

Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type

Facility Type

Major / Minor

Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

 Application No.
 PA0248185

 APS ID
 583487

 Authorization ID
 1222777

	Applicant	and Facility Information	
Applicant Name	Jackson Township Authority	Facility Name	Jackson Township STP
Applicant Address	60 N Ramona Road	Facility Address	60 N Ramona Road
	Myerstown, PA 17067-2149		Myerstown, PA 17067-2149
Applicant Contact	Dean Wagner	Facility Contact	Dean Wagner
Applicant Phone	7178664771	Facility Phone	7178664771
Client ID	248329	Site ID	672092
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Overloaded	Municipality	Jackson Township
Connection Status	No Limitations	County	Lebanon
Date Application Rece	eived February 27, 2018	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Acce	pted April 4, 2018	If No, Reason	

Summary of Review

1.0 General Discussion

This fact sheet supports the renewal of an existing NPDES permit for discharge of treated sewage from a wastewater treatment plant that serves Jackson Township. Jackson Township Authority (Authority) owns, maintains and operates the wastewater treatment plant located in Jackson Township, Lebanon County. The treatment system is sequential batch reactor (SBR) treatment system. The collection system has no combined sewers and no bypasses or overflows are authorized in the collection system. The facility has a design annual average flow/hydraulic design capacity of 0.5 MGD. The Authority received planning approval for a discharge of up to 1MGD if needed. Portions of the Township's flow still go to Myerstown Borough sewage Treatment plant. The organic design capacity is 1,042lbs/day. The SBR discharges treated municipal wastewater to an unnamed tributary to Tulpehocken Creek which is classified for Cold Water Fishes (CWF). The existing NPDES permit was issued on August 29, 2013 with an effective date of September 1, 2013 and expiration date of August 31, 2018. The applicant submitted an administratively complete NPDES renewal application to the Department on time and is currently operating under the terms and conditions in the existing permit under administrative extension provisions pending Department action on the renewal application.

Topographical Map showing the discharge location is presented in attachment A

1.1 Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
X		J. Pascal Kwedza, P.E. / Environmental Engineer	October 2, 2019
		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	
		Maria D. Bebenek, P.E./ Program Manager	

Summary of Review

day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

1.2 Changes to the existing Permit

- UV Transmittance monitoring will be required in the permit.
- Total Nitrogen monitoring has been added

1.3 Existing Permit Limits and Monitoring Requirements

			Monitoring R	Monitoring Requirements				
Discharge	Mass Units			Concentrat	Minimum			
Parameter	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Minimum	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Instantaneous Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
		Report						
Flow (MGD)	Report	Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
			6.0					
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
			5.0					
DO	XXX	XXX	Daily Min	XXX	XXX	xxx	1/day	Grab
CBOD5								24-Hr
Nov 1 - Apr 30	104	167	XXX	25	40	50	1/week	Composite
CBOD5								24-Hr
May 1 - Oct 31	67	104	XXX	16	25	32	1/week	Composite
BOD5 Raw								24-Hr
Sewage Influent	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	Composite
TSS	125	187	XXX	30	45	60	1/week	24-Hr Composite
TSS Raw Sewage Influent	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	xxx	XXX	xxx	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	1/week	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	xxx	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	1/week	Grab
Ammonia								24-Hr
Nov 1 - Apr 30	21	XXX	XXX	5.1	XXX	10.2	1/week	Composite
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	7.1	XXX	XXX	1.7	XXX	3.4	1/week	24-Hr Composite
	1.1	7///	////	1.7	////	0.4	17 WOOK	•
Total Phosphorus	4.1	XXX	XXX	1.0	XXX	2	1/week	24-Hr Composite

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Inform	ation				
Outfall No. 001	Design Flow (MGD)	.5			
Latitude 40° 22' 2"	Longitude	-76º 20' 21"			
Quad Name Richland	Quad Code 1635				
Wastewater Description: Sewage Effluent					
Unnamed Tributary to Tulpehocker	n Stream Code	01974			
Receiving Waters Creek (CWF) NHD Com ID 25993498	Stream Code RMI	0.45			
		0.45			
Drainage Area 2.3 sq. mi	Yield (cfs/mi²)				
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs) 0.51	Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	USGS Gage Station			
Elevation (ft) 465	Slope (ft/ft)	OWE			
Watershed No. 3-C	Chapter 93 Class.	CWF			
Existing Use	Existing Use Qualifier	-			
Exceptions to Use	Exceptions to Criteria				
Assessment Status Impaired					
Cause(s) of Impairment Siltation					
Source(s) of Impairment Agriculture, erosion from de	erelict land (barren land)				
TMDL Status	Name				
Background/Ambient Data	Data Source				
pH (SU)					
Temperature (°F)					
Hardness (mg/L)					
Other:					
Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake	Western Berks Water Auth				
PWS Waters Tulpehocken Creek	Flow at Intake (cfs)				
PWS RMI	Distance from Outfall (mi)	30			

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments:

1.4.1 Water Supply Intake

The nearest water supply intake is 30 miles downstream at Lower Heidelberg, Sinking Springs on Tulpehocken Creek by the Western Berks Water Authority. No impact is expected from this discharge

Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Info	rmation	
Outfall No. Secondary receiving stream	Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude	Longitude	
Quad Name	Quad Code	
Wastewater Description: Sewage effluent		
		_
Secondary		
Receiving Waters Tulpehocken Creek (TSF)	Stream Code	01846
NHD Com ID 25993498	RMI	35.8
Drainage Area 9.8		0.22
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs)		
Elevation (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	
Watershed No. 3-C	Chapter 93 Class.	TSF
Existing Use	Existing Use Qualifier	
Exceptions to Use	Exceptions to Criteria	
Assessment Status Impaired		
Cause(s) of Impairment Siltation, nutrients		
Source(s) of Impairment Agriculture, erosion from	derelict land (barren land)	
TMDL Status	Name	
Background/Ambient Data	Data Source	
pH (SU)		
Temperature (°F)		
Hardness (mg/L)		
Other:		
Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake		
PWS Waters	Flow at Intake (cfs)	
PWS RMI	Distance from Outfall (mi)	

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments: Tulpehocken Creek is impaired due to Siltation, and before reaching Blue Marsh Reservoir, Tulpehocken Creek also impaired for nutrients. TMDL development is pending.

Discharge, Receiving Waters	and Water Supply Informa	tion	
Outfall No. 101		Design Flow (MGD)	0
Latitude 40° 22' 10.62"		Longitude	-76° 20' 27.10"
Quad Name		Quad Code	
Wastewater Description:	Stormwater		
Unnam Receiving Waters Creek (ed Tributary to Tulpehocken	Stream Code	
NHD Com ID 259934	•	_ RMI	
Drainage Area		_ Yield (cfs/mi²)	
O Flow (ofo)		O Poois	
Florestion (ft)		Slope (ft/ft)	
Watershad No. 2 C		Chapter 02 Class	CWF
Evicting Lloo		Existing Use Qualifier	
Francisco de Usa		Exceptions to Criteria	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Impaired	_ Excopliana to ontona	
_	Siltation		
· · · · —	Agriculture, erosion from der	elict land (barren land)	·
TMDL Status	, ig.:oa.ia.o, o.oo.oo ao.	Name	·
Background/Ambient Data	Ι	Data Source	
pH (SU)			
Temperature (°F)			-
Hardness (mg/L)			-
Other:			
Nearest Downstream Public	Water Supply Intake		
PWS Waters Tulpehock	ken Creek	Flow at Intake (cfs)	
PWS RMI		Distance from Outfall (mi)	20

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments:

The stormwater is directed to a holding basin whose outfall is connected to the STP's outfall. This outfall has been included in the existing permit and will continue with BMP conditions in Part C. See stormwater section of the report for additional information.

	Treatment Facility Summary								
Treatment Facility Na	me: Jackson Township Au	thority							
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date								
3806404	07/24/2007								
	Degree of		5	Avg Annual					
Waste Type	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD)					
	Secondary With								
	Ammonia And	Sequencing Batch							
Sewage	Phosphorus	Reactor	Ultraviolet	0.5					
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids					
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal					
0.5	1,042	Not Overloaded	Aerobic Digestion	Other WWTP					

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance: None

Other Comments:

2.1 Treatment Facility Description

The treatment system consists of an influent pump station with comminutor and bypass bar screen, two SBR reactors, two aerobic digesters, a post-SBR flow equalization tank, and two UV disinfection system each capable of treating 1.2 mgd of flow. Aluminum Sulfate is used for Total Phosphorus removal and Soda Ash is used for pH adjustment.

Compliance History

DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from August 1, 2018 to July 31, 2019)

Parameter	JUL-19	JUN-19	MAY-19	APR-19	MAR-19	FEB-19	JAN-19	DEC-18	NOV-18	OCT-18	SEP-18	AUG-18
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.173	0.207	0.231	0.197	0.248	0.241	0.276	0.275	0.297	0.192	0.322	0.383
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.292	0.582	0.431	0.328	0.655	0.363	0.456	0.584	0.458	0.276	0.772	0.82
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	7.28	7.16	7.17	7.08	7.15	7.04	7.01	7.16	6.72	6.67	7.05	6.85
pH (S.U.)												
Inst Maximum	7.84	7.89	7.75	7.8	7.8	7.46	7.68	7.87	7.67	7.67	8.01	7.95
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	5.64	6.02	6.19	6.87	8.13	7.7	7.89	8.33	7.07	7.27	5.6	7.1
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	7	< 6	< 5	4	5	4	6	< 5	< 6	5	30	21
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Weekly Average	9	8	9	6	5	6	9	7	8	7	95	43
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	4.6	< 3.6	< 3.3	2.9	3	2.4	3.1	< 2.9	< 2.7	3.8	6.5	5.9
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Weekly Average	5.3	5.4	5.1	3.3	3.4	3.2	5.2	4.3	3.3	5.5	14.8	10.5
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Ave. Monthly	234	194	234	277	250	194	231	154	211	171	219	259
BOD5 (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Ave. Monthly	157.8	123.2	124.2	186	147	109	126.1	94.6	83.2	122.1	83.9	82.9
TSS (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	< 7	< 7	9	6	< 7	< 8	< 9	< 8	< 12	< 11	28	28
TSS (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Ave. Monthly	262	182	295	310	359	192	256	223	540	292	435	463
TSS (lbs/day)												
Weekly Average	8	11	13	7	< 8	12	14	10	22	13	59	42
TSS (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 5.2	< 4.4	6.2	4.3	< 4.4	< 4.6	< 5	< 4.6	< 5.1	< 7.7	7.8	8.4
TSS (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Ave. Monthly	182	120	153	216	200	107.8	142	139	184	208	144	146

