

Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type
Facility Type
Major / Minor
Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No. PA0082694

APS ID 278178

Authorization ID 1400070

	Applicant and Facility Information											
Applicant Name		Clair Township Municipal by Bedford County	Facility Name	East St Clair Township Fishertown STP								
Applicant Address	PO Box	55	Facility Address	1391 Quaker Valley Road								
	Fisherto	wn, PA 15539-0055	_	New Paris, PA 15554								
Applicant Contact	Walt Mile	Э	Facility Contact	Walt Miles								
Applicant Phone	(814) 839-4841		Facility Phone	(814) 839-4841								
Client ID	64932		Site ID	248628								
Ch 94 Load Status	Not Ove	rloaded	Municipality	East Saint Clair Township								
Connection Status			County	Bedford								
Date Application Recei	ived	June 17, 2022	EPA Waived?	Yes								
Date Application Accep	oted _	June 30, 2022	If No, Reason									
Purpose of Application	_	This is an application for NPDES	renewal									

Summary of Review
Cultilitary of Provious

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
Х		Nicholas Hong, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Nick Hong (via electronic signature)	August 3, 2022
Х		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager Daniel W. Martin	August 24, 2022

Summary of Review

The application submitted by the applicant requests a NPDES renewal permit for the East St. Clair Township MA- Fishertown WWTP located at 1391 Quaker Valley Road, New Paris, PA 15554 in Bedford County, municipality of East St. Clair Township. The existing permit became effective on December 1, 2017 and expires(d) on November 30, 2022. The application for renewal was received by DEP Southcentral Regional Office (SCRO) on June 17, 2022.

The purpose of this Fact Sheet is to present the basis of information used for establishing the proposed NPDES permit effluent limitations. The Fact Sheet includes a description of the facility, a description of the facility's receiving waters, a description of the facility's receiving waters attainment/non-attainment assessment status, and a description of any changes to the proposed monitoring/sampling frequency. Section 6 provides the justification for the proposed NPDES effluent limits derived from technology based effluent limits (TBEL), water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL), total maximum daily loading (TMDL), antidegradation, anti-backsliding, and/or whole effluent toxicity (WET). A brief summary of the outlined descriptions has been included in the Summary of Review section.

The subject facility is a 0.112 MGD treatment facility. The applicant does not anticipate any proposed upgrades to the treatment facility in the next five years. The NPDES application has been processed as a Minor Sewage Facility (Level 2) due to the type of sewage and the design flow rate for the facility. The applicant disclosed the Act 14 requirement to the Bedford County Commissioner and the Supervisors of East St. Clair Township and the notice was received by the parties on June 13, 2022. A planning approval letter was not necessary as the facility is neither new or expanding.

Utilizing the DEP's web-based Emap-PA information system, the receiving waters has been determined to be Dunning Creek. The sequence of receiving streams that Dunning Creek discharges into are the Raystown Branch Juniata River, Juniata River, and Susquehanna River which eventually drains into the Chesapeake Bay. The subject site is subject to the Chesapeake Bay implementation requirements. The receiving water has protected water usage for warm water fishes (WWF) and migratory fishes (MF). No Class A Wild Trout fisheries are impacted by this discharge. The absence of high quality and/or exceptional value surface waters removes the need for an additional evaluation of anti-degradation requirements.

The Dunning Creek is a Category 2 stream listed in the 2022 Integrated List of All Waters (formerly 303d Listed Streams). This stream is an attaining stream that supports aquatic life. The receiving waters is not subject to a total maximum daily load (TMDL) plan to improve water quality in the subject facility's watershed.

The existing permit and proposed permit differ as follows:

• Due to the EPA Triennial review, monitoring shall be required 1x/quarter for E. Coli.

Sludge use and disposal description and location(s): No sewage sludge/biosolids were disposed in the current permit cycle.

The proposed permit will expire five (5) years from the effective date.

Based on the review in this report, it is recommended that the permit be drafted. DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Any additional information or public review of documents associated with the discharge or facility may be available at PA DEP Southcentral Regional Office (SCRO), 909 Elmerton Avenue, Harrisburg, PA 17110. To make an appointment for file review, contact the SCRO File Review Coordinator at 717.705.4700.

1.0 Applicant

1.1 General Information

This fact sheet summarizes PA Department of Environmental Protection's review for the NPDES renewal for the following subject facility.

Facility Name: East St. Clair Township MA- Fishertown WWTP

NPDES Permit # PA0082694

Physical Address: 1391 Quaker Valley Road

New Paris, PA 15554

Mailing Address: PO Box 56

Fishertown, PA 15539

Contact: Walt Miles

Chairman

stephanie@ecstctma.com

Consultant: David Hegemann

Hegemann and Wray Consulting Engineers

Hegemann-and-wray@verizon.net

1.2 Permit History

Permit submittal included the following information.

- NPDES Application
- Flow Diagrams
- Effluent Sample Data

2.0 Treatment Facility Summary

2.1.1 Site location

The physical address for the facility is 1391 Quaker Valley Road, New Paris, PA 15554. A topographical and an aerial photograph of the facility are depicted as Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Figure 1: Topographical map of the subject facility

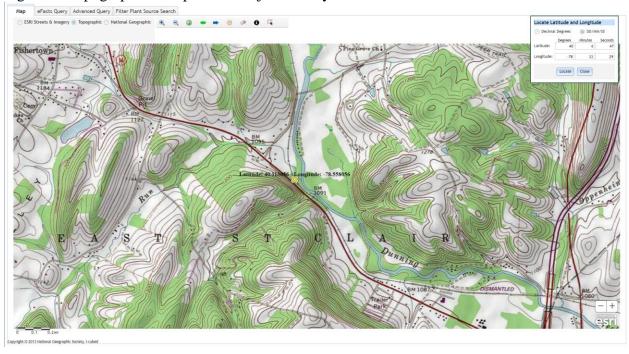
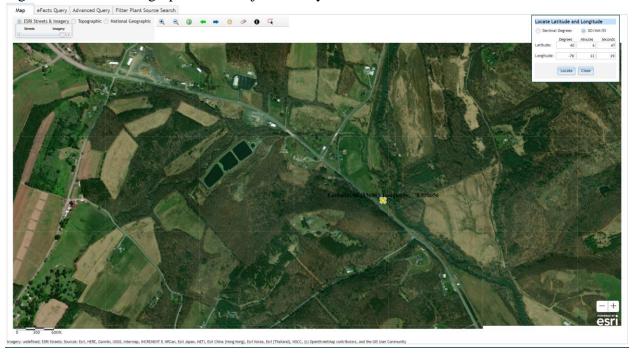


Figure 2: Aerial Photograph of the subject facility



2.1.2 Sources of Wastewater/Stormwater

The WWTP receives 100% of the flow contribution from the East St. Clair Township.

The table below summarizes hauled in septage in 2021.

Summary of Haule	d in Septage in 2021
2021	Volume (gallons)
January	1710
February	1643
March	2226
April	2583
May	2081
June	2467
July	2145
August	1484
September	2450
October	2129
November	2150
December	1712
Total	24,780

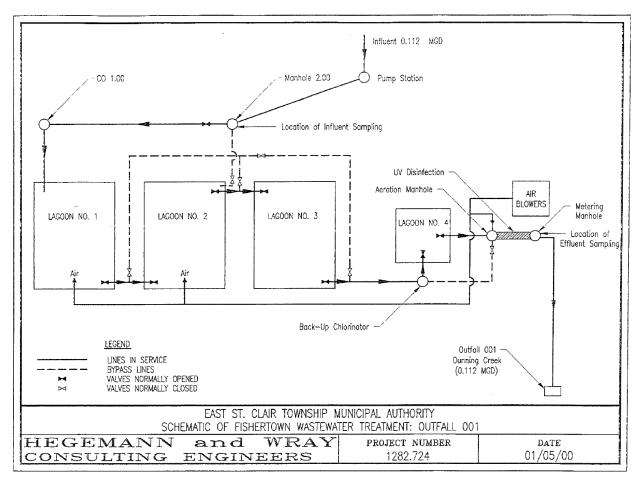
2.2 Description of Wastewater Treatment Process

The subject facility is a 0.112 MGD design flow facility. The subject facility treats wastewater using three aerated lagoons in series. The facility is being evaluated for flow, pH, dissolved oxygen, CBOD5, TSS, fecal coliform, ultraviolet disinfection, nitrogen species, and phosphorus. The existing permits limits for the facility is summarized in Section 2.4.

The treatment process is summarized in the table.

	Tre	eatment Facility Summa	ary	
Treatment Facility Na	me: E St Clair Township Fi	shertown STP		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
0599401	03/02/1999			
Waste Type	Degree of Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Avg Annual Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Aerated Lagoon	Ultraviolet	0.112
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal
0.112	190.4	Not Overloaded		

A schematic of the treatment process is shown.



2.3 Facility Outfall Information

The facility has the following outfall information for wastewater.

Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	.112
Latitude	40° 6' 55.00"	Longitude	-78° 33' 27.50"
Wastewater D	escription: Sewage Effluent		

The subject facility outfall is within the vicinity of another sewage outfall. Reynoldsdale Fish Hatchery (PA0044059) is located about 4.4 mile upstream of the facility. East St. Clair Stone Creek (PA0082732) is located about 3.5 mile upstream of the facility. Chestnut Ridge which is about 1.5 miles downstream from the subject facility.

2.3.1 Operational Considerations- Chemical Additives

Chemical additives are chemical products introduced into a waste stream that is used for cleaning, disinfecting, or maintenance and which may be detected in effluent discharged to waters of the Commonwealth. Chemicals excluded are those used for neutralization of waste streams, the production of goods, and treatment of wastewater.

The subject facility utilizes the following chemicals as part of their treatment process.

None

2.4 Existing NPDES Permits Limits

The existing NPDES permit limits are summarized in the table.

PART	PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS											
I. A.	For Outfall 001	, Latitude 40° 6' 55.00" , Longitude 78° 33' 27.50" , River Mile Index 10.5 , Stream Code 14586										
Receiving Waters: Dunning Creek												
	Type of Effluent:	Sewage Effluent										

^{1.} The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from December 1, 2017 through November 30, 2022.

^{2.} Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements and Footnotes).

		Monitoring Requirements						
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	Minimum (2)	Required		
Parameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	xxx	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Min	XXX	9.0 Max	xxx	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	5.0 Min	XXX	XXX	xxx	1/day	Grab
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	23.4	37.4	XXX	25.0	40.0	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5)		Report						24-Hr
Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	Composite
Total Suspended Solids	28.0	42.0	XXX	30.0	45.0	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	xxx	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	xxx	XXX	xxx	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab
Ultraviolet light intensity (mW/cm²)	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	xxx	1/day	Recorded

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

		Effluent Limitations									
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	Minimum (2)	Required					
Parameter	Average	Weekly	Daily	Average	Weekly	Instant.	Measurement	Sample			
	Monthly	Average	Minimum	Monthly	Average	Maximum	Frequency	Type			
	Report			Report				24-Hr			
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Ortly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite			
	Report			Report							
Total Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Ortly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation			
	Report			Report				24-Hr			
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Ortly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite			
	Report			Report				24-Hr			
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Ortly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite			
	Report			Report				24-Hr			
Total Phosphorus	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Ortly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite			

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

3.0 Facility NPDES Compliance History

3.1 Summary of Inspections

A summary of the most recent inspections during the existing permit review cycle is as follows.

