

Application Type Renewal
 Facility Type Municipal
 Major / Minor Minor

**NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET
INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE**

Application No. PA0088609
 APS ID 334470
 Authorization ID 1453681

Applicant and Facility Information

Applicant Name	<u>Broad Top Township Bedford County</u>	Facility Name	<u>Six Mile Run STP</u>
Applicant Address	<u>PO Box 57 187 Municipal Road</u> <u>Defiance, PA 16633-0057</u>	Facility Address	<u>Municipal Loop PO Box 57</u> <u>Defiance, PA 16633</u>
Applicant Contact	<u>Stacy Woomer</u>	Facility Contact	<u>Stacy Woomer</u>
Applicant Phone	<u>(814) 928-5253</u>	Facility Phone	<u>(814) 928-5253</u>
Client ID	<u>35018</u>	Site ID	<u>540530</u>
Ch 94 Load Status	<u>Not Overloaded</u>	Municipality	<u>Broad Top Township</u>
Connection Status	<u>No Limitations</u>	County	<u>Bedford</u>
Date Application Received	<u>September 1, 2023</u>	EPA Waived?	<u>Yes</u>
Date Application Accepted	<u>September 6, 2023</u>	If No, Reason	<u></u>
Purpose of Application	<u>This is a request for NPDES renewal.</u>		

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
X		Nicholas Hong, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Nick Hong (via electronic signature)	November 29, 2023
x		Daniel W. Martin, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager Maria D. Bebenek for Daniel W. Martin	December 7, 2023
x		Maria D. Bebenek, P.E. / Environmental Program Manager Maria D. Bebenek	December 7, 2023

Summary of Review

The application submitted by the applicant requests a NPDES renewal permit for the Six Mile Run located at Municipal Loop, Defiance, PA 16633 in Bedford County, municipality of Broad Top Township. The existing permit became effective on April 1, 2019 and expires(d) on March 31, 2024. The application for renewal was received by DEP Southcentral Regional Office (SCRO) on September 1, 2023.

The purpose of this Fact Sheet is to present the basis of information used for establishing the proposed NPDES permit effluent limitations. The Fact Sheet includes a description of the facility, a description of the facility's receiving waters, a description of the facility's receiving waters attainment/non-attainment assessment status, and a description of any changes to the proposed monitoring/sampling frequency. Section 6 provides the justification for the proposed NPDES effluent limits derived from technology based effluent limits (TBEL), water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL), total maximum daily loading (TMDL), antidegradation, anti-backsliding, and/or whole effluent toxicity (WET). A brief summary of the outlined descriptions has been included in the Summary of Review section.

The subject facility is a 0.0833 MGD treatment facility. The applicant does not anticipate any proposed upgrades to the treatment facility in the next five years. The NPDES application has been processed as a Minor Sewage Facility (Level 2) due to the type of sewage and the design flow rate for the facility. The applicant disclosed the Act 14 requirement to Bedford County Board of Commissioners and Broad Top Township and the notice was received by the parties on August 25, 2023 and August 27, 2023. A planning approval letter was not necessary as the facility is neither new or expanding.

Utilizing the DEP's web-based Emap-PA information system, the receiving waters has been determined to be Raystown Branch Juniata River. The sequence of receiving streams that the Raystown Branch Juniata River discharges into are Juniata River and the Susquehanna River which eventually drains into the Chesapeake Bay. The subject site is subject to the Chesapeake Bay implementation requirements. The receiving water has protected water usage for trout stocking fish (TSF) and migratory fish (MF). No Class A Wild Trout fisheries are impacted by this discharge. The absence of high quality and/or exceptional value surface waters removes the need for an additional evaluation of anti-degradation requirements.

The Raystown Branch Juniata River is a Category 2 stream listed in the 2022 Integrated List of All Waters (formerly 303d Listed Streams). This stream is an attaining stream that supports aquatic life / fish consumption / potable water supply. The receiving waters is subject to the Six Mile Run Watershed total maximum daily load (TMDL) plan to improve water quality in the subject facility's watershed.

The existing permit and proposed permit differ as follows:

- **Due to the EPA triennial review, monitoring shall be required for E. coli.**

Sludge use and disposal description and location(s): The facility did not report any solids disposal from January 2023 to September 2023. The wastewater is treated with lagoons.

The proposed permit will expire five (5) years from the effective date.

Based on the review in this report, it is recommended that the permit be drafted. DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Any additional information or public review of documents associated with the discharge or facility may be available at PA DEP Southcentral Regional Office (SCRO), 909 Elmerton Avenue, Harrisburg, PA 17110. To make an appointment for file review, contact the SCRO File Review Coordinator at 717.705.4700.

1.0 Applicant

1.1 General Information

This fact sheet summarizes PA Department of Environmental Protection's review for the NPDES renewal for the following subject facility.

Facility Name: Six Mile Run

NPDES Permit # PA0088609

Physical Address: Municipal Loop
Defiance, PA 16633

Mailing Address: 124 Hitchens Road / PO Box 57
Defiance, PA 16633

Contact: Stacy Woomer
Township Secretary / Treasurer
broadtop@comcast.net

Consultant: There was not a consultant utilized for this NPDES renewal.

1.2 Permit History

Permit submittal included the following information.

- NPDES Application
- Effluent Sample Data

2.0 Treatment Facility Summary

2.1.1 Site location

The physical address for the facility is Municipal Loop, Defiance, PA 16633. A topographical and an aerial photograph of the facility are depicted as Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Figure 1: Topographical map of the subject facility

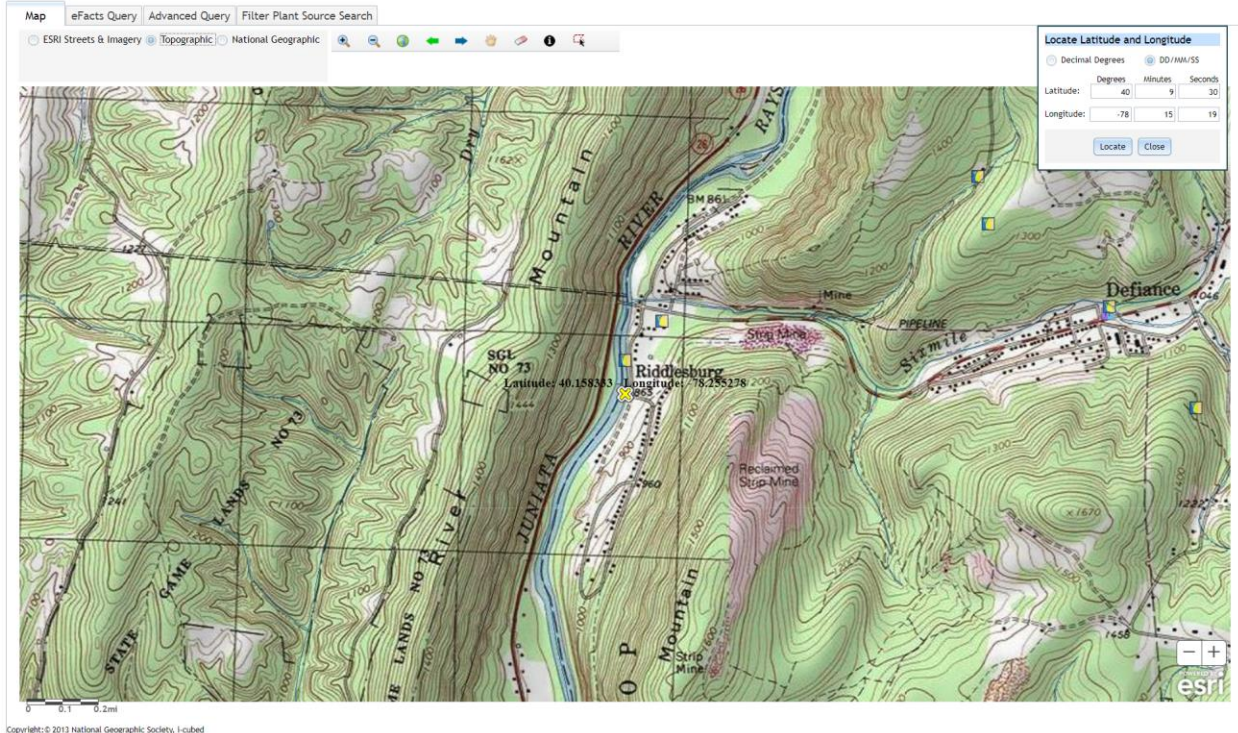
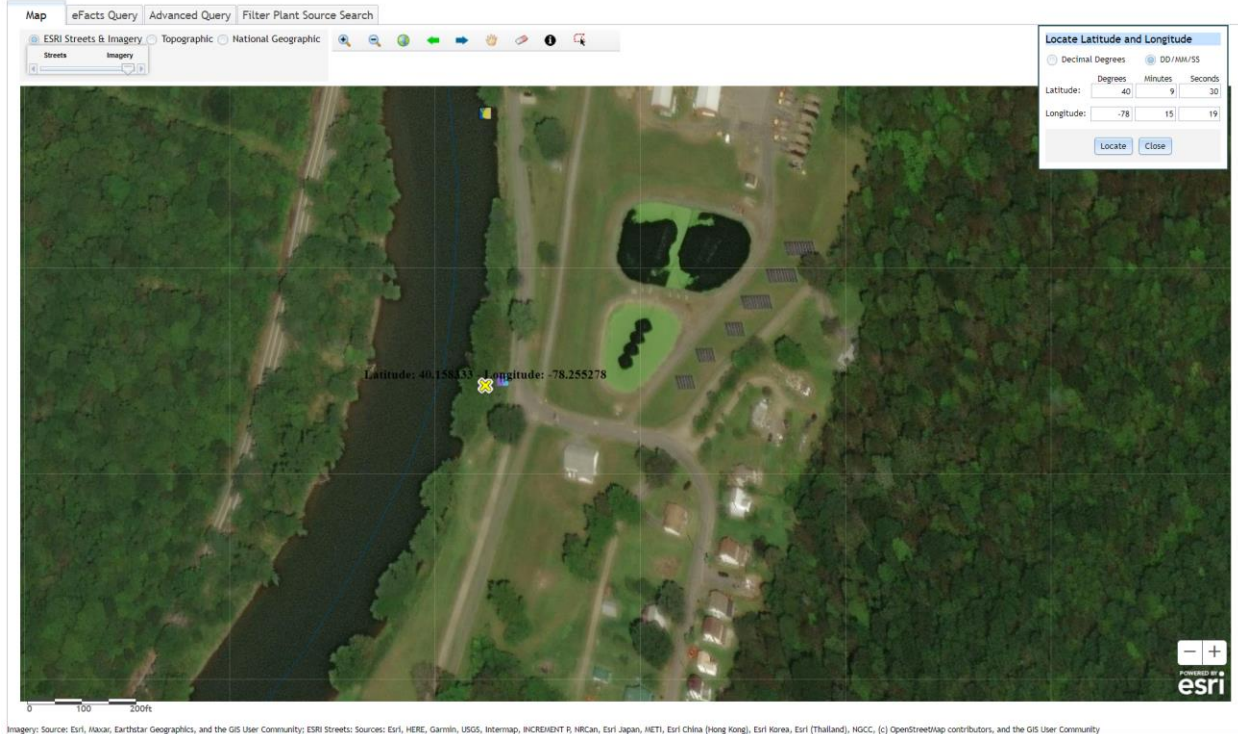


Figure 2: Aerial Photograph of the subject facility



2.1.2 Sources of Wastewater/Stormwater

The facility received hauled-in wastes within the past three years. The annual average volume received in the past three years was 5,967 gallons.

The facility anticipates accepting hauled-in wastes over the next five years.

2.2 Description of Wastewater Treatment Process

Six Mile Run WWTP provides sewage service to approximately 500 existing residential dwellings located in Broad Top Township, Coaldale Borough, and the villages of Defiance and Riddlesburg.

The subject facility is a 0.0833 MGD design flow facility. The subject facility treats wastewater using an aerated lagoon suspended growth system with filtration and UV disinfection prior to discharge to the Raystown Branch Juniata River. The facility is being evaluated for flow, dissolved oxygen, CBOD5, TSS, fecal coliform, uv measurement, nitrogen species, and phosphorus. The existing permits limits for the facility is summarized in Section 2.4.

The treatment process is summarized in the table.

Treatment Facility Summary				
Treatment Facility Name: Six Mile Run STP				
Waste Type	Degree of Treatment	Process Type	Disinfection	Avg Annual Flow (MGD)
Sewage	Secondary	Aerated Lagoon	Ultraviolet	0.0833
Hydraulic Capacity (MGD)	Organic Capacity (lbs/day)	Load Status	Biosolids Treatment	Biosolids Use/Disposal
0.0833	152.84	Not Overloaded		Combination of methods

2.3 Facility Outfall Information

The facility has the following outfall information for wastewater.

Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	.0833
Latitude	40° 9' 35.00"	Longitude	-78° 15' 19.00"
Wastewater Description: Sewage Effluent			

The subject facility outfall is within the vicinity of another sewage/wastewater outfall. The upstream outfall is Hopewell Borough STP (PA0082341) which is about 2 miles from the subject facility.

2.3.1 Operational Considerations- Chemical Additives

Chemical additives are chemical products introduced into a waste stream that is used for cleaning, disinfecting, or maintenance and which may be detected in effluent discharged to waters of the Commonwealth. Chemicals excluded are those used for neutralization of waste streams, the production of goods, and treatment of wastewater.

The subject facility utilizes the following chemicals as part of their treatment process.

- The NPDES application did not report any chemicals utilized for the wastewater treatment process.

2.4 Existing NPDES Permits Limits

The existing NPDES permit limits are summarized in the table.

PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. A. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 9' 35.00", Longitude 78° 15' 19.00", River Mile Index 46, Stream Code 13349

Receiving Waters: Sixmile Run

Type of Effluent: Sewage Effluent

1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from **April 1, 2019** through **March 31, 2024**.
2. Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements and Footnotes).

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum		
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	5.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	17	27	XXX	25	40	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5)								
Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	20	31	XXX	30	45	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab
Ultraviolet light intensity (µw/cm²)	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Recorded

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum		
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	Calculation
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

3.0 Facility NPDES Compliance History

3.1 Summary of Inspections

A summary of the most recent inspections during the existing permit review cycle is as follows.

The DEP inspector noted the following during the inspection.

12/13/2018:

- High level alarm for headworks was repaired.
- The sludge level was checked in the lagoons on October 31, 2018. Sludge depth was below 18" on average.

12/24/2019:

- A new NPDES permit became effective April 1, 2019 and now requires nutrient testing twice per year.
- The Lab Accreditation Supplemental form needed to be updated to include the nutrient testing requirements.
- The Hauled-in Waste supplemental form needed to include the pounds of BOD for the septage received.
- The fine screen unit was repaired this year. The brush was replaced and the unit was rebuilt.
- The sludge level was checked in the lagoons on October 15, 2019. Sludge depth was about 7.5 inches in the small lagoon and about 12.5 inches in the larger lagoon. Township was investigating options for removing sludge from the lagoons.

10/21/2021:

- Both influent pumps were recently repaired. Impellers and cases were replaced. The treatment plant appeared to be operating properly.
- Daily operation and repair information for the plant was currently recorded in the operator's work log. But the township will begin using a daily log for the facility.
- The township was unaware of reporting requirements for SSOs and failed to report manhole overflows that occurred during tropical storm Ida on September 1, 2021.
- The township was considering adding an additional surface aerator to the large lagoon to improve solids mixing and digestion.

1/26/2023:

- Since last inspection the sand filter was repaired and the brushes on the fine screen were replaced.

03/07/2023:

- There was nothing significant to report.

3.2 Summary of DMR Data

A review of approximately 1-year of DMR data shows that the monthly average flow data for the facility below the design capacity of the treatment system. The maximum average flow data for the DMR reviewed was 0.051 MGD. The design capacity of the treatment system is 0.0833 MGD.

The off-site laboratory used for the analysis of the parameters was Pace Analytical Services, LLC located at 2019 9th Street, Altoona, PA 16602.

NPDES Permit Fact Sheet
Six Mile Run STP

NPDES Permit No. PA0088609

DMR Data for Outfall 001 (from October 1, 2022 to September 30, 2023)

Parameter	SEP-23	AUG-23	JUL-23	JUN-23	MAY-23	APR-23	MAR-23	FEB-23	JAN-23	DEC-22	NOV-22	OCT-22
Flow (MGD) Average Monthly	0.04109	0.03359 7	0.04046 7	0.03399	0.04589 6	0.04015	0.05138 1	0.03463 6	0.04880 6	0.04027 1	0.04640 2	0.03224 7
Flow (MGD) Daily Maximum	0.17689 5	0.14067 2	0.15421 3	0.16411 3	0.20071 8	0.11753 2	0.14867 2	0.08293 9	0.23521 8	0.16113	0.27059 7	0.20954 1
pH (S.U.) Instantaneous Minimum	7.3	7.25	7.34	7.35	7.4	7.45	7.71	7.47	7.25	7.18	7.02	7.15
pH (S.U.) Instantaneous Maximum	7.37	7.5	7.42	7.48	7.55	7.73	7.83	7.81	7.45	7.31	7.24	7.32
DO (mg/L) Instantaneous Minimum	9.4	9.25	9.41	9.41	9.1	9.22	9.43	9.5	9.21	9.26	9.15	9.1
CBOD5 (lbs/day) Average Monthly	< 3	< 2	< 1	1	8	6	7	5	19	7	7	< 4.0
CBOD5 (lbs/day) Weekly Average	< 3	< 2	< 2	2	11	10	8	6	26	13	11	< 5.0
CBOD5 (mg/L) Average Monthly	< 3	< 3	< 3	3	7	8	8	11	15	17	9.2	< 3
CBOD5 (mg/L) Weekly Average	< 3	< 3	< 3	3	11	10	9	12	17	18	9.26	< 3
BOD5 (lbs/day) Raw Sewage Influent Average Monthly	57	72	84	64	218	68	145	97	24	16	61	40
BOD5 (lbs/day) Raw Sewage Influent Daily Maximum	79	109	141	128	299	110	265	119	48	32	122	43
BOD5 (mg/L) Raw Sewage Influent Average Monthly	124	141	213	220	198	213	234	161	128	161	154	92
TSS (lbs/day) Average Monthly	< 3	< 1	< 2	4	17	6	6	9	53	10	7	9
TSS (lbs/day) Raw Sewage Influent Average Monthly	59	61	61	29	69	31	57	49	34	8	176	26

**NPDES Permit Fact Sheet
Six Mile Run STP**

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TSS (lbs/day) Raw Sewage Influent Daily Maximum	100	62	97	58	94	39	107	66	66	16	352	44
TSS (lbs/day) Weekly Average	4	2	3	7	25	11	6	13	81	20	10	13
TSS (mg/L) Average Monthly	< 4	< 2	< 3	9	16	9	6	18	37	19	10	6
TSS (mg/L) Raw Sewage Influent Average Monthly	102	123	156	107	63	123	75	81	213	84	265	50
TSS (mg/L) Weekly Average	5.6	2	4.4	9.6	26	11	7.2	26	41.3	24	12.4	7.6
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Geometric Mean	< 4	< 4	< 4	< 6	< 33	< 45	235	109	271	246	< 6	< 3
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Instantaneous Maximum	< 4	< 4	< 4	10	110	< 100	374	192	498	283.2	< 10	< 4
UV Intensity (μ w/cm ²) Daily Minimum	1.2	1	1.7	1.3	1.7	0.09	0.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.1	0.4
Nitrate-Nitrite (lbs/day) Semi-Annual Average				2						2		
Nitrate-Nitrite (mg/L) Semi-Annual Average				5.493						8.078		
Total Nitrogen (lbs/day) Semi-Annual Average				17						< 0.2		
Total Nitrogen (mg/L) Semi-Annual Average				37.63						< 0.9		
Ammonia (lbs/day) Semi-Annual Average				21						0.09		

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Ammonia (mg/L) Semi-Annual Average				46.44						0.329		
TKN (lbs/day) Semi-Annual Average				17						< 0.1		
TKN (mg/L) Semi-Annual Average				37.63						< 0.5		
Total Phosphorus (lbs/day) Semi-Annual Average				3						1		
Total Phosphorus (mg/L) Semi-Annual Average				5.88						4.68		

3.3 Non-Compliance

3.3.1 Non-Compliance- NPDES Effluent

A summary of the non-compliance to the permit limits for the existing permit cycle is as follows.

From the DMR data beginning in April 1, 2019 and ending November 16, 2023, the following were observed effluent non-compliances.

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Six Mile Run STP**

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Summary of Non-Compliance with NPDES Effluent Limits									
Beginning April 1, 2019 and ending November 16, 2023									
NON_COMPLIANCE_DATE	NON_COMPLTYPE_DESC	NON_COMPLCATEGORY_DESC	PARAMETER	SAMPLE_VALUE	VIOLATION_CONDITION	PERMIT_VALUE	UNIT_OF_MEASURE	STAT_BASE_CODE	FACILITY_COMMENTS
6/14/2019	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	41	>	30	mg/L	Average Monthly	High Average Monthly Total Suspended Solids is because of algae growth. Duck weed will correct this. The 6/4 test was within the limits.
6/14/2019	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	66	>	45	mg/L	Weekly Average	Weekly Average high due to the algae growth. Duck weed will correct this. The 6/4 testing was within the limits.
1/15/2021	Sample collection less frequent than required	Other Violations	Flow						
8/2/2021	Late DMR Submission	Other Violations							
5/13/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	36	>	30	mg/L	Average Monthly	
6/17/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	pH	5.94	<	6.0	S.U.	Instantaneous Minimum	measurement anomaly
7/13/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	pH	5.77	<	6.0	S.U.	Instantaneous Minimum	new hire has been trained to use equipment properly
7/30/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Fecal Coliform	5198.8	>	1000	No./100 ml	Instantaneous Maximum	Bulbs were cleaned properly
7/30/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	36	>	30	mg/L	Average Monthly	
7/30/2021	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	56	>	45	mg/L	Weekly Average	
10/21/2021		Unauthorized Discharges							Due to Ida Hurricane we received 9" of rain. I-I infiltration. We remediated the issue by rebuilding 2 pumps in the lift station.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	18	>	17	lbs/day	Average Monthly	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	30	>	27	lbs/day	Weekly Average	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Fecal Coliform	1178	>	1000	No./100 ml	Instantaneous Maximum	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Fecal Coliform	275	>	200	No./100 ml	Geometric Mean	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.

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6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	142	>	31	lbs/day	Weekly Average	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	39	>	30	mg/L	Average Monthly	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	60	>	45	mg/L	Weekly Average	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
6/20/2022	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	85	>	20	lbs/day	Average Monthly	Due to the excessive amount of rain, we experienced a very high flow and the detention time required for proper treatment was exceeded. After a couple of weeks of recovery time the system returned to normal treatment efficiency. We have been working with PRWA to correct the problem.
2/20/2023	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	19	>	17	lbs/day	Average Monthly	The sand filters were cleaned and will be recirculated more frequently.
2/20/2023	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	37	>	30	mg/L	Average Monthly	The sand filters were cleaned and will be recirculated more frequently.
2/20/2023	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	53	>	20	lbs/day	Average Monthly	The sand filters were cleaned and will be recirculated more frequently.
2/20/2023	Violation of permit condition	Effluent	Total Suspended Solids	81	>	31	lbs/day	Weekly Average	The sand filters were cleaned and will be recirculated more frequently.

3.3.2 Non-Compliance- Enforcement Actions

A summary of the non-compliance enforcement actions for the current permit cycle is as follows:

Beginning in April 1, 2019 and ending November 16, 2023, the following were observed enforcement actions.

**Summary of Enforcement Actions
Beginning April 1, 2019 and ending November 16, 2023**

ENF ID	ENF TYPE	ENF TYPE	ENF	EXECUTED	VIOLATI	ENF	ENF
396781	NOV	Notice of Violation	08/24/2021	08/16/2021	92A.44	Comply/Closed	08/17/2021

3.4 Summary of Biosolids Disposal

A summary of the biosolids disposed of from the facility is as follows.

The facility did not report any solids disposal from January 2023 to September 2023. The wastewater is treated with lagoons. Measurements for solids depth in the lagoon are measured periodically.

3.5 Open Violations

As of November 2023, there were no open violations for the subject facility. However, Broad Top Township has open violations for the Hess MHP (PA0246433). Final issuance of the permit may be withheld until the open violation is addressed.

4.0 Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information Detail Summary

4.1 Receiving Waters

The receiving waters has been determined to be Raystown Branch Juniata River. The sequence of receiving streams that the Raystown Branch Juniata River discharges into are Juniata River and the Susquehanna River which eventually drains into the Chesapeake Bay.

4.2 Public Water Supply (PWS) Intake

The closest PWS to the subject facility is Saxton Municipal Water Authority (PWS ID #4050021) located approximately 7 miles downstream of the subject facility on the Juniata River. Based upon the distance and the flow rate of the facility, the PWS should not be impacted.

4.3 Class A Wild Trout Streams

Class A Wild Trout Streams are waters that support a population of naturally produced trout of sufficient size and abundance to support long-term and rewarding sport fishery. DEP classifies these waters as high-quality coldwater fisheries.

The information obtained from EMAP suggests that no Class A Wild Trout Fishery will be impacted by this discharge.

4.4 2022 Integrated List of All Waters (303d Listed Streams)

Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act requires States to list all impaired surface waters not supporting uses even after appropriate and required water pollution control technologies have been applied. The 303(d) list includes the reason for impairment which may be one or more point sources (i.e. industrial or sewage discharges) or non-point sources (i.e. abandoned mine lands or agricultural runoff and the pollutant causing the impairment such as metals, pH, mercury or siltation).

States or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) must determine the conditions that would return the water to a condition that meets water quality standards. As a follow-up to listing, the state or EPA must develop a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for each waterbody on the list. A TMDL identifies allowable pollutant loads to a waterbody from both point and non-point sources that will prevent a violation of water quality standards. A TMDL also includes a margin of safety to ensure protection of the water.

The water quality status of Pennsylvania's waters uses a five-part categorization (lists) of waters per their attainment use status. The categories represent varying levels of attainment, ranging from Category 1, where all designated water uses are met to Category 5 where impairment by pollutants requires a TMDL for water quality protection.

The receiving waters is listed in the 2022 Pennsylvania Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report as a Category 2 waterbody. The surface waters is an attaining stream that supports aquatic life / fish consumption / potable water supply. The designated use has been classified as protected waters for Trout stocking fishes (TSF) and migratory fishes (MF).

4.5 Low Flow Stream Conditions

Water quality modeling estimates are based upon conservative data inputs. The data are typically estimated using either a stream gauge or through USGS web based StreamStats program. The NPDES effluent limits are based upon the combined flows from both the stream and the facility discharge.

A conservative approach to estimate the impact of the facility discharge using values which minimize the total combined volume of the stream and the facility discharge. The volumetric flow rate for the stream is based upon the seven-day, 10-year low flow (Q710) which is the lowest estimated flow rate of the stream during a 7 consecutive day period that occurs once in 10 -year time period. The facility discharge is based upon a known design capacity of the subject facility.

The closest WQN station to the subject facility is the Raystown Branch Juniata River at Saxton, PA (WQN223). This WQN station is located approximately 8 miles downstream of the subject facility.

The closest gauge station to the subject facility is the Raystown Branch Juniata River at Saxton, PA (USGS station number 1562000). This gauge station is located approximately 8 miles downstream of the subject facility.

For WQM modeling, pH and stream water temperature data from the water quality network station was used. pH was estimated to be 8.00 and the stream water temperature was estimated to be 23.3 C.

The hardness of the stream was estimated from the water quality network to be 96 mg/l CaCO₃.

The low flow yield and the Q710 for the subject facility was estimated as shown below.

Gauge Station Data		
USGS Station Number	1562000	
Station Name	Raystown Branch Juniata River at Saxton, PA	
Q710	67.1	ft ³ /sec
Drainage Area (DA)	756	mi ²
Calculations		
The low flow yield of the gauge station is:		
Low Flow Yield (LFY) = Q710 / DA		
LFY =	(67.1 ft ³ /sec / 756 mi ²)	
LFY =	0.0888	ft ³ /sec/mi ²
The low flow at the subject site is based upon the DA of		
	724	mi ²
Q710 = (LFY@gauge station)(DA@Subject Site)		
Q710 = (0.0888 ft ³ /sec/mi ²)(724 mi ²)		
Q710 =	64.260	ft ³ /sec

4.6 Summary of Discharge, Receiving Waters and Water Supply Information

Outfall No.	<u>001</u>	Design Flow (MGD)	<u>.0833</u>
Latitude	<u>40° 9' 43.77"</u>	Longitude	<u>-78° 15' 12.66"</u>
Quad Name	<u></u>	Quad Code	<u></u>
Wastewater Description: <u>Sewage Effluent</u>			

Receiving Waters	<u>Raystown Branch Juniata River</u>	Stream Code	<u>13349</u>
NHD Com ID	<u>65843557</u>	RMI	<u>46</u>
Drainage Area	<u>724</u>	Yield (cfs/mi ²)	<u>0.0888</u>
Q ₇₋₁₀ Flow (cfs)	<u>64.26</u>	Q ₇₋₁₀ Basis	<u>Streamstats/streamgauge</u>
Elevation (ft)	<u>848</u>	Slope (ft/ft)	<u></u>
Watershed No.	<u>11-D</u>	Chapter 93 Class.	<u>TSF / MF</u>
Existing Use	<u>Same as Chapter 93 class</u>	Existing Use Qualifier	<u></u>
Exceptions to Use	<u></u>	Exceptions to Criteria	<u></u>
Assessment Status	<u>Impaired</u>		
Cause(s) of Impairment	<u>METALS, PH</u>		
Source(s) of Impairment	<u>ACID MINE DRAINAGE</u>		
TMDL Status	<u>Final</u>	Name	<u>Sixmile Run</u>

Background/Ambient Data		Data Source	
pH (SU)	<u>8.00</u>	WQN223; median July to Sept	<u></u>
Temperature (°C)	<u>23.3</u>	WQN223; median July to Sept	<u></u>
Hardness (mg/L)	<u>96</u>	WQN223; Median historical	<u></u>
Other:	<u></u>		<u></u>

Nearest Downstream Public Water Supply Intake	<u>Saxton Municipal Water Authority</u>		
PWS Waters	<u>Juniata River</u>	Flow at Intake (cfs)	<u></u>
PWS RMI	<u>42</u>	Distance from Outfall (mi)	<u>7</u>

5.0: Overview of Presiding Water Quality Standards

5.1 General

There are at least six (6) different policies which determines the effluent performance limits for the NPDES permit. The policies are technology based effluent limits (TBEL), water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL), antidegradation, total maximum daily loading (TMDL), anti-backsliding, and whole effluent toxicity (WET) The effluent performance limitations enforced are the selected permit limits that is most protective to the designated use of the receiving waters. An overview of each of the policies that are applicable to the subject facility has been presented in Section 6.

5.2.1 Technology-Based Limitations

TBEL treatment requirements under section 301(b) of the Act represent the minimum level of control that must be imposed in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act (40 CFR 125.3). Available TBEL requirements for the state of Pennsylvania are itemized in PA Code 25, Chapter 92a.47.

The presiding sources for the basis for the effluent limitations are governed by either federal or state regulation. The reference sources for each of the parameters is itemized in the tables. The following technology-based limitations apply, subject to water quality analysis and best professional judgement (BPJ) where applicable:

Parameter	Limit (mg/l)	SBC	Federal Regulation	State Regulation
CBOD ₅	25	Average Monthly	133.102(a)(4)(i)	92a.47(a)(1)
	40	Average Weekly	133.102(a)(4)(ii)	92a.47(a)(2)
Total Suspended Solids	30	Average Monthly	133.102(b)(1)	92a.47(a)(1)
	45	Average Weekly	133.102(b)(2)	92a.47(a)(2)
pH	6.0 – 9.0 S.U.	Min – Max	133.102(c)	95.2(1)
Fecal Coliform (5/1 – 9/30)	200 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform (5/1 – 9/30)	1,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(4)
Fecal Coliform (10/1 – 4/30)	2,000 / 100 ml	Geo Mean	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Fecal Coliform (10/1 – 4/30)	10,000 / 100 ml	IMAX	-	92a.47(a)(5)
Total Residual Chlorine	0.5	Average Monthly	-	92a.48(b)(2)

5.2.2 Mass Based Limits

For publicly owned treatment works (POTW), mass loadings are calculated based upon design flow rate of the facility and the permit limit concentration. The generalized calculation for mass loadings is shown below:

$$Quantity \left(\frac{lb}{day} \right) = (MGD)(Concentration)(8.34)$$

5.3 Water Quality-Based Limitations

WQBEL are based on the need to attain or maintain the water quality criteria and to assure protection of designated and existing uses (PA Code 25, Chapter 92a.2). The subject facility that is typically enforced is the more stringent limit of either the TBEL or the WQBEL.

Determination of WQBEL is calculated by spreadsheet analysis or by a computer modeling program developed by DEP. DEP permit engineers utilize the following computing programs for WQBEL permit limitations: (1) MS Excel worksheet for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC); (2) WQM 7.0 for Windows Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen Version 1.1 (WQM Model) and (3) Toxics using DEP Toxics Management Spreadsheet for Toxics pollutants.

The modeling point nodes utilized for this facility are summarized below.

General Data 1	(Modeling Point #1)	(Modeling Point #2)	(Modeling Point #3)	Units
Stream Code	13349	13349	13349	
River Mile Index	46	43.74	47.8	miles
Elevation	848.79	834.7	856.48	feet
Latitude	40.159722	40.185293	40.137383	
Longitude	-78.255278	-78.243983	-78.265385	
Drainage Area	724	740	723	sq miles
Low Flow Yield	0.0888	0.0888	0.0888	cfs/sq mile

5.3.1 Water Quality Modeling 7.0

The WQM Model is a computer model that is used to determine NPDES discharge effluent limitations for Carbonaceous BOD (CBOD5), Ammonia Nitrogen (NH3-N), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) for single and multiple point source discharges scenarios. WQM Model is a complete-mix model which means that the discharge flow and the stream flow are assumed to instantly and completely mixed at the discharge node.

WQM recommends effluent limits for DO, CBOD5, and NH3-N in mg/l for the discharge(s) in the simulation.

Four types of limits may be recommended. The limits are

- (a) a minimum concentration for DO in the discharge as 30-day average;
- (b) a 30-day average concentration for CBOD5 in the discharge;
- (c) a 30-day average concentration for the NH3-N in the discharge;
- (d) 24-hour average concentration for NH3-N in the discharge.

The WQM Model requires several input values for calculating output values. The source of data originates from either EMAP, the National Map, or Stream Stats. Data for stream gauge information, if any, was abstracted from USGS Low-Flow, Base-Flow, and Mean-Flow Regression Equations for Pennsylvania Streams authored by Marla H. Stuckey (Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130).

The applicable WQM Effluent Limit Type are discussed in Section 6 under the corresponding parameter which is either DO, CBOD, or ammonia-nitrogen.

5.3.2 Toxics Modeling

The facility is not subject to toxics modeling.

5.3.3 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET)

The facility is not subject to WET.

5.4 Total Maximum Daily Loading (TMDL)

5.4.1 TMDL

The goal of the Clean Water Act (CWA), which governs water pollution, is to ensure that all of the Nation's waters are clean and healthy enough to support aquatic life and recreation. To achieve this goal, the CWA created programs designed to regulate and reduce the amount of pollution entering United States waters. Section 303(d) of the CWA requires states to assess their waterbodies to identify those not meeting water quality standards. If a waterbody is not meeting standards, it is listed as impaired and reported to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The state then develops a plan to clean up the impaired waterbody. This plan includes the development of a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for the pollutant(s) that were found to be the cause of the water quality violations. A Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) calculates the maximum amount of a specific pollutant that a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards.

A TMDL for a given pollutant and waterbody is composed of the sum of individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources and natural background levels. In addition, the TMDL must include an implicit or explicit margin of safety (MOS) to account for the uncertainty in the relationship between pollutant loads and the quality of the receiving waterbody. The TMDL components are illustrated using the following equation:

$$TMDL = \sum WLAs + \sum LAs + MOS$$

Pennsylvania has committed to restoring all impaired waters by developing TMDLs and TMDL alternatives for all impaired waterbodies. The TMDL serves as the starting point or planning tool for restoring water quality.

5.4.1.1 Local TMDL

The subject facility discharges into the Raystown Branch Juniata River. Just north of the facility is a confluence of the Six Mile Run stream and the Raystown Branch Juniata River. The Six Mile Run stream is subject to TMDL limits.

High levels of metals, and in some areas depressed pH, caused these impairments. All impairments resulted from drainage from abandoned coal mines. The TMDL addresses the three primary metals associated with acid mine drainage (iron, manganese, aluminum), and pH.

The facility is a sewage facility. Impairments were caused by abandoned coal mines. The facility will not be subject to monitoring/effluent limits for iron, manganese, aluminum, and pH.

5.4.1.2 Chesapeake Bay TMDL Requirement

The Chesapeake Bay Watershed is a large ecosystem that encompasses approximately 64,000 square miles in Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New York and the District of Columbia. An ecosystem is composed of interrelated parts that interact with each other to form a whole. All of the plants and animals in an ecosystem depend on each other in some way. Every living thing needs a healthy ecosystem to survive. Human activities affect the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem by adding pollution, using resources and changing the character of the land.

Most of the Chesapeake Bay and many of its tidal tributaries have been listed as impaired under Section 303(d) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act"), 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d). While the Chesapeake Bay is outside the boundaries of Pennsylvania, more than half of the State lies within the watershed. Two major rivers in Pennsylvania are part of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed. They are (a) the Susquehanna River and (b) the Potomac River. These two rivers total 40 percent of the entire Chesapeake Bay watershed.

The overall management approach needed for reducing nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment are provided in the Bay TMDL document and the Phase I, II, and III WIPs which is described in the Bay TMDL document and Executive Order 13508.

The Bay TMDL is a comprehensive pollution reduction effort in the Chesapeake Bay watershed identifying the necessary pollution reductions of nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment across the seven Bay watershed jurisdictions of Delaware, Maryland, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia to meet applicable water quality standards in the Bay and its tidal waters.

The Watershed Implementation Plans (WIPs) provides objectives for how the jurisdictions in partnership with federal and local governments will achieve the Bay TMDL's nutrient and sediment allocations.

Phase 3 WIP provides an update on Chesapeake Bay TMDL implementation activities for point sources and DEP's current implementation strategy for wastewater. The latest revision of the supplement was September 13, 2021.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL (Appendix Q) categorizes point sources into four sectors:

- Sector A- significant sewage dischargers;
- Sector B- significant industrial waste (IW) dischargers;
- Sector C- non-significant dischargers (both sewage and IW facilities); and
- Sector D- combined sewer overflows (CSOs).

All sectors contain a listing of individual facilities with NPDES permits that were believed to be discharging at the time the TMDL was published (2010). All sectors with the exception of the non-significant dischargers have individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for TN and TP assigned to specific facilities. Non-significant dischargers have a bulk or aggregate allocation for TN and TP based on the facilities in that sector that were believed to be discharging at that time and their estimated nutrient loads.

Cap Loads will be established in permits as Net Annual TN and TP loads (lbs/yr) that apply during the period of October 1 – September 30. For facilities that have received Cap Loads in any other form, the Cap Loads will be modified accordingly when the permits are renewed.

Offsets have been incorporated into Cap Loads in several permits issued to date. From this point forward, permits will be issued with the WLAs as Cap Loads and will identify Offsets separately to facilitate nutrient trading activities and compliance with the TMDL.

Based upon the supplement the subject facility has been categorized as a Sector C discharger. The supplement defines Sector C as a non-significant dischargers include sewage facilities (Phase 4 facilities: ≥ 0.2 MGD and < 0.4 MGD and Phase 5 facilities: > 0.002 MGD and < 0.2 MGD), small flow/single residence sewage treatment facilities (≤ 0.002 MGD), and non-significant IW facilities, all of which may be covered by statewide General Permits or may have individual NPDES permits.

At this time, there are approximately 850 Phase 4 and 5 sewage facilities, approximately 715 small flow sewage treatment facilities covered by a statewide General Permit, and approximately 300 non-significant IW facilities.

For Phase 5 sewage facilities with individual permits (average annual design flow on August 29, 2005 > 0.002 MGD and < 0.2 MGD), DEP will issue individual permits with monitoring and reporting for TN and TP throughout the permit term at a frequency no less than annually, unless 1) the facility has already conducted at least two years of nutrient monitoring and 2) a summary of the monitoring results are included in the next permit's fact sheet. If, however, Phase 5 facilities choose to expand, the renewed or amended permits will contain Cap Loads based on the lesser of a) existing TN/TP concentrations at current design average annual flow or b) 7,306 lbs/yr TN and 974 lbs/yr TP.

If no data are available to determine existing concentrations for expanding Phase 4 or 5 facilities, default concentrations of 25 mg/l TN and 4 mg/l TP may be used (these are the average estimated concentrations of all non-significant sewage facilities).

DEP will not issue permits to existing Phase 4 and 5 facilities containing Cap Loads unless it is done on a broad scale or unless the facilities are expanding.

For new Phase 4 and 5 sewage discharges, in general DEP will issue new permits containing Cap Loads of "0" and new facilities will be expected to purchase credits and/or apply offsets to achieve compliance, with the exception of small flow and single residence facilities.

This facility is subject to Sector C monitoring requirements. Monitoring shall be required at least 2x/yr for nitrogen species and phosphorus.

5.5 Anti-Degradation Requirement

Chapter 93.4a of the PA regulations requires that surface water of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may not be degraded below levels that protect the existing uses. The regulations specifically state that *Existing instream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses shall be maintained and protected*. Antidegradation requirements are implemented through DEP's guidance manual entitled Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance (Document #391-0300-02).

The policy requires DEP to protect the existing uses of all surface waters and the existing quality of High Quality (HQ) and Exceptional Value (EV) Waters. Existing uses are protected when DEP makes a final decision on any permit or approval for an activity that may affect a protected use. Existing uses are protected based upon DEP's evaluation of the best available information (which satisfies DEP protocols and Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures) that indicates the protected use of the waterbody.

For a new, additional, or increased point source discharge to an HQ or EV water, the person proposing the discharge is required to utilize a nondischarge alternative that is cost-effective and environmentally sound when compared with the cost of the proposed discharge. If a nondischarge alternative is not cost-effective and environmentally sound, the person must use the best available combination of treatment, pollution prevention, and wastewater reuse technologies and assure that any discharge is nondegrading. In the case of HQ waters, DEP may find that after satisfaction of intergovernmental coordination and public participation requirements lower water quality is necessary to accommodate important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are located. In addition, DEP will assure that cost-effective and reasonable best management practices for nonpoint source control in HQ and EV waters are achieved.

The subject facility's discharge will be to a non-special protection waters and the permit conditions are imposed to protect existing instream water quality and uses. Neither HQ waters or EV waters is impacted by this discharge.

5.6 Anti-Backsliding

Anti-backsliding is a federal regulation which prohibits a permit from being renewed, reissued, or modified containing effluent limitations which are less stringent than the comparable effluent limitations in the previous permit (40 CFR 122.1.1 and 40 CFR 122.1.2). A review of the existing permit limitations with the proposed permit limitations confirm that the facility is consistent with anti-backsliding requirements. The facility has proposed effluent limitations that are as stringent as the existing permit.

6.0 NPDES Parameter Details

The basis for the proposed sampling and their monitoring frequency that will appear in the permit for each individual parameter are itemized in this Section. The final limits are the more stringent of technology based effluent treatment (TBEL) requirements, water quality based (WQBEL) limits, TMDL, antidegradation, anti-degradation, or WET.

The reader will find in this section:

- a) a justification of recommended permit monitoring requirements and limitations for each parameter in the proposed NPDES permit;
- b) a summary of changes from the existing NPDES permit to the proposed permit; and
- c) a summary of the proposed NPDES effluent limits.

6.1 Recommended Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations

A summary of the recommended monitoring requirements and effluent limitations are itemized in the tables. The tables are categorized by (a) Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection and (b) Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus.

6.1.1 Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection

Summary of Proposed NPDES Parameter Details for Conventional Pollutants and Disinfection Six Mile Run; PA0088609			
Parameter	Permit Limitation Required by ¹ :	Recommendation	
pH (S.U.)	TBEL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be daily as a grab sample (Table 6-3).
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits may range from pH = 6.0 to 9.0
		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 95.2(1).
Dissolved Oxygen	BPJ	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be daily as a grab sample (Table 6-3).
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall be greater than 5.0 mg/l.
		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by best professional judgement.
CBOD	TBEL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a 24-hr composite sample (Table 6-3).
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall not exceed 25 mg/l as an average monthly