

Application Type Renewal
Facility Type Municipal
Major / Minor Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

 Application No.
 PA0246654

 APS ID
 365044

 Authorization ID
 1247766

Applicant and Facility Information

Applicant Name	Centre	Township Municipal Authority	Facility Name	Hillcrest Estates STP
Applicant Address	449 Bu	cks Hill Road	Facility Address	739b Boar Road
	Mohrsv	ille, PA 19541-9340		Mohrsville, PA 19541
Applicant Contact	David F	Phillips	Facility Contact	David Phillips
Applicant Phone	(610) 9	26-8833	Facility Phone	(610) 926-8833
Client ID	93104		Site ID	547955
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Ov	erloaded	Municipality	Centre Township
Connection Status	No Exc	eptions Allowed	County	Berks
Date Application Receiv	ved	September 27, 2018	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Accep	Ccepted October 16, 2018		If No, Reason	
Purpose of Application		NPDES permit renewal for discharg	je of treated sewage	

Summary of Review

1.0 General Discussion

This fact sheet supports the re-issuance of an existing NPDES permit for discharge of treated domestic wastewater from Centre Township Municipal Authority(Authority)-Hillcrest wastewater treatment plant. The Authority owns, operates, and maintains the wastewater treatment plant. The facility is located in Centre Township, Berks County and serves Centre Township. The sewer collection system is not combined and there is no bypasses or overflows approved in the collection system. There is no pump station within the collection system, sewage flow to the treatment plant by gravity. The treatment plant is an extended aeration facility with a hydraulic design capacity of 0.025 MGD and an organic design capacity of 50.04 lbs/day- BOD₅ The discharge goes to unnamed tributary(UNT) to UNT to Irish Creek, which is classified for Warm Water Fishery(WWF). The existing NPDES permit was issued on March 6, 2014 with an effective date of April 1, 2014 and expiration date of March 31, 2019. The applicant submitted a timely NPDES renewal application to the Department and is currently operating under the terms and conditions in the existing permit under administrative extension provisions pending DEP action on the renewal application. A topographic map showing the discharge location is presented in attachment A.

1.1 Sludge use and disposal description and location(s)

Sludge is wasted to a holding tank and hauled off site periodically to Exeter Township wastewater treatment plant for further processing and disposal.

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
		A. Dascal Kuedza	
Х		J. Pascal Kwedza, P.E. / Environmental Engineer	February 21, 2021
		Mania D. Beheuek Ion Daviel III Mantiu	
х		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	February 26, 2021
		Maria D. Behenek	
х		Maria D. Bebenek, P.E. / Program Manager	February 26, 2021

Summary of Review

1.2 Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

1.3 Changes to the existing permit

- Effluent sample type has been changed from 8-Hr composite to 24-Hr composite for consistency with influent sample type in the permit. Inspection report indicated the facility has capability and is currently set up for 24-Hr sample collection.
- Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus sample type has been changed from grab to 24-Hr composite as well.
- Instantaneous maximum was recalculated for Ammonia.

1.3.1 Existing Permit Limits and Monitoring Requirements

	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS								
	Mass Units lbs/day Concentrations mg/l								
Discharge Parameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Maximum Daily	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Maximum Daily	Inst. Maximum	Monitoring Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (mgd)	Monitor & Report	XXX	Monitor & Report	xxx	XXX	xxx	xxx	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	xxx	XXX	xxx		From 6.0	to 9.0 inclusive	9	1/day	Grab
D.O.	xxx	xxx	XXX	Μ	linimum of 5	.0 mg/l at all ti	mes	1/day	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine	xxx	xxx	xxx	0.16	xxx	xxx	0.52	1/day	Grab
TSS	6.26	XXX	XXX	30	XXX	xxx	60	2/month	8-hour comp
CBOD₅	5.21	XXX	XXX	25	XXX	xxx	50	2/month	8-hour comp
Ammonia Nov 1 - Apr 30	1.8	XXX	XXX	9	XXX	xxx	19	2/month	8-hour comp
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	0.63	XXX	XXX	3.0	XXX	xxx	6.5	2/month	8-hour comp
Fecal Col. (5/1 to 9/30)	XXX	XXX	XXX	200	XXX	xxx	1,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Col. (10/1 to 4/30)	xxx	XXX	XXX	2000	xxx	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	xxx	XXX	1/year	Grab
Total Nitrogen	xxx	xxx	XXX	Report	xxx	xxx	xxx	1/year	Grab

