

Application Type	Renewal
	Non-
Facility Type	Municipal
Major / Minor	Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No.	PA0080527
APS ID	498753
Authorization ID	1299685

Applicant and Facility Information

Applicant Name	Olivers Upper Lawn Mobile Home Comm		Facility Name	Olivers Upper Lawn MHC
Applicant Address	23 Mockingbird Lane		Facility Address	296 Long Road
	Palmyra, PA 17078-9159		_	Palmyra, PA 17078-8380
Applicant Contact	Steven	Oliver	Facility Contact	Steven Oliver
Applicant Phone	(717) 83	38-6748	Facility Phone	(717) 838-6748
Client ID	214240		Site ID	251028
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Ove	erloaded	Municipality	South Londonderry Township
Connection Status	No Limi	tations	County	Lebanon
Date Application Recei	ved	December 6, 2019	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accepted December 20, 2		December 20, 2019	If No, Reason	
Purpose of Application		NPDES permit renewal for discha	arge of treated sewage	

Summary of Review

1.0 General discussion

This fact sheet supports the re-issuance of an existing NPDES permit for discharge of treated sewage from a wastewater treatment plant that serves Oliver's Mobile Home Community (MHC). Oliver MHC consists of three sections of mobile homes. The original section flows by gravity while the subsequent two sections are served by pump stations. The secondary treatment plant discharges treated sewage to an unnamed tributary to Conewago Creek, which is classified for Trout Stocking (TSF). The facility has an average annual design flow of 0.029 MGD. The existing NPDES permit was issued on June 18, 2015 with an effective date of July 1, 2015 and expiration date of June 30, 2020. The applicant submitted timely NPDES renewal application to the Department and is currently operating under the terms and conditions in the existing permit under administrative extension provisions pending Department action on the renewal application.

A topographic map showing the discharge location is presented in attachment A.

1.1 Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania*

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
х		<i>J. Pascal Kuvedza</i> J. Pascal Kwedza, P.E. / Environmental Engineer	January 10, 2021
x		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	January 25, 2021
х		Maria D. Bebenek, P.E./ Program Manager	January 25, 2021

Summary of Review

Bulletin at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

1.2 Existing Limits and Monitoring Requirements

		Monitoring Requirements						
Discharge	Mass Unit	s (lbs/day)		Concer	Minimum	Required		
Parameter	Monthly Average	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Monthly Average	Daily Maximum	Instantaneous Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (mgd)	Report	Report Daily	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
		Max						
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/Day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	xxx	5.0	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/Day	Grab
TSS	XXX	xxx	XXX	30	XXX	60	2/month	8-hr comp
CBOD ₅	XXX	XXX	XXX	25	xxx	50	2/month	8-hr comp
Ammonia-Nitrogen May 1 - Oct 31	XXX	XXX	XXX	2.5	XXX	5.0	2/month	8-hr comp
Ammonia-Nitrogen Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	7.5	XXX	15.0	2/month	8-hr comp
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	2.0	XXX	4.0	2/month	8-hr comp
Fecal Coliform (5/1 to 9/30) ⁽⁵⁾	XXX	XXX	XXX	200	XXX	XXX	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (10/1 to 4/30)	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000	XXX	XXX	2/month	Grab
Total Phosphorus	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	8-hr comp
Total Phosphorus	177 Annual Total	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/year	Calculate
								8-Hr
Nitrate-Nitrite	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	Composite
Total Nitrogen	ххх	xxx	xxx	Report	xxx	xxx	2/month	Calculation
TKN	xxx	xxx	xxx	Report	XXX	xxx	2/month	8-Hr Composite

1.3 Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Info	ormation	
Outfall No. 001	Design Flow (MGD)	0.029
Latitude <u>40° 13' 36.22"</u>	Longitude	76° 34' 13.42"
Quad Name Elizabethtown	Quad Code	1733
Wastewater Description: Sewage		
Unnormed Tributory to Consurance		
Unnamed Tributary to Conewago Receiving Waters Creek	Stream Code	09281
NHD Com ID 56402687	RMI	1.28
Drainage Area 0.34	 Yield (cfs/mi ²)	0.1
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs) 0.034	Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	USGS
Elevation (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	
Watershed No. 7-G		TSF, MF
Existing Use	Existing Use Qualifier	
Exceptions to Use	Exceptions to Criteria	
Assessment Status Attaining Use(s)		
Cause(s) of Impairment		
Source(s) of Impairment		
TMDL Status Final, 04/09/2001	Name Conewago (Creek Watershed
Background/Ambient Data	Data Source	
pH (SU)		
Temperature (°F)		
Hardness (mg/L)		
Other:		
Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake	Colombia Borough	
PWS Waters Susquehanna River	Flow at Intake (cfs)	
PWS RMI	Distance from Outfall (mi)	>40

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: None

1.31 Public Water Supply Intake

The nearest water supply intake is about 40 miles downstream at Columbia Borough, Lancaster County on the Susquehanna River by the Columbia Water Authority. No impact is expected from this discharge.

2.0 Treatment Facility	Summary			
Treatment Facility Na	me: Oliver MHP			
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
	Degree of			Avg Annual
Waste Type	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Extended Aeration	Hypochlorite	0.029
Ĭ	<u> </u>			
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal
0.029	49.3	Not Overloaded	Aerobic Digestion	Hauled out

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: Refurbished sand filter and replaced sand

Other Comments:

2.1 The Existing Treatment System

The existing treatment plant has two identical treatment trains consisting of a bar screen, aeration tank, clarifier, and open sand filter followed by a common chlorine contact tank and de-chlorination using tablets. The facility was updated in 2015 to upgrade headworks and install a new manhole that directs flow from gravity line and pump station to an EQ tank through the new manhole installed at the treatment plant. A grinder pump is expected to feed the two treatment trains with influent. The comminutor has been eliminated from the treatment process.

2.2 Chemical Additives

The following chemicals are added for treatment. Aluminum sulfate is added for phosphorus removal, Chlorine tablet added for disinfection and sodium bisulfite tablets is added for de-chlorination.

3.0 Compliance History

3.1 DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from December 1, 2019 to November 30, 2020)

Parameter	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20	DEC-19
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.015	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.021	0.020	0.018	0.02	0.023	0.020	0.016	0.014
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.017	0.016	0.024	0.024	0.026	0.023	0.022	0.027	0.027	0.024	0.019	0.016
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	6.42	6.29	6.06	6.04	6.93	6.51	7.17	7.21	7.22	7.52	7.27	7.10
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	7.98	6.54	7.09	6.09	5.77	6.12	5.47	6.85	7.10	8.15	6.61	7.13
TRC (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
TRC (mg/L)												
Instant. Maximum	0.14	0.11	0.16	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.15	0.12	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.20
CBOD5 (mg/L)			0.05		0.40		0.05		7.05	0.40	0.00	40.55
Average Monthly	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.35	< 2.0	< 2.40	< 2.0	< 2.35	< 2.0	7.25	2.40	< 2.20	13.55
TSS (mg/L)								0.50				
Average Monthly	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 6.0	6.50	< 17.50	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml)												
Average Monthly	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.41	< 1.0	< 2.65	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Fecal Coliform	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.41	< 1.0	< 2.05	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
(CFU/100 ml)												
Instant. Maximum	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	2.0	1.0	7.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrate-Nitrite (mg/L)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	2.0	1.0	7.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	\$ 1.0
Average Monthly	34.05	44.25	47.45	31.70	41.25	34.10	32.15	16.30	25.65	27.40	28.2	18.15
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	0.000			00		00	02110					
Average Monthly	35.05	< 45.25	< 48.45	< 32.70	< 42.25	< 35.10	< 33.15	< 17.55	< 26.65	< 28.40	< 29.35	< 19.15
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 0.100	< 0.100	< 1.0	< 0.279	< 0.100	< 0.100	< 0.105	0.411	0.104	< 0.14	< 0.10	0.287
TKN (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.25	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.15	< 1.0
Total Phosphorus												
(mg/L) Aver. Monthly	0.875	1.235	1.05	1.25	1.15	2.15	1.95	1.65	2.0	1.38	0.820	0.945
Total Phosphorus (lbs)												
Total Monthly	3.15	4.03	5.25	6.665	5.95	11.25	8.99	8.82	12.37	6.13	3.255	3.27
Total Phosphorus (lbs)												
Final Effluent 												00.04
Total Annual												82.24

Compliance History

3.2 Effluent Violations for Outfall 001, from: January 1, 2020 To: November 30, 2020

Parameter	Parameter Date		SBC DMR Value		Limit Value	Units
Total Phosphorus	06/30/20	Avg Mo	2.15	mg/L	2.0	mg/L

3.3 Summary of DMRs:

DMR summary of the past 12-month of operation is attached in section 3.1. One DMR violation noted for the past 12 months of operation as shown in section 3.2 above. The violation appears to be one-time occurrence.

3.4 Summary of Inspections:

The facility has been inspected about several times during the permit cycle. The distribution piping for one of the sand filters are broken and was noted as an operation and maintenance violation during plant inspection on 2/4/20.

4.0 Development of Effluent Limitations Outfall No. 001 Design Flow (MGD) .029 Latitude 40° 13' 36.22" Longitude -76° 34' 13.43"

4.1 Basis for Effluent Limitations

Wastewater Description: Sewage Effluent

In general, the Clean Water Act(AWA) requires that the effluent limits for a particular pollutant be the more stringent of either technology-based limits or water quality-based limits. Technology-based limits are set according to the level of treatment that is achievable using available technology. A water quality-based effluent limit is designed to ensure that the water quality standards applicable to a waterbody are being met and may be more stringent than technology-based effluent limits.

4.2 Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
рН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform (5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform (5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform (10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform (10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Comments: Weekly averages are not applicable for this discharge

4.3 Water Quality-Based Limitations

4.3.1 Receiving Stream

The receiving stream is an unnamed tributary of Conewago Creek. According to 25 PA § 93.90, this stream is protected for Trout Stocking (TSF) and Migratory Fishes (MF). It is located in Drainage List O and State Watershed 7-G It has been assigned stream code 09281. According to the Department's *Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report*, this segment of the stream is attaining its designated uses. A TMDL was developed for Conewago Watershed for Total phosphorus and was approved by EPA in 2001. See further discussion under Total Phosphorus section for waste load allocation to this discharge.

4.3.2 Stream flows

Streamflows flows were determined by correlating with the yield of USGS gage station No. 01571500 on Susquehanna River at Harrisburg. The Q₇₋₁₀ and drainage area at the gage is 2610ft³/s and 24100mi² respectively. The resulting yields are as follows:

- $Q_{7-10} = (2610 \text{ft}^3/\text{s})/24100 \text{ mi}^2 = 0.10 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}/\text{ mi}^2$
- Q₃₀₋₁₀ / Q₇₋₁₀ = 1.17
- $Q_{1-10} / Q_{7-10} = 0.95$

The drainage area at discharge taken from the previous permit= 0.34mi²

The Q_{7-10} at discharge = 0.34 mi² x 0.10 ft³/s/mi² = 0.034 ft³/s.

4.3.3 NH₃N Calculations

 $NH_{3}N$ calculations will be based on the Department's Implementation Guidance of Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, dated 11/4/97 (ID No. 391-2000-013). The following data is necessary to determine the instream $NH_{3}N$ criteria used in the attached computer model of the stream:

STP pH	=	6.06 (DMRs median between July-September.)
STP Temp	=	25°C (Default)
Stream pH	=	7.0 (Default)
Stream Temp	=	20°C (Default)
Background NH ₃ N	=	0 mg/l (Assumed)

4.3.4 CBOD₅ & NH₃-N

WQM7.0 is a steady state model that simplifies many natural processes into a reach-by-reach simulation was used for the analysis. The attached result of the WQM 7.0 stream model presented in attachment B indicates an average monthly limit (AML) of 25mg/I CBOD₅ is required to protect the water quality of the stream. This limit is consistent with the existing permit and past DMRs and inspection reports show that the STP has been consistently achieving below this limitation. Therefore, a limit of 25mg/I AML and 50 mg/I IMAX is recommended for this permit cycle.

The attached model results of the WQM 7.0 stream model also indicates that a summer limitation of 4.5 mg/l NH₃-N as a monthly average is necessary to protect the aquatic life from toxicity effects. This limit is less stringent than the existing limit of 2.5mg/l. Due to anti-backsliding restrictions, the existing limit of 2.5mg/l will remain in the permit. Winter limit of 7.5mg/l is 3 times the summer limit.

4.3.5 Dissolved Oxygen

The existing permit contains a limit of 5 mg/l for Dissolved Oxygen (DO). DEP's Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations (362-0400-001, 10/97) suggests that either the adopted minimum stream D.O. criteria for the receiving stream or the effluent level determined through water quality modeling be used for the limit. Since the WQM 7.0 model was run using a minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/l, this limit will be continued in the renewed permit with a daily monitoring requirement per DEP guidance.

4.3.6 Total Suspended Solids(TSS):

There is no water quality criterion for TSS. The existing limit of 30 mg/I AML is based on the minimum level of effluent quality attainable by secondary treatment as defined in 40 CFR 133.102b(1) and 25 PA § 92a.47(a)(1) will remain in the permit.

4.3.7 Total Phosphorus

The limit of 2 mg/l established in the existing permit was for the protection of the Lower Susquehanna River basin has been superseded by the Chesapeake Bay Strategy, but will remain in the permit due to anti-backsliding. This STP was designed to remove phosphorus and contains phosphorus limits in all previous permits. Past DMRs and inspection reports show that the STP is in compliance with effluent levels.

4.3.8 Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL)

A TMDL for the Conewago Creek basin was completed and approved on March 2, 2001 and revised on November 15, 2006. The TMDL allocates a Phosphorus annual load of 177 lbs/yr (Subbasin A) based on the design flow of 0.029 MGD and a concentration of 2 mg/l to this discharge. This allocation has been incorporated into the previous NPDES permits and the facility has been complying with the TMDL limit.

4.3.8 Total Residual Chlorine

The attached TRC results utilizes the equations and calculations as presented in the Department's May 1, 2003 Implementation Guidance for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) (ID No. 391-2000-015) for developing chlorine limitations. The Guidance references Chapter 92a, Section 92a.48 (b) which establishes a standard BAT limit of 0.5 mg/l unless a facility-specific BAT has been developed. The attached results presented in attachment C indicates that a water quality limit of 0.12 mg/l would be needed to prevent toxicity concerns. This is consistent with the existing permit. Past DMRs document that the STP has been capable of achieving well below the limit consistently. Therefore, it is recommended that a TRC limit of 0.12 mg/l monthly average (0.39 mg/l maximum) be applied for this permit cycle. De-chlorination is being used (sodium bisulfite tablets) to comply with the TRC limits.

4.3.9 Toxics

The facility treats mainly domestic sewage, with annual design flow of 0.029MGD. There are no parameters of concern associated with this discharge.

4.3.10 Chesapeake Bay Strategy

The Department formulated a strategy to comply with the EPA and Chesapeake Bay Foundation requirements by reducing point source loadings of Total Nitrogen (TN) and Total Phosphorus (TP). Sewage discharges have been prioritized based on their delivered TN and TP loadings to the Bay. The highest priority (Phases 1, 2, and 3) dischargers will receive annual loading caps based on their design flow on August 29, 2005 and concentrations of 6 mg/l TN and 0.8 mg/l TP. These limits may be achieved through a combination of treatment technology, credits, or offsets if approved by DEP. Phase 4 (0.2 - 0.4mgd) and Phase 5(below 0.2mdg) will be required to monitor and report TN and TP during permit renewal. Any facility in Phases 4 and 5 that undergoes expansion is subjected to cap load right away. This facility is 0.029 mgd plant, classified as a phase 5, and will be required to monitor and report Nitrate-Nitrite as N, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen and Total Nitrogen throughout next permit cycle. Total Phosphorus monitoring is not required since there is a Total phosphorus limitation in the permit. A reduced monitoring frequency of once per month is required for Total Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen to support a reduced monitoring frequency.

5.0 Other Requirements

5.1 Anti-backsliding

Not applicable to this permit

5.2 Stormwater:

No storm water outfall is associated with this facility

5.3 Special Permit Conditions

The permit will contain the following special conditions:

Stormwater Prohibition, Approval Contingencies, Management of collected screenings, slurries, sludges and other solids and Chlorine minimization

5.4 Biosolids Management

Digested sludge is periodically hauled out to Manheim wastewater treatment plant for further treatment.

5.5 Anti-Degradation (93.4)

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

5.6 Class A Wild Trout Fisheries

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

5.7 303d Listed Streams:

The discharge is not located on a 303d listed stream segment. However, the main stem of the Conewago Creek downstream was listed as impaired due to excessive nutrient and sediment loads from agriculture. A TMDL for the Conewago Creek basin was completed and approved on March 2, 2001 and revised on November 15, 2006. The TMDL allocates a Phosphorus annual load of 177 lbs/yr (Subbasin A) based on the design flow of 0.029 MGD and a concentration of 2 mg/l. This allocation was incorporated into the previous NPDES permits and will remain in the permit for the current permit cycle. The facility has no problem meeting the TMDL limitation.

5.8 Basis for Effluent and Surface Water Monitoring

Section 308 of the CWA and federal regulation 40 CFR 122.44(i) require monitoring in permits to determine compliance with effluent limitations. Monitoring may also be required to gather effluent and surface water data to determine if additional effluent limitations are required and/or to monitor effluent impacts on receiving water quality. The permittee is responsible for conducting the monitoring and for reporting results on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).

5.9 Effluent Monitoring Frequency

Monitoring frequencies are based on the nature and effect of the pollutant, as well as a determination of the minimum sampling necessary to adequately monitor the facility's performance. Permittees have the option of taking more frequent samples than are required under the permit. These samples can be used for averaging if they are conducted using EPA-approved test methods (generally found in 40 CFR 136) and if the Method Detection Limits are less than the effluent limits. The sampling location must be after the last treatment unit and prior to discharge to the receiving water. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported on the DMR.

6.0 Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

		Monitoring Re	quirements					
Parameter	Mass Units	; (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrat	Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required		
Falanielei	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	xxx	6.0 Inst Min	xxx	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
DO	xxx	xxx	5.0 Daily Min	xxx	ххх	xxx	1/day	Grab
TRC	ХХХ	XXX	XXX	0.12	ХХХ	0.39	1/day	Grab
CBOD5	XXX	xxx	xxx	25	ххх	50	2/month	8-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	xxx	xxx	30	XXX	60	2/month	8-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	xxx	XXX	XXX	2000	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	xxx	xxx	xxx	200	ххх	1000	2/month	Grab
Nitrate-Nitrite	xxx	xxx	xxx	Report	ххх	xxx	1/month	8-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	ХХХ	ХХХ	1/month	Calculation
Ammonia Nov 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	7.5	XXX	15	2/month	8-Hr Composite
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	xxx	xxx	xxx	2.5	ххх	5	2/month	8-Hr Composite
TKN	ххх	xxx	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/month	8-Hr Composite

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

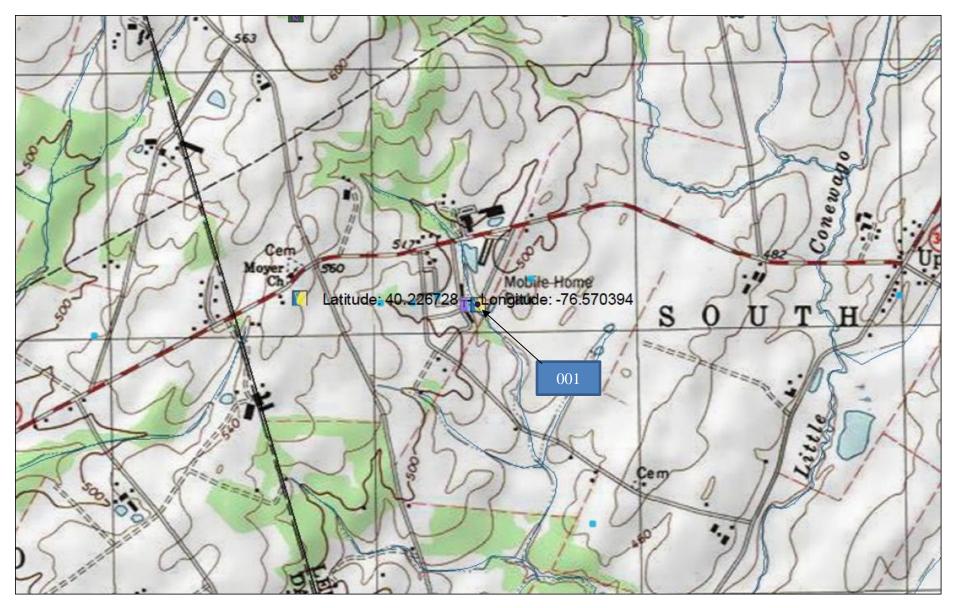
			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units	s (Ibs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
								8-Hr
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	2.0	XXX	4	2/month	Composite
Total Phosphorus (lbs)	Report Total Mo	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/month	Calculation
		177						
Total Phosphorus (lbs)	XXX	Total Annual	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/year	Calculation

Compliance Sampling Location: At Outfall 001

7.0 Tool	s and References Used to Develop Permit
\square	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment B)
	PENTOXSD for Windows Model (see Attachment)
\square	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment C)
	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	Toxics Screening Analysis Spreadsheet (see Attachment
\square	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.
	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
\square	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
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8. Attachments

A. Topographical Map



B. WQM Model Results

		Stream Code		Stream Name	-		
	07G	9281	т	rib 09281 to Conewa	igo Creek		
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limi Minimum (mg/L)
1.280	Olivers MH	P PA0080527	0.029	CBOD5	25		
				NH3-N	4.54	9.08	
				Dissolved Oxygen			5

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	SWI Bas			Stre	am Name		RM			Drainage Area	Slope	PWS Withdra	wal	Apply FC
	07G	92	81 T-b 00	281 10 Cr	onewago Ci	mak	1.28	(f	() 170.00	(sq mi)	(ft/ft)	(mgd	i) 0.00	Ø
	0/0	34		201 20 00	-	ream Dat				0.54	0.00000	,	0.00	
Design Cond.	LFY (cfsm)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tem (°C)		Ter (%		рH	
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.100	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00).00 7.		0.00	0.00	
			Name	Per	Di mit Numbe	Disc	Data Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	d Desig Disc Flow (mgd	Rest		np p	isc pH		
		Oliver	's MHP	PAG	080527	0.0290 arameter (0.029	0.02	90 0	.000 2	25.00	6.06		
			1	Parameter		Di Ci	sc Ti and C	onc	tream Conc mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)				
			CBOD5			:	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved NH3-N	Oxygen		:	5.00 25.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
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	SWI Basi			Stre	eam Name		RM	Elev:		Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PW: Withdr (mg	awal	Apply FC
	07G	92	281 Trib 09	9281 to C	onewago C	reek	0.6		, 155.00		0.00000		0.00	¥
					St	ream Da	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY (cfsm)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tem (°C)		Ten (°C		рH	
27-10 21-10 230-10	0.100	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00		,).00 7.0	-	0.00	0.00	
					D	lacharge								
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitt Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc	Rest Fac		np p	isc iH		
					_	0.000		00.00	00 0	0.000 2	5.00	7.00		
					P	arameter D		Trib S	tream	Fate				
				Paramete	r Nam e				Canc mg/L)	Coef (1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

	sw	P Basin	strea	m Code				<u>stream</u>	Name			
		07G	9	281			Trib 0928	81 to Co	newago (Creek		
RMI	Stream Flow	PWS With	Net Stream Flow	Disc Analysis Flow	Reach Slope	Depth	Width	W/D Ratio	Velocity	Reach Trav Time	Analysis Temp	Analysis pH
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(作/作)	(ft)	(ft)		(fps)	(days)	(°C)	
Q7-1	0 Flow											
1.280	0.03	0.00	0.03	.0449	0.00451	.35	3.53	10.08	0.06	0.605	22.84	6.27
Q1-1	0 Flow											
1,280	0.03	0.00	0.03	0449	0.00451	NA	NA	NA	0.06	0.612	22.91	6.26

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WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	V
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.95	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.17	Temperature Adjust Kr	M
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	V
D.O. Goal	5		

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			n Name			0 Wast	am Code	-	
		Creek			Trib 09281		9281		
							5	Acute Allocation	NH3-N
-	Percent Reduction	Critical Reach	fuitiple WLA (mg/L)	1	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Discharge Name	RMI
-	0	0	17.34	8	10.08	17.34	10.08	0 Olivers MHP	1.28
	Percent	Critical	ltiple		Multiple	Baseline	Baseline		
	Reduction		VLA 1g/L)	(m	Criterion (mg/L)	WLA (mg/L)	(mg/L)	Discharge Name	RMI
-	0	0	4.54	1	2.41	4.54	2.41	0 Olivers MHP	
Percent Reduction	Critical I Reach R		e Baselin	_ lultiple	<u>NH3-N</u> Baseline M (mg/L) (r	: <u>BOD5</u> ne Multiple) (m.gL)	<u>c</u>	d Oxygen Alloc	Dissolve RMI
0	0	5		4.54	4.54	5 25		8 Olivers MHP	12

07G 5	am Code 281	<u>Stream Name</u> Trib 09281 to Conewago Creek	i.
RMI 1 1 1.280 Reach Width (ft) 3.534 3.534 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 15.08 15.08 Reach DO (mg/L) 6.398	Total Discharge Flow (mgd 0.029 <u>Reach Depth (ft)</u> 0.350 <u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u> 1.357 <u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u> 25.523	Analysis Temperature (*C) 22.844 <u>Reach WDRatio</u> 10.085 <u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u> 2.58 <u>Kr Equation</u> Owens	Analysis pH 6.269 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.064 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.871 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u> 5
Reach Travel Time (days) 0.605	Subreach TravTime CBOD5 (days) (mg/L)	Results NH3-N D.O. (mg/L) (mg/L)	
	0.060 13.74 0.121 12.51 0.181 11.39 0.242 10.38	2.45 6.88 2.33 7.09 2.21 7.23 2.09 7.35	
	0.302 9.45 0.363 8.61 0.423 7.84	1.99 7.46 1.88 7.56 1.79 7.85	
	0.484 7.14 0.544 6.50 0.605 5.92	1.70 7.73 1.61 7.81 1.53 7.83	

C. TRC Calculations

1A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
2	TRC EVAL	JATION		Enter I	Facility Nan	ne in E3
3	Input appropr	iate values i	n B4:B8 and E4:E7			
4		= Q stream		0.5	= CV Daily	
5		= Q discha			= CV Hourly	
6		= no. samp			= AFC_Partia	
7			Demand of Stream		= CFC_Partia	
8			Demand of Dischar		_	ria Compliance Time (min)
9	0.0	= BAT/BPJ	of Safety (FOS)	120	= CFC_Criter	ria Compliance Time (min) fficient (K)
#	Source	Reference	AFC Calculations		Reference	CFC Calculations
#	TRC	1.3.2.iii	WLA afc =	0.261	1.3.2.iii	WLA cfc = 0.247
#	PENTOXSD TRO	5.1a	LTAMULT afc =	0.373	5.1c	LTAMULT cfc = 0.581
#	PENTOXSD TRO	6 5.1b	LTA_afc=	0.097	5.1d	LTA_cfc = 0.143
#						
#	Source			Limit Cale		
#	PENTOXSD TRO			L MULT =		
#	PENTOXSD TRO	6 5.1g				AFC
#			INST MAX LIMI	1 (mg/l) =	0.391	
	WLA afc	(.019/e(-k*/	AFC_tc)) + [(AFC_Y	c*Qs*.0	19/Qd*e(-k*A	FC_tc))
		+ Xd + (A	.FC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*	*(1-FOS/	100)	
	LTAMULT afc		(cvh^2+1))-2.326*LN((<mark>cvh^2+</mark> 1)	^0.5)	
	LTA_afc	wla_afc*LTA	MULT_afc			
	WLA_cfc	(011/0(-k*)	CFC_tc) + [(CFC_Yc	*Os* 01	1/0d*e(-k*05	ic te))
	MEA_010	•	FC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]'		•	0_00/ /
	LTAMULT_cfc	•	(cvd^2/no_samples+1	•	•	amples+1)^0.5)
	LTA_cfc	wla_cfc*LTA	•			
		•	N((cvd^2/no_samples	· · · ·	•	no_samples+1))
	AVG MON LIMIT	•	PJ,MIN(LTA_afc,LTA_			
	INST MAX LIMIT	1.5°((av_m	on_limit/AML_MULT)/LTAMU	JLI_atc)	