

# Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type

Renewal

Non
Facility Type

Major / Minor

Minor

# NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

 Application No.
 PA0085316

 APS ID
 278773

Authorization ID 1215045

Applicant Name	Fort Heritage Ltd	Facility Name	Fort Heritage Lighthouse Chapel
Applicant Address	1958 Emmitsburg Road	Facility Address	1960 Emmitsburg Road
	Gettysburg, PA 17325-7196		Gettysburg, PA 17325-7196
Applicant Contact	Linwood Kern	Facility Contact	Linwood Kern
Applicant Phone	(717) 334-1577	Facility Phone	(717) 334-1577
Client ID	87408	Site ID	1922
Ch 94 Load Status		Municipality	Cumberland Township
Connection Status		County	Adams
Date Application Recei	ved December 18, 2017	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accepted January 31, 2018		If No, Reason	

## **Summary of Review**

Fort Heritage, LTD has applied to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) for reissuance of its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The permit was issued on October 22, 2012 and became effective on November 1, 2012. The permit authorized discharge of treated sewage from the existing wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) located in Cumberland Township, Adams County to Marsh Creek. The existing permit expiration date was October 31, 2017, and the permit has been administratively extended since that time.

Fort Heritage is a proposed commercial development including a 200-site campground, a 1000-seat amphitheater, an office/lodge, caretaker's residence, and owner's residence. 50 of the 200 campsites will be sewered. This facility will have a hydraulic design capacity of 0.020 MGD. The facility is proposed but not materialized.

Changes from the previous permit: Unit of Fecal Coliform changed from CFU/100 ml to No./100 ml.

Based on the review outline in this fact sheet, it is recommended that the permit be drafted and published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin for public comments for 30 days.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
Х		Hilaryle Hilary H. Le / Environmental Engineering Specialist	December 29, 2020
		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	

ischarge, Receiving	g Waters and Water Supply Infor	mation		
Outfall No. 001 Latitude 39° 47′ 32.00″  Quad Name Fairfield		Design Flow (MGD) Longitude Quad Code		
Wastewater Descri	ption: Sewage Effluent			
Receiving Waters	Marsh Creek	Stream Code	58903	
NHD Com ID	53320722	RMI	6.59 miles	
Drainage Area	68.0 mi. <sup>2</sup>	Yield (cfs/mi²)	0.05	
Q <sub>7-10</sub> Flow (cfs)	3.52	Q <sub>7-10</sub> Basis	USGS StreamStats	
Elevation (ft)		Slope (ft/ft)		
Watershed No.	13-D	Chapter 93 Class.	CWF	
Existing Use		Existing Use Qualifier		
Exceptions to Use		Exceptions to Criteria		
Assessment Status	Attaining Use(s)			
Cause(s) of Impairr	ment			
Source(s) of Impair	ment			
TMDL Status		Name		
Nearest Downstrea	m Public Water Supply Intake	City of Frederick, MD		
PWS Waters _I	Monocacy River	Flow at Intake (cfs)		
PWS RMI	NA	Distance from Outfall (mi)	Approximate 37 miles	

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

#### **Drainage Area:**

The discharge is to Marsh Creek at RMI 6.59 miles. A drainage area upstream of the discharge is estimated to be 68.0 sq.mi, according to USGS PA StreamStats available at <a href="https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/">https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/</a>.

#### Streamflow:

According to StreamStats, the discharge point on Marsh Creek has a  $Q_{7-10}$  of 3.52 cfs and a drainage area of 68.0 mi<sup>2</sup>, which results in a  $Q_{7-10}$  low flow yield of 0.05 cfs/mi<sup>2</sup>. This information is used to obtain a chronic or 30-day ( $Q_{30-10}$ ), and an acute or 1-day ( $Q_{1-10}$ ) exposure stream flow for the discharge point as follows (Guidance No. 391-2000-023):

 $\begin{array}{c} Q_{7\text{-}10} = 3.52 \text{ cfs} \\ \text{Low Flow Yield} = 3.52 \text{ cfs} \, / \, 68.0 \text{ mi}^2 \approx 0.05 \text{ cfs/mi}^2 \\ Q_{30\text{-}10} = 1.36 \, ^* \, 3.52 \text{ cfs} \approx 4.79 \text{ cfs} \\ Q_{1\text{-}10} = 0.64 \, ^* \, 3.52 \text{ cfs} \approx 2.25 \text{ cfs} \end{array}$ 

The resulting dilution ratio (under  $Q_{7-10}$  conditions) is:  $Q_{\text{stream}} / Q_{\text{discharge}} = 3.52 \text{ cfs} / [0.020 \text{ MGD} * (1.55 \text{ cfs/MGD})] = 113.5:1$ 

#### Marsh Creek:

25 Pa Code § 93.9z classifies Marsh Creek as cold-water fishes (CWF) surface water. Based on the 2018 Integrated Report, Marsh Creek (Assessment ID 11487), is not impaired. A TMDL currently does not exist for this stream segment, therefore, no TMDL has been taken into consideration during this review.