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information							
Outfall No. 001		Design Flow (MGD)	0.025				
Latitude <u>40° 26' 26.</u>	00"	Longitude	76° 0' 33.00"				
Quad Name Bernville		Quad Code	1537				
Wastewater Description:	Sewage						
Receiving Waters Unn	amed Tributary of Irish Creek	Stream Code	02157				
NHD Com ID 2596	62112	RMI	0.5				
Drainage Area 0.19	sq.mi.	Yield (cfs/mi ²)	0.23				
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs) 0.04	.4	Q7-10 Basis	USGS gage Station				
Elevation (ft) 365		Slope (ft/ft)					
Watershed No. <u>3-B</u>		Chapter 93 Class.	WWF				
Existing Use		Existing Use Qualifier					
Exceptions to Use		Exceptions to Criteria					
Assessment Status	Impaired for Aquatic Life						
Cause(s) of Impairment	Siltation						
Source(s) of Impairment	Erosion						
TMDL Status	Tentative	Name Irish Creek	TMDL (for Sedimentation)				
Background/Ambient Data	a * D	Data Source					
pH (SU)							
Temperature (°F)							
Hardness (mg/L)							
Other:							
Nearest Downstream Pub	blic Water Supply Intake	Borough of Pottstown Water a	and Sewer Authority				
PWS Waters _Schuyl	kill River	Flow at Intake (cfs)					
PWS RMI		Distance from Outfall (mi)	>35 miles				
			200 111103				

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

1.4.1 Water Supply Intake

The nearest downstream water supply intake is approximately 35 miles downstream by Borough of Pottstown Water and Sewer Authority on Schuylkill River in West Pottsgrove Township, Chester County. No impact is expected from this discharge.

Treatment Facility Summary

Treatment Facility Na	me: Centre Township Ma-	Hillcrest Estates STP		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
0602405	8/2002			
Waste Type	Degree of Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Avg Annual Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Extended Aeration	Chlorine With De- chlorination	0.025
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal
0.025	50	Existing Organic Overload	Aerobic Digestion	Landfill

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

2.1 Facility description

The treatment system consists of a manual bar screen, an aerated equalization (EQ) tank with 2 submersible pumps, 1 anoxic tank and 2 aeration tank and 2 clarification tanks, 1 chlorine contact tank with de-chlorination, post-aeration chamber, and a sludge holding tank. Ultrasonic flow meter is used for measuring effluent.

2.2 Chemicals

- Lime is used for pH adjustment
- Calcium hypochlorite (CaOCl)₂ is used for disinfection.
- Sodium bisulfite for de-chlorination

