

Material Safety Data Sheet

Product and company identification

Product name

: Y9BH1351 POLYMER

Supplier

: Baker Petrolite

A Baker Hughes Company 12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478

For Product Information/MSDSs Call: 800-231-3606 (8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. cst, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Material Uses

: Special: Flocculant.

Code

: Y9BH1351

Validation date

: 11/4/2009.

Print date Version : 11/4/2009.

Responsible name

: Global Regulatory Affairs - Telephone 281-276-5400 or 800-231-3606

In case of emergency

: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)

Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606

(001)281-276-5400

CANUTEC: 613-996-6666 (Canada 24 hours)

CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (international 24 hour)

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Liquid. [Hazy.]

Odor Color : Petroleum-like.: Colorless.

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

CAUSES EYE BURNS. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS,

DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to respiratory system.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause burns to mouth,

throat and stomach.

Skin

throat and stomach.

: Moderately irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory

tract, skin, eyes.

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Hazards identification 2.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation

: respiratory tract irritation, nausea or vomiting, coughing, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Ingestion

: None known.

Skin

: irritation, redness, dryness, cracking

Eyes

: pain, watering, redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

exposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Additional information

Aqueous solutions or powders that become wet, renders surfaces extremely slippery.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS number	<u>%</u>
Cationic acrylamide copolymer	Trade secret.	3 0 - 60
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	10 - 30
Oxyalkylated alcohol	Trade secret.	1 - 5

First aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s)

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system or surface or ground water. Notify any reportable spill to authorities. (See section 12 for environmental risks and 13 for disposal information.) Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802. Additional information

Spilled material becomes very slippery when wet. Sweep up spills and place in a waste disposal container. Flush the area thoroughly with water and scrub to remove residue. If area is still slippery, apply dry absorbent compound and sweep up the mixture and place in a waster disposal container. Do not flush large quantities of the material to the sewer.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Petroleum distillates	US ACGIH	-	200	_	-	-	-	-	_	•	[1]

^[1]Absorbed through skin.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Only components of this product with established exposure limits appear in the box above.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

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Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant gloves.

Eyes

: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles.

Skin

: Wear long sleeves and other protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

: Liquid. [Hazy.]

Flash point

Odor

: Closed cup: >93.9°C (>201°F) [PMCC]

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available. : Not available. : Colorless.

Flammable limits Color

: Petroleum-like. : Not available.

pН Boiling/condensation point

: 100°C (212°F) : Not available. : -17.8°C (-0.04°F)

Initial Boiling Point Melting/freezing point Relative density

: 1.04 (25°C) : 8.7 (lbs/gal)

Density Vapor density Odor threshold **Evaporation rate**

: >1 [Air = 1] : Not available. : Not available. : Not available.

Viscosity

VOC

: Dynamic: 400 to 1200 cP

Solubility (Water)

: Dispersible

Vapor pressure

: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) at 20°C

Pour Point Partition coefficient : Not available.

(LogKow)

: Not available.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Materials to avoid

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10 . Stability and Reactivity

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Conditions of reactivity

: Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

EPA

NIOSH

NTP

OSHA

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Oxyalkylated alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Female	2390 mg/kg	<u>-</u>
	LD50 Dermal	Male	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Male rat	1630 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Female rat	410 mg/kg	-
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>				
Classification				

IARC

ACGIH

Petroleum distillates Chronic toxicity Remarks

1) Cationic acrylamide copolymer

Product/ingredient name

Not available.

2) Petroleum distillates

These petroleum distillates may cause slight irritation of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged skin contact with the liquid may cause irritation, reddening, and dermatitis. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause headaches, stupor, irritation of the throat, central nervous system depression, and kidney effects. Extreme aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonia or death. Low order of oral toxicity. Ingestion can cause irritation of the stomach and intestines which can produce nausea and vomiting. Vomiting should be avoided since aspiration of ingested material into the lungs may produce chemical pneumonia.

3) Oxyalkylated alcohol

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG*: Packing group

DOT Reportable

Marine pollutant

Not applicable.

Quantity

Not applicable.

North-America NAERG

: Not available.

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification

 Corrosive material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Petroleum distillates

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Y9BH1351 POLYMER: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health

hazard

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Acrylamide: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canada (CEPA DSL):

: All components are listed or exempted.