#### **Public Water Supply:**

The nearest downstream public water supply intake is the City of Frederick, MD intake on the Monocacy River, approximately 37 miles downstream of this discharge. Considering distance and dilution, the discharge is not expected to impact the water supply.

	Trea	atment Facility Summa	ary	
Treatment Facility Na	me: Fort Heritage Campgro	und		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
Weste Time	Degree of	Drosses Time	Disinfection	Avg Annual
Waste Type Sewage	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD) 0.02
	1			
11 1 1 0 1			T	
Hydraulic Capacity (MGD)	Organic Capacity (lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Biosolids Use/Disposal
0.02				

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: the facility is not built.

The WWTP train is to be as follows:

Grease Trap (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Equalization Tank (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Aeration Tank (3)  $\Rightarrow$  Clarifier (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Chlorine Contact Tank (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Post Aeration Tank (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Dechlorination Tank (1)  $\Rightarrow$  Discharge

An aerated sludge holding tank will be used for solids storage.

	Compliance History				
Summary of DMRs:	Not Applicable.				
Summary of Inspections:	3/12/2018: Mr. Bowen, DEP WQS, conducted a routine partial inspection. Mr. Kern stated that the campground and associated wastewater treatment plant has not been constructed, therefore, submission of discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) is not required.  7/15/2019: Mr. Benham, DEP WQS, conducted compliance evaluation inspection. In a phone conversation at 11:45 AM, Mr. Kern stated that the Fort Heritage Campground had not been built, and the registration for eDMR was not completed.				
Other Comments:	There are two open violations due to failure to use a format or process required by DEP for self-monitoring results and not submitted.				

#### Other Comments:

No compliance history exists since the facility has not yet been constructed.

On 12/7/2020 sent via electronic email to Mr. Linwood Kern, Fort Heritage, LLD NPDES PA0085316, located in Cumberland Township, Adams County: referenced eDMRs registration requirement issue (see the attachment).



PA0085316.eDMRLe tter.12.7.2020 Ft Her

Development of Effluent Limitations				
Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	0.02	
Latitude	39° 46' 43.00"	Longitude	-77º 16' 23.00"	
Wastewater [	Description: Sewage Effluent			

#### **Technology-Based Limitations**

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
pН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 - 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 - 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Comments:

## **Water Quality-Based Limitations**

Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD<sub>5</sub>):

Only the minimum treatment requirements of secondary treatment will be necessary to protect water quality. The existing limits of 25 mg/L average monthly and 50 mg/L instantaneous maximum will remain in the renewal permit. Past DMRs and inspection reports show that the facility has been consistently achieving concentrations under these limits.

#### Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>-N):

 $NH_3$ -N calculations were first based on the Department's Implementation Guidance of Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, dated 11/4/97 (ID No. 391-2000-013). The following data is necessary to determine the in-stream  $NH_3$ -N criteria used in the attached computer model of the stream:

•	Discharge pH	=	7.0	(Default)
•	Discharge Temperature	=	25°C	(Default)
•	Stream pH	=	7.0	(Default)
•	Stream Temperature	=	20°C	(Default for CWF)
•	Background NH₃-N	=	0	(Default)

The model input data and results are attached. The printout of the WQM 7.0 output indicates that at a discharge of 0.020 MGD, limits (rounded according to the NPDES Technical Guidance 362-0400-001) of 25 mg/L NH<sub>3</sub>-N as a monthly average and 50 mg/L NH<sub>3</sub>-N instantaneous maximum are necessary to protect the aquatic life from toxicity effects. However, the model results will not be applied as the permit limits since the dilution provided by the stream is very large (dilution ratio = 113.5:1). As per 391-2000-013, since both the toxicity-based and DO-based ammonia effluent limitations are greater than 15 mg/L, no NH<sub>3</sub>-N limitations are needed for this facility.

#### Total Suspended Solids (TSS):

The existing limits of 30 mg/L average monthly and 60 mg/L instantaneous maximum will remain in the permit based on the minimum level of effluent quality attainable by secondary treatment based on 25 Pa. Code § 92a.47.

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#### Dissolved Oxygen (D.O.):

A minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/L is required per 25 Pa. Code § 93.7. This is consistent with the previous permit and current Department criteria.