3.0 Compliance History

3.1 DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020)

Parameter	DEC-20	NOV-20	OCT-20	SEP-20	AUG-20	JUL-20	JUN-20	MAY-20	APR-20	MAR-20	FEB-20	JAN-20
Flow (MGD)			0.00978									
Average Monthly	0.0136	0.01216	8	0.00778	0.01072	0.00753	0.00807	0.00921	0.01176	0.01081	0.00996	0.0113
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.04986	0.02821	0.01843	0.01397	0.06466	0.01374	0.01368	0.0161	0.02002	0.02785	0.01782	0.04607
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	6.69	6.93	7.07	6.85	6.7	6.85	6.9	6.43	6.99	6.71	6.88	6.68
pH (S.U.)												
Maximum	7.89	7.85	7.73	7.74	7.52	7.83	7.96	8.18	7.82	7.63	7.71	7.8
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	6.2	5.35	6.34	6.02	5.03	7.75	5.36	7.06	5.46	6.3	6.42	7.36
TRC (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	0.04	< 0.03	0.03	0.04	0.07	< 0.03	0.04	< 0.03	0.06	< 0.03	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRC (mg/L)												
Instant. Maximum	0.07	0.06	0.19	0.18	0.33	0.07	0.17	0.07	0.33	0.07	0.34	0.13
CBOD5 (lbs/day)					o 40							4.00
Average Monthly	0.20	< 0.20	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.40	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	0.30	0.30	0.20	1.00
CBOD5 (mg/L)											<u> </u>	
Average Monthly	2.7	< 3	< 2.7	< 2	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2.1	3.1	4	3.5	6.9
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent	0	10	7	0	10	20	0	0	10	44	0	50
	9	10	/	6	10	20	8	9	18	11	9	50
BOD5 (IDS/day)												
chr/s Daily Maximum	10	12	7	Q	16	21	Q	12	10	12	10	05
	10	15	/	0	10	51	0	12	19	15	10	90
BODS (IIIg/L) Raw Sawaga Influent												
<pre>chr/> Ave Monthly</pre>	105	107	123	92.1	146.8	436	125	159	220	150	155	193
TSS (lbs/day)	100	107	120	52.1	140.0		120	100	220	100	100	100
Average Monthly	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.20	< 0.30	< 0.60	< 0.20	< 0.30	< 0.20	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.80
TSS (lbs/day)	4 01 10	4 01 10	0.20	4 0100	10.00	0.20	4 0100	4 01.20		10.00	10.00	. 0.00
Raw Sewage Influent												
<pre> Ave. Monthly</br></pre>	4	8	2	2	9	21	5	3	8	4	48	20
TSS (lbs/day)								-				
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Daily Maximum	5	9	2	2	17	39	7	4	10	5	92	37
TSS (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 4.6	< 4	< 4	< 4	< 5.2	< 4	< 4	< 4	< 4.2	< 4.4	< 5	< 4.4

TSS (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 Ave. Monthly	50	83.8	40	28	135	496.3	71	51	96	58	742	101
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Geometric Mean	< 1	< 1	< 2	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 2	< 15	12	< 1	< 3	134
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Instant. Maximum	1	< 1	3	9	< 1	< 1	3	222	21	2	11	160
Ammonia (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	< 0.008	< 0.01	< 0.005	< 0.007	< 0.10	< 0.008	< 0.007	< 0.20	0.05	< 0.009	< 0.006	< 0.02
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.8	< 0.15	< 0.1	< 2.84	0.68	< 0.13	< 0.1	< 0.11

DMR summary for the past 12-month of operation is attached in section 3.1. No DMR violation noted for the past 12 months of operation. The facility had a history of TRC and Fecal Coliform violations in past but appear to have addressed those violation. Currently, the facility has a compliance record is good.

3.2 Summary of Inspections:

The facility has been inspected several times during the previous permit cycle. No effluent violation noted during plant inspections. Sludge accumulation at outfall 001 up to 50 meters downstream was observed during plant inspection on 10/07/2014.

Development of Effluent Limitations

Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	.025
Latitude	40º 26' 26.00"	Longitude	-76º 0' 33.00"
Wastewater De	escription: Sewage Effluent		

4.1 Basis for Effluent Limitations

In general, the CWA requires that the effluent limits for a particular pollutant be the more stringent of either technologybased limits or water quality-based limits. Technology-based limits are set according to the level of treatment that is achievable using available technology. A water quality-based effluent limit is designed to ensure that the water quality standards applicable to a waterbody are being met and may be more stringent than technology-based effluent limits.

4.1.1 Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
рН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Comments: Weekly average limits for Total Suspended Solids and CBOD₅ are not applicable to this discharge because sampling frequency is less than weekly.