TSS (mg/L)	6.4	5.6	10.4	4.5	5.6	6.4	8	6.4	8.4	9.2	11.0	11.2
Weekly Average	0.4	3.6	10.4	4.5	5.6	0.4	0	0.4	0.4	9.2	11.2	11.2
Total Dissolved Solids												
(lbs/day) Ave. Monthly		596			650			568			652	
Total Dissolved Solids												
(mg/L) Ave. Monthly		376			426			370			452	
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Geometric Mean	23	9	< 3	12	7	17	< 3	3	10	43	6	< 8
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Inst. Maximum	88	20	36	67	32	61	32	9	60	4900	39	77
Ammonia (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.3	< 0.4
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.12
Total Phosphorus												
(lbs/day) Ave. Monthly	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.0	2.0
Total Phosphorus												
(mg/L) Ave. Monthly	0.61	0.53	0.55	0.46	0.27	0.35	0.27	0.28	0.22	0.45	0.35	0.49

3.2 Summary of DMRs:

Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) review for the facility for the last 12 months of operation presented on the table above indicate permit limits have been met consistently. No permit violation noted on DMRs during the period reviewed.

3.3 Summary of Inspections:

The facility has been inspected 6 times during last permit cycle. No effluent violations doted during plant inspections. Two pollution incidents were noted: Raw sewage overflow from a manhole within the collection system on 4/17/17 and sewage sludge was discharge to the stream on 12/18/14. Two notices of violations were sent for the two incidents. The facility is operated and maintained well.

Development of Effluent Limitations								
Outfall No.	001		Design Flow (MGD)	.5				
Latitude	40° 22' 2.00"		Longitude	-76º 20' 21.00"				
Wastewater [Description:	Sewage Effluent	_					

4.1 Basis for Effluent Limitations

In general, the Clean Water Act (AWA) requires that the effluent limits for a particular pollutant be the more stringent of either technology-based limits or water quality-based limits. Technology-based limits are set according to the level of treatment that is achievable using available technology. A water quality-based effluent limit is designed to ensure that the water quality standards applicable to a waterbody are being met and may be more stringent than technology-based effluent limits

4.1.1 Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
рН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Comments: TRC limitation not required, the facility utilizes UV for disinfection.

4.2 Mass-Based Limits

The federal regulation at 40 CFR 122.45(f) requires that effluent limits be expressed in terms of mass, if possible. The regulation at 40 CFR 122.45(b) requires that effluent limitations for POTWs be calculated based on the design flow of the facility. The mass based limits are expressed in pounds per day and are calculated as follows:

Mass based limit (lb/day) = concentration limit (mg/L) × design flow (mgd) × 8.34

4.3 Water Quality-Based Limitations

4.3.1 Receiving Stream

The receiving stream is Unnamed Tributary to Tulpehocken Creek. According to 25 PA § 93.9f, this stream is protected for Cold Water Fishes (CWF). It is located in Drainage List F and State Watershed 3-C. It has been assigned stream code 01974. According to the Department's *Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report*, this segment of the stream is impaired and not attaining its designated uses due to siltation from agricultural activities and pathogens fron unknown sources

4.3.2 Stream flows

Streamflows flows were determined by correlating with the yield of USGS gage station No. 01471000 on Tulpehocken Creeek near Reading. The Q_{7-10} and drainage area at the gage is $46.8 ft^3/s$ and $211 mi^2$ respectively. The resulting yields are as follows:

• $Q_{7-10} = (46.8 \text{ft}^3/\text{s})/211 \text{ mi}^2 = 0.22 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}/\text{ mi}^2$

• $Q_{30-10} / Q_{7-10} = 1.23$ • $Q_{1-10} / Q_{7-10} = 0.84$

The drainage area at discharge taken from the previous permit= 2.3 mi²

The Q_{7-10} at discharge = 2.31 mi² x 0.22 ft³/s/mi² = 0.5 ft³/s.

Note: The previous factsheet used a Q_{7-10} design low flow for UNT Tulpehocken determined from PA Streamstats (USGS) as 0.12 cfs. However, the drainage area upstream of the discharge is less than the minimum drainage area required for calculations in Streamstats.

4.3.3 NH₃N Calculations

NH₃N calculations will be based on the Department's Implementation Guidance of Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, dated 11/4/97 (ID No. 391-2000-013). The following data is necessary to determine the instream NH₃N criteria used in the attached model result of the stream:

STP pH = 6.85 (DMR median from July-September.)

STP pH = 0.85 (DIVIN Media)
STP Temp = 25°C (Default)
Stream pH = 7.0 (Default)
Stream Temp = 20°C (Default)
Background NH₃N = 0 mg/l (Assumed)

4.3.4 WQM Model

The WQM 7.0 model was run with Myerstown STP due to its proximity to Jackson's STP. The discharges are on two different stream segments with different stream codes for Tulpehocken Creek and the unnamed tributary. The stream code for Tulpehocken Creek 01846 was used to run the model since the model does not accept 2 stream codes in one run. Myerstown STP is located at 32.5 RMI on Tulpehocken.Creek and Jackson Township is assumed at 36.2 RMI on Tulpehocken Creek (35.8 RMI is the confluence of UNT 01974 with Tulpehocken. Creek. + 0.4 RMI on the UNT 01974)

4.3.5 CBOD₅

The attached results of WQM 7.0 stream model (attachments B &C) indicate that a monthly average limit (AML) of 16mg/l CBOD5 for summer months and an AML of 25mg/l for winter months are required to protect the water quality of the stream. These limits are consistent with the existing permit. Past DMRs and inspection reports show the STP has been consistently achieving below these limitations. Therefore, an AML of 16mg/l, a weekly average limit (AWL) of 22mg/l and instantaneous maximum (IMAX) of 32mg/l is required for summer months. For winter months AML of 25mg/l, AWL of 40mg/l and IMAX of 50mg/l is required. Mass limits are calculated for AMLs and AWLs following the formula listed in section 4.2 above.