#### pH:

The effluent discharge pH should remain above 6 and below 9 standard units according to 25 Pa Code § 95.2(2).

#### Fecal Coliform:

The recent coliform guidance in 25 Pa. Code § 92a.47(a)(4) requires a summer technology limit of 200/100 ml as a geometric mean (average monthly) and not greater than 1,000/100 ml (IMAX) and 25 Pa. Code § 92a.47(a)(5) requires a winter limit of 2,000/100 ml as a geometric mean (average monthly) and not greater than 10,000/100 ml (IMAX), respectively.

#### Total Residual Chlorine (TRC):

Based on the attached TRC Excel Spreadsheet calculator, which uses the equations and calculations from the Department's May 1, 2003 Implementation Guidance for Total Residual Chlorine (ID No. 391-2000-015), the facility's discharge must meet a monthly average limit of 0.05 mg/L and an instantaneous maximum limit of 0.16 mg/L. Based on the DMRs from the past year, the facility has been consistently achieving this limit. Therefore, this limit will remain in the renewal permit

#### Chesapeake Bay Strategy:

This facility falls in Phase 5 of the Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Point Source Implementation Plan. At this time, the Department is not requiring a total maximum annual phosphorus or nitrogen loading cap. The Supplement to Phase II Watershed Implementation Plan states the following:

"For Phase 5 sewage facilities with individual permits (average annual design flow on August 29, 2005 >0.002 MGD and < 0.2 MGD), DEP will issue individual permits with monitoring and reporting for TN and TP throughout the permit term at a frequency no less than annually, unless 1) the facility has already conducted at least two years of nutrient monitoring and 2) a summary of the monitoring results are included in the next permit's fact sheet. If, however, Phase 5 facilities choose to expand, the renewed or amended permits will contain Cap Loads based on the lesser of a) existing TN/TP concentrations at existing average annual flow or b) 7,306 lbs/yr TN and 974 lbs/yr TP."

Total Nitrogen (TN) and Total Phosphorus (TP) "Monitor & Report" requirements will not be necessary since the facility has already satisfied the data criteria of the Chesapeake Bay Strategy

#### Total Phosphorus (TP):

eMAP PA lists the section of Marsh Creek closest to this facility's discharge point as being impaired for nutrients (without a TMDL). As per the previous protection report, an aquatic biologist from the Department concluded from his studies that phosphorus is not currently a problem in this area.

#### Toxic:

This is a minor sewage facility receiving domestic wastewater only and the current application does not require sampling of toxic pollutants (or heavy metals) for those facilities with design flows less than 0.1 MGD. Therefore, no reasonable potential analysis for toxic pollutants has been performed for this permit renewal.

#### Antidegradation (93.4):

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing in-stream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

#### 303d Listed Streams:

This discharge is not located on a 303d listed stream segment.

#### Class A Wild Trout Fisheries:

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

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# **WQM 7.0 Data**:

Node 1: Fort Heritage Outfall 001 on Marsh Creek

Elevation: 446 ft (USGS National Map Viewer)
Drainage Area: 68.0 mi² (USGS PA StreamStats)

River Mile Index: 6.59 (PA DEP eMapPA)

Low Flow Yield: 0.05 cfs/mi<sup>2</sup>

Discharge Flow: 0.020 MGD (NPDES Application)

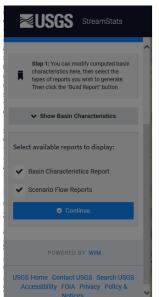
Node 2: Just before confluence of Marsh Creek with Plum Run

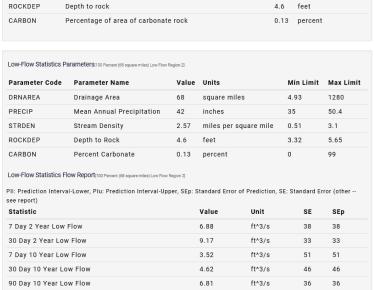
Elevation: 442 ft (USGS National Map Viewer)
Drainage Area: 68.4 mi<sup>2</sup> (USGS PA StreamStats)

River Mile Index: 5.80 (PA DEP eMapPA)

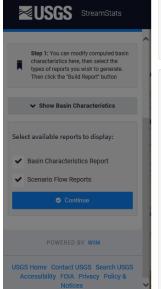
Low Flow Yield: 0.05 cfs/mi<sup>2</sup> Discharge Flow: 0.000 MGD

