

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Section 1. Identification

Product name

: LIFESHIELD NP 1050

Product code

: LSH1050

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

: Not available.

Print date

: 1/27/2016.

Validation date

: 1/27/2016.

Version

: 2

Supplier's details

: Baker Petrolite LLC 12645 W. Airport Blvd.

Sugar Land, TX 77478 For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606

(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone

number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)

Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606

(001)281-276-5400

CANUTEC: 613-996-6666 (Canada 24 hours)

CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid

release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% CAS numb		
Sodium hydroxide	5 - 10	1310-73-2	
Modified arylamine	1 - 5	Trade secret.	
Polycarboxylate salt	1 - 5	Trade secret.	
Zinc chloride	1 - 5	7646-85-7	

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion

: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: pain,watering,redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

Ingestion

: stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway. sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system or surface or ground water. Notify any reportable spill to authorities. (See section 12 for environmental risks and 13 for disposal information.) Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredients:	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Sodium hydroxide	US ACGIH OSHA PEL	-	- 2	-		-	-	-	2	-	
Zinc chloride	OSHA PEL 1989 US ACGIH OSHA PEL		1	<u>-</u>	-	- 2	-	-	2	-	[a]
	OSHA PEL 1989	-	l i	-	-	2	-	-	-	ļ	[a] [a]

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Only components of this product with established exposure limits appear in the box above.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant gloves.

Skin protection

: Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin

Respiratory protection

: If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state

: Liquid. [Opaque.]

Color

: Amber. [Dark]

Odor

: Mild.

Odor threshold

: Not available.

рΗ

: 134

Melting/freezing point

: Not available.

: Neat - without dilution.

Boiling point **Initial Boiling Point**  : Not available.

: Not available.

Flash point

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [SFCC]

**Burning time** 

: Not applicable.

Burning rate

**Evaporation** rate

: Not applicable. : Not available.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas) : Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames,

sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure Vapor density

: Not available. : Not available. : 1.3343 (15.6°C)

Relative density

: 11.4987 (lbs/gal)

Density

Solubility in water

: Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

: Not available.

Viscosity

: Kinematic: 57.3 cSt

VOC

: Not available.

**Pour Point** 

: -22.778°C (-9°F)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and

moisture.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Modified arylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	640 mg/kg	_
Zinc chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Sensitization**

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Mutagenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

### Carcinogenicity

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

No applicable toxicity data

### Reproductive toxicity

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Teratogenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not applicable.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not applicable.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

**Developmental effects** 

Route	ATE value
Oral	7718.1 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

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# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
Zinc chloride	Acute EC50 26 µg/l	Algae - Navicula incerta	96 hours
	Acute EC50 34 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris -	72 hours
		Exponential growth phase	
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna	96 hours
		aequinoctialis	
	Acute EC50 100 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 49.99 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Moina irrasa -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 0.027 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Limanda punctatissima - Pre-larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Procambarus clarkii - Intermolt	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 80 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 31.5 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	30 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: Zinc chloride, Sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: Zinc chloride, Sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: Zinc chloride, Sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N O.S. (Contains: Zinc chloride, Sodium hydroxide)
	chloride, Sodium	chloride, Sodium	chloride, Sodium	chloride, Sodium

Section 14. Transport information								
Packing group	111	III	111	III				
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.				
Additional information	_	-	-	-				

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT Reportable Quantity

Sodium hydroxide, 1623 gal of this product. Zinc chloride, 3501 gal of this product.

Marine pollutant

Modified arylamine Zinc chloride

North-America NAERG

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: zinc chloride

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide; zinc chloride

Clean Air Act Section 112

: Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

SARA 302/304

: No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

**SARA 313** 

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	1 - 5

#### Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL):

: At least one component is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### <u>History</u>

Date of printing

: 1/27/2016.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

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