4.2 Mass-Based Limits

The federal regulation at 40 CFR 122.45(f) requires that effluent limits be expressed in terms of mass, if possible. The regulation at 40 CFR 122.45(b) requires that effluent limitations for POTWs be calculated based on the design flow of the facility. The mass-based limits are expressed in pounds per day and are calculated as follows:

Mass based limit (lb/day) = concentration limit (mg/L) × design flow (mgd) × 8.34

4.3 Water Quality-Based Limitations

4.3.1 Receiving Stream

The receiving waterbody is UNT to Irish Creek. According to 25 PA § 93.9f, the UNT is protected for warm water fishes (WWF) It is located in Drainage List F and State Watershed 3-B. The UNT is assigned a stream code 02157. The secondary receiving UNT has a stream code of 02154. According to the Department's Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report, The UNT is impaired for Aquatic life caused by siltation from Agriculture and erosion. Irish Creek Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment was completed and public participation completed in 2012, but the final TMDL approval is tentative. See TMDL Requirement section of the report for further discussion on TMDL and wasteload allocation for this facility.

4.3.2 Stream flows

The Technical Support Document for Water Quality-Based Toxics Control (TSD) (EPA, 1991) and the Pennsylvania Water Quality Standards PA WQS) recommend the flow conditions to use in calculating water quality-based effluent limits (WQBELs) using steady-state modeling. The TSD and the PA WQS state that WQBELs intended to protect aquatic life uses should be based on the lowest seven-day average flow rate expected to occur once every ten years (Q_{7-10}) for chronic criteria and the lowest one-day average flow rate expected to occur once every ten years (Q_{1-10}) for acute criteria. However, because the chronic criterion for ammonia is a 30-day average concentration not to be exceeded more than once every three years, EPA has used the Q_{30-10} for the chronic ammonia criterion instead of the Q_{7-10} . The Q_{30-10} is a biologically based design flow intended to ensure an excursion frequency of once every three years for a 30-day average flow rate. These flows were determined by correlating with the yield of USGS gage No. 01470500 on Schuylkill River near Berne. The Q_{7-10} and drainage area at the gage is 82. 3 ft³/s) and 355mi² respectively. The resulting yields are as follows:

- Q₇₋₁₀ = (82.3ft³/s)/355 mi² = 0.23ft³/s/ mi²
- $Q_{30-10} / Q_{7-10} = 1.23$
- $Q_{1-10} / Q_{7-10} = 0.84$

The drainage area at the point of discharge calculated using streamStats = 0.19 mi^2 .

The Q_{7-10} at discharge = 0.19 mi² x 0.23 ft³/s/mi² = 0.044 ft³/s.

4.3.3 NH₃N Calculations

 NH_3N calculations will be based on the Department's Implementation Guidance of Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, dated 11/4/97 (ID No. 391-2000-013). The following data is necessary to determine the instream NH_3N criteria used in the attached model of the stream:

•	Discharge pH	= 7.74 (DMR median)
•	Discharge Temperature	= 25 ° C (Default)
•	Stream pH	= 7.0 (Default)
•	Stream Temperature	= 20 °C (Default)
•	Background NH ₃ -N	= 0.0 (default)

4.3.4 CBOD₅ & NH₃-N

There are no point source discharges closed to this discharge that will interact with it significantly, therefore only this discharge was modelled using WQM 7.0 stream model. The WQM 7.0 stream model results presented in attachment B indicate a limit of 25 mg/l for CBOD₅ is adequate to protect the water quality of the stream. This limit is consistent with the existing permit and the facility has been consistently achieving below this limitation. Therefore, a limit of 25mg/l average monthly limit(AML) and 50 mg/l IMAX is recommended for this permit cycle. Mass limit calculation follows the equation presented in section 4.2.

The attached WQM 7.0 stream model result also indicate a summer limit of 3.5 mg/l for NH₃-N is necessary to protect aquatic life from toxicity effects. The recommended limit is slightly less stringent than the existing limit and will not be written in the permit due to anti-backsliding restrictions. The existing summer limit of 3.0 mg/l NH₃-N as AML and the existing IMAX of 6.5 mg/l was corrected to 6mg/l will remain in the permit in addition to the existing winter limit of 9 mg/l as AML and the existing IMAX of 19 mg/l was corrected to 18 mg/l for consistency with IMAX calculation. The facility discharge is well below these limits. Mass limit calculation follows the equation presented in section 4.2.

4.3.5 Dissolved Oxygen

The existing permit contains a limit of 5 mg/l for Dissolved Oxygen (DO). DEP's Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations (362-0400-001, 10/97) suggests that either the adopted minimum stream D.O. criteria for the receiving stream or the effluent level determined through water quality modeling be used for the limit. Since the WQM 7.0 model was run using a minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/l, this limit will be continued in the renewed permit with a daily monitoring requirement per DEP guidance.

4.3.6 Total Residual Chlorine

The results presented in attachment C utilizes the equations and calculations presented in the Department's May 1, 2003 Implementation Guidance for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) (ID No. 391-2000-015) for developing chlorine limitations. The Guidance References Chapter 92a, Section 92a.48(b) which establishes a standard BAT limit of 0.5 mg/l unless a facility-specific BAT has been developed. The calculation was done with acute PMF of 1 taken from running DEP's Toxic Management Spreadsheet. The attached result indicates that a water quality-based limit of 0.357 mg/l as AML and 1.17 mg/l as IMAX would be needed to prevent toxicity concerns. The recommended limits are less stringent than the existing limits and will not be written in the permit due to ant-backsliding restrictions. The existing limit of 0.16 mg/l as AML and 0.52 mg/l IMAX will remain in the permit. The facility is complying with the limitation.

4.3.7 Toxics

There are no parameters of concern associated with this discharge. Therefore, no reasonable potential analysis was conducted for toxic parameters.

4.3.8 Fecal Coliform

The existing technology Fecal Coliform limit as a geometric mean respectively are adequate and will remain in the permit.

4.3.9 Delaware River Basin Commission (DRBC) Requirements

DRBC regulations and policies are applicable to NPDES permits for all facilities within the Delaware River basin. A copy of the draft permit will be forwarded to the DRBC because the facility is designed to discharge a flow of 0.050 MGD to UNT to UNT to Irish Creek within the jurisdiction of the DRBC. However, since the actual average flow is less than 0.05MGD and the discharge is not located in "Special Protection Waters" the Department will proceed to renew this NPDES permit without waiting for any review by the DRBC. Sewage dischargers that are not in DRBC's "Special Protection Waters" and do not discharge more than 0.05MGD do not trigger DRBC project reviews and do not qualify as docket items for future DRBC hearings.

4.3.10 Influent BOD and TSS Monitoring

The existing permit has influent CBOD5 and TSS monitoring at the same frequency as is done for effluent in order to implement Chapter 94.12 and assess percent removal requirements. The influent CBOD5 and TSS monitoring requirement will remain in the permit.

4.3.11 Industrial Users

The application indicated the wastewater treatment plant receives no industrial or commercial wastewater.

4.3.12 Pretreatment Requirements

The design annual average flow of the treatment plant is 0.025 MGD and the facility receives no industrial or commercial wastewater and does not require compliance with pretreatment standards. However, the permit contains standard conditions requiring the permittee to monitor and control industrial users if applicable.

4.3.13 Nutrient Monitoring

The existing annual monitoring of Total Phosphorus and Total Nitrogen following DEP's SOP will remain in the current permit to continue to collect nutrient data for discharges to waterbodies. This discharge is located outside of the Chesapeake Bay watershed; therefore, no Chesapeake Bay TMDL requirement was considered.

4.3.14 Stormwater Monitoring

No stormwater outfall is associated with this facility

4.3.15 Total Suspended Solids(TSS):

There is no water quality criterion for TSS. The existing limits of 30 mg/L based on the minimum level of effluent quality attainable by secondary treatment. will remain in the permit. The facility is meeting the limitation. Mass limit calculation follows the equation presented in section 4.2.

4.3.16 TMDL

The completed Irish Creek TMDL allocated a waste load of 6.26 lb/day TSS for this facility. It appears the wasteload was based on the design capacity of 0.025 MGD and a concentration of 30mg/l. The facility has been complying with the proposed wasteload allocation.

5.0 Other Requirements

5.1 The permit contains the following special conditions:

1. Stormwater Prohibition. 2. Approval Contingencies, 3. Proper Waste/solids Management, 4. Restriction on receipt of hauled in waste under certain conditions. 5. Chlorine Minimization

5.2 Flow Monitoring

Monitoring of effluent flow volume required in the existing permit will be continued per 40 CFR § 122.44(i)(1)(ii).

5.3 Anti-backsliding

Not applicable to this permit

5.4 Anti-Degradation (93.4)

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

5.5 Class A Wild Trout Fisheries

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

5.6 303d Listed Streams

The discharge is located on a stream segment that is designated on the 303(d) list as impaired for aquatic life, and the impairment is due to siltation from Agriculture and erosion. Irish Creek TMDL for sediment was completed and public participation completed in 2012, but it appears the final TMDL was not approved by EPA. However, the wasteload allocated to this discharge in the TMDL is in the permit and the facility is in compliance with it. Nothing further is warranted at this time.

5.7 Basis for Effluent and Surface Water Monitoring

Section 308 of the CWA and federal regulation 40 CFR 122.44(i) require monitoring in permits to determine compliance with effluent limitations. Monitoring may also be required to gather effluent and surface water data to determine if additional effluent limitations are required and/or to monitor effluent impacts on receiving water quality. The permittee is responsible for conducting the monitoring and for reporting results on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).

5.8 Effluent Monitoring

Monitoring frequencies are based on the nature and effect of the pollutant, as well as a determination of the minimum sampling necessary to adequately monitor the facility's performance. Permittees have the option of taking more frequent

samples than are required under the permit. These samples can be used for averaging if they are conducted using EPAapproved test methods (generally found in 40 CFR 136) and if the Method Detection Limits are less than the effluent limits. The sampling location must be after the last treatment unit and prior to discharge to the receiving water. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge"

6.0 Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirements	
Paramatar	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat		Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required	
Farameter	Average	Daily		Average		Instant.	Measurement	Sample
	Monthly	Maximum	Minimum	Monthly	Maximum	Maximum	Frequency	Туре
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
			5.0					
DO	XXX	XXX	Daily Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.16	XXX	0.52	1/day	Grab
								24-Hr
CBOD5	5.21	XXX	XXX	25.0	XXX	50	2/month	Composite
BOD5								24-Hr
Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	Composite
								24-Hr
TSS	6.26	XXX	XXX	30.0	XXX	60	2/month	Composite
TSS								24-Hr
Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml)				2,000				
Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml)				200				
May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	2/month	Grab
	Report			Report				24-Hr
Total Nitrogen	Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	1/year	Composite
Ammonia								24-Hr
Nov 1 - Apr 30	1.88	XXX	XXX	9.0	XXX	18	2/month	Composite
Ammonia								24-Hr
May 1 - Oct 31	0.63	XXX	XXX	3.0	XXX	6	2/month	Composite
	Report			Report				24-Hr
Total Phosphorus	Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	Annl Avg	XXX	XXX	1/year	Composite

Compliance Sampling Location: At outfall 001

	7.0 Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment B)
	Toxics Management Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment C)
	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
\square	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.
	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
\square	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
\square	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
\boxtimes	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 391-2000-007, 6/2004.
	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 391-2000-008, 10/1997.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.
\boxtimes	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.
	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.
\boxtimes	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.
	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.
	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.
	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.
\boxtimes	Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.
	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.
	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
\boxtimes	SOP: Establishing Effluent Limitations in Individual NPDES Permits for Sewage Dischargers.
	Other:

8. Attachments

A. Topographical Map







B. WQM Model Results

	SWP Basin	Stream Cod	le		<u>Stream Nam</u>	<u>e</u>		
	03 B	2157			Trib 02157 of Irish	Creek		
RMI	Name		Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)
0.500	Hilcrest ST	P P	A0246654	0.025	CBOD5	25		
					NH3-N	3.54	7.08	
					Dissolved Oxygen			5

	<u>SWP Basin</u> <u>Stre</u> 03 B	am Code 2157		<u>st</u> Trib 021	rearn Name 57 of Irish Cr	eek		
NH3-N	Acute Allocation	Baseline Criterion	Baseline	Multiple	Multiple	Critical	Percent	
05	00 Hillcreet STP	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	0	0	_
NH3-N	Chronic Allocat	ions	12.05	0.01	12.05			_
RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction	
0.5	00 Hillcrest STP	1.48	3.54	1.48	3.54	0	0	_
Dissolv RMI	ed Oxygen Alloo Discharge Na	c ations <u>C</u> me Baselir (mg/L	: <u>BOD5</u> ne Multiple .) (m.g/L)	<u>NH3-N</u> Baseline Mu (mg/L) (m	<u>Dissoh</u> Itiple Baselir g/L) (m.g/L	ved Oxygen ne Multiple) (m.g/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
0.	50 Hillcrest STP	2	25 25	3.54	3.54 5	5	0	0

	SWF Basi	9 Strea n Coo	am de	Str	eam Name		RM	Ele	vation (ft)	Draina Area (sq n	ge a ni)	Slope (ft/ft)	PW: Withdr (mg	S awal d)	Apply FC
	03B	2	157 Trib 02	2157 of Iri	sh Creek		0.0	10	335.00		0.30	0.00000		0.00	V
					St	ream Da	ta								
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Ten	<u>Tributa</u> Ip	<u>гү</u> pH	Tem	<u>Stream</u> p	pН	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C	;)		0°))		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.230	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.0	0 2	0.00	7.00) (0.00	0.00	
						la c har de	Data								
			Name	Pe	rmit Numbe	Existing Disc r Flow (mgd)	Permitt Disc Flow (mgd)	ed Desi Dis Flo (mg	gn c Res w Fa d)	ctor	Disc Temp (°C)	Di: p p	sc H		
						0.000	0.000	0.0 0.0	000	0.000	25	.00	7.00		
					P	a ra me ter	Data		0	Este					
				Paramete	r Nam e	C (m	Conc (Conc	Conc (mail.)	Coe	f 				
			CRODE			(0		a.m	(ingre)	(Inday	50				
			Dissolved	Oxvaen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0	00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.	.70				

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<u>SWP Basin</u> Stream	Code			Stream Name	
03B 215	57		Trib	02157 of Irish Creek	
RMI Tot	al Discharge	Flow (mgd	i) <u>Ana</u>	lysis Temperature (°C) 22.347	Analysis pH
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De	o pth (ft)		Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
2.880	0.35	7		8.074	0.080
12.80	1.33	3	<u>n</u>	1.66	0.839
Reach DO (mg/L) 6.720	Reach Kr (28.50	1/da <u>ys)</u> 3		Kr Equation Owens	Reach DO Goal (mg/l 5
Reach Travel Time (days) 0.373	TravTime	Subreact	NH3.N	0.0	
0.313	(days)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	
	0.037	12.11	1.61	7.29	
	0.075	11.46	1.56	7.52	
	0.112	10.84	1.51	7.64	
	0.187	9.70	1.42	7.77	
	0.224	9.18	1.38	7.83	
	0.261	8.68	1.34	7.87	
	0.299	7.77	1.29	7.90	
	0.373	7.35	1.22	7.90	
					_

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	V
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.84	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.23	Temperature Adjust Kr	Z
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	V
D.O. Goal	5		

