

Application Type	Renewal
	Non-
Facility Type	Municipal
Major / Minor	Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No.	PA0228184
APS ID	999770
Authorization ID	1284527

Applicant and Facility Information

Applicant Name	J&D Campground	Facility Name	J & D Campground
Applicant Address	973 Southern Drive	Facility Address	973 Southern Drive
	Catawissa, PA 17820-8409		Catawissa, PA 17820-8409
Applicant Contact	Barbara Jones	Facility Contact	John Bauer
Applicant Phone	n/a	Facility Phone	570-784-1653
Client ID	65870	Site ID	254977
Ch 94 Load Status	n/a	Municipality	Franklin Township
Connection Status		County	Columbia
Date Application Receiv	vedAugust 14, 2019	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accep	ted August 21, 2020	If No, Reason	
Purpose of Application	Renewal if existing NPDES permit.		

Summary of Review

The above facility has submitted an NPDES renewal application for an existing discharge. The facility is an extended aeration package plant (extended air, clarification, chlorine disinfection with de-chlorination) that serves a campsite, comfort stations, a park office and laundry facilities. The facility operates seasonally (typically May through September) during the camping season.

All of the Department's applicable Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) were followed during this review, unless otherwise specified. Based on the following review, it is recommended a draft permit be sent out for the public participation detailed below.

Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
х		<i>Chad A. Fabian</i> Chad A. Fabian / Project Manager	June 4, 2020
х		Nicholas W. Hartrauft, P.E. Nicholas W. Hartranft, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	June 5, 2020

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information				
Outfall No. 001			Design Flow (MGD)	0.02
Latitude 40° 54	4' 15.2	0"	Longitude	76° 30' 23.90"
Quad Name Dar	nville		Quad Code	1133
Wastewater Descrip	otion:	Sewage from campground	d facilities	
Receiving Waters	Roari	ng Creek	Stream Code	27450
NHD Com ID	65642	2441	RMI	4.6
Drainage Area	47		Yield (cfs/mi ²)	0.091
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs)	4.3		Q7-10 Basis	USGS Streamstats
Elevation (ft)	560		Slope (ft/ft)	n/a
Watershed No.	5-E		Chapter 93 Class.	TSF
Existing Use	TSF		Existing Use Qualifier	n/a
Exceptions to Use	None		Exceptions to Criteria	None
Assessment Status		Impaired		
Cause(s) of Impairn	nent	Pathogens		
Source(s) of Impair	ment	Source Unknown		
TMDL Status		Pending	Name	
Nearest Downstream	m Publ	ic Water Supply Intake	Approximately 9 miles downs River	tream on Susquehanna

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: None

Compliance History			
Summary of DMRs:	The facility utilizes the Department's eDMR system. There have been no effluent violations in the past year.		
Summary of Inspections:	The Department most recent field inspection occurred on 1/22/2020. No violations were noted during the inspection.		

Development of Effluent Limitations

Outfall No.	001		Design Flow (MGD)	.02
Latitude	40º 54' 15.20	n	Longitude	-76º 30' 23.90"
Wastewater De	escription:	Sewage Effluent		

Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
рН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Water Quality-Based Limitations

No "Reasonable Potential Analysis" was performed for toxics since they are not expected to be present in the wastewater.

The Department's WQM7.0 model allows the Department to evaluate point source discharges of dissolved oxygen (DO), carbonaceous BOD (CBOD₅), and ammonia-nitrogen (NH₃-N) into free-flowing streams and rivers. To accomplish this, the model simulates two basic processes: the mixing and degradation of NH₃-N in the stream and the mixing and consumption of DO in the stream due to the degradation of CBOD₅ and NH₃-N. WQM7.0 modeling was performed (see attached recommended limits from the model) for the discharge to Roaring Creek and showed that the existing limitations are protective of water quality standards. No water quality limitation was triggered for ammonia but 1/quarter monitoring has been required in the existing permit due to lack of previous testing. A review of the eDMR ammonia results shows that the highest effluent level was 0.29 mg/l. Based on the results, it is recommended that monitoring and reporting for ammonia be removed.

The chlorine demand spreadsheet (see attached) was run and showed that the above technology standard is protective of the stream.

Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) Limitations

None

Anti-Backsliding

There is no proposal to relax any effluent limitation within the proposed draft permit.

Existing and Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

	Effluent Limitations					Monitoring Requirements		
Parameter	Mass Units (Ibs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)			Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required	
	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
рН (S.U.)	XXX	xxx	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
DO	ххх	xxx	Report Daily Min	xxx	xxx	xxx	1/day	Grab
TRC	ххх	ххх	ххх	0.5	XXX	1.6	1/day	Grab
CBOD5	ХХХ	ххх	ХХХ	25	XXX	50	2/month	Grab
TSS	ххх	xxx	XXX	30	xxx	60	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	xxx	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: 001

Other Comments: As discussed above, 1/quarter monitoring for ammonia is no longer required.

It is recommended the permit be drafted.