

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **BUSAN 30L**

BUSAN is a registered trademark.

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : BUSAN 30L
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

See label and/or technical data sheet, if available.

**Supplier's details**: Buckman Laboratories, Inc.

1256 North McLean Boulevard

Memphis, TN 38108 Phone 1-800-282-5626

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 24 Hour Emergency Phone 1-800-424-9300

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

50.2%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity:

55.3%

#### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid.
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.

Fatal if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear respiratory protection (mist/aerosol). Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

Product code : BSN30L

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	31.5 - 32.5	34590-94-8
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole	30	21564-17-0
Glycol solvent	Proprietary	-
Nonionic surfactant	Proprietary	-
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a-undecyl-w-hydroxy-	5.125	34398-01-1
2-(Chloromethylthio)benzothiazole	0.1125	28908-00-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

While some substances are claimed as trade secret in accordance with the provision of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200(i), all known hazards are clearly communicated within this document.

Per Appendix D 1910.1200 OSHA, ranges can be used when there is batch-to-batch variability in a mixture or a trade secret claim.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

- : Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
  - Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
  - Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Inhalation

- : Move person to fresh air.
  - If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
  - Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Skin contact

- : Take off contaminated clothing.
  - Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
    Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion

- : Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
  - Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow.
  - Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
  - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to physician : Not available.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Cyanide salts are formed when product contacts strong alkali. Thermal decomposition of product can produce toxic vapors of hydrogen cyanide, carbon disulfide and carbon oxisulfide. Contact with fire may generate oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# **Satisfactory Materials of Construction**

Not available

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 600 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Glycol solvent	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: If respiratory hazards exist (see section 2), and if use conditions warrant with the potential for airborne exposure existing, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. [Slightly Thick]
Color : Transparent Amber [Dark]

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.

**pH** : 5.35 [Conc. (% w/w): 0.1%]

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 76.1°C (169°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.12

**Dispersibility properties**: Dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 55.2 mPa·s (55.2 cP)

VOC : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Reactive screening testing conducted on the active ingredient has resulted in exotherms

initiating at temperatures as low as 80°C.

Chemical stability : Contains 2-(thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole. Do not heat and/or store above 50°C as

decomposition may increase packaging pressure and generate toxic vapors.

Possibility of hazardous : If kept free of contamination and maintained at ambient temperatures during storage and uses, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

strong bases, strong acids oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Cyanide salts are formed when product contacts strong alkali. Thermal decomposition of product can produce toxic vapors of hydrogen cyanide, carbon disulfide and carbon oxisulfide. Contact with fire may generate oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and carbon.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.067 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	445 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	750 mg/kg	-
Nonionic surfactant	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2-(Chloromethylthio) benzothiazole	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	1190 mg/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	7.4	-	-
Glycol solvent	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Nonionic surfactant	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	50 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
2-(Chloromethylthio) benzothiazole	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

This product has not been tested unless noted in summary results.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Nonionic surfactant	Category 1	inhalation	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
BUSAN 30L (benzothiazol-2-ylthio)methyl thiocyanate Nonionic surfactant Undecan-1-ol, ethoxylated 2-[(chloromethyl)thio]benzothiazole	955.4 750 5000 500 890	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.69 N/A 0.147 N/A N/A	0.1 0.067 N/A N/A N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole). Marine pollutant (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	Remarks ERG Guide 154	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules F-A, S-B  IMDG Code Segregation group SGG6 - Cyanides Remarks ERG Guide 154, HazMat Code 4936540	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Remarks ERG Guide 154, ERG Code 8L

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Potential impurities present in trace quantities are included in the regulatory listings of this section.

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This product is subject to regulation under the US Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is therefore exempt from US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory listing requirements.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		<b>SARA 304 F</b>	RQ
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Ethylene oxide	<0.002525	Yes.	1000	-	10	-

SARA 304 RQ : 440044 lbs / 199780 kg [47121.7 gal / 178375 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	31.5 - 32.5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	30	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Glycol solvent	Proprietary	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Nonionic surfactant	Proprietary	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a- undecyl-w-hydroxy-	5.125	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
2-(Chloromethylthio) benzothiazole	0.1125	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

**CERCLA** 

: CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: butan-1-ol: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); ethylene oxide: 10

lbs. (4.54 kg);

This product is <u>not allowed</u> for food contact uses.

**EPA Reg. No.** : 1448-44

FIFRA : This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental

Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

DANGER-PELIGRO. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Causes skin burns. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear goggles or face shield. Wear coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants; socks and chemical resistant footwear; chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride or viton. Wear respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C); or a canister approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.









#### State regulations

#### California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	<b>5</b>	Maximum acceptable dosage level
2-Mercaptobenzothiazole	-	-
Ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.

#### Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



**History** 

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### Section 16. Other information

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Prepared by : Buckman Regulatory Affairs

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Buckman Laboratories, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose referred to in the directions for use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions. Buyer assumes the risk of any use outside of such directions.

Seller makes no other warranty or representation of any kind, express or implied, concerning the product, including NO IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY OTHER PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No such warranties shall be implied by law and no agent of seller is authorized to alter this warranty in any way except in writing with a specific reference to this warranty.

The exclusive remedy against seller shall be in a claim for damages not to exceed the purchase price of the product, without regard to whether such a claim is based upon breach of warranty or tort.

Any controversy or claim arising out or relating to this contract, or breach thereof, shall be settle by arbitration in accordance with the commercial arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association, and judgment upon the rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

Buckman expressly disclaims responsibility, thus any liability, for the creation, accuracy, or completeness of the labeling and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) required for our customer's product under the Occupational Health and Safety Administration's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 C.F.R. §1910.1200 (2012). While our customers should take all necessary steps to ensure that an appropriate label and SDS is generated for their product and provided to all downstream users in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard, customers may use information from Buckman's label and SDS for their product as a starting point for developing its own GHS-compliant label and SDS. Customer agrees to indemnify and hold Buckman harmless from any claims, causes of actions, fines, or damages sought by a local, state, or federal government, or agency, including its reasonable attorney fees, should Customer violate any OSHA laws or any other federal or state laws in using or selling this product.

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