# ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE

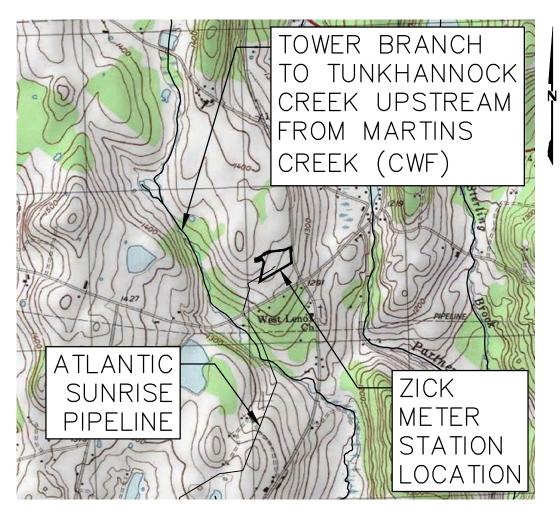
SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS FOR **ZICK METER STATION &** 

ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS

PHASE 2

LENOX TOWNSHIP SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA



VICINITY MAP

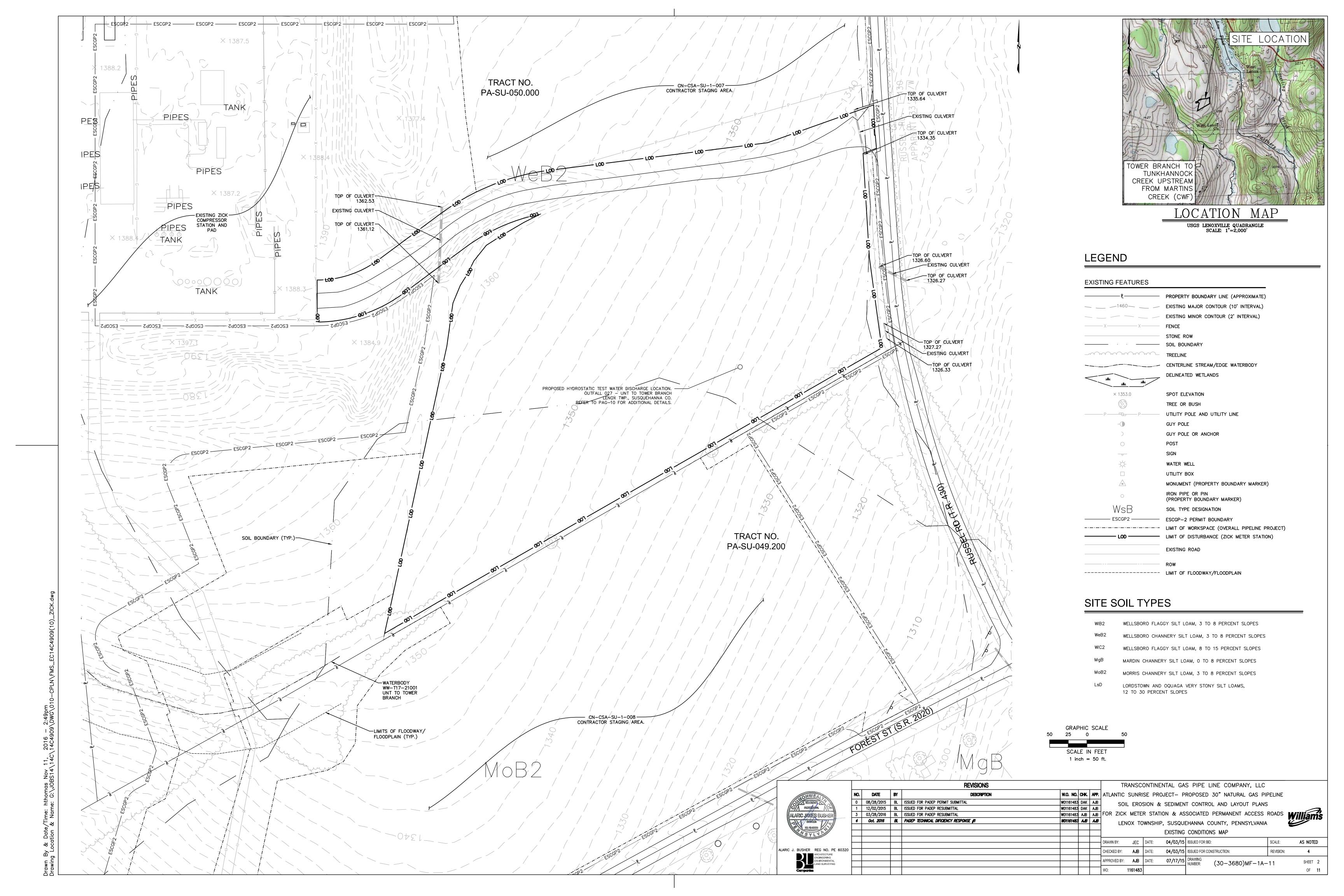
FACILITY NAME & TYPE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	DRAWING NAME
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	1 of 11	COVER SHEET
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	2 of 11	EXISTING CONDITIONS MAP
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	3 of 11	OVERALL DRAINAGE AREA MAP
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	4 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
ZICK	(30-3680)MF-1A-3	5 of 11	ACCESS ROAD SU-047 LAYOUT PLAN
METER	(30-3680)MF-1A-3	6 of 11	ACCESS ROAD SU-047.1 LAYOUT PLAN
STATION	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	7 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	8 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	9 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	10 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
	(30-3680)MF-1A-11	11 of 11	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

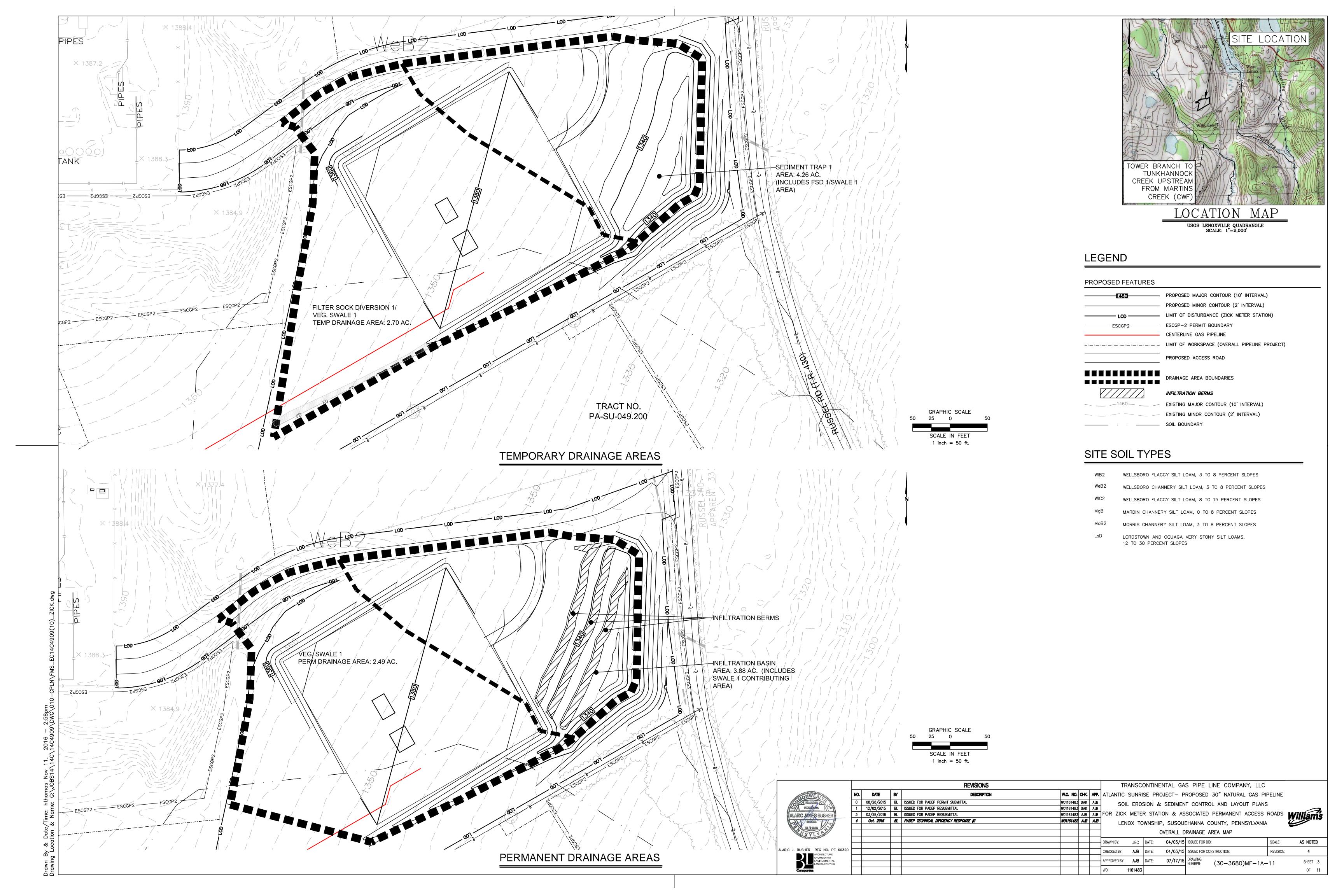
Know what's **below. Call** before you dig. PENNSYLVANIA ACT 287 (1974) AS AMENDED BY PENNSYLVANIÁ ACT 199 (2004) REQUIRES NO LESS THAN THREE (3) WORKING DAYS AND NO MORE THAN (10) WORKING DAYS NOTICE TO UTILITIES BEFORE YOU EXCAVATE,

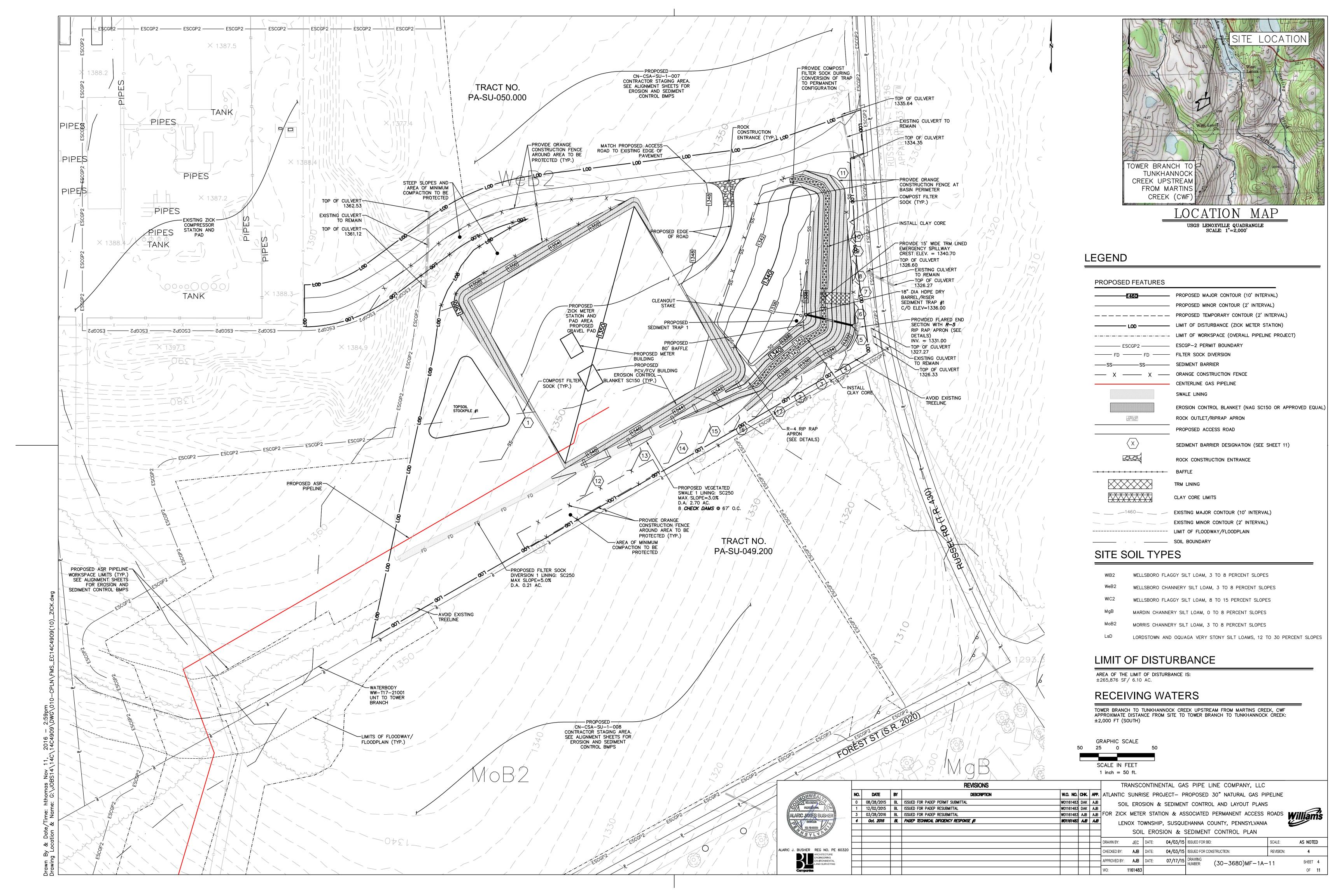
DRILL, BLAST OR DEMOLISH.