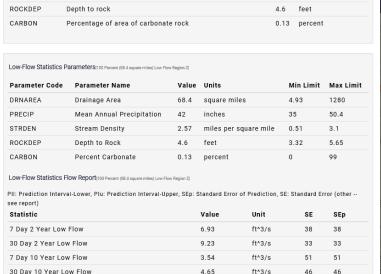
STRDEN





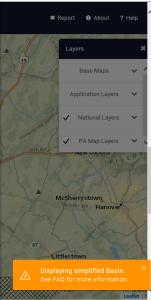




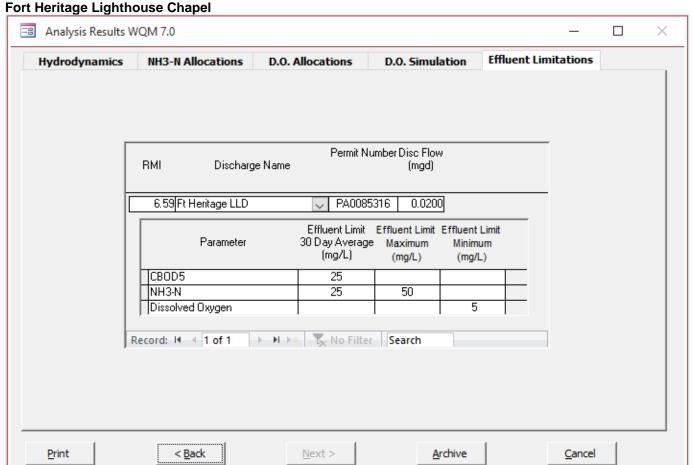


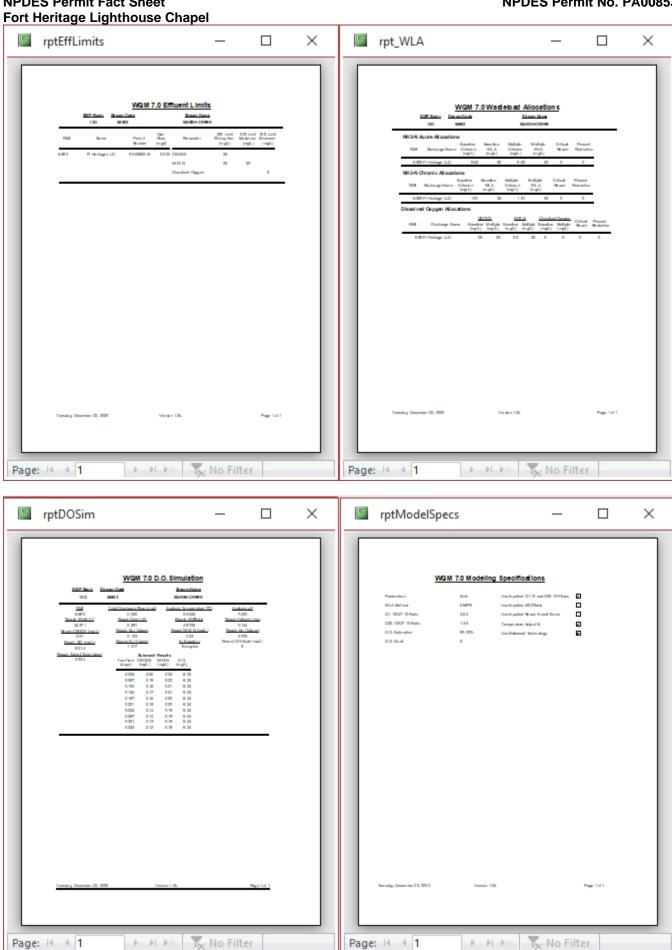
Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage 2.57

