

Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type
Renewal
NonFacility Type
Municipal
Major / Minor
Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No. **PA0080284**APS ID **598257**

Authorization ID

1432844

Applicant Name	New O	xford MHC, LLC	Facility Name	New Oxford Mobile Home Village	
Applicant Address	524 Me	eadow Avenue Loop	Facility Address	510 Dauberton Drive	
	Banne	r Elk, NC 28604		New Oxford, PA 17350-9073	
Applicant Contact	Matthe	w Raynor	Facility Contact	Fred Walton	
Applicant Phone	(919) 2	270-4831	Facility Phone	(484) 643-0024	
Client ID	25042	1	Site ID	249461	
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Ov	rerloaded	Municipality	Mount Pleasant Township	
Connection Status			County	Adams	
Date Application Rece	eived	March 21, 2023	EPA Waived?	Yes	
Date Application Acce	epted	March 29, 2023	If No, Reason		

Summary of Review

New Oxford MHC, LLC (Permittee) applied to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) for reissuance of its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for New Oxford MHC WWTP. This permit renewal application was received on March 21, 2023. The permit was last reissued on September 24, 2018, authorizing discharge of treated sewage from the existing treatment plant located in Mount Pleasant Borough, Adams County into UNT to South Branch Conewago Creek in watershed 7-F. The permit expires on September 30, 2023.

The average annual design flow and hydraulic design capacity is 0.01885 MGD and the organic loading capacity is 38.0 lbs BOD₅/day. The renewal application indicated the STP receives its 100% from the New Oxford MHC.

The WQM Part II permit No. 0100408 original was issued on 4/13/2001, 0100408 T-1 ownership transfer was issued on 11/17/2006.

Sludge use and disposal description and location(s): N/A because sludge hauling.

Changes from the previous permit: The E. Coli. monitoring and report requirements will add to the proposed permit.

Based on the review outlined in this fact sheet, it is recommended that the permit be drafted. A public notice of the draft permit will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* for public comments for 30 days.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
Х		Hilaryle Hilary H. Le / Environmental Engineering Specialist	August 11, 2023
Х		Maria D. Bebenek for Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	September 19, 2023

Discharge, Receiving	y Water	s and Water Supply Inform	nation				
Outfall No. 001			Design Flow (MGD)	0.01885			
Latitude 39º 51	' 46.80"		Longitude	-77º 5' 14.11"			
Quad Name McS	Sherrys	town	Quad Code	2029			
Wastewater Descrip	otion:	Sewage Effluent					
D ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		med Tributary to South	0. 0.1	00007			
Receiving Waters		h Conewago Creek (WWF)	Stream Code	08827			
NHD Com ID	57473	8655	RMI	1.0			
Drainage Area	0.05 r	ni. ²	Yield (cfs/mi²)	See comments below			
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs)	See c	omments below	Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	See comments below			
Elevation (ft)	554.3	3 at POFU	Slope (ft/ft)				
Watershed No.	7-F		Chapter 93 Class.	WWF			
Existing Use	none		Existing Use Qualifier				
Exceptions to Use			Exceptions to Criteria				
Assessment Status		Attaining Use(s): Aquatic I	 Life and Fish Consumption Non	-attaining use Recreational			
Cause(s) of Impairm	nent	Pathogen					
Source(s) of Impairr	ment	Unknown		_			
TMDL Status		None proposed	Name				
Nearest Downstrear	m Publi	c Water Supply Intake	Wrightsville Boro Water Syste	m York County			
PWS Waters S	Susquel	nanna River	Flow at Intake (cfs)				
PWS RMI 2				Approximate 67.44 miles			

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Drainage Area

The discharge is to UNT to South Branch Conewago Creek at RMI 1.0 miles. A drainage area upstream of the discharge is estimated to be 0.05 mi.², according to USGS PA StreamStats available at https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/.

Streamflow

The nearest USGS Streamgage is 01574000 in Manchester, PA which is approximately 51.5 miles downstream of the discharge point hence is not representative. Moreover, stream flow data collected from USGS StreamStats indicated some parameters are outside of the recommended range for regression analysis to calculate low flows. The drainage area was found to be 512 mi 2 at the gage, Q_{7-10} , and Q_{30-10} values at this gage are 39.2 cfs, and 52.0 cfs. In absence of both Streamgage and StreamStats data, the calculations from previous fact sheet was used. Previous fact sheet indicated the low flow yield for the whole Conewago Creek watershed is 0.077 cfs/mi 2 . The drainage area at the Point of First Use (POFU) was found to be 0.05 mi 2 . The default Q_{1-10} : Q_{7-10} and Q_{30-10} : Q_{7-10} are 0.64 and 1.36, respectively, per 391-2000-007.

Yield = 39.2 cfs/512 mi² = 0.077 cfs/mi² $Q_{7-10} = 0.077$ cfs/mi² * 0.05 mi² = 0.00385 cfs $Q_{30-10} = 0.00385$ cfs * 1.36 = 0.0052 cfs $Q_{1-10} = 0.00385$ cfs * 0.64 = 0.0025 cfs

303d Listed Streams:

The discharge from this facility is in UNT to South Branch Conewago Creek at 1.0 RMI which is attaining its designated uses of Fish Consumption and Aquatic Life but impaired for Recreation use due to pathogens from unknown source. The discharge from this facility is expected not to contribute to the existing impairment.

Public Water Supply

The nearest downstream public water supply intake is for Wrightsville Boro Water Systems in York County on Susquehanna River, approximately 67.44 miles downstream of this discharge. Considering distance and dilution, the discharge is not expected to impact the water supply.

ew Oxtora Mobile Hon				
	Tre	eatment Facility Summar	у	
Treatment Facility Na	me: New Oxford MHC, LL	С		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
0100408 T-1	11/17/2006			
0100408	4/13/2001			
	Degree of			Avg Annual
Waste Type	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD)
		Extended Aeration With		,
Sewage	Tertiary	Solids Removal	Hypochlorite	0.01885
	·	·	·	·
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal
0.01885	38	Not Overloaded	Aerobic Digestion	Other WWTP

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments:

The receiving stream is dry at discharge point. A Point of First Use (POFU) survey was conducted in March 15, 1995 which identified the POFU was approximately 300 m downstream of the then proposed discharge point. Effluent limits will be developed per dry stream guidance (391-2000-014).

The treatment facility consists of the following units:

- · One grease trap
- One bar screen
- Two EQ tanks
- · Three aeration tanks
- · One chlorine contact tank
- One dechlorination
- One dosing tank
- Two sand beds
- One sludge holding tank

Chemical used:

Soda ash is used for pH control at 25 lbs/day. Sodium Hypochlorite is used for disinfection at 4 gpd. Sodium Bisulfite is used for chlorine removal at 4 gpd.

Biosolids:

Liquid sludge is hauled off from site.

Industrial/Commercial Users:

There is no industrial or commercial contributor to the treatment plant.

	Compliance History
Summary of DMRs:	A summary of past 12-month DMRs is presented on pages 5 & 6.
Summary of Inspections:	 8/02/22: Mr. Hoy, DEP Environmental Trainee, conducted a compliance evaluation inspection. There were violations noted during inspection. The field test results were within permit limits. Recommendations were to replace deteriorating tank grates and increase frequency of weeding and raking of the sand beds. 12/3/2020: Mr. Bettinger, DEP Environmental Trainee, conducted an administrative inspection to follow up on a previous Notice of Violation. There were no violations noted
Other Comments:	during inspection. There were two violations against the permittee or applicant.
other comments.	- 8/2/2022- NPDES-Failure to properly operate and maintain all facilities which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance, and failure to collect representative samples.

Other Comments:

Compliance History

DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023)

Parameter	JUN-23	MAY-23	APR-23	MAR-23	FEB-23	JAN-23	DEC-22	NOV-22	OCT-22	SEP-22	AUG-22	JUL-22
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.0080	0.0114	0.0100	0.0095	0.0095	0.0107	0.0130	0.0100	0.0129	0.0084	0.0085	0.0070
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.0114	0.0354	0.0232	0.0167	0.0129	0.0155	0.0385	0.0155	0.0595	0.0345	0.0284	0.0098
pH (S.U.)												
Daily Minimum	7.91	7.38	7.68	7.31	7.43	7.43	6.45	7.52	7.33	7.87	7.75	8.00
pH (S.U.)												
Daily Maximum	8.33	8.28	8.25	8.13	8.14	7.98	8.10	8.21	8.21	8.24	8.41	8.56
DO (mg/L)												
Daily Minimum	8.1	8.9	9.5	5.9	10.5	10.4	6.8	8.9	7.3	7.3	7.9	7.7
TRC (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	0.006	0.006	0.010	0.010	0.007	0.004	0.009	0.006	0.012	0.005	0.005	0.008
TRC (mg/L)												
IMAX	0.050	0.020	0.050	0.060	0.040	0.040	0.050	0.040	0.050	0.050	0.030	0.040
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	3.5	5.1	< 2.9	7.4	< 4.70	< 2.4	< 2.9	< 2.4	< 2.6	< 2.40	< 5.2	< 2.4
TSS (mg/L)		0.50										
Average Monthly	9.0	< 6.50	9.5	3.5	4.5	4.0	4.5	6.0	12.5	3.0	1.5	1.5
Fecal Coliform												
(No./100 ml)	50	10	7	26	< 4	0	< 2	3	< 49	54	24	7
Geometric Mean Fecal Coliform	58	13	/	20	< 4	8	< 2	3	< 49	54	24	/
(No./100 ml)												
IMAX	308	34.5	18	110	16	30	3	5	> 2420	> 2420	579	54
Nitrate-Nitrite (mg/L)	300	34.3	10	110	10	30	3	3	> 2420	> 2420	319	34
Average Quarterly	< 15.40			< 46.40			< 43.40			< 5.60		
Nitrate-Nitrite (lbs)	₹ 13.40			× +0.+0			× 1 3.10			₹ 3.00		
Total Quarterly	< 69.16			< 316.8			< 293			< 31.28		
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	1 00.10			V 0 1 0.0			1200			101.20		
Average Quarterly	< 15.90			< 46.90			< 43.90			< 0.37		
Total Nitrogen (lbs)	1 10.00			1 10.00			1 10.00			1 0.07		
Total Quarterly	< 71.89			< 320.4			< 297			< 34.04		
Total Nitrogen (lbs)												
Total Annual										< 379		
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 0.11	< 0.24	< 0.14	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Quarterly	< 0.16			< 0.10			< 0.10			< 0.10		

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Ammonia (lbs) Total Quarterly	< 1.33	< 6.12	< 0.74	< 0.92	
Ammonia (lbs)				_	
Total Annual				< 5	
TKN (mg/L)					
Average Quarterly	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
TKN (lbs)					
Total Quarterly	< 2.28	< 3.6	< 3.68	< 10.12	
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)					
Average Quarterly	4.20	3.20	2.30	0.45	
Total Phosphorus (lbs)					
Total Quarterly	13.65	21.6	15.64	2.74	
Total Phosphorus (lbs)					
Total Annual				66	

	Development of Effluent Limitations									
Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	0.01885							
Latitude	39º 51' 46.80"	Longitude	-77° 5' 14.11"							
Wastewater D	Description: Sewage Effluent									

Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
pН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

<u>Comments</u>: DEP's guidance document titled "Implementation Guidance for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Drainage Ditches and Swales" or Dry Stream guidance, document ID 391-2000-014 will be used along with TBEL, WQBEL, and BPJ to develop effluent limits.

Dry Stream Guidance Limitations:

Dry stream guidance (391-2000-014, Final April 12, 2008, page 6) indicates advanced treatment is required "For discharges to intermittent and ephemeral streams, drainage channels and swales, and storm sewers, a high degree of treatment is required to compensate for the lack of available assimilative capacity and to minimize the potential for nuisance conditions. Effluent limits will be determined by the regional permit engineer on a case-by-case basis, but for discharges of treated sewage and similar oxygen-consuming wastes, effluent limits should include and be at least as stringent as these, or equivalent:

CBOD₅ – 10 mg/L as monthly average; TSS – 10 mg/L as monthly average; Total N – 5 mg/L as a monthly average; Dissolved oxygen – minimum 6 mg/L at all times; Phosphorus – 0.5 mg/L as a monthly average"

However, the guidance postdates the issuance of the original NPDES permit for this facility. The existing permit doesn't contain limits for TN and Phosphorous. Section I of the 2008 guidance states that the policy is for new or expanded discharges. Since this is not new or expanding the existing limits developed according to Section IV of the 1997 guidance. These limits are as follows:

CBOD₅ and TSS - 10 mg/L as a monthly average; 20 mg/L as IMAX NH₃-N - 3 mg/L as a monthly average; Dissolved oxygen – 3 mg/L or greater, monthly average Bacteria – 200/100 ml summertime; 2000/100 ml wintertime

These values will be compared to TBELS, WQBELs, and BPJ, and most stringent limitations will be applied in the permit.

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet New Oxford Mobile Home Village Water Quality-Based Limitations

NH₃-N:

The attached WQM 7.0 modeling (version 1.1) suggested NH₃-N limit of 1.69 mg/L as monthly average and 3.38 mg/L as instantaneous maximum limit is necessary to protect the water quality of the stream. However, the existing NH₃-N limit of 1.5 mg/L as monthly average and 3.0 mg/L as instantaneous maximum limit during summer are more stringent and will remain in the proposed permit. The winter season limits are calculated by multiplying summer limits by a factor of 3, and average monthly and IMAX limits are 4.5 mg/L and 9.0 mg/L, respectively. The summer limits are more stringent compared to applicable 1997 dry stream guidance. Minimum monitoring frequency will remain 2/month per 362-0400-001 Chapter 6 Page 10.

CBOD₅:

The attached WQM 7.0 modeling (version 1.1) indicates that a monthly average limit of 25.0 mg/L, or secondary treatment, is adequate to protect the water quality of the stream. However, the existing summer limit of 10 mg/L AML is more stringent and will remain in the proposed permit. Dry stream limits are the same as WQM suggested limit. A multiplication factor of 2 will be used to calculate Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) value. Winter limits Minimum monitoring frequency will be 2/month.

Dissolved Oxygen (D.O.):

The D.O. goal is 6.0 mg/L. However, a minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/L is required per 25 Pa. Code § 93.7. It is recommended that this limit be maintained in the proposed permit to ensure the protection of water quality standards. This approach is consistent with DEP's current Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) No. BCW-PMT-033, version 1.9 revised March 22, 2021, and has been applied to other point source dischargers throughout the state.

pH:

The effluent discharge pH should remain above 6.0 and below 9.0 standard units according to 25 Pa. Code § 95.2(1).

Fecal Coliform:

The recent coliform guidance in 25 Pa. Code § 92a.47.(a)(4) requires a summer technology limit of 200/100 ml as a geometric mean and an instantaneous maximum not greater than 1,000/100ml and § 92a.47.(a)(5) requires a winter limit of 2,000/100ml as a geometric mean and an instantaneous maximum not greater than 10,000/100ml.

E. Coli:

As recommended by DEP's SOP No. BCW-PMT-033, version 1.9 revised March 22, 2021, a routine monitoring for E. Coli will be included in the proposed permit under 25 Pa. Code § 92a.61. This requirement applies to all sewage dischargers greater than 0.002 MGD in their new and reissued permits. A monitoring frequency of 1/year will be included in the permit to be consistent with the recommendation from this SOP.

Total Residual Chlorine (TRC):

Based on the attached TRC Excel Spreadsheet calculator, which uses the equations and calculations from the Department's May 1, 2003 Implementation Guidance for Total Residual Chlorine (ID No. 391-2000-015), the facility's discharge must meet a monthly average limit of 0.028 mg/L and an instantaneous maximum limit of 0.092 mg/L for a design flow of 0.01885 MGD. The existing limit of 0.027 mg/L AML & 0.089 mg/L IMAX are more stringent and will remain in the proposed permit. Minimum monitoring frequency will be 1/day. These limits are the same as are in existing permit.

Toxics:

Minor sewage facilities with a design flow less than 0.1 MGD are not required to submit toxic data in application form. Due to the lack of data, toxics monitoring or limit requirement could not be evaluated.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS):

There is no water quality criterion for TSS. The limits of 10 mg/L average monthly and 20 mg/L instantaneous maximum will be placed in the permit based on dry stream guidance as indicated in page 8 of this report. Minimum monitoring frequency remain 2/month.

Stormwater:

There is no known stormwater outfall associated with this facility.

WETT:

Minor facilities and facilities without a formal EPA approved pretreatment program are exempted from WETT.

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet New Oxford Mobile Home Village Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)

The facility is not required to report TDS since reporting TDS is not mandatory for flow less than 0.1 MGD

Total Phosphorus (local):

Phosphorus limitations are based on the Department's Implementation Guidance for Section 96.5 Phosphorus Discharges to Free flowing Streams, dated 10/27/97 (ID No. 391-2000-018). Total phosphorus loading from this discharge would be 8.34×10 mg/L $\times 0.01885$ MGD or 1.57 lbs/day. Using the equation that was documented in EPA's Chesapeake Bay Management Report, Total P @ Y = Total P $\times 0.99^{Y}$, where Y = stream miles to PA-MD line, the actual loading to the critical part of the Susquehanna River would be 0.599 lbs/day at an estimated distance of 95.95 miles. This loading represents 0.599 lbs/day $\div 3,814$ lbs/day or 0.016% of the total phosphorus loading of all discharges in the Lower Susquehanna River Basin. According to the above phosphorus guidance, phosphorus removal will be required if this percentage is $\times 0.25\%$. Therefore, since 0.016% is $\times 0.25\%$, phosphorus limitations will not be required.

Chesapeake Bay Strategy:

According to DEP's Chesapeake Bay Phase II Watershed Implementation Plan (WIP) Wastewater Supplement, this facility is considered a phase 5 non-significant sewage discharger with design flow less than 0.2 MGD but greater than 0.002 MGD. In general, DEP will issue permits for all phase 5 facilities with monitoring and reporting for Total Nitrogen (TN) and Total Phosphorus (TP) throughout the permit term at a frequency no less than annually. Furthermore, DEP's SOP No. BPNPSM-PMT-033 states that in general, at a minimum, monitoring for TN and TP should be included in new and reissued permits for sewage discharges with design flows > 2,000 gpd. At this time, the Department is not requiring a total maximum annual nitrogen or phosphorus loading cap. Ammonia-Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, TN, and TP monitoring is already included in the existing permit and will remain in the proposed renewal.

The quarterly "Monitor & Report" requirements for Ammonia-Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen; and annual calculation "Monitor & Report" for Ammonia-Nitrogen, TN, & TP will remain in the proposed permit.

Antidegradation (93.4):

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing in-stream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High-Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

Anti-Backsliding:

The proposed limits will be as stringent as existing limits; therefore, anti-backsliding is not applied in this permit term.

Class A Wild Trout Fisheries:

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

303(d) Listed Streams:

The discharge from this facility is to a stream segment that is attaining its designated use(s).

WQM 7.0:

The following data were used in the attached computer model (WQM 7.0) of the stream:

Discharge pH
 7.0 (Default)

Discharge Temperature
 Stream pH
 Stream Temperature
 25°C (Default per 391-2000-013)
 (Default per 391-2000-013)
 (Default per 391-2000-013)

The following two nodes were used in modeling:

Node 1: At POFU Unnamed Tributary to South Branch Conewago Creek (08827)

Elevation: 554.3 ft. (USGS)

Drainage Area: 0.05 mi² (USGS StreamStats)

River Mile Index: 1.000 Low Flow Yield: 0.077 cfs/mi² Discharge Flow: 0.01885 MGD

Node 2: At the confluence with S. Branch Conewago Creek (08813)

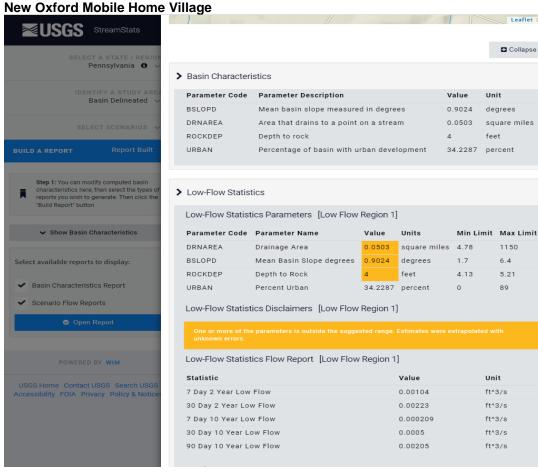
Elevation: 451.2 ft. (USGS)

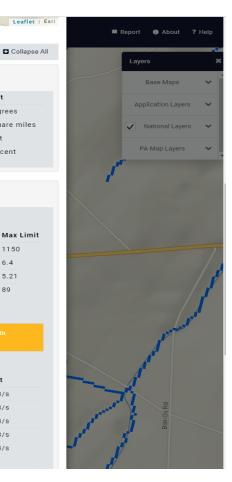
Drainage Area: 0.4 mi² (USGS StreamStats)

River Mile Index: 0.001 Low Flow Yield: 0.077 cfs/mi² Discharge Flow: 0.00 MGD

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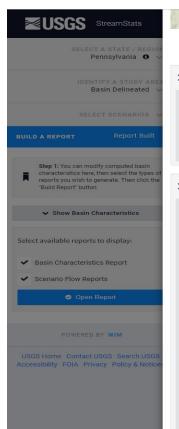


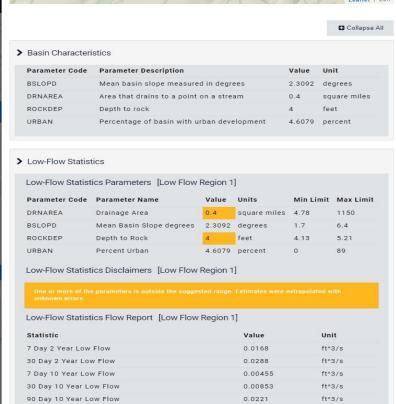
1150

6.4

5.21

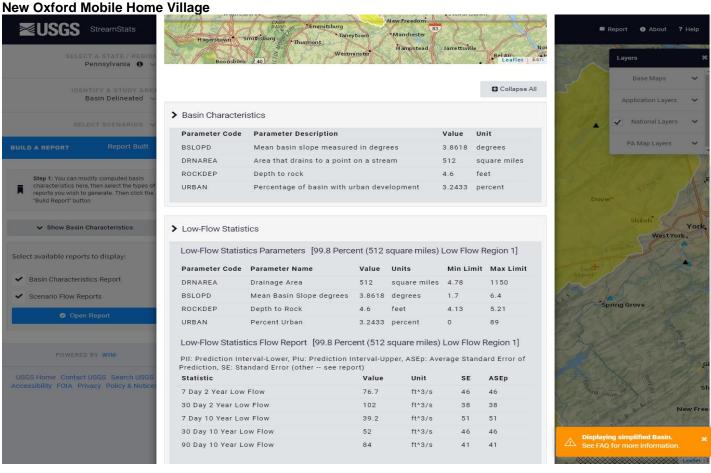
89