The DEP inspector noted the following during the inspection.

05/10/2018:

There was nothing significant to report.

05/20/2019:

• The facility stated they have been reinforcing parts of the lagoon with additional stone.

04/06/2022:

• The facility stated that (a) both blowers were rebuilt and (b) they are adding CO2 gas in the UV chamber to help lower the effluent pH.

3.2 Summary of DMR Data

A review of approximately 1-year of DMR data shows that the monthly average flow data for the facility below the design capacity of the treatment system. The maximum average flow data for the DMR reviewed was 0.078 MGD in September 2021. The design capacity of the treatment system is 0.112 MGD.

The off-site laboratory used for the analysis of the parameters was Fairway Laboratories located at 2019 Ninth Avenue, Altoona, PA 16603.

DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from June 1, 2021 to May 31, 2022)

Parameter	MAY-22	APR-22	MAR-22	FEB-22	JAN-22	DEC-21	NOV-21	OCT-21	SEP-21	AUG-21	JUL-21	JUN-21
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.068	0.056	0.064	0.063	0.054	0.029	0.029	0.028	0.078	0.021	0.024	0.037
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.075	0.075	0.086	0.084	0.078	0.057	0.051	0.053	0.111	0.052	0.051	0.054
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	7.48	7.48	7.87	7.67	7.75	7.72	7.68	7.57	7.5	7.22	7.15	7.07
pH (S.U.)												
Maximum	7.68	8.2	8.42	7.92	7.95	7.97	7.96	8.11	7.84	7.76	7.52	7.39
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	7.14	7.53	10.1	9.91	10.36	10.02	9.21	7.4	6.52	6.52	6.7	7.08
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Average Monthly	< 2.7	4.5	8.2	2.2	3.7	0.7	< 0.9	< 0.6	4.9	0.7	< 0.6	< 1.3
CBOD5 (lbs/day)												
Weekly Average	3.5	5.3	8.6	3.2	5.9	8.0	< 1.0	< 0.8	7.8	1.3	< 1.0	1.3
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 5.7	10.9	12.7	6.5	6.2	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	6.8	5.5	< 3.2	< 3.0
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Weekly Average	8.47	15.6	13.4	6.03	9.11	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	9.55	7.2	3.33	3.01
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Average												
Monthly	128	63	43	58	33	33	31	24	75	29	35	63
BOD5 (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent	404	0.4	4.4	00	0.7	00	0.4	0.7	0.4	F.4	00	0.4
 	181	84	44	68	37	39	34	27	84	51	60	81
BOD5 (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 Average	204	450	67	105	60	4.40	100	115	440	244	450	140
Monthly	281	159	67	165	60	143	103	115	142	211	159	148
TSS (lbs/day)	< 4.3	< 4.9	21.0	2.9	< 1.0	0.7	0.7	0.6	7.9	1.5	1.9	2.1
Average Monthly	< 4.3	< 4.9	21.0	2.9	< 1.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	7.9	1.5	1.8	۷.۱
TSS (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent Average												
Monthly	66	33	26	21	33	17	29	11	94	16	38	289
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TSS (lbs/day)												
Raw Sewage Influent 	96	36	33	28	55	20	44	14	117	29	65	555
TSS (lbs/day)	90	30	33	20	55	20	44	14	117	29	65	555
Weekly Average	7.1	8.9	23.4	4.8	< 1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	11.8	2.6	3.0	2.4
TSS (mg/L)		0.0	20	1.0	11.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	11.0	2.0	0.0	
Average Monthly	< 7.5	< 13.8	33.0	6.5	< 1.8	2.8	2.4	2.8	11.2	9.9	9.3	5.0
TSS (mg/L)												
Raw Sewage Influent												
 br/> Average												
Monthly	146	78	39	57	54	73	90	48	170	104	168	667
TSS (mg/L)												
Weekly Average	11.0	26.0	40.0	9.0	2.0	2.8	2.8	4.0	14.4	15.0	9.6	5.6
Fecal Coliform												
(No./100 ml)												
Geometric Mean	4	< 5	< 2	3	5	2	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 31	< 1.0	1	< 1.0
Fecal Coliform												
(No./100 ml)												
Instantaneous	0.0	5 0		4.4	7.5	4.4	4.0	4.0	000.4	4.0		4.0
Maximum	6.3	5.2	4	11	7.5	4.1	< 1.0	< 1.0	980.4	< 1.0	2	< 1.0
UV Intensity (mW/cm²)	1.0	4.4	4.0	4.0	0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.6	2.7
Daily Minimum	1.9	4.1	1.8	1.2	2	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.6	2.7
Nitrate-Nitrite (lbs/day)			0.8			0.4			0.1			0.9
Average Quarterly Nitrate-Nitrite (mg/L)			0.6			0.4			0.1			0.9
Average Quarterly			1.196			1.873			0.158			2.13
Total Nitrogen			1.190			1.073			0.136			2.13
(lbs/day)												
Average Quarterly			16			4			13			4
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)						•			.0			
Average Quarterly			24.166			19.703			15.118			8.7745
Ammonia (lbs/day)												
Average Quarterly			14			4			11			3
Ammonia (mg/L)												
Average Quarterly			21.22			16.43			13.34			6.652
TKN (lbs/day)												
Average Quarterly			15			4			12			3
TKN (mg/L)												
Average Quarterly			22.97			17.83			14.96			6.615

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Total Phosphorus								
(lbs/day)								
Average Quarterly		3		0.7		4		2
Total Phosphorus								
(mg/L)								
Average Quarterly		4.81		3.2		5.26		5.64

3.3 Non-Compliance

3.3.1 Non-Compliance- NPDES Effluent

A summary of the non-compliance to the permit limits for the existing permit cycle is as follows.

From the DMR data beginning in December 1, 2017 to July 13, 2022, there were no observed effluent non-compliances.

3.3.2 Non-Compliance- Enforcement Actions

A summary of the non-compliance enforcement actions for the current permit cycle is as follows:

Beginning in December 1, 2017 to July 13, 2022, there were no observed enforcement actions.

3.4 Summary of Biosolids Disposal

A summary of the biosolids disposed of from the facility is as follows.

The consultant confirmed that no sewage sludge has ever been removed from the lagoons. The sludge is accumulating at a very slow rate - as demonstrated by annual depth monitoring. No sludge removal is anticipated in the next five years.

3.5 Open Violations

No open violations existed as of July 2022.

4.0 Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information Detail Summary

4.1 Receiving Waters

The receiving waters has been determined to be Dunning Creek. The sequence of receiving streams that Dunning Creek discharges into are the Raystown Branch Juniata River, Juniata River, and Susquehanna River which eventually drains into the Chesapeake Bay.

4.2 Public Water Supply (PWS) Intake

The closest PWS to the subject facility is Saxton Municipal Water Authority (PWS ID # 4050021) located approximately 60 miles downstream of the subject facility on the Raystown Branch Juniata River. Based upon the distance and the flow rate of the facility, the PWS should not be impacted.

4.3 Class A Wild Trout Streams

Class A Wild Trout Streams are waters that support a population of naturally produced trout of sufficient size and abundance to support long-term and rewarding sport fishery. DEP classifies these waters as high-quality coldwater fisheries.

The information obtained from EMAP suggests that no Class A Wild Trout Fishery will be impacted by this discharge.

4.4 2022 Integrated List of All Waters (303d Listed Streams)

Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act requires States to list all impaired surface waters not supporting uses even after appropriate and required water pollution control technologies have been applied. The 303(d) list includes the reason for impairment which may be one or more point sources (i.e. industrial or sewage discharges) or non-point sources (i.e. abandoned mine lands or agricultural runoff and the pollutant causing the impairment such as metals, pH, mercury or siltation).

States or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) must determine the conditions that would return the water to a condition that meets water quality standards. As a follow-up to listing, the state or EPA must develop a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for each waterbody on the list. A TMDL identifies allowable pollutant loads to a waterbody from both point and non-point sources that will prevent a violation of water quality standards. A TMDL also includes a margin of safety to ensure protection of the water.

The water quality status of Pennsylvania's waters uses a five-part categorization (lists) of waters per their attainment use status. The categories represent varying levels of attainment, ranging from Category 1, where all designated water uses are met to Category 5 where impairment by pollutants requires a TMDL for water quality protection.

The receiving waters is listed in the 2022 Pennsylvania Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report as a Category 2 waterbody. The surface waters is an attaining stream that supports aquatic life. The designated use has been classified as protected waters for warm water fishes (WWF) and migratory fishes (MF).

4.5 Low Flow Stream Conditions

Water quality modeling estimates are based upon conservative data inputs. The data are typically estimated using either a stream gauge or through USGS web based StreamStats program. The NPDES effluent limits are based upon the combined flows from both the stream and the facility discharge.

A conservative approach to estimate the impact of the facility discharge using values which minimize the total combined volume of the stream and the facility discharge. The volumetric flow rate for the stream is based upon the seven-day, 10-year low flow (Q710) which is the lowest estimated flow rate of the stream during a 7 consecutive day period that occurs once in 10 -year time period. The facility discharge is based upon a known design capacity of the subject facility.

The closest gauge station to the subject facility is the Dunning Creek at Belden, PA (USGS station number 1560000). This gauge station is located approximately 6 miles downstream of the subject facility.

For WQM modeling, default values for pH and stream water temperature data were used. pH was estimated to be 7 and the stream water temperature was estimated to be 25 C.

The default values for hardness of the stream was estimated to be 100 mg/l CaCO₃.

The low flow yield and the Q710 for the subject facility was estimated as shown below.

The low flow yield is $0.0332 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s/mi}^2$ (4.85 ft³/s / 146 mi² = $0.0332 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s/mi}^2$).

The Q710 is 4.85 ft³/s.

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Outfall No. 001			Design Flow (MGD)	.112
Latitude 40°	6' 47.31"	1	Longitude	-78° 33' 27.12"
Quad Name			Quad Code	
Wastewater Descr	iption:	Sewage Effluent		
Receiving Waters	Dunn	ing Creek	Stream Code	14586
NHD Com ID	6584		RMI	10.4
Drainage Area	146		Yield (cfs/mi²)	0.0332
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs)	4.85		Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	StreamStats
Elevation (ft)	1085		Slope (ft/ft)	
Watershed No.	11-C		Chapter 93 Class.	WWF, MF
Existing Use	Same	e as Chapter 93 class	Existing Use Qualifier	
Exceptions to Use			Exceptions to Criteria	
Assessment Statu	s	Attaining Use(s) suppor	ts aquatic Ifie	
Cause(s) of Impair	ment	Not appl.		
Source(s) of Impai	rment	Not appl.		
TMDL Status		Not appl.	Name	
Background/Ambie	ent Data		Data Source	
pH (SU)		7.0	Default	
Temperature (°C)		25	Default	
Hardness (mg/L)		100	Default	
Other:				
Nearest Downstre	am Publi	ic Water Supply Intake	Saxton Municipal Water Author	ority
		vn Branch Juniata River	Flow at Intake (cfs)	. •
PWS RMI	38		Distance from Outfall (mi)	60

5.0: Overview of Presiding Water Quality Standards

5.1 General

There are at least six (6) different policies which determines the effluent performance limits for the NPDES permit. The policies are technology based effluent limits (TBEL), water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL), antidegradation, total maximum daily loading (TMDL), anti-backsliding, and whole effluent toxicity (WET) The effluent performance limitations enforced are the selected permit limits that is most protective to the designated use of the receiving waters. An overview of each of the policies that are applicable to the subject facility has been presented in Section 6.

5.2.1 Technology-Based Limitations

TBEL treatment requirements under section 301(b) of the Act represent the minimum level of control that must be imposed in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act (40 CFR 125.3). Available TBEL requirements for the state of Pennsylvania are itemized in PA Code 25, Chapter 92a.47.

The presiding sources for the basis for the effluent limitations are governed by either federal or state regulation. The reference sources for each of the parameters is itemized in the tables. The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and best professional judgement (BPJ) where applicable:

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
pН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 - 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 - 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

5.2.2 Mass Based Limits

For publicly owned treatment works (POTW), mass loadings are calculated based upon design flow rate of the facility and the permit limit concentration. The generalized calculation for mass loadings is shown below:

Quantity
$$\left(\frac{lb}{day}\right) = (MGD)(Concentration)(8.34)$$

5.3 Water Quality-Based Limitations

WQBEL are based on the need to attain or maintain the water quality criteria and to assure protection of designated and existing uses (PA Code 25, Chapter 92a.2). The subject facility that is typically enforced is the more stringent limit of either the TBEL or the WQBEL.

Determination of WQBEL is calculated by spreadsheet analysis or by a computer modeling program developed by DEP. DEP permit engineers utilize the following computing programs for WQBEL permit limitations: (1) MS Excel worksheet for Total Residual Chorine (TRC); (2) WQM 7.0 for Windows Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen Version 1.1 (WQM Model) and (3) Toxics using DEP Toxics Management Spreadsheet for Toxics pollutants.

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Refer to Section 6.1 for the modeling point nodes utilized for this facility.

5.3.1 Water Quality Modeling 7.0

The WQM Model is a computer model that is used to determine NPDES discharge effluent limitations for Carbonaceous BOD (CBOD5), Ammonia Nitrogen (NH3-N), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) for single and multiple point source discharges scenarios. WQM Model is a complete-mix model which means that the discharge flow and the stream flow are assumed to instantly and completely mixed at the discharge node.

WQM recommends effluent limits for DO, CBOD5, and NH₃-N in mg/l for the discharge(s) in the simulation.

Four types of limits may be recommended. The limits are

- (a) a minimum concentration for DO in the discharge as 30-day average;
- (b) a 30-day average concentration for CBOD5 in the discharge;
- (c) a 30-day average concentration for the NH₃-N in the discharge;
- (d) 24-hour average concentration for NH₃-N in the discharge.

The WQM Model requires several input values for calculating output values. The source of data originates from either EMAP, the National Map, or Stream Stats. Data for stream gauge information, if any, was abstracted from USGS Low-Flow, Base-Flow, and Mean-Flow Regression Equations for Pennsylvania Streams authored by Marla H. Stuckey (Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130).

The applicable WQM Effluent Limit Type are discussed in Section 6 under the corresponding parameter which is either DO, CBOD, or ammonia-nitrogen.

5.3.2 Toxics Modeling

The Toxics Management Spreadsheet model is a computer model that is used to determine effluent limitations for toxics (and other substances) for single discharge wasteload allocations. This computer model uses a mass-balance water quality analysis that includes consideration for mixing, first-order decay, and other factors used to determine recommended water quality-based effluent limits. Toxics Management Spreadsheet does not assume that all discharges completely mix with the stream. The point of compliance with water quality criteria are established using criteria compliance times (CCTs). The available CCTs are either acute fish criterion (AFC), chronic fish criterion (CFC), or human health criteria (THH & CRL).

Acute Fish Criterion (AFC) measures the criteria compliance time as either the maximum criteria compliance time (i.e.15 minutes travel time downstream of the current discharge) or the complete mix time whichever comes first. AFC is evaluated at Q710 conditions.

Chronic Fish Criterion (CFC) measures the criteria compliance time as either the maximum criteria compliance time (i.e. 12 hours travel time downstream of the current discharge) or the complete mix time whichever comes first. CFC is evaluated at Q710 conditions.

Threshold Human Health (THH) measures the criteria compliance time as either the maximum criteria compliance time (i.e. 12 hours travel time downstream of the current discharge) or the estimated travel time downstream to the nearest potable water supply intake whichever comes first. THH is evaluated at Q710 conditions.

Cancer Risk Level (CRL) measures the criteria compliance time as either the maximum criteria compliance time (i.e. 12 hours travel time downstream of the current discharge) or the complete mix time whichever comes first. CRL is evaluated at Qh (harmonic mean or normal flow) conditions.

The Toxics Model requires several input values for calculating output values. The source of data originates from either EMAP, the National Map, or Stream Stats. Data for stream gauge information, if any, was abstracted from USGS Low-Flow, Base-Flow, and Mean-Flow Regression Equations for Pennsylvania Streams authored by Marla H. Stuckey (Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130).

5.3.3 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET)

The facility is not subject to WET.

5.4 Total Maximum Daily Loading (TMDL)

5.4.1 TMDL

The goal of the Clean Water Act (CWA), which governs water pollution, is to ensure that all of the Nation's waters are clean and healthy enough to support aquatic life and recreation. To achieve this goal, the CWA created programs designed to regulate and reduce the amount of pollution entering United States waters. Section 303(d) of the CWA requires states to assess their waterbodies to identify those not meeting water quality standards. If a waterbody is not meeting standards, it is listed as impaired and reported to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The state then develops a plan to clean up the impaired waterbody. This plan includes the development of a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for the pollutant(s) that were found to be the cause of the water quality violations. A Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) calculates the maximum amount of a specific pollutant that a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards.

A TMDL for a given pollutant and waterbody is composed of the sum of individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources and natural background levels. In addition, the TMDL must include an implicit or explicit margin of safety (MOS) to account for the uncertainty in the relationship between pollutant loads and the quality of the receiving waterbody. The TMDL components are illustrated using the following equation:

TMDL =
$$\Sigma W L A s + \Sigma L A s + M O S$$

Pennsylvania has committed to restoring all impaired waters by developing TMDLs and TMDL alternatives for all impaired waterbodies. The TMDL serves as the starting point or planning tool for restoring water quality.

5.4.1.1 Local TMDL

The subject facility does not discharge into a local TMDL.

5.4.1.2 Chesapeake Bay TMDL Requirement

The Chesapeake Bay Watershed is a large ecosystem that encompasses approximately 64,000 square miles in Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New York and the District of Columbia. An ecosystem is composed of interrelated parts that interact with each other to form a whole. All of the plants and animals in an ecosystem depend on each other in some way. Every living thing needs a healthy ecosystem to survive. Human activities affect the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem by adding pollution, using resources and changing the character of the land.

Most of the Chesapeake Bay and many of its tidal tributaries have been listed as impaired under Section 303(d) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act"), 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d). While the Chesapeake Bay is outside the boundaries of Pennsylvania, more than half of the State lies within the watershed. Two major rivers in Pennsylvania are part of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed. They are (a) the Susquehanna River and (b) the Potomac River. These two rivers total 40 percent of the entire Chesapeake Bay watershed.

The overall management approach needed for reducing nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment are provided in the Bay TMDL document and the Phase I, II, and III WIPs which is described in the Bay TMDL document and Executive Order 13508.

The Bay TMDL is a comprehensive pollution reduction effort in the Chesapeake Bay watershed identifying the necessary pollution reductions of nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment across the seven Bay watershed jurisdictions of Delaware, Maryland, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia to meet applicable water quality standards in the Bay and its tidal waters.

The Watershed Implementation Plans (WIPs) provides objectives for how the jurisdictions in partnership with federal and local governments will achieve the Bay TMDL's nutrient and sediment allocations.

Phase 3 WIP provides an update on Chesapeake Bay TMDL implementation activities for point sources and DEP's current implementation strategy for wastewater. The latest revision of the supplement was September 13, 2021.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL (Appendix Q) categorizes point sources into four sectors:

- Sector A- significant sewage dischargers;
- Sector B- significant industrial waste (IW) dischargers;
- Sector C- non-significant dischargers (both sewage and IW facilities); and
- Sector D- combined sewer overflows (CSOs).

All sectors contain a listing of individual facilities with NPDES permits that were believed to be discharging at the time the TMDL was published (2010). All sectors with the exception of the non-significant dischargers have individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for TN and TP assigned to specific facilities. Non-significant dischargers have a bulk or aggregate allocation for TN and TP based on the facilities in that sector that were believed to be discharging at that time and their estimated nutrient loads.

Cap Loads will be established in permits as Net Annual TN and TP loads (lbs/yr) that apply during the period of October 1 – September 30. For facilities that have received Cap Loads in any other form, the Cap Loads will be modified accordingly when the permits are renewed.

Offsets have been incorporated into Cap Loads in several permits issued to date. From this point forward, permits will be issued with the WLAs as Cap Loads and will identify Offsets separately to facilitate nutrient trading activities and compliance with the TMDL.

Based upon the supplement the subject facility has been categorized as a Sector C discharger. The supplement defines Sector C as a non-significant dischargers include sewage facilities (Phase 4 facilities: ≥ 0.2 MGD and < 0.4 MGD and Phase 5 facilities: > 0.002 MGD and < 0.2 MGD), small flow/single residence sewage treatment facilities (≤ 0.002 MGD), and non-significant IW facilities, all of which may be covered by statewide General Permits or may have individual NPDES permits.

At this time, there are approximately 850 Phase 4 and 5 sewage facilities, approximately 715 small flow sewage treatment facilities covered by a statewide General Permit, and approximately 300 non-significant IW facilities.

For Phase 5 sewage facilities with individual permits (average annual design flow on August 29, 2005 > 0.002 MGD and < 0.2 MGD), DEP will issue individual permits with monitoring and reporting for TN and TP throughout the permit term at a frequency no less than annually, unless 1) the facility has already conducted at least two years of nutrient monitoring and 2) a summary of the monitoring results are included in the next permit's fact sheet. If, however, Phase 5 facilities choose to expand, the renewed or amended permits will contain Cap Loads based on the lesser of a) existing TN/TP concentrations at current design average annual flow or b) 7,306 lbs/yr TN and 974 lbs/yr TP.

If no data are available to determine existing concentrations for expanding Phase 4 or 5 facilities, default concentrations of 25 mg/l TN and 4 mg/l TP may be used (these are the average estimated concentrations of all non-significant sewage facilities).

DEP will not issue permits to existing Phase 4 and 5 facilities containing Cap Loads unless it is done on a broad scale or unless the facilities are expanding.

For new Phase 4 and 5 sewage discharges, in general DEP will issue new permits containing Cap Loads of "0" and new facilities will be expected to purchase credits and/or apply offsets to achieve compliance, with the exception of small flow and single residence facilities.

This facility is subject to Sector C monitoring requirements. Monitoring shall be required 1x/quarter for nitrogen species and phosphorus.

5.5 Anti-Degradation Requirement

Chapter 93.4a of the PA regulations requires that surface water of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may not be degraded below levels that protect the existing uses. The regulations specifically state that *Existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses shall be maintained and protected.* Antidegradation requirements are implemented through DEP's guidance manual entitled Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance (Document #391-0300-02).

The policy requires DEP to protect the existing uses of all surface waters and the existing quality of High Quality (HQ) and Exceptional Value (EV) Waters. Existing uses are protected when DEP makes a final decision on any permit or approval for an activity that may affect a protected use. Existing uses are protected based upon DEP's evaluation of the best available information (which satisfies DEP protocols and Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures) that indicates the protected use of the waterbody.

For a new, additional, or increased point source discharge to an HQ or EV water, the person proposing the discharge is required to utilize a nondischarge alternative that is cost-effective and environmentally sound when compared with the cost of the proposed discharge. If a nondischarge alternative is not cost-effective and environmentally sound, the person must use the best available combination of treatment, pollution prevention, and wastewater reuse technologies and assure that any discharge is nondegrading. In the case of HQ waters, DEP may find that after satisfaction of intergovernmental coordination and public participation requirements lower water quality is necessary to accommodate important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are located. In addition, DEP will assure that cost-effective and reasonable best management practices for nonpoint source control in HQ and EV waters are achieved.

The subject facility's discharge will be to a non-special protection waters and the permit conditions are imposed to protect existing instream water quality and uses. Neither HQ waters or EV waters is impacted by this discharge.

5.6 Anti-Backsliding

Anti-backsliding is a federal regulation which prohibits a permit from being renewed, reissued, or modified containing effluent limitations which are less stringent than the comparable effluent limitations in the previous permit (40 CFR 122.I.1 and 40 CFR 122.I.2). A review of the existing permit limitations with the proposed permit limitations confirm that the facility is consistent with anti-backsliding requirements. The facility has proposed effluent limitations that are as stringent as the existing permit.

6.0 NPDES Parameter Details

The basis for the proposed sampling and their monitoring frequency that will appear in the permit for each individual parameter are itemized in this Section. The final limits are the more stringent of technology based effluent treatment (TBEL) requirements, water quality based (WQBEL) limits, TMDL, antidegradation, anti-degradation, or WET.

The reader will find in this section:

- a) a justification of recommended permit monitoring requirements and limitations for each parameter in the proposed NPDES permit;
- b) a summary of changes from the existing NPDES permit to the proposed permit; and
- c) a summary of the proposed NPDES effluent limits.

6.1 Recommended Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations

A 6-mile segment of Dunning Creek includes a total of four dischargers (one industrial waste facility and three minor sewage discharge facilities). Hillside Terrace MHB which was modelled in previous renewals has been abandoned. The four dischargers were modeled to determine the impacts of each of the dischargers on the next downstream discharger. The previous renewal modeled the discharge individually and did not review impacts to the upstream and downstream dischargers.

Tabulated below are assumptions used for the model

- Drainage area Q710, and low flow yield were abstracted from the web based Stream Stats program. The annual average flow rate utilized was the highest flow rate among the years 2019, 2020, or 2021. The flow rate was collected either from DMR data download data or the flow rate reported on the NPDES application.
- Consistent with DEP guidance documents, a default discharge temperature of 20 C was used.
- The discharge pH input into the model was the average of the most recent 12 months of DMR data (i.e. June/July 2021 to May/June 2022).

The table summarizes data inputs into the water quality modeling program.

Node Point	Facility	Latitude	Longitude	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (mi²)	Q710 (ft ³ /s)	Low Flow Yield	Annual Average Flow Rate (MGD)	Discharge Temp (C)	Discharge pH
1	Reynoldsdale FH	40.15602	-78.56965	14586	Dunning Creek	14.8	1112	57.5	1.5	0.0261	1.850	20	6.93
2	East St. Clair Stone Creek	40.14599	-78.5622	14586	Dunning Creek	13.9	1097	59.4	1.57	0.0264	0.042	20	7.59
3	East St. Clair Fishertown	40.11285	-78.55725	14586	Dunning Creek	10.4	1085	146	4.85	0.0332	0.057	20	7.70
4	Chestnut Ridge	40.10476	-78.53375	14586	Dunning Creek	8.9	1071	150	4.98	0.0332	0.546	20	6.92
5		40.0923	-78.51096	14586	Dunning Creek	7.26	1063	164	5.52	0.0337			
6		40.0717	-78.49519	14586	Dunning Creek	4.9	1055	172	5.91	0.0344			

Modeling with the highest annual average flow rate represents a worst-case scenario using reasonable flow rates.

For Reynoldsdale Fish Hatchery, the WQM Part 2 permit limits average annual flow to 1.44 MGD and the design hydraulic capacity at 1.6 MGD. The average annual design flow in 2019 was 1.85 MGD. This exceeds their permit limit. DEP will be coordinating with the facility on a re-rate. The effluent limits for CBOD and ammonia-nitrogen shall be reduced slightly. Seasonal limits shall apply. DMR data from July 2021 to June 2022 show the maximum monthly average CBOD and ammonia nitrogen were 7 mg/l and 1.5 mg/l, respectively. The facility should be able to meet their effluent limits.

East St. Clair Stone Creek and East St. Clair Fishertown appear to be unaffected.

Chestnut Ridge will reduce CBOD to 20 mg/l and ammonia nitrogen to 7 mg/l. DMR data from July 2021 to June 2022 confirm that the facility shall not have issues with meeting the reduced effluent limits. The maximum monthly average CBOD and ammonia nitrogen were 5.4 mg/l and <2.7 mg/l, respectively.

The effluent limits for CBOD and ammonia nitrogen are in the table. Both current limits and proposed limits are summarized.

		Current Effl	uent Limits		
Parameter	Units	Reynoldsdale FH	ESC Stone Creek	ESC Fishertown	Chestnut Ridge
CBOD (5/1 - 10/31)	mg/l	8	25	25	25
CBOD (11/1 - 4/30)	mg/l	16	25	25	25
Ammonia (5/1 - 10/31)	mg/l	2.5			8.5
Ammonia (11/1 - 4/30)	mg/l	7.5			
		Proposed Eff	luent Limits		
Parameter	Units	Reynoldsdale FH	ESC Stone Creek	ESC Fishertown	Chestnut Ridge
CBOD (5/1 - 10/31)	mg/l	7	25	25	20
CBOD (11/1 - 4/30)	mg/l	14	25	25	20
Ammonia (5/1 - 10/31)	mg/l	2			7
Ammonia (11/1 - 4/30)	mg/l	6			21

A summary of the recommended monitoring requirements and effluent limitations are itemized in the tables. The tables are categorized by (a) Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection, (b) Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus, and (c) Toxics.

The mass loadings were based upon a flow rate of 0.112 MGD. Water quality modeling was based upon a flow rate of 0.057 MGD.

A summary of the recommended monitoring requirements and effluent limitations are itemized in the tables. The tables are categorized by (a) Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection, (b) Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus, and (c) Toxics.

6.1.1 Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection

	Summary of	f Proposed NF	PDES Parameter Details for Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection			
		E	East St. Clair- Fishertown WWTP; PA0082694			
Parameter	Permit Limitation Required by ¹ :	Recommendation				
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be daily as a grab sample (Table 6-3).			
pH (S.U.)	TBEL	Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits may range from pH = 6.0 to 9.0			
pi (0.0.)	IDEL	Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 95.2(1).			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be daily as a grab sample (Table 6-3).			
Dissolved	BPJ	Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall be greater than 5.0 mg/l.			
Oxygen	DI 0	Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by best professional judgement.			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a 24-hr composite sample (Table 6-3).			
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall not exceed 23.4 lbs/day and 25 mg/l as an average monthly.			
CBOD	TBEL	Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(1). WQM modeling indicates that the TBEL is more stringent than the WQBEL. Thus, the permit limit is confined to TBEL.			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a 24-hr composite sample (Table 6-3).			
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall not exceed 28 lbs/day and 30 mg/l as an average monthly.			
TSS	TBEL	Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(1). While there is no WQM modeling for this parameter, the permit limit for TSS is generally assigned similar effluent limits as CBOD or BOD. Since the TBEL is more stringent than TBEL, TBEL will apply.			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency is 1/day. The facility will be required to recording the UV intensity.			
UV		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.			
disinfection	SOP	Rationale:	Consistent with the SOP- Establishing Effluent Limitations for Individual Sewage Permits (Revised January 10, 2019), the facility will be required to have routine monitoring for UV transmittance, UV dosage, or UV intensity.			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a grab sample (Table 6-3).			
Fecal Coliform	TBEL	Effluent Limit:	Summer effluent limits shall not exceed 200 No./100 mL as a geometric mean. Winter effluent limits shall not exceed 2000 No./100 mL as a geometric mean.			
Comonii		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(4) and 92a.47(a)(5).			
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a grab sample (SOP).			
	SOP; Chapter	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.			
E. Coli	92a.61	Rationale:	Consistent with the SOP- Establishing Effluent Limitations for Individual Sewage Permits (Revised March 22, 2019) and under the authority of Chapter 92a.61, the facility will be required to monitor for E.Coli.			

¹ The NPDES permit was limited by (a) anti-Backsliding, (b) Anti-Degradation, (c) SOP, (d) TBEL, (e) TMDL, (f) WQBEL, (g) WET, or (h) Other

² Monitoring frequency based on flow rate of 0.112 MGD.

³ Table 6-3 (Self Monitoring Requirements for Sewage Discharges) in Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations and Other Permit Conditions in NPDES Permits) (Document # 362-0400-001) Revised 10/97

⁴ Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance (Document # 391-0300-002)

⁵ Chesapeake Bay Phase 3 Watershed Implementation Plan Wastewater Supplement, Revised September 13, 2021

6.1.2 Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus

Summary of Proposed NPDES Parameter Details for Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus

East St. Clair- Fishertown WWTP: PA0082694

			East St. Clair- Fishertown WW IP; PA0082694
Parameter	Permit Limitation Required by ¹ :		Recommendation
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a 24-hr composite sample
Ammonia-	BPJ	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
Nitrogen	Nitrogen		Due to several dischargers on the Dunning Creek stream segment, monitoring shall be at least 1x/quarter.
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a 24-hr composite sample
Nitrate-	Chesapeake Bay	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
Nitrite as N	TMDL	Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 1x/quarter.
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a calculation
Total	Chesapeake Bay	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
Nitrogen	TMDL	Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 1x/quarter.
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a 24-hr composite sample
TKN	Chesapeake Bay	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
IKN	TMDL	Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 1x/quarter.
		Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a 24-hr composite sample
Total	Chesapeake Bay	Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
Phosphorus	TMDL	Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 1x/quarter.
Notes:			

¹ The NPDES permit was limited by (a) anti-Backsliding, (b) Anti-Degradation, (c) SOP, (d) TBEL, (e) TMDL, (f) WQBEL, (g) WET, or (h) Other

6.1.3.1 Implementation of Regulation- Chapter 92a.61

Chapter 92a.61 provides provisions to DEP to monitor for pollutants that may have an impact on the quality of waters of the Commonwealth. Based upon DEP policy directives issued on March 22, 2021 and in conjunction with EPA's 2017 Triennial Review, monitoring for E. Coli shall be required.

6.2 Summary of Changes From Existing Permit to Proposed Permit

A summary of how the proposed NPDES permit differs from the existing NPDES permit is summarized as follows.