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	SW	P Basin	<u>strea</u>	m Code				<u>stream</u>	Name			
		03 B	2	157			Trib 0	2157 of	ir ish Cre	ek		
RMI	Stream Flow	PWS With	Net Stream Flow	Disc Analysis Flow	Reach Slope	Depth	Width	W/D Ratio	Velocity	Reach Trav Time	Analysis Temp	Analysi: pH
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(作/作)	(ft)	(ft)		(fps)	(days)	(°C)	
Q7-1	0 Flow											
0.500	0.04	0.00	0.04	.0387	0.01160	.357	2.88	8.07	0.08	0.373	22.35	7.21
Q1-1	0 Flow											
0.500	0.04	0.00	0.04	0387	0.01160	NA	NA	NA	0.08	0.392	22.57	7.24

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C. TRC Calculations

TRC EVAL	IATION			1					
	Input appropriate values in A3:A9 and D3:D9								
	- O atroop	r Ao.A9 anu Do.D9	0.5	- CV Daily					
0.04	- Q suean	n (cis)	0.0	- CV Ually					
0.025		ilge (moD)	0.5	- AEC. Partial Nix Easter					
0.2	- no. samp	Domand of Stream	4	= CEC Partial Mix Factor					
0.3	- Chlorino	Demand of Discharge	45	1 = CFC_Partial Mix Factor					
0.5		I Value	720	- CEC Criter	ria Compliance Time (min)				
0.5	- % Facto	r of Safety (EOS)	720 = CFC_Criteria Compliance Time (mir						
Source	Reference	AEC Calculations	v	Reference	CEC Calculations				
TRC	132	Al O Calculations WL Δ afc =	0.349	1 3 2 iii	WI A cfc = 0.333				
PENTOXSD TRG	1.3.2.111 WLA arc =		0.373	5.1c	TAMU T cfc = 0.581				
PENTOXSD TRO	(SD TRG 5.1a LTAMOLTAIC		0.130	5.1d	LTA cfc = 0.193				
Source	Source Effluent Limit Calculations								
PENTOXSD TRG 5.1f AML MULT = 1.231									
PENTOXSD TRG	5.1g	AVG MON LIMIT (mg/l) = 0.160 AFC							
INST MAX LIMIT (mg/l) = 0.523									
WLA afc	(.019/e(-k*	AFC_tc)) + [(AFC_Yc*Q	s*.019/Qd*(e(-k*AFC_tc))					
	+ Xd + (/	AFC_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)j*(1-	FOS/100)						
LIAMULI atc	EXP((0.5°LN	(cvh^2+1))-2.326^LN(cvh^2	(+1)^0.5)						
LIA_atc	wia_afc^LTA	AMULI_afc							
WIA of o	(011/0/-14		* 011/0d*a	(_k*CEC_to))					
WEA_CIC	+ Xd + ((CFC Yc*Os*Xs/Od)]*(1-)	FOS/100)	(k 010_(c))					
LTAMULT cfc	EXP((0.5*LN	(cvd^2/no_samples+1))-2.3	326*LN(cvd^2	2/no_samplest*	1)^0.5)				
LTA cfc	wla cfc*LTA	AMULT cfc			.,,				
AML MULT	EXP(2.326*L	N((cvd^2/no_samples+1)^	0.5)-0.5*LN(c	vd^2/no_sampl	les+1))				
AVG MON LIMIT	MIN(BAT_B	PJ,MIN(LTA_afc,LTA_cfc)*	AML_MULT)						
INST MAX LIMIT	1.5*((av_m	non_limit/AML_MULT)/L1	AMULT_af	c)					

3800-PM-BPNPSM0011 Rev. 10/2014 Permit

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D. Streamstats Results

Hillcrest STP

Region ID: ΡA Workspace ID: PA20210221150415832000 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.44064, -76.00925 Time: 2021-02-21 10:04:33 -0500 + Boar Rd -ONY RO Gameld Rd Eagleview Dr Dr Brc Leaflet | Esri

Drainage area and LFY data

Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	0.19	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	45	inches
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	0	miles per square mile
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	3	feet
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	0.08	percent