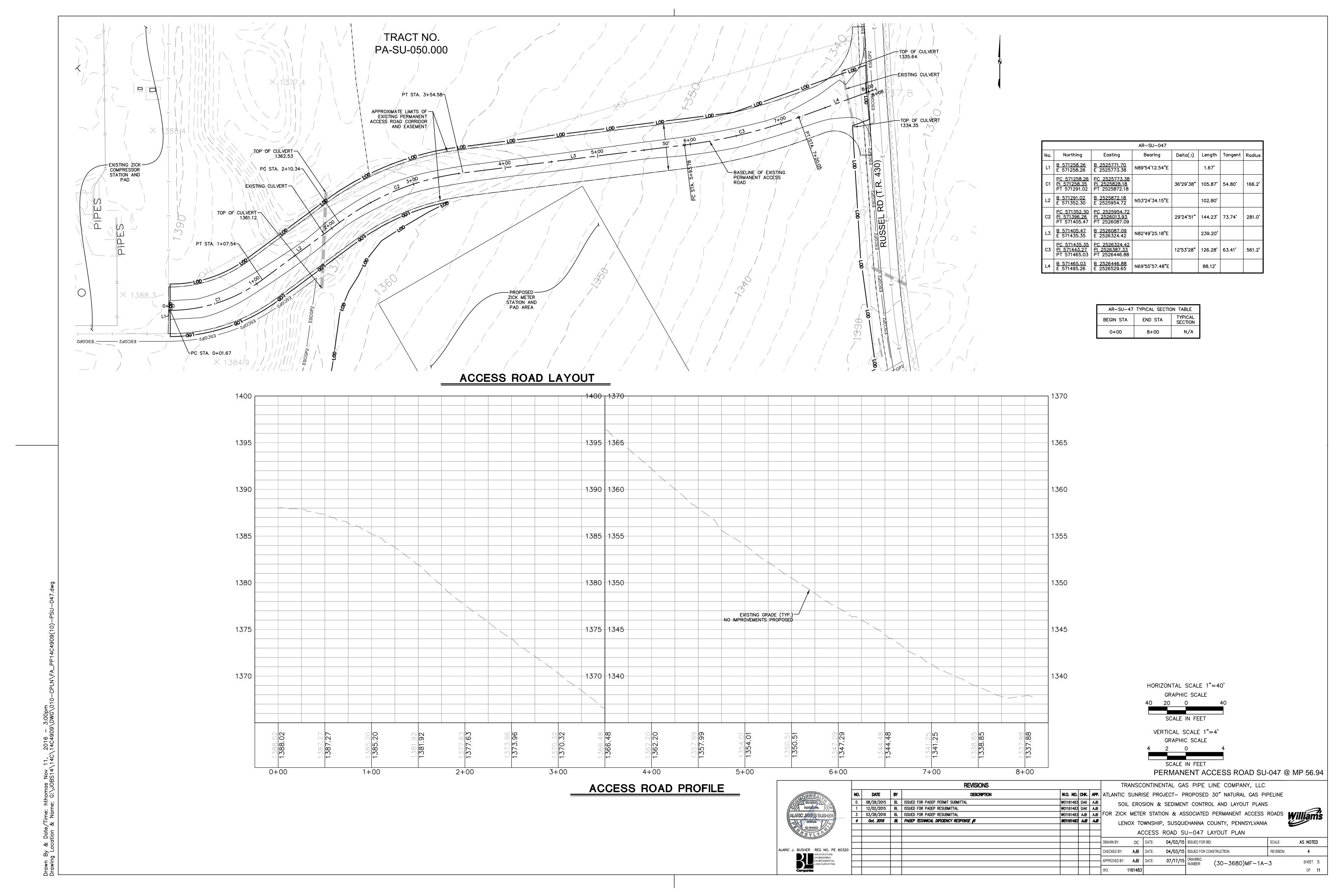


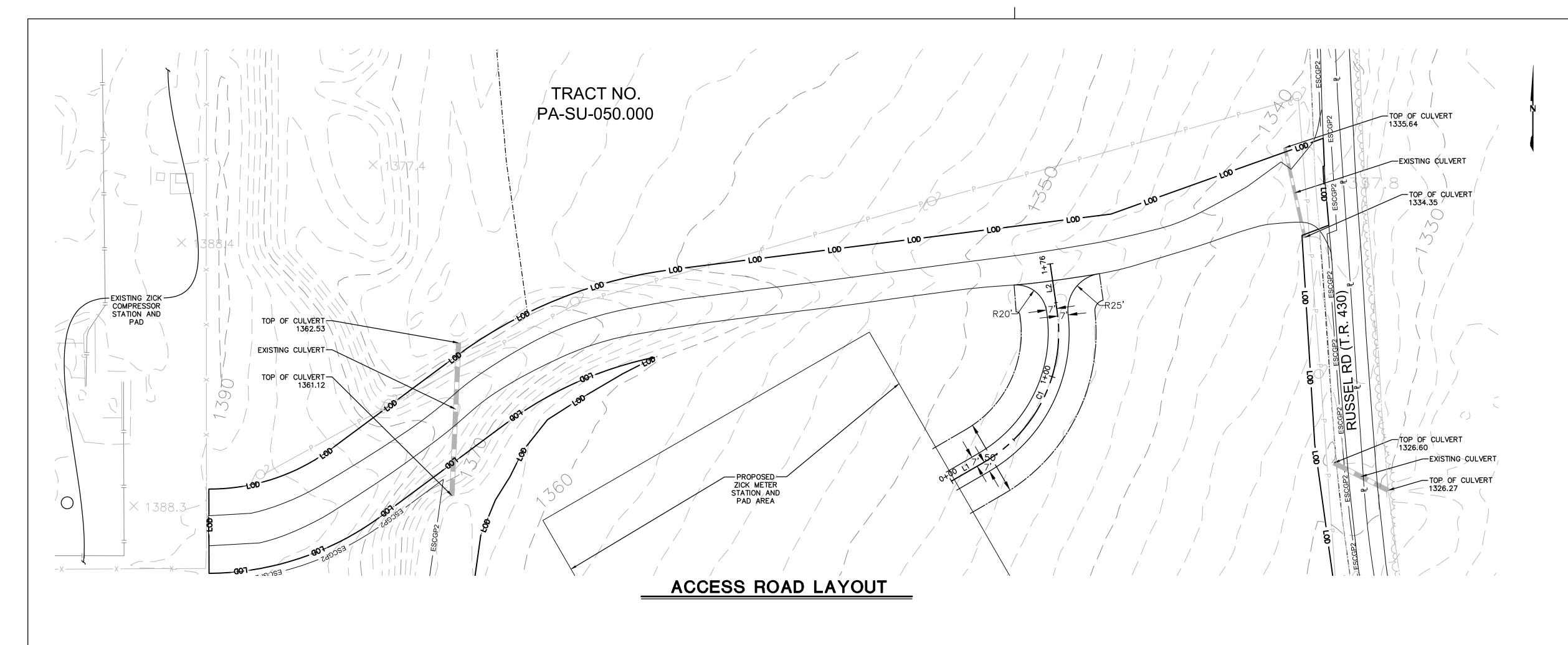
				REVISIONS				TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC
ONWEAL	NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	снк.	APP.	PP. ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
RESURCIED, AS	0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	AJB	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS
FROM PROPERTY NON	1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483			NB
ALARIC JAMES BUSHER	3	03/28/2016	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	AJB	AJB	FOR ZICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS WILLIAM
P	4	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W01161483	AJB	AJB	LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
MO. PE-GO320								ELNOX TOWNSHII, SOSQOLIIANNA COONTI, TENNSTEVANIA
VSYLYROOD								COVER SHEET
1000000	1							DRAWN BY: JEC DATE: 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR BID: SCALE: AS NOTED
ALARIC J. BUSHER REG NO. PE 60320								CHECKED BY: AJB DATE: 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: 4
ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENTAL LAND SURVEYING								APPROVED BY: AJB DATE: 07/17/15 DRAWING NUMBER: (30-3680)MF-1A-11 SHEET
	<b>—</b>		+		+	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	140 440407









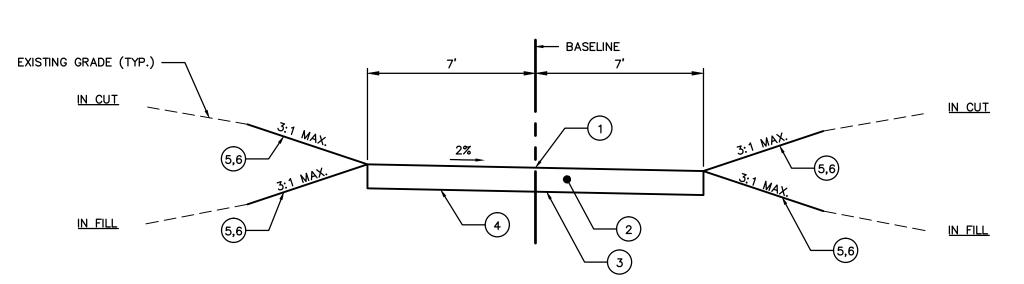


# 1355 L.V.C. = 50.00 FT P.V.STA 045784 PV STA 1449 P.V. STA ST

# **ACCESS ROAD PROFILE**

# TYPICAL SECTION LEGEND

- 1) POINT OF APPLICATION OF GRADE OR MATCH EXISTING GROUND
- 2 12" LAYER CRUSHER RUN GRAVEL
- 3) NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE (MIRAFI 140N OR EQUAL)
- 4 LIMIT OF EXCAVATION OR LIMIT OF COMPACTION
- 5 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET ON SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER
- 6 6" TOPSOIL AND SEED



TYPICAL SECTION D

			AR-SU-047.1				
No.	Northing	Easting	Bearing	Delta(△)	Length	Tangent	Radius
L1	B 571291.73 E 571304.44	B 2526269.95 E 2526291.85	N59*52'46.85"E		25.33'		
C1	PC 571304.44 PI 571338.44 PT 571405.49	PC 2526291.85 PI 2526350.47 PT 2526340.61		68"14'50"	119.11'	67.77'	100.0
L2	B 571405.49 E 571436.93	B 2526340.61 E 2526335.98	N8°22'03.55"W		31.78'		

AR-SU-47-	1 TYPICAL SECT	ION TABLE
BEGIN STA	END STA	TYPICAL SECTION
0+00	1+60	D

# GENERAL ACCESS ROAD NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT PA ONE CALL A MINIMUM OF 72 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. TRANSITIONS BETWEEN TYPICAL ACCESS ROAD SECTIONS SHALL OCCUR OVER 50 FEET.
- 3. NO EARTH DISTURBING IMPROVEMENTS ARE PROPOSED WITHIN FLOODWAYS TO MINIMIZE IMPACTS.
- 4. EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE PERMANENT STABILIZATION. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING AND OTHER MOVEMENTS.
- 5. ALL SLOPES THAT ARE EQUAL TO OR STEEPER THAN 1(V): 3(H) SHALL BE SEEDED AND THEN COVERED WITH EROSION CONTROL BLANKET. THE BLANKET SHALL BE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150 OR APPROVED EQUAL AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS.
- 6. ALL NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE MIRAFI 140N OR EQUAL.
- 7. RIP RAP GRADATION SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE 6.6 OF THE PADEP E&S MANUAL PROVIDED IN THE RIP RAP APRON AT PIPE OUTLET WITHOUT FLARED END SECTION (RAO) DETAIL UNDER SEPARATE COVER IN THE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND QUANTITIES PLAN.

GRAPHIC SCALE

40 20 0 40

SCALE IN FEET

VERTICAL SCALE 1"=4'
GRAPHIC SCALE

4 2 0 4

SCALE IN FEET

PERMANENT ACCESS ROAD SU-047.1 @ MP 56.94

				REVISIONS				TRANSC	ONTINE	NTAL GAS	S PIPE LII	NE COMPANY, LLC		
ONWEAL	NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO	снк.	APP.	ATLANTIC SUNRI	SE PRO	JECT- PI	ROPOSED 3	30" NATURAL GAS PIF	PELINE	
RESIDENCED, LY	0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL	W0116148	DAK	AJB	SOIL FRO	SION &	SEDIMEN	T CONTROL	. AND LAYOUT PLANS		
FROM PROPERTY NOTES	1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W0116148									
BALARIC JAMES BUSHER	3	03/28/2016	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W0116148	3 AJB	AJB	FOR ZICK METE	R STATIO	ON & AS	SOCIATED F	PERMANENT ACCESS I	ROADS M	Villiam's
BOIL GROWERS	4	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W0116148	AJB	AJB	LENOX TO	WNSHIP	. SUSQUE	EHANNA CO	UNTY, PENNSYLVANIA	~	
ENGREEN IN PR-60320												AYOUT PLAN		
TARABA TARABA						<u> </u>	$\vdash$	DRAWN BY: OC	DATE:	04/03/15	ISSUED FOR BID:		SCALE:	as noted
ALARIC J. BUSHER REG NO. PE 60320  ARCHITECTURE								CHECKED BY: AJB	DATE:	04/03/15	ISSUED FOR CONS	STRUCTION:	REVISION:	4
ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENTAL LAND SURVEYING	H							APPROVED BY: AJB	DATE:	07/17/15	DRAWING NUMBER:	(30-3680)MF-1A-	3	SHEET 6
Componies								WO: <b>1161483</b>						OF <b>11</b>

ing Location & Name: G:\JOBS14\14C\14C\19C99\DWG\010-CPLN\FA\_PP14C4909(10)-

- 2. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE LANDOWNER, APPROPRIATE MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS, THE E&S PLAN PREPARER, THE PCSM PLAN PREPARER, THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT OF CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PCSM PLAN, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO AN ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 3. AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, OR EXPANDING INTO AN AREA PREVIOUSLY UNMARKED, THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INC. SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT 1-800-242-1776 FOR THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 4. ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEQUENCE PROVIDED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. DEVIATION FROM THAT SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR BY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- 5. AREAS TO BE FILLED ARE TO BE CLEARED, GRUBBED, AND STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL TO REMOVE TREES, VEGETATION, ROOTS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL.
- 6. CLEARING, GRUBBING, AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL BE LIMITED TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. GENERAL SITE CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING MAY NOT COMMENCE IN ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF THE PROJECT UNTIL THE E&S BMPS SPECIFIED BY THE BMP SEQUENCE FOR THAT STAGE OR PHASE HAVE BEEN INSTALLED AND ARE FUNCTIONING AS DESCRIBED IN THIS E&S PLAN.
- 7. AT NO TIME SHALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES BE ALLOWED TO ENTER AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BOUNDARIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS. THESE AREAS MUST BE CLEARLY MARKED AND FENCED OFF BEFORE CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS BEGIN.
- 8. TOPSOIL REQUIRED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION SHALL BE STOCKPILED AT THE LOCATION(S) SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS(S) IN THE AMOUNT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE FINISH GRADING OF ALL EXPOSED AREAS THAT ARE TO BE STABILIZED BY VEGETATION. EACH STOCKPILE SHALL BE PROTECTED IN THE MANNER SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. STOCKPILE HEIGHTS SHALL NOT EXCEED 35 FEET. STOCKPILE SLOPES SHALL BE 2H: 1V OR FLATTER.
- 9. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, THE OPERATOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSIÓN AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION AND NOTIFY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR THE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT.
- 10. ALL BUILDING MATERIALS AND WASTES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS AT 25 PA. CODE 260.1 ET SEQ., 271.1, AND 287.1 ET. SEQ. NO BUILDING MATERIALS OR WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURNED, BURIED, DUMPED, OR DISCHARGED AT THE SITE.
- 11. ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ANY MATERIAL BROUGHT ON SITE IS CLEAN FILL. FORM FP-001 MUST BE RETAINED BY THE PROPERTY OWNER FOR ANY FILL MATERIAL AFFECTED BY A SPILL OR RELEASE OF A REGULATED SUBSTANCE BUT QUALIFYING AS CLEAN FILL DUE TO ANALYTICAL TESTING.
- 13. ALL PUMPING OF WATER FROM ANY WORK AREA SHALL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PROCEDURE DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN, OVER UNDISTURBED
- 14. VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT MAY NEITHER ENTER DIRECTLY NOR EXIT DIRECTLY FROM LIMIT OF DISTRUBANCE TO PUBLIC ROADS WITHOUT PASSING OVER A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.
- 15. UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS SHALL BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE SHALL INCLUDE INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. ALL PREVENTATIVE AND REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK, INCLUDING CLEAN OUT, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, REGRADING, RESEEDING, REMULCHING AND RENETTING MUST BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY. IF THE E&S BMPS FAIL TO PERFORM AS EXPECTED, REPLACEMENT BMPS, OR MODIFICATIONS OF THOSE INSTALLED WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 16. A LOG SHOWING DATES THAT E&S BMPS WERE INSPECTED AS WELL AS ANY DEFICIENCIES FOUND AND THE DATE THEY WERE CORRECTED SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE AND BE MADE AVAILABLE TO REGULATORY AGENCY OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION.
- 17. SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO ANY PUBLIC ROADWAY OR SIDEWALK SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SEDIMENT BE WASHED, SHOVELED, OR SWEPT INTO ANY ROADSIDE DITCH, STORM SEWER, OR SURFACE WATER.
- 18. ALL SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS.
- 19. AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE TOPSOILED SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES -- 6 TO 12 INCHES ON COMPACTED SOILS --PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. AREAS TO BE VEGETATED SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IN PLACE PRIOR TO SEEDING AND MULCHING. FILL OUTSLOPES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES OF TOPSOIL.
- 20. ALL FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED AS REQUIRED TO REDUCE EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE OR OTHER RELATED PROBLEMS. FILL INTENDED TO SUPPORT BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES AND CONDUITS, ETC. SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL REQUIREMENTS OR CODES.
- 21. ALL EARTHEN FILLS SHALL BE PLACED IN COMPACTED LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 9 INCHES IN THICKNESS.
- 22. FILL MATERIALS SHALL BE FREE OF FROZEN PARTICLES, BRUSH, ROOTS, SOD, OR OTHER FOREIGN OR OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH OR PREVENT CONSTRUCTION OF SATISFACTORY FILLS.
- 23. FROZEN MATERIALS OR SOFT, MUCKY, OR HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE INCORPORATED INTO FILLS.
- 24. FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SATURATED OR FROZEN SURFACES.
- 25. SEEPS OR SPRINGS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION FOR SUBSURFACE DRAIN OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD.
- 26. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY UPON REACHING FINISHED GRADE. CUT SLOPES IN COMPETENT BEDROCK AND ROCK FILLS NEED NOT BE VEGETATED. SEEDED AREAS WITHIN 50 FEET OF A SURFACE WATER, OR AS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS, SHALL BE BLANKETED ACCORDING TO THE STANDARDS OF THIS PLAN.
- 27. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE IN ANY AREA OR SUBAREA OF THE PROJECT. THE OPERATOR SHALL STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. DURING NON-GERMINATING MONTHS, MULCH OR PROTECTIVE BLANKETING SHALL BE APPLIED AS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. AREAS NOT AT FINISHED GRADE, WHICH WILL BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR, MAY BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. THOSE AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR SHALL BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS.
- 28. PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS DEFINED AS A MINIMUM UNIFORM, PERENNIAL 70% VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED EROSION. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING FAILURE DUE TO SLUMPING, SLIDING, OR OTHER MOVEMENTS.
- 29. E&S BMPS SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AS SUCH UNTIL ALL AREAS TRIBUTARY TO THEM ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED OR UNTIL THEY ARE REPLACED BY ANOTHER BMP APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT.
- 30. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO REMOVAL/CONVERSION OF THE E&S BMPS.
- 31. AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED, TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS MUST BE REMOVED OR CONVERTED TO PERMANENT POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BMPS. AREAS DISTURBED DURING REMOVAL OR CONVERSION OF THE BMPS SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. IN ORDER TO ENSURE RAPID REVEGETATION OF DISTURBED AREAS, SUCH REMOVAL/CONVERSIONS ARE TO BE DONE ONLY DURING THE GERMINATING SEASON.
- 32. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO SCHEDULE A FINAL INSPECTION.
- 33. FAILURE TO CORRECTLY INSTALL E&S BMPS, FAILURE TO PREVENT SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, OR FAILURE TO TAKE IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION TO RESOLVE FAILURE OF E&S BMPS MAY RESULT IN ADMINISTRATIVE, CIVIL, AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES BEING INSTITUTED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 602 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CLEAN STREAMS LAW. THE CLEAN STREAMS LAW PROVIDES FOR UP TO \$10,000 PER DAY IN CIVIL PENALTIES, UP TO \$10,000 IN SUMMARY CRIMINAL PENALTIES, AND UP TO \$25,000 IN MISDEMEANOR CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR EACH VIOLATION.
- 34. CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE HANDLED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. IN NO CASE SHALL IT BE ALLOWED TO ENTER ANY SURFACE WATERS OR GROUNDWATER SYSTEMS.
- 35. ALL CHANNELS SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO FILL, ROCKS, LEAVES, WOODY DEBRIS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT, EXCESS VEGETATION, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL/WASTES.
- 36. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES CUTTING THROUGH ANY ACTIVE CHANNEL SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BACKFILLED AND THE CHANNEL RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION AND PROTECTIVE LINING. ANY BASE FLOW WITHIN THE CHANNEL SHALL BE CONVEYED PAST THE WORK AREA IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN UNTIL SUCH RESTORATION IS COMPLETE.
- 37. CHANNELS HAVING RIPRAP, RENO MATTRESS, OR GABION LININGS MUST BE SUFFICIENTLY OVER-EXCAVATED SO THAT THE DESIGN DIMENSIONS WILL BE PROVIDED AFTER PLACEMENT OF THE PROTECTIVE LINING.
- 38. SEDIMENT BASINS AND/OR TRAPS SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF ALL CONSTRUCTION WASTE, WASH WATER, AND OTHER DEBRIS HAVING POTENTIAL TO CLOG THE BASIN/TRAP OUTLET STRUCTURES AND/OR POLLUTE THE SURFACE WATERS.
- 39. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM UNAUTHORIZED ACTS BY THIRD PARTIES.
- 40. ANY DAMAGE THAT OCCURS IN WHOLE OR IN PART AS A RESULT OF BASIN OR TRAP DISCHARGE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPAIRED BY THE PERMITTEE IN A PERMANENT MANNER SATISFACTORY TO THE MUNICIPALITY, LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT, AND THE OWNER OF THE DAMAGED
- 41. UPON REQUEST, THE APPLICANT OR HIS CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AS-BUILT (RECORD DRAWING) FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP TO THE MUNICIPAL INSPECTOR, LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT.
- 42. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL SLOPES 3H:1V OR STEEPER WITHIN 50 FEET OF A SURFACE WATER AND ON ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS SPECIFIED ON THE PLAN MAPS AND/OR DETAIL SHEETS.
- 43. FILL MATERIAL FOR EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE FREE OF ROOTS, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION, ORGANIC MATERIAL, LARGE STONES, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS. THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE COMPACTED IN MAXIMUM 9 INCH LAYERED LIFTS AT 95% DENSITY.

# **GENERAL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES**

- 1. INSPECT SNOW PLACEMENT AREAS DURING THE THAW CYCLE. INSTALL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs DURING QUICK THAWS AND WHEN SNOW MELT RUNOFF IS CONCENTRATED OR IS CAUSING EROSION.
- 2. DISCHARGING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER WHICH WILL CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO THE DEGRADATION OF A BENEFICIAL USE OF A WATER OF THE STATE FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, A DEWATERING SITE. OR SEDIMENT BASIN/TRAP INTO ANY WATER BODY OR STORM DRAIN WITHOUT FILTRATION OR EQUIVALENT TREATMENT IS PROHIBITED.
- 3. DISCHARGES ORIGINATING FROM OFF-SITE SOURCES, WHICH FLOW THROUGH OR ACROSS THE AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION, SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREA WHENEVER POSSIBLE.
- 4. STAGING AREAS, ASSEMBLY AREAS, TEMPORARY EQUIPMENT AND NON-HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED OUTSIDE THE 100-YR FLOOD ZONE. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 100 FEET BACK FROM SURFACE WATER BODIES.
- 5. ALL EXCAVATED MATERIALS THAT WILL NOT BE USED ON THE SITE CANNOT BE STORED IN THE FLOODPLAIN AND MUST BE HAULED TO A DISPOSAL SITE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE FLOODPLAIN.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY FROM THE EDGE OF A WETLAND.
- 7. MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO PREVENT TRENCHES FROM DRAINING A WETLAND OR CHANGING ITS HYDROLOGY.
- 8. IT IS DESIRED THAT THE AMOUNT AND DURATION OF OPEN TRENCH BE MINIMIZED DURING THE PROJECT.
- 9. IF TOPSOIL PILES ARE EXPOSED FOR GREATER THAN 4 DAYS, THEY SHALL BE SEEDED WITH AN ANNUAL SEED MIXTURE AND MULCHED WITH STRAW.
- 10. NO EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSTALLED IN AGRICULTURAL AREAS.
- 11. HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- 12. LOCATION AND SPACING OF THE WATERBARS ARE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. WATERBARS MAY BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD DUE TO ACTUAL SITE CONDITIONS. HOWEVER INSTALLATION AND SPACING MUST CONFORM TO THE DETAILS PROVIDED AND APPROVAL MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR PA DEP.
- 13. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM PUBLIC ROADS OR BMPS WILL BE REUSED ON SITE OR DISPOSED OF AT A SITE WITH AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR DEP.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL FAMILIARIZE HIMSELF WITH THE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRUCTION PLAN.
- 15. CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE THE TOTAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE.
- 16. UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE A CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED 4 DAYS. THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&S PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES. FOR AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY TO BE CONSIDERED TEMPORARILY STABILIZED, THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: A MINIMUM UNIFORM COVERAGE OF MULCH AND SEED, WITH A DENSITY CAPABLE OF RESISTING ACCELERATED E&S, OR AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH TEMPORARILY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED E&S. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR ON ACTIVE VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS WITHIN THE ROW. THE ON-SITE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR WILL LOG ACTIVITY WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND NOTIFY THE CONTRACTOR OF AREAS REQUIRING TEMPORARY STABILIZATION.
- 17. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, THE OPERATOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BMPS TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION AND NOTIFY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR PADEP.
- 18. MAINTAIN TEMPORARY SOIL STOCKPILES.
- 19. NO EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WITHIN 50 FEET OF STREAM CHANNELS WILL BE PERFORMED UNTIL MATERIALS NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE CROSSING ARE AT THE NEAREST AVAILABLE LOCATION.

21. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE LONGER THAN 4 DAYS IN ANY AREA OR SUBAREA OF THE PROJECT, THE OPERATOR SHALL STABILIZE ALL SUCH INACTIVE DISTURBED AREAS.

- 20. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS MAINTENANCE OF ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WITHIN DISTURBED AREAS.
- 22. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY
- SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING AND OTHER MOVEMENTS.
- 23. DURING NON-GERMINATING MONTHS, MULCH OR PROTECTIVE BLANKETING SHALL BE APPLIED AS DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. AREAS NOT AT FINISHED GRADE, WHICH WILL BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR, MAY BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. THOSE AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE REACTIVATED WITHIN 1 YEAR SHALL BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS.
- 24. FOLLOW THE CONSTRUCTION/EROSION CONTROL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AS OUTLINED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 25. THE STAGING OF EARTHMOVING ACTIVITIES FOR THIS PROJECT IS A GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK REQUIRED. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROJECT OWNER STANDARDS, THE PADEP REGULATIONS, AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 26. SCHEDULE WORK TO BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES THE LENGTH OF TIME THAT BARE SOIL WILL BE EXPOSED TO THE ELEMENTS.
- 27. ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SEQUENCE. EACH STAGE SHALL BE COMPLETED AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED BEFORE ANY FOLLOWING STAGE IS INITIATED. CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL BE LIMITED ONLY TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE. IMPLEMENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SPECIFIED; HOWEVER, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSERT ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION PHASES IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE HIS WORK WHILE MAINTAINING THE SAME LEVEL OF PROTECTION ANY DEVIATION FROM THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT. CONSTRUCTION MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEQUENCE OF BMP INSTALLATION INDICATED ON SITE SPECIFIC DETAIL SHEETS. THIS SEQUENCE IS DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. THE CONTRACTOR MAY DEVIATE SLIGHTLY FROM THE STAGING OF PERMANENT SITE IMPROVEMENTS, BUT NO DEVIATION FROM THE RELATIVE ORDER OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR PADEP.

# NOTICES TO CONTRACTOR

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSURE THAT THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN IS PROPERLY AND COMPLETELY IMPLEMENTED.
- 3. ALL WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 4. THE CONTRACTORS SHALL BE ADDED AS CO-PERMITEES TO TO THE ESCGP-2 PERMIT.

# MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

NAME:

- THE FOLLOWING INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO MAINTAIN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND STABILIZATION MEASURES:
- 1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY SEVEN DAYS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. A WRITTEN REPORT MUST ALSO BE COMPLETED DOCUMENTING EACH INSPECTION AND, IF NECESSARY, ANY REPAIR, REPLACEMENT OR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY.
- 2. ALL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER; IF REPAIRS OR ADDITIONAL MEASURES ARE FOUND TO BE NECESSARY, THEY WILL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE
- 3. BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM PERIMETER BMPS WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE-THIRD THE HEIGHT OF THE BMP.
- 4. PERIMETER BMPS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR DEPTH OF SEDIMENT, DAMAGE, ETC., TO ENSURE THE MEASURE IS IN PROPER WORKING ORDER, AND THAT ANY POSTS/WOOD STAKES ARE SECURELY IN THE GROUND.
- 5. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS, IF PRESENT, WILL BE INSPECTED FOR DEPTH OF SEDIMENT, AND BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES THE DESIGN CLEANOUT DEPTH.
- 6. TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING, AND OTHER STABILIZATION MEASURES, WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND HEALTHY GROWTH.
- 7. A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION. COPIES OF THE REPORT FORMS TO BE COMPLETED BY THE INSPECTOR ARE INCLUDED IN THIS ESCP.
- 8. THE INSPECTOR WILL IMPLEMENT INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES NECESSARY FOR KEEPING THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT ARE USED ON THE SITE IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. THE INSPECTOR WILL ALSO BE TRAINED IN THE COMPLETION OF, INITIATION OF ACTIONS REQUIRED BY, AND THE FILING OF THE INSPECTION FORMS.
- 9. DISTURBED AREAS AND MATERIALS STORAGE AREAS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF OR POTENTIAL FOR POLLUTANTS ENTERING THE STORMWATER.
- A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S) WILL BE AVAILABLE ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- ONCE ANY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE INSTALLED, THE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES ABOVE SHALL BEGIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THE INSPECTION FORMS BECOME AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE ESCP AND SHALL BE MADE READILY AVAILABLE TO THE GOVERNMENT INSPECTION OFFICIALS, THE PROJECT OWNER'S ENGINEER, AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR REVIEW UPON REQUEST DURING VISITS TO THE PROJECT SITE.
- INSPECTORS SHOULD BE KNOWLEDGEABLE IN THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND POSSESS THE SKILLS TO ASSESS CONDITIONS AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT COULD IMPACT STORMWATER QUALITY AND TO ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF ANY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SELECTED TO CONTROL THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THEY SHOULD ALSO HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD ALL PORTIONS OF THIS ESCP, INCLUDING THE ESCGP-2.
- THE INDIVIDUAL(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR POST-STORM AND STORM EVENT BMP INSPECTIONS, AND THE QUALIFIED PERSON(S) ASSIGNED RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE PERMIT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF ALL ELEMENTS OF THE ESCP, INCLUDING THE PREPARATION OF THE ANNUAL COMPLIANCE EVALUATION AND THE ELIMINATION OF ALL UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

PHONE NUMBER:	EMERGENCY PHONE #:
COMPANY:	
RESPONSIBILITIES:	
NAME:	
	EMERGENCY PHONE #:

# ALARIC JAMES BUSH

			REVISIONS			
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	СНК.	API
0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	AJ
1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	A٠
3	03/28/2016	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	AJB	Au
4	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W01161483	AJB	Á
			·			_

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

AS NOTED 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: SHEET 7 (30-3680)MF-1A-11NUMBER: OF **11** 

DISPOSALS OR RECYCLING SITES AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO INVENTORY AND MANAGE THEIR CONSTRUCTION SITE MATERIALS. THE GOAL IS TO BE AWARE OF THE MATERIALS ON-SITE, ENSURE THEY ARE PROPERLY MAINTAINED, USED, AND DISPOSED OF, AND TO MAKE SURE THE MATERIALS ARE NOT EXPOSED TO STORMWATER.

RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL METHODS

THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES ARE EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT ON-SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION (NOTE: THIS LIST IS NOT AN ALL-INCLUSIVE LIST AND THE MATERIALS MANAGEMENT PLAN CAN BE MODIFIED TO ADDRESS ADDITIONAL MATERIALS USED ON-SITE):

THE RESTORATION OF THE TEMPORARY GRAVEL WILL REQUIRE THE REMOVAL OF THE TEMPORARY MATERIALS. THE TEMPORARY MATERIALS INCLUDE, BUT

MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO, STONE SURFACE AND ASSOCIATED GEOTEXTILES. THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO DISPOSE OF MATERIALS AT SUITABLE

SOLVENTS

 FERTILIZERS (NITROGEN/PHOSPHORUS) HYDROSEEDING MIXTURES

 PETROLEUM BASED PRODUCTS SANITARY WASTES

 SOIL STABILIZATION ADDITIVES SOLDER

 OTHER (LIST HERE): THESE MATERIALS MUST BE STORED AS APPROPRIATE AND SHALL NOT CONTACT STORM OR NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE

WEATHER PROOF CONTAINER TO STORE CHEMICALS OR ERODIBLE SUBSTANCES THAT MUST BE KEPT ON THE SITE. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR

MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

THE FOLLOWING ARE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES TO STORMWATER RUNOFF

1. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION:

STORE ONLY ENOUGH MATERIAL REQUIRED TO DO THE JOB.

- STORE MATERIALS IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER. • STORE CHEMICALS IN WATERTIGHT CONTAINERS OR IN A STORAGE SHED, UNDER A ROOF, COMPLETELY ENCLOSED, WITH APPROPRIATE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT TO PREVENT SPILL OR LEAKAGE. DRIP PANS SHALL BE PROVIDED UNDER DISPENSERS.
- SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- INSPECTIONS WILL BE PERFORMED TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS. COVER AND BERM LOOSE STOCKPILED CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT ACTIVELY BEING USED (I.E. SOIL, SPOILS, AGGREGATE, ETC.).

READING, MAINTAINING, AND MAKING EMPLOYEES AND SUBCONTRACTORS AWARE OF MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDSs).

 MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS TO PRECIPITATION. MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR OFF-SITE TRACKING OF LOOSE CONSTRUCTION AND LANDSCAPE MATERIALS.

2. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS

THESE PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. MSDSS FOR EACH SUBSTANCE WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES THAT IS USED ON THE JOB SITE(S) WILL BE OBTAINED AND USED FOR THE PROPER MANAGEMENT OF POTENTIAL WASTES THAT MAY RESULT

FROM THESE PRODUCTS. A MSDS WILL BE POSTED IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA WHERE SUCH PRODUCT IS STORED AND/OR USED AND ANOTHER COPY OF EACH MSDS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN A FILE AT THE JOB SITE CONSTRUCTION TRAILER OFFICE. EACH EMPLOYEE WHO MUST HANDLE A SUBSTANCE WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES WILL BE INSTRUCTED ON THE USE OF MSDS AND THE SPECIFIC INFORMATION IN THE APPLICABLE MSDS FOR THE PRODUCT HE/SHE IS USING, PARTICULARLY REGARDING SPILL CONTROL TECHNIQUES.

- PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS WITH THE ORIGINAL LABELS IN LEGIBLE CONDITION.
- ORIGINAL LABELS AND MSDSS WILL BE PRODUCED AND USED FOR EACH MATERIAL. IF SURPLUS PRODUCT MUST BE DISPOSED OF, MANUFACTURER'S OR LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR PROPER DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- 3. HAZARDOUS WASTES

ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL, STATE, AND/OR FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND BY THE MANUFACTURER OF SUCH PRODUCTS. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED.

4. CONCRETE AND OTHER WASH WATERS

PREVENT DISPOSAL OF RINSE, WASH WATERS, OR MATERIALS ON IMPERVIOUS OR PERVIOUS SURFACES, INTO STREAMS, WETLANDS OR OTHER WATER

CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL BE ALLOWED TO WASH OUT OR DISCHARGE SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH WATER ON THE SITE, BUT ONLY IN EITHER (1) SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED DIKED AREAS WHICH HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO PREVENT CONTACT BETWEEN THE CONCRETE AND/OR WASHOUT AND SOIL AND STORMWATER HAVING THE POTENTIAL TO BE DISCHARGED FROM THE SITE OR (2) IN LOCATIONS WHERE WASTE CONCRETE CAN BE POURED INTO FORMS TO MAKE RIPRAP OR OTHER USEFUL CONCRETE PRODUCTS.

THE HARDENED RESIDUE FROM THE CONCRETE WASHOUT DIKED AREAS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE SAME MANNER AS OTHER NON-HAZARDOUS CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS OR MAY BE BROKEN UP AND USED ON THE SITE AS DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE CONTRACTOR AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SEEING THAT THESE PROCEDURES ARE FOLLOWED.

ALL CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS WILL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE THE LIKELIHOOD OF THE AREA CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGE IS NEGLIGIBLE. IF REQUIRED, ADDITIONAL BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT CONCRETE WASTES FROM CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGES. THE LOCATION OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA(S) MUST BE IDENTIFIED, BY THE CONTRACTOR/JOB SITE SUPERINTENDENT, ON THE JOB SITE COPY OF

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S) IN THIS ESCP.

5. SANITARY WASTES

ALL SANITARY WASTE UNITS WILL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE THE LIKELIHOOD OF THE UNIT CONTRIBUTING TO STORMWATER DISCHARGES IS NEGLIGIBLE. ADDITIONAL BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED, SUCH AS CONTAINMENT TRAYS (PROVIDED BY THE RENTAL COMPANY) OR SPECIAL CONTAINMENT CREATED WITH 2"X4" LUMBER, IMPERVIOUS PLASTIC, AND GRAVEL. THE LOCATION OF THE SANITARY WASTE UNITS MUST BE IDENTIFIED ON THE JOB SITE COPY OF THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN(S), IN THIS ESCP, BY THE CONTRACTOR/JOB SITE SUPERINTENDENT.

6. SOLID AND CONSTRUCTION WASTES

ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN A SECURELY LIDDED METAL DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL AND STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. THE DUMPSTER/CONTAINER LIDS SHALL BE CLOSED AT THE END OF EVERY BUSINESS DAY AND DURING RAIN EVENTS. APPROPRIATE MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO PRÉVENT DISCHARGES FROM WASTE DISPOSAL CONTAINERS TO THE RECEIVING WATER.

7. CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE PROVIDED TO HELP REDUCE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS. THE PAVED ROADS ADJACENT TO THE SITE ENTRANCE WILL BE INSPECTED DAILY AND SWEPT AS NECESSARY TO REMOVE ANY EXCESS MUD, DIRT, OR ROCK TRACKED FROM THE SITE. DUMP TRUCKS HAULING MATERIAL FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE WILL BE COVERED WITH A TARPAULIN AS NECESSARY.

8. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

11. CONTAMINATED SOILS

ON-SITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS ON SITE WILL HAVE A DIKE OR BERM CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTED AROUND IT TO CONTAIN SPILLS WHICH MAY OCCUR (CONTAINMENT VOLUME TO BE 110% OF VOLUME STORED). THE DIKE OR BERMED AREA SHALL BE LINED WITH AN IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL SUCH AS A HEAVY DUTY PLASTIC SHEET. DRIP PANS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL DISPENSERS. ANY ASPHALT SUBSTANCES USED ON THE SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

9. FERTILIZERS AND LANDSCAPE MATERIALS

FERTILIZERS WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONCE APPLIED, FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER, STORAGE WILL BE UNDER COVER. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR SPILLS. THE BIN SHALL BE LABELED APPROPRIATELY. CONTAIN STOCKPILED MATERIALS, SUCH AS BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MULCHES, TOP SOIL, ROCKS AND GRAVEL, AND DECOMPOSED GRANITE, WHEN THEY ARE

NOT ACTIVELY BEING USED. APPLY ERODIBLE LANDSCAPE MATERIAL AT QUANTITIES AND APPLICATION RATES ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS OR BASED ON WRITTEN SPECIFICATIONS BY KNOWLEDGEABLE AND EXPERIENCED FIELD PERSONNEL. DISCONTINUE THE APPLICATION OF ANY ERODIBLE LANDSCAPE

MATERIAL WITHIN TWO DAYS PRIOR TO A FORECASTED RAIN EVENT OR DURING PERIODS OF PRECIPITATION. 10. PAINTS, PAINT SOLVENTS AND CLEANING SOLVENTS

12. OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS

CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT IN USE. EXCESS PAINT AND SOLVENTS WILL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

ANY CONTAMINATED SOILS (RESULTING FROM SPILLS OF MATERIALS WITH HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES) WHICH MAY RESULT FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE CONTAINED AND CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

ALL OFF-SITE WASTE AND BORROW AREAS MUST HAVE AN E&S PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF PADEP FULLY IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO BEING ACTIVATED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND TO DEVELOP A PLAN THAT MEETS THE CONDITIONS OF CHAPTER 102, NPDES PERMIT CONDITIONS, AND/OR OTHER STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

> ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS

> > FOR ZICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: JEC DATE: 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR BID: CHECKED BY: AJB DATE: APPROVED BY: AJB DATE:

# INTERIM AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION

STABILIZATION BMPs TO PROTECT THE SEEDBED UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

1. INTERIM STABILIZATION

TEMPORARY SEEDING WITH STRAW MULCH COVER FOR INTERIM STABILIZATION IS A TYPE OF BMP THAT CAN USUALLY BE PROVIDED WHERE THE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY TEMPORARILY CEASES (I.E. 4 DAYS OR MORE) UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT OWNER, PADEP, OR CONSERVATION DISTRICT. THE INSTALLATION OF AN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR APPLICATION OF STRAW MULCH UPON SEEDED AREAS ARE BOTH CONSIDERED TO BE INTERIM

2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION

UPON COMPLETION OF ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

THE INSTALLATION OF PAVEMENT, ROCK RIP RAP. OR GABIONS ARE SOME EXAMPLES OF STABILIZATION. THE STANDARD FOR VEGETATIVE COVER AS STABILIZATION IS PERENNIAL VEGETATION THAT IS ESTABLISHED WITH A UNIFORM COVERAGE DENSITY OF 70% ACROSS THE DISTURBED AREA. THE APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZERS, SEED, AND MULCH IS USUALLY DONE TO ACHIEVE PERMANENT STABILIZATION. THE MULCH IS CONSIDERED TO BE AN INTERIM STABILIZATION MEASURE TO ASSIST IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER.

3. STABILIZATION DURING NON-GROWING SEASONS

WHEN UTILITY CONSTRUCTION MUST BE DONE AND IS COMPLETED DURING A NON-GROWING SEASON, INTERIM STABILIZATION BMPs MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AND ADEQUATELY MAINTAINED. THE APPLICATION OF STRAW MULCH AT THE RATE OF 3.0 TONS PER ACRE IS REQUIRED. THE BMPs SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY (UNLESS SNOW COVERED) AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT TO IDENTIFY AREAS THAT BECOME BARE.

BARE AREAS SHOULD BE COVERED WITH A PROPERLY INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL BLANKET. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROLS MUST BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

4. WHERE REQUIRED, STRAW MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A MINIMUM OF 3.0 TONS PER ACRE.

5. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IN LONG STRANDS, NOT FINELY CHOPPED OR BROKEN.

6. PRIOR TO ANY SEEDING, LIME, OR FERTILIZATION APPLICATION, A SOIL TEST SHALL BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE pH FACTOR. ADDITIONAL LIME AND FERTILIZER MAY BE REQUIRED. NO LIME OR FERTILIZERS SHALL BE USED IN WETLAND AREAS.

7. LIME, FERTILIZE, SEED, AND MULCH DISTURBED AREAS PER THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS. IN AREAS OF STEEP SLOPES OR OBVIOUS AREAS WHERE POTENTIAL EROSION MAY OCCUR, AND EROSION CONTROL MAT OR FLEXIBLE GROWTH MEDIUM (FGM) SHALL BE USED. FGM SHALL BE APPLIED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS. NO LIME OR FERTILIZERS SHALL BE USED IN WETLAND OR STREAM AREAS.

8. WATERBARS WITHIN AGRICULTURAL OR RESIDENTIAL AREAS SHALL BE USED AS TEMPORARY FEATURES. WATERBARS MAY BE REMOVED WHEN THE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA IS AT LEAST 70% STABILIZED WITH PERENNIAL VEGETATION AS PER PA CHAPTER 102.22

# ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK CONTROL PLAN

THE FOLLOWING ACID PRODUCING SOILS CONTROL PLAN WAS DEVELOPED TO IDENTIFY BMPS AND PROCEDURES FOR MINIMIZING THE POTENTIAL FOR POLLUTION ASSOCIATED WITH THE DISTURBANCE OF THE AREAS WITHIN THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY THAT CONTAIN ACID-PRODUCING SOILS. ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK CONTROL PLAN:

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT THE EXCAVATION AREA AND EXPOSURE TIME WHEN HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED. LOCATIONS WHERE ACIDIC SOILS ARE ANTICIPATED TO BE PRESENT ON THE SITE.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEPARATELY STORE TOPSOIL STRIPPED FROM THE SITE AWAY FROM TEMPORARILY STOCKPILED HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK MATERIAL ON LEVEL GROUND TO MINIMIZE ITS MOVEMENT, ESPECIALLY WHEN THESE MATERIALS HAVE A HIGH CLAY CONTENT.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL COVER TEMPORARILY STOCKPILED HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOIL AND BEDROCK MATERIAL TO BE EXPOSED MORE THAN 30 DAYS WITH PROPERLY ANCHORED, HEAVY-GRATE SHEETS OF POLYETHYLENE, WHERE POSSIBLE. IF NOT POSSIBLE, STOCKPILES SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF THREE TO SIX INCHES OF WOOD CHIPS TO MINIMIZE EROSION OF THE STOCKPILE. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SILT FENCE AT THE TOE OF THE STOCKPILE SLOPE TO CONTAIN MOVEMENT OF MATERIAL. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT APPLY TOPSOIL TO THE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOIL OR BEDROCK STOCKPILES TO PREVENT TOPSOIL CONTAMINATION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL ULTIMATELY DISPOSE OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK WITH A PH OF FOUR OR LESS, OR CONTAINING IRON SULFIDE (INCLUDING BORROW FROM CUTS) BY PLACING THE MATERIAL COMBINED WITH LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 6 TONS PER ACRE (OR 275 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA) AND COVERING THE MIXTURE WITH A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF SETTLED SOILS WITH A PH OF FIVE OR MORE EXCEPT AS FOLLOWS:
- A. IN THE AREAS WHERE TREES OF SHRUBS ARE TO BE PLANTED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COVER THE LIMESTONE/SOIL MIXTURE WITH A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES OF SOILS WITH A PH OF FIVE OR MORE.
- B. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT LOCATE ANY DISPOSAL AREA WITHIN 24 INCHES OF ANY SURFACE OF A SLOPE OR BANK, SUCH AS BERMS, STREAM BANKS, DITCHES, AND OTHER SURFACE WATERS TO PREVENT POTENTIAL LATERAL LEACHING DAMAGES.
- 6. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN ALL EQUIPMENT USED TO HANDLE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK TO PREVENT SPREADING OF HIGH-ACID MATERIALS TO OTHER PARTS OF THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY, INTO STREAMS, OR STORMWATER CONVEYANCES, AND TO PROTECT MACHINERY FROM ACCELERATED CORROSION.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL NON-VEGETATIVE EROSION CONTROLS (STONE TRACKING PADS, STRATEGICALLY-PLACE LIMESTONE CHECK DAMS, SILT FENCES, WOOD CHIPS) TO LIMIT THE MOVEMENT OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS FROM. AROUND. OR OFF OF THE PROPOSED
- 8. FOLLOWING THE BURIAL OR REMOVAL OF HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS AND BEDROCK, TOP SOILING, AND SEEDING OF THE PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY, TRANSCO SHALL MONITOR THE SITE FOR APPROXIMATELY SIX TO 12 MONTHS TO ASSURE THERE IS ADEQUATE STABILIZATION AND THAT NO HIGH-ACID SOIL OR BEDROCK PROBLEMS EMERGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL CORRECT ANY PROBLEMS THAT ARE DISCOVERED WITHIN
- 9. IF PROBLEMS OCCUR WHERE HIGH ACID-PRODUCING SOILS OR BEDROCK HAVE BEEN PLACED OR BURIED, THE APPLICANT SHALL MONITOR THESE AREAS FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS TO ASSURE THERE IS NO MIGRATION OF POTENTIAL ACID LEACHATE.

# METER STATION SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

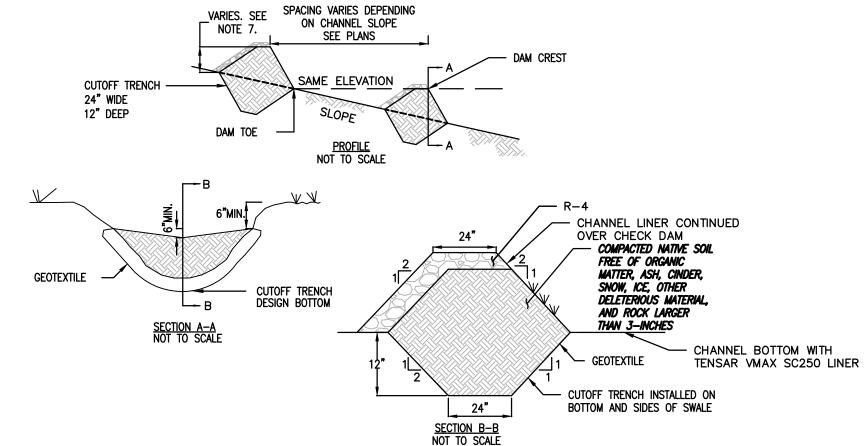
- . AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING, THE OWNER AND/OF OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTORS, THE LANDOWNER, APPROPRIATE MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS, THE E&S PLAN PREPARER, THE PCSM PLAN PREPARER, THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT OF CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PCSM PLAN, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TO AN ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION
- 2. AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, OR EXPANDING INTO AN AREA PREVIOUSLY UNMARKED, THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INC. SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT 1-800-242-1776 FOR THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 3. INSTALL ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AROUND AREAS TO BE PROTECTED. 4. LOCATE STAGING AREAS AND ACCESS POINTS INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES. FIELD LOCATE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE.
- 5. INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES (RCES).
- 6. REMOVE BRUSH TO EFFECTIVELY INSTALL PÈRIMETER CONTROLS, LEVEL SIDE CUTS TO GRANT ACCESS FOR VEHICLES AND WORKERS TO SAFELY PERFORM THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS ON THE SITE AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. . THE COMPLIANCE MANAGER SHALL PROVIDE PADEP AND CCD AT LEAST THREE DAYS' NOTICE PRIOR TO BULK EARTH DISTURBANCE AND UPON COMPLETED INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION CONTROLS.
- 8. UTILIZE EXISTING PERMANENT ACCESS ROAD. 9. \* INSTALL SEDIMENT TRAP WITH TEMPORARY RISER, INCLUDING CLAY CORE, ANTISEEP COLLARS, SLOPE LINERS, CLEANOUT STAKE, AND
- ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS. INSTALL ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AT PERIMETER OF TRAP TO PREVENT COMPACTION OF SOILS. 10.\* INSTALL VEGETATED SWALE 1. INSTALL EARTHEN CHECK DAMS AND DRAINAGE CHANNEL APRONS AS SOON AS SWALE GRADING IS COMPLETE.
- INSTALL FILTER SOCK DIVERSION 1 11.PROCEED WITH MAJOR CLEARING AND GRUBBING
- 12.BEGIN CONSTRUCTION STAKING FOR GRADING. 13.BEGIN GRADING AND STRIP AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL WITHIN THE METER STATION AREA AND INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS AROUND STOCKPILES. 14.UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE THE CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED FOUR DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES. FOR AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OF AN ACTIVITY TO BE CONSIDERED TEMPORARILY STABILIZED, THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING A MINIMUM UNIFORM COVERAGE OF MULCH AND SEED, WITH A DENSITY CAPABLE OF RESISTING ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION, OR AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH TEMPORARILY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR ON ACTIVE VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS WITHIN THE ROW. THE ON-SITE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR WILL LOG DAILY ACTIVITY WITHIN THE LOD AND NOTIFY THE CONTRACTOR OF AREAS REQUIRING TEMPORARY STABILIZATION (I.E., AREAS WHERE WORK HAS CEASED FOR AT LEAST FOUR
- 15.ROUGH GRADE SITE.
- 16.GRADE THE METER STATION PAD AS SHOWN ON THE E&SC AND PCSM/SR PLANS (SECTIONS 2 AND 3 OF THE ESCGP-2 NOI). 17.IMMEDIATELY STABILIZE SIDE SLOPES WITH EROSION CONTROL MATTING WHEN SLOPES ARE 3:1 OR GREATER. SEE PCSM/SR PLANS AND DETAIL SHEETS, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 3 OF THE ESCGP-2 NOI, (PATTERNS DIFFER BY SLOPE CATEGORY). INSTALL RIP RAP SLOPE STABILIZATION WHERE SHOWN ON THE PCSM/SR PLANS.
- 18.ESTABLISH FINAL GRADE. 19.SURFACE STABILIZATION, APPLY PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES IMMEDIATELY TO ANY DISTURBED AREAS WHERE WORK HAS REACHED
- 20.UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATORS SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CCD FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL/CONVERSION OF THE E&SC BMPS
- 21.\* REPLACE TEMPORARY RISER WITH PERMANENT OUTLET STRUCTURE. INSTALL EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND CONVERT SEDIMENT TRAP TO PERMANENT BASIN CONFIGURATION. IF, AFTER EXCAVATING BASIN TO BOTTOM ELEVATION OF AMENDED SOIL, BASIN BOTTOM WILL BE EXPOSED, INSTALL COMPOSITE FILTER SOCK AT TOE OF SLOPE ON INTERIOR OF BASIN. 22.AFTER FINISH GRADING AND TOPSOIL PLACEMENT IS COMPLETED, DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY FERTILIZED, SEEDED, AND MULCHED.
- SEED MIXTURES, FERTILIZER AND MULCH APPLICATIONS RATES AND DATES SHALL CONFORM TO THE TABLES PROVIDED ON THE PCSM/SR PLANS AND DETAIL SHEETS (SECTION 3 OF THE ESCGP-2 NOI), LAND OWNER AGREEMENTS AND/OR THE ECP (SECTION 4 OF THE ESCGP-2 NOI). 23.AFTER SEEDING, FERTILIZING AND MULCHING IS COMPLETE, INSTALL ECBS AS REQUIRED OR ORDERED OR ON SLOPES OF 3:1 OR GREATER 24.AFTER THE SITE IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND UPON PADEP OR LOCAL CCD AND OWNER APPROVAL OF STABILIZATION AND RE-VEGETATION,
- REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZE AREAS DISTURBED BY REMOVAL. 25. \* COMPLETE SITE STABILIZATION, INCLUDING SOIL AMENDMENT, SEED APPLICATION, ECB INSTALLING IN BASIN, AND MULCHING (INSTALL COMPOSITE FILTER SOCK AT TOE OF SLOPE IN INTERIOR OF BASIN).
- 27. MAINTAIN E&SC BMPS UNTIL SITE WORK IS COMPLETE AND UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER IS ESTABLISHED.
- 28. REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE/RECYCLE E&SC BMPS. REMOVE ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE. REPAIR AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE AREAS

\* INDICATES A CRITICAL STAGE OF PCSM INSTALLATION TO BE OBSERVED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL OR DESIGNEE. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE 3 BUSINESS DAYS NOTICE TO ENGINEER AND WILLIAMS.

# THERMAL IMPACT ANALYSIS

THERMAL IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH CPL NORTH, CPL SOUTH, AND ASSOCIATED FACILITIES WILL BE AVOIDED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE. THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS RELATED TO THERMAL IMPACTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE E&SC PLAN WITHIN SECTION 2 OF THE ESCGP-2 NOI:

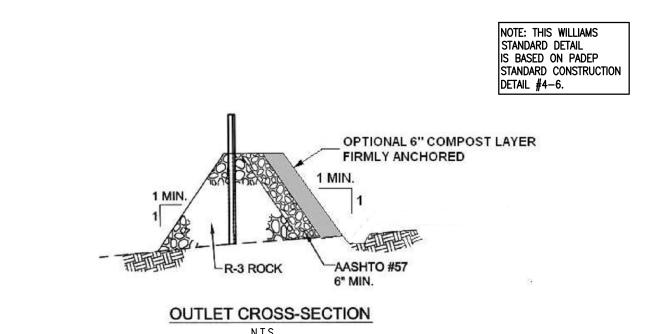
- THE MINIMUM PERMANENT CHANGES IN LAND COVER, NECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT THE REQUIRED FACILITIES. ARE BEING PROPOSED.
- RUNOFF FROM THE PERMANENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS WILL BE COLLECTED AS PART OF THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT/SITE RESTORATION (PCSM/SR) PLAN AND ROUTED TO PCSM/SR BMPS. IN ADDITION, IMPERVIOUS AREAS WILL BE GRAVEL INSTEAD OF ASPHALT WHEREVER PRACTICAL.
- . PCSM/SR BMPS INCORPORATE THE USE OF INFILTRATION FACILITIES SUCH AS BASINS AND VEGETATED SWALES WITH EARTHEN CHECK DAMS.
- . THE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION, ESPECIALLY TREE COVER, WILL BE LIMITED TO ONLY THAT NECESSARY FOR
- THE RECEIVING WATERS FOR THIS FACILITY ARE APPROXIMATELY 2,000 FEET FROM THE SITE. TRAVEL TIME OF SITE RUNOFF OVER THIS DISTANCE WILL ALLOW RUNOFF TO REACH A TEMPERATURE NOT EXPECTED TO IMPACT THE RECEIVING WATERS.

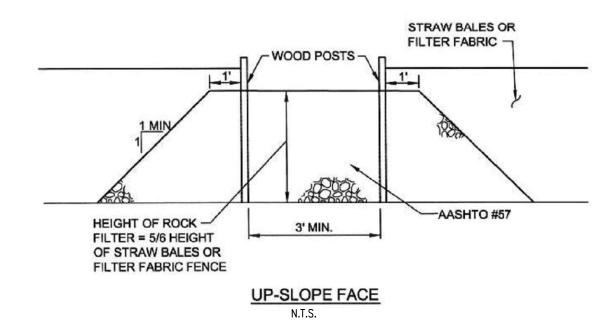


- CHECK DAMS ARE APPLICABLE FOR SMALL DITCHES AND SWALES AND ARE NOT TO BE USED IN LIVE FLOWING
- 2. CHECK DAMS SHALL BE INSTALLED SUCH THAT COMPLETE COVERAGE OF THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF THE DITCH OR SWALE IS ACHIEVED.
- 3. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT ACCUMULATES TO A DEPTH OF ONE-HALF THE ORIGINAL DAM HEIGHT.
- 4. SET SPACING OF CHECK DAMS TO ASSUME THAT THE ELEVATIONS OF THE CREST OF THE DOWNSTREAM DAM IS AT THE SAME ELEVATION OF THE TOE OF THE UPSTREAM DAM.OR LOWER
- 5. INSTALL A CUTOFF TRENCH A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES INTO THE SWALE BOTTOM AND SIDES TO PREVENT CUTTING AROUND THE DAM.
- 6. ENSURE THAT CHANNEL APPURTENANCES SUCH AS CULVERT ENTRANCES BELOW CHECK DAMS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO DAMAGE OR BLOCKAGE FROM DISPLACED STONE.

# EARTHEN CHECK DAM

N.T.S





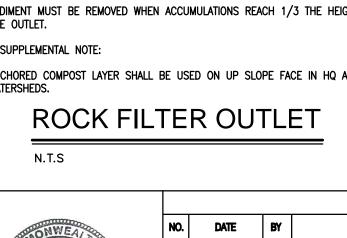
# ADAPTED FROM MARYLAND DOE

- 1. A ROCK FILTER OUTLET SHALL BE INSTALLED WHERE FAILURE OF A STRAW BALE BARRIER OR FILTER FABRIC FENCE HAS OCCURRED DUE TO CONCENTRATED FLOW.
- 2. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF

# PADEP SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE:

1. ANCHORED COMPOST LAYER SHALL BE USED ON UP SLOPE FACE IN HQ AND EV

ALARIC JAMES BUSHE



REUSED AND/OR NEW MATERIAL BE INSTALLED IN THE WORK  COMPOST FILTED SOOK	ТО
FILTER SOCK FLOW (TYP)	
NOTES:	
1. ALL EXISTING EXCAVATED MATERIAL THAT IS NOT TO BE REUSED IN THE WORK IS TO BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROVED	
FACILITY OR PERMITTED WASTE AREA.	
2. TOPSOIL STOCKPILE SITES TO BE WHERE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS	
3 RESTORE STOCKPILE SITES TO PRE-EXISTING PROJECT CONDITIONS AND STABILIZE AS	

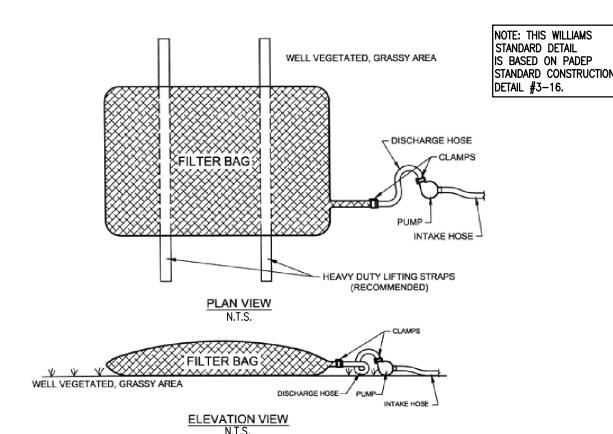
SOIL/AGGREGATE STOCKPILE OF

EXISTING SITE MATERIAL TO BE

- 3. RESTORE STOCKPILE SITES TO PRE-EXISTING PROJECT CONDITIONS AND STABILIZE AS
- 4. STOCKPILE HEIGHT SHALL NOT EXCEED 35 FEET. 5. STOCKPILE SLOPES SHALL BE 2H: 1V OR FLATTER.

# TEMPORARY TOPSOIL STOCKPILE

N.T.S



LOW VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH, DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS MAY BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%
AOS % RETAINED	ASTM D-4751	80 SIEVE

A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES MUST BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS TO BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.

BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS.

NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE. THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.

FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.

ADAPTED FROM PADEP

(30-3680)MF-1A-11

# PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG

REVISIONS					TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC		
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	снк.	APP.	ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	AJB	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS
1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483			
3	03/28/2016	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	AJB	AJB	FOR ZICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS
4	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W01161483	AJB	AJB	LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
_							COU EDOCION & CEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
							SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

ATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS WILLIAMS HIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA SION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR BID: → DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: 07/17/15 DRAWING NUMBER:

as noted

SHEET 8

— APPROVED BY: AJB DATE:

26. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATORS SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CCD FOR A FINAL INSPECTION. DISTURBED DURING E&SC BMP REMOVAL UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIFORM 70% VEGETATIVE COVER

N.T.S

SEDIMENT BASIN

∕4"X 4"WOOD POST

PAINT POST RED ABOVE

CLEANOUT ELEVATION

ELEVATION ON POST

= 1336.00 (TRAP 1)

MARK CLEANOUT

BELOW CLEANOUT

ELEVATION

**CLEANOUT STAKE** 

(OR EQUAL)

ADAPTED FROM PENNDOT PUB. 408, SECTION 703.2 (c),

1. THIS IS A GENERAL STANDARD. SOIL CONDITIONS EACH SITE SHOULD BE ANALYZED TO DETERMINE ACTUAL FILTER SIZE, A SUITABLE WOVEN OR NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT, USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR TH FILTER STONE FOR GRADIENTS < 10%.

S AT	Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
	Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
	Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata	4.0	60.0	40
ΉE	Timothy	Phleum pratense	2.0	60.0	40
· · · ·	Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.8	15.0	10
	Red Clover	Trifolium pratense	2.4	15.0	10
	Total		9.2	150.0	100

Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.5	15.0	25%
Perennial Ryegrass	Lolium perenne	2.3	12.0	20%
Red Top	Agrostis gigantea	0.1	9.0	15%
Italian Ryegrass	Festulolium	1.7	9.0	15%
Alsike Clover	Trifolium hybridum	0.6	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.3	6.0	10%
Total			60.0	1000/

## SLOPING/FORESTED LAND

HAYFIELDS

Camara an Nama	Caiamhifia Nama	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	1.4	6.0	10%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.0	6.0	10%
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.3	12.0	20%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	4.24	7.2	12%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	0.7	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	2.4	4%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.1	2.4	4%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.8	1.8	3%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	1.7	2.4	4%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	0.7	1.8	3%
Total		12.3	60.0	100%

### DROUGHT/ROCKY SITES

Comana an Nama	Coiontific Nome	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.3	9.0	15%
Prairie Junegrass	Koeleria macrantha	0.1	6.0	10%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.7	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	3.5	6.0	10%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	2.1	3.0	5%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.2	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.6	3.0	5%
Total		12.0	60.0	100%

# NON-AGRICULTURAL MEADOWS

	<del></del>			
Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/acre	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name		ft	Mix
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.1	9.0	15%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	4.2	6.0	10%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	1.3	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	1.2	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	5%
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	5.2	6.0	10%
Total		21.8	60.0	100%

Common Name	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Upland Bent Grass	Agrostis perennans	0.1	9.0	15%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.5	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.7	12.0	20%
Crimson Clover	Trifolium incarnatum	3.5	9.0	15%
Total		10.4	60.0	100%
·				

# STORM BASIN MIX

Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/acre	12.0	20%
Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata	0.8	12.0	20%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	9.0	15%
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.0	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	7.1	9.0	15%
Fox Sedge	Carex vulpinoidea	0.3	3.0	5%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	1.3	3.0	5%
Swamp Milkweed	Asclepias incarnata	1.7	60.0	100%
Total		12.6	12.0	20%

# **TEMPORARY SEED MIX**

C N	C -: +: E: - N	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	2.6	3.0	15%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	1.1	3.0	15%
Dense Blazing Star	Liatris spicata	0.7	2.0	10%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.4	2.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	15%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis	1.3	3.0	15%
Wild Bergamot	Monarda fistulosa	0.1	2.0	10%
Hoary Mountainmint	Pycnanthemum	0.0	2.0	10%
Total		6.3	20.0	100%

Common Nama	Scientific Name		PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Bonar (Rape)	Brassica napus	2.7	6.6	33%
Turnip	Brassica rapa	12.9	6.6	33%
Nitro Radish	Raphanus	11.8	6.8	34%

# LIMING AND FERTILIZER RATES

Adapted from PennDOT Pub. 408, Section 703,2(c), Table C

Permanent Seeding Application Rate				
Soil Amendment	Per Acre	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per 1,000 sq. yd.	Notes
Agricultural lime	6 tons	240 lb.	2,480 lb.	Or as per soil test; may not be required in agricultural fields
10-10-20 fertilizer	1,000 lb.	25 lb.	210 lb.	Or as per soil test; may not be required in agricultural fields
	Tempo	orary Seeding App	lication Rate	
Agricultural lime	1 ton	40 lb.	410 lb.	Typically not required for topsoil stockpiles
10-10-10 fertilizer	500 lb.	12.5 lb.	100 lb.	Typically not required for topsoil stockpiles

6.5

SPECIES TYPE AND SEASON OF PLANTING

I. SEEDING DATES FOR COVER CROPS ARE

2. SEEDING DATES FOR PERMANENT CROPS ARE BASED ON DATES REFERENCED BY

BASED ON DATES REFERENCED BY CLARK,

LANDSHOOT, 1997 AND DELONG AND

SEED AFTER OCTOBER 10 WHEN GROUND

ARE 45 F OR LOWER AND COOLER AIR

TEMPERATURES ARE FORECASTED.

TEMPERATURES AT A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES

DORMANT SEEDING CAN OCCUR UNTIL SOIL IS FROZEN AND ADEQUATE PENETRATION

OF THE DRILL SEEDER DOES NOT OCCUR.

BRITTINGHAM, 2002.

PLS/sq ft | % of Mix

12.6 70

13.5

TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL CONSIST OF ANNUAL RYEGRASS (100 PERCENT BY WEIGHT), OR EQUIVALENT, AND SHALL BE PLACED AT THE RATE OF 5 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE YARDS. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED TO THOSE AREAS THAT ARE A

POTENTIAL EROSION PROBLEM DURING CONSTRUCTION AND TO THOSE

ACRE, AND STRAW MULCH @ THREE (3) TONS PER ACRE. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IN LONG STRANDS, NOT CHOPPED OR

AREAS EXPOSED FOR LONGER THAN 20 CALENDAR DAYS. IF CONDITIONS DO NOT PERMIT TEMPORARY SEEDING, MULCHING SHALL BE EMPLOYED. ADDITIONALLY, NITROGEN FERTILIZER (50-50-50) @ ONE (1) TON PER ACRE, AGRICULTURAL LIME @ ONE (1) TON PER

Species Type and Season of Planting NOTES:

June 1 to August 15

Cover Crops

Cool Season - Fall August 15 - October 15

Permanent Crop<sup>2</sup>

Late Fall (dormant) October 10 - March 1

**COVER CROP SEED MIXES** 

**Cover Crop Seed Mixes** 

Warm Season

Grass 6.9

Annual ryegrass | Grass | 8.0 | 35.1 | 65

1 PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND.

Legume 3.2

Nitro Radishes | Brassicas | 9.4 | 5.4

FINELY BROKEN.

Nitro Radishes | Brassicas | 3.1 | 1.8 |

acre

| Legume | 10.5 | 3.6 |

-- 20.5 18.0

-- 20.6 54.0 100

Cool Season - Spring March 1 to June 1

Warm Season

Common Name

Red Clover

NOTES:

PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

PA DEP TABLE 11.2

1 NO LIME AND/OR FERTILIZER MAY BE APPLIED IN WETLANDS.

# SLOPE SEED MIX

Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/ acre	PLS/sq ft	% of Mix
Big Bluestem	Andropogon gerardii	2.0	6.0	10
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.0	6.0	10
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.3	12.0	20
Timothy	Phleum prantense	0.4	12.0	20
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	4.4	7.5	13
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	0.7	6.0	10
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	5
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.2	3.0	5
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.6	1.5	3
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	1.1	1.5	3
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	0.6	1.5	3
Total		12.3	60.0	100.00

NOTES:

1 PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND. PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

# **ROW SEED MIX**

OVV OLLD	141173			
Common Name	Scientific Name	# PLS/	PLS/sq ft	% of Mix
Red Top	Agrostis gigantea	0.1	12.0	20
Timothy	Phleum prantense	0.4	12.0	20
Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	1.7	9.0	15
Annual Rygrass	Lolium perenne multiflorum	1.7	9.0	15
Italian Ryegrass	Festulium	1.7	9.0	15
Alsike Clover	Trifolium hybridum	0.2	3.0	5
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.2	3.0	5
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.2	3.0	5
Total		6.2	60.0	100

NOTES:

1 PLS IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A POUND. PLS = PURE LIVE SEED

# PERMANENT SEED MIXTURES COOL & WARM SEASON GRASSES

Common Namo	nmon Name Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata	4.0	60.0	40
Timothy	Phleum pratense	2.0	60.0	40
Ladino White Clove	Trifolium repens latum	0.8	15.0	10
Red Clover	Trifolium pratense	2.4	15.0	10
Total		9.2	150.0	100
PASTURES				

Common Name	Scientific Name	#	# PLS/sq	
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.5	15.0	25%
Perennial Ryegrass	Lolium perenne	2.3	12.0	20%
Red Top	Agrostis gigantea	0.1	9.0	15%
Italian Ryegrass	Festulolium	1.7	9.0	15%
Alsike Clover	Trifolium hybridum	0.6	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.3	6.0	10%
Total		5.5	60.0	100%

		#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	1.4	6.0	10%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.0	6.0	10%
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.3	12.0	20%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	4.24	7.2	12%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	0.7	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	2.4	4%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.1	2.4	4%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.8	1.8	3%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	1.7	2.4	4%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	0.7	1.8	3%
Total		12.3	60.0	100%

Common Name	Caia matifia Nama	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.3	9.0	15%
Prairie Junegrass	Koeleria macrantha	0.1	6.0	10%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.7	12.0	20%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	3.5	6.0	10%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	2.1	3.0	5%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.2	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.6	3.0	5%
Total		12.0	60.0	100%

Common Name	Caiantifia Nama	# PLS/acre	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name		ft	Mix
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.5	9.0	15%
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	2.1	9.0	15%
Deertongue	Dichanthelium clandestinum	1.0	9.0	15%
Partridge Pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	4.2	6.0	10%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	1.3	3.0	5%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	1.2	6.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	5%
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	5.2	6.0	10%
Total		21.8	60.0	100%

# NATIVE NON-NATIVE FOOD PLOT MIX

Common Namo	Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Timothy	Phleum pratense	0.4	12.0	20%
Upland Bent Grass	Agrostis perennans	0.1	9.0	15%
Virginia Wildrye	Elymus virginicus	5.3	9.0	15%
White Clover	Trifolium repens	0.5	9.0	15%
Ladino White Clover	Trifolium repens latum	0.7	12.0	20%
Crimson Clover	Trifolium incarnatum	3.5	9.0	15%
Total		10.4	60.0	100%

# POLLINATOR MIX (TO BE ADDED TO ANY MIX UPON LANDOWNER REQUEST)

Camman Nama	Coiontifia Nama	#	PLS/sq	% of
Common Name	Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix
Butterfly Milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	2.6	3.0	15%
Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	1.1	3.0	15%
Dense Blazing Star	Liatris spicata	0.7	2.0	10%
Lanceleaf Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	0.4	2.0	10%
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.1	3.0	15%
Oxeye Sunflower	Heliopsis	1.3	3.0	15%
Wild Bergamot	Monarda fistulosa	0.1	2.0	10%
Hoary Mountainmint	Pycnanthemum	0.0	2.0 109	
Total		6.3	20.0	100%

# BRASSICA MIX

Scientific Name	#	PLS/sq	% of	
Scientific Name	PLS/acre	ft	Mix	
Brassica napus	2.7	6.6	33%	
Brassica rapa	12.9	6.6	33%	
Raphanus	11.8	6.8	34%	
	27.4	20.0	100%	

# SITE SOIL TYPES AND LIMITATIONS

MAP UNIT NAME	MAP UNIT DESIGNATION	SLOPES	SOIL NAME	CUTBANKS CAVE	CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE/STEEL	DROUGHTY	EASILY ERODIBLE	FLOODING	HIGH WATER TABLE	HYDRIC/HYDRIC INCLUSIONS	LOW STRENGTH	SLOW PERCOLATION	PIPING	POOR SOURCE OF TOPSOIL	FROST ACTION	SHRINK-SWELL	POTENTIAL SINKHOLE	PONDING	WETNESS
LORDSTOWN AND OQUAGA VERY STONY SILT LOAM	LsD	12-30%	LORDSTOWN & OQUAGA	х	c/s		х	х	Х	х	х	х	Х		х	Х			х
MARDIN CHANNERY SILT LOAM	MgB	0-8%	MARDIN	х	s	х	х		х	х	х	х	х		х				×
MORRIS CHANNERY SILT LOAM	MoB2	3-8%	MORRIS	х	c/s	х	х		х	х	х	х		х	х				x
WELLSBORO CHANNERY SILT LOAM	WeB2	3-8%		х	c/s	х	х		Х	х	х	х	Х		х				х
WELLSBORO FLAGGY SILT LOAM	WIB2	3-8%	WELLSBORO	х	c/s	х	х		х	х	х	х	X		х				x
WELLSDONG FLAGGI SIET EUAM	WIC2	8-15%		x	c/s	х	х		х	х	х	х	х		х				×

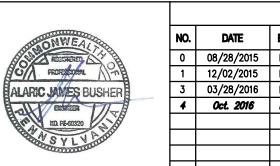
# SOILS LIMITATIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

LIMITATION	RESOLUTION
CUTBANKS CAVE	EXCAVATIONS WILL BE PROPERLY SUPPORTED BY SHEETING AND SHORING TO PREVENT CAVES.
CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE/STEEL	NO CONCRETE OR STEEL PIPING IS PROPOSED WITHOUT APPROPRIATE COATING OR PROTECTION.
DROUGHTY	EXISTING SUITABLE TOPSOIL AND SOIL AMENDMENTS WILL BE USED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
EASILY ERODIBLE	TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL BMPS WILL BE EMPLOYED THROUGHOUT THE SITE.
FLOODING	ENSURE THAT THE SITE HAS PROPER DRAINAGE.
HIGH WATER TABLE	A GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED TO MINIMIZE CONFLICTS WITH SATURATED ZONES.
HYDRIC/HYDRIC INCLUSIONS	A WETLAND INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED TO DETERMINE IF WETLANDS ARE PRESENT IN THE DEVELOPMENT AREA.
LOW STRENGTH	A MAXIMUM OF 3:1 SLOPES ARE PROPOSED.
SLOW PERCOLATION	FIELD INVESTIGATIONS OF PERCOLATION RATES AT THE INFILTRATION AREAS WERE PERFORMED TO VERIFY THE SOILS PERCOLATION CAPACITY.
PIPING	WATERTIGHT PIPE, ANTISEEP COLLARS, CLAY CORES THROUGH BASIN BERMS, AND CONCRETE ENDWALLS WILL BE USED TO MINIMIZE THE DANGER OF PIPING.
POOR SOURCE OF TOPSOIL	EXISTING TOPSOIL, WHICH HAS PROVEN TO BE SUITABLE, WILL BE REUSED ON THE SITE.
FROST ACTION	PAVEMENT SUBBASE WILL BE PROVED TO MINIMIZE FROST AFFECTS.
SHRINK-SWELL	STONE BASE WILL BE PROVED TO PREVENT SHRINK-SWELL FROM EFFECTING PAVEMENT.
POTENTIAL SINKHOLE	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OF RECORD RECOMMENDATIONS WILL BE FOLLOWED FOR ANY POTENTIAL OCCURRENCES.
PONDING	SURFACE GRADING AND DRAINAGE FACILITIES WILL BE PROVIDED TO MINIMIZE PONDING AFFECTS.
WETNESS	WET WEATHER CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS, PER THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, WILL BE EMPLOYED TO MINIMIZE THE AFFECTS OF WETNESS DURING CONSTRUCTION, SURFACE GRADING. SURFACE GRADING AND DRAINAGE WILL BE PROVIDED TO MINIMIZE WETNESS AFFECTS AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

# MULCH

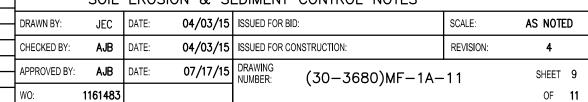
- 1. MULCHES SHOULD BE APPLIED AT THE RATES SHOWN IN TABLE 11.6
- 2. STRAW AND HAY MULCH SHOULD BE ANCHORED OR TACKIFIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION TO PREVENT BEING WINDBLOWN. A TRACTOR-DRAWN IMPLEMENT MAY BE USED TO "CRIMP" THE STRAW OR HAY INTO THE SOIL - ABOUT 3 INCHES. THIS METHOD SHOULD BE LIMITED TO SLOPES NO STEEPER THAN 3H: 1V. THE MACHINERY SHOULD BE OPERATED ON THE CONTOUR. CRIMPING OF HAY OR STRAW BY RUNNING OVER IT WITH TRACKED MACHINERY IS NOT RECOMMENDED.
- 3. POLYMERIC AND GUM TACKIFIERS MIXED AND APPLIED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS MAY BE USED TO TACK MULCH. AVOID APPLICATION DURING RAIN AND ON WINDY DAYS. A 24-HOUR CURING PERIOD AND A SOIL TEMPERATURE HIGHER THAN 45°F ARE TYPICALLY REQUIRED. APPLICATION SHOULD GENERALLY BE HEAVIEST AT EDGES OF SEEDED AREAS AND AT CRESTS OF RIDGES AND BANKS TO PREVENT LOSS BY WIND. THE REMAINDER OF THE AREA SHOULD HAVE BINDER APPLIED UNIFORMLY. BINDERS MAY BE APPLIED AFTER MULCH IS SPREAD OR SPRAYED INTO THE MULCH AS IT IS BEING BLOWN ONTO THE SOIL. APPLYING STRAW AND BINDER TOGETHER IS GENERALLY MORE EFFECTIVE.
- 4. SYNTHETIC BINDERS, OR CHEMICAL BINDERS, MAY BE USED AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR MULCH PROVIDED SUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION IS PROVIDED TO SHOW THEY ARE NON-TOXIC TO NATIVE PLANT AND ANIMAL SPECIES.
- 5. MULCH ON SLOPES 8% OR STEEPER SHOULD BE HELD IN PLACE WITH NETTING. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC, FIBER, OR PAPER NETS MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 6. SHREDDED PAPER HYDROMULCH SHOULD NOT BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 5%. WOOD FIBER HYDROMULCH MAY BE APPLIED ON STEEPER SLOPES PROVIDED A TACKIFIER IS USED. THE APPLICATION RATE FOR ANY HYDROMULCH SHOULD BE 2,000 LB/ACRE AT A MINIMUM.
- 7. HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED BLANKETS CAN BE AN EFFECTIVE METHOD OF STABILIZING STEEP SLOPES WHEN USED PROPERLY. THEY MAKE USE OF A CROSS-LINKED HYDROCOLLOID TACKIFIER TO BOND THERMALLY PROCESSED WOOD FIVERS. APPLICATION RATES VARY ACCORDING TO SITE CONDITIONS. IN ANY CASE, MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED. SHOULD NOT BE USED IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW (E.G. CHANNELS).
- 8. NO MULCH MAY BE APPLIED IN WETLANDS.

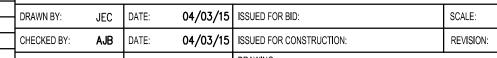
N WE ILANDS.									
TABLE 11.6									
		MULCH APF	PLICATION RATES	5					
MULCH	AP	PLICATION RATE	(MIN.)						
TYPE	PER ACRE	PER 1,000 SQ. FT.	PER 1,000 SQ. YD.	NOTES					
STRAW	3 TONS	140 LB.	1,240 LB.	EITHER WHEAT OR OAT STRAW, FREE OF WEEDS, NOT CHOPPED OR FINELY BROKEN					
WOOD CHIPS	4-6 TONS	185-275 LB.	1,650-2,500 LB.	MAY PRVENT GERMINATION OF GRASSES AND LEGUMES					
HYDRO- MULCH	1 TON	47 LB.	415 LB.	SEE LIMITATIONS ABOVE					
HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED BLANKETS	LIED		SLOPES UP TO 3H:1V SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3H:1V						



	REVISIONS							
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	W.O. NO.	снк.	APP.	ATLANTIC	
0	08/28/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	AJB	l so	
1	12/02/2015	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	DAK	AJB		
3	03/28/2016	BL	ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL	W01161483	AJB	AJB	FOR ZICE	
4	Oct. 2016	BL	PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1	W01161483	AJB	AJB	LEI	

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC TIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE





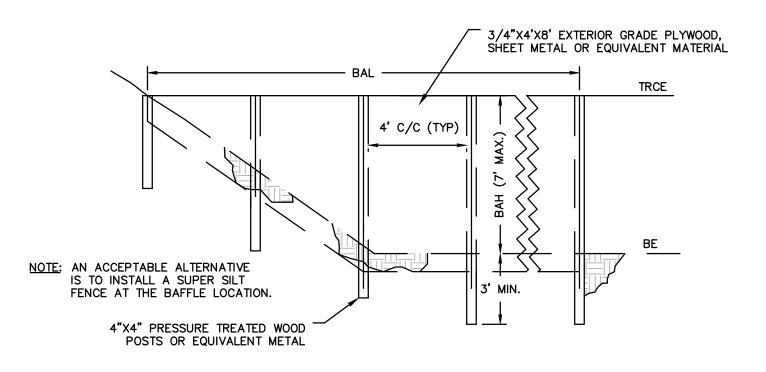
SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS CICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS
LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA ENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

ALL COLLARS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO AS TO BE WATERTIGHT COLLAR SIZE AND SPACING SHALL BE AS INDICATED BELOW.

0022,		10 0	10 11121011122 1	3220		
BASIN OR TRAP NO.	PIPE SIZE (IN)	S (IN)	NO. OF COLLARS	DISTANCE RISER TO 1ST COLLAR (FT)	COLLAR SPACING (FT)	
SWM BASIN	18	60	2	21	6	

# CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR FOR PERMANENT BASINS OR TRAPS DETAIL

N.T.S PADEP-7-16



IN POOLS WITH DEPTHS EXCEEDING 7', THE TOP OF THE PLYWOOD BAFFLE DOES NOT NEED TO EXTEND TO THE TEMPORARY RISER CREST. SUPER SILT FENCE BAFFLES NEED NOT EXTEND TO TRCE ELEVATION.

BASIN	BAF	FLE	TEMP. RISER	воттом
BASIN OR TRAP LENGTH BAL (FT)		HEIGHT BAH (FT)	CREST ELEV. TRCE (FT)	BOTTOM ELEV. BE (FT)
1	80	3.25	1,337.00	1,335.00

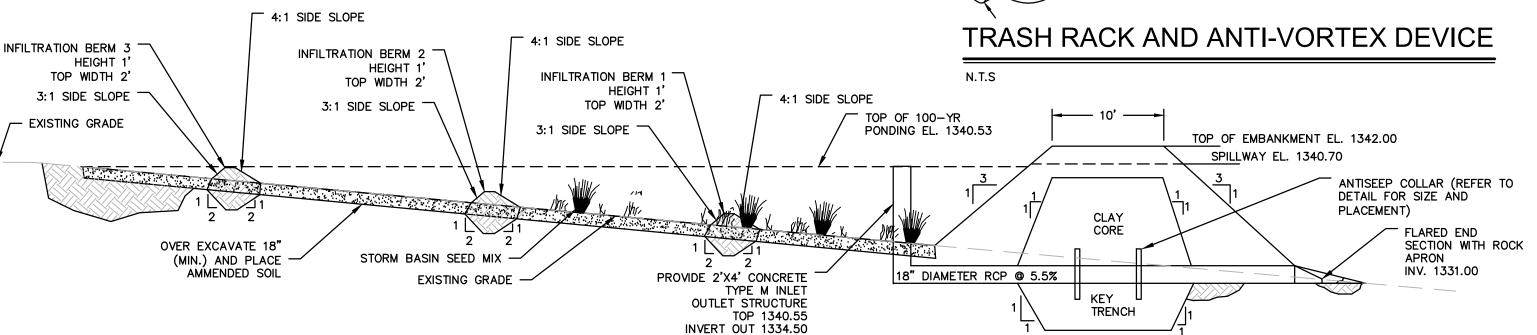
SEE APPROPRIATE BASIN DETAIL FOR PROPER LOCATION AND ORIENTATION.

BAFFLES SHALL BE TIED INTO ONE SIDE OF THE BASIN UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS NOT SPECIFIED IN THIS DETAIL SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT BEFORE INSTALLATION.

DAMAGED OR WARPED BAFFLES SHALL BE REPLACED WITHIN 7 DAYS OF INSPECTION.

BAFFLES REQUIRING SUPPORT POSTS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED IN BASINS REQUIRING IMPERVIOUS LINERS.

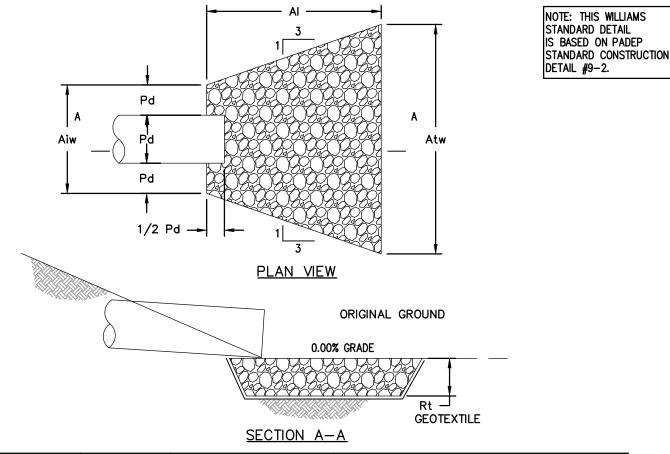
# BAFFLE PADEP-7-14



NOTE:

1. CLAY CORE AND INFILTRATION BERMS SHALL BE COMPOSED OF CL, CH, MH OR CL-ML SOILS WITH A PERMEABILITY LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  CM/S. MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM-D 1557; WITHIN ± 3% OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT.

# INFILTRATION BASIN CROSS SECTION



		DII		<u> </u>	ADDON		
		KII	PRAP		APRON		
OUTLET NO.	PIPE DIA PD (IN)	SIZE (R)	THICK. Rt (IN)	LENGTH AI (FT)	INITIAL WIDTH Aiw (FT)	TERMINAL WIDTH Atw (FT)	
* ALL INFORMATION CAN BE FOUND ON ACCESS ROAD AND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS. REFER TO NOTES 4 AND 5 FOR DIMENSION LOCATIONS.							

- 1. ALL APRONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. TERMINAL WIDTHS SHALL BE ADJUSTED AS NECESSARY TO MATCH RECEIVING CHANNELS.
- 2. ALL APRONS SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE APRON SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.
- 3. EXTEND RIPRAP ON BACK SIDE OF APRON TO AT LEAST 1/2 DEPTH OF PIPE ON BOTH SIDES TO PREVENT SCOUR AROUND THE PIPE.
- 4. FOR APRONS ON ACCESS ROADS, THE DIMENSIONS FOR THE APRONS ARE GIVEN AS FOLLOWS: L x D x W/W WHERE: L = LENGTH OF APRON OR "AI" AS SHOWN IN THE PLAN VIEW ABOVE D = DEPTH OF RIP RAP OR "Rt" AS SHOWN IN THE SECTION ABOVE
  - W/W = WIDTH OF SHORT END OF APRON/WIDTH OF LONG END OF APRON OR "Aiw"/"Atw" AS SHOWN IN THE PLAN VIEW ABOVE
- 5. FOR APRON ON SWALES AND FLUME CROSSINGS, THE DIMENSIONS FOR THE APRONS ARE AS FOLLOWS: DIMENSIONS LOCATED ON TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION SUMMARY:
- a. RIP RAP SIZE (R-\_) UNDER WATERBODY AND FLUME (CLEAN WATER CROSSING) b. APRON INITIAL WIDTH (Aiw) IS EQUAL TO BOTTOM WIDTH OF DIVERSION SWALES AND IS TWO FEET FOR
- FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS. c. APRON TERMINAL WIDTH (Atw) IS EQUAL TO LEVEL SPREADER LENGTH
- DIMENSIONS LOCATED ON CLEAN WATER CROSSING DETAIL
- a. RIP RAP THICKNESS (Rt)

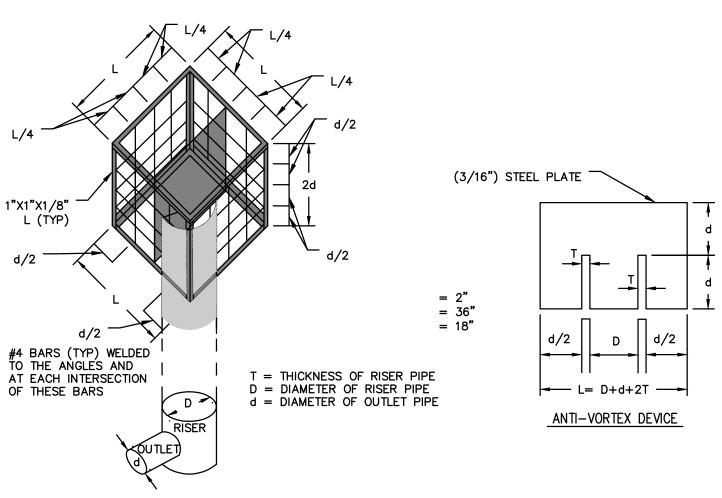
u.	1711 17/71	1111011	123	(1,1)
b.	APRON	LENGTH	(AI)	

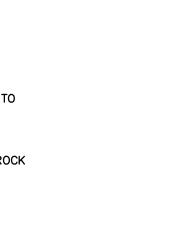
		RIP	RAP	APRON				
OUTLET NO.	PIPE DIA Pd (IN)	SIZE (R)	THICK. Rt (IN)	LENGTH AI (FT)	INITIAL WIDTH Aiw (FT)	TERMINAL WIDTH (Atw) (FT)		
VEGETATED SWALE 1	N/A	4	18	10	3	13		
SED TRAP/ BASIN	18	5	27	9	4.50	12.50		

# RIP-RAP APRON AT PIPE OUTLET WITHOUT FLARED END SECTION

N.T.S

NOTE: THIS DETAIL IS BASED ON PADEP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL





=	SPIILLWAY WITH TRM LINING
	SEDIMENT TRAP EMERGENCY

ALARIC JAMES BUSHE

PADEP-7-13 N.T.S

> **REVISIONS** DATE DESCRIPTION 0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL 3 03/28/2016 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL 4 Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE i

DETAIL #6-1. SOIL BACKFILL 6 IN. MIN. EXCAVATE CHANNEL TO DESIGN GRADE AND CROSS SECTION OVERCUT CHANNEL 2 IN. TO LONGITUDINAL ALLOW BULKING DURING SEED ANCHOR TRENCH BED PREPARATION LONGITUDINAL ANCHOR TRENCH INTERMITTENT CHECK SLOT

(LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)

\* SEE MANUFACTURER'S LINING INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR STAPLE PATTERNS, VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

NOTES: ANCHOR TRENCHES SHALL RE INSTALLED AT REGINNING AND FND OF CHANNEL IN THE SAME MANNER AS LONGITUDINAL

SWALE DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED. SWALE SHALL BE CLEANED WHENEVER TOTAL SWALE DEPTH IS REDUCED BY 25% AT ANY LOCATION. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF

NO MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE SHOOT (GRASS LEAF) SHALL BE REMOVED IN ANY MOWING. GRASS HEIGHT

SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN 2 AND 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. EXCESS VEGETATION SHALL

SWALE SUMMARY TABLE

3.0

19.6

**VEGETATED SWALE** 

Z1 (FT) | Z2 (FT)

3.0

0.0

ANCHOR TRENCHES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT BEGINNING AND END OF SWALE IN THE SAME MANNER AS

DISCOVERY OR AS SOON AS SOIL CONDITIONS PERMIT ACCESS TO SWALE WITHOUT FURTHER DAMAGE.

DAMAGED LINING SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF DISCOVERY.

BE REMOVED FROM PERMANENT SWALES TO ENSURE SUFFICIENT SWALE CAPACITY.

W (FT)

11.0

39.2

DEPTH D TOP WIDTH

(FT)

1.5

2.0

TRASH RACK &

ONE 1" DIAMETER

PERFORATION PER VERTICAL FOOT

ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE\*

TEMPORARY RISER

(IN)

AND RISER SHALL BE REMOVED.

EQUALS 2 TIMES RISER DIAMETER.

N.T.S

STONE

TEMPORARY RISER

36 | 1337.00 | HDPE | 1336.00 |

MAT'L

\*SEE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #7-5 (TRASH TRACK AND ANTI-VORTEXT DEVICE).

TOP OF STONE (HQ) OR REPLACE STONE WITH SUITABLE COMPOST FILTER SOCK (HQ OR EV).

ELEV

TRCE (FT)

CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION

FOR SOIL AMENDMENTS, SEED MIXTURES AND MULCHING INFORMATION

PREPARE SOIL AND APPLY SEED BEFORE

LONGITUDINAL ANCHOR TRENCHES.

воттом

WIDTH B

(FT)

2.0

SWALE NO.

VEGETATED

SWALE 1

FILTER SOCK

DIVERSION 1

INSTALLING BLANKETS, MATS, OR OTHER

TEMPORARY CHANNEL LINER SYSTEM.

NOTE: THIS WILLIAMS

STANDARD DETAIL

SHINGLE-LAP SPLICED ENDS OR BEGIN NEW

ROLL IN AN INTERMITTENT CHECK SLOT

MIN. SHINGLE LAP=6 IN.

LONGITUDINAL ANCHOR TRENCH

**TEMPORARY** 

SC250

SC250

PERMANENT LINING

SC250/GRASS

BARREL

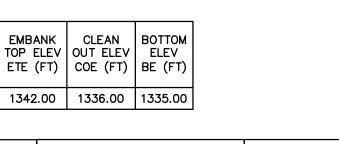
BIE (FT)

1334.50

PADEP-8-5

IS BASED ON PADEP

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION



**ELEV** 

(IN) TRCE (FT) ELEV (FT)

TRASH RACK & 7

ANTI-VORTEX

TRCE (2000 CF/AC)

COE (700 CF/AC)

PERFORATIONS\*

| (FT) | (FT) | MAT'L | Dr

TEMP RISER\*

\*SEE DETAIL 8-3 (SEDIMENT TRAP TEMPORARY RISER)

NO.

**TERMINAL** 

END OF TRIM

DEVICE

		CONCRETE	BASE	OUTLET BASIN					
TRAP NO.	LENGTH CBI (IN)	WIDTH CBw (IN)	THICKNESS CBt (IN)	RIPRAP SIZE (R)	ROCK THICKNESS Rt (IN)	DEPTH D (IN)	WIDTH OBW (FT)	LENGTH OBL (FT)	
1	72	72	6	4	18.00	NA	SEE APRO	N TABLE	

IN SPECIAL PROTECTION - HQ OR EV - WATERSHEDS, ADD 6" LAYER OF COMPOST ON TOP OF STONE OR REPLACE STONE WITH SUITABLE COMPOST FILTER SOCK.

FILL MATERIAL FOR THE EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE FREE OF ROOTS, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION, ORGANIC MATERIAL, LARGE STONES, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS. THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE COMPACTED IN LAYERED LIFTS OF NOT MORE THAN 6" TO 9". THE MAXIMUM ROCK SIZE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 2/3 THE

UPON COMPLETION, THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE E&S PLAN DRAWINGS.

ELEVATION @1.5 CFS/

EARTHEN

BARREL LENGTH (BI)

MAT'L (IN)

CONCRETE BASE

PERF.

| HDPE | 36 | 1337.00 | 1336.00 | HDPE | 18 | 1334.50

GEOTEXTILE

OUTLET BASIN

BARREL

INLET

(FT)

DIA DO ELEV BIE

LENGTH OUTLET

BI (FT) BOE (FT)

63 | 1331.00

BERM

ACRE DISCHARGE

ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT.

ACCESS FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL AND OTHER REQUIRED MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL BE PROVIDED. A CLEAN OUT STAKE SHALL BE PLACED NEAR THE CENTER OF EACH TRAP. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED THE CLEAN OUT ELEVATION ON THE STAKE AND THE TRAP RESTORED TO ITS

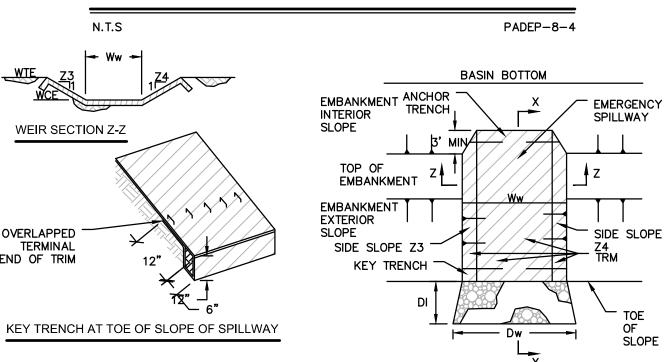
ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS. DISPOSE OF MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE TRAP IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE E&S

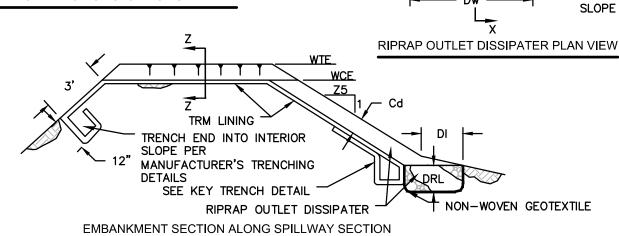
CHECK EMBANKMENTS, SPILLWAYS, AND OUTLETS FOR EROSION, PIPING AND SETTLEMENT. CLOGGED OR DAMAGED SPILLWAYS AND/OR EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY RESTORED TO THE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS.

DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE OUTLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.

ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISTURBED AREAS INSIDE THE TRAP SHALL BE STABILIZED BEFORE CONVERSION TO A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY. TO ASSIST IN REMOVING SEDIMENT, WHICH MAY BE SATURATED, A DEVICE SUCH AS IS SHOWN IN STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #7-18 (SEDIMENT BASIN OR SEDIMENT TRAP SEDIMENT STORAGE DEWATERING FACILITY) MAY BE USED TO DEWATER THE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ITS REMOVAL.

# DRY BARREL/RISER SEDIMENT TRAP





	WEIR					LINING SWALE			WALE	DISSIPATER			
BASIN NO.	Z3 (FT)	Z4 (FT)	TOP ELEV WTE (FT)	CREST ELEV WCE (FT)	WIDTH Ww (FT)	TRM TYPE	STAPLE PATTERN	Z5 (FT)	DEPTH Cd (FT)	LENGTH DI (FT)	Dw	RIPRAP SIZE (R)	RIPRAP THICK. DRt (IN)
1	3	3	1342.00	1340.70	15	P550	В	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

HEAVY EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT CROSS OVER SPILLWAY WITHOUT PRECAUTIONS TAKEN TO PROTECT TRM LINING. DISPLACED LINER WITHIN THE SPILLWAY AND/OR OUTLET SWALE SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.

RIPRAP AT TOE OF EMBANKMENT SHALL BE EXTENDED A SUFFICIENT LENGTH IN BOTH DIRECTIONS TO PREVENT

THE USE OF BAFFLES THAN REQUIRE SUPPORT POSTS ARE RESTRICTED FROM USE IN BASINS REQUIRING IMPERVIOUS LINERS.

EMBEDDED SECTION OF ALUMINUM OR ALUMINIZED PIPE SHALL BE PAINTED WITH ZINC CHROMATE OR EQUIVALENT.

CONCRETE BASE

OUT ELEV COE

CLOGGED OR DAMAGED SPILLWAYS SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. TRASH AND OTHER DEBRIS FROM THE TRAP

IN SPECIAL PROTECTION WATERSHEDS, ANCHOR A 6" LAYER OF COMPOST SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED ON

PLACE A MINIMUM OF 2 #8 REBAR AT RIGHT ANGLES AND PROJECTING THROUGH SIDES OF RISER TO ANCHOR IT

CONCRETE BASE SHALL BE POURED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO INSURE THAT CONCRETE FILLS BOTTOM OF RISER

TO INVERT OF THE OUTLET PIPE TO PREVENT RISER FROM BREAKING AWAY FROM THE BASE. MINIMUM BASE WIDTH

TO CONCRETE BASE. REBAR SHALL PROJECT A MINIMUM OF 1/4 RISER DIAMETER BEYOND OUTSIDE OF RISER.

CBI (IN)

CONCRETE BASE

(IN)

72 72

LENGTH | WIDTH CBw | THICK CBt | INLET ELEV

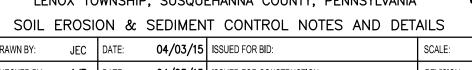
(IN)

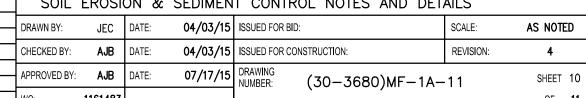
6 I

DRY SEDIMENT TRAP TEMPORARY RISER DETAIL

N.T.S TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC W.O. NO. CHK. APP. ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE |W01161483| DAK | AJB | SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS W01161483 DAK AJB

W01161483 AJB AJB FOR ZICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS
W01161483 AJB AJB
I FNOX TOWNSHIP SUSQUIFHANNA COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA





N.T.S

# FILTER SOCK MEDIA STANDARDS

WOOD CHIP FILTER MEDIA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR WOOD CHIP FILTER SOCKS

- A. WOOD CHIPS USED FOR FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE WEED FREE AND DERIVED FROM CHOPPED TREE MATERIAL
- B. PARTICLE SIZE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 5 IN WITH 95% PASSING A 2 IN (50MM) SIEVE AND LESS THAN 30% PASSING A 1 IN (25MM) SIEVE.
- C. WOOD CHIPS SHALL NOT INCLUDE PAINTED, CREOSOTED, PRESSURE TREATED, OR ANY OTHER COATED OR EMBEDDED WOOD MATERIAL AND SHALL BE FREE OF INERT OR FOREIGN MAN MADE MATERIALS.
- D. A SAMPLE SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO BEING USED AND MUST COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- GROWING MEDIA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS

# **MATERIAL**

COMPOSTED PRODUCTS USED FOR FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL BE WEED FREE AND DERIVED FROM A WELL-DECOMPOSED SOURCE OF ORGANIC MATTER. THE COMPOSTED PRODUCTS SHALL BE PRODUCED USING AN AEROBIC COMPOSTING PROCESS MEETING USEPA CFR 503 REGULATIONS (IN CANADA: M.O.E. 101, C.C.M.E. TYPE "A" AND TYPE "AA" REGULATIONS), INCLUDING TIME AND TEMPERATURE DATA INDICATING EFFECTIVE WEED SEED, PATHOGEN AND INSECT LARVAE KILL. THE COMPOSTED PRODUCTS SHALL BE FREE OF ANY REFUSE. CONTAMINANTS OR OTHER MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. NON-COMPOSTED PRODUCTS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. TEST METHODS FOR THE ITEMS BELOW SHOULD FOLLOW USCC TMECC GUIDELINES FOR LABORATORY PROCEDURES:

A. PH - 5.0-8.0 IN ACCORDANCE WITH TMECC 04.11-A, "ELECTROMETRIC PH DETERMINATIONS FOR COMPOST"

B. MOISTURE CONTENT OF LESS THAN 60% IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDIZED TEST METHODS FOR MOISTURE

C. COMPOST MATERIAL TO BE USED IN FILTER SOCK DIVERSION AND WHERE SEEDING AND/OR LIVE STAKES ARE SPECIFIED: ON LOW GRADE SLOPES WHERE VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT IS THE PRIORITY: OR WHERE RAINWATER ABSORPTION, WATER HOLDING CAPACITY, RUNOFF REDUCTION AND INFILTRATION ARE THE PRIORITY SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION:

PARTICLE SIZES - 100% PASSING A 2 IN (50MM) SIEVE, 99% PASSING A 1 IN (25MM) SIEVE, MINIMUM OF 60% PASSING A 1/2 IN (12.5MM) SIEVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TMECC 02.02-B, "SAMPLE SIEVING FOR AGGREGATE SIZE

D. MATERIAL SHALL BE RELATIVELY FREE (<1% BY DRY WEIGHT) OF INERT OR FOREIGN MAN MADE MATERIALS.

E. A SAMPLE SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO BEING USED AND MUST COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

## OPTION A: EROSION CONTROL

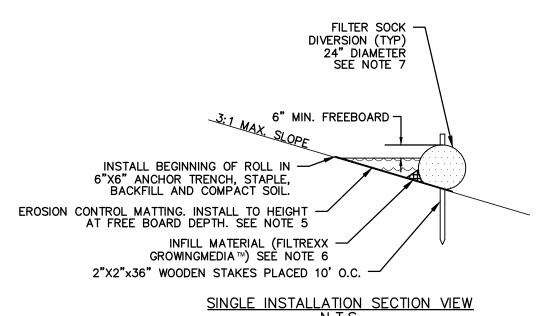
FOR VEGETATED APPLICATIONS WHERE SLOPE GRADES ARE GREATER THAN 3:1, WHERE SHEET RUNOFF RATE OR VELOCITY MAY BE HIGH, OR RAINFALL RATE/INTENSITY MAY BE HIGH.

SUBSTITUTION FOR SECTION C. PARTICLE SIZE OF COMPOST FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL USE THE FOLLOWING PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION SPECIFICATION: 99% PASSING A 1 IN (25MM) SIEVE, MAXIMUM OF 50% PASSING A 1/2 IN (12.5MM) SIEVE.

## OPTION B: NON-VEGETATED TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

FOR NON-VEGETATED APPLICATIONS WHERE SLOPE GRADES ARE GREATER THAN 3:1, WHERE SHEET RUNOFF RATE OR VELOCITY MAY BE HIGH, OR RAINFALL RATE/INTENSITY MAY BE HIGH.

SUBSTITUTION FOR SECTION C. PARTICLE SIZE OF COMPOST FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL USE THE FOLLOWING PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION SPECIFICATION: 99% PASSING A 3 IN (75MM) SIEVE AND A MAXIMUM OF 30% PASSING A 1/2 IN (12.5MM) SIEVE.

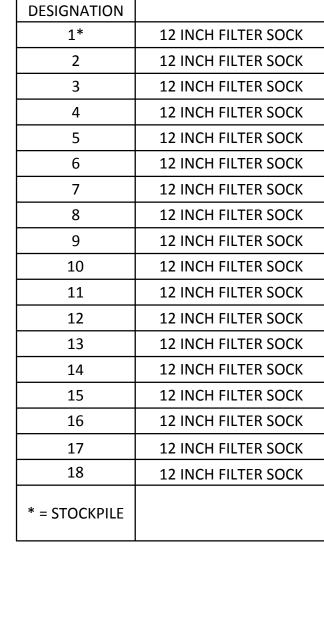


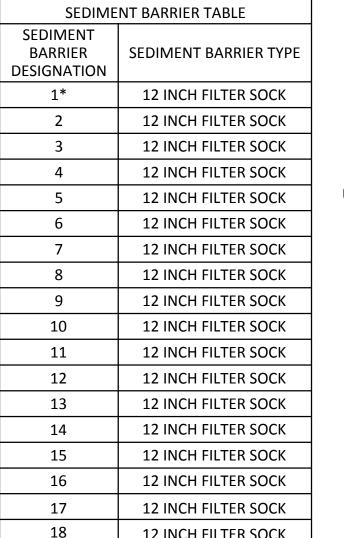
# NOTES:

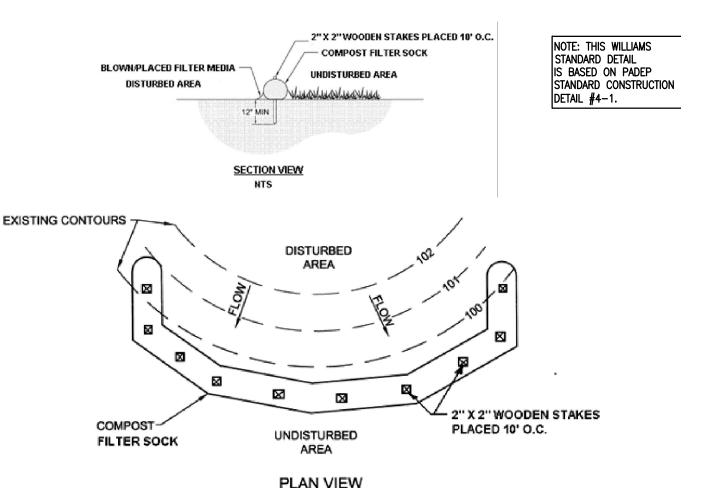
- 1. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION WHEN ACCUMULATION HAS REACHED 1/2 OF THE EFFECTIVE HEIGHT OF THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION. SEDIMENT SHALL ALSO BE REMOVED DURING INSTALLATION OF FINAL STABILIZATION MEASURES (E.G. EROSION CONTROL MATTING, SEEDING, MULCHING, ETC.) TO LIMIT POTENTIAL DISTURBANCE FROM CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT WHILE VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHING.
- 2. SLOPES GREATER THAN 5% MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL STABILIZATION PRACTICES AS DETERMINED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.
- 3. THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION SHALL BE FILLED WITH FILTREXX GROWINGMEDIA™ OR APPROVED EQUAL AND SEEDED AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION. SOIL OR AND MAY BE ADDED TO THE GROWINGMEDIA™ TO ADD WIGHT AND BALLAST TO THE RUNOFF DIVERSION.
- 4. IF UNDERMINING IS OBSERVED CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN GROWING MEDIA PACKING AT TOE OF FILTER SOCK DIVERSION.
- 5. EROSION CONTROL MATTING INSTALLED UNDER AND ADJACENT TO THE FILTER SOCK DIVERSION FOR ACCESS ROADS SHALL BE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN C-125™ OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT AND SEEDED AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION. REFER TO TABLE 2: TEMPORARY CLEAN WATER DIVERSION OF THIS PLAN SET FOR THE REQUIRED NORTH AMERICAN GREEN (OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT) LINING ASSOCIATED WITH THE PIPELINE FILTER SOCK DIVERSIONS. REFER TO THE EROSION CONTROL BLANKET DETAIL (ECB) ON PAGE 3 FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL MATTING.

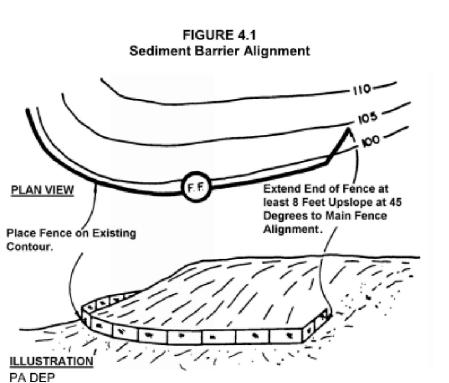
# FILTER SOCK DIVERSION

N.T.S









Sediment barriers should be installed on existing level grade in order to be effective. Barriers which cross contours divert runoff to a low point where failure usually occurs. The ends of sediment barriers should be turned upslope at 45 degrees to the main barrier alignment for a distance sufficient to elevate the bottom of the barrier ends to the elevation of the top of the barrier at the lowest point. This is to prevent runoff from flowing around the barrier rather than through it. For most locations, a distance of 8 feet will suffice, as shown in Figure 4.1. In locations where the topography is such that the barrier would have to extend for a long distance, a compacted berm tying into the ends of the barrier may be

NOT TO SCALE

# COMPOST FILTER SOCK

1 OF 3

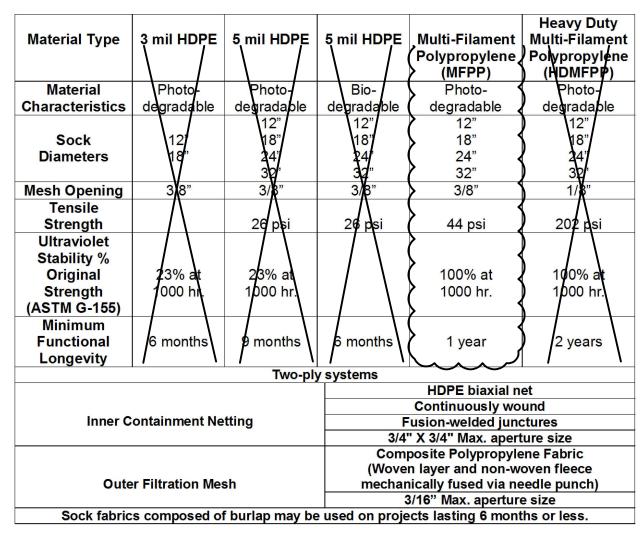
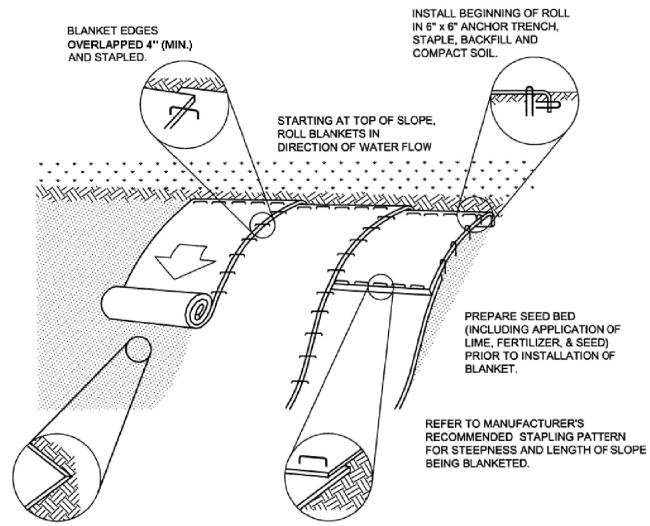


TABLE 4.2 COMPOST STANDARDS						
ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT	25%-100% (DRY WEIGHT BASIS)					
ORGANIC PORTION	FIBROUS AND ELONGATED					
рН	5.5 - 8.5					
MOISTURE CONTENT	30% - 60%					
PARTICLE SIZE	30%-50% PASS THROUGH 3/8" SIEVE					
SOLUBLE SALT CONCENTRATION	5.0 DS/M (MMHOS/CM) MAXIMUM					

- 1. SOCK FABRIC SHALL MEET STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.1. COMPOST SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.2. (SEE SHEET 2 OF 3 OF THIS DETAIL.) 2. Compost filter sock shall be placed at existing level grade. Both ends of the sock shall be extended at least 8 feet up slope AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN SOCK ALIGNMENT. MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE ANY SOCK SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT SHOWN ON FIGURE 4.2. (SEE SHEET 3 OF 3 OF THIS DETAIL.). STAKES MAY BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSLOPE OF THE SOCK IF SO SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- 3. TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS COMPOST FILTER SOCKS. 4. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE ABOVEGROUND HEIGHT OF THE SOCK AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ELSEWHERE IN THE PLAN.
- 5. SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.
- 6. BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 7. UPON STABILIZATION OF THE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE SOCK, STAKES SHALL BE REMOVED. THE SOCK MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AND VEGETATED OR REMOVED. IN THE LATTER CASE, THE MESH SHALL BE CUT OPEN AND THE MULCH SPREAD AS A SOIL SUPPLEMENT.
- 8. SOCKS SHALL BE INSTALLED PARALLEL TO THE CONTOURS, TYPICALLY. IN AREAS WHERE THE SLOPE OF THE CATCHMENT AREA IS LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT, THE SOCKS MAY BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE THE NUMBER OF SEPARATE SOCK SEGMENTS ALONG THE EDGE OF

# COMPOST FILTER SOCK

N.T.S 2 OF 3



- 7. BIODEGRADABLE STAPLES SHALL BE USED.
- WILLIAMS SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES: 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL USE SINGLE MAT STRAW FOR SLOPES FLATTER THAN 3:1.

N.T.S

2. HYDRAULIC APPLIED EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF ECB.

NOTE: THIS WILLIAMS STANDARD DETAIL IS BASED ON PADEP STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

# |DETAIL #11-1.

REVISIONS DATE BY DESCRIPTION 0 08/28/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP PERMIT SUBMITTAL 12/02/2015 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL 4 Oct. 2016 BL PADEP TECHNICAL DIFICIENCY RESPONSE #1

WITHIN WETLANDS RCE AND/OR RCE WITH WASHRACK SHALL BE REPLACED WITH TIMBER MAT AND CLASS 1 GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT. **ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE** 

WATERSHEDS AS WELL AS WITHIN 50 FEET OF WETLANDS.

DRAINAGE COURSES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

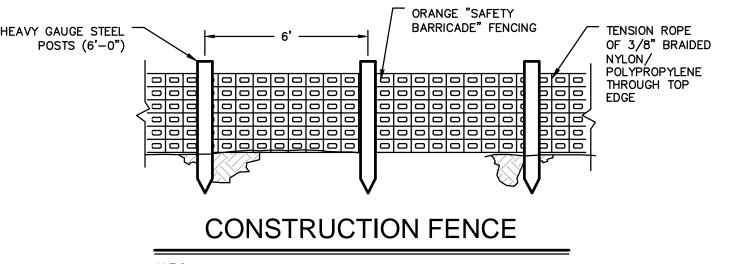
CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BY 50 FOOT INCREMENTS UNTIL CONDITION IS ALLEVIATED OR INSTALL WASH RACK. WASHING THE ROADWAY OR SWEEPING THE DEPOSITS INTO ROADWAY DITCHES, SEWERS, CULVERTS, OR OTHER

RCE WITH WASH RACK, SEE DETAIL RCW, TO BE INSTALLED IN, OR WITHIN 100 FEET OF, SPECIAL PROTECTION

W.O. NO. CHK. APP. ATLANTIC SUNRISE PROJECT- PROPOSED 30" NATURAL GAS PIPELINE |W01161483| DAK | AJB | SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND LAYOUT PLANS W01161483 DAK AJB | W01161483 AJB | AJB | FOR ZICK METER STATION & ASSOCIATED PERMANENT ACCESS ROADS | LENOX TOWNSHIP, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA | SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

04/03/15 ISSUED FOR BID: AS NOTED 04/03/15 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION: REVISION: SHEET 11

OF **11** 



N.T.S

THE BLANKET SHOULD NOT BE OVERLAP BLANKET ENDS 6" (MIN.) WITH THE UPSLOPE STRETCHED; IT MUST MAINTAIN BLANKET OVERLYING THE DOWNSLOPE BLANKET \* MOUNTABLE BERM USED TO PROVIDE PROPER COVER FOR PIPE GOOD SOIL CONTACT. (SHINGLE STYLE). STAPLE SECURELY. NOT TO SCALE REMOVE TOPSOIL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. EXTEND ROCK OVER FULL WIDTH NOTES: 1. SEED AND SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE RATES IN THE PLAN DRAWINGS PRIOR 2. RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED FROM ROADWAY TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP PRIOR TO ENTERING ROCK TO INSTALLING THE BLANKET. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. . PROVIDE ANCHOR TRENCH AT TOE OF SLOPE IN SIMILAR FASHION AS AT TOP OF SLOPE. SLOPE SURFACE SHALL BE FREE OF ROCKS, CLODS, STICKS, AND GRASS. MOUNTABLE BERM SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEREVER OPTIONAL CULVERT PIPE IS USED AND PROPER PIPE COVER 4. BLANKET SHALL HAVE GOOD CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH UNDERLYING SOIL THROUGHOUT ENTIRE LENGTH. AS SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER IS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED. PIPE SHALL BE SIZED APPROPRIATELY FOR SIZE LAY BLANKET LOOSELY AND STAKE OR STAPLE TO MAINTAIN DIRECT CONTACT WITH SOIL. DO NOT OF DITCH BEING CROSSED. . Stapling of the blanket shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations MAINTENANCE: ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED 6. Blanketed areas shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event until perennial DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. A STOCKPILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR THIS PURPOSE. ALL SEDIMENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED TO A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% COVERAGE THROUGHOUT THE BLANKETED AREA. DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IMMEDIATELY. DAMAGED OR DISPLACED BLANKETS SHALL BE RESTORED OR REPLACED WITHIN 4 CALENDAR DAYS. IF EXCESSIVE AMOUNTS OF SEDIMENT ARE BEING DEPOSITED ON ROADWAY, EXTEND LENGTH OF ROCK

ADAPTED FROM PADEP

**EROSION CONTROL BLANKET** 

3 03/28/2016 BL ISSUED FOR PADEP RESUBMITTAL

DRAWN BY: JEC DATE:

CHECKED BY: AJB DATE: 07/17/15 DRAWING NUMBER: APPROVED BY: AJB DATE: (30-3680)MF-1A-11

FIGURE 4.2

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE COMPOST FILTER SOCKS

Maximum Slope Length (ft)

COMPOST FILTER SOCK

3 OF 3

MOUNTABLE BERM

15" MIN Ø AT TOWNSHIP ROADS. 18" MIN Ø AT STATE ROADS

EXISTING ROADWA

MIN.

PIPE AS NECESSARY

NOTE: THIS WILLIAMS

IS BASED ON PADEP

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

STANDARD DETAIL

DETAIL #3-1.

Adapted from Filtrexx

GEOTEXTILE -

MIN. 8" AASHTO #1

**PROFILE** 

PLAN VIEW

- EXISTING

GROUND

PROFESSIONAL

ALARIC JAMES BUSHE