Due to the EPA Triennial review, monitoring for E. Coli shall be 1x/quarter.

² Monitoring frequency based on flow rate of 0.112 MGD.

³ Table 6-3 (Self Monitoring Requirements for Sewage Discharges) in Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations and Other Permit Conditions in NPDES Permits) (Document # 362-0400-001) Revised 10/97

⁴ Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance (Document # 391-0300-002)

⁵ Chesapeake Bay Phase 3 Watershed Implementation Plan Wastewater Supplement, Revised September 13, 2021

6.3.1 Summary of Proposed NPDES Effluent Limits

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

The proposed NPDES effluent limitations are summarized in the table below.

PART	A - EFFLUENT LIMITA	ATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
I. A.	For Outfall 001	_, Latitude _40° 6' 55.00" _, Longitude _78° 33' 27.50" _, River Mile Index _10.4 _, Stream Code _14586
	Receiving Waters:	Dunning Creek
	Type of Effluent:	Sewage Effluent

- 1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.
- Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements and Footnotes).

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units (lbs/day) (1)			Concentrat	ions (mg/L)		Minimum (2)	Required
Farameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	5.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	23.4	37.4	XXX	25.0	40.0	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5) Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	28.0	42.0	XXX	30.0	45.0	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab
E. Coli (No./100 ml)	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Daily Max	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

					Effluent Limitations				
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrat	Minimum (2)	Required			
Parameter	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
Ultraviolet light intensity									
(mW/cm²)	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Recorded	
	Report			Report				24-Hr	
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
	Report			Report					
Total Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Calculation	
	Report			Report				24-Hr	
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
	Report			Report				24-Hr	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	
	Report			Report				24-Hr	
Total Phosphorus	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	Avg Qrtly	XXX	XXX	1/quarter	Composite	

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

6.3.2 Summary of Proposed Permit Part C Conditions

The subject facility has the following Part C conditions.

- Hauled-in Waste Restrictions
- Chesapeake Bay Nutrient Definitions
- Solids Management for Lagoons

	Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
<u> </u>	
	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment)
	Toxics Management Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.
	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 391-2000-007, 6/2004.
	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 391-2000-008, 10/1997.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.
	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.
	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.
	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.
	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.
	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.
	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.
	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.
	Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.
	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.
	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.
	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
\boxtimes	SOP: New and Reissuance Sewage Individual NPDES Permit Applications, rev 2/3/2022
	Other:

Attachment A Stream Stats/Gauge Data

Table 1 13

Table 1. List of U.S. Geological Survey streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania with updated streamflow statistics.—Continued [Latitude and Longitude in decimal degrees; mi², square miles]

Streamgage number	Streamgage name	Latitude	Longitude	Drainage area (mi²)	Regulated ¹
01541303	West Branch Susquehanna River at Hyde, Pa.	41.005	-78.457	474	Y
01541308	Bradley Run near Ashville, Pa.	40.509	-78.584	6.77	N
01541500	Clearfield Creek at Dimeling, Pa.	40.972	-78.406	371	Y
01542000	Moshannon Creek at Osceola Mills, Pa.	40.850	-78.268	68.8	N
01542500	WB Susquehanna River at Karthaus, Pa.	41.118	-78.109	1,462	Y
01542810	Waldy Run near Emporium, Pa.	41.579	-78.293	5.24	N
01543000	Driftwood Branch Sinnemahoning Creek at Sterling Run, Pa.	41.413	-78.197	272	N
01543500	Sinnemahoning Creek at Sinnemahoning, Pa.	41.317	-78.103	685	N
01544000	First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek near Sinnemahoning, Pa.	41.402	-78.024	245	Y
01544500	Kettle Creek at Cross Fork, Pa.	41.476	-77.826	136	N
01545000	Kettle Creek near Westport, Pa.	41.320	-77.874	233	Y
01545500	West Branch Susquehanna River at Renovo, Pa.	41.325	-77.751	2,975	Y
01545600	Young Womans Creek near Renovo, Pa.	41.390	-77.691	46.2	N
01546000	North Bald Eagle Creek at Milesburg, Pa.	40.942	-77.794	119	N
01546400	Spring Creek at Houserville, Pa.	40.834	-77.828	58.5	N
01546500	Spring Creek near Axemann, Pa.	40.890	-77.794	87.2	N
01547100	Spring Creek at Milesburg, Pa.	40.932	-77.786	142	N
01547200	Bald Eagle Creek below Spring Creek at Milesburg, Pa.	40.943	-77.786	265	N
01547500	Bald Eagle Creek at Blanchard, Pa.	41.052	-77.604	339	Y
01547700	Marsh Creek at Blanchard. Pa.	41.060	-77.606	44.1	N
01547800	South Fork Beech Creek near Snow Shoe, Pa.	41.024	-77.904	12.2	N
01547950	Beech Creek at Monument, Pa.	41.112	-77.702	152	N
01548005	Bald Eagle Creek near Beech Creek Station, Pa.	41.081	-77.549	562	Y
01548500	Pine Creek at Cedar Run. Pa.	41.522	-77.447	604	N
01549000	Pine Creek near Waterville, Pa.	41.313	-77.379	750	N
01549500	Blockhouse Creek near English Center, Pa.	41.474	-77.231	37.7	N
01549700	Pine Creek below Little Pine Creek near Waterville, Pa.	41.274	-77.324	944	Y
01550000	Lycoming Creek near Trout Run, Pa.	41.418	-77.033	173	N
01551500	WB Susquehanna River at Williamsport, Pa.	41.236	-76.997	5,682	Y
01552000	Loyalsock Creek at Loyalsockville, Pa.	41.325	-76.912	435	N
01552500	Muncy Creek near Sonestown, Pa.	41.357	-76.535	23.8	N
01553130	Sand Spring Run near White Deer, Pa.	41.059	-77.077	4.93	N
01553500	West Branch Susquehanna River at Lewisburg, Pa.	40.968	-76.876	6,847	Y
01553700	Chillisquaque Creek at Washingtonville, Pa.	41.062	-76.680	51.3	N
01554000	Susquehanna River at Sunbury, Pa.	40.835	-76.827	18,300	Y
01554500	Shamokin Creek near Shamokin, Pa.	40.810	-76.584	54.2	N
01555000	Penns Creek at Penns Creek, Pa.	40.867	-77.048	301	N
01555500	East Mahantango Creek near Dalmatia, Pa.	40.611	-76.912	162	N
01556000	Frankstown Branch Juniata River at Williamsburg, Pa.	40.463	-78.200	291	N
01557500	Bald Eagle Creek at Tyrone, Pa.	40.684	-78.234	44.1	N
01558000	Little Juniata River at Spruce Creek, Pa.	40.613	-78.141	220	N
01559000	Juniata River at Huntingdon, Pa.	40.485	-78.019	816	LF
01559500	Standing Stone Creek near Huntingdon, Pa.	40.524	-77.971	128	N
01559700	Sulphur Springs Creek near Manns Choice, Pa.	39.978	-78.619	5.28	N
01560000	Dunning Creek at Belden, Pa.	40.072	-78.493	172	N

26 Selected Streamflow Statistics for Streamgage Locations in and near Pennsylvania

Table 2. Selected low-flow statistics for streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania.—Continued [ft³/s; cubic feet per second; —, statistic not computed; <, less than]

Streamgage number	Period of record used in analysis¹	Number of years used in analysis	1-day, 10-year (ft³/s)	7-day, 10-year (ft³/s)	7-day, 2-year (ft³/s)	30-day, 10-year (ft³/s)	30-day, 2-year (ft³/s)	90-day, 10-year (ft³/s)
01546000	1912–1934	17	1.8	2.2	6.8	3.7	12.1	11.2
01546400	1986-2008	23	13.5	14.0	19.6	15.4	22.3	18.7
01546500	1942-2008	67	26.8	29.0	41.3	31.2	44.2	33.7
01547100	1969-2008	40	102	105	128	111	133	117
01547200	1957-2008	52	99.4	101	132	106	142	115
01547500	21971-2008	38	28.2	109	151	131	172	153
01547500	31956-1969	14	90.0	94.9	123	98.1	131	105
01547700	1957-2008	52	.5	.6	2.7	1.1	3.9	2.2
01547800	1971-1981	11	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.9	3.5
01547950	1970-2008	39	12.1	13.6	28.2	17.3	36.4	23.5
01548005	² 1971–2000	25	142	151	206	178	241	223
01548005	31912-1969	58	105	114	147	125	165	140
01548500	1920-2008	89	21.2	24.2	50.1	33.6	68.6	49.
01549000	1910-1920	11	26.0	32.9	78.0	46.4	106	89.
01549500	1942-2008	67	.6	.8	2.5	1.4	3.9	2.
01549700	1959-2008	50	33.3	37.2	83.8	51.2	117	78.
01550000	1915-2008	94	6.6	7.6	16.8	11.2	24.6	18.
01551500	² 1963-2008	46	520	578	1,020	678	1,330	919
01551500	31901-1961	61	400	439	742	523	943	752
01552000	1927–2008	80	20.5	22.2	49.5	29.2	69.8	49.
01552500	1942-2008	67	.9	1.2	3.1	1.7	4.4	3.
01553130	1969-1981	13	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.
01553500	21968-2008	41	760	838	1,440	1,000	1,850	1,470
01553500	31941-1966	26	562	619	880	690	1,090	881
01553700	1981-2008	28	9.1	10.9	15.0	12.6	17.1	15.
01554000	² 1981–2008	28	1,830	1,990	3,270	2,320	4,210	3,160
01554000	³ 1939–1979	41	1,560	1,630	2,870	1,880	3,620	2,570
01554500	1941–1993	53	16.2	22.0	31.2	25.9	35.7	31.
01555000	1931-2008	78	33.5	37.6	58.8	43.4	69.6	54.
01555500	1931–2008	78	4.9	6.5	18.0	9.4	24.3	16.
01556000	1918–2008	91	43.3	47.8	66.0	55.1	75.0	63.
01557500	1946-2008	63	2.8	3.2	6.3	4.2	8.1	5.
01558000	1940-2008	69	56.3	59.0	79.8	65.7	86.2	73.
01559000	1943-2008	66	104	177	249	198	279	227
01559500	1931-1958	28	9.3	10.5	15.0	12.4	17.8	15.
01559700	1963-1978	16	.1	.1	.2	.1	.3	-
01560000	1941-2008	68	8.5	9.4	15.6	12.0	20.2	16.
01561000	1932-1958	27	.4	.5	1.6	.8	2.5	1.
01562000	1913–2008	96	64.1	67.1	106	77.4	122	94.
01562500	1931–1957	27	1.1	1.6	3.8	2.3	5.4	3.
01563200	² 1974–2008	35	_	_	_	112	266	129
01563200	³ 1948–1972	25	10.3	28.2	86.1	64.5	113	95.
	21974-2008	35	384	415	510	441	580	403
01563500 01563500	² 1974–2008 ³ 1939–1972	35 34	384 153	415 242	519 343	441 278	580 399	493 333

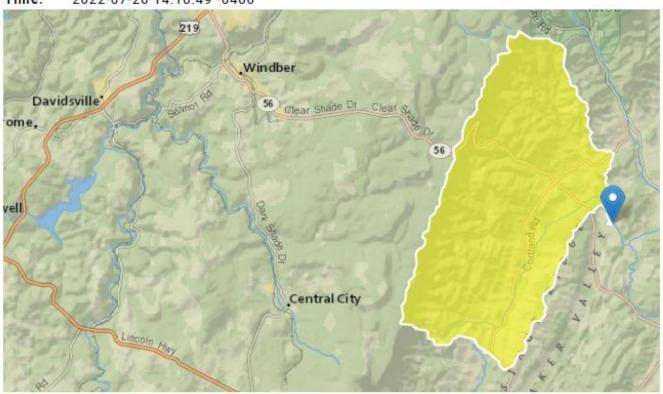
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Dunning Creek- Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East. St. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #1 July 2022

Collapse All

> Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	0.28	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	57.5	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	3.9	feet

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.22	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (57.5 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	57.5	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.22	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	3.9	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	0.28	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (57.5 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	3.65	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	5.25	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	1.5	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	2.22	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	3.83	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

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Application Version: 4.10.1

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

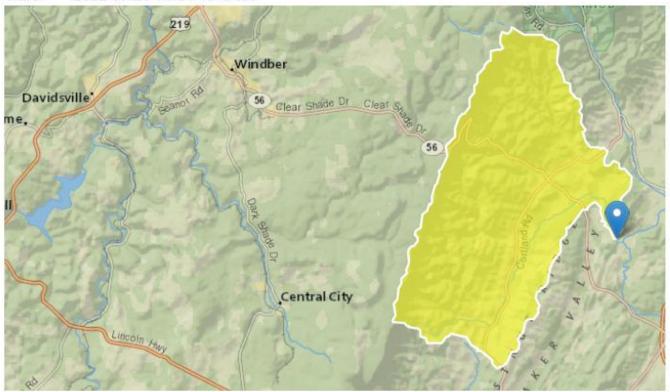
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Dunning Creek- Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East. St. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #2 July 2022

Collapse All

> Basin Characteristics

Parameter Description	Value	Unit
Percentage of area of carbonate rock	0.27	percent
Area that drains to a point on a stream	59.4	square miles
Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches
Depth to rock	3.9	feet
	Percentage of area of carbonate rock Area that drains to a point on a stream Mean Annual Precipitation	Percentage of area of carbonate rock 0.27 Area that drains to a point on a stream 59.4 Mean Annual Precipitation 39

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.21	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (59.4 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	59.4	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.21	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	3.9	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	0.27	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (59.4 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	3.8	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	5.46	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	1.57	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	2.31	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	3.99	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

StreamStats Report

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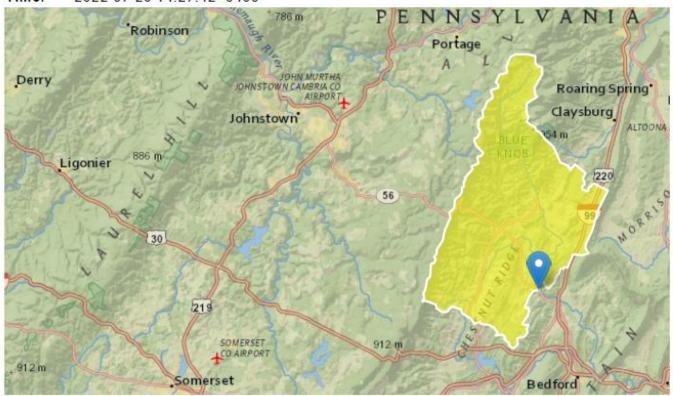
ROCKDEP

Depth to rock

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Dunning Creek- Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East. St. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #3 July 2022

Collapse All

Basin Characteristics Parameter Value Unit Code Parameter Description CARBON Percentage of area of carbonate rock 2.75 percent DRNAREA Area that drains to a point on a stream 146 square miles PRECIP Mean Annual Precipitation 39 inches

4

feet

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.29	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (146 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	146	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.29	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	2.75	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (146 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	10.7	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	15	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	4.85	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	6.92	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	11.3	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

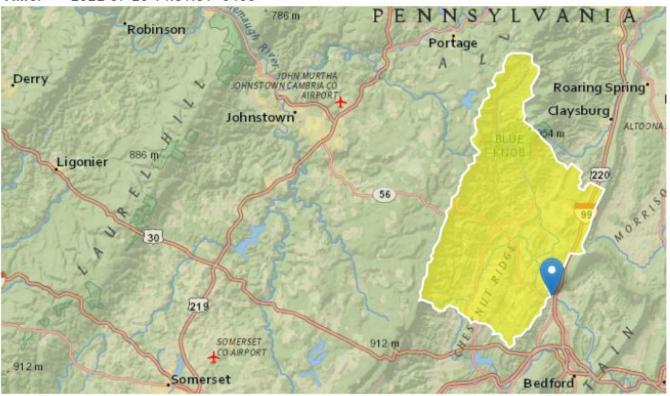
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Dunning Creek-Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East. St. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #4 July 2022

Collapse All

arameter			
Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	2.68	percent
RNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	150	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.3	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (150 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	150	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.3	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	2.68	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (150 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	11	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	15.4	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	4.98	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	7.1	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	11.6	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

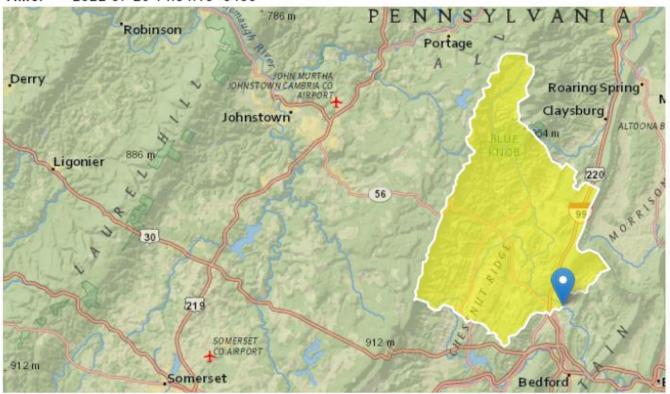
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Dunning Creek- Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East. St. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #5 July 2022

Collapse All

arameter			
Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	3.13	percent
RNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	164	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.32	miles per square mile

> Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (164 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	164	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.32	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	3.13	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (164 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	12.1	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	16.9	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	5.52	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	7.85	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	12.7	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

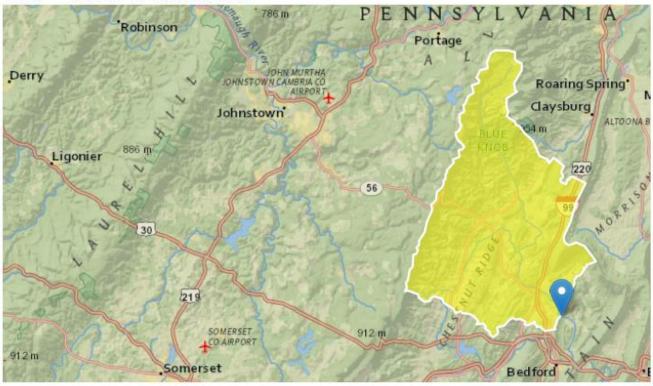
StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA

Workspace ID: PA20220727170625220000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.07170, -78.49519

Time: 2022-07-27 13:06:49 -0400



Dunning Creek - Modeling for Reynoldsdale, East ST. Clair Stone Creek/Fishertown, Chestnut Ridge Modeling Point #6 July 2022

Collapse All

arameter			
Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	4.47	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	172	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4	feet

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
STRDEN	Stream Density total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.34	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (172 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	172	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	39	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.34	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	4.47	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (172 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	12.9	ft^3/s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	17.9	ft^3/s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	5.91	ft^3/s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	8.39	ft^3/s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	13.5	ft^3/s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H.,2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/)

Attachment B

WQM 7.0 Modeling Output Values
Toxics Management Spreadsheet Output
Values

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

	SWP Basin Stream Code			Stream Name				
	11C 1	4586		DUNNING CRE	EK			
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
14.800	Reynolsdale	PA0044059-1	1.850	CBOD5	6.62			
				NH3-N	1.99	3.98		
				Dissolved Oxygen			5	
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
13.900 STONEC	STONECREEK	PA0082732-2	0.042	CBOD5	25			
				NH3-N	20.26	40.52		
				Dissolved Oxygen			5	
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
10.400	EST Fishertown	PA0082694-3	0.057	CBOD5	25			
				NH3-N	25	50		
				Dissolved Oxygen			5	
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
8.900	CHESTNUT	PA0087661-4	0.546	CBOD5	20.1			
				NH3-N	7.03	14.06		
				Dissolved Oxygen			5	

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name
11C	14586	DUNNING CREEK

NH3-N Acute Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
14.800	Reynolsdale	15.29	22.51	15.29	22.51	0	0
13.900	STONECREEK	11.13	50	15.21	50	0	0
10.400	EST Fishertown	11.1	50	13.5	50	0	0
8.900	CHESTNUT	12.04	50	13.88	50	0	0
7.260)	NA	NA	13.72	NA	NA	NA

NH3-N Chronic Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
14.80	0 Reynolsdale	1.68	2.81	1.68	2.81	0	0
13.90	0 STONECREEK	1.38	25	1.68	25	0	0
10.40	0 EST Fishertown	1.37	25	1.54	25	0	0
8.90	0 CHESTNUT	1.43	11.31	1.57	11.31	0	0
7.26	0	NA	NA	1.56	NA	NA	NA

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

		CBC	DD5	NH	3-N	Dissolve	d Oxygen	Critical	Percent
RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Reach	Reduction
14.80	Reynolsdale	7.72	6.62	2.32	1.99	5	5	2	14
13.90	STONECREEK	25	25	25	20.26	5	5	2	14
10.40	EST Fishertown	25	25	25	25	5	5	0	0
8.90	CHESTNUT	20.1	20.1	7.03	7.03	5	5	0	0
7.26		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

	SWP Basir			Stre	eam Name		RMI		ation t)	Drainage Area (sq mi)		With	WS hdrawal mgd)	Appl FC
	11C	145	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		14.80	00 1	112.00	57.	50 0.00	0000	0.00	✓
					St	ream Da	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tem	Tributary	Н	<u>Stre</u> Temp	<u>am</u> pH	
conu.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.026	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00) 2	5.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	
					D	ischarge	Data							
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flow	Res / Fa	erve T	Disc emp (°C)	Disc pH		
		Reyn	olsdale	PAG	0044059-1	1.850	0 1.850	00 1.85	00	0.000	20.00	6.93		
					Pa	arameter	Data							
			ı	Paramete	r Name	C	Conc C	Conc	tream Conc	Fate Coef				
	_					(n	ng/L) (n	ng/L) ((mg/L)	(1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50)			
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00)			
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70)			

	SWP Basin			Stre	eam Name		RMI		ation ft)	Drainag Area (sq mi		Slope (ft/ft)	PW Withd (mg	rawal	Apply FC
	11C	145	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		13.90	00 1	097.00	59	9.40 0.	.00000		0.00	✓
					St	ream Dat	ta								
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Ten	<u>Tributar</u> np	<u>У</u> pH	Tem	Strean np	n pH	
Condi	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C	:)		(°C	:)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.026	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00) 2	5.00	7.00		0.00	0.00	
					Di	scharge	Data]	
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitt Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flov	Res	serve actor	Disc Temp (°C)		sc H		
		STO	NECREEK	PAG	0082732-2	0.042	0 0.042	20 0.04	120	0.000	20.0	00	7.59		
					Pa	arameter	Data								
				Paramete	r Name			Trib S Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef					
						(m	ng/L) (r	ng/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days	3)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.5	50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.0	00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.7	70				

	SWP Basin			Stre	eam Name		RMI		ation	Drainage Area (sq mi)		ope V/ft)	PWS /ithdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
	11C	145	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		10.40	00 10	085.00	146.	0.0 0.0	0000	0.00	✓
					St	ream Da	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Ten	Tributary	Н	<u>St</u> Temp	<u>ream</u> pH	
conu.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.033	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00) 2	5.00	7.00	0.0	0 0.00)
					Di	ischarge	Data							
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flow	Res Fa	erve T	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH		
		EST	Fishertown	PAG	0082694-3	0.057	0 0.057	70 0.05	570	0.000	20.00	7.	70	
					Pa	arameter	Data							
			ı	Paramete	r Name				Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
	_					(n	ng/L) (n	ng/L) ((mg/L)	(1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50)			
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00)			
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70)			

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					inp	ut Data	a WQI	// /.0						
	SWP Basir			Stre	eam Name		RMI		vation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PW Withd (mg	Irawal	Apply FC
	11C	14	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		8.90	00	1071.00	150.00	0.00000)	0.00	✓
					St	ream Dat	a							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth		<u>Tributary</u> p pH	Ten	<u>Strean</u> np	n pH	
Contai	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C))	(°C	()		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.033	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0.0	00 25	5.00 7.0	00	0.00	0.00	
					D	ischarge	Data]	
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Dis Flo	c Res	Dis erve Ten ctor (°C	np p	isc pH		
		CHE	STNUT	PA	0087661-4	0.546	0 0.546	0.5	5460 (0.000 2	20.00	6.92		
					P	arameter	Data							
				Paramete	r Name			Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
						(m	ng/L) (n	ng/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)		_		
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

					inp	ut Dat	a w Q	VI 7.U						
	SWF Basii			Stre	eam Name		RMI		vation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	Withd	VS Irawal gd)	Appl FC
	11C	145	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		7.2	60	1063.00	164.00	0.000	00	0.00	•
					St	tream Da	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tem	<u>Tributary</u> np pH	Т	<u>Strear</u> emp	m pH	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(℃)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.034	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.0	00 2	5.00 7	.00	0.00	0.00	
					D	ischarge	Data]	
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitt Disc Flow (mgd	Dis Flo	c Res	erve Te ctor	isc mp C)	Disc pH		
						0.000	0.000	0.0	0000	0.000	0.00	7.00		
					P	arameter	Data							
				Paramete	r Nama			Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef				
				raiamete	i ivallic	(n	ng/L) (r	mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				

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					шр	ut Dat	u m Qii	11 7.0						
	SWP Basin			Stre	eam Name		RMI	Eleva (fi		Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slop (ft/f	Withd	/S Irawal gd)	Apply FC
	11C	145	586 DUNN	ING CRE	EK		4.90	00 10	055.00	172.0	0.00	0000	0.00	•
					St	ream Dat	ta							
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tem	Tributary p pl	4	<u>Strear</u> Temp	n pH	
Cond.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.034	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	2	5.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	
					Di	ischarge	Data]	
			Name	Per	mit Numbe	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Disc Flow	Res Fa	erve Te	oisc emp °C)	Disc pH		
						0.000	0.000	0.00	00 (0.000	0.00	7.00		
					Pa	arameter	Data							
				Paramete	r Name	C	onc C	Conc	tream Conc	Fate Coef				
	_					(n	ng/L) (n	ng/L) (mg/L)	(1/days)				
			CBOD5				25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70				
													-	

Tuesday, August 2, 2022

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WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin Str	ream Code			Stream Name	
11C	14586			UNNING CREEK	
RMI	Total Discharge	Flow (mgd) Anai	lysis Temperature (°C	Analysis pH
14.800	1.85	0		21.720	6.953
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De	oth (ft)		Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
33.915	0.68	D		49.889	0.189
Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Reach Kc (1/days)	R	each NH3-N (mg/L)	Reach Kn (1/days)
5.03	0.34			1.30	0.799
Reach DO (mg/L)	Reach Kr (Kr Equation	Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
6.116	5.91	2		Tsivoglou	5
Reach Travel Time (days) 0.291	TravTime (days)	Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Results NH3-N (mg/L)	D.O. (mg/L)	
	0.029	4.98	1.27	6.35	
	0.058	4.92	1.24	6.55	
	0.087	4.87	1.22	6.73	
	0.116	4.82	1.19	6.88	
	0.145	4.77	1.16	7.01	
	0.174	4.72	1.13	7.12	
	0.203	4.67	1.11	7.22	
	0.233	4.62	1.08	7.31	
	0.262	4.57	1.06	7.38	
	0.291	4.52	1.03	7.45	
<u>RMI</u>	Total Discharge	Flow (mgd) Anal	lysis Temperature (°C)	Analysis pH
13.900	1.893	2		21.732	6.958
Reach Width (ft)	Reach De	pth (ft)		Reach WDRatio	Reach Velocity (fps)
37.414	0.71	_		52.265	0.167
Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Reach Kc (R	each NH3-N (mq/L)	Reach Kn (1/days)
4.79	0.36			1.30	0.800
Reach DO (mg/L)	Reach Kr (Kr Equation	Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
7.422	1.07	5		Tsivoglou	5
Reach Travel Time (days) 1.279	TravTime		Results NH3-N	D.O.	
	(days)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	
	0.128	4.55	1.17	6.74	
	0.256	4.33	1.06	6.21	
	0.384	4.12	0.96	5.82	
	0.512	3.91	0.86	5.53	
	0.640	3.72	0.78	5.33	
	0.768	3.54	0.70	5.20	
	0.896	3.36	0.64	5.14	
	1.023	3.20	0.57	5.12	
	1.151	3.04	0.52	5.15	
	1.279	2.89	0.47	5.20	

Version 1.1

Tuesday, August 2, 2022

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WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin S	tream Code 14586			Stream Name OUNNING CREEK	
RMI	Total Discharge) Anal	ysis Temperature (°C)	Analysis pH
10.400 Reach Width (ft)	1.94			22.974	6.978
48.404	Reach De 0.77			Reach WDRatio 62.376	Reach Velocity (fps) 0.198
Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Reach Kc (R	each NH3-N (mg/L)	Reach Kn (1/days)
2.81	0.30		15	0.58	0.880
Reach DO (mg/L)	Reach Kr (-		Kr Equation	Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
6.374	3.57			Tsivoglou	5
Reach Travel Time (days)		Subreach	Results		
0.463	TravTime (days)		NH3-N (mg/L)	D.O. (mg/L)	
	0.046	2.76	0.55	6.57	
	0.093	2.72	0.53	6.73	
	0.139	2.68	0.51	6.88	
	0.185	2.63	0.49	7.01	
	0.231	2.59	0.47	7.12	
	0.278	2.55	0.45	7.22	
	0.324	2.51	0.43	7.31	
	0.370	2.47	0.42	7.39	
	0.570				
	0.416	2.43	0.40	7.46	
		2.43 2.39	0.40 0.38	7.46 7.53	
RMI	0.416	2.39	0.38		Analysis pH
	0.416 0.463	2.39 Flow (mgd	0.38	7.53	Analysis pH 6.972
	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge	2.39 Flow (mgd	0.38	7.53	
8.900	0.416 0.463 <u>Total Discharge</u> 2.49	2.39 Flow (mgd 5 pth (ft)	0.38	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708	6.972
8.900 Reach Width (ft)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De	2.39 Flow (mgd 5 pth (ft) 3	0.38 () <u>Anal</u>	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio	6.972 Reach Velocity (fps)
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2	0.38 () <u>Anal</u>	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04	6.972 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.200 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.862
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days)	0.38 () <u>Anal</u>	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days)	0.38 () <u>Anal</u>	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04	6.972 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.200 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.862
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach	0.38) Anal Results	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87)	2.39 Flow (mgd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5	0.38) Anal Results NH3-N	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O.	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	O.416 O.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days)	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach	0.38) Anal Results	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87)	2.39 Flow (mgd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5	0.38) Anal Results NH3-N	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O.	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87	0.38 (a) Analogo Anal	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74	0.38 (a) Analogo Anal	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61	0.38 N Ana Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.00 0.96 0.92 0.88	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mq/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200 0.251	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61 3.48	0.38 N Ana Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.00 0.96 0.92 0.88 0.84	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mq/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41 6.27	6.972 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.200 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.862 Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200 0.251 0.301	2.39 Flow (mgd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61 3.48 3.36	0.38 (a) Ana (b) Ana (c) Results (c) NH3-N (mg/L) 1.00 (0.96 (0.92 (0.88 (0.84 (0.81)	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41 6.27 6.16	6.972 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.200 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.862 Reach DO Goal (mg/L)
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kr (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200 0.251 0.301 0.351	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61 3.48 3.36 3.24	0.38 N Ana Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.00 0.96 0.92 0.88 0.84 0.81 0.77	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41 6.27 6.16 6.07	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kc (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200 0.251 0.301 0.351 0.401	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61 3.48 3.36 3.24 3.12	0.38 (a) Analogo Anal	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41 6.27 6.16 6.07 6.00	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.900 Reach Width (ft) 52.451 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.16 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.283 Reach Travel Time (days)	0.416 0.463 Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.80 Reach Kr (0.63 Reach Kr (1.87 TravTime (days) 0.050 0.100 0.150 0.200 0.251 0.301 0.351	2.39 Flow (mqd 5 pth (ft) 3 1/days) 2 1/days) 2 Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L) 4.01 3.87 3.74 3.61 3.48 3.36 3.24	0.38 N Ana Results NH3-N (mg/L) 1.00 0.96 0.92 0.88 0.84 0.81 0.77	7.53 ysis Temperature (°C) 22.708 Reach WDRatio 65.345 each NH3-N (mg/L) 1.04 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L) 7.01 6.78 6.58 6.41 6.27 6.16 6.07	6.972 <u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u> 0.200 <u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u> 0.862 <u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>

Version 1.1

WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin	Stream Code			Stream Name	e	
11C	14586			UNNING CRE	EK	
RMI 7.260 Reach Width (ft) 55.108 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 2.86 Reach DO (mg/L) 6.041	Total Discharge 2.49 Reach De 0.82 Reach Kc (0.33 Reach Kr (1.28	5 pth (ft) 3 (1/days) 4 1/days)		ysis Temperati 22.829 Reach WDRa 66.999 each NH3-N (n 0.64 Kr Equation Tsivoglou	tio ng/L)	Analysis pH 6.974 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.196 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.870 Reach DO Goal (mg/L) 5
Reach Travel Time (days	ŋ	Subreach	Results			
0.735	TravTime (days)		NH3-N (mg/L)	D.O. (mg/L)		
	0.074	2.78	0.60	5.99		
	0.147	2.70	0.57	5.96		
	0.221	2.63	0.53	5.95		
	0.294	2.56	0.50	5.95		
	0.368		0.47	5.96		
	0.441	2.42	0.44	5.98		
	0.515		0.41	6.01		
	0.588		0.38	6.05		
	0.662 0.735		0.36 0.34	6.09 6.14		
	5.755	2.10	0.54	0.14		

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WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

		P Basin 11C		<u>m Code</u> 4586				Stream JNNING				
RMI	Stream Flow	PWS With	Net Stream Flow	Disc Analysis Flow	Reach Slope	Depth	Width	W/D Ratio	Velocity	Reach Trav Time	Analysis Temp	Analysis pH
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(fps)	(days)	(°C)	
Q7-10	0 Flow											_
14.800	1.50	0.00	1.50	2.8619	0.00316	.68	33.92	49.89	0.19	0.291	21.72	6.95
13.900	1.55	0.00	1.55	2.9269	0.00065	.716	37.41	52.26	0.17	1.279	21.73	6.96
10.400	4.43	0.00	4.43	3.0151	0.00177	.776	48.4	62.38	0.20	0.463	22.97	6.98
8.900	4.56	0.00	4.56	3.8598	0.00092	.803	52.45	65.34	0.20	0.501	22.71	6.97
7.260	5.03	0.00	5.03	3.8598	0.00064	.823	55.11	67	0.20	0.735	22.83	6.97
Q1-1	0 Flow											
14.800	1.35	0.00	1.35	2.8619	0.00316	NA	NA	NA	0.19	0.296	21.60	6.95
13.900	1.40	0.00	1.40	2.9269	0.00065	NA	NA	NA	0.16	1.305	21.61	6.96
10.400	3.98	0.00	3.98	3.0151	0.00177	NA	NA	NA	0.19	0.479	22.85	6.98
8.900	4.10	0.00	4.10	3.8598	0.00092	NA	NA	NA	0.19	0.517	22.58	6.97
7.260	4.53	0.00	4.53	3.8598	0.00064	NA	NA	NA	0.19	0.760	22.70	6.97
Q30-	10 Flow											
14.800	1.92	0.00	1.92	2.8619	0.00316	NA	NA	NA	0.20	0.276	22.01	6.96
13.900	1.99	0.00	1.99	2.9269	0.00065	NA	NA	NA	0.18	1.215	22.02	6.96
10.400	5.67	0.00	5.67	3.0151	0.00177	NA	NA	NA	0.22	0.424	23.26	6.98
8.900	5.84	0.00	5.84	3.8598	0.00092	NA	NA	NA	0.22	0.463	23.01	6.98
7.260	6.44	0.00	6.44	3.8598	0.00064	NA	NA	NA	0.21	0.677	23.13	6.98

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.9	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.28	Temperature Adjust Kr	✓
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	•
D.O. Goal	5		

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Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3, March 2021

Discharge Information

Facility: East St. Clair- Fishertown NPDES Permit No.: PA0082694 Outfall No.: 001

Evaluation Type: Major Sewage / Industrial Waste Wastewater Description: Sewage effluent

	Discharge Characteristics											
Design Flow	ow Hardness (mg/l)* pH (SU)*		P	artial Mix Fa	Complete Mix Times (min)							
(MGD)*	naruness (mg/i)	pn (30)	AFC	CFC	THH	CRL	Q ₇₋₁₀	Q _h				
0.112	100	7.7										

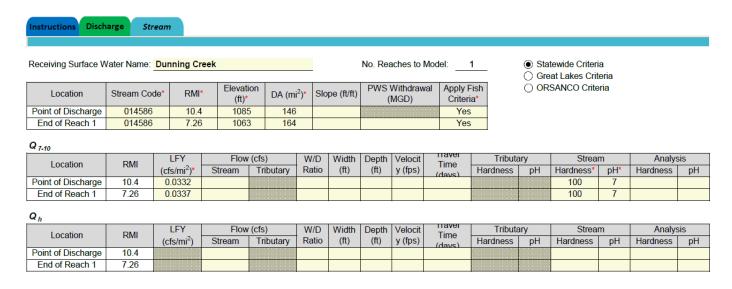
					0 if left	t blank	0.5 if le	eft blank	0	if left blan	k	1 if left blank	
	Discharge Pollutant	Units	Ma	x Discharge Conc	Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Daily CV	Hourly CV	Strea m CV	Fate Coeff	FOS	Criteri a Mod	Chem Transl
	Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	mg/L		282									
1	Chloride (PWS)	mg/L		50.2									
Group	Bromide	mg/L		0.036									
ច	Sulfate (PWS)	mg/L		28.6									
	Fluoride (PWS)	mg/L											
	Total Aluminum	μg/L											
	Total Antimony	μg/L											
	Total Arsenic	μg/L											
	Total Barium	μg/L											
	Total Beryllium	μg/L											
	Total Boron	μg/L											
	Total Cadmium	μg/L											
	Total Chromium (III)	μg/L											
	Hexavalent Chromium	μg/L											
	Total Cobalt	μg/L											
	Total Copper	μg/L		8.45									
2	Free Cyanide	μg/L											
β	Total Cyanide	μg/L											
Group	Dissolved Iron	μg/L											
_	Total Iron	μg/L											
	Total Lead	μg/L		1.43									
	Total Manganese	μg/L											
	Total Mercury	μg/L											
	Total Nickel	μg/L											
	Total Phenols (Phenolics) (PWS)	μg/L											
	Total Selenium	μg/L											
	Total Silver	μg/L											
	Total Thallium	μg/L											
	Total Zinc	μg/L		10.2									
	Total Molybdenum	μg/L											
\vdash	Acrolein	μg/L	<										
	Acrylamide	μg/L	<										
	Acrylonitrile	μg/L	<										
	Benzene	μg/L	<										
	Bromoform	μg/L	<										
	DIGINOIOITII	µg/L	<										



Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3, March 2021

Stream / Surface Water Information

East St. Clair- Fishertown, NPDES Permit No. PA0082694, Outfall 001





Toxics Management Spreadsheet Version 1.3, March 2021

Model Results

East St. Clair- Fishertown, NPDES Permit No. PA0082694, Outfall 001

Instructions Results	RETURN	TO INPU	тѕ) (SAVE AS	PDF	PRINT	r) ⊚ A	│	esults C Limits						
☐ Hydrodynamics															
✓ Wasteload Allocations															
✓ AFC CC	` '	5	PMF:	0.388	Ana	lysis Hardnes	ss (mg/l):	100 Analy	sis pH: 7.03						
Pollutants	Conc	Stream CV	Trib Conc (µg/L)	Fate Coef	WQC (μg/L)	(µg/L)	WLA (µg/L)		Comments						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Chloride (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Sulfate (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Total Copper	0	0		0	13.439	14.0	166		Translator of 0.96 applied						
Total Lead	0	0		0	64.581	81.6	968		Translator of 0.791 applied						
Total Zinc	0	0		0	117.180	120	1,420	Chem	Translator of 0.978 applied						
☑ CFC CC		695	PMF:	1	Ana	✓ CFC CCT (min): 99.695 PMF: 1 Analysis Hardness (mg/l): 100 Analysis pH: 7.01									
	Stream														
Pollutants	Conc	Stream CV	Trib Conc (µg/L)	Fate Coef	WQC (µg/L)	WQ Obj (μg/L)	WLA (µg/L)		Comments						
Pollutants Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)							WLA (μg/L) N/A		Comments						
	Conc (ug/L)	CV		Coef	(µg/L)	(µg/L)			Comments						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	Conc (ug/L)	CV 0		Coef 0	(μg/L) N/A	(μg/L) N/A	N/A		Comments						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS)	Conc (ug/l) 0	0 0		Coef 0 0	(μg/L) N/A N/A	(μg/L) N/A N/A	N/A N/A	Chem	Comments Translator of 0.96 applied						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS)	Conc (ug/l) 0 0	0 0 0		0 0 0	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A								
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS) Total Copper	Conc (ug/l) 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	(μg/L) N/A N/A N/A N/A 8.956	(μg/L) N/A N/A N/A 9.33	N/A N/A N/A 270	Chem	n Translator of 0.96 applied						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS) Total Copper Total Lead Total Zinc	Conc (uall) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 T (min): 99.	0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 8.956 2.517 118.139	(μg/L) N/A N/A N/A 9.33 3.18	N/A N/A N/A 270 92.2 3,472	Chem Chem	n Translator of 0.96 applied Translator of 0.791 applied						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS) Total Copper Total Lead Total Zinc	Conc (110/1) 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	(µg/L)	Coef 0 0 0 0 0 0	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 8.956 2.517 118.139	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 9.33 3.18 120	N/A N/A N/A 270 92.2 3,472	Chem Chem	n Translator of 0.96 applied Translator of 0.791 applied Translator of 0.986 applied						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS) Total Copper Total Lead Total Zinc THH CC	Conc (uall) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 T (min): 99	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(μg/L) PMF: Trib Conc	Coef 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 8.956 2.517 118.139 Ana	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 9.33 3.18 120 Allysis Hardne WQ Obj	N/A N/A N/A 270 92.2 3,472 ss (mg/l):	Chem Chem	n Translator of 0.96 applied Translator of 0.791 applied Translator of 0.986 applied sis pH: N/A						
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS) Chloride (PWS) Sulfate (PWS) Total Copper Total Lead Total Zinc THH CCC	Conc (unil) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 T (min): 99.	CV 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(μg/L) PMF: Trib Conc	Coef 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 Fate Coef	(μg/L) N/A N/A N/A 8.956 2.517 118.139 Ana WQC (μg/L)	(µg/L) N/A N/A N/A 9.33 3.18 120 Ilysis Hardne WQ Obj (µg/L)	N/A N/A N/A 270 92.2 3,472 ss (mg/l):	Chem Chem	n Translator of 0.96 applied Translator of 0.791 applied Translator of 0.986 applied sis pH: N/A						

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NPDES Permit Fact Sheet East St Clair Township Fishertown STP

Total Copper	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Lead	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Zinc	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	

 ✓ CRL
 CCT (min):
 32.707
 PMF:
 1
 Analysis Hardness (mg/l):
 N/A
 Analysis pH:
 N/A

Pollutants	Conc	Stream		Fate	WQC	WQ Obj	WLA (µg/L)	Comments
	(ug/L)	CV	(µg/L)	Coef	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(19.1)	
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Chloride (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Sulfate (PWS)	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Copper	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Lead	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Zinc	0	0		0	N/A	N/A	N/A	

☑ Recommended WQBELs & Monitoring Requirements

No. Samples/Month:

4

	Mass	Limits		Concentra	ition Limits				
Pollutants	AML (lbs/day)	MDL (lbs/day)	AML	MDL	IMAX	Units	Governing WQBEL	WQBEL Basis	Comments

☑ Other Pollutants without Limits or Monitoring

The following pollutants do not require effluent limits or monitoring based on water quality because reasonable potential to exceed water quality criteria was not determined and the discharge concentration was less than thresholds for monitoring, or the pollutant was not detected and a sufficiently sensitive analytical method was used (e.g., <= Target QL).

Pollutants	Governing WQBEL	Units	Comments
Total Dissolved Solids (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable
Chloride (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable
Bromide	N/A	N/A	No WQS
Sulfate (PWS)	N/A	N/A	PWS Not Applicable
Total Copper	106	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL
Total Lead	92.2	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL
Total Zinc	910	μg/L	Discharge Conc ≤ 10% WQBEL

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