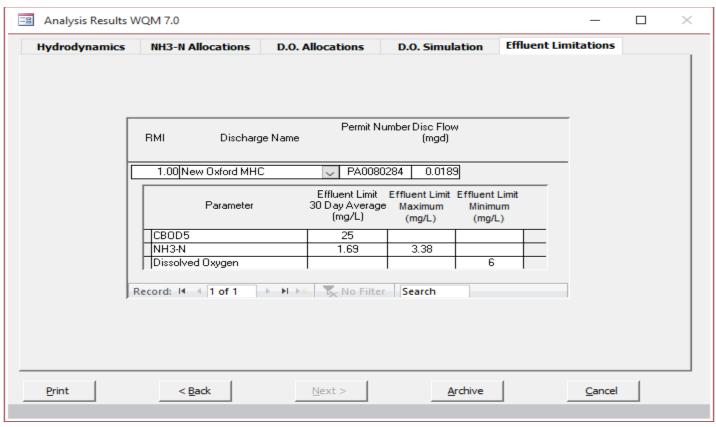




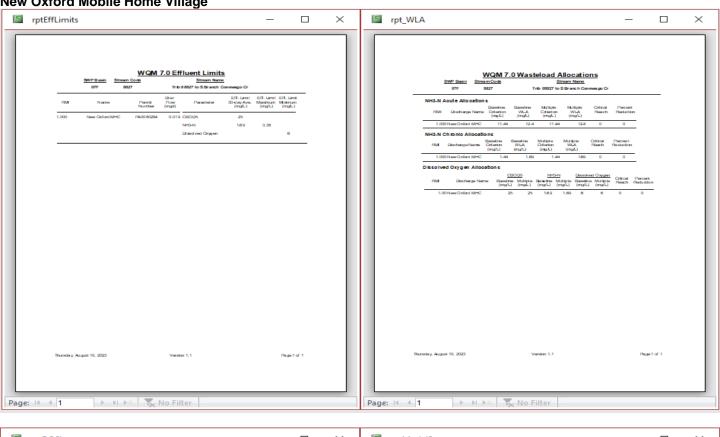


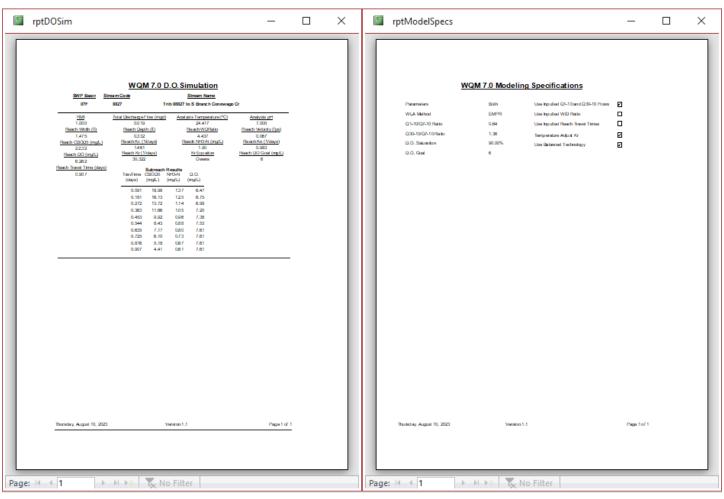
NPDES Permit No. PA0080284



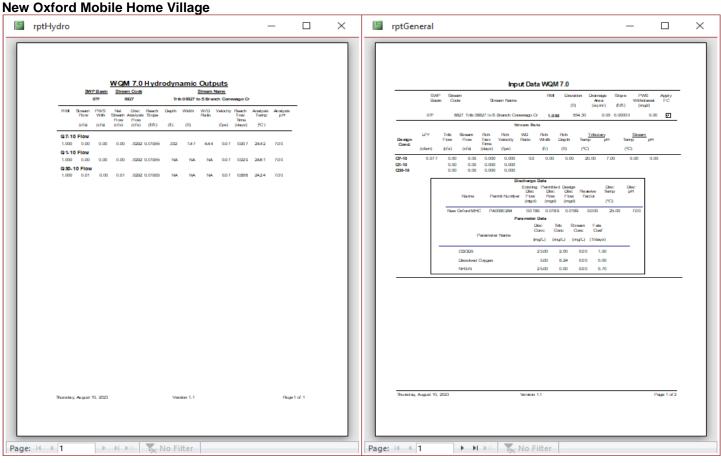


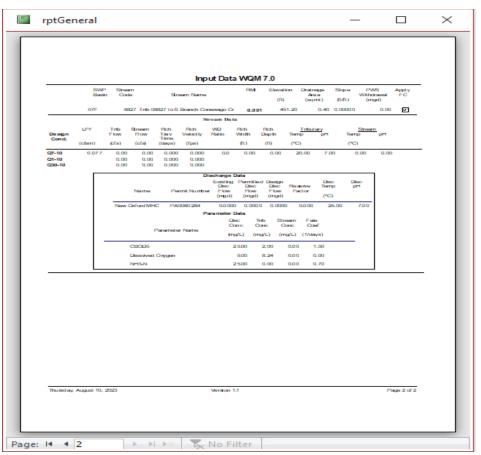
NPDES Permit Fact Sheet New Oxford Mobile Home Village



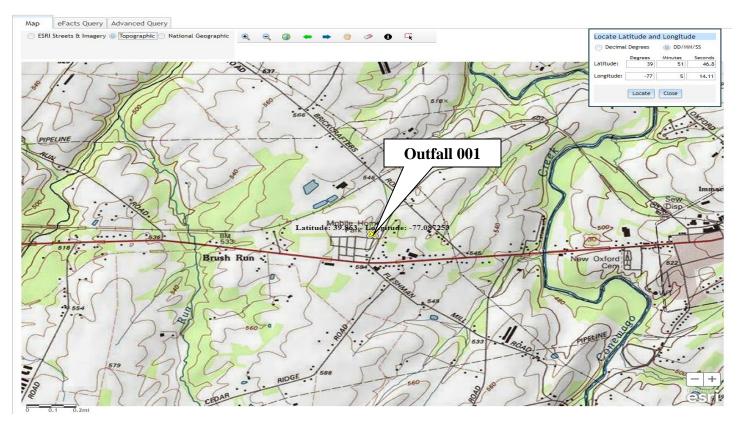


NPDES Permit Fact Sheet





New Oxford Mo		mage			
TRC EVAL	UATION				
		n A3:A9 and D3:D9			
0.00385	= Q stream	n (cfs)	0.5	= CV Daily	
0.01885	= Q discha	arge (MGD)	0.5	= CV Hourly	
30	= no. samp	oles	1	= AFC_Partia	Il Mix Factor
0.3	= Chlorine	Demand of Stream	= CFC_Partia	ıl Mix Factor	
0	= Chlorine	Demand of Discharge	= AFC_Crite	ria Compliance Time (min)	
0.5	= BAT/BPJ	J Value	720	= CFC_Crite	ria Compliance Time (min)
0	= % Facto	r of Safety (FOS)		=Decay Coef	ficient (K)
Source	Reference	AFC Calculations		Reference	CFC Calculations
TRC	1.3.2.iii	WLA afc =	0.061	1.3.2.iii	WLA cfc = 0.052
PENTOXSD TRO		LTAMULT afc =	0.373	5.1c	LTAMULT cfc = 0.581
PENTOXSD TRO	5.1b	LTA_afc=	0.023	5.1d	LTA_cfc = 0.030
Source			nt Limit Calcu		
PENTOXSD TRO			AML MULT =		
PENTOXSD TRO	5.1g		.IMIT (mg/l) =		AFC
		INST MAX L	.IMIT (mg/l) =	0.092	
WLA afc	(.019/e(-k*	AFC_tc)) + [(AFC_Yc*Q	s*.019/Qd*	e(-k*AFC_tc))	
		AFC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-		- "	
LTAMULT afc	EXP((0.5*LN	(cvh^2+1))-2.326*LN(cvh^2	2+1)^0.5)		
LTA_afc	wla_afc*LTA	AMULT_afc			
WLA_cfc		'CFC_tc) + [(CFC_Yc*Qs		(-k*CFC_tc))	
		CFC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-			
LTAMULT_cfc		(cvd^2/no_samples+1))-2.3	326*LN(cvd^2	2/no_samples+1)^0.5)
LTA_cfc	wla_cfc*LTA	AMULI_cfc			
AML MULT	EVD/2 226*I	N((cvd^2/no samples+1)^	0.5) 0.5*! N/-	ud^2/pa_aa	0044))
AVG MON LIMIT		.N((cvd"2/no_samples+1)" PJ,MIN(LTA_afc,LTA_cfc)*		va z/no_sampi	es+1))
INST MAX LIMIT		non_limit/AML_MULT)/L		c)	
INOT MAX CIVIT	1.5 ((aV_II	IOI_IIIIIOAME_MOET //E	.AMOLI_all	-,	
		•			



Existing Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

		Monitoring Requirement						
Parameter	Mass Units (lbs/day) (1)		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required
rarameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Daily Min	XXX	9.0 Daily Max	XXX	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0 Daily Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.027	XXX	0.089	1/day	Grab
CBOD5 May 1 - Oct 31	XXX	XXX	XXX	10.0	XXX	20	2/month	24-Hr Composite
CBOD5 Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	20.0	XXX	40	2/month	24-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	10.0	XXX	20	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	3	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Ammonia Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	4.5	XXX	9	2/month	24-Hr Composite

Existing Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

Chesapeake Bay Requirements

		Effluent Limitations							
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required	
Faranteter	Quarterly	Annual	Monthly	Quarterly Average	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
								24-Hr	
AmmoniaN	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
								24-Hr	
KjeldahlN	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
								24-Hr	
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation	
		·						24-Hr	
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (386-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
Parameter	Mass Units (lbs/day) (1)		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum (2)	Required
	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	9.0 Daily Max	XXX	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.027	XXX	0.089	1/day	Grab
CBOD5 May 1 - Oct 31	XXX	XXX	XXX	10.0	XXX	20.0	2/month	24-Hr Composite
CBOD5 Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	20.0	XXX	40.0	2/month	24-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	10.0	XXX	20.0	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
E. Coli (No./100 ml)	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	1/year	Grab
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	XXX	XXX	XXX	1.5	XXX	3.0	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Ammonia Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	4.5	XXX	9.0	2/month	24-Hr Composite

Compliance Sampling Location:

Other Comments:

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (386-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) (1)		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required
	Quarterly	Annual	Monthly	Quarterly Average	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
								24-Hr
AmmoniaN	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite
								24-Hr
KjeldahlN	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite
								24-Hr
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation
	,	•					<u>'</u>	24-Hr
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite

Compliance Sampling Location:	
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Other Comments:

	Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
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	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment)
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	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 386-2000-020, 10/97.
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	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 386-3200-001, 6/97.
\boxtimes	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
\boxtimes	SOP: BCW-PMT-033
	Other: