

WYALUSING ENERGY CENTER

PLAN APPROVAL APPLICATION

WYALUSING, PA

SUBMITTED BY:



KDI Wyalusing Power LLC

111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor New York, NY 10011 SUBMITTED TO:



Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection – Northcentral Regional Office

Bureau of Air Quality 208 West Third Street, Suite 101 Williamsport, PA 17701





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1. INTRODUCTION

KDI Wyalusing Power LLC (KDI) is proposing to construct and operate the Wyalusing Energy Center, a natural gas power generation facility to be located in Wyalusing Township, Bradford County, Pennsylvania (Facility). The Applicant is an affiliate of New Fortress Energy, a global leader in energy infrastructure development and operations. The proposed Facility will consist of eight General Electric (GE) Model TM2500 simple cycle combustion turbines (CTs). The Facility will power an adjacent data center owned and operated by a third party.

1.1 APPLICATION

KDI is submitting this Plan Approval Application (PAA) to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP or Department) in accordance with the Pennsylvania Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pennsylvania Code (Pa. Code) Chapter 127 Subchapter B for a Plan Approval to construct a power generation facility (the Project).

1.2 GENERAL FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The Facility is located in Wyalusing Township, Bradford County, Pennsylvania. A Facility location map based on a United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographical map is provided as Figure 1-1.

The Facility is under the jurisdiction of the following State and Federal agencies:

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection – Bureau of Air Quality Northcentral Regional Office 208 West Third Street, Suite 101 Williamsport, Pennsylvania 17707

United States Environmental Protection Agency – Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103



Topographic map courtesy of the United States Geological Survey.



2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Wyalusing Energy Center will consist of eight GE Model TM2500 self-contained combustion turbines. All turbines will operate in simple cycle mode, where the thermal energy from combustion of fuel is converted to mechanical energy, which drives an integral compressor and electric generator. There will be no supplementary waste heat recovery, which is a key characteristic of the simple cycle configuration. The turbines will use natural gas (transported by pipeline) exclusively. The proposed Facility will provide up to 218 megawatts of onsite generation that will not be connected to the regional electric grid but will directly connect with third-party data centers that will be developed adjacent to the Facility. Behind the meter operation of electric generation for data center operations is a key element for selection of simple cycle turbine operation versus combined-cycle operation. The electric generation will be matched to the electrical demand of the data center. Combined-cycle operation would generate additional electricity from steam produced in a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) extracting the heat from the exhaust gases and running a steam generator. Because the facility will not have a connection to the electric grid, exporting any surplus power generation would not be possible because it would overload and trip the facility's local electrical distribution system.

Each CT will be equipped with selective catalytic reduction (SCR) for nitrogen oxides (NO_X) control and oxidation catalysts for carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic compound (VOC) control. One aqueous ammonia tank will be installed to support SCR emissions control technology. The proposed Facility will also include a demineralized water treatment system (to support turbine air emissions control), and a water intake pump which will be powered by electric generators. The only source of air emissions outside of the natural gas turbines will be from a diesel-fired emergency firewater pump engine.

The final Facility design is still in progress, therefore control technology equipment make and model information is subject to change, however KDI will provide PADEP with final equipment selections as soon as possible. A sample process flow diagram for the Facility is provided in Figure 2-1.

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3. PROJECT EMISSIONS AND NEW SOURCE REVIEW APPLICABILITY

This section presents a summary of emissions associated with the Project, as well as a discussion of the applicability of New Source Review (NSR) regulations. The Project-wide emissions, discussed here and presented in Appendix E, are used as the basis for classification regarding applicable regulatory requirements evaluated in Section 4. An executive summary of the Project net emissions and the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and NSR applicability is presented in Table 3-1.

3.1 **PROJECT EMISSIONS**

Potential emissions from the CTs and fire pump engine were developed using emissions data from SISU Energy and Environmental (SISU) for CT controlled emission guarantees, emissions factors obtained from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) *Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors* (AP-42), and emissions factors from accepted references.

The emissions units associated with the proposed Project are eight CTs and one fire pump engine. The emissions that result from the combustion of natural gas from the CTs are based on data provided by SISU for NO_X, CO, VOC, particulate matter (PM), and carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. It is assumed that the PM emissions rates provided include both the filterable and condensable portions of PM. It is assumed that PM is equivalent to PM less than 10 microns in diameter (PM₁₀), which is also equivalent to PM less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM_{2.5}). Emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and sulfuric acid mist (H₂SO₄) were derived from the maximum sulfur content of the natural gas. Emissions of lead (Pb) are based on an emissions factor from U.S. EPA AP-42 Chapter 1.4 (July 1998) for natural gas-firing. Emissions of methane (CH₄) and nitrous oxide (N₂O) are based on emissions factors from Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR) Part 98, Subpart C. Emissions of hazardous air pollutants (HAP), except for formaldehyde, are conservatively based on emissions factors from U.S. EPA AP-42 Chapter 3.1. Emissions of formaldehyde for natural gas-fired CTs are conservatively based on 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Stationary CTs.

For compliance purposes, KDI has provided the worst-case short-term emissions rate, per CT, based on the maximum emissions rate across all operating loads and ambient conditions. However, total annual emissions for all eight CTs were based on CT operating conditions of 59°F at 99.5% load to be



representative of average annual climate conditions. The average temperature data for Wyalusing, PA was based on data obtained for Binghamton, NY, with an average annual temperature of 46°F, obtained from the Cornell Northeast Regional Climate Center¹. Annual potential emissions for the eight CTs conservatively include 365 startup events per year (i.e., one CT startup and corresponding shutdown per day), based on expected electric power demand and reliability requirements.

3.2 NEW SOURCE REVIEW APPLICABILITY

The Federal NSR program is comprised of two distinct permitting programs: PSD and Non-Attainment New Source Review (NNSR). The PSD regulations are designed to ensure that the air quality in current attainment areas does not significantly deteriorate beyond baseline concentration levels. PSD regulations specifically apply to the construction of major stationary sources in areas designated as attainment or unclassifiable with respect to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for each criteria pollutant² this is designated as in attainment or unclassifiable. NNSR regulations specifically apply to the construction of major stationary sources in an another with respect to the NAAQS for each criteria pollutant that is designated as nonattainment. Pennsylvania has adopted the PSD regulations (i.e., 40 CFR §52.21) in their entirety and incorporated them by reference in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 Subchapter D. Pennsylvania is a State Implementation Plan (SIP) approved state and has developed state-specific NNSR regulations at 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E. Major NSR applicability is determined for the proposed Project following the requirements of 40 CFR §52.21 for PSD and 25 Pa. Code §127.203a for NNSR.

¹ Temperature data obtained from the Cornell Northeast Regional Climate Center (accessed December 19, 2024): https://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/wxstation/comparative/comparative.html#.

² Criteria air pollutants include the six common air pollutants, also known as "criteria air pollutants". These pollutants include ozone, particulate matter, carbon monoxide, lead, sulfur dioxide, and nitrous dioxide.



Table 3-1Executive Summary of Project Emissions and NSR ApplicabilityKDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

Source	РМ	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	со	VOC ^(a)	NO _x ^(a)	SO2	Pb	Individual HAP ^(b)	Total HAP	CO ₂ e ^(c)
		(tpy)									
Combustion Turbines	83.33	83.33	83.33	85.08	36.58	67.58	12.05	-	2.32	5.07	1,012,417
Fire Water Pump Engine	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.25	0.01	0.20	3.79E-04	1.97E-06	2.58E-04	8.49E-04	35.79
Total Project Emissions	83.34	83.35	83.35	85.33	36.59	67.78	12.05	1.97E-06	2.32	5.07	1,012,453
PSD/NNSR Major Source Threshold	250	250	250	250	50	100	250	250	N/A	N/A	N/A
PSD/NNSR Major Source?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Title V Major Source Threshold	100	100	100	100	50	100	100	100	10	25	N/A
Title V Major Source?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	N/A

^(a) Major Source Threshold for the ozone transport region (OTR) pursuant to 25 Pa. Code §127.201(c).

^(b) The individual HAP with the highest total project emissions is formaldehyde.

^(c) Per the June 23, 2014, Supreme Court decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. U.S. EPA, U.S. EPA may not treat GHGs as an air pollutant for the specific purpose of determining whether a source is required to obtain a PSD or Title V Operating Permit.



3.2.1 PSD and NNSR Applicability Evaluation

The applicability of PSD under 40 CFR §52.21 is evaluated for proposed construction, reconstruction, and modification projects that result in an emission increase of a regulated criteria pollutant for which the area is in attainment with NAAQS. The Project is a new source located in an area of attainment for all regulated pollutants (see section 3.2 below for the special ozone status in Pennsylvania). The potential emissions for each of the criteria pollutants from the Project is below the 250 tons per year (tpy) threshold that triggers PSD applicability for a new source; therefore, PSD is not applicable.

The applicability of NNSR under 40 CFR §51.165 is evaluated for proposed construction, reconstruction, and modification projects that result in an emission increase of a criteria pollutant for which the area is not attaining the NAAQS. Bradford County, Pennsylvania has been designated as "in attainment" for all regulated NSR pollutants. However, because Pennsylvania is included in the northeast Ozone Transport Region (OTR), the entire state is considered as moderate non-attainment for ozone regardless of the county-specific NAAQS designation. Therefore, Bradford County, Pennsylvania, is considered a moderate ozone nonattainment area. The major source emission thresholds for a moderate nonattainment area are 100 tpy for NO_X and 50 tpy for VOC. The emissions regulated as ozone precursors are NO_X and VOC. NNSR applies to new major sources or major modifications at existing sources for pollutants. Emissions for NO_X and VOC for the Project are below 100 tpy and 50 tpy, respectively; therefore, NNSR does not apply to the Project.



4. **REGULATORY ANALYSIS**

KDI reviewed the Federal and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania air quality regulations to determine potentially applicable regulations for the Project.

4.1 FEDERAL AIR QUALITY REGULATIONS

For the purpose of this application, applicable Federal regulations are defined as:

- Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources (NSPS)
- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)
- Non-Attainment New Source Review (NNSR)
- Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)
- Acid Rain Program (ARP)
- Risk Management Plan (RMP)
- Cross-State Air Pollution (CSAPR) Requirements

A discussion of each specific Federal requirement is provided in the following subsections.

4.1.1 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

U.S. EPA has promulgated standards of performance for new, modified, or reconstructed sources of air pollution at 40 CFR Part 60 (i.e., NSPS). Potentially applicable NSPS are discussed in the following subsections as follows:

- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTT Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Electric Generating Units
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTTa Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Modified Coal-Fired Steam Electric Generating Units and New Construction and Reconstruction Stationary Combustion Turbine Electric Generating Units
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines



Note that there are no other NSPS that apply to the Project.

4.1.1.1 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK – Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK applies to owners or operators of a stationary CTs with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr) based on the higher heating value (HHV) and that commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after February 18, 2005. Only the heat input rate to the CT is considered when determining 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK applicability. Because the construction of the CTs will commence after February 18, 2005, and the CTs will have a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10 MMBtu/hr based on the HHV of natural gas, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK requirements will apply to the proposed stationary CTs.

The CTs will fire only clean, low-sulfur, pipeline quality natural gas. Emissions standards for NO_x and SO₂ will apply when the CT is operating. The proposed CTs must comply with the following emissions standards for a new turbine firing natural gas with a heat input at peak load of greater than 50 but less than or equal to 850 MMBtu/hr:

- 40 CFR §60.4320(a) and Table 1 NO_x
 - \circ 25 ppm at 15% oxygen (O₂), or
 - o 1.2 pounds per megawatt hour (lb/MWh) of useful output
- 40 CFR §60.4330(a)(1) and (2) SO₂
 - 0.90 lb/MWh gross output, and
 - o 0.060 pounds per million British thermal units (lb/MMBtu) heat input

KDI will demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK requirements via several methods. For NO_x emissions limits, KDI will operate the emissions control(s) that are determined to meet PADEP's Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements. A NO_x CEM will be used to monitor hourly NO_x emissions and additional CMS data (e.g., O₂, fuel flowmeter, steam flow, watt meter, etc.) will be collected to demonstrate compliance with the NO_x emissions standards. The use of natural gas to fire the CTs will ensure that the SO₂ emissions standard is met and KDI will use natural gas supplier data to document the sulfur content of the fuel. KDI will conduct the necessary initial and subsequent NO_x performance tests and submit the necessary reports required per 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK. It should be noted that the



proposed NO_x and SO₂ emissions limits for the CTs are less than the emissions limits specified at 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK.

4.1.1.2 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTT – Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Electric Generating Units

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTT applies, with certain exceptions, to owners or operators of any steam generating unit, integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC), or stationary CT that commenced construction after January 8, 2014 or commenced modification or reconstruction after June 18, 2014 and that have a base load rating greater than 250 MMBtu/hr and serves a generator capable of selling greater than 25 MW of electricity to a utility power distribution system. The proposed CTs will be exclusively used to generate electric power for adjacent data center operations. KDI will not be providing power to a utility power distribution system and will not be connected to the regional electric grid. Therefore, NSPS Subpart TTTT does not apply to the Project.

4.1.1.3 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart TTTTa – Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Modified coal-Fired Steam Electric Generating Units and New Construction and Reconstruction Stationary Combustion Turbine Electric Generating Units

The proposed CTs will be exclusively used to generate electric power for adjacent data center operations. KDI will not be providing power to a utility power distribution system and will not be connected to the regional electric grid. Therefore, NSPS Subpart TTTTa does not apply to the Project.

4.1.1.4 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII – Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

The requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII apply to the owners and operators of stationary compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engines (ICE) that commence operation after July 11, 2005 and were manufactured after April 1, 2006 (for engines that are not fire water pump engines) and after July 1, 2006 (for fire water pump engines). 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII will apply to the CI ICE that will drive the proposed 125 BHP diesel-fired fire water pump.

The emissions standards applicable to the engine driving the proposed fire water pump are presented at 40 CFR §60.4205(c), where owners and operators of fire water pump engines with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder must comply with the emissions standards presented in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart



IIII, Table 4. For a fire water pump of 2009 model year or later with a power rating greater than or equal to 75 kW (i.e., 100 BHP) but less than 130 kW (i.e., 175 BHP), the following emissions standards apply:

- 4.0 g/kW-hr of NMHC + NOx
- 5.0 g/kW-hr of CO
- 0.30 g/kW-hr of PM

Since October 1, 2010, 40 CFR §60.4207(b) requires that engines use compliant fuel in accordance with 40 CFR §80.510(b). Such fuel must have a maximum sulfur content of 15 parts per million (ppm) and have either a minimum cetane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35% by volume. The fire pump CI ICE that will be part of the Project will be newly purchased from the ICE manufacturer which means that compliance with the emissions limit of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII are initially certified by the manufacturer. Subsequently, KDI will demonstrate compliance with the emissions limits and requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII by following the manufacturer's written instructions for operation of the CI ICE. KDI will only change those emission-related settings that are permitted to be changed based on the manufacturer's guidance. Additionally, KDI will only use ULSD to fire the fire water pump engine.

4.1.2 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

U.S. EPA has also established NESHAP requirements under 40 CFR 63 that are applicable to specific categories of sources that have the potential to emit HAPs at levels greater than 10 tpy for any applicable HAP or 25 tpy for any combination of HAPs. The Project will not emit greater than 10 tpy of an individual HAP or greater than 25 tpy of total combined HAPs. Therefore, the Project is not subject to the NESHAP for Stationary Combustion Turbines (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY). However, KDI has elected to use the Subpart YYYY limit of 91 parts per billion (ppb) to conservatively quantify potential emissions of formaldehyde.

The Facility will meet the requirements of the NESHAP for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ) by complying with the NSPS 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII in accordance with 40 CFR §63.6590(c)(1).



4.1.3 Non-Attainment New Source Review

The applicability of NNSR under 40 CFR Part 51.165 is evaluated for proposed construction, reconstruction, and modification projects that result in an emission increase of a criteria pollutant for which the area is not attaining the NAAQS. Bradford County, Pennsylvania has been designated as "in attainment" for all regulated NSR pollutants. However, because Pennsylvania is included in the northeast Ozone Transport Region (OTR), the entire state is considered as moderate non-attainment for ozone regardless of the county-specific NAAQS designation. Therefore, Bradford County, Pennsylvania, is considered a moderate ozone nonattainment area. The major source emission thresholds for a moderate nonattainment area are 100 tpy for NO_x and 50 tpy for VOCs. The emissions regulated as ozone precursors are NO_x and VOC. NNSR applies to new major sources or major modifications at existing sources for pollutants. Emissions for NO_x and VOC for the Project are below 100 tpy and 50 tpy, respectively; therefore, NNSR does not apply to the Project.

4.1.4 Compliance Assurance Monitoring

The applicability of Compliance Assurance Monitoring under 40 CFR Part 64 was reviewed and the Facility is not subject to the requirements as they are not a major source of pollutants.

4.1.5 Acid Rain Program

The combustion turbines at the Facility are new units but are not subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program under 40 CFR 40 CFR Part 72.6(b)(8) because they are non-utility units.

4.1.6 Risk Management Plan

The Facility reviewed the Federal Risk Management Program under 40 CFR Part 68.150-195 as the Project will store 19% aqueous ammonia. The Project will have a 22,000-gallon tank for storage of 19% aqueous ammonia (NH₃) for use in the SCR system. The RMP Rule, promulgated at 40 CFR Part 68, implements Section 112(r) of the CAAA of 1990 and establishes guidance for chemical accident prevention at facilities using, storing, manufacturing, or handling extremely hazardous substances. The RMP Rule includes a "List of Regulated Substances" including their synonyms and threshold quantities to help assess if a process is



subject to the RMP Rule or the *General Duty Clause* of CAA Section 112(r). Aqueous ammonia, which will be used by the SCR system for NO_x emissions control, is a Regulated Substance under Section 112(r). The threshold quantity in the RMP Rule List of Regulated Substances pursuant to 40 CFR §68.130 for aqueous ammonia is 20,000 pounds with a concentration 20% or greater. Because aqueous ammonia will be stored on-site in one storage tank with a capacity of 20,000 gallons with a concentration of less than 20% by weight, the concentration applicability criteria will not be met, and the provisions of 40 CFR Part 68 will not apply.

4.1.7 Cross-State Air Pollution (CSAPR) Requirements

The proposed CTs do not meet the applicability requirements of CSAPR codified in 40 CFR Part 97, Subparts AAAAA and BBBBB [relating to the Transport Rule (TR) NO_X Annual Trading Program and TR NO_X Ozone Season Group 1 Trading Program] and 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart CCCCC (as it relates to TR SO₂ Group 1 Trading Program). In accordance with 40 CFR 97.404, because the proposed CTs will not serve, at any time, a generator with nameplate capacity of 25 MWe producing electricity for sale, they are not CSAPR NO_x Annual units and not subject to this rule.

4.2 COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA REQUIREMENTS

Sources at the Facility are subject to the following Commonwealth of Pennsylvania air quality regulations, which are codified in Title 25 – Environmental Protection of the Pennsylvania Code:

- Chapter 122 National Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources
- Chapter 123 Standards for Contaminants
- Chapter 124 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
- Chapter 127 Construction, Modification, Reactivation, and Operation of Sources
- Chapter 129 Standards for Sources
- Chapter 145 Interstate Pollution Transport Reduction

A discussion of each specific State requirement is provided in the following subsections.



4.2.1 Chapter 122 – National Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

The Federal Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources are adopted in their entirety by reference at 25 Pa. Code §122.3 and are discussed in detail above under the Federal requirements

4.2.2 Chapter 123 – Standards for Contaminants

Standards for PM emissions are addressed in 25 Pa. Code §§123.11-123.14. The proposed CTs are considered process sources under the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania air quality regulations and are only subject to 25 Pa. Code §123.13. In accordance with 25 Pa. Code §123.13(c)(1)(i) and (ii), the CTs will be limited to PM emissions less than 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/DSCF) when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 DSCF per minute (DSCFM) or less than 0.03 gr/DSCF when the effluent gas volume is greater than 150,000 DSCFM but less than 300,000 DSCFM.

In accordance with the sulfur compounds limitations under 25 Pa. Code §123.21, KDI will not permit the emissions of sulfur oxides in the effluent gases to exceed 500 ppmvd. In accordance with the odor limitations under 25 Pa. Code §123.31, KDI will not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property.

In accordance with the visible emissions regulation at 25 Pa. Code §123.41, KDI will not permit visible emissions into the outdoor atmosphere in such a manner that the opacity is equal to or greater than 20% for a period aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour or equal to or greater than 60% at any one time. No visible emissions are expected from the CTs.

4.2.3 Chapter 124 – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

The Federal National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants are adopted in their entirety by reference at 25 Pa. Code §124.3 and are discussed in detail under the Federal requirements.



4.2.4 Chapter 127 – Construction, Modification, Reactivation, and Operation of Sources

The following sections of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 are applicable to the Facility.

4.2.4.1 Subchapter B – Plan Approval Requirements

Any proposed new air contamination source that is not otherwise exempt from the requirements to obtain a Plan Approval and/or Operating Permit under the provisions of 25 Pa. Code §127.12 requires the Facility to obtain a Plan Approval from PADEP prior to initiating the proposed change(s). A PAA must meet the content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §127.12 and include a Compliance Review Form (CRF) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.12a. KDI has completed the appropriate PADEP PAA forms which are included as Appendix A of this PAA. In addition, PAAs for new sources are required to address the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements of 25 Pa. Code §127.12(a)(5).

4.2.4.2 Subchapter D – Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality

Pennsylvania incorporates the Federal PSD regulations by reference at 25 Pa. Code §127.83. A discussion of PSD applicability with respect to the proposed CTs is discussed in Section 3.2.1 of this PAA.

4.2.4.3 Subchapter E – Nonattainment New Source Review

The applicability of NNSR under 40 CFR §51.165 is evaluated for proposed construction, reconstruction, and modification projects that result in an emission increase of a criteria pollutant for which the area is not attaining the NAAQS. Bradford County, Pennsylvania has been designated as "in attainment" for all regulated NSR pollutants. However, because Pennsylvania is included in the northeast Ozone Transport Region (OTR), the entire state is considered as moderate non-attainment for ozone regardless of the county-specific NAAQS designation. Therefore, Bradford County, Pennsylvania, is considered a moderate nonattainment area for ozone. The major source emission thresholds for a moderate nonattainment area are 100 tpy for NO_x and 50 tpy for VOCs. The emissions regulated as ozone precursors are NO_x and VOC. NNSR applies to new major sources or major modifications at existing sources for pollutants. Emissions



for NO_x and VOC for the Project are below 100 tpy and 50 tpy, respectively; therefore, NNSR does not apply to the Project.

4.2.4.4 Subchapter G – Title V Operating Permits

As previously stated, the Facility is not a major source with regard to the TVOP permitting program.

4.2.4.5 Subchapter I – Plan Approval and Operating Permit Fees

25 Pa. Code §127.702 specifies the fees required to submit Plan Approval Applications. The Plan Approval application fee is \$7,500 in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.702(b)(2). The Facility previously submitted a PAA for the Wyalusing Energy Center that was withdrawn prior to this PAA submittal. KDI previously submitted a fee of \$2,500 that will be applied to this new submittal.

4.2.5 Chapter 129 – Standards for Sources

The following sections discuss the applicability of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 129.

4.2.5.1 25 Pa. Code §§129.111-129.115 – Pennsylvania RACT III

The Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) III requirements became effective on January 1, 2023, and apply to major stationary sources of NO_X or VOC that commenced operation prior to August 3, 2018. Therefore, the Facility is not subject to the rule.

4.2.5.2 25 Pa. Code §§129.201-129.205 – Additional NO_X Requirements

The Facility is not located in Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, or Philadelphia Counties; therefore, the requirements do not apply.



4.2.6 Chapter 145 – Interstate Pollution Transport Reduction

25 Pa. Code Chapter 145 establishes the Interstate Pollution Transport Reduction rule NOx Budget Trading Program as a means of mitigating the interstate transport of ozone and nitrogen oxides, an ozone precursor. In accordance with 25 Pa. Code 145.4(a)(2)(iii)(A), the proposed CTs will have a maximum design heat input greater than 250 MMBtu/hr but will not serve a generator producing electricity for sale. Therefore, the proposed CTs are considered to be NO_x budget units subject to this rule under the applicability requirements provided in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 145, Subchapter A, §145.4(a)(2)(iii)(A) and §145.8(d), for nonelectric generating units. The proposed combustion turbines are not subject to the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program requirements of Subchapter D (i.e., §§145.201-145.223). The CTs will be equipped with 40 CFR Part 75 continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS). The Facility will be required to register the CTs and report actual emissions under 40 CFR Part 75.



5. BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY

The Project is required to control air emissions to the maximum extent from the eight (8) GE TM2500 combustion turbines through the installation of the BAT. Per 25 Pa. 121.1, BAT is defined as equipment, devices, method, or techniques that will prevent, reduce, or control emissions of air contaminants to the maximum degree possible and which are available or may be made available. The Project is only subject to PADEP BAT and is not subject to U.S. EPA best available control technology (BACT) or lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) because it is a minor source for all pollutants. PADEP does not explicitly define a process for conducting a BAT analysis, but case-by-case BACT procedures are typically used to fulfill BAT.

In addition to reviewing the results of recently permitted facilities and the U.S.EPA Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT)/BACT/LAER Clearinghouse (RBLC) database, KDI has also reviewed PADEP's technical support document (TSD) for General Plan Approval and its General Operating Permit for Natural Gas Compression Stations, Processing Plants, and Transmission Stations (GP-5) because the general guidelines and sources within the TSD provide a starting point to identifying appropriate limits for the proposed combustion turbines.

5.1 NO_X BAT ANALYSIS FOR COMBUSTION TURBINES

Operation of simple cycle combustion turbines to generate electricity is the process for which BAT is to be determined. In the combustion process, NO_x is formed during the combustion of fuel and is generally classified as either thermal NO_x or fuel-related NO_x. Thermal NO_x is produced at very high temperatures by the reaction of atmospheric oxygen and nitrogen and is heavily influenced by combustion temperature. Fuel NO_x results from oxidation of nitrogen contained in the fuel. Fuel-related NO_x from natural gas combustion is generally minimal; therefore, NO_x formation from natural gas combustion is primarily thermal NO_x.

Reduction in thermal NO_x can be achieved using combustion controls, and flue gas treatment can further reduce it. As such, strategies for the control of NO_x are categorized as combustion control and post-combustion control strategies.



Available combustion controls include water or steam injection and use of low emission combustors. Many modern combustion turbines utilize dry low-NO_x (DLN) combustors for natural gas firing where natural gas and air are pre-mixed prior to combustion. DLN combustors are designed to operate below the stoichiometric air-to-fuel ratio, thereby reducing thermal NO_x formation by reducing peak flame temperatures. SCR is the most commonly used post combustion control method.

Available control methods listed in the TSD to reduce NO_x from combustion sources include the following:

- Good combustion practices: Maintain optimal combustion efficiency, maintenance procedures, and following manufacturers guidelines.
- Water or Steam injection: Water or steam injection has been historically used for front-end control of both gas- and oil-fired turbines. Water injection is used in combustion turbines during firing of both natural gas and ultra-low-sulfur diesel (ULSD).
- Dry Controls: Dry low-NO_x (DLN) combustors are also an example of a front-end NO_x control technology. The combustors limit peak flame temperature and excess oxygen with lean, pre-mix flames that achieve NO_x control equal to or better than water or steam injection. Some vendors offer this control technology on advanced heavy-duty industrial units.
- Selective non-catalytic reduction (SNCR): SNCR technology uses ammonia or urea as a reagent that is injected into the hot exhaust gases. SNCR is widely used as a retrofit technology for steam-generating boilers but has never been applied to control NO_x emissions from simple cycle combustion turbines.
- SCR: SCR technology uses ammonia or urea as a reagent as does SNCR. However, SCR injects the reagent into the flue gas stream, and then the flue gas passes through a catalyst bed where the NO_x is reduced to nitrogen and water. SCR has been in widespread use on combustion turbines for many years. SCR is widely recognized as the most stringent available control technology for NO_x emissions control for combustion sources, including combustion turbines.

KDI is proposing to install water injection and SCR on the proposed CTs. SCR is considered the top, most effective NOX control technology for CTs of this size. DLN burners and SNCR were not considered because they have typically not been utilized on simple cycle natural gas fired-combustion turbines.

The NO_x BAT proposed by KDI for the proposed combustion turbines is a combination of pre-combustion control, which includes application of good combustion practices, and the use of post- combustion control, which includes water injection and SCR. Use of this combination meets the applicable limits under



NSPS Subpart KKKK and is consistent with the strategies applied in similar projects. The application of good combustion practices will reduce NO_x emissions to less than 30 ppmvd at 15% O₂. The application of water injection and SCR post combustion will further reduce the total NO_x emissions to less than 3 ppmvd at 15% O₂.

5.2 CO AND VOC BAT ANALYSIS FOR COMBUSTION TURBINES

Operation of simple cycle combustion turbines to generate electricity is the process for which BAT is to be determined. In a simple cycle combustion process, CO and VOC are formed during the incomplete combustion of fuel. Reduction in CO emissions and VOC formation can be achieved using good combustion practices and post combustion controls.

Available control methods listed in the TSD to reduce VOC from combustion sources include the following. These control methods are consistent with those implemented at similar facilities as indicated by the air permits located during the case-by-case search of the RBLC database:

- Good combustion practices: Maintain optimal combustion efficiency, maintenance procedures, and following manufacturers guidelines.
- Oxidation Catalyst: Oxidation catalysts are primarily used to control CO and VOC emissions from combustion turbines. The catalysts usually are made of precious metal which oxidize emissions through a series of chemical reactions that occur on the surface of the catalyst material. Exhaust gases, including but not limited to CO and VOC, are introduced to the catalyst bed, which converts the CO and VOC to carbon dioxide and water before exiting the catalyst bed.

KDI proposes to apply both TSD-recommended control methods application of good combustion practices and use of an oxidation catalyst on the proposed combustion turbines. The CO and VOC BAT proposed for the proposed combustion turbines is a combination of pre-combustion control which includes application of good combustion practices and the use of an oxidation catalyst. Use of this combination is consistent with the strategies applied in prior, similar projects. The application of good combustion practices will reduce CO emissions to 60.60 ppmvd at 15% O_2 and VOC to 2.43 ppmvd at 15% O_2 (expressed as propane). The addition of the oxidation catalyst post-combustion control will provide an additional 90% control,



reducing the total CO emissions to 5.0 ppmvd at 15% O_2 and VOC to 1.32 ppmvd at 15% O_2 (expressed as propane) for operating conditions representative of average annual climate conditions at the Facility.

5.3 PM / PM₁₀ / PM_{2.5} BAT ANALYSIS FOR COMBUSTION TURBINES

In a simple cycle combustion process, PM is produced in various forms from the combustion of natural gas. PM is produced by incomplete combustion, thermal decomposition of methane resulting in carbon that condenses into soot, sulfates from sulfur in the natural gas that condenses into particles and secondary particle formation of organic aerosols and nitrates. For the Project, PM emissions from the combustion turbines are considered equivalent to emissions of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}. Emissions of PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, and PM are assumed to include both the filterable and condensable portion of PM. Reduction of PM can be achieved by optimizing combustion of the natural gas fuel, secondary physical controls such as filters and fuel treatment.

Available control methods listed in the TSD to reduce PM/PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} from combustion sources include the following. This control method is consistent with that implemented at similar facilities as indicated by the air permits located during the case-by-case search of the RBLC database:

• Good combustion practices: Maintain optimal combustion efficiency, maintenance procedures, and following manufacturers guidelines.

KDI proposes to apply the TSD-recommended control method of precombustion control which includes application of good combustion practice. The proposed CTs will exclusively fire natural gas fuel, which is inherently low in sulfur content.

The PM BAT proposed for the Project is the pre-combustion control method of application of good combustion practices and the exclusive use of natural gas. The application of good combustion practices will reduce PM to 3.0 pounds per hour (lb/hr) which equates to 0.012 lb/MMBtu.



5.4 GHG BAT ANALYSIS FOR COMBUSTION TURBINES

Although there are six regulated greenhouse gases (GHGs): CO₂, CH₄, nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆),³ GHG emissions emitted from stationary combustion sources typically consist of CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O. Emissions of GHG pollutants are converted to a carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e) basis using their individual global warming potentials (GWPs)⁴ for comparative purposes. CO₂ and N₂O are produced in the CTs when firing natural gas. The carbon in the fuel is converted to CO₂ during combustion. N₂O formation is complex and depends on many factors, but it can be limited when combustion temperatures are kept high and excess air is kept low. Emissions of CH₄ from the CTS are caused by unburned fuel when firing natural gas. CH₄ emissions are highest during conditions of low-temperature combustion or incomplete combustion. Such conditions typically occur during the startup or shut down cycle for turbines.

KDI has employed SCR, DLN, and good combustion practices for NO_x emissions reduction and an oxidation catalyst for control of CO and VOC. An SCR system may increase emissions of N₂O because of exhaust conditions and the type of catalyst selected. Likewise, an oxidation catalyst may slightly increase emissions of CO₂ from the oxidation of CO and CH₄ in the exhaust gas. While slight increases in CO₂ may occur from the oxidation catalyst, these emissions are accounted for in the total GHG emissions. Although elimination of these controls could conceivably be considered as an option within the GHG BAT, the environmental benefits of controlling NO_x, CO, and VOC emissions are assumed to outweigh the marginal increase to GHG emissions. Therefore, omission of these controls within the GHG BAT analysis was not considered.

U.S. EPA, through various guidance documents, indicates that inherently lower-polluting processes are appropriate for consideration as available control alternatives. In guidance documents, U.S. EPA recommends several different ways to incorporate energy efficiency (good combustion practices) into a project including, but not limited to installing an efficient CT, employing a maintenance program, or using low-carbon fuels. The CTs are fired exclusively by pipeline-quality natural gas, which is the fossil fuel with the lowest carbon content. Having a lower carbon content fuel means that there is less carbon available to convert to CO and CO_2 during combustion, inherently reducing GHG emissions.

³U.S. EPA Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions. http://www2.epa.gov/greeningepa/greenhouse-gases-epa

⁴ U.S. EPA Glossary of Climate Change Terms. http://www.epa.gov/climatechange/glossary.html



The proposed CTs are highly efficient, and the implementation of a maintenance program will not only retain the energy efficiency of the units but also help ensure minimized GHG emissions. The Facility will employ periodic CT maintenance and tuning; install instrumentation and controls to monitor and optimize air flow and fuel combustion; and follow an inspection routine to identify leaks from valves, flanges, and piping.

Combustion efficiency is related to the three "T's" of combustion: Time, Temperature, and Turbulence. These components of combustion efficiency are designed into the CTs to maximize fuel efficiency and reduce operating costs. Therefore, combustion control is accomplished primarily through unit design and operation.

U.S. EPA classifies carbon capture and sequestration (CCS) as an add-on pollution control technology that is "available" for facilities emitting CO₂, including fossil fuel-fired power plants, and for industrial facilities with high-purity CO₂ streams.⁵ U.S. EPA estimates CCS can reduce GHG emissions from power plants by approximately 80 to 90%.⁶ CCS is an approach used to capture the CO₂ emissions from facilities, where CO₂ is then stored. Capture technologies include pre-combustion carbon capture and post-combustion carbon capture. Pre-combustion carbon capture for combustion sources involves substituting pure oxygen for air in the combustion process, resulting in a concentrated CO₂ exhaust stream so it may be captured more effectively. The oxygen may be isolated from air using cryogenic separation and membrane separation. Post-combustion carbon-containing fuels to isolate CO₂ from the combustion exhaust gases. Post-combustion capture using solvent scrubbing, typically using monoethanolamine (MEA) as the solvent, is a commercially mature technology.⁷ There are a few methods and processes that could be used to capture CO₂ from the dilute exhaust gases produced by new combustion units. These capture technologies include separation technologies.

⁵ United States Environmental Protection Agency. PSD and Title V Permitting Guidance for Greenhouse Gases. <u>http://www3.epa.gov/nsr/ghgdocs/ghgpermittingguidance.pdf</u>

⁶ United States Environmental Protection Agency, Carbon Dioxide Capture and Sequestration at <u>http://www.epa.gov/climatechange/ccs/</u> and Center for Climate and Energy Solutions, Carbon Capture and Storage Quick Facts.<u>http://www.c2es.org/technology/factsheet/CCS</u>

⁷ United States Environmental Protection Agency. Available and Emerging Technologies for Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions from the Petroleum Refining Industry. October 2010. <u>http://www3.epa.gov/nsr/ghgdocs/refineries.pdf</u>



To provide effective reduction of CO₂ emissions, efficient methods of compression and transporting the CO₂ to a suitable geological storage formation are required. CO₂ sequestration generally relies upon a third-party CO₂ pipeline system to transport the CO₂. Pipelines are the most common and theoretically feasible method for transporting large quantities of CO₂. However, constructing such a pipeline for dedicated use by a single facility often will make a project economically infeasible. CCS is still an emerging technology in the power sector, where it has not yet been demonstrated on a large scale. Applying CCS to full-size power plants requires scale-up of commercially available CO₂ capture processes. Therefore, current cost and performance information related to CCS from power generation needs to be evaluated.

Creating the infrastructure to allow for the compression, transport and storage of CO₂ emissions would far exceed the cost of the installation of CCS. While CCS may be theoretically feasible in reducing atmospheric emissions of CO₂ after formation, without this necessary transportation and sequestration infrastructure, CCS is too difficult and costly to be practical. A pre-existing pipeline infrastructure is not near the Project, installing a pipeline to accommodate an injection site near the Project is considered impractical. The effort required to construct miles of pipeline through regions in the eastern U.S., in addition to uncertainties associated with acquiring land access needed for pipeline construction, is considered impractical for the Project. Also, pipeline transportation requires very high pressures with high compressor energy requirements and H₂O removal from CO₂ pipelines. The CO₂ pipeline infrastructure requires routine monitoring for leaks, and protection from overpressure, especially in highly populated areas. Therefore, CCS is not considered available for the Project.

KDI proposes the use of an oxidation catalyst in conjunction with implementing energy efficient and inherently lower-emitting processes, work practices, and design for the CTs as GHG BAT for the Project.

APPENDIX A -GENERAL INFORMATION FORM

4700-PM-CEE0001 10/2023 Application Pennsylvania Department of environmental PROTECTION

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM – AUTHORIZATION APPLICATION

Before completing this General Information Form (GIF), read the step-by-step instructions provided in this application package. This form is used by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to inform our programs regarding what other DEP permits or authorizations may be needed for the proposed project or activity. This version of the General Information Form (GIF) must be completed and returned with any program-specific application being submitted to the DEP.

Related	DEP USE ONLY							
Client ID#	APS ID#			Date R	eneral Not	es		
Site ID#	Auth ID#							
Facility ID#								
CLIENT INFORMATION								
DEP Client ID#	Client Type/Code			Dun & Brad	dstreet ID#	¥		
To Be Determined (TBD)	LLC			Not Applic	able (N/A)			
Legal Organization Name or	Registered Fictitious	Name	Emplo	oyer ID# (EIN)	Is the E	EIN a SS	SN?	
KDI Wyalusing Power LLC			33-241	10502	🗌 Yes	5	🛛 No	
State of Incorporation or Reg	gistration of Fictious		ation		rtnership			
Name		□ Sole Pr	oprietor: Trust	ship ∐As: ∃Other	sociation/C	organiza	tion	
Individual Last Name	First Name		MI	Suff	fix			
N/A				• • • •				
Additional Individual Last Na	me First Name)	МІ	Suf	fix.			
N/A			.=	0.011				
Mailing Address Line 1		Mailin	g Addre	ess Line 2				
111 W 19 th Street		8 th Flo	or					
Address Last Line – City	S	State	ZIP+4	(Country			
New York		NY	10011	l	JSA			
Client Contact Last Name	First Na	ame		MI	S	uffix		
Raggio	Debra			L.	N	// A		
Client Contact Title		Phone		Ext	С	ell Pho	ne	
Executive Vice President, He	ead of Regulatory	703-778-0	842	N/A	Ν	/ A		
Email Address				FAX				
draggio@newfortressenergy	.com			N/A				
	SITE IN	FORMAT	ΓΙΟΝ					
DEP Site ID# Site Name								
TBD Wyalusing	Energy Center							
EPA ID# TBD	Estimated Numb	per of Empl	oyees t	o be Present	at Site	~50		
Description of Site								
Proposed installation of eight General Electric (GE) Model TM2500 self-contained combustion turbines generating power for a proposed data center to be operated by a third party.								
Tax Parcel ID(s): 611150008	2000000							
County Name(s)	Municipality(ies)			City	Boro	Twp	State	
Bradford	Wyalusing					\square	PA	

Site Location Line 1	Site Location Line 2				
44074 Route 6					
Site Location Last Line – City	State ZIP+4				
Wyalusing	PA 18853				

Detailed Written Directions to Site

Via PA-29 northbound turn left onto US-6 W. After approximately 23 miles, the site will be on the left.

One	Contact Last Name	First Name	First Name			Suffix				
Rag	<i>igio</i>	Debra		L N/A						
Site	Contact Title		Site Contact Firm							
Exe	cutive Vice President, Head of I	Regulatory	Klond	like Digital Infrastructure	LLC					
Mai	ling Address Line 1		Mailir	ig Address Line 2						
111	W 19 th Street		8 th Fle	oor						
Mai	ling Address Last Line – City		State	ZIP+4						
Nev	v York		NY	10011						
Pho	one Ext	FAX	Email	Address						
703	-778-0841 N/A	N/A	dragg	io@newfortressenergy.c	от					
NAI	CS Codes (Two- & Three-Digit Cod	es – List All That App	oly)	6-Digit Code (Optiona	I)				
221	112									
Clie	ent to Site Relationship									
ow	NOP									
		FACILITY IN	FOR	MATION						
Мос	dification of Existing Facility				Yes	No				
1.	Will this project modify an ex	tisting facility, sys	stem, c	or activity?		\boxtimes				
2.	Will this project involve an a	ddition to an exist	ting fa	cility, system, or activity?		\boxtimes				
	If "Yes", check all relevant facil	ity types and provid	de DEF	P facility identification numb	ers belo	W.				
	Facility Type	DEP Fac ID#		Facility Type		DEP Fac ID#				
	Air Emission Plant	DEP Fac ID#		Facility Type Industrial Minerals Mining Operation	ition	DEP Fac ID#				
	Air Emission Plant Beneficial Use (water)	DEP Fac ID#		Facility Type Industrial Minerals Mining Opera Laboratory Location	ition	DEP Fac ID#				
	Air Emission Plant Beneficial Use (water) Blasting Operation	DEP Fac ID#		Facility Type Industrial Minerals Mining Operation Laboratory Location Land Recycling Cleanup Location	ntion	DEP Fac ID#				
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Latitude/Longitu	de		L	atitude		Longitude				
Point of Origin	ı	Deg	rees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		
Plant Entrance		41		39	28.5	76	13	53.7		
Horizontal Accuracy Measure		Feet		N/A	or	Meters	N/A			
Horizontal Reference Datum Code	9			North America	In Datum of	1927				
				North America	n Datum of	1983				
		\boxtimes		World Geodet	ic System of	1984				
Horizontal Collection Method Code	l	ITPMP								
Reference Point Code	e	ENTGN								
Altitude		Feet		766	or	Meters	N/A			
Altitude Datum Name)			The National (Geodetic Ver	tical Datum	of 1929			
				The North Am	erican Vertic	al Datum of	1988 (NA\	/D88)		
Altitude (Vertical) Lo	cation D	atum Colle	ection Met	nod Code	ΤΟΡΟ					
Geometric Type Code	e	POINT								
Data Collection Date		12/4/2024	4							
Source Map Scale Nu	ımber	N/A		Inch(es)	=	N/A	Feet			
	0r	N/A		Centimeter(s)	=	N/A	Meters			
		F	ROJEC	INFORMAT	ION					
Project Name										
Wyalusing Energy Ce	enter									
Project Description										
Proposed installatio combustion turbines	n of eig to gene	ght natura rate powei	al gas-fire r for a prop	d General Ele oosed data cen	ectric (GE) ter to be op	Model TM erated by a	2500 self- third part	contained y.		
Project Consultant La	ast Nam	9	First Nar	ne	МІ		Suffix			
McGlynn		Merritt			N/A		N/A			
Project Consultant Ti	itle		Consulting Firm							
Senior Managing Cor	nsultant		A	LL4 LLC						
Mailing Address Line	e 1		N	lailing Address	s Line 2					
2393 Kimberton Road	d		P	.O. Box 299						
Address Last Line –	City		S	tate	ZIP+	4				
Kimberton			P	PA	1944	2				
Phone	Ext	FAX		Email Addres	S					
610-422-1133	N/A	N/A		mmcglynn@a	all4inc.com					
Time Schedules	Project	Milestone	(Optional)						
Commence Construction	June 20	025								
Complete Construction	Decem	ber 2025								
Commence Operation	Januar	y 2026								

1.	Is the pro	ject located in or within a 0.5 -mile radius	lo			
	of an E defined	nvironmental Justice community as by DEP?				
	To dete please submitta	rmine if the project is located in or within a 0.5-mile radius of an envirouse the online PennEnviroScreen tool. To see specific EJ areas, select al from the themes box on the right.	onmen the ap	tal justice propriate y	comn rear c	nunity, If your
2.	Have yo prior to Departm	u informed the surrounding community 🛛 Yes 🗌 N submitting the application to the ent?	lo			
	Method <u>township</u>	of notification: <u>Notification letter to</u> and county representatives				
3.	Have yo were ide	u addressed community concerns that	lo	\boxtimes	N/	A
	lf no, pl	ease briefly describe the community concerns that have been expressed	and no	t addresse	d.	
4.	ls your	project funded by state or federal Yes N	lo			
	Note:	If "Yes", specify what aspect of the project is related to the grant and prov person and grant expiration date.	vide the	e grant sou	rce, c	ontact
		Aspect of Project Related to Grant				
		Grant Source:				
		Grant Contact Person:				
		Grant Expiration Date:				
5.	Is this Appendi referenc Policy at	application for an authorization on ⊠ Yes □ N x A of the Land Use Policy? (For ed list, see Appendix A of the Land Use tached to GIF instructions)	lo			
	Note:	If "No" to Question 5, the application is not subject to the Land Use Poli	cy.			
		If "Yes" to Question 5, the application is subject to this policy and the additional questions in the Land Use Information section.	Applica	ant should	answ	er the
		LAND USE INFORMATION				
No loc	te: Applica	nts should submit copies of local land use approvals or other evi ensive plans and zoning ordinances.	idence	of comp	iance	e with
1.	Is there a	n adopted county or multi-county comprehensive plan?	\boxtimes	Yes		No
2.	Is there a	county stormwater management plan?	\boxtimes	Yes		No
3.	Is there a	adopted municipal or multi-municipal comprehensive plan?	\boxtimes	Yes		No
4.	Is there a ordinance	n adopted county-wide zoning ordinance, municipal zoning or joint municipal zoning ordinance?	\boxtimes	Yes		No
	Note:	f the Applicant answers "No" to either Questions 1, 3 <u>or</u> 4, <u>the provisions</u> applicable and the Applicant does not need to respond to questions 5 and	<u>s of the</u> d 6 belo	<u>e PA MPC</u> <u>ow</u> .	are n	<u>ot</u>
		f the Applicant answers "Yes" to questions 1, 3 <u>and</u> 4, the Applicant shou and 6 below.	ıld resp	ond to que	stion	s 5
5.	Does th ordinand zoning ap	e proposed project meet the provisions of the zoning ce or does the proposed project have zoning approval? In proval has been received, attach documentation.	g □ f	Yes		No
6		. attached Municipal and County Land Llas Lattare for the		V		

COORDINATION INFORMATION

<u>Note</u>: The PA Historical and Museum Commission must be notified of proposed projects in accordance with DEP Technical Guidance Document 012-0700-001 <u>at PHMC's online portal, PA-SHARE</u>.

If the activity will be a mining project (i.e., mining of coal or industrial minerals, coal refuse disposal and/or the operation of a coal or industrial minerals preparation/processing facility), respond to questions 1.0 through 2.5 below.

If the activity will not be a mining project, skip questions 1.0 through 2.5 and begin with question 3.0.

1.0	Is this a coal mining project? If "Yes", respond to 1.1-1.6. If "No", skip to Question 2.0.	Yes	\boxtimes	No	
1.1	Will this coal mining project involve coal preparation/ processing activities in which the total amount of coal prepared/processed will be equal to or greater than 200 tons/day?	Yes		No	
1.2	Will this coal mining project involve coal preparation/ processing activities in which the total amount of coal prepared/processed will be greater than 50,000 tons/year?	Yes		No	
1.3	Will this coal mining project involve coal preparation/ processing activities in which thermal coal dryers or pneumatic coal cleaners will be used?	Yes		No	
1.4	For this coal mining project, will sewage treatment facilities be constructed and treated waste water discharged to surface waters?	Yes		No	
1.5	Will this coal mining project involve the construction of a permanent impoundment meeting one or more of the following criteria: (1) a contributory drainage area exceeding 100 acres; (2) a depth of water measured by the upstream toe of the dam at maximum storage elevation exceeding 15 feet; (3) an impounding capacity at maximum storage elevation exceeding 50 acre-feet?	Yes		No	
1.6	Will this coal mining project involve underground coal mining to be conducted within 500 feet of an oil or gas well?	Yes		No	
2.0	Is this a non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project? If "Yes", respond to 2.1-2.6. If "No", skip to Question 3.0.	Yes		No	
2.1	Will this non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project involve the crushing and screening of non-coal minerals other than sand and gravel?	Yes		No	
2.2	Will this non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project involve the crushing and/or screening of sand and gravel with the exception of wet sand and gravel operations (screening only) and dry sand and gravel operations with a capacity of less than 150 tons/hour of unconsolidated materials?	Yes		No	
2.3	Will this non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project involve the construction, operation and/or modification of a portable non- metallic (i.e., non-coal) minerals processing plant under the authority of the General Permit for Portable Non-metallic Mineral Processing Plants (i.e., BAQ-PGPA/GP-3)?	Yes		No	
2.4	For this non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project, will sewage treatment facilities be constructed and treated waste water discharged to surface waters?	Yes		No	
2.5	Will this non-coal (industrial minerals) mining project involve th construction of a permanent impoundment meeting one or mor of the following criteria: (1) a contributory drainage are exceeding 100 acres; (2) a depth of water measured by th upstream toe of the dam at maximum storage elevatio exceeding 15 feet; (3) an impounding capacity at maximur storage elevation exceeding 50 acre-feet?	ie re ea ie on m	Yes		No
-----	--	---------------------------------	-----	-------------	----
3.0	Will your project, activity, or authorization have anything to do with a well related to oil or gas production, have construction within 200 feet of, affect an oil or gas well, involve the waste from such a well, or string power lines above an oil or gas well? If "Yes", respond to 3.1-3.3. If "No", skip to Question 4.0.		Yes		No
3.1	Does the oil- or gas-related project involve any of the following: placement of fill, excavation within or placement of a structure, located in, along, across or projecting into a watercourse, floodway or body of water (including wetlands)?		Yes		No
3.2	Will the oil- or gas-related project involve discharge of industrial wastewater or stormwater to a dry swale, surface water, ground water or an existing sanitary sewer system or storm water system? If "Yes", discuss in <i>Project Description</i> .		Yes		No
3.3	Will the oil- or gas-related project involve the construction and operation of industrial waste treatment facilities?		Yes		No
4.0	 Will the project involve a construction activity that results in earth disturbance? If "Yes", specify the total disturbed acreage. 4.0.1 Total Disturbed Approximately 14 acres Acreage 		Yes		No
	4.0.2 Will the project discharge or drain to a special protection water (EV or HQ) or an EV wetland?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
	4.0.3 Will the project involve a construction activity that results in earth disturbance in the area of the earth disturbance that are contaminated at levels exceeding residential or non-residential medium-specific concentrations (MSCs) in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 250 at residential or non-residential construction sites, respectively?		Yes		No
5.0	Does the project involve any of the following: water obstruction and/or encroachment, wetland impacts, or floodplain project by the Commonwealth/political subdivision or public utility?		Yes		No
	If "Yes", respond to 5.1-5.7. If "No", skip to Question 6.0.				
5.1	Water Obstruction and Encroachment Projects – Does the project involve any of the following: placement of fill, excavation within or placement of a structure, located in, along, across or projecting into a watercourse, floodway or body of water?		Yes		No
5.2	Wetland Impacts – Does the project involve any of the following: placement of fill, excavation within or placement of a structure, located in, along, across or projecting into a wetland?		Yes		No

5.3	Floodplain Projects by the Commonwealth, a Political Subdivision of the Commonwealth or a Public Utility – Does the project involve any of the following: placement of fill, excavation within or placement of a structure, located in, along, across or projecting into a floodplain?		Yes	🗌 No
5.4	Is your project an interstate transmission natural gas pipeline?		Yes	🛛 No
5.5	Does your project consist of linear construction activities which result in earth disturbance in two or more DEP regions AND three or more counties?		Yes	🛛 No
5.6	Does your project utilize Floodplain Restoration as a best management practice for Post Construction Stormwater Management?		Yes	🛛 No
5.7	Does your project utilize Class V Gravity / Injection Wells as a best management practice for Post Construction Stormwater Management?		Yes	🛛 No
6.0	Will the project involve discharge of construction related stormwater to a dry swale, surface water, ground water or separate storm water system?	\boxtimes	Yes	□ No
6.1	Will the project involve discharge of industrial waste stormwater or wastewater from an industrial activity or sewage to a dry swale, surface water, ground water or an existing sanitary sewer system or separate storm water system?		Yes	□ No
7.0	Will the project involve the construction and operation of industrial waste treatment facilities?		Yes	🛛 No
8.0	Will the project involve construction of sewage treatment facilities, sanitary sewers, or sewage pumping stations? If "Yes", indicate estimated proposed flow (gal/day). Also, discuss the sanitary sewer pipe sizes and the number of pumping stations/treatment facilities/name of downstream sewage facilities in the <i>Project Description</i> , where applicable.		Yes	⊠ No
	Flow (gal/day)			
9.0	Will the project involve the subdivision of land, or the generation of 800 gpd or more of sewage on an existing parcel of land or the generation of an additional 400 gpd of sewage on an already-developed parcel, or the generation of 800 gpd or more of industrial wastewater that would be discharged to an existing sanitary sewer system?		Yes	🛛 No
	9.0.1 Was Act 537 sewage facilities planning submitted and approved by DEP? If "Yes" attach the approval letter. Approval required prior to 105/NPDES approval.		Yes	🗌 No
10.0	Is this project for the beneficial use of biosolids for land application within Pennsylvania? If "Yes" indicate how much (i.e. gallons or dry tons per year).		Yes	🛛 No
	10.0.1 Gallons Per Year (residential septage)			
	10.0.2 Dry Tons Per Year (biosolids)			

11.0	Does the project involve construction, modification or Yes No removal of a dam? If "Yes", identify the dam.
	11.0.1 Dam Name
12.0	Will the project interfere with the flow from, or otherwise Yes No impact, a dam? If "Yes", identify the dam.
	12.0.1 Dam Name
13.0	Will the project involve operations (excluding during the \boxtimes Yes \square No construction period) that produce air emissions (i.e., NOX, VOC, etc.)?
	13.0.1 If "Yes", is the operation subject to the agricultural exemption ☐ Yes ⊠ No in 35 P.S. § 4004.1?
	13.0.2 If the answer to 13.0.1 is "No", identify each type of emission followed by the estimated amount of that emission.
	Enter all types & amounts of emissions; Please refer to Appendix E for emissions calculations
14.0	Does the project include the construction or modification of a drinking water supply to serve 15 or more connections or 25 or more people, at least 60 days out of the year? If "Yes," check all proposed sub-facilities.
	14.0.1 Number of Persons Served
	14.0.2 Number of Employee/Guests
	14.0.3 Number of Connections
	14.0.4Sub-Fac: Distribution SystemImage: YesImage: No
	14.0.5 Sub-Fac: Water Treatment Plant
	14.0.6 Sub-Fac: Source
	14.0.7 Sub-Fac: Pump Station
	14.0.8 Sub-Fac: Transmission Main
	14.0.9 Sub-Fac: Storage Facility Ves No
15.0	Will your project include infiltration of storm water or waste Yes No water to ground water within one-half mile of a public water supply well, spring or infiltration gallery?
16.0	Is your project to be served by an existing public water ⊠ Yes □ No supply? If "Yes", indicate name of supplier and attach letter from supplier stating that it will serve the project.
	16.0.1 Supplier's Name Wyalusing Municipal Authority
	16.0.2 Letter of Approval from Supplier is Attached 🗌 Yes 🛛 No
17.0	Will this project be served by on-lot drinking water wells?
18.0	Will this project involve a new or increased drinking water withdrawal from a river, stream, spring, lake, well or other water bod(ies)? If "Yes," reference Safe Drinking Water Program.
	18.0.1 Source Name

19.0	Will the construction or operation of this project involveYesNotreatment, storage, reuse, or disposal of waste?If "Yes,"indicate what type (i.e., hazardous, municipal (including infectious & chemotherapeutic), residual) and the amount to be treated, stored, re-used or disposed.No
	19.0.1 Type & Amount
20.0	Will your project involve the removal of coal, minerals, Yes No contaminated media, or solid waste as part of any earth disturbance activities?
21.0	Does your project involve installation of a field constructed Yes No underground storage tank? If "Yes," list each Substance & its Capacity. <u>Note</u> : Applicant may need a Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.
	21.0.1 Enter all substances & capacity of each; separate each set with semicolons.
22.0	Does your project involve installation of an abovegroundImage: YesMostorage tank greater than 21,000 gallons capacity at an existingYesMofacility?If "Yes," list each Substance & its Capacity.Note:Applicant may need a Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.Image: Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.Image: Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.
	22.0.1 Enter all substances & capacity of each; separate each set with semicolons.
23.0	Does your project involve installation of a tank greater thanImage: YesImage: No1,100 gallons which will contain a highly hazardous substance as defined in DEP's Regulated Substances List, 2570-BK-DEP2724?NoIf "Yes," list each Substance & its Capacity.Note: Applicant may need a Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.Note: Note:
	23.0.1 Enter all substances & capacity of each; 19% aqueous ammonia – 22,000 gallon tank separate each set with semicolons.
24.0	Does your project involve installation of a storage tank at a new Yes No facility with a total AST capacity greater than 21,000 gallons? If "Yes", list each Substance & its Capacity. <u>Note:</u> Applicant may need a Storage Tank Site Specific Installation Permit.
	24.0.1 Enter all substances & capacity of each; 19% aqueous ammonia – 22,000 gallon tank separate each set with semicolons.
	NOTE: If the project includes the installation of a regulated storage tank system, including diesel emergency generator systems, the project may require the use of a Department Certified Tank Handler. For a full list of regulated storage tanks and substances, please go to <u>www.dep.pa.gov</u> search term storage tanks
25.0	Will the intended activity involve the use of a radiation Yes No Source?

CERTIFICATION

I certify that I have the authority to submit this application on behalf of the applicant named herein and that the information provided in this application is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and information.

For applicants supplying an EIN number: I am applying for a permit or authorization from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). As part of this application, I will provide DEP with an accurate EIN number for the applicant entity. By filing this application with DEP, I hereby authorize DEP to confirm the accuracy of the EIN number provided with the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue. As applicant, I further consent to the Department of Revenue discussing the same with DEP prior to issuance of the Commonwealth permit or authorization.

Type or Print Name Debra Raggio

DescriptionExecutive VP, Head of Regulatory12/26/2024SignatureTitleDate

APPENDIX B -PROCESS/ADDENDUM/FEES FORMS



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF AIR QUALITY

PROCESSES

Application for Plan Approval to Construct, Modify or Reactivate an Air Contamination Source and/or Install an Air Cleaning Device

This application must be submitted with the General Information Form (GIF).

Before completing this form, read the instructions provided for the form.

Section A - Fac	ility Name, Ch	ecklist And Cer	tification				
Organization Name or Registered Fictitious Na	me/Facility Name:	KDI Wyalusing P	ower LLC				
DEP Client ID# (if known):							
Type of Review required and Fees:							
 Source which is not subject to NSPS, Source requiring approval under NSF Source requiring approval under NSF Source requiring the establishment of Source requiring approval under PSD 	NESHAPs, MAC PS or NESHAPS of regulations: a MACT limitation	Γ, NSR and PSD: r both: n:	\$				
	Applicant's C	hecklist					
Check the following list to r	nake sure that all	the required docu	uments are included.				
☑ General Information Form (GIF)							
🛛 Processes Plan Approval Applica	ation						
Compliance Review Form or pr facilities submitting on a periodic ba	ovide reference c asis:	of most recently su	ubmitted compliance review form for				
Copy and Proof of County and M	unicipal Notificat	ions					
Permit Fees	·						
Addendum A: Source Applicable	Requirements (onl	y applicable to exis	ting Title V facility)				
Certification of Truth, Accu	uracy and Com	pleteness by a	Responsible Official				
I. Debra L. Raggio	. certifv under	penaltv of law in 18	Pa. C. S. A. §4904. and				
35 P.S. §4009(b) (2) that based on informatio		d after reasonable i	nquiry, the statements and information				
in this application are true, accurate and comp	lete.						
(Signature): BRaggio		Date: <u>12/26/2024</u>					
Name (Print): <i>Debra L. Raggio</i>		Title: <u>Executive V</u>	ice President, Head of Regulatory				
OFFICIAL USE ONLY							
Application No	Unit ID		Site ID				
DEP Client ID #:	APS. ID		AUTH. ID				
Date Received	Date Assigned		Reviewed By				
Date of 1 st Technical Deficiency Comments:		Date of 2 nd Techni	cal Deficiency				

Section B - Processes Information									
1. Source Information									
Source Description	(give type, u	se, raw m	naterials	, product	t, etc). Att	ach additio	nal sheets a	s necessary.	
Natural Gas Comb	oustion Turb	ines (8 id	dentical)					
ManufacturerModel No.Number of SourcesGeneral Electric (GE)TM25008									
Source DesignationMaximum CapacityRated CapacityC101-10831 MW31 MW									
Type of Material Pro Natural Gas	ocessed								
Maximum Operatir	ng Schedule)							
Hours/Day 24	D 7	ays/Wee	k		Days/Yea 365	ar		Hours/Year 8,760	
Operational restricti The Facility is pro combined, on a 12	ions existing posing facili -month rolli	or reques ity-wide a ing basis	sted, if a annual s.	ny (e.g., operatio	bottleneck In limit of	ts or volunt 55,370 hou	ary restrictio Irs of opera	ns to limit PTE <i>tion, for all e</i>	E) ight CTs
Per Hour	units)	Per Dav			Per Wee	k		Per Year	
330.8 MMBtu/hr	Ň	I/A			N/A	N.		N/A	
Operating Schedu	le								
Hours/Day	D	ays/Wee	k		Days/Yea	ar		Hours/Year	
24 Soccord variations	(Months)	From	N//A		365	//		8,760	
Z. Fuei	Quanti	tv					% Ash		
Туре	Hourly	y l	Annı	ually	Su	lfur	(Weight)	BTU	l Content
Oil Number <u>N/A</u>	G	PH @ 60°F		X 10³ Gal		% by wt		Lb	Btu/Gal. & s./Gal. @ 60 °F
Oil Number <u>N/A</u>	G	PH @ 60°F		X 10³ Gal		% by wt		Lb	Btu/Gal. & s./Gal. @ 60 °F
Natural Gas	339,014	SCFH	X 1	2,804 0 ⁶ SCF	<0.5	grain/100 SCF	N//	4	1,025 Btu/SCF
Gas (other) <u>N/A</u>		SCFH		X 10 ⁶ SCF	9	grain/100 SCF			Btu/SCF
Coal		TPH		Tons		% by wt			Btu/lb
Other *	N/A Other *								
*Note: Describe an	d furnish info	ormation s	separate	ely for oth	ner fuels in	Addendun	ו B.		
*Maximum hourly natural gas throug MMBtu/hr.	fuel through hput based	nput base on expe	ed on m cted he	aximum at input	hourly he at 99.5%	eat input ra load, 59°F	ating of 330 operating c	.8 MMBtu/hr. onditions of	Annual 312.3

Section B - Processes Information (Continued)										
3. Burner – <i>N/A</i>										
Manufacturer Type and Model No. Number of Burners										
Description:										
Rated Capacity	Rated Capacity Maximum Capacity									
4. Process Storage Vessels										
Name of material stored										
Aqueous ammonia at 19%										
Tank I.D. No.	Manufacturer			Date Insta	lled					
Tank 001	TBD – to be pro	vided upon inal design		TBD						
Maximum Pressure	completion of h	Capacity	(gallons/N	leter ³)						
TBD – to be provided upon completior	n of final design	22,000 g	allons	,						
Type of relief device (pressure set vent/c	conservation vent/	emergency v	ent/open v	ent)						
TBD – to be provided upon completion	n of final design									
Relief valve/vent set pressure (psig)	o of final design	Vapor pr	 press. of liquid at storage temp. (psia/kPa) to be provided upon completion of final design 							
Type of Roof: Describe:	i ol illiai desigli	100 - 10								
TBD – to be provided upon completion	n of final design									
		Number		(C)	0.0					
520.000		other we	of fills per (ek	day (fili/day)	: 3 times per week every					
		Filling Ra	ate (gal./mi	n.):						
		Duration	of fill hr./fil	l):						
B. For Solids – N/A	r Describe	Name of	Material S	tored						
	, Describe	Name of		lored						
Silo/Storage Bin I.D. No.	Manufacturer			Date Insta	lled					
				<u> </u>						
State whether the material will be stored	in loose or bags i	in silos	Capacity	(Tons)						
Turn over per year in tons			Turn over	r per day in	tons					
Describe fugitive dust control system for	loading and hand	lling operatio	ns							
Describe material bandling system										
Describe material handling system										
5. Request for Confidentiality										
Do you request any information on this a	application to be tr	eated as "Co	nfidential"?	· ⊠`	Yes 🗌 No					
If yes, include justification for confidentiality. Place such information on separate pages marked " confidential ".										

Section B - Processes Information (Continued)

6. Miscellaneous Information

Attach flow diagram of process giving all (gaseous, liquid and solid) flow rates. Also, list all raw materials charged to process equipment, and the amounts charged (tons/hour, etc.) at rated capacity (give maximum, minimum and average charges describing fully expected variations in production rates). Indicate (on diagram) all points where contaminants are controlled (location of water sprays, collection hoods, or other pickup points, etc.). Describe collection hoods location, design, airflow and capture efficiency. Describe any restriction requested and how it will be monitored. *Please refer to Application Narrative.*

Describe fully the facilities provided to monitor and to record process operating conditions, which may affect the emission of air contaminants. Show that they are reasonable and adequate.

Fuel flow monitoring, ambient temperature monitoring, ambient relative humidity monitoring, generator output monitoring, diluent (water) flow monitoring (for NOx control), diluent (water) temperature monitoring (for NOx control). Specific equipment used for monitoring is in the design process. Monitoring frequency will be determined by equipment type installed.

Describe each proposed modification to an existing source. *N/A, new facility*

Identify and describe all fugitive emission points, all relief and emergency valves and any by-pass stacks. *N/A*

Describe how emissions will be minimized especially during start up, shut down, process upsets and/or disruptions. Emissions during startup, shutdown and upset conditions are quantified using manufacturer's emissions rates. The duration of each startup is less than 30 minutes. Emissions rates and startup durations are determined based on manufacturer's design and analytics. NOx emissions will be controlled via water injection, SCR and application of good air pollution control practices for each turbine. CO and VOC will be controlled via oxidation catalyst and application of good air pollution control practices for each turbine. PM/PM10/PM2.5 will be controlled via use of pipeline quality natural gas and application of good air pollution control practices. SOx and GHGs are a function of the amount of fuel burned.

Anticipated Milestones:

i.	Expected	commencement of	date of	construction/	reconstruction	n/installation:

- ii. Expected completion date of construction/reconstruction/installation:
- iii. Anticipated date of start-up:

June 2025 December 2025 January 2026

Section C - Air Cleaning Device										
1. Precontrol Emiss	sions*									
		Maximum E	mission Rate		Calculation/					
Pollutant	Specify Units	Pounds/Hour	Hours/Year	Tons/Year	Estimation Method					
PM										
PM ₁₀										
SOx		Please refer to t	the attached							
		Emissions Inver	ntory Tables,							
NOx		Append	ix Ē.							
Others: (e.g. HABs)			1							
Others. (e.g., HAFS)										
* These emissions must schedule for maximus values were determin	st be calculated bas m limits or restricted led. Attach calculati	sed on the requeste d hours of operation ons.	d operating schedule and/or restricted thro	and/or process rate bughput. Describe h	e, e.g., operating now the emission					
2. Gas Cooling – N	/A									
Water quenching	Yes 🗌 No	Water injection rate)	GPM						
Radiation and convection	on cooling	A 1	hir dilution	Yes ☐No FM						
Forced Draft 🛛 Yes	🗌 No	V	Vater cooled duct wor	k 🗌 Yes 🗌	No					
Other										
Inlet Volume	ACFM	(Dutlet Volume	ACFM						
@°F	% Moisture	(②°F	% Moisture						
Describe the system in	detail.									

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)							
3. Settling Chambers – N/A							
Manufacturer V	/olume of gas handled ACF ⊉°F	d M	Gas velocity	as velocity (ft/sec.)			
Length of chamber (ft.) Width of	chamber (ft.)	Height of chamb	oer (ft.)	Number of trays			
Water injection Yes No		Water injection r	ate (GPM)				
Emissions Data		41 - 4					
iniet	Ou	tiet	ĸ	emoval Efficiency (%)			
4. Inertial and Cyclone Collectors -	- <i>N/A</i>						
Manufacturer	Туре		Model N	Model No.			
Pressure drop (in. of water)	Inlet volumeACFM @°F		Outlet vo	olumeACFM @°F			
Number of individual cyclone(s)		Outlet straightening vanes used?					
Length of Cyclone(s) Cylinder (ft.)	Diameter of Cyclone(s) Cylinder (ft.)		Length o	f Cyclone(s) cone (ft.)			
Inlet Diameter (ft.) or duct area (ft. ²) of c	vclone(s)	Outlet Diameter (ft.) or duct area (ft. ²) of cyclone(s)					
If a multi-clone or multi-tube unit is instal	led, will any of the inc	lividual cyclones o	r cyclone tube	es be blanked or blocked off?			
Describe any exhaust gas recirculation loop to be employed.							
Attach particle size efficiency curve							
Emissions Data							
Inlet	Ou	tlet	R	emoval Efficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)									
5. Fabric Collector – N/A									
Equipment Specifications									
Manufacturer			Mod	del No.			Pressurized Suction Des	Design ign	
Number of Compartments		Number of Filters	3 Per	Compartment	ls Ba	aghouse] Yes	Insulated?		
Can each compartment be isolated for repairs and/or filter replacement?									
Are temperature controls provided? (Describe in detail)									
Dew point at maximum moist	ure	°F]	Design inlet volume	e			SCFM	
Type of Fabric									
Material		Felted		🗌 Membra	ane				
Weight	_oz/sq.yd	🗌 Woven		Others:	List:				
Thickness	in	Elted-	Wove	en					
Fabric permeability (clean) @	$\frac{1}{2}$ " water- Δ	Ρ		_CFM/sq.ft.					
Filter dimensions Length		Diame	ter/V	Vidth					
Effective area per filter			ſ	Maximum operating	g temp	erature (°F)		
Effective air to cloth ratio	Minimu	m	Ν	Maximum					
Drawing of Fabric Filter A sketch of the fabric filter and temperature indicator s	showing all should be at	access doors, cat tached.	twalk	s, ladders and exh	aust d	uctwork,	location of	each pressure	
Operation and Cleaning									
Volume of gases handled ACFM @	°F	Pressure drop Describe the	o acro equip	oss collector (in. of pment to be used to	water o moni). tor the p	ressure drop).	
Type of filter cleaning Manual Cleaning Mechanical Shakers Pneumatic Shakers		Bag Collapse	ng Flow		□ F □ C	Reverse /	Air Jets		
Describe the equipment provi	aea if ary oi	i free air is require	a tor	r collector operation	ו				
Cleaning Initiated By Image: Frequency if timer actuated Image: Timer inclusted pressure drop range inclusted inclusted pressure drop range prange press									
Does air cleaning device employ hopper heaters, hopper vibrators or hopper level detectors? If yes, describe.									
Describe the warning/alarm s	Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when the unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data									
Pollutant		Inlet		Outlet		Re	moval Effic	iency (%)	

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)										
6. Wet Collection Equ	6. Wet Collection Equipment – <i>N/A</i>									
Equipment Specification	Equipment Specifications									
Manufacturer	Type Model No.									
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)		Relative Particulate/Gas	s Velocity (ejec	ctor scrubbers only)					
Describe the internal feat limiters, etc.).	tures (e.g., var	iable throat, gas	/liquid diffusion plates,	spray nozzles	s, liquid redistributors, bed					
Describe pH monitoring ar	nd pH adjustme	ent systems, if ap	plicable.							
Describe mist eliminator o	r separator (typ	e, configuration,	backflush capability, freq	luency).						
Attach particulate size effic	ciency curve.									
Operating Parameters										
Inlet volume of gases han	dled	(ACFM)	Outlet volume of ga	ses handled _	(ACFM)					
	@	°F	@	°F	<u>%</u> Moisture					
Liquid flow rates. Desc recirculating solution, mak	ribe equipment eup water, blee	t provided to m ed flow, etc.)	easure liquid flow rates	s to scrubber	(e.g., quenching section,					
Describe scrubber liquid s etc.)	upply system (a	amount of make-	up and recirculating liqui	id, capacity of	recirculating liquid system,					
State pressure drop range (in water) across scrubber (e.g., venturi throat, packed bed, etc.) only. Describe the equipment provide to measure the pressure drop. Do not include duct or de-mister losses.										
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.										
Emissions Data										
Pollutant	I	nlet	Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)					

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)								
7. Electrostatic Precip	oitator – <i>N/A</i>							
Equipment Specification	S				-1			
Manufacturer		Model No.			☐ Wet ☐ Single	e-Stage	☐ Dry ☐ Two-Stage	
Gas distribution grids]Yes 🗌 No		1	Design Inlet Volume (S Maximum operating ter	CFM) nperature (°	'F)		
Total collecting surface are	ea	sq. ft.	Colle	ctor plates size length		ft. x width	ft.	
Number of fields			Num	ber of collector plates/f	ield			
Spacing between collector	plates	inc	ches.					
Maximum gas velocity	f	t./sec.	Minin	num gas treatment time	e:	sec.		
Total discharge electrode Number of discharge elect	length rodes	ft.	Num	ber of collecting electro	ode rappers			
Rapper control	Magnetic	🗌 Pneuma	tic	Other			Describe in detail	
Operating Parameters								
Inlet gas temperature (°F)		_		State pressure dro	p range (ind	ches wate	r gauge) across	
Outlet gas temperature (°	F)			collector only				
				Describe the equip	oment			
Volume of gas handled (A	CFM)	_		Dust resistivity (oh	m-cm). Wil	l resistivity	/ vary?	
Power requirements								
Number and size of Trans	former Rectifier	sets by ele	ctrical	field				
Field No.	No. of S	Sets	E	ach Transformer KVA	KV Ave./	Each R Peak	ectifier Ma DC	
Current Density		Corona B	owor		Corona Pr		ity.	
Micro ampe	res/ft².	Colona Fo	Nei W	/atts/1000 ACFM	Corona FC	Wei Dens Watts	/ft ² .	
Will a flue gas conditioning	y system be em	ployed? If y	/es, d	escribe it.				
Does air cleaning device e	mploy hopper h	neaters, hop	per vi	ibrators or hopper level	detectors?	lf yes, de	scribe.	
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data								
Pollutant	I	nlet		Outlet		Remov	val Efficiency (%)	

	Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)							
8. Adsorption Equipment – <i>N/A</i>								
Equipment Specification	s							
Manufacturer	-	Type Model No.						
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)	Adsorbe	nt charge per adsorber	vessel and number of adsorber ve	essels			
Length of Mass Transfer Z	Cone (MTZ), supp	lied by the manu	facturer based upon la	boratory data.				
Adsorber diameter (ft.) and	d area ft².)		Adsorption bed dep	oth (ft.)				
Adsorbent information								
Adsorbent type and physic	cal properties.							
Working capacity of adsor	bent (%)		Heel percent or u adsorbent after rege	inrecoverable solvent weight % eneration.	in the			
Operating Parameters								
Inlet volume of gases han	dled	(ACFM) @	°F					
Adsorption time per adsor	otion bed		Breakthrough capao Lbs. of solvent / 100	city: 0 lbs. of adsorbent =				
Vapor pressure of solvents	s at the inlet temp	erature	Available steam in p applicable)	pounds to regenerate carbon adso	rber (if			
Percent relative saturation	of each solvent a	at the inlet tempe	rature					
Attach any additional data	including auxiliar	y equipment and	operation details to the	oroughly evaluate the control equip	oment.			
Describe the warning/alarr	Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.							
Emissions Data								
Pollutant	Ini	et	Outlet	Removal Efficiency	v (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)									
9. Absorption Equipment – <i>N/A</i>									
Equipment Specification	S								
Manufacturer		Туре			Model No	0.			
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)		To	wer height (ft.) ar	nd inside d	iameter (ft.)			
Packing type and size (if a	pplicable)		Не	ight of packing (fi	t.) (if applic	cable)			
Number of trays (if applica	ble)		Nu	mber of bubble c	aps (if app	olicable)			
Configuration	t 🗌	Cross flow		Cocurrent flor	w				
Describe pH and/or other	monitoring and	controls.							
Absorbent information									
Absorbent type and conce	ntration.		Re	tention time (sec.	.)				
Attach equilibrium data for	absorption (if a	applicable)							
Attach any additional info recirculating, system capa and recirculation.	ormation regar city, etc.) to the	ding auxiliary equ proughly evaluate t	ipmen ne con	t, absorption so trol equipment. I	lution sup Indicate th	ply system (once through or e flow rates for makeup, bleed			
Operating Parameters									
Volume of gas handled (A	CFM) Inle	et temperature (°F)		Pressure drop Describe the m	o (in. of nonitoring	water) and liquid flow rate. equipment.			
State operating range for p	H and/or abso	rbent concentration	n in sc	ubber liquid.					
Describe the warning/alarr	Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data									
Pollutant		Inlet		Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)			

	Sectio	n C - Air Cleani	ng Device (Conti	nued)					
10. 🛛 Selective Cataly	tic Reduction	(SCR)							
Selective Non-C	atalytic Redu	ction (SNCR)							
Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction (NSCR)									
Equipment Specifications	Equipment Specifications								
Manufacturer	antal	Type	ided upon	Model No.	a provided upon				
SISU Energy & Environm	entai	completion of fin	al design	completion	of final design				
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)		Design operating te	mperature (°F	-)				
177,785			650-850						
Is the system equipped wi details.	th process con	trols for proper mix	ing/control of the red	ucing agent i	n gas stream? If yes, give				
TBD – to be provided up	on completion	of final design							
Attach efficiency and other	pertinent inform	mation (e.g., ammor	nia slip)						
Units will be equipped wi	th NO _X CEMS								
Operating Parameters									
Volume of gases handled	200,000-400,0	<u>00</u> (A	CFM) @ <u>700</u> °F						
Operating temperature rar	ige for the SCF	R/SNCR/NSCR sys	tem (°F) From <u>650</u>	°F	To <u>850</u> °F				
Reducing agent used, if an	у		Oxidation catalyst u	sed, if any					
Aqueous ammonia at 199	6		Refer to Section C	, Item 11					
State expected range of us	age rate and c	oncentration.							
TBD – to be provided upo	on completion	of final design	1						
Service life of catalyst			Ammonia slip (ppm))					
10 years			5						
Describe fully with a ske operation.	tch giving loca	ations of equipmer	nt, controls systems,	important p	arameters and method of				
Refer to attached proces with expected vendor	s flow diagran s.	n. Equipment, mor	itoring, and control	configuratio	ns are in development				
Describe the warning/alarm	n system that p	rotects against oper	ation when unit is not	meeting desi	ign requirements.				
Thermocouple sensors in meters managed by equip	n the exhaust oment sensors	gas path indicate s.	proper temperature i	ranges, amm	onia injection flow				
Emissions Data									
Pollutant	l	nlet	Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)				
NOx		Please	e refer to the atta	ched					
со		Emissi	ons Inventory Ta	ables,					
VOC		—	Appendix E.						

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)								
11. Oxidizer/Afterburners								
Equipment Specifications		•						
Manufacturer BASF or Equal		Туре 🗌] Th	ermal 🛛 Catalytic	Model No. CAMET			
Design Inlet Volume (SCFM)		Combustion chamber vo	n c olun fin:	chamber dimensions (le ne, etc.)	ngth, cross-sectional area, effective			
Describe design features, which will ensure mixing in combustion chamber. TBD upon final design.								
Describe method of preheati applicable). N/A	ng incon	ning gases	(if	Describe heat exchang applicable). N/A	er system used for heat recovery (if			
Catalyst used Stainless Steel Foil Substrate coated with a washcoat impregnated with platinum group metals	Life of c 26,280 3 Years Continu operation	of catalyst 280 Hours Zears Antinuous		pected temperature rise ross catalyst (°F) .2 °F	Dimensions of bed (in inches). Height: <u>282</u> Diameter or Width: <u>138</u> Depth:			
Are temperature sensing device If yes, describe. TBD – to be p	s being p rovided u	rovided to me pon comple	easu <i>tion</i>	ure the temperature rise ac of final design	cross the catalyst? 🛛 Yes 🗌 No			
Describe any temperature sensi or sketch. <i>Refer to attached process flow</i> <i>with expected vendors.</i>	ing and/or w diagrar	recording de n. Equipmer	evice nt, n	es (including specific locati nonitoring, and control c	ion of temperature probe in a drawing onfigurations are in development			
Burner Information – N/A								
Burner Manufacturer		Model No.			Fuel Used			
Number and capacity of burners	3	Rated capa	acity	(each)	Maximum capacity (each)			
Describe the operation of the bu	Irner			Attach dimensioned diag	ram of afterburner			
Operating Parameters								
Inlet flow rate (ACFM) 390,588	@	<u>24</u> °F		Outlet flow rate (ACFM)	<u>390,588 @ 824</u> °F			
State pressure drop range acros water). TBD upon final design	ss catalyti	c bed (in. of		Describe the method add the used catalyst. TBD u	opted for regeneration or disposal of pon final design			
Describe the warning/alarm sys	tem that p	orotects agair	nst c	peration when unit is not r	neeting design requirements.			
Internal Over-Temperature Al	arm / Ove	er-Pressure /	Alar	rm				
Emissions Data					1			
Pollutant		Inlet		Outlet	Removal Efficiency (%)			
Please r	efer to	the attach	ed	Emissions Inventor	y Tables, Appendix E.			
	Γ			Γ	1			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)									
12. Flares – <i>N/A</i>									
Equipment Specification	IS								
Manufacturer		Type 🗌 Ele	vated flare er	🗌 Grou	nd flare Describe	Model No.			
Design Volume (SCFM)		Dimensions of s	stack (ft.)	Height					
Residence time (sec.) and temperature (°F)	l outlet	Turn down ratio			Burner details				
Describe the flare design (flare with a sketch.	Describe the flare design (air/steam-assisted or nonassisted), essential auxiliaries including pilot flame monitor of proposed flare with a sketch.								
Describe the operation of the flare's ignition system.									
Describe the provisions to	introduce auxi	liary fuel to the fla	re.						
Operation Parameters									
Detailed composition of th	ne waste gas	Heat content			Exit velocity				
Maximum and average ga	s flow burned ((ACFM)	Operating	temperature (°F)				
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.									
Emissions Data									
Pollutant		Inlet		Outlet	Removal Ef	ficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)									
13. Other Control Equipment – <i>N/A</i>									
Equipment Specifications									
Manufacturer		Туре		Model No.					
Design Volume (SCFM)			Capacity						
Describe pH monitoring ar	nd pH adjustme	nt, if any.							
Indicate the liquid flow rate	e and describe e	equipment provide	ed to measure pressure o	lrop and flow rate, if any.					
Attach efficiency curve and	d/or other efficie	ency information.							
Attach any additional date	including auxili	ary equipment an	d operation details to tho	roughly evaluate the control equipment.					
Operation Parameters									
Volume of gas handled									
AC	FM @	°F	% N	loisture					
Describe fully giving impor	tant parameters	s and method of o	peration.						
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.									
Emissions Data									
Fonutant	I		Julier						

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)

14. Costs – TBD Costs will be provided upon completion of design

Indicate cost associated with air cleaning device and its operating cost (attach documentation if necessary)

	1	1	1	1
Device	Direct Cost	Indirect Cost	Total Cost	Annual Operating Cost

15. Miscellaneous

Describe in detail the removal, handling and disposal of dust, effluent, etc. from the air cleaning device including proposed methods of controlling fugitive emissions.

TBD – to be provided upon completion of final design

Attach manufacturer's performance guarantees and/or warranties for each of the major components of the control system (or complete system).

See attached initial documentation from SISU, included in Appendix C.

Attach the maintenance schedule for the control equipment and any part of the process equipment that if in disrepair would increase air contaminant emissions.

TBD – to be provided upon completion of final design.

Section D - Additional Information		
Will the construction, modification, etc. of the sources covered by this application increate the facility? If so, describe and quantify.	ase emissions from o	her sources at
N/A		
If this project is subject to any one of the following, attach a demonstration to show co See the attached narrative .	mpliance with applica	ble standards.
a. Prevention of Significant Deterioration permit (PSD), 40 CFR 52?	☐ YES	⊠ NO
b. New Source Review (NSR), 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E?	☐ YES	NO NO
c. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), 40 CFR Part 60? (If Yes, which subpart) <u>Subparts KKKK and IIII</u>	🛛 YES	□ NO
 National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), 40 CFR Part 61? (If Yes, which subpart) 	☐ YES	NO NO
e. Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) 40 CFR Part 63? (If Yes, which part)	🗌 YES	NO NO
Attach a demonstration showing that the emissions from any new sources will be the n of best available technology (BAT).	minimum attainable th	nrough the use
See the attached narrative.		
Provide emission increases and decreases in allowable (or potential) and actual emiss applicable PSD pollutant(s) if the facility is an existing major facility (PSD purposes).	ions within the last fiv	ve (5) years for

Section D - Additional Information (Continued) – N/A

Indicate emission increases and decreases in tons per year (tpy), for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) for NSR applicability since January 1, 1991 or other applicable dates (see other applicable dates in instructions). The emissions increases include all emissions including stack, fugitive, material transfer, other emission generating activities, quantifiable emissions from exempted source(s), etc.

		Indicate Yes		VO	Cs	N	Ox
		or No if		Emission			
		emission		increases	Creditable	Emission	Creditable
		increases and		in	emission	increases	emission
D		decreases		potential	decreases	in	decreases
Permit	Dete	were used		to emit	In actual	potential	In actual
(if applicable)	Date	previously lor	Source L.D. or Name	(toy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)
	155060	neung	Source I. D. of Marine	(ipy)	((py)	(ipy)	((py)

If the source is subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E, New Source Review requirements,

a. Identify Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) for emission offsets or demonstrate ability to obtain suitable ERCs for emission offsets.

b. Provide a demonstration that the lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) control techniques will be employed (if applicable).

c. Provide an analysis of alternate sites, sizes, production processes and environmental control techniques demonstrating that the benefits of the proposed source outweigh the environmental and social costs (if applicable).

Attach calculations and any additional information necessary to thoroughly evaluate compliance with all the applicable requirements of Article III and applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act adopted thereunder The Department may request additional information to evaluate the application such as a standby plan, a plan for air pollution emergencies, air quality modeling, etc.

	Section E - Compliance Demonstration								
Note:	Note: Complete this section if source is not a Title V facility. Title V facilities must complete Addendum A.								
Metho	Method of Compliance Type: Check all that apply and complete all appropriate sections below								
\square	Monitoring	⊠ Testing	⊠ Reporting						
	Recordkeeping	⊠ Work Practice Standard							
Monite	oring:								
a.	a. Monitoring device type (Parameter, CEM, CEMS etc):								
b.	Monitoring device loca	ation: Each stac	k						
C.	Describe all paramete	rs being monitored	along with the frequency and duration of monitoring each parameter:						
	Equipment, monitoring flow, temperatures, an	g, and control config Imonia injection rate	urations are in development with expected vendors (expected exhaust).						
Testin	g:								
a.	a. Reference Test Method: Citation <i>VOC: EPA Reference Method 18, 25 or another Method(s) approved by the Department</i> <i>PM: EPA Reference Methods 5 and 202, or another Method(s) approved by the Department</i> <i>PM10 & PM2.5: EPA Reference Methods 201 or 201A, and 202, or another Method(s) approved by the Department</i>								
b.	 b. Reference Test Method: Description VOC emissions: reported in units of ppmvd (corrected to 15% oxygen on a dry basis), lb/MMBtu, and lb/hr; in terms of methane (CH4) as well as propane (C3H8). PM emissions (filterable and condensable shall be reported separately and together): reported in units of lb/hr and lb/MMBtu. PM10 & PM2.5: reported in units of lb/hr and lb/MMBtu. 								
Recor	dkeeping:								
De	escribe what parameters	will be recorded a	nd the recording frequency:						
Fuel fle monito Specifi equipn The pe	Fuel flow monitoring, ambient temperature monitoring, ambient relative humidity monitoring, generator output monitoring, diluent (water) flow monitoring (for NOx control), diluent (water) temperature monitoring (for NO _x control). Specific equipment used for monitoring is in the design process. Monitoring frequency will be determined by equipment type installed.								
Repor	ting:		• • • • • •						
a.	Describe what is to be	e reported and frequ	iency of reporting:						
	Quarterly CEM data re	porting in accordan	ce with PADEP requirements, annual emissions inventory reports.						

b. Reporting start date: Upon CEMS certification

Work Practice Standard:

Describe each: Equipment will be operated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and good combustion practices to maintain combustion efficiency. Equipment will be maintained at a minimum as recommended by manufacturer's specifications.

Section F - Flue and Air Contaminant Emission										
1. Estimated Atmospheric Emissions*										
Maximum emission rate										
Pollutant	specify un	its	lbs/hr		1	tons/yr.	E	stimation Method		
PM										
PM ₁₀										
SOx		DIC	aso rofo	r to the s	attac	hod	7			
со		Emi	issions li	nventorv	v Tab	oles –				
NOv		-	Арр	pendix É						
VOC										
Others. (e.g., HAPS)			-							
* These emissions must	t be calculated	based on	the reques	sted operation	ing so	chedule and	d/or proces	ss rate e.g., operating		
values were determine	d. Attach calcu	lations.			estrict	teu through	put. Desc			
2. Stack and Exhaus	ster									
Stack Designation/Num	ber S101-108									
List Source(s) or source	ID exhausted t	o this stack	c:	% of flow	w exh	nausted to	stack: 10	00%. one stack per		
C101-C108				turbine				····, · · · · · · · · ·		
Stack height above grad	le (ft.) 80	Sta	ick diamete	er (ft) or Ou	ıtlet dı	uct area (so	ı. ft.)	f. Weather Cap		
Grade elevation (ft.) ~76	50	10						YES NO		
Distance of discharge to	nearest prope	rty line (ft.).	Locate or	n topograph	nic ma	ap.				
200-500 ft										
Does stack height meet	Good Engineeri	ng Practice	e (GEP)?							
No										
If modeling (estimating)	of ambient air N/A	quality imp	acts is nee	eded, attacl	h a si	ite plan with	n buildings	and their dimensions		
	~k**									
Latitude/Longitu	ude		Latitude				Long	itude		
Point of Origi	n	Degrees	Minutes	Second	ds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		
S101		41	39	37.9		-76	13	35.9		
S102		41	39	37.3		-76	13	36.9		
S103		41	39	36.7		-76	13	37.9		
S104		41	39	35.0		-76	13	38.8		
S105		41	39	36.7		-76	13	34.3		
S106		41	39	36.0		-76	13	35.2		
S107		41	39	35.3		-76	13	36.2		
S108		41	39	34.7		-76	13	37.2		
Stack exhaust		Composet				Mai-4	10 0/			
volume <u>390,588</u> AC		emperatur	e <u>ŏ24</u> °F			woistu	e <u>10</u> %			

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Indicate on an attached sheet the location of sampling ports with respect to exhaust fan, breeching, etc. Give all necessary dimensions.

Equipment, monitoring, and control configurations are in development with expected vendors.

Exhauster (attach an curves) N/A III. Of water N/A III O water N/A	Exhauster (attach fan curves)	N/A	in. of water N/A	HP @ N/A	RPM.
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** If the data and collection method codes differ from those provided on the General Information Form-Authorization Application, provide the additional detail required by that form on a separate form.

	S	ection B - Pro	cesses Informat	ion				
1. Source Infor	mation							
Source Description One diesel-fired fi	(give type, use, raw re water pump	materials, product	t, etc). Attach additio	nal sheets as	s necessary.			
ManufacturerModel No.Number of SourcesPeerless Pump, engine mfg TBDPVF1								
Preeness Fump, engine mig FDDPVFSource DesignationMaximum CapacityP201125 hp125 hp125 hp								
Type of Material Pr Ultra-Low Sulfur L	Type of Material Processed Ultra-Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD)							
Maximum Operati	ng Schedule							
Hours/Day 24	Days/We 7	ek	Days/Year 365		Hours/Year 500			
Operational restrict	ions existing or reque	ested, if any (e.g.,	bottlenecks or volunt	ary restriction	ns to limit PTE)			
Capacity (specify	units)		[
Per Hour 0.88 MMBtu/hr	Per Day N/A		Per Week N/A		Per Year <i>N/A</i>			
Operating Schedu	lle							
Hours/Day 24	Days/We 7	ek	Days/Year 365		Hours/Year 500			
Seasonal variations	s (Months) From	N/A	to N/A					
If variations exist, describe them <i>N/A</i>								
2. Fuel	Quantity			% Ach				
Туре	Hourly	Annually	Sulfur	(Weight)	BTU Content			
Oil Number <u>ULSD</u>	<i>TBD</i> GPH @ 60°F	TBD X 10 ³ Gal	<i>0.0015</i> % by wt		140,000 Btu/Gal. & Lbs./Gal. @ 60 °F			
Oil Number	GPH @ 60°F	X 10³ Gal	% by wt		Btu/Gal. & Lbs./Gal. @ 60 °F			
Natural Gas	SCFH	X 10 ⁶ SCF	grain/100 SCF		Btu/SCF			
Gas (other)	SCFH	X 10 ⁶ SCF	grain/100 SCF		Btu/SCF			
Coal	TPH	Tons	% by wt		Btu/lb			
Other *								
*Note: Describe ar	d furnish information	separately for oth	ner fuels in Addendun	n B.	•			

Section B - Processes Information (Continued)								
3. Burner – <i>N/A</i>								
Manufacturer	Type and N	Model No.			Number of Burners			
Description:								
Rated Capacity		Maximum C	apacity					
4. Process Storage Vessels – N/A								
A. For Liquids:								
Name of material stored								
Tank I.D. No.	Manufacturer			Date Insta	lled			
			/ II (N					
Maximum Pressure		Capacity	(gallons/IV	leter ³)				
Type of relief device (pressure set vent/	conservation vent	/emergency v	vent/open v	vent)				
Relief valve/vent set pressure (psig)		Vapor pr	Vapor press. of liquid at storage temp. (psia/kPa)					
Type of Roof: Describe:								
Total Throughput Per Year		Number	of fills per (day (fill/day)				
		Filling Ra	ate (gal./mi	n.):				
		Duration	of fill hr./fil	l):				
B. For Solids	ar Describe	Name of	Material S	tored				
	a, Describe	Name of		lored				
Silo/Storage Bin I.D. No.	Silo/Storage Bin I.D. No. Manufacturer			Date Insta	lled			
State whether the material will be stored	d in loose or bags	in silos	Capacity	(Tons)				
Turn over per vear in tons		Turn over per day in tons						
Describe fugitive dust control system for loading and handling operations								
Describe material handling system								
5. Request for Confidentiality								
Do you request any information on this If yes, include justification for confidentia	Do you request any information on this application to be treated as "Confidential"? Xes No If yes, include justification for confidentiality. Place such information on separate pages marked " confidential ".							

Section B - Processes Information (Continued)

6. Miscellaneous Information

Attach flow diagram of process giving all (gaseous, liquid and solid) flow rates. Also, list all raw materials charged to process equipment, and the amounts charged (tons/hour, etc.) at rated capacity (give maximum, minimum and average charges describing fully expected variations in production rates). Indicate (on diagram) all points where contaminants are controlled (location of water sprays, collection hoods, or other pickup points, etc.). Describe collection hoods location, design, airflow and capture efficiency. Describe any restriction requested and how it will be monitored. *Please refer to Application Narrative.*

Describe fully the facilities provided to monitor and to record process operating conditions, which may affect the emission of air contaminants. Show that they are reasonable and adequate. *Non-Resettable hour meter.*

Describe each proposed modification to an existing source. *N/A, new source*

Identify and describe all fugitive emission points, all relief and emergency valves and any by-pass stacks. *N*/A

Describe how emissions will be minimized especially during start up, shut down, process upsets and/or disruptions. *Emissions during startup/shutdown will be minimized by limiting the time that the unit is in startup or shutdown mode.*

Anticipated Milestones:

- i. Expected commencement date of construction/reconstruction/installation: June 2025
- ii. Expected completion date of construction/reconstruction/installation:
- iii. Anticipated date of start-up:

June 2025 December 2025 January 2026

Section C - Air Cleaning Device – N/A								
1. Precontrol Emiss	sions*							
		Maximum	Emission Rate	1	Calculation/			
Pollutant	Specify Units	Pounds/Hour	Hours/Year	Tons/Year	Estimation Method			
PM								
PM ₁₀								
SOx								
NOx								
Others: (e.g., HAPs)								
* These emissions must be calculated based on the requested operating schedule and/or process rate, e.g., operating schedule for maximum limits or restricted hours of operation and/or restricted throughput. Describe how the emission values were determined. Attach calculations.								
2. Gas Cooling								
Water quenching	Yes 🗌 No	Water injection ra	ate	GPM				
Radiation and convectio	n cooling		Air dilution Yes No					
Forced Draft 🛛 Yes	🗌 No		Water cooled duct wor	k 🗌 Yes 🗌	No			
Other								
Inlet Volume	ACFM		Outlet Volume	ACFM				
@°F	% Moisture		@°F	% Moisture				
Describe the system in detail.								

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A							
3. Settling Chambers							
Manufacturer	/olume of gas handled ACF D°F	d M	Gas velocity (ft/sec.)				
Length of chamber (ft.) Width of	chamber (ft.)	Height of chamb	amber (ft.) Number of trays				
Water injection Yes No		Water injection r	ate (GPM)				
Emissions Data							
Inlet	Ou	tlet	R	emoval Efficiency (%)			
4. Inertial and Cyclone Collectors							
Manufacturer	Туре		Model N	Model No.			
Pressure drop (in. of water)	Inlet volumeACFM @°F		Outlet vo	Outlet volumeACFM @°F			
Number of individual cyclone(s)		Outlet straighten	ing vanes use lo	ed?			
Length of Cyclone(s) Cylinder (ft.)	Diameter of Cyclon	e(s) Cylinder (ft.) Length of Cyclone(s) cone (ft.)		f Cyclone(s) cone (ft.)			
Inlet Diameter (ft.) or duct area (ft. ²) of c	yclone(s)	Outlet Diameter	(ft.) or duct ar	rea (ft.²) of cyclone(s)			
If a multi-clone or multi-tube unit is installed, will any of the individual cyclones or cyclone tubes be blanked or blocked off?							
Describe any exhaust gas recirculation loop to be employed.							
Attach particle size efficiency curve							
Emissions Data							
Inlet	Ou	tlet	R	emoval Efficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A								
5. Fabric Collector								
Equipment Specifications								
Manufacturer		r	Model No.		Pressurized Design Suction Design			
Number of Compartments		Number of Filters	Per Compartment	Is Ba	ighouse Insulated?]Yes			
Can each compartment be isolated for repairs and/or filter replacement?								
Are temperature controls provided? (Describe in detail)								
Dew point at maximum moist	ure	°F	Design inlet volum	e	SCFM			
Type of Fabric								
Material		Felted	🗌 Membr	ane				
Weight	oz/sq.yd	🗌 Woven	Others:	: List:				
Thickness	in	E Felted-W	/oven					
Fabric permeability (clean) @	$\frac{1}{2}$ " water- Δ	Ρ	CFM/sq.ft.					
Filter dimensions Length		Diamete	er/Width	•				
Effective area per filter			Maximum operatin	ig tempe	erature (°F)			
Effective air to cloth ratio	Minimu	m	Maximum					
Drawing of Fabric Filter A sketch of the fabric filter and temperature indicator s	showing all should be at	access doors, catv tached.	valks, ladders and ex	haust du	uctwork, location of each pressure			
Operation and Cleaning								
Volume of gases handled	°F	Pressure drop Describe the e	across collector (in. o quipment to be used t	of water). to monite). tor the pressure drop.			
Type of filter cleaning								
Ype of filter cleaning Manual Cleaning Bag Collapse Reverse Air Jets Mechanical Shakers Reverse Air Cleaning Other:								
Describe the equipment provided if dry oil free air is required for collector operation								
Cleaning Initiated By								
Does air cleaning device employ hopper heaters, hopper vibrators or hopper level detectors? If yes, describe.								
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when the unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data								
Pollutant		Inlet	Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A								
6. Wet Collection Equ	lipment							
Equipment Specification	S							
Manufacturer		Туре		Model No				
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	Design Inlet Volume (SCFM) Relative Particulate/Gas Velocity (ejector scrubbers only)							
Describe the internal feat limiters, etc.).	tures (e.g., var	iable throat, gas,	/liquid diffusion plates,	spray nozz	les, liquid redistributors, bed			
Describe pH monitoring ar	nd pH adjustme	nt systems, if app	licable.					
Describe mist eliminator o	r separator (typ	e, configuration, l	oackflush capability, freq	luency).				
Attach particulate size effic	ciency curve.							
Operating Parameters								
Inlet volume of gases han	dled	(ACFM)	Outlet volume of ga	ses handle	d (ACFM)			
	@	°F	@	°F	% Moisture			
Liquid flow rates. Describe equipment provided to measure liquid flow rates to scrubber (e.g., quenching section, recirculating solution, makeup water, bleed flow, etc.)								
Describe scrubber liquid supply system (amount of make-up and recirculating liquid, capacity of recirculating liquid system, etc.)								
State pressure drop range (in water) across scrubber (e.g., venturi throat, packed bed, etc.) only. Describe the equipment provide to measure the pressure drop. Do not include duct or de-mister losses.								
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data								
Pollutant	I	nlet	Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A							
7. Electrostatic Precip	oitator						
Equipment Specification	S	•					
Manufacturer	Model No.			☐ Wet ☐ Single-Stage	☐ Dry ☐ Two-Stage		
Gas distribution grids	Yes 🗌 No		C N	Design Inlet Volume (Se Aaximum operating ten	ne (SCFM) ng temperature (°F)		
Total collecting surface are	ea	sq. ft.	Collec	ctor plates size length	ft. x wid	th ft.	
Number of fields			Numb	per of collector plates/fi	eld	_	
Spacing between collector	plates	inc	ches.				
Maximum gas velocity	1	t./sec.	Minim	num gas treatment time	e: sec		
Total discharge electrode Number of discharge elect	length rodes	ft.	Numb	per of collecting electro	de rappers		
Rapper control	Magnetic	🗌 Pneuma	tic	Other		_ Describe in detail	
Operating Parameters							
Inlet gas temperature (°F)			State pressure drop	State pressure drop range (inches water gauge) across collector only			
Outlet gas temperature (*	F)			Describe the equip	ment		
Volume of gas handled (A	CFM)	_		Dust resistivity (ohr	n-cm). Will resistiv	ity vary?	
Power requirements							
Number and size of Trans	former Rectifier	sets by ele	ctrical	field			
Field No.	No. of S	Sets	Ea	ach Transformer KVA	Each Rectifier KV Ave./Peak Ma DC		
Current Density		Corona P)wer		Corona Power De	nsity	
Micro ampe	res/ft ² .	Corona i v	W	tts/1000 ACFM Watts/ft ² .			
Will a flue gas conditioning system be employed? If yes, describe it.							
Does air cleaning device employ hopper heaters, hopper vibrators or hopper level detectors? If yes, describe.							
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.							
Emissions Data							
Pollutant	I	nlet		Outlet	Rem	oval Efficiency (%)	

	Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A						
8. Adsorption Equipm	nent						
Equipment Specification	s						
Manufacturer	Ту	pe		Model No.			
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	Design Inlet Volume (SCFM) Adsorbent charge per adsorber vessel and number of adsorber vessel						
Length of Mass Transfer Z	čone (MTZ), supplie	d by the manufa	acturer based upon lal	poratory data.			
Adsorber diameter (ft.) and	d area ft².)		Adsorption bed depth (ft.)				
Adsorbent information			1				
Adsorbent type and physic	al properties.						
Working capacity of adsor	bent (%)		Heel percent or unrecoverable solvent weight % in the adsorbent after regeneration.				
Operating Parameters							
Inlet volume of gases han	dled	(ACFM) @	°F				
Adsorption time per adsor	otion bed		Breakthrough capac Lbs. of solvent / 100	ity: lbs. of adsorbent =			
Vapor pressure of solvents	s at the inlet temper	ature	Available steam in p applicable)	oounds to regenerate carbon adsorber (if			
Percent relative saturation of each solvent at the inlet temperature							
Attach any additional data including auxiliary equipment and operation details to thoroughly evaluate the control equipment.							
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.							
Emissions Data							
Pollutant	Inlet		Outlet	Removal Efficiency (%)			
	Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A						
---	---	---	-----------------	--	--------------------------	---	--
9. Absorption Equipn	nent						
Equipment Specification	S						
Manufacturer		Туре			Model No	D.	
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)	1	То	wer height (ft.) an	ıd inside d	iameter (ft.)	
Packing type and size (if a	pplicable)		He	ight of packing (ft	t.) (if applic	cable)	
Number of trays (if applicable)			Nu	mber of bubble c	aps (if app	olicable)	
Configuration	it 🗌] Cross flow		Cocurrent flov	w		
Describe pH and/or other monitoring and controls.							
Absorbent information							
Absorbent type and conce	ntration.		Re	Retention time (sec.)			
Attach equilibrium data for	absorption (if a	applicable)					
Attach any additional info recirculating, system capa and recirculation.	ormation regar city, etc.) to the	ding auxiliary equ proughly evaluate t	ipmen ne con	t, absorption sol trol equipment. I	lution sup ndicate th	ply system (once through or e flow rates for makeup, bleed	
Operating Parameters							
Volume of gas handled (A	CFM) Inle	t temperature (°F)		Pressure drop (in. of water) and liquid flow rate. Describe the monitoring equipment.			
State operating range for p	oH and/or abso	rbent concentratio	n in sc	ubber liquid.			
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.							
Emissions Data							
Pollutant		nlet		Outlet		Removal Efficiency (%)	

	Section C	: - Air Cleaning	J Device (Continue	ed) – <i>N/A</i>					
10. Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)									
Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction (SNCR)									
Non-Selective (Catalytic Redu	ction (NSCR)							
Equipment Specification	IS	T							
Manufacturer		туре		Model No).				
Design Inlet Volume (SCF	M)		Design operating te	emperature	(°F)				
Is the system equipped with process controls for proper mixing/control of the reducing agent in gas stream? If yes, give details.									
Attach efficiency and other	r pertinent infori	mation (e.g., ammo	onia slip)						
Operating Parameters									
Volume of gases handled		(ACFM) @	°F						
Operating temperature ra	nge for the SCF	R/SNCR/NSCR sy	stem (°F) From		°F To	°F			
Reducing agent used, if ar	лу		Oxidation catalyst u	ised, if any					
State expected range of us	sage rate and c	oncentration.							
Service life of catalyst			Ammonia slip (ppm)						
Describe fully with a sketch giving locations of equipment, controls systems, important parameters and method of operation.									
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.									
Emissions Data									
Pollutant	l	nlet	Outlet		Removal Efficier	ncy (%)			
NOx									
со									
VOC									

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A						
11. Oxidizer/Afterburne	ers					
Equipment Specification	S					
Manufacturer		Туре 🗌] Th	ermal 🗌 Catalytic	Model No.	
Design Inlet Volume (SCFM)		Combustio chamber v	Combustion chamber dimensions (length, cross-sectional area, chamber volume, etc.)			
Describe design features,	which will ensu	re mixing in a	com	bustion chamber.		
Describe method of pre applicable).	eheating incon	ning gases	(if	Describe heat exchang applicable).	er system used for heat recovery (if	
Catalyst used	Life of catalys	st Exac		pected temperature rise ross catalyst (°F)	Dimensions of bed (in inches). Height: Diameter or Width: Depth:	
Are temperature sensing c If yes, describe.	levices being p	rovided to m	eası	ure the temperature rise ad	cross the catalyst?	
Describe any temperature or sketch.	sensing and/or	recording d	evic	es (including specific locat	ion of temperature probe in a drawing	
Burner Information						
Burner Manufacturer		Model No.			Fuel Used	
Number and capacity of b	urners	Rated capa	acity	r (each)	Maximum capacity (each)	
Describe the operation of t	the burner	1		Attach dimensioned diagram of afterburner		
Operating Parameters						
Inlet flow rate (ACFM)	@	°F		Outlet flow rate (ACFM)	°F	
State pressure drop range water).	across catalyti	c bed (in. of		Describe the method adopted for regeneration or disposal of the used catalyst.		
Describe the warning/alarr	n system that p	protects agair	nst c	peration when unit is not i	meeting design requirements.	
Emissions Data						
Pollutant		nlet		Outlet	Removal Efficiency (%)	

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A								
12. Flares								
Equipment Specification	IS							
Manufacturer		Type ☐ Ele ☐ Oth	vated flare er	Grou	nd flare Describe	Model No.		
Design Volume (SCFM)		Dimensions of Diameter	stack (ft.)	Height				
Residence time (sec.) and temperature (°F)	l outlet	Turn down ratio)		Burner details			
Describe the flare design (air/steam-assisted or nonassisted), essential auxiliaries including pilot flame monitor of proposed flare with a sketch.								
Describe the operation of the flare's ignition system.								
Describe the provisions to	introduce auxi	liary fuel to the fla	re.					
Operation Parameters								
Detailed composition of th	ne waste gas	Heat content			Exit velocity			
Maximum and average ga	s flow burned	(ACFM)	Operating temperature (°F)					
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.								
Emissions Data								
Pollutant		Inlet		Outlet	Removal Ef	fficiency (%)		

	Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued) – N/A						
13. Other Control Equi	pment						
Equipment Specification	S	1	1				
Manufacturer		Туре		Model No.			
Design Volume (SCFM)			Capacity				
Describe pH monitoring ar	nd pH adjustme	nt, if any.					
Indicate the liquid flow rate	e and describe e	equipment provide	ed to measure pressure d	rop and flow rate, if any.			
Attach efficiency curve and	d/or other efficie	ency information.					
Attach any additional date	including auxili	ary equipment an	d operation details to thor	oughly evaluate the control equipment.			
Operation Parameters							
Volume of gas handled							
AC	CFM @	°F	% M	oisture			
Describe fully giving impor	tant parameters	s and method of o	peration.				
Describe the warning/alarm system that protects against operation when unit is not meeting design requirements.							
Emissions Data							
Pollutant	I	nlet	Outlet	Removal Efficiency (%)			

Section C - Air Cleaning Device (Continued)

14. Costs – TBD Costs will be provided upon completion of design

Indicate cost associated with air cleaning device and its operating cost (attach documentation if necessary)

Device	Direct Cost	Indirect Cost	Total Cost	Annual Operating Cost		
15. Miscellaneous						
Describe in detail the remova methods of controlling fugitive	al, handling and disp /e emissions.	osal of dust, effluent, o	etc. from the air cleaning	g device including proposed		
N/A						
Attach manufacturer's perfor (or complete system).	rmance guarantees a	nd/or warranties for e	ach of the major compo	nents of the control system		
N/A						
Attach the maintenance schedule for the control equipment and any part of the process equipment that if in disrepair would increase air contaminant emissions						
N/A						

Section D - Additional Information		
Will the construction, modification, etc. of the sources covered by this application increase en the facility? If so, describe and quantify.	nissions from of	ther sources at
Νο		
If this project is subject to any one of the following, attach a demonstration to show complian	ce with applics	ble standards
See the attached narrative.		ible Standards.
a. Prevention of Significant Deterioration permit (PSD), 40 CFR 52?	☐ YES	NO NO
b. New Source Review (NSR), 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E?	☐ YES	⊠ NO
c. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), 40 CFR Part 60? (If Yes, which subpart) <u>Subpart IIII</u>	X YES	□ NO
 National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), 40 CFR Part 61? (If Yes, which subpart) 	☐ YES	NO NO
 Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) 40 CFR Part 63? (If Yes, which part) <u>Subpart ZZZZ (comply with NSPS IIII)</u> 	☐ YES	NO NO
Attach a demonstration showing that the emissions from any new sources will be the minimu of best available technology (BAT).	um attainable th	nrough the use
See the attached narrative.		
Provide emission increases and decreases in allowable (or potential) and actual emissions wapplicable PSD pollutant(s) if the facility is an existing major facility (PSD purposes).	/ithin the last fiv	ve (5) years for

Section D - Additional Information (Continued)

Indicate emission increases and decreases in tons per year (tpy), for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) for NSR applicability since January 1, 1991 or other applicable dates (see other applicable dates in instructions). The emissions increases include all emissions including stack, fugitive, material transfer, other emission generating activities, quantifiable emissions from exempted source(s), etc.

		Indic	ate Yes		VO	Cs	N	Ox
		or	No if		Emission			
		em	ission		increases	Creditable	Emission	Creditable
		increa	ases and		in	emission	increases	emission
		dec	reases		potential	decreases	in	decreases
Permit	_	wer	e used		to emit	in actual	potential	in actual
number	Date	previ	ously for	- · - · ·	<i>(</i> ,)	emissions	to emit	emissions
(if applicable)	issued	ne	etting	Source I. D. or Name	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)
			PI	ease refer to the attac	hed			
			En	nissions Inventory Ta	bles,			
				Appendix E.				

If the source is subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E, New Source Review requirements,

- d. Identify Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) for emission offsets or demonstrate ability to obtain suitable ERCs for emission offsets. See the attached narrative.
- e. Provide a demonstration that the lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) control techniques will be employed (if applicable). See the attached narrative.
- f. Provide an analysis of alternate sites, sizes, production processes and environmental control techniques demonstrating that the benefits of the proposed source outweigh the environmental and social costs (if applicable). See the attached narrative.

Attach calculations and any additional information necessary to thoroughly evaluate compliance with all the applicable requirements of Article III and applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act adopted thereunder The Department may request additional information to evaluate the application such as a standby plan, a plan for air pollution emergencies, air quality modeling, etc. *Please refer to the attached Emissions Inventory Tables in Appendix E.*

Section E - Compliance Demonstration
Note: Complete this section if source is not a Title V facility. Title V facilities must complete Addendum A.
Method of Compliance Type: Check all that apply and complete all appropriate sections below
Monitoring
Recordkeeping Work Practice Standard
Monitoring:
a. Monitoring device type (Parameter, CEM, etc): <i>Hours meter</i>
b. Monitoring device location: <i>Fire pump engine</i>
c. Describe all parameters being monitored along with the frequency and duration of monitoring each parameter:
Equipment, monitoring, and control configurations are in development with expected vendors.
Tasting
a Reference Test Method: Citation N/A
b. Reference Lest Method: Description N/A
Recordkeeping:
Describe what parameters will be recorded and the recording frequency:
Fire pump operational hours will be recorded each month.
Reporting:
a. Describe what is to be reported and frequency of reporting:
Annual hours of operation, actual emissions via annual emissions inventory
b. Demonting start data: TRD
b. Reporting start date: <u>IBD</u>
Work Practice Standard:
combustion practices to maintain combustion efficiency. Equipment will be maintained at a minimum as
recommended by manufacturer's specifications.

Section F - Flue and Air Contaminant Emission									
1. Estimated Atmos	pheric Emissi	ons*							
	Maximum emission rate								
Pollutant	specify ur	nits	lbs/hr		tons/yr.	E	stimation Method		
PM									
PM10									
SOx		Ple	ease refer	to the a	ttached				
СО		Emi	issions In	ventory	Tables –				
NOx			Арр	endix E.					
VOC									
Others: (e.g., HAPs)			-						
* These emissions mus schedule for maximum values were determine	t be calculated i limits or restr d. Attach calcu	l based on icted hours ulations.	the requeste of operation	ed operatin and /or re	ng schedule and stricted through	d/or proces put. Descr	s rate e.g., operating ibe how the emission		
2. Stack and Exhaus	ster								
Stack Designation/Num	ber S201								
List Source(s) or source P201	ID exhausted	to this stacl	<: 9	% of flow e	exhausted to sta	ck: 100%			
Stack height above grad Grade elevation (ft.) ~76	le (ft.) 90 50	Sta 10 .	ick diameter 5	(ft) or Out	let duct area (sq	ι. ft.)	f. Weather Cap ⊠ YES □ NO		
Distance of discharge to	nearest prope	erty line (ft.).	Locate on t	topograph	ic map.				
~450									
Does stack height meet <i>No</i>	Good Enginee	ring Practice	e (GEP)?						
If modeling (estimating) and other obstructions.	of ambient aiı N/A	⁻ quality imp	acts is need	led, attach	a site plan with	n buildings	and their dimensions		
Location of stat	ck** ude		Latitude				tude		
Point of Origi	n	Degrees	Minutes	Second	s Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		
S201		41	39	38.4	-76	13	31.6		
Stack exhaust Volume <u>N/A</u> ACFM		Temperatur	e <u>N/A</u> ∘F		Moistur	re <u>N/A</u> %			
Indicate on an attached necessary dimensions. <i>N/A</i>	d sheet the lo	cation of s	ampling port	s with res	spect to exhaus	st fan, bree	eching, etc. Give all		
Exhauster (attach fan cu	rves) <u>N/A</u> in	water <u>N/A</u>	HP (D) <u>N/A</u>	RPM.				
** If the data and colle Application, provide th	ction method ne additional de	codes differ	from those	provided	on the General arate form.	I Informatic	n Form-Authorization		

Section G - Attachments

Number and list all attachments submitted with this application below:

Appendix A – General Information Form

Appendix B – Process/Addendum/Fees Forms

Appendix C – Compliance Review Form

Appendix D – Municipal Notification Letters

Appendix E – Emissions Calculations



AIR QUALITY FEES FOR NEW PLAN APPROVAL

		Company I	Information			
Federal Tax ID: 33-2410502		Firm Name: <i>KDI Wyalusir</i>	g Power LLC			
Permit #	(If any):		Facility Name: Wyalusing	Energy Center		
Municipa	ality: Wyalusing	Township	County: Bradford County			
Contact	Person Name: D	ebra Raggio	Telephone Number: 703-7	78-0842		
E-mail: c	Iraggio@newfo	rtressenergy.com				
		New Plan Approval (The fol	lowing fees are cumulative	9 .)		
Line #	Check the appropriate boxes below	Type of review requested		Fee 2021 - 2025	Total Fees	
1	Base Fee	Subchar	\$2,500	(a)		
2		New Source Review	New Source Review, Subchapter E			
3		NSPS/NESHAP // A. # of NSPS: B. # of NESHAP/MACT: C. Add lines A and B: D. Maximum applicable standa E. Enter smaller of line C or lin Multiply line E by \$2,500 and e "Total Fees" column.	MACT standard3 ards:3 ne D: enter the amount in the	\$2,500	\$7,500	
4		Case-by-Ca	se MACT	\$9,500		
5		Prevention of Significan requirements. S	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) requirements. Subchapter D			
6		Plantwide Applicability Limit pollutants or PAL for PSD re	Plantwide Applicability Limit (PAL) for NSR regulated pollutants or PAL for PSD regulated pollutants or both			
7		Risk Assessment Analy	sis – Inhalation only	\$10,000		
8		Risk Assessment Anal	ysis – Multi-pathway	\$25,000		
	Add	Lines 1 thru 8 of Total Fees col	umn and write it here.		\$7,500	

(a) In accordance with discussions with Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Air Quality, Northcentral Region, the Base Fee for Subchapter B (Public Submission Fee) has already been submitted under Transaction Reference 270183, Reference # 70287374384, and will be credited to this submission.

APPENDIX C -COMPLIANCE REVIEW FORM





COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF AIR QUALITY

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL ACT COMPLIANCE REVIEW FORM

Fully and accurately provide the following information, as specified. Attach additional sheets as necessary.							
Type of Compliance Review Form Submittal (check all that apply)							
Original Filing Date of Last Compliance Review Form Filing:							
Amended Filing//							
Type of Submittal							
New Plan Approval							
Extension of Plan Approval Change of Ownership Periodic Submission (@ 6 mos)							
Other:							
SECTION A. GENERAL APPLICATION INFORMATION							
Name of Applicant/Permittee/("applicant") (non-corporations-attach documentation of legal name) <i>KDI Wyalusing Power LLC</i>							
Address 44074 Route 6							
Wyalusing, PA 18853							
Telephone 703-778-0842 Taxpayer ID# 33-2410502							
Permit, Plan Approval or Application ID# Not Applicable (N/A)							
Identify the form of management under which the applicant conducts its business (check appropriate box) Individual Syndicate Government Agency Municipality Municipal Authority Joint Venture Proprietorship Fictitious Name Association Public Corporation Partnership Other Type of Business, specify below: Private Corporation Limited Partnership Describe below the type(s) of business activities performed. Natural gas fueled power generation to operate a third party data center.							

SECTION B. GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING "APPLICANT"

If applicant is a corporation or a division or other unit of a corporation, provide the names, principal places of business, state of incorporation, and taxpayer ID numbers of all domestic and foreign parent corporations (including the ultimate parent corporation), and all domestic and foreign subsidiary corporations of the ultimate parent corporated or unincorporated) and privately held corporations. (A diagram of corporate relationships may be provided to illustrate corporate relationships.) Attach additional sheets as necessary.

Unit Name	Principal Places of Business	State of Incorporation	Relationship to Applicant			
New Energy Fortress Energy Inc.	New York	Delaware	83-1482060	Parent corporation		
NFE Sub LLC	New York	Delaware	83-3234314	Parent corporation		
NFE US Holdings LLC	New York	Delaware	86-1391098	Parent corporation		
New Fortress Intermediate LLC	New York	Delaware	83-3254137	Parent corporation		
NFE Atlantic Holdings LLC	New York	Delaware	82-4783444	Parent corporation		
Klondike Digital Infrastructure LLC	New York	Delaware	99-4463244	Sibling corporation		
Klondike Digital Infra Inc.	New York	Delaware	N/A	Sibling corporation		
KDI Wyalusing Holdings LLC	Pennsylvania	Delaware	33-2410502	Self		
Wyalusing Energy Center	Pennsylvania	To Be Determined (TBD)	TBD	Subsidiary corporation		

SECTION C. SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING APPLICANT AND ITS "RELATED PARTIES"

Pennsylvania Facilities. List the name and location (mailing address, municipality, county), telephone number, and relationship to applicant (parent, subsidiary or general partner) of applicant and all Related Parties' places of business, and facilities in Pennsylvania. Attach additional sheets as necessary.

Unit Name	Street Addr	ress	County and Municipality	Telephone No.	Relationship to Applicant						
Klondike Digital Infrastructure LLC	44074 Route 6 Wyalusing, PA 188	53	Bradford County, Wyalusing Township	703-778- 0842	Applicant						
Provide the names and business addresses of all general partners of the applicant and parent and subsidiary corporations, if any.											
Nai	ne		Business	Address							
New Energy Fortres	s Energy Inc.	111 W 19 th Street, 8 th Floor, New York, NY 10011									

2700-PM-AQ0004 Rev. 6/2006

NFE Sub LLC	111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
NFE US Holdings LLC	111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
New Fortress Intermediate LLC	111 W 19 th Street, 8 th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
NFE Atlantic Holdings LLC	111 W 19 th Street, 8 th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
Klondike Digital Infrastructure LLC	111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
Klondike Digital Infra Inc.	111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
KDI Wyalusing Holdings LLC	111 W 19th Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10011								
Wyalusing Energy Center Power Plant	TBD								
List the names and business address of being permitted (i.e. plant manager).	f persons with overall management responsibility for the process								
Name	Business Address								
Debra L. Raggio, Executive Vice President, Head of Regulatory	111 W 19 th St, 10011, Second Floor, New York, NY								
Mike Compton, President	111 W 19th St, 10011, Second Floor, New York, NY								
Lily Hassan, VP of Permitting	111 W 19th St, 10011, Second Floor, New York, NY								
Plan Approvals or Operating Permits. List all plan approvals or operating permits issued by the Department or an approved local air pollution control agency under the APCA to the applicant or related parties that are currently in effect or have been in effect at any time 5 years prior to the date on which this form is notarized. This list shall include the plan approval and operating permit numbers, locations, issuance and expiration dates. Attach additional sheets as necessary.									

Air Contamination Source	Plan Approval/ Operating Permit#	Location	Issuance Date	Expiration Date		
Natural Gas Processing Plant	08-00058A	Wyalusing Township, Bradford County, PA	July 24, 2019	January 23, 2021		

Compliance Background. (Note: Copies of specific documents, if applicable, must be made available to the Department upon its request.) List all documented conduct of violations or enforcement actions identified by the Department pursuant to the APCA, regulations, terms and conditions of an operating permit or plan approval or order by applicant or any related party, using the following format grouped by source and location in reverse chronological order. Attach additional sheets as necessary. See the definition of "documented conduct" for further clarification. Unless specifically directed by the Department, deviations which have been previously reported to the Department in writing, relating to monitoring and reporting, need not be reported.