4.3.6 NH₃-N

The attached results of the WQM 7.0 stream model (attachment B&C) also indicate that a summer limitation of mg/l 2.84 NH₃-N and winter limitation of mg/l 6.46 NH₃-N as AMLs are necessary to protect the aquatic life from toxicity effects. These limits are slightly less stringent than the existing summer limit of 1.7mg/l, and winter limit of 5.1mg/l. Due to anti-backsliding restrictions, the existing limits will remain in the permit. DMR and inspection reports indicate the facility is meeting the limitation. Associated mass limits are calculated following the formula listed in section 4.2 above.

4.3.7 Dissolved Oxygen

The existing permit contains a limit of 5 mg/l for Dissolved Oxygen (DO). DEP's Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations (362-0400-001, 10/97) suggests that either the adopted minimum stream D.O. criteria for the receiving stream or the effluent level determined through water quality modeling be used for the limit. Since the WQM 7.0 model was run using a minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/l, this limit will be continued in the renewed permit with a daily monitoring requirement per DEP guidance.

4.3.8 Phosphorus

The Phosphorus limits in the existing permit was as a result of a 1987 PA DEP study of the Blue Marsh Reservoir. It was recommended that a phosphorus limit of 1.0 mg/l be included in all permits for facilities which discharged upstream of the Reservoir. The limit will be continued in the current permit renewal.

4.3.9 Total Residual Chlorine:

The discharge does not have any reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a water quality standards violation for total residual chlorine since the permittee utilizes UV instead of chlorine for wastewater disinfection. Therefore, the proposed permit does not contain effluent limits for total residual chlorine. The permittee may use chlorine-based chemicals for cleaning and is required to optimize chlorine usage to prevent negative impacts on receiving stream. Daily UV transmittance monitoring in % will be required in the permit to ensure efficiency of the UV unit.

4.3.10 Total Suspended Solids (TSS):

There is no water quality criterion for TSS. A limit of 30 mg/l AML will be required based on the minimum level of effluent quality attainable by secondary treatment as defined in 40 CFR 133.102b(1) and 25 PA § 92a.47(a)(1) and an AWL of 45mg/l per 40CFR 133.102(b)(2) and 25 PA § 92a.47(a)(2) with associated mass limit.

4.3.11 Toxics

The facility treats mainly domestic sewage, there are no parameters of concern associated with this discharge.

4.3.12 Nutrient Monitoring

Quarterly monitoring of Total Nitrogen is included in the current permit to obtain data for discharges to Delaware River watershed. The discharge is located outside of the Chesapeake Bay watershed, therefore no Chesapeake Bay TMDL requirement was considered.

4.3.13 Delaware River Basin Commission (DRBC) Requirements

DRBC regulations and policies are applicable to all NPDES permits for facilities within the Delaware River basin. The requirements of the most recent Docket No. D-2007-004 CP-3 for this facility which was approved on March 14, 2018 with expiration date of August 31, 2023, will be applied to the permit. All parameters required in the Docket in were in included in the existing permit and will continue during the current permit renewal. The facility is not a direct discharger to the Schuylkill River: PCB monitoring is not required. A copy of the draft permit will be forwarded to DRBC.

4.3.14 TDS, Chloride, Sulfate, Bromide, and 1,4-dioxane

Under the authority of §92a.61, DEP has determined it should implement increased monitoring in NPDES permits for TDS, sulfate, chloride, bromide, and 1,4-dioxane. The following approach will be implemented for point source discharges upon issuance or reissuance of an individual NPDES permit:

 Where the concentration of TDS in the discharge exceeds 1,000 mg/L, or the net TDS load from a discharge exceeds 20,000 lbs/day, and the discharge flow exceeds 0.1 MGD, Part A of the permit should include monitor and report for TDS, sulfate, chloride, and bromide. Discharges of 0.1 MGD or less should monitor and report for TDS, sulfate, chloride, and bromide if the concentration of TDS in the discharge exceeds 5,000 mg/L.

- Where the concentration of bromide in a discharge exceeds 1 mg/L and the discharge flow exceeds 0.1 MGD, Part A of the permit should include monitor and report for bromide. Discharges of 0.1 MGD or less should monitor and report for bromide if the concentration of bromide in the discharge exceeds 10 mg/L.
- Where the concentration of 1,4-dioxane (CAS 123-91-1) in a discharge exceeds 10 μg/L and the discharge flow exceeds 0.1 MGD, Part A of the permit should include monitor and report for 1,4-dioxane. Discharges of 0.1 MGD or less should monitor and report for 1,4-dioxane if the concentration of 1,4-dioxane in the discharge exceeds 100 μg/L.

The maximum daily TDS discharge results submitted with the application is 500 mg/L which is equivalent to 2025 lbs/day based on the permitted flow of 0.5 MGD. The discharge level for TDS is below the minimum 1000 mg/l and 20,000lbs/day, to require monitoring, therefore no monitoring of TDS, Chloride, Sulfate, and Bromide will be required in the permit. There is no data for 1,4-dioxane, therefore no monitoring is required for 1,4-dioxane at this time. However, the existing permit limit of 1000mg/l TDS required by DRBC will remain in the permit.

4.3.15 Influent BOD and TSS Monitoring

The permit will include influent BOD5 and TSS monitoring at the same frequency as is done for effluent in order to implement Chapter 94.12 and assess percent removal requirements, per DEP policy.

4.3.16 Industrial Users

Jackson Township's STP does not receive wastewater from any significant industrial users.

4.3.17 Pretreatment Requirements

The design annual average flow of the treatment plant is 0.5 MGD and the facility receives no flow from significant Industrial users. EPA does not require development of pretreatment program for facilities with design flow less than 5MGD. However, the permit contains standard conditions requiring the permittee to monitor and control industrial users if applicable

5.0 Other Requirements

5.1 The permit contains the following special conditions:

Stormwater Prohibition, Approval Contingencies, Proper Waste/solids Management, Restriction on receipt of hauled in waste under certain conditions and batch discharge condition

5.2 Stormwater

There is a stormwater outfall in the permit identified as outfall 101. Stormwater was from the treatment plant site is directed to a holding basin whose outfall is connected to the STP's outfall. The facility does not meet the requirement for stormwater monitoring requirement located in 40CFR 122.26(b)(14)(ix) at this, however the outfall will remain in the permit with BMP conditions in Part C. BMPs and conditions includes: a Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan, annual visual inspection at a minimum, and the completion of DEP's Annual Inspection Form

5.3 Biosolids Management

Digested sludge is hauled off site periodically by a license hauler.

5.4 Anti-backsliding

Not applicable to this permit

5.5 Antidegradation (93.4):

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High-Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

5.6 Class A Wild Trout Fisheries:

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

5.7 303d listed stream

The discharge is located on a 303d listed stream segment. The receiving stream unnamed tributary of Tulpehocken creek is impaired due to siltation from agricultural activities, erosion from derelict land and pathogens from unknown source. The secondary receiving stream Tulpehocken Creek is also impaired due to Siltation and nutrients. TMDL development is pending. A total phosphorus limit of 1mg/l has been established to protect Blue Mash reservoir untill TMDL is developed. The facility has been complying with the phosphorus limitation.

5.8 Basis for Effluent and Surface Water Monitoring

Section 308 of the CWA and federal regulation 40 CFR 122.44(i) require monitoring in permits to determine compliance with effluent limitations. Monitoring may also be required to gather effluent and surface water data to determine if additional effluent limitations are required and/or to monitor effluent impacts on receiving water quality. The permittee is responsible for conducting the monitoring and for reporting results on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).

5.9 Effluent Monitoring Frequency

Monitoring frequencies are based on the nature and effect of the pollutant, as well as a determination of the minimum sampling necessary to adequately monitor the facility's performance. Permittees have the option of taking more frequent samples than are required under the permit. These samples can be used for averaging if they are conducted using EPA-approved test methods (generally found in 40 CFR 136) and if the Method Detection Limits are less than the effluent limits. The sampling location must be after the last treatment unit and prior to discharge to the receiving water. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported on the DMR.

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfall 001, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

		Monitoring Re	quirements					
Doromotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrati	ions (mg/L)		Minimum (2)	Required
Parameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0 Daily Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
CBOD5 Nov 1 - Apr 30	104	167	XXX	25	40	50	1/week	24-Hr Composite
CBOD5 May 1 - Oct 31	67	104	XXX	16	25	32	1/week	24-Hr Composite
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	24-Hr Composite
TSS	125	187	XXX	30	45	60	1/week	24-Hr Composite
TSS Raw Sewage Influent	Report	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	xxx	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	1/week	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	1/week	Grab
Ammonia Nov 1 - Apr 30	21	XXX	XXX	5.1	XXX	10.2	1/week	24-Hr Composite
Ammonia May 1 - Oct 31	7.1	XXX	XXX	1.7	XXX	3.4	1/week	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	4.1	XXX	XXX	1.0	XXX	2	1/week	24-Hr Composite

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Requirements		
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum (2)	Required	
Farameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
Ultraviolet Light Transmittance									
(%)	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Recorded	
				1,000				24-Hr	
Total Dissolved Solids	XXX	XXX	XXX	Avg Qtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
Total Nitrogen*	XXX	XXX	xxx	xxx	Report	xxx	1/quarter	Calculation	

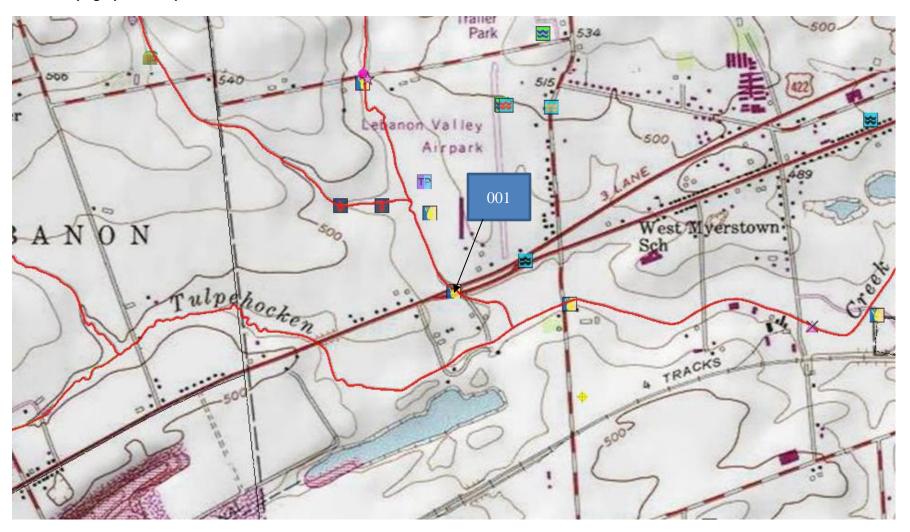
Compliance Sampling Location: Outfall 001

^{*} Total Nitrogen is the sum of Total Kjeldahl-N (TKN) plus Nitrite-Nitrate as N (NO₂+NO₃-N), where TKN and NO₂+NO₃-N are measured in the same sample.

	Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
\square	WOM for Windows Model (one Attackment B 90)
	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment B &C)
	PENTOXSD for Windows Model (see Attachment) TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
\dashv	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Toxics Screening Analysis Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97. Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
\boxtimes	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 391-2000-007, 6/2004.
	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 391-2000-008, 10/1997.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.
\boxtimes	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.
	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.
	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.
	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.
\boxtimes	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.
	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.
	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.
	Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.
	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.
	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
	SOP: Establishing effluent limitation for individual sewage permit
	Other:

Attachments

A. Topographical Map



B. WQM Model Results (Summer Months)

Summer limits

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

	SWP Basin Str 03C	eam Code 1846	Stream Name TULPEHOCKEN CREEK							
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)			
36.200	Jackson Twp	PA0248185	0.500	CBOD5	16.09					
				NH3-N	2.84	5.68				
				Dissolved Oxygen			5			
RMI.	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)			
32.500	Myerstown Boro	PA0021075	2.000	CBOD5	25					
				NH3-N	5.92	11.84				
				Dissolved Oxygen			5			

	SWF Basii			Stre	eam Name		RMI	Elevat (ft)		Orainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
	03C	. 18	346 TULPI	EHOCKE	N CREEK		36.20	00 46	35.00	2.31	0.00000	0.00	· 🗹
					St	ream Dat	a						
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	<u>T</u> Temp	ributary pH	Tem	<u>Stream</u> ip pH	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)	
Q7-10	0.220	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0,00	20.	00 7.0	0 (0.0 0.0	0
Q1-10	i	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000								
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000								
					Di	scharge l	Data		**************************************				
			Name	Per	mit Number	Existing Disc Flow	Permitte Disc Flow	ed Design Disc Flow	Reser Fact			sc H	

	D(3	ional go ba	ta .					
Name	Permit Number	Existing F Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	e Te	isc emp °C)	Dísc pH
Jackson Twp	PA0248185	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.00	00	25.00	7.00
	Par	rameter Da	ta					
·	arameter Name	Disc Con				Fate Coef		
	manieter Haine	(mg/l	L) (mg/	'L) (mo	g/L) (1/	/days)		
CBOD5		25.	.00 2	2.00	0.00	1.50		
Dissolved C	xygen	5.	.00.	3.24	0.00	0.00		

	SWP Basin			Stre	eam Name		RMI		vation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	Witho	VS Irawal gd)	Apply FC
	03C	18	346 TULPI	EHOCKEI	N CREEK		32.5	00	415.00	27.80	0.000	00	0.00	~
					St	ream Da	ta				•			
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tem	<u>Tributary</u> ip pH	т т	<u>Strear</u> emp	<u>n</u> pH	
Cona.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)	((°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.220	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.0	00 2	0.00 7	.00	0.00	0.00	
					Di	ischarge	Data						1	
			Name	Pe	rmit Numbe	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flow	Dis Flo	c Res	erve Te	isc mp C)	Disc pH		
		Myer	stown Bord	PA	0021075	2.000	0 2.000	00 2.0	0000	0.000	25.00	7.00		
					Pa	arameter	Data						:	
				Paramete	ır Nama			Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
			'	aramoto		(n	1g/L) (t	mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)				
	_		CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

	SWP Basir	SWP Stream Basin Code Stream Name		Stre	eam Name		RMI		evation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)		With	WS idrawal ngd)	Apply FC
	03C	18	346 TULPE	EHOCKE	N CREEK		25.20)0	354.00	62.	.00 0.0	0000	0.00	~
					St	ream Dat	a				٠			
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth		<u>Tributary</u> ip p	<u>(</u> oH	<u>Strea</u> Temp	<u>am</u> pH	
John.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.220	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.0	00 20	0.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	
			conver		Di	scharge [Data							
			Name	Per	mit Number	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Dis Flo	sc Res	erve ·	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH		
						0.0000	0.000	0.0	0000	0.000	0.00	7.00		
					Pa	rameter l	Data						ļ	
			ı	^o aramete	r Name	Di Co		Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
						(m	g/L) (n	ng/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days))			
	_		CBOD5			:	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50	0			
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.0	0			
			NH3-N			;	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	D			

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

	sw	P Basin	Strea	ım Code				Stream	<u>Name</u>			
		03C	1	846								
RMI	Stream Flow (cfs)	PWS With (cfs)	Net Stream Flow (cfs)	Disc Analysis Flow (cfs)	Reach Slope (ft/ft)	Depth (ft)	Width (ft)	W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Reach Trav Time (days)	Analysis Temp (°C)	Analysis pH
Q7-10	0 Flow											
36.200	0.51	0.00	0.51	.7735	0.00256	.531	12.71	23.96	0.19	1.190	23.02	7.00
32.500	6.12	0.00	6.12	3.8675	0.00158	.731	40.98	56.06	0.33	1.338	21.94	7.00
Q1-1	0 Flow											
36.200	0.43	0.00	0.43	.7735	0.00256	NA	NΑ	NA	0.18	1.235	23.22	7.00
32.500	5.14	0.00	5.14	3.8675	0.00158	NA	NA	NA	0.31	1.418	22.15	7.00
Q30-	10 Flow											
36.200	0.63	0.00	0.63	.7735	0.00256	NA	NA	NA	0.20	1.134	22.77	7.00
32.500	7.52	0.00	7.52	3.8675	0.00158	NA	NA	NΑ	0.36	1.243	21.70	7.00

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	V
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.84	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.23	Temperature Adjust Kr	~
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	V
D.O. Goal	5		

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name
03C	1846	TULPEHOCKEN CREEK

RMI Disch	II Discharge Name		Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Muitiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
36.200 Jackso	n Twp	7.67	11.9	7.67	11.9	0	0
32.500 Myersto	own Boro	8.44	22.46	8.28	22.46	0	0
IH3-N Chronic	: Allocati	ons					
RMI Discha	rge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
						_	
36.200 Jackso	n Twp	1.57	2.84	1.57	2.84	0	0

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

		CBC	<u>DD5</u>	NH	<u>3-N</u>	Dissolve	<u>d Oxygen</u>	Critical	Percent
RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Reach	Reduction
36.20	Jackson Twp	16.09	16.09	2.84	2.84	5	5	0	0
32.50	Myerstown Boro	25	25	5.92	5.92	5	5	0	0

WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin St	ream Code			Stream Name	
03C	1846		TUL	PEHOCKEN CREEK	
<u>RMI</u>	Total Discharge		l) Ana	lysis Temperature (°C)	Analysis pH
36.200	0.50			23.017	7.000
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De			Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
12.714	0.53		_	23.958	0.190
Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Reach Kc (0.82		<u> </u>	Reach NH3-N (mg/L) 1,71	Reach Kn (1/days) 0.883
10.50 <u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	Reach Kr (Kr Equation	Reach DO Goal (mg/l
6.286	4.96			Tsivoglou	5
each Travel Time (days)		Subreach		•	
1.190	TravTime (days)	CBOD5 (mg/L)	NH3-N (mg/L)	D.O. (mg/L)	
	0.119	9.38	1.54	5.50	
	0.238	8.37	1.39	5.25	
	0.357	7.48	1.25	5.29	
	0.476	6.68	1.13	5.47	
	0,595	5.96	1.01	5.71	
	0.714	5.33	0.91	5.96	
	0.833	4.76	0.82	6.22	
	0.952	4.25	0.74	6.46	
	1.071 1.190	3.79	0.67	6.68	
	1.190	3.39	0.60	6.88	
<u>RMI</u>	Total Discharge) Ana	lysis Temperature (°C)	Analysis pH
32.500	2.50			21.937	7.000
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De			Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
40.975		1		56.055	0.333
2	0.73	1 Idours		loook NILIO NI (marii)	Donah Kn (1/doug)
	Reach Kc (-	<u>R</u>	leach NH3-N (mg/L)	Reach Kn (1/days)
9.31	Reach Kc (0.97	2	<u>R</u>	1.91	0.813
	Reach Kc (2 1/days)	<u>R</u>		0.813
9.31 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.063	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (2 1/days)		1.91 Kr Equation	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/
9.31 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.063	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (2 <u>1/days)</u> 8 Subreach		1.91 Kr Equation	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 ach Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97: Reach Kr (5.24: TravTime	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5	n Results NH3-N	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O.	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 ach Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97: Reach Kr (5.24: TravTime (days)	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L)	n Results NH3-N (mg/L)	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L)	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 ach Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97: Reach Kr (5.24: TravTime (days)	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07	n Results NH3-N (mg/L)	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/
9.31 Reach DO (mg/L.) 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (5.24) TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402 0.535	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97: Reach Kr (5.24: TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00 6.07	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54 1.38	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71 5.78	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (5.24) TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402 0.535	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00 6.07 5.27	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54 1.38 1.24	1.91 <u>Kr Equation</u> Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71 5.78 6.00	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (5.24) TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402 0.535 0.669 0.803 0.937	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00 6.07 5.27 4.57 3.96 3.44	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54 1.38 1.24 1.11	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71 5.78 6.00 6.27 6.55 6.81	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l
Reach DO (mg/L) 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (5.24) TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402 0.535 0.669 0.803 0.937 1.071	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00 6.07 5.27 4.57 3.96 3.44 2.98	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54 1.38 1.24 1.11	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71 5.78 6.00 6.27 6.55 6.81 7.04	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/t
9.31 <u>Reach DO (mg/L.)</u> 7.063 each Travel Time (days)	Reach Kc (0.97 Reach Kr (5.24) TravTime (days) 0.134 0.268 0.402 0.535 0.669 0.803 0.937	2 1/days) 8 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 8.07 7.00 6.07 5.27 4.57 3.96 3.44	n Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.71 1.54 1.38 1.24 1.11 1.00 0.89	1.91 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 6.00 5.71 5.78 6.00 6.27 6.55 6.81	0.813 Reach DO Goal (mg/l

C. WQM Model Results (Winter Months)

Winter units

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

	SWP Basin Str 03C	eam Code 1846	Stream Name TULPEHOCKEN CREEK						
RMI ·	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)		
36.200	Jackson Twp	PA0248185	0.500	CBOD5	. 25	FF			
				NH3-N	6.46	12.92			
				Dissolved Oxygen			5		
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)		
32.500	Myerstown Boro	PA0021075	2.000	CBOD5	25				
				NH3-N	9.09	18.18			
				Dissolved Oxygen			5		

	SWP Stream Basin Code			Stream Name			RMI	Eleva		Drainag Area (sq mi)		ope V /ft)	PWS /ithdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
	03C	1	846 TULP	EHOCKE	N CREEK		36.20	00 4	65.00	2	.31 0.0	0000	0.00	Y
		_			St	ream Da	ta .							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tem	Tributary	/ oH	<u>St</u> Temp	<u>ream</u> pH	
oona.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft) (°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.220	0.00 0.00 0.00		0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	2	0.00	7.00	0.0	0 0.00	
		Discharge Đata												
			Name	Per	mit Number	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flow	Res Fa		Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH		
		Jacks	son Twp	PAC	248185	0.500	0 0.500	0.50	00	0.000	5.00	7.0	00	
					Pa	rameter	Data							
				Paramete	· Nama				tream Conc	Fate Coef				
			•	aramete	(vai)ie	(m	ıg/L) (n	ng/L) (ı	ng/L)	(1/days))			
	.		CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.5	0			
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.0	0			
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.7	0			

	SWP Basin	Strea Coo		Stre	eam Name		RM	l Ele	evation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)		ope /ft)	PW: Withdra (mga	awal	Apply FC
	03C	18	346 TULPE	HOCKE	N CREEK		32.5	00	415.00	27.	80 0.0	0000		0.00	V
					St	ream Dat	a	LAF							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	ı Ten	Tributary	Н	Tem	<u>Stream</u> p	pН	
Cona	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C	;)		(°C))		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.220	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.	00 2	0.00	7.00	(0.00	0.00	
		Discharge Data													
			Name	Pe	rmit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permit Dise Flow (mge	o Di v Fl	sc Res	serve 7	Disc 「emp (°C)	Di: p	sc H		
		Myer	stown Boro	PA	0021075	2.0000	2.00	000 2.	0000	0.000	5.00)	7.00		
					Pa	arameter l	Data								
			,	Paramete			sc onc	Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef					
			'	ratamete	i Name	(m	g/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)	ï		-		
	-		CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00) 1.50)				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00)				
			NH3-N			:	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.79)				

	SWP Stream Basin Code			Stream Name			RM	l El	evation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)		ope PV Witho t/ft) (m	rawal	Apply FC	
	03C	18	846 TULPI	EHOCKEI	N CREEK		25.2	200	354.00	62.	0.0	00000	0.00	V	
		-			St	ream Dat	a								
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	ı Ten	Tributary np p	Н	<u>Strear</u> Temp	n pH		
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C	;)		(°C)			
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.220	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.	00 2	0.00	7.00	0.00	0.00		
					Di	scharge l	Data]		
			Name	Per	mit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permit Disc Flow (mgc	Di v Fl	sc Res	erve 7 ictor	Disc 「emp (°C)	Disc pH			
						0.000	0.00	00 0.	0000	0.000	0.00	7.00			
					Pa	rameter l	Data								
				Paramete	r Name		sc onc	Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef					
			·	uramoto.	, riamo	(m	g/L) (mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)					
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50)				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00)				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70)				

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

	sw	P Basin	Strea	ım Code				Stream	<u>Name</u>					
		03C	1	846		TULPEHOCKEN CREEK								
RMI	Stream Flow	PWS With	Net Stream Flow	Flow	•	Depth	Width	W/D Ratio	Velocity	Trav Time	Analysis Temp	Analysis pH		
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(fps)	(days)	(°C)			
Q7-1	0 Flow													
36.200	0.51	0.00	0.51	.7735	0.00256	.531	12.71	23.96	0.19	1.190	10.95	7.00		
32.500	6.12	0.00	6.12	3.8675	0.00158	.731	40.98	56.06	0.33	1.338	14.19	7.00		
Q1-1	0 Flow													
36.200	0.43	0.00	0.43	7735	0.00256	NA	NA	NA	0.18	1.235	10.33	7.00		
32.500	5.14	0.00	5.14	3.8675	0.00158	NA	NA	NA	0.31	1.418	13.56	7.00		
Q30-	10 Flow	,												
36.200	0.63	0.00	0.63	.7735	0.00256	NA	NA	NA	0.20	1.134	11.70	7.00		
32.500	7.52	0.00	7.52	3.8675	0.00158	NA	NA	NA	0,36	1.243	14.91	7.00		