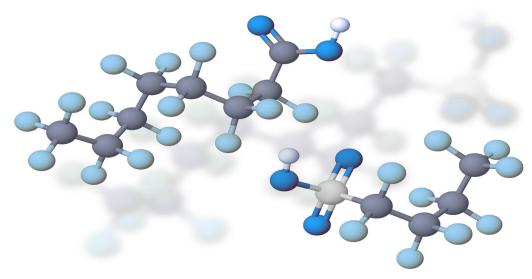
PFAS Background and Action Plan

Pennsylvania PFAS Action Team Meeting April 15, 2019



EPA's Previous Work on PFAS

- Working to advance research on other PFAS chemicals to better understand their health impacts, exposure pathways, options for treatment and removal
- Released draft toxicity assessments for GenX chemicals and PFBS
- Announced the initiation of assessments for five additional PFAS (PFBA, PFHxS, PFHxA, PFNA, PFDA) via the EPA's IRIS Program.
- Issued enforcement orders, provided oversight for federal agency cleanups and assisted state enforcement actions
- Provided technical assistance related to dozens of areas of PFAS contamination around the country.

Action Plan Background

- EPA convened a two-day National Leadership Summit on PFAS in Washington, D.C.
- Following the Summit, the agency hosted a series of visits during the summer of 2018 in communities directly impacted by PFAS where EPA interacted with more than 1,000 people.
- The EPA's PFAS Action Plan was developed based on feedback from these events in addition to information received from approximately 120,000 comments submitted to the public docket.

Action Plan Purpose

- Provides EPA's first multi-media, multi-program, national research, management and risk communication plan to address a challenge like PFAS.
- Responds to the extensive public input the agency has received over the past year during the PFAS National Leadership Summit, multiple community engagements, and through the public docket.
- As a result of this unprecedented outreach, the Action Plan provides the necessary tools to assist states, tribes, and communities in addressing PFAS.

Drinking Water

- The EPA intends to establish a Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for PFOA and PFOS—two of the most well-known and prevalent PFAS and is moving forward with the regulatory process.
- The Agency is also gathering and evaluating information to determine if regulation is appropriate for other chemicals in the PFAS family.
- The EPA is committed to following the Safe Drinking Water Act process for evaluating and establishing drinking water standards for PFAS chemicals.

Cleanup

- The EPA will facilitate cleanup efforts by providing groundwater cleanup recommendations.
- The EPA is initiating the regulatory development process for listing certain PFAS as hazardous substances.

Monitoring

 The EPA will propose nationwide drinking water monitoring for PFAS under the next UCMR monitoring cycle.

Research

- The EPA is rapidly expanding the scientific foundation for understanding and managing risk from PFAS.
- This research is organized around understanding toxicity, understanding exposure, assessing risk, and identifying effective treatment and remediation actions.

Toxics

- The EPA is considering the addition of PFAS chemicals to the Toxics Release Inventory
- EPA is issuing a supplemental proposal to guard against the unreviewed reintroduction and new use, through domestic production or import, of certain PFAS chemicals in the United States.

Enforcement

 The EPA uses enforcement tools, when appropriate, to address PFAS exposure in the environment and assist states in enforcement activities.

Risk Communications

• The EPA will work collaboratively to develop a risk communication toolbox that includes multi-media materials and messaging for federal, state, tribal, and local partners to use with the public.

Action Plan Next Steps

- To implement the plan, the EPA will continue to work in close coordination with multiple entities, including other federal agencies, states, tribes, local governments, water utilities, industry, and the public.
- The EPA will provide updates on actions outlined in the plan on the Agency's website.

Questions?