

Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type

Renewal

Non
Facility Type

Major / Minor

Minor

NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE

Application No. **PA0084115**APS ID **773612**

Authorization ID 1199775

	5		- W. M	
Applicant Name	Pilot	Travel Center LLC	Facility Name	Pilot Travel Center #517 Clarks Ferry
Applicant Address	5508	Lonas Drive	Facility Address	Route 322/22
	Knoxy	rille, TN 37909-3221		Duncannon, PA 17020
Applicant Contact	Joey (Cupp	Facility Contact	Joey Cupp
Applicant Phone	(865)	474-2826	Facility Phone	(865) 474-2826
Client ID	13575	50	Site ID	444103
Ch 94 Load Status	Not O	verloaded	Municipality	Reed Township
Connection Status	-		County	Dauphin
Date Application Rece	eived	August 28, 2017	EPA Waived?	Yes
Date Application Acce	pted	September 25, 2017	If No, Reason	

Summary of Review

1.0 General Discussion

This fact sheet supports the re-issuance of an existing NPDES permit for discharge of treated domestic wastewater from Pilot Travel Center # 517 wastewater treatment plant located in Reed Township, Dauphin County. The extended aeration treatment plant with design flow of 0.008 mgd provides sanitary services to a truck stop with a restroom and food services. Treated sewage is discharged to Susquehanna River which is classified for warm water fishes (WWF) and Migratory Fishes (MF). The existing NPDES permit was issued on February 27, 2013 with an effective date of March 1, 2013 and expiration date of February 28, 2018. The applicant submitted permit renewal application to the Department on August 28, 2017. The permittee is currently operating under the terms and conditions in the existing permit under administrative extension provisions pending Department action on the renewal application.

A topographic map showing the discharge location is presented in attachment A

1.1 Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania*

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
Х		J. Pascal Kwedza, P.E. / Environmental Engineer	April 19, 2019
Х		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	July 1, 2019
V			
X		Maria D. Bebenek, P.E. / Program Manager	July 1, 2019

Summary of Review

Bulletin at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

1.2 Changes to the existing Permit

- Semi Annual monitoring for Total nitrogen species and Total Phosphorus will replace annual monitoring to collect adequate data for the Chesapeake Bay Program.
- Ammonia-Nitrogen monitoring has been added to the permit to ensure treatment efficiency
- Required sample type has been changed to 24-hour composite for consistency with sampling equipment.

1.3 Existing Permit Limits and Monitoring Requirements

		Efflu		Monitoring Re	equirements		
Parameter	Mass Uni	ts (lbs) ⁽¹⁾	Cond	entrations (n	Minimum (2) Measuremen t Frequency	Required Sample Type	
	Average Monthly	Total Annual	Minimum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum		
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	xxx	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	xxx	6.0	xxx	9.0	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	5.0	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.5	1.6	1/day	Grab
CBOD5	XXX	XXX	xxx	25	50	2/month	8-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	XXX	XXX	xxx	30	60	2/month	8-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	1,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	10,000	2/month	Grab
Total Nitrogen	XXX	Report	xxx	Report Annl Avg	XXX	1/year	Calculation
Total Phosphorus	XXX	Report	XXX	Report Annl Avg	XXX	1/year	8-Hr Composite

1.40 Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply I	Information	
Outfall No. 001 Latitude 40° 24' 15.33" Quad Name Wastewater Description: Sewage Effluent	Design Flow (MGD) Longitude Quad Code	.008 -77° 0' 29.90"
Receiving Waters NHD Com ID 54975269 Drainage Area Q7-10 Flow (cfs) Elevation (ft) Watershed No. Existing Use Exceptions to Use Assessment Status Cause(s) of Impairment Source(s) of Impairment TMDL Status Susquehanna River (WWF, MF) 54975269 1970 6-C Existing Use Not Assessed Not Assessed	Slope (ft/ft) Chapter 93 Class. Existing Use Qualifier Exceptions to Criteria	06685 86.3 USGS Gage Station WWF, MF
Background/Ambient Data pH (SU) Temperature (°F) Hardness (mg/L) Other: Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake PWS Waters Susquehanna River PWS RMI	Data Source Suez Water PA Flow at Intake (cfs) Distance from Outfall (mi)	

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments:

1.4.1 Water Supply Intake

The nearest downstream water supply intake is approximately 11 miles downstream by Suez Water PA on Susquehanna River in Susquehanna Township, Dauphin County. No impact is expected from this discharge on the intake.

2.0 Treatment Facility	/ Summary			
Treatment Facility Na	me: Pilot Travel Center No	517		
WQM Permit No.	Issuance Date			
	Degree of			Avg Annual
Waste Type	Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Extended Aeration	Hypochlorite	0.008
_		•		
Hydraulic Capacity	Organic Capacity			Biosolids
(MGD)	(lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Use/Disposal
0.008		Not Overloaded		-

Changes Since Last Permit Issuance:

Other Comments:

2.1 Treatment Facility

Treatment plant consists of a pump station, an EQ tank, an aeration tank, a clarifier, sludge holding tank, chlorine contact tank with de-chlorination unit and a post aeration system.

3.0 Compliance History

3.1 DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from March 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019)

Parameter	FEB-19	JAN-19	DEC-18	NOV-18	OCT-18	SEP-18	AUG-18	JUL-18	JUN-18	MAY-18	APR-18	MAR-18
Flow (MGD)												
Average Monthly	0.00383	0.00379	0.00421	0.0045	0.00444	0.0043	0.00455	0.0044	0.0048	0.00508	0.00467	0.0043
Flow (MGD)												
Daily Maximum	0.00572	0.00799	0.00629	0.00706	0.00775	0.00787	0.00804	0.00757	0.00867	0.01076	0.00729	0.00894
pH (S.U.)												
Minimum	7.22	7.26	7.33	7.21	7.06	7.4	7.63	6.66	6.86	6.84	6.65	6.64
pH (S.U.)												
Maximum	8.44	8.52	8.83	8.72	8.75	8.81	8.33	8.62	8.77	8.68	8.72	8.71
DO (mg/L)												
Minimum	7.99	8.22	8.05	5.73	5.8	5.65	5.01	5.01	5.13	5.89	4.38	7.54
TRC (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	< 0.26	< 0.11	< 0.1	< 0.09	< 0.13	< 0.13	< 0.2	< 0.05	< 0.15	< 0.1	< 0.22	< 0.18
TRC (mg/L)												
Instantaneous												
Maximum	1.16	1.34	0.29	0.32	0.5	0.48	0.93	0.15	0.99	0.94	2.2	1.23
CBOD5 (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	8.7	17.9	11	< 4	10	7	6	4.1	12.1	16.2	60.6	18.7
TSS (mg/L)												
Average Monthly	22.8	67	74	25	19	10.1	20.1	17.7	22.3	43.6	68	26.5
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Geometric Mean	< 19	9	10	< 3	< 22	59	332	< 507	106	25	76	< 1
Fecal Coliform												
(CFU/100 ml)												
Instant. Maximum	182	10	24	< 10	50	1860	1299.7	> 20000	5600	50	340	< 1
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)												
Annual Average						45.2						
Total Nitrogen (lbs)												
Total Annual						653						
Total Phosphorus												
(mg/L) Annl Average						2.34						
Total Phosphorus (lbs)												
Total Annl						34						

3.2 Effluent Violations for Outfall 001, from: February 1, 2018 to: December 31, 2018

Parameter	Date	SBC	DMR Value	Units	Limit Value	Units
DO	04/30/18	Min	4.38	mg/L	5.0	mg/L
TRC	04/30/18	IMAX	2.2	mg/L	1.6	mg/L
CBOD5	04/30/18	Avg Mo	60.6	mg/L	25	mg/L
TSS	05/31/18	Avg Mo	43.6	mg/L	30	mg/L
TSS	04/30/18	Avg Mo	68	mg/L	30	mg/L
TSS	12/31/18	Avg Mo	74	mg/L	30	mg/L
TSS	01/31/19	Avg Mo	67	mg/L	30	mg/L
Fecal Coliform	08/31/18	Geo Mean	332	CFU/100 ml	200	CFU/100 ml
Fecal Coliform	07/31/18	Geo Mean	< 507	CFU/100 mI	200	CFU/100 ml
Fecal Coliform	08/31/18	IMAX	1299.7	CFU/100 mI	1000	CFU/100 ml
Fecal Coliform	06/30/18	IMAX	5600	CFU/100 ml	1000	CFU/100 ml
Fecal Coliform	07/31/18	IMAX	> 20000	CFU/100 ml	1000	CFU/100 ml
Fecal Coliform	09/30/18	IMAX	1860	CFU/100 ml	1000	CFU/100 ml

Effluent violations for DO, TRC, CBOD5, Fecal coliform and TSS occurred during the past 12 months of operation. The violations need to be addressed satisfactorily prior to final permit issuance. The following paragraph will be added to the cover letter of the draft permit asking the permittee to address violations.

"According to DEP's records, there are unresolved violation(s) at one or more facilities you own or operate. In accordance with DEP's Clean Water Program standard operating procedures, an applicant's compliance history is considered prior to making a final decision on any permit application. Please take the opportunity to address these violations during this draft comment period. DEP may not be able to issue a final permit until the violation(s) are resolved"

The violations appear to be operation related, if structural adjustment to the treatment unit is required to address the violations, the facility will be required to submit a corrective action plan to the Department for approval.

3.3 Summary of Inspections:

The facility has been inspected 5 times during the past permit cycle. A pollution incident occurred on 2/16/17 when a leakage from chlorine contact tank cause sludge accumulation on the ground around the tank. The leakage has been repaired and the ground was cleaned up. It is recommended that the return sludge piping is deteriorating and should be looked at for repair or replacement.

4.0 Developm	nent of Efflu	ent Limitations		
Outfall No.	001		Design Flow (MGD)	.008
Latitude	40° 24' 15.77	7"	Longitude	-77º 0' 31.64"
Wastewater D	escription:	Sewage Effluent		

4.1 Basis for Effluent Limitations

In general, the Clean Water Act (AWA) requires that the effluent limits for a particular pollutant be the more stringent of either technology-based limits or water quality-based limits. Technology-based limits are set according to the level of treatment that is achievable using available technology. A water quality-based effluent limit is designed to ensure that the water quality standards applicable to a waterbody are being met and may be more stringent than technology-based effluent limits.

4.1.1 Technology-Based Limitations

The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and BPJ where applicable:

Pollutant	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
CBOD5	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
Solids	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
pН	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 - 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform				
(10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

Comments: Weekly averages are not applicable to this discharge

4.2 Water Quality-Based Limitations

4.2.1Receiving Stream

The receiving stream is the Susquehanna River. According to 25 PA § 93.90, this stream is protected for Warm Water Fishes (WWF) and Migratory Fishes (MF). It is located in Drainage List o and State Watershed 6-C. It has been assigned stream code 06685. According to the Department's Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report, the Susquehanna River, is impaired for fish consumption due to PCB.

4.2. 2 Streamflow:

Streamflows for the water quality analysis were determined by correlating with the yield of USGS gauging station No. 01570500 on Susquehanna River in Harrisburg. The Q_{7-10} and drainage area at the gage is 2610 ft³/s and 24100 mi² respectively. The discharge is into a side channel of Susquehanna River that is unassessed and runs approximately 0.25 miles after discharge point, before it comingles with main stem. The side channel is created by Haldeman Island. The resulting yields are as follows:

- $Q_{7-10} = (2610 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s})/24100 \text{ mi}^2 = 0.10 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}/\text{mi}^2$
- $Q_{30-10} / Q_{7-10} = 1.36$
- \bullet Q₁₋₁₀ / Q₇₋₁₀ = 0.64

The drainage area at discharge taken from the previous protection report = 19700 mi²

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet Pilot Travel Center #517 Clarks Ferry

The Q_{7-10} at discharge = 19700 mi² x 0.10 ft³/s/mi² = 1970 ft³/s.

For WQM modelling purposes, 25% of the flow will be used

 Q_{7-10} model = 1970 ft³/s, x 0.25 = 492.5 ft³/s

4.2.3 NH₃N Calculations

NH₃N calculations will be based on the Department's Implementation Guidance of Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, dated 11/4/97 (ID No. 391-2000-013). The following data is necessary to determine the instream NH₃N criteria used in the attached computer model of the stream:

> Discharge pH = 7.4 (July -Sept DMR median)

Discharge Temperature = 25 ° C (Default)

Stream pH = 8.2 (Taken from WQN station at Harrisburg) = 23.5°C (Taken from WQN station at Harrisburg)= 0.0 (default) Stream Temperature

Background NH₃-N

4.2.4 CBOD₅:

WQM 7.0 Model was used to analyze the combined discharge from Sheetz and Pilot Travel Center due to the proximity of the discharges to each other. The model results presented in attachment B indicate that, for Pilot Travel Center's discharge of 0.008 MGD, an average monthly limit (AML) of 25mg/l CBOD₅ is adequate to protect the water quality of the stream. This limit is consistent with the existing permit and the STP has been consistently achieving below this limitation. Therefore, a limit of 25mg/I AML and 50 mg/I IMAX is recommended for this permit cycle.

4.2.5 NH₃-N:

The attached computer printout of the WQM 7.0 stream model (attachment B) also indicates that no limitation on NH₃ as a monthly average is necessary to protect the aquatic life from toxicity effects. However, twice per month monitoring of ammonia will be required in the permit to ensure treatment efficiency.

4.2.6 Dissolved Oxygen

The existing permit contains a limit of 5 mg/l for Dissolved Oxygen (DO). DEP's Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations (362-0400-001, 10/97) suggests that either the adopted minimum stream D.O. criteria for the receiving stream or the effluent level determined through water quality modeling be used for the limit. Since the WQM 7.0 model was run using a minimum D.O. of 5.0 mg/l, this limit will be continued in the renewed permit with a daily monitoring requirement per DEP guidance.

4.2.7 Total Suspended Solids(TSS):

There is no water quality criterion for TSS. A limit of 30 mg/l AML will be required based on the minimum level of effluent quality attainable by secondary treatment as defined in 40 CFR 133.102b(1) and 25 PA § 92a.47(a)(1).

4.2.8 Total Residual Chlorine

The attached TRC results presented in attachment C utilizes the equations and calculations as presented in the Department's May 1, 2003 Implementation Guidance for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) (ID No. 391-2000-015) for developing chlorine limitations. TRC calculation was done using a PMFs of 0.044 AFC & 0.311 CFC taken from PentoxSD model. The results presented in attachment C indicate that, a technology limit of 0.5 mg/l monthly average and Imax of 1.6 mg/l would be needed to prevent toxicity concerns. This is consistent with the existing permit. DMR and inspection report indicate the facility has been meeting this limit

4.2.9 Toxics

A reasonable potential (RP) analysis was done for pollutants in the discharge. The discharge consists entirely of domestic wastewater with no pollutants of concern that need further analysis.

4.2.10 Chesapeake Bay Strategy:

The Department formulated a strategy in April 2007, to comply with the EPA and Chesapeake Bay Foundation requirements to reduce point source loadings of Total Nitrogen (TN) and Total Phosphorus (TP) to the Bay. In the Strategy, sewage dischargers have been prioritized by Central Office based on their delivered TN loadings to the Bay. The highest priority (Phases 1, 2, and 3) dischargers will receive annual loading caps based on their design flow on August 29, 2005 and concentrations of 6 mg/l TN and 0.8 mg/l TP. Phase 4 (0.2 -0.4mgd) and Phase 5(below 0.2mdg) will be required to monitor and report TN and TP during permit renewal at a monitoring frequency following Table 6-3 of DEP's Technical Guidance for Development and Specification of effluent Limitations (No. 362-0400-001). Any facility in Phases 4 and 5 that undergoes expansion is subjected to cap load right away.

EPA published the Chesapeake Bay Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) in December of 2010. Despite extensive restoration efforts during the past 25 years, the TMDL was prompted by insufficient progress and continued poor water quality in the Chesapeake Bay and its tidal tributaries.

In order to address the TMDL, Pennsylvania developed in addition to the Bay Strategy, a Chesapeake Watershed Implementation Plan (WIP) Phase 1 in January 2011 and Phase 2 in March 2012. In accordance with the Phase 2 WIP and its supplement, re-issuing permits for significant dischargers follow the same phased approach formulated in the original Bay strategy, whilst Phase 4 and Phase 5 will be required to monitor and report TN and TP during permit renewal. This facility is, classified as a phase 5, has been monitoring TP and TN annually but will be required to monitor Total Phosphorus, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen and Total Nitrogen semi-annually throughout the next permit cycle collect adequate data for future analysis.

5.0 Other Requirements

5.1 Anti-backsliding

Not applicable to this permit

5.2 Stormwater:

No storm water outfall is associated with this facility

5.3 Biosolids Management

Sludge is hold up in a sludge holding tank and hauled out by a licensed hauler periodically.

5.4 Anti-Degradation (93.4)

The effluent limits for this discharge have been developed to ensure that existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses are maintained and protected. No High-Quality Waters are impacted by this discharge. No Exceptional Value Waters are impacted by this discharge.

5.5 Class A Wild Trout Fisheries

No Class A Wild Trout Fisheries are impacted by this discharge.

5.6 303d Listed Streams

The discharge from this facility is to a stream segment that is not assessed. Susquehanna River is attaining its designated use of Recreational use but not attaining Fish Consumption use. It is impaired for fish consumption by PCB. The source of the impairment is unknown. This discharge does not contribute to the impairment; therefore, no action is warranted at this time.

5.7 Other Permit requirements

The permit contains the following special conditions:

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet Pilot Travel Center #517 Clarks Ferry

Stormwater Prohibition, Approval Contingencies, Proper Waste/solids Management, and Chlorine minimization requirement

5.8 Basis for Effluent and Surface Water Monitoring

Section 308 of the CWA and federal regulation 40 CFR 122.44(i) require monitoring in permits to determine compliance with effluent limitations. Monitoring may also be required to gather effluent and surface water data to determine if additional effluent limitations are required and/or to monitor effluent impacts on receiving water quality. The permittee is responsible for conducting the monitoring and for reporting results on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).

5.9 Effluent Monitoring Frequency

Monitoring frequencies are based on the nature and effect of the pollutant, as well as a determination of the minimum sampling necessary to adequately monitor the facility's performance. Permittees have the option of taking more frequent samples than are required under the permit. These samples can be used for averaging if they are conducted using EPA-approved test methods (generally found in 40 CFR 136) and if the Method Detection Limits are less than the effluent limits. The sampling location must be after the last treatment unit and prior to discharge to the receiving water. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported on the DMR.

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

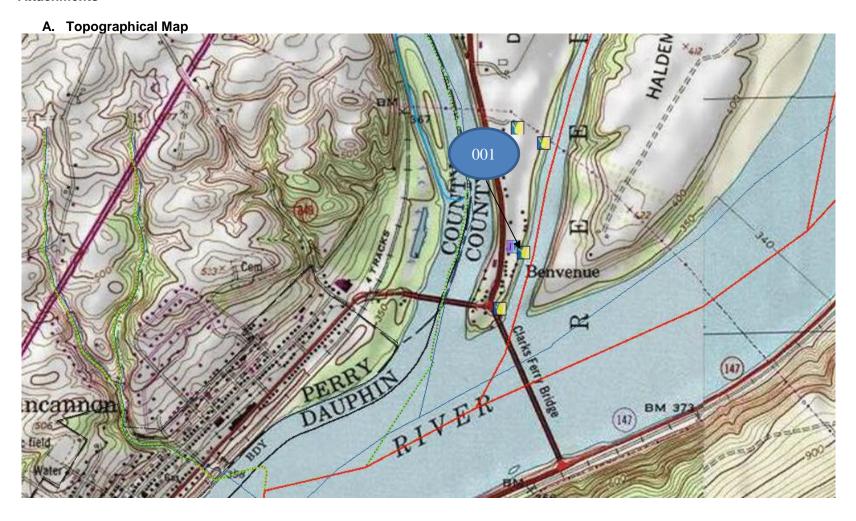
Outfall 001, Effective Period: Phase 1 through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Doromotor	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrations (mg/L)				Required
Parameter	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
		Report						
Flow (MGD)	Report	Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
(0.11)	2007	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	6.0	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	9.0	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	Daily Min	XXX	Daily Max	XXX	1/day	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0 Daily Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.5	XXX	1.6	1/day	Grab
CBOD5	XXX	XXX	XXX	25	XXX	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	30	XXX	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Ammonia-Nitrogen	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	2/month	Grab
					Report	1,000		24-Hr
Nitrate-Nitrite	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Daily Max	XXX	1/6 months	Composite
Total Nitrogon	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Daily Max	XXX	1/6 months	Calculation
Total Nitrogen	^^^	^^^	^^^	^^^	•	^^^	1/0 1110111115	24-Hr
TKN	xxx	XXX	xxx	xxx	Report Daily Max	xxx	1/6 months	Composite
	1				Report			24-Hr
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Daily Max	XXX	1/6 months	Composite

Compliance Sampling Location: Outfall 001

Tools and References Used to Develop Permit
WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment B)
PENTOXSD for Windows Model (see Attachment)
TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment C)
Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
Toxics Screening Analysis Spreadsheet (see Attachment)
Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 362-0400-001, 10/97.
Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 362-2000-003, 3/98.
Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 362-2000-008, 11/96.
Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 362-2183-003, 10/97.
Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 362-2183-004, 12/97.
Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 385-2000-011, 9/08.
Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 391-2000-002, 4/97.
Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 391-2000-003, 12/97.
Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 391-2000-006, 9/97.
Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 391-2000-007, 6/2004.
Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 391-2000-008, 10/1997.
Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 391-2000-010, 3/99.
Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 391-2000-011, 5/2004.
Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 391-2000-013, 11/97.
Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 391-2000-014, 4/2008.
Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 391-2000-015, 11/1994.
Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 391-2000-017, 4/09.
Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 391-2000-018, 10/97.
Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 391-2000-019, 10/97.
Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 391-2000-021, 3/99.
Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 391-2000-022, 3/1999.
Design Stream Flows, 391-2000-023, 9/98.
Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 391-2000-024, 10/98.
Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 391-3200-013, 6/97.
Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
SOP: Establishing effluent limitation for individual sewage permit
Other: Other:

Attachments



B. WQM Model Results

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

	SWP Basin 07K	<u>Stream Name</u> SUSQUEHANNA RIVER							
RMI	Name		Permit lumber	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
86.310	Sheetz	PA	0261378	0.007	CBOD5	25	er van der er er		
					NH3-N	25	50		
٠				-	Dissolved Oxygen			5	
RMI	Name		Permit lumber	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)	
86.300	Pilot Travel	Ct PA	0084115	0.008	CBOD5	25		•	
					NH3-N	25	50		
					Dissolved Oxygen			5	

Permit No. PA0084115

Input Data WQM 7.0

	SWP Basir	Strea Coo		Stre	eam Name		RMI	El	levation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)		ilope ft/ft)	PW Withd (mg	rawal	Apply FC
	07K	66	885 SUSQ	UEHANN	A RIVER		86.31	10	345.00	19708.	00 0.6	00000		0.00	V
					St	ream Dat	а								
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depti		Tributary	H	Tem	<u>Strean</u> p	<u>1</u> pH	
Cona.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.100	0.00 0.00 0.00	492.40 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	0,	00 2	3.50	8.20	- (0.00	0.00	
					Di	scharge l	Data		-012/W. A12.2.11	-					
			Name	Per	mit Number	Disc	Permitte Disc Flow (mgd)	Di Fl	sc Res	erve 7 ctor	Disc Femp (°C)		sc H		
•		Shee	lz	PAG	261378	0.007	5 0.007	5 0.	0075	0.000	25.00	0	7.00		
					Pa	rameter l	Data								
			F	Paramete	r Name			rib onc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef					
						(m	g/L) (m	ng/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days)					
			CBOD5			:	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50)				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00)				
			NH3-N			. :	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70)				

Permit No. PA0084115

Input Data WQM 7.0

	SWP Basir			Stre	eam Name		RMI	E	levation (ft)	Draina Area (sq m	1	Slope (ft/ft)	PW Withd (mg	rawal	Apply FC
	07K	66	85 SUSQ	UEHANN	A RIVER		86.3	00	344.00	1970	9.00 0	.00000		0.00	✓
	1,000				St	ream Dat	a						- Louis Aur		
Design	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Dept		<u>Tributa</u> 1p	r <u>y</u> pH	Tem	<u>Strean</u> p	<u>n</u> pH	
Cond.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C	;)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.100	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.00	.0	.00 2	3,50	8.20	!	0.00	0.00	
			MINISTER OF THE STATE OF THE ST		Di	scharge l	Data						western]	
			Name	Per	rmit Numbe	Disc	Permitt Disc Flow (mgd	D F	isc Res	serve actor	Disc Temp (°C)		sc H		
		Pilot	Travel Ct	PA	0084115	0.008	0.00	BO 0	.0080	0.000	25.0	00	7.40		
•					Pa	arameter	Data								
				Paramete	r Name	С	onc (Trib Conc mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coet (1/day	f				
	-		CBOD5	***			25.00	2.00	0.00) 1.	50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8,24	0.00	0.	.00				
			NH3-N				25.00	0.00	0.00	0.	70				

Thursday, April 18, 2019

Input Data WQM 7.0

	SWP Basir			Stre	eam Name		RM	l Eli	evation (ft)	Drainag Area (sq mi		Slope (ft/ft)	PW Withdi (mg	rawal	Apply FC
	07K	66	85 SUSQ	UEHANN	IA RIVER		79.2	30	311.00	23423	3.00 0	.00000		0.00	~
				*	St	ream Dat	а			•					
Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth		<u>Tributar</u> ıp	<u>y</u> pH	Tem	<u>Stream</u> p	<u>p</u> H	
Cond.	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)		
Q7-10 Q1-10 Q30-10	0.100	0.00 0.00 0.00	585.60 0.00 0.00	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.	00 2	3.50	8.20	I	0.00	0.00	
					Di	scharge l	Data								
			Name	Pei	rmit Number	Existing Disc		Di v Fl	sc Res	erve ctor	Disc Temp (°C)	Di p	sc H		
		Daup	hin Boro	PA	0024350	0.2000	0.20	00 0.	2000	0.000	20.0	00	6.80		
					Pa	rameter l	Data								
			ı	Paramete	r Name			Trib Conc	Stream Conc	Fate Coef					
	_					(m	g/L) (mg/L)	(mg/L)	(1/days	3)				
			CBOD5			:	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.5	50				
			Dissolved	Oxygen			5.00	8.24	0.00	0.0	00				
			NH3-N			:	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.7	70				

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

	<u>sw</u>	P Basin	Strea	ım Code				Stream	<u>Name</u>			
		07K	6	685			sus	QUEHAN	INA RIVE	R		
RMI	Stream Flow (cfs)	PWS With	Net Stream Flow (cfs)	Disc Analysis Flow (cfs)	Reach Slope (ft/ft)	Depth (ft)	Width (ft)	W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Reach Trav Time (days)	Analysis Temp (°C)	Analysis pH
				. ,					.,			
Q7-1	0 Flow											•
86.310	492.40	0.00	492.40	.0116	0.01895	1.837	284.32	154.8	0.94	0.001	23.50	8.20
86.300	492.50	0.00	492.50	.024	88000.0	1.28	482.85	377.16	0.80	0.542	23.50	8.20
Q1-1	0 Flow											
86.310	315.14	0.00	315.14	.0116	0.01895	NA	NA	NA	0.73	0.001	23.50	8.20
86.300	315.20	0.00	315.20	.024	88000.0	NA	NA	NA	0.62	0.696	23.50	8.20
Q30-	10 Flow	•										
86.310	669.66	0.00	669.66	.0116	0.01895	NA	NA	NA	1.12	0.001	23.50	8.20
86.300	669.80	0.00	669.80	.024	88000.0	NA	NA	NA	0.95	0.456	23.50	8.20

Permit No. PA0084115

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	✓
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.64	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.36	Temperature Adjust Kr	~
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	~
D.O. Goal	5		

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

SWP Basin Stream Code

Stream Name

07K

6685

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER

NH3-N Acute Allocations

Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
1.42	50	1.42	50	0	0
1.42	50	1.42	50	0	0
	Criterion (mg/L)	Criterion (mg/L) WLA (mg/L) 1.42 50	Criterion (mg/L) Criterion (mg/L) 1.42 50 1.42	Criterion (mg/L) WLA (mg/L) Criterion (mg/L) WLA (mg/L) 1.42 50 1.42 50	Criterion (mg/L) WLA (mg/L) Criterion (mg/L) WLA (mg/L) Reach (mg/L) 1.42 50 1.42 50 0

NH3-N Chronic Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
86.310	Sheetz	.33	25	.33	25	0	0
86.300	Pilot Travel Ct	.33	25	.33	25	0	0

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

		CBC	<u>DD5</u>	<u>NH</u>	<u>3-N</u>	Dissolve	<u>i Oxygen</u>	Critical	Percent
RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Reach	Reduction
86.31 S	heetz	25	25	25	25	5	5	0	0
86.30 P	ilot Travel Ct	25	25	25	25	5	5	0	0

WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

SWP Basin St	ream Code			Stream Name	
07K	6685		SUS	SQUEHANNA RIVER	t
RMI 86.310 Reach Width (ft) 284.324 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 2.00 Reach DO (mg/L) 8.243	Total Discharge 0.00 Reach De 1.83 Reach Kc (0.000 Reach Kr (90.56	7 pth (ft) 7 1/days) 0 1/days)		lysis Temperature (% 23.500 Reach WDRatio 154.805 each NH3-N (mg/L) 0.00 Kr Equation Tsivoglou	Analysis pH 8.200 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.943 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.916 Reach DO Goal (mg/L) 5
Reach Travel Time (days) 0.001	TravTime (days)	Subreach CBOD5 (mg/L)	Results NH3-N (mg/L)	D.O. (mg/L)	
	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.001 0.001	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74	
RMI 86.300 Reach Width (ft) 482.852 Reach CBOD5 (mg/L) 2.00 Reach DO (mg/L) 7.737 Reach Travel Time (days) 0.542	Total Discharge 0.01s Reach Dej 1.280 Reach Kc (0.00 Reach Kr (3.570 TravTime (days)	5 oth (ft)) 1/days) I 1/days)	<u>R</u>	23.500 Reach WDRatio 377.160 each NH3-N (mg/L) 0.00 Kr Equation Tsivoglou D.O. (mg/L)	Analysis pH 8.200 Reach Velocity (fps) 0.797 Reach Kn (1/days) 0.916 Reach DO Goal (mg/L) 5
	0.054 0.108 0.163 0.217 0.271 0.325 0.380 0.434 0.488	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74 7.74	

Permit No. PA0084115

C. TRC Calculation

Copy of TRC_CALC1

TRC EVALUA	VIION								
Input appropriat	te values in A	3:A9 and D3:D9							
492.5	= Q stream (c	efs)	0.5	= CV Daily					
0.008	= Q discharg	e (MGD)	0.5	= CV Hourly					
30	= no. sample:	3	0.044	= AFC_Partial N	lix Factor				
0.3	= Chlorine De	emand of Stream	0.311	= CFC_Partial N	lix Factor				
0	= Chlorine De	mand of Discharge	15	= AFC_Criteria	Compliance Time (min)				
0.5	= BAT/BPJ Va	alue	720	720 = CFC_Criteria Compliance Time (min)					
0	= % Factor o	f Safety (FOS)	0	0 =Decay Coefficient (K)					
Source	Reference	AFC Calculations		Reference	CFC Calculations				
TRC	1.3.2.iii	WLA afc =	558.578	1.3.2.iii	WLA cfc = 3849.000				
PENTOXSD TRG	5.1a	LTAMULT afc =	0.373	5.1c	LTAMULT cfc = 0.581				
PENTOXSD TRG	5.1b	LTA_afc=	208.140	5.1d	LTA_cfc = 2237.628				
Source		Efflue	nt Limit Calcu	lations					
PENTOXSD TRG	5.1f		AML MULT =	1.231					
PENTOXSD TRG	5.1g	AVG MON	_IMIT (mg/l) =	0.500	BAT/BPJ				
		INST MAX	_IMIT (mg/l) =	1.635					
		. D. TAN SHIPM							
WLA afc	•	C_tc)) + [(AFC_Yc*Qs*.019 :_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-FOS/10		;_tc))					
LTAMULT afc	EXP((0.5*LN(cvh^2+1))-2.326*LN(cvh^2+	1)^0.5)						
LTA_afc	wla_afc*LTAN	IULT_afc							
WLA_cfc		C_tc) + [(CFC_Yc*Qs*.011/ ;_Yc*Qs*Xs/Qd)]*(1-FOS/10	•	_tc))					
LTAMULT_cfc	EXP((0.5*LN(cvd^2/no_samples+1))-2.32	6*LN(cvd^2/n	o_samples+1)^0	.5)				
LTA_cfc	wla_cfc*LTAN	IULT_cfc							
AML MULT	•	l((cvd^2/no_samples+1)^0.	,	^2/no_samples+	1))				
AVG MON LIMIT	MIN(BAT_BP	I,MIN(LTA_afc,LTA_cfc)*AN	IL_MULT)						
INST MAX LIMIT	1.5*((av_mon	_limit/AML_MULT)/LTAMUL	.T_afc)						