miles per square

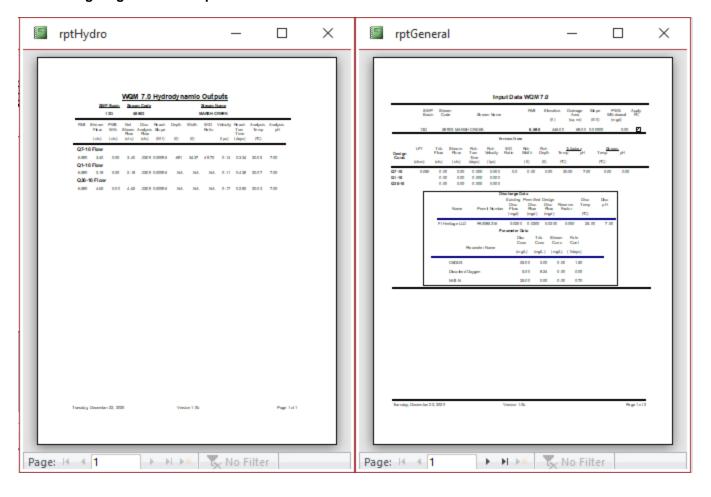


Fort Heritage L		пареі				
TRC EVAL	UATION					
Input appropri	ate values ir	n A3:A9 and D3:D9				
3.52	= Q stream	n (cfs)	0.5	= CV Daily		
0.02	= Q discha	arge (MGD)	0.5	= CV Hourly		
30 = no. samples			1	= AFC_Partia	al Mix Factor	
0.3	= Chlorine	Demand of Stream	1	= CFC_Partia	al Mix Factor	
(	= Chlorine	Demand of Discharge	15	= AFC_Crite	ria Compliance Time (min)	
0.5	= BAT/BP.	l Value			ria Compliance Time (min)	
(	= % Facto	r of Safety (FOS)		=Decay Coef	fficient (K)	
Source	Reference	AFC Calculations		Reference	CFC Calculations	
TRC	1.3.2.iii	WLA afc =	36.311	1.3.2.iii	WLA cfc = 35.393	
PENTOXSD TRO	5.1a	LTAMULT afc =	0.373	5.1c	LTAMULT cfc = 0.581	
PENTOXSD TRO	<b>5.1b</b>	LTA_afc=	13.530	5.1d	LTA_cfc = 20.576	
Source		Effluer	nt Limit Calcu	lations		
PENTOXSD TRO	3 5.1f		AML MULT =	1.231		
PENTOXSD TRO	3 5.1g		IMIT (mg/l) =		BAT/BPJ	
		INST MAX L	.IMIT (mg/l) =	1.635		
WLA afc		'AFC_tc)) + [(AFC_Yc*Q AFC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-		e(-k*AFC_tc))		
LTAMULT afc	EXP((0.5*LN	(cvh^2+1))-2.326*LN(cvh^2	2+1)^0.5)			
LTA_afc	wla_afc*LTA	AMULT_afc				
WLA_cfc (.011/e(-k*CFC_tc) + [(CFC_Yc*Qs*.011/Qd*e(-k*CFC_tc) ) + Xd + (CFC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-FOS/100)						
LTAMULT_cfc EXP((0.5*LN(cvd^2/no_samples+1))-2.326*LN(cvd^2/no_samples+1)^0.5)						
LTA_cfc	wla_cfc*LTA	AMULT_cfc				
AML MULT	AML MULT EXP(2.326*LN((cvd^2/no_samples+1)^0.5)-0.5*LN(cvd^2/no_samples+1))					
AVG MON LIMIT	MIN(BAT_B	PJ,MIN(LTA_afc,LTA_cfc)*	AML_MULT)			
INST MAX LIMIT	1.5*((av_m	non_limit/AML_MULT)/L1	AMULT_afe	c)		
				c)		

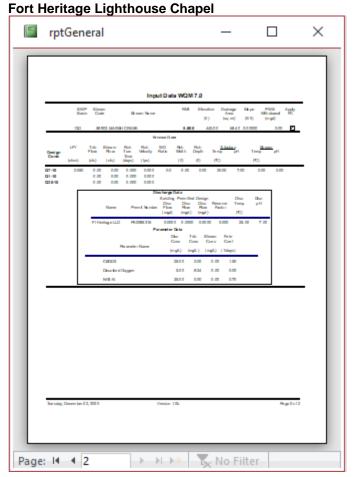




# NPDES Permit Fact Sheet Fort Heritage Lighthouse Chapel



# NPDES Permit Fact Sheet



# **Existing Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements**

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Red	quirements
Parameter	Mass Unit	Mass Units (lbs/day) (1) Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required	
r ai ainetei	Total Monthly	Total Annual	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.50	XXX	1.63	1/day	Grab
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	XXX	XXX	XXX	25	XXX	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	30	XXX	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
Nitrate-Nitrite	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation
TKN	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite

## **Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements**

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

# Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum <sup>(2)</sup>	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.50	XXX	1.63	1/day	Grab
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	XXX	XXX	XXX	25	XXX	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	30	XXX	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
Nitrate-Nitrite	Report Total Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report Total Qrtly	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation
TKN	Report Total Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	Report Total Qrtly	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	Report Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite

Compliance Sampling Location:

Other Comments:

	Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
	WOM for Windows Model (one Attachment
	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment )
	PENTOXSD for Windows Model (see Attachment )
	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment )
	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment )
	Toxics Screening Analysis Spreadsheet (see Attachment )
	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.
	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
$\boxtimes$	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 391-2000-007, 6/2004.
	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 391-2000-008, 10/1997.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.
	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.
	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.
	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.
	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.
	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.
	Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.
	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
	SOP:
	Other: