime Ammonia-Nitrogen limitation (20 mg/L), which is covered by the Ammonia-Nitrogen limitations recommend by WQM 7.0 modeling.

Per current Standard Operating Procedures for Publicly Owned Treatment Plants, raw sewage influent TSS monitoring/ reporting shall be added to the permit. A monitoring frequency of 1/week has been applied.

Pollutant sampling results submitted with the permit application were entered into the Toxic Screening Analysis Water Quality Pollutants of Concern (TSA) spreadsheet. The highest reported Total Copper concentration was 0.145 mg/L and the highest Total Zinc concentration was 0.261 mg/L. The TSA spreadsheet suggested PENTOX modeling. The most stringent average monthly WQBEL recommended through modeling was 41.778 µg/L for Copper and 357.543 µg/L, which resulted in the TSA spreadsheet recommending the establishment of limits for both. The permittee was given the opportunity to conduct a minimum of 10 additional effluent samples for these parameters. The permittee collected 10 additional samples during March 2020 through May 2020 and provided the results to the Department via letter dated June 3, 2020. These updated results were used to re-run the TSA/PENTOX modeling. The modeling indicated the Copper limits shall be established and the Zinc limits should be reduced to monitoring/reporting.

Therefore, Total Copper limitations were added to the permit and will come into effect three years after the permit effective date. Monitoring/reporting requirements are included in the permit until the limitations come into effect. Quarterly monitoring/reporting for Total Zinc has also been included. The Part C. IV. condition regarding Toxics Reduction Evaluations (TREs) is added to the permit and applies to the Total Copper limitations. The permittee will have the option to accept the implementation of the limitations or to perform site-specific studies to verify or refine the WQBELs.

After the additional samples had already been collected/submitted by the permittee, the Bureau of Clean Water completed a new tool that combines the functions of PENTOX and the Toxic Screening Analysis (TSA) spreadsheet. This new tool is called the Toxics Management Spreadsheet (TMS). This new tool can now be used to develop the WQBELs for toxic pollutants. All sample results for this facility were also modeled with the TMS. The TMS recommended stricter Total Copper limits and monitoring/reporting for Total Zinc, Sulfate (PWS), and Chloride (PWS). Therefore, quarterly monitoring/reporting for Total Zinc, Sulfate (PWS) have been added to this permit to ensure that enough samples are collected for the next permit renewal.

The annual monitoring and reporting for Total Nitrogen, Total Phosphorous, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and Nitrate-Nitrite as N has been updated to quarterly monitoring and reporting in this permit.

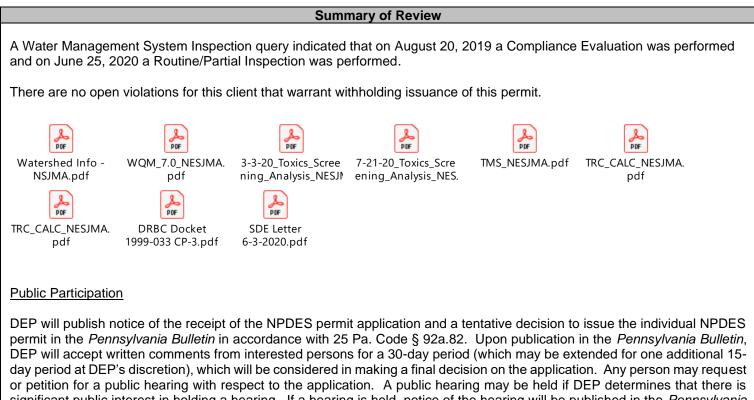
24-hour composite sampling is now required for every pollutant except pH, DO, TRC, and Fecal Coliform.

Monitoring frequencies for all parameters with limitations have been updated to the recommended frequencies found in Table 6-3 of DEP's Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations (Document No. 362-0400-001).

There are no representative stream gages in the vicinity of the outfall and the drainage area at Outfall 001 is too small for USGS StreamStats to estimate accurate low flow values. Therefore, the default Low Flow Yield (LFY) of 0.1 cfs/mi<sup>2</sup> was chosen to model the discharge. For modeling inputs, RMI values were obtained using the "PA Historic Streams" feature of eMapPA, drainage areas were delineated using USGS's StreamStats Interactive Map, and elevations were obtained using the elevation profile feature of StreamStats.

As per the permittee's Sewage Sludge and Biosolids Supplemental Report forms, sludge is hauled to the Greater Hazelton Joint Sewer Authority in Hazelton, PA by Biros Septic & Drain Cleaning, Inc.

The existing permit expired on August 31, 2019 and the application for renewal was received on time.



significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information				
Outfall No. 001			Design Flow (MGD)	0.245
Latitude 40° 49	9' 1.48'	1	Longitude	-76º 1' 24.47"
Quad Name Del	ano		Quad Code	1237
Wastewater Descrip	otion:	Sewage Effluent		
Receiving Waters	Pine	Creek (CWF, MF)	Stream Code	2269
NHD Com ID	25968	8780	RMI	1.28
Drainage Area	7.52 ı	mi²	Yield (cfs/mi <sup>2</sup> )	0.10
Q7-10 Flow (cfs)	0.752		Q <sub>7-10</sub> Basis	State-wide default
Elevation (ft)	1,017	7	Slope (ft/ft)	
Watershed No.	3-A		Chapter 93 Class.	CWF, MF
Existing Use	-		Existing Use Qualifier	
Exceptions to Use	-		Exceptions to Criteria	
Assessment Status		Non-Attaining Use(s)		
Cause(s) of Impairn	nent	Pathogen		
Source(s) of Impair	ment	Unknown		
TMDL Status		Final	Name Little Schuyl	kill River
Nearest Downstrea	m Publ	ic Water Supply Intake	Pottstown Borough Water Aut	thority
PWS Waters	Schuylk	ill River	Flow at Intake (cfs) -	
PWS RMI 5	57		Distance from Outfall (mi)	~ 73.7

	Trea	atment Facility Summa	iry	
Freatment Facility Na	me: Northeastern Schuylki	II Joint Municipal Authority		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
5418404	10/17/2019			
	Degree of			Avg Annual
Waste Type	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Extended Aeration	Ultraviolet	~ 0.120 (2016 –
				October 2018)
			1	
Hydraulic Capacity (MGD)	Organic Capacity (Ibs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Biosolids Use/Disposa
0.245	490	Not Overloaded	Aerobic Digesters	Hauled

 Outfall No.
 001

 Latitude
 40° 49' 2.00"

## Design Flow (MGD) 0.245 Longitude -76° 1

-76º 1' 23.00"

Wastewater Description: Sewage Effluent

## **Technology-Based Limitations**

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
	25.0	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
	40.0	Average Weekly	-	-
CBOD₅	50.0	IMAX	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
	30.0	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Total Suspended	45.0	Average Weekly	-	-
Solids	60.0	IMAX	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
рН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform (5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	_	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform	.,			
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Dissolved Oxygen	5.0	Minimum	-	BPJ

## Water Quality-Based Limitations

The following limitations were determined through water quality modeling (output files attached):

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Model	
Ammonia-Nitrogen	6.4	Average Monthly		
May 1 - Oct 31	12.9	IMAX	WQM 7.0	
Ammonia-Nitrogen				
Nov 1 - Apr 30	38.7	IMAX		
Total Residual Chlorine	0.98	IMAX	TRC Calculation Spreadsheet	
Total Coppor	0.042	Average Monthly	Toxic Screening Analysis Spreadsheet and	
Total Copper	0.084	Daily Maximum	PENTOX Modeling	
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5) Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Average Monthly		
CBOD5 Minimum % Removal (%)	85%	Minimum Monthly Average	DRBC Docket No. D-1999-033 CP-3	
Total Dissolved Solida	1,000	Average Quarterly		
Total Dissolved Solids	2,000	IMAX		
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Average Monthly	Standard Operating Procedures for Publicly Owned Treatment Plants	
Sulfate			Toxics Management Spreadsheet (TMS) –	
Total Zinc	tal Zinc		ensuring enough samples are collected for	
Chloride	Poport	Average Overtarly	the next permit renewal	
Total Manganese	Report	Average Quarterly		
Total Aluminum			Little Schuylkill River Watershed TMDL	
Total Iron				

## Anti-Backsliding

No limitations were made less stringent.