Date	Location	Plan Approval/ Operating Permit#	Nature of Documented Conduct	Type of Department Action	Status: Litigation Existing/Continuing or Corrected/Date	Dollar Amount Penalty
N/A						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$

List all incidents of deviations of the APCA, regulations, terms and conditions of an operating permit or plan approval or order by applicant or any related party, using the following format grouped by source and location in reverse chronological order. This list must include items both currently known and unknown to the Department. Attach additional sheets as necessary. See the definition of "deviations" for further clarification.

Date	Location	Plan Approval/ Operating Permit#	Nature of Deviation	Incident Status: Litigation Existing/Continuing Or Corrected/Date
N/A				
CONTINUING C	<u>OBLIGATION</u> . Applicant eview Supplemental Fo	is under a continui orm if anv addition	ng obligation to upd al deviations occur	ate this form using the between the date of

VERIFICATION STATEMENT

Subject to the penalties of Title 18 Pa.C.S. Section 4904 and 35 P.S. Section 4009(b)(2), I verify under penalty of law that I am authorized to make this verification on behalf of the Applicant/Permittee. I further verify that the information contained in this Compliance Review Form is true and complete to the best of my belief formed after reasonable inquiry. I further verify that reasonable procedures are in place to ensure that "documented conduct" and "deviations" as defined in 25 Pa Code Section 121.1 are identified and included in the information set forth in this Compliance Review Form.

VD Signature

12/26/2024 Date

Debra Raggio

Name (Print or Type)

Executive Vice President, Head of Regulatory

Title

APPENDIX D -MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION LETTERS



December 20, 2024

Duane Naugle Planning Director Bradford County Planning Office Bradford County Public Safety Center 29 VanKuren Drive Suite 1 Towanda, PA 18848

Re: Notification of Plan Approval Application Wyalusing Energy Center Wyalusing Township, Bradford County, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Naugle:

Pursuant to Title 25, Subpart C, Article III, Section 127.43a of the Pennsylvania Code, KDI Wyalusing Power LLC hereby notifies Wyalusing Township of its intent to submit a Plan Approval Application to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) Northcentral Regional Office for the proposed Wyalusing Energy Center. This application is being submitted for approval to build a power generation facility that will be composed of eight (8) simple-cycle combustion turbines, each equipped with selective catalytic reduction (SCR) and oxidation catalyst emissions control devices. The proposed project will also include installation of a diesel fire pump. Construction is expected to commence in June 2025. KDI Wyalusing Power LLC will provide a copy of the application to you upon its submittal to PADEP.

PADEP will accept comments on the application during a 30-day period which begins upon your receipt of this notification. Any comments concerning the application should be transmitted to PADEP within 30 days of your receipt of this letter, at the following address: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Environmental Protection, Northcentral Regional Office, 208 West 3rd Street, Suite 101, Williamsport, PA 17701.

Should you have any questions about this submittal, please feel free to contact me at 703-778-0841 x123 or <u>draggio@newfortressenergy.com</u>.

Sincerely, KDI Wyalusing Power LLC

Debra Raggio Executive Vice President, Head of Regulatory

cc: Lily Hassan (KDI) Merritt McGlynn (ALL4 LLC) John Slade (ALL4 LLC)

Proof of Delivery

Dear Customer,

This notice serves as proof of delivery for the shipment listed below.

Tracking Number

1Z3225YY0291469021

Weight

1.00 LBS

Service

UPS 2nd Day Air®

Shipped / Billed On

12/20/2024

Delivered On

12/21/2024 1:31 P.M.

Delivered To

TOWANDA, PA, US Received By

INSIDE

Left At

Inside Delivery

Please print for your records as photo and details are only available for a limited time.

Sincerely,

UPS

Tracking results provided by UPS: 12/23/2024 11:21 A.M. EST

about:blank



December 20, 2024

Marvin Meteer Township Supervisor Wyalusing Township 2473 Old Stage Coach Road Wyalusing, PA 18853

Re: Notification of Plan Approval Application Wyalusing Energy Center Wyalusing Township, Bradford County, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Meteer:

Pursuant to Title 25, Subpart C, Article III, Section 127.43a of the Pennsylvania Code, KDI Wyalusing Power LLC hereby notifies Wyalusing Township of its intent to submit a Plan Approval Application to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) Northcentral Regional Office for the proposed Wyalusing Energy Center. This application is being submitted for approval to build a power generation facility that will be composed of eight (8) simple-cycle combustion turbines, each equipped with selective catalytic reduction (SCR) and oxidation catalyst emissions control devices. The proposed project will also include installation of a diesel fire pump. Construction is expected to commence in June 2025. KDI Wyalusing Power LLC will provide a copy of the application to you upon its submittal to PADEP.

PADEP will accept comments on the application during a 30-day period which begins upon your receipt of this notification. Any comments concerning the application should be transmitted to PADEP within 30 days of your receipt of this letter, at the following address: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Environmental Protection, Northcentral Regional Office, 208 West 3rd Street, Suite 101, Williamsport, PA 17701.

Should you have any questions about this submittal, please feel free to contact me at 703-778-0841 x123 or <u>draggio@newfortressenergy.com</u>.

Sincerely, **KDI Wyalusing Power LLC**

Debra Raggio Executive Vice President, Head of Regulatory

cc: Lily Hassan (KDI) Merritt McGlynn (ALL4 LLC) John Slade (ALL4 LLC)

Proof of Delivery

Dear Customer,

This notice serves as proof of delivery for the shipment listed below.

Tracking Number

1Z3225YY0298999115

Weight

1.00 LBS

Service

UPS 2nd Day Air®

Shipped / Billed On

12/20/2024

Delivered On

12/21/2024 5:34 P.M.

Delivered To

WYALUSING, PA, US Left At

Front Door

Please print for your records as photo and details are only available for a limited time.

Sincerely,

UPS

Tracking results provided by UPS: 12/23/2024 11:20 A.M. EST

about:blank

APPENDIX E -EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS

Table E-1	
Performance/Emissions Specifications for Single-Cycle Combustion Turbine ^(a)	
KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA	

											Spec	cifications													
Case Numb	per	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Case Descrip	tion	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,
Case Descrip	cion	100% Load	100% Load	98.4% Load	93.7% Load	99.5% Load	100% Load	100% Load	100% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	50% Load							
	1			i.							Site	Conditions				i.									
Ambient Temperature	°F	-10	0	10	32	59	70	92	105	-10	0	10	32	59	70	92	105	-10	0	10	32	59	70	92	105
Ambient Relative Humidity	%	90%	70%	65%	60%	60%	50%	45%	35%	90%	70%	65%	60%	60%	50%	45%	35%	90%	70%	65%	60%	60%	50%	45%	35%
Con Turking Lond		100.00	100.00	00.40	02.70	00.50	100.00	100.00	100.00	75.00	Pla	nt Status	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Gas Turbines Operating	76	100.00	100.00	98.40	93.70	99.50	100.00	100.00	100.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	/5.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
das furbilles Operating	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- Evel Date	(Natural Cas)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
											ruei Data														
Combustion Turbine Heat Consumption	n MMBtu/hr, HHV	328.60	330.80	329.30	322.30	312.30	294.60	254.00	232.10	257.10	258.60	261.10	266.50	248.30	235.60	206.00	189.90	192.90	194.00	195.70	199.40	187.40	179.10	159.30	148.40
	1		1	1		1	1	1			Pre-Contr	rol Exhaust Gas	1		1	1			1		1				<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>
Ar	%Vol	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.85	0.85	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87
CO ₂	%Vol	3.17	3.21	3.24	3.28	3.35	3.30	3.20	3.14	2.79	2.82	2.87	2.98	3.02	3.00	2.95	2.91	2.47	2.50	2.54	2.65	2.70	2.70	2.67	2.66
H ₂ O	%Vol	9.85	10.03	10.22	10.65	11.49	11.43	11.78	11.84	8.25	8.40	8.66	9.32	10.01	10.14	10.74	10.89	6.99	7.13	7.35	7.95	8.70	8.89	9.64	9.88
N ₂	%Vol	72.82	72.70	72.58	72.28	71.68	71.68	71.33	71.24	73.77	73.68	73.52	73.09	72.58	72.46	71.95	71.81	74.51	74.42	74.28	73.90	73.36	73.20	72.60	72.40
03	%Vol	13.28	13.17	13.08	12.91	12.62	12.72	12.83	12.92	14.29	14.21	14.06	13.72	13.52	13.52	13.50	13.52	15.12	15.04	14.92	14.61	14.37	14.32	14.21	14.19
Molecular Weight	lb/lbmol	28.16	28.14	28.12	28.07	28.00	27.99	27.95	27.93	28.29	28.28	28.26	28.19	28.13	28.11	28.04	28.02	28.40	28.39	28.37	28.32	28.25	28.22	28.13	28.11
Temperature	°F	816.80	829.80	845.40	877.00	921.90	926.60	948.60	963.20	749.10	761.60	781.50	827.80	874.60	890.80	923.00	942.90	713.30	725.50	744.90	790.30	842.80	863.10	903.00	927.80
Mass Flow	lb/hr	758,880.00	754,920.00	743,760.00	715,680.00	679,680.00	651,600.00	578,880.00	538,560.00	672,840.00	669,240.00	663,120.00	649,440.00	597,240.00	569,160.00	506,520.00	471,960.00	560,520.00	557,280.00	551,880.00	539,640.00	496,800.00	474,120.00	424,800.00	397,440.00
Standard Volume Flow	Standard ft ³ /min (SCFM)	173,109.81	172,321.55	169,864.68	163,727.56	155,929.44	149,491.72	133,035.27	123,822.30	152,734.42	151,974.16	150,712.29	147,948.68	136,371.43	130,047.60	116,012.32	108,187.05	126,748.62	126,071.01	124,939.17	122,397.71	112,964.26	107,908.82	96,977.17	90,807.35
Dry Standard Volume Flow	DSCFM	156,058.50	155,037.70	152,504.51	146,290.58	138,013.15	132,404.81	117,363.71	109,161.74	140,133.83	139,208.33	137,660.61	134,159.86	122,720.65	116,860.78	103,552.60	96,405.48	117,888.89	117,082.15	115,756.14	112,667.09	103,136.37	98,315.72	87,628.57	81,835.59
Dry Standard Volume Flow	DSCFM @ 15% O2	201,553.52	203,125.67	202,133.09	198,112.15	193,686.25	183,571.42	160,529.69	147,645.88	156,997.39	157,848.09	159,592.97	163,265.73	153,504.82	146,175.01	129,879.53	120,588.55	115,491.15	116,288.37	117,325.72	120,114.57	114,149.23	109,647.03	99,361.88	93,070.64
	···										Pre-Control Ex	haust Gas Emission	s												
NO _x	ppmvd @ 15% O2	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
NO _x	lb/hr	29.21	29.46	29.29	28.63	27.81	26.27	22.64	20.68	22.64	22.75	23.00	23.49	21.88	20.76	18.15	16.75	16.61	16.72	16.85	17.19	16.15	15.46	13.76	12.80
со	ppmvd @ 15% O2	100.10	96.60	91.30	82.70	60.60	49.60	29.90	25.10	101.30	97.20	90.60	72.30	50.90	44.90	32.50	31.10	158.40	155.20	145.90	113.20	85.90	82.20	74.10	80.90
со	lb/hr	71.21	69.30	65.14	57.67	41.05	31.73	16.48	12.64	55.86	53.86	50.75	41.35	27.12	22.70	14.36	12.69	64.07	63.18	59.86	47.39	33.78	30.95	24.82	25.21
VOC	ppmvd @ 15% O2 as CH4	12.00	11.60	11.00	9.90	7.30	5.50	2.50	2.00	12.20	11.70	10.90	8.70	5.70	4.80	2.90	2.70	19.00	18.60	17.50	13.60	10.30	9.90	8.90	9.70
VOC	ppmvd @ 15% O ₂ as C ₂ H _e	4.00	3.87	3.67	3.30	2.43	1.83	0.83	0.67	4.07	3.90	3.63	2.90	1.90	1.60	0.97	0.90	6.33	6.20	5.83	4.53	3.43	3.30	2.97	3.23
VOC	lb/hr as methane	4.89	4.77	4.49	3.95	2.83	2.02	0.79	0.58	3.85	3.71	3.50	2.85	1.74	1.39	0.73	0.63	4.40	4.34	4.11	3.26	2.32	2.13	1.71	1.73
VOC	lb/hr as propane	4.48	4.37	4.12	3.62	2.60	1.85	0.72	0.53	3.53	3.40	3.21	2.61	1.59	1.27	0.67	0.58	4.04	3.98	3.77	2.99	2.13	1.96	1.57	1.59
											Catalyst In	nlet Exhaust Gas													
Tempering Air Flow	Actual ft ³ /min (ACFM)	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	11,750.00	22,000.00	22,750.00	26,250.00	28,500.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	9,750.00	12,750.00	18,000.00	21,000.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	4,750.00	6,250.00	12,000.00	15,250.00
Tempering Air Flow	lb/hr	24,529.44	23,991.31	23,473.16	55,384.33	97,905.64	98,852.58	108,498.37	114,120.53	24,529.44	23,991.31	23,473.16	22,389.41	43,390.00	55,400.89	74,398.88	84,088.81	24,529.44	23,991.31	23,473.16	22,389.41	21,138.72	27,157.30	49,599.26	61,064.50
Ar	%Vol	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.85	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87
CO ₂	%Vol	3.07	3.11	3.14	3.05	2.94	2.88	2.71	2.60	2.70	2.73	2.78	2.88	2.82	2.74	2.58	2.48	2.37	2.40	2.44	2.55	2.59	2.56	2.40	2.31
H ₂ O	%Vol	9.55	9.73	9.92	9.95	10.28	10.27	10.71	11.01	7.97	8.12	8.38	9.04	9.46	9.47	10.00	10.32	6.71	6.85	7.06	7.66	8.42	8.55	9.15	9.51
N ₂	%Vol	72.98	72.86	72.74	72.65	72.31	72.26	71.79	71.47	73.92	73.83	73.67	73.24	72.86	72.78	72.24	71.92	74.65	74.56	74.43	74.04	73.50	73.36	72.77	72.42
0 ₂	%Vol	13.51	13.40	13.31	13.46	13.60	13.71	13.93	14.06	14.52	14.44	14.29	13.95	13.99	14.12	14.31	14.41	15.36	15.28	15.16	14.85	14.62	14.65	14.80	14.89
Molecular Weight at Inlet	lb/lbmol	28.18	28.16	28.15	28.13	28.09	28.08	28.02	27.98	28.32	28.30	28.28	28.22	28.17	28.16	28.09	28.04	28.42	28.41	28.39	28.34	28.27	28.24	28.16	28.12
Temperature at Inlet	°F	793.75	807.10	822.76	822.60	823.58	823.99	824.11	823.45	724.81	737.67	757.64	803.98	824.58	824.46	824.78	824.38	685.43	698.04	717.50	762.70	813.68	823.78	824.33	824.96
Mass Flow at Inlet	lb/hr	783,409.44	778,911.31	767,233.16	771,064.33	777,585.64	750,452.58	687,378.37	652,680.53	697,369.44	693,231.31	686,593.16	671,829.41	640,630.00	624,560.89	580,918.88	556,048.81	585,049.44	581,271.31	575,353.16	562,029.41	517,938.72	501,277.30	474,399.26	458,504.50
Standard Volume Flow at Inlet	Standard ft ³ /min (SCFM)	178,552.10	177,645.53	175,075.38	176,040.84	177,784.80	171,623.13	157,553.97	149,830.30	158,176.71	157,298.13	155,922.99	152,926.39	146,057.33	142,450.93	132,825.15	127,350.84	132,190.91	131,394.99	130,149.87	127,375.42	117,683.03	113,988.88	108,185.72	104,723.92
Dry Standard Volume Flow at Inlet	DSCFM	161,496.67	160,354.79	157,703.95	158,527.71	159,499.85	153,993.06	140,684.28	133,331.25	145,572.00	144,525.41	142,860.05	139,106.79	132,243.16	128,959.68	119,543.83	114,214.59	123,327.06	122,399.23	120,955.58	117,614.01	107,775.53	104,246.55	98,289.39	94,768.39
Dry Standard Volume Flow at Inlet	DSCFM @ 15% O2	202,192.42	203,778.20	202,800.92	199,820.39	197,336.85	187,537.95	166,100.94	154,652.26	157,451.08	158,312.88	160,083.53	163,837.99	154,899.72	148,150.09	133,459.15	125,539.80	115,816.73	116,625.77	117,684.94	120,551.75	114,724.28	110,499.19	101,586.97	96,514.32

Table E-1	
Performance/Emissions Specifications for Single-Cycle Combustion Turbine ^(a)	
KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA	

											Spe	cifications													
Case Numi	ber	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Case Descrin	ation	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,	-10°F,	0°F,	10°F,	32°F,	59°F,	70°F,	92°F,	105°F,
Case Descrip		100% Load	100% Load	98.4% Load	93.7% Load	99.5% Load	100% Load	100% Load	100% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	75% Load	50% Load							
											Post-Control Exit	Exhaust Gas Emissi	ons												
NO _X	ppmvd @ 15% O ₂	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
NO _x	lb/hr	2.82	2.85	2.83	2.64	2.40	2.26	1.89	1.69	2.18	2.19	2.22	2.26	2.03	1.88	1.57	1.41	1.59	1.60	1.61	1.65	1.54	1.46	1.23	1.10
NO _x	lb/MMBtu	8.59E-03	8.61E-03	8.60E-03	8.19E-03	7.70E-03	7.66E-03	7.42E-03	7.28E-03	8.47E-03	8.47E-03	8.49E-03	8.50E-03	8.17E-03	7.98E-03	7.62E-03	7.44E-03	8.23E-03	8.24E-03	8.23E-03	8.25E-03	8.24E-03	8.14E-03	7.69E-03	7.44E-03
со	ppmvd @ 15% O2	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
CO	lb/hr	3.44	3.47	3.45	3.22	2.93	2.75	2.30	2.06	2.65	2.67	2.70	2.76	2.47	2.29	1.91	1.72	1.93	1.95	1.96	2.00	1.88	1.77	1.49	1.34
со	lb/MMBtu	0.01	0.01	0.01	9.98E-03	9.37E-03	9.32E-03	9.04E-03	8.87E-03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	9.95E-03	9.71E-03	9.28E-03	9.05E-03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	9.91E-03	9.36E-03	9.05E-03
VOC	ppmvd @ 15% O2 as CH4	5.70	5.40	4.90	4.10	3.70	2.80	1.20	1.00	6.60	6.20	5.70	4.40	2.80	2.30	1.40	1.30	10.30	10.00	9.30	7.00	4.90	4.60	4.10	4.50
VOC	ppmvd @ 15% O ₂ as C ₃ H ₈	1.90	1.80	1.63	1.37	1.23	0.93	0.40	0.33	2.20	2.07	1.90	1.47	0.93	0.77	0.47	0.43	3.43	3.33	3.10	2.33	1.63	1.53	1.37	1.50
VOC	lb/hr as methane	2.32	2.22	2.00	1.64	1.43	1.02	0.38	0.29	2.08	1.97	1.83	1.44	0.85	0.67	0.35	0.30	2.39	2.33	2.18	1.68	1.10	0.99	0.79	0.80
VOC	lb/hr as propane	2.13	2.03	1.83	1.50	1.31	0.94	0.35	0.26	1.91	1.80	1.68	1.32	0.78	0.61	0.32	0.28	2.19	2.14	2.00	1.54	1.01	0.91	0.72	0.74
VOC	lb/MMBtu as propane	6.48E-03	6.15E-03	5.57E-03	4.65E-03	4.21E-03	3.19E-03	1.37E-03	1.14E-03	7.43E-03	6.97E-03	6.42E-03	4.96E-03	3.15E-03	2.59E-03	1.57E-03	1.46E-03	0.01	0.01	0.01	7.71E-03	5.40E-03	5.07E-03	4.52E-03	4.95E-03
NH ₃ Slip	ppmvd @ 15% O ₂	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
NH ₃ Slip	lb/hr	2.16	2.18	2.17	2.12	2.06	1.94	1.67	1.53	1.68	1.68	1.70	1.74	1.62	1.54	1.34	1.24	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.27	1.20	1.14	1.02	0.95
CO ₂	lb/hr	38,438.34	38,695.69	38,520.22	37,701.39	36,531.63	34,461.15	29,711.92	27,150.15	30,074.55	30,250.01	30,542.45	31,174.12	29,045.16	27,559.56	24,097.07	22,213.76	22,564.69	22,693.36	22,892.22	23,325.03	21,921.32	20,950.42	18,634.29	17,359.25
CO ₂	lb/MMBtu	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98	116.98
SO _x	lb/hr as SO ₂	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.41	0.35	0.32	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.35	0.33	0.29	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.21
SO ₂ ^(c)	lb/MMBtu	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03	1.39E-03
PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	lb/hr	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	lb/MMBtu	9.13E-03	9.07E-03	9.11E-03	9.31E-03	9.61E-03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
PM filterable	lb/hr	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
PM filterable	lb/MMBtu	9.13E-03	9.07E-03	9.11E-03	9.31E-03	9.61E-03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Sulfuric Acid Mist ^(d)	lb/hr	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03
Sulfuric Acid Mist ^(d)	lb/MMBtu	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04	2.13E-04
Formaldehyde ^(e)	lb/hr	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
Formaldehyde ^(e)	lb/MMBtu	2.62E-04	2.62E-04	2.62E-04	2.64E-04	2.69E-04	2.71E-04	2.78E-04	2.84E-04	2.61E-04	2.60E-04	2.61E-04	2.62E-04	2.65E-04	2.68E-04	2.76E-04	2.81E-04	2.55E-04	2.56E-04	2.56E-04	2.57E-04	2.60E-04	2.63E-04	2.71E-04	2.77E-04
CO ₂ ^(b)	lb/MWh gross	1,239.93	1,242.76	1,249.14	1,265.23	1,281.68	1,294.89	1,350.94	1,395.10	1,293.51	1,295.35	1,299.16	1,307.61	1,351.65	1,380.75	1,460.86	1,521.92	1,455.77	1,457.65	1,460.63	1,467.56	1,530.20	1,574.44	1,694.52	1,783.99
CH ₄ ^(b)	lb/hr	0.72	0.73	0.73	0.71	0.69	0.65	0.56	0.51	0.57	0.57	0.58	0.59	0.55	0.52	0.45	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.41	0.39	0.35	0.33
N ₂ O ^(b)	lb/hr	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
GHG/CO ₂ e ^(b)	lb/hr	38.477.82	38,735,43	38.559.79	37,740,11	36,569,15	34,496,55	29,742,44	27.178.03	30.105.44	30.281.08	30,573,82	31,206,14	29.074.99	27.587.87	24.121.82	22.236.57	22.587.86	22.716.67	22,915,73	23.348.99	21.943.83	20.971.93	18.653.43	17.377.08
GHG/CO2e ^(b)	lb/MMBtu	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10	117.10
			1	1	1		1	1	1 1	1	Heat and Mas	s Balance Summary	1	1		1					1				·
Plant Gross Output	kW	31,000.50	31,137.00	30,837.30	29,798.10	28,502.90	26,613.20	21,993.50	19,461.10	23,250.40	23,352.70	23,509.30	23,840.60	21,488.70	19,959.90	16,495.10	14,595.90	15,500.20	15,568.50	15,672.80	15,893.70	14,325.80	13,306.60	10,996.80	9,730.60
Generator Output, Gross	MW	31.00	31.14	30.84	29.80	28.50	26.61	21.99	19.46	23.25	23.35	23.51	23.84	21.49	19.96	16.50	14.60	15.50	15.57	15.67	15.89	14.33	13.31	11.00	9.73
(a) As supplied by Sisu Energy & Environmental in	file "C24-127 TM2500 SAC Emissions D	Design REV2 non-calc.xls	ix" provided 12/19/2024	ι.																					-

(b) CO₂ and CO₂ e emissions factors obtained from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Tables C-1 and C-2. Global warming potentials obtained from Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1.

40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1									
Pollutant	Global Warming Potential								
CO ₂	1								
CH ₄	28								
N ₂ O	265								

40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, Tables C-1 and C-2												
Pollutant Value Unit Fuel Referen												
60	F3.06	ka/MAMPau	NC	40 CFR Part 98,								
002	55.00	kg/iviivibtu	NG	Subpart C, Table C-1								
CH	CI 4 005 03		NC	40 CFR Part 98,								
CH4	1.002-05	kg/iviivibtu	NG	Subpart C, Table C-2								
	1.005.04	1 (h 4h 4Dh		40 CFR Part 98,								
N ₂ O	1.00E-04	kg/iviiviBtu	NG	Subpart C. Table C-2								

^(c) Sulfur emissions factors calculated based on natural gas specifications as provided in Roberts Corrosion Services Natural Gas Analysis Report (attached) dated 01/08/2024.

^(d) H₂SO₄ emissions factors conservatively calculated based on 10% molar conversion of SO₂ to SO₃ and 100% conversion of SO₃ to H₂SO₄.

⁽ⁿ⁾ Although the facility is not a major source HAP, formaldehyde emissions conservatively calculated based on 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY using 91 parts per billion emissions standard.

Table E-2

Natural Gas Specifications

KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

Natural Gas Fuel Parameter	Value	Units
High Heating Value @ 60°F ^(a)	1,025	Btu/SCF
Sulfur Content ^(a)	0.003	ppm
Sulfur Content ^(b)	0.5	grains/100 scf
SO ₂ emissions factor from gas combustion	0.0014	lb/MMBtu

^(a) Natural gas specifications as provided in Roberts Corrosion Services Natural Gas Analysis Report (attached) dated 01/08/2024.

^(b) As defined in 40 CFR §72.2 for "pipeline quality natural gas".

Table E-3

Maximum Hourly Heat Input and Post-Control Emissions During Steady-State Operations

Gross Maximum Electrical Capacity ^(a)	31.1	MW total						
Maximum CT Heat Input (Natural Gas) ^(a)	330.80	MMBtu/hr						
Maximum Short Term Emissions Rates Per CT ^(b)								
	Post-	Control Emissions	Rate					
Pollutant	(ppmvd @ 15% O ₂)	(lb/hr)	(lb/MMBtu) ^(c)					
NO _x	2.5	2.85	8.61E-03					
СО	5.0	3.47	0.01					
VOC as propane	3.4	2.19	0.01					
NH ₃ Slip	5.0	2.18	6.59E-03					
CO ₂ e		38,735.43	117.10					
SO ₂		0.46	1.39E-03					
PM		3.00	0.02					
PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5}		3.00	0.02					
Formaldehyde		0.09	2.62E-04					
H ₂ SO ₄		0.07	2.13E-04					

KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

^(a) For compliance purposes, KDI has provided a worst-case short-term emissions rate, per CT, based on the maximum emissions rate across all operating loads and ambient conditions.

^(b) No emissions of fluoride (F), hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), total reduced sulfur (TRS), or lead (Pb) are expected to occur.

^(c) Lb/MMBtu emissions rates based on higher heating value (HHV) fuel basis.

Table E-4 Combustion Turbine Startup Emissions KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

CT Startup Emissions Rates Per CT										
Event	Maximum Duration	NO _x	со	VOC as Propane	PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	NO _x	со	VOC as Propane	PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	
Lvent	(min)		(lb/hr)				(lb/event)			
Startup Phase 1 ^(a)	10	16.20	97.20	3.30	3.00	2.70	16.20	0.55	0.50	
Startup Phase 2 ^(b)	20	8.88	17.87	1.57	3.00	2.96	5.96	0.52	1.00	
Total Startup	30	25.08	115.07	4.87	6.00	5.66	22.16	1.07	1.50	

^(a) Startup Phase 1 includes the duration of time from the turbine being turned on, to achieving NO_X emissions of 25 parts per million (ppm) with water injection.

(b) Startup Phase 2 includes the duration of time after Phase 1 for the turbine's flow to reach the temperature required for the optimum control guaranteed by the selective catalytic reduction and oxidation catalyst control technology. It is assumed that the average control efficiency during Phase 2 of NO_x, CO, and VOC is equal to half of the following guaranteed reductions during steady state operation at 59 °F and 50% load:

Pollutant	Phase 2 Control Efficiency
NO _x	45%
СО	47%
VOC	26%

Table E-5Combustion Turbine Annual Potential Emissions (a)(b)KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

Pollutant	PTE
Politiant	(tpy)
NO _X	67.58
СО	85.08
VOC	36.58
PM	83.33
PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	83.33
CO ₂ e	1,012,416.96
SO ₂	12.05
H ₂ SO ₄	1.85

^(a) Annual potential emissions for the CTs are based on 365 startup events per year and the hourly emissions factors for each pollutant under the parameters below, based on CT reliability data supplied by KDI and GE in file "TM2500 at Wyalusing 12112024.xlsx."

Number of CTs Operating Simultaneously	Operating Time (hr/yr)
6	6,000
7	2,710
8	50
Cumulative Total	55,370

^(b) Operating conditions of 59°F at 99.5% load were assumed to be representative of average annual climate conditions based on average temperature data for Binghamton, NY, which is 46°F, obtained from the Cornell Northeast Regional Climate Center:

https://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/wxstation/comparative/comparative.html#.

Table E-6

Fire Water Pump Engine Emissions ^(a) KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

Bollutant Emissions Emission		Emissions	Emissions Faster Source	P	TE
Pollutant	Factor	Factor Units	Emissions Factor Source	(lb/hr)	(tpy)
NO _x	2.85	g/bhp-hr	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Table 4 ^(c)	0.79	0.20
СО	3.70	g/bhp-hr	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Table 4	1.02	0.25
VOC	0.15	g/bhp-hr	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Table 4 ^(c)	0.04	0.01
PM	0.22	g/bhp-hr	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Table 4 ^(d)	0.06	0.02
PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	0.24	g/bhp-hr	(d)	0.07	0.02
SO ₂	5.50E-03	g/bhp-hr	AP-42 Table 3.4-1 ^(e)	1.52E-03	3.79E-04
H ₂ SO ₄	8.43E-04	g/bhp-hr	(f)	2.32E-04	5.81E-05
CO ₂	73.96	kg/MMBtu	(g)	142.67	35.67
CH ₄	3.00E-03	kg/MMBtu	(g)	5.79E-03	1.45E-03
N ₂ O	6.00E-04	kg/MMBtu	(g)	1.16E-03	2.89E-04
CO ₂ e	-	-	(g)	143.14	35.79
Pb	9.00E-06	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-10	7.88E-06	1.97E-06

^(a) Pump engine PTE calculated using the following parameters:

Parameter	Value
Fuel	Ultra Low Sulfur
	Diesel
Number of units	1
BHP	125
Conversion (Btu/hp-hr)	7,000
MMBtu/hr ^(b)	0.88
Diesel sulfur content, wt. %	0.0015
Max. hrs/yr	500

^(b) Calculated from pump engine horsepower and Btu/hp-hr conversion factor found in AP-42 Chapter 3.3.

^(c) Published emissions factor is for NO_X+NMHC. Assumed that NO_X emissions are 95% of this factor and VOC emissions are 5% based on "CARB Emission Factor for CI Diesel Engines - Percent HC in Relation to NMHC + NO_X" policy.

^(d) It is assumed that $PM_{10} = PM_{2.5}$. PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ emissions factors account for both the filterable and condensable portions of PM. The filterable portion of PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ is based on 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII Table 4. The condensable portion of PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ was obtained from AP-42 Chapter 3.4 Table 3.4-2 (10/96).

^(e) AP-42 Chapter 3.4 (Large Stationary Diesel and ALL Stationary Duel-fuel Engines) utilized in lieu of AP-42 Chapter 3.3 (Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines) since AP-42 Chapter 3.3 SO₂ emissions factor utilizes higher sulfur content than proposed for the Fire Water Pump Engine.

 $^{(f)}$ H₂SO₄ emissions factor conservatively based on 10% conversion of SO₂ to SO₃ and 100% conversion of SO₃ to H₂SO₄.

^(g) The CO₂ emissions factor is obtained from Table C-1 to 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C, while CH₄ and N₂O emissions factors are obtained using Table C-2 to 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C. CO₂e is carbon dioxide equivalent, calculated according to 40 CFR Part 98 Equation A-1:

$$CO_2 e = \sum_{i=1}^n GHG_i \times GWP_i$$

Pollutant	GWP (100 year)
CO ₂	1
CH ₄	28
N ₂ O	265

GHG_i = Mass emissions of each greenhouse gas GWP_i = Global warming potential for each n = Number of greenhouse gases emitted.

Table E-7
HAP Potential Emissions
KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

	Em	Combustion Turbines ^(a)	Fire Water Pump			
		Cumulativ	e Operating Time, hr/yr	55,370	500	
			Fuel Type	Natural Gas	ULSD	
		Heat Input, Ma	ax. MMBtu/hr each unit	312.30	0.88	
Emissions Factor Reference (unless otherwise noted)		Emissions Factors for Natural Gas-Fired TurbinesEmissions Factors for Small Diesel EnginesAP-42 Ch 3.1 			Annual Emissions	
				CTs	Fire Water Pump Engine	Combined Annual Emissions
НАР	CAS Number	(lb/MMBtu)	(lb/MMBtu)		(tpy)	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	4.30E-07	3.91E-05	3.72E-03	8.55E-06	3.73E-03
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	-	1.42E-06	-	3.11E-07	3.11E-07
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	-	5.06E-06	-	1.11E-06	1.11E-06
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	4.00E-05	7.67E-04	0.35	1.68E-04	0.35
Anthracene	120-12-7	-	1.87E-06	-	4.09E-07	4.09E-07
Acrolein	107-02-8	6.40E-06	9.25E-05	0.06	2.02E-05	0.06
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	-	1.68E-06	-	3.68E-07	3.68E-07
Benzene	71-43-2	1.20E-05	9.33E-04	0.10	2.04E-04	0.10
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	-	1.88E-07	-	4.11E-08	4.11E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	- 9.91E-08		-	2.17E-08	2.17E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	- 4.89E-07		-	1.07E-07	1.07E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	- 1.55E-07		-	3.39E-08	3.39E-08
Chrysene	218-01-9	-	3.53E-07	-	7.72E-08	7.72E-08
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	-	5.83E-07	-	1.28E-07	1.28E-07
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3.20E-05	-	0.28	-	0.28
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	-	7.61E-06	-	1.66E-06	1.66E-06
Fluorene	86-73-7	-	2.92E-05	-	6.39E-06	6.39E-06
Formaldehyde ^(b)	50-00-0	2.69E-04	1.18E-03	2.32	2.58E-04	2.32
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	-	3.75E-07	-	8.20E-08	8.20E-08
Lead ^(c)	7439-92-1	-	9.00E-06	-	1.97E-06	1.97E-06
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1.30E-06	8.48E-05	0.01	1.86E-05	0.01
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	-	2.94E-05	-	6.43E-06	6.43E-06
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Various	2.20E-06	-	0.02	-	0.02
Propylene Oxide	75-56-9	2.90E-05	-	0.25	-	0.25
Pyrene	129-00-0	-	4.78E-06	-	1.05E-06	1.05E-06
Toluene	108-88-3	1.30E-04	4.09E-04	1.12	8.95E-05	1.12
Xylenes	1330-20-7	6.40E-05	2.85E-04	0.55	6.23E-05	0.55
. <u></u>	•		Maximum II	ndividual HAP (tpy)	·	2.32
		5.07	8.49E-04			
		Total H	AP (tpy)		+	5.07

^(a) Annual potential emissions for the CTs assume representative average annual operating conditions of 99.5% load at 59 °F.

^(b) Combustion turbine formaldehyde emissions factor based on a maximum exhaust concentration of 91 parts per billion (ppb) as listed in Table 1 to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY.

^(c) Pump engine lead emissions factor from AP-42 Chapter 1.3 Table 1.3-10.

Table E-8 Emissions Summary and Major Source Threshold Applicability Table KDI Wyalusing Power LLC - Wyalusing, PA

Source	РМ	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	со	VOC ^(a)	NO _x ^(a)	SO ₂	Pb	Individual HAP ^(b)	Total HAP	CO ₂ e ^(c)
						(tpy)					
Combustion Turbines	83.33	83.33	83.33	85.08	36.58	67.58	12.05	-	2.32	5.07	1,012,417
Fire Water Pump Engine	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.25	0.01	0.20	3.79E-04	1.97E-06	2.58E-04	8.49E-04	35.79
Total Project Emissions	83.34	83.35	83.35	85.33	36.59	67.78	12.05	1.97E-06	2.32	5.07	1,012,453
PSD/NNSR Major Source Threshold	250	250	250	250	50	100	250	250	N/A	N/A	N/A
PSD/NNSR Major Source?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Title V Major Source Threshold	100	100	100	100	50	100	100	100	10	25	N/A
Title V Major Source?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	N/A

^(a) Major Source Threshold for the ozone transport region (OTR) pursuant to 25 Pa. Code §127.201(c).

^(b) The individual HAP with the highest total project emissions is formaldehyde.

(c) Per the June 23, 2014 Supreme Court decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. U.S. EPA, U.S. EPA may not treat GHGs as an air pollutant for the specific purpose of determining whether a source is required to obtain a PSD or Title V Operating Permit.

Extended Gas Analysis



RCS Sample ID	R4223		Unique ID	Y Osburn	
Client Company	Arsenal Resources		GPS Lat	-	
Field Location	-		GPS Long	-	
Sample Date	01/08/24		Received at Lab	01/08/24	
Sample Time	11:20		Analysis Date	01/08/24	
Pressure / Temp	235 psig / NR degF		Analysis Time	17:49	
Collected By	DCC		Analyzed By	RRC	
Bottle Number	R0009 / 500cc Sulfur Cylinder		Approved By	MJR	
	Components		Mole %	Wt%	GPM
Oxygen	02	Oxygen	0.00577	0.01114	
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide	0.40382	1.07265	
Nitrogen	N ₂	Nitrogen	0.33046	0.55873	
Methane	CH_4	Methane	96.70949	93.64025	
Ethane	C_2H_6	Ethane	2.45322	4.45223	0.656
Propane	C_3H_8	Propane	0.09047	0.24079	0.025
Isobutane	C_4H_{10}	2-Methylpropane	0.00172	0.00604	0.001
Butane	C_4H_{10}	n-Butane	0.00450	0.01579	0.001
Isopentane	C_5H_{12}	2-Methylbutane	0.00029	0.00128	0.000
Pentane	C_5H_{12}	n-Pentane	0.00019	0.00084	0.000
Cyclopentane	C_5H_{10}	cyclopentane	0.00001	0.00006	0.000
Benzene	C_6H_6	benzene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Isohexane	C_6H_{14}	2-Methylpentane	0.00003	0.00013	0.000
Hexanes	C_6H_{14}	n-Hexane	0.00001	0.00007	0.000
Cyclohexane	C_6H_{12}	cyclohexane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Toluene	C_7H_8	toluene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Isoheptane	C_7H_{16}	2-Methylhexane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Heptanes	C_7H_{16}	n-Heptane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Methylcyclohexane	C_7H_{14}	Methylcyclohexane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Ethylbenzene	C_8H_{10}	ethylbenzene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
1,4-Xylene	C_8H_{10}	p-xylene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
1,3-Xylene	C_8H_{10}	m-xylene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
1,2-Xylene	C_8H_{10}	o-xylene	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Isooctane	C_8H_{18}	2,2,4-trimethylpentane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Octanes	C_8H_{18}	n-Octane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Nonanes	C_9H_{20}	n-Nonane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Decane	$C_{10}H_{22}$	n-Decane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Undecane	$C_{11}H_{24}$	n-undecane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Dodecane	$C_{12}H_{26}$	n-dodecane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Tridecane	$C_{13}H_{28}$	n-tridecane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
Tetradecane	$C_{14}H_{30}$	n-tetradecane	0.00000	0.00000	0.000
		Totals:	100.00000	100.00000	0.683

Extended Gas Analysis



RCS Sample ID	R4223		Unique ID	Y Osburn	
Client Company	Arsenal Resources		GPS Lat	-	
Field Location	-		GPS Long	-	
Sample Date	01/08/24		Received at Lab	01/08/24	
Sample Time	11:20		Analysis Date	01/08/24	
Pressure / Temp	235 psig / NR degF		Analysis Time	17:49	
Collected By	DCC		Analyzed By	RRC	
Bottle Number	R0009 / 500c	c Sulfur Cylinder	Approved By	MJR	
BTU/SCF (Dry)		1024.83	14.696 PSIA at 60.0 degF		σF
BTU/SCF (Sat)		1007.29			0.
Z Factor (Dry)		0.9979	Ideal Specific Gravity (G)		0.572
Z Factor (sat)		0.9976	Real Specific Gravity (G)		0.573
Total Raw Mole % (Dry) 88.82		88.82	Wo	obbe Index (Dry)	1353.84
Total GPM 17.1		17.176	Total Molecular Weight (Dry) 16.57		16.57

	l otal Sulfur Analysis					
	Components	ppm				
H ₂ S	Hydrogen Sulfide	<0.003				
COS	Carbonyl Sulfide	<0.003				
CS ₂	Carbon Disulfide	<0.003				
CH₃SH	Methylmercaptan	<0.003				
C ₂ H ₆ S	Ethyl Mercaptan	<0.003				
C ₂ H ₆ S	Dimethyl Sulfide	<0.003				
C₃H ₈ S	Propyl Mercaptan	<0.003				
$C_2H_6S_2$	Dimethyl Disulfide	<0.003				
$C_4H_{10}S$	Diethyl Sulfide	<0.003				
$C_4H_{10}S$	t-Butyl Mercaptan	<0.003				
C₃H ₈ S	Methyl Ethyl Sulfide	<0.003				
$C_4H_{10}S_2$	Diethyl Disulfide	< 0.003				
	Total	: 0.000				

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Analytical Method for Gas Analysis Analytical Method for Sulfur Analysis Analytical Method for Calculations GPA 2261-20, GPA 2286-14 ASTM D6228-10 GPA 2172-09

Limit of Detection = 0.003 PPMV for Sulfur components and 0.00001 Mole Percent for Hydrocarbons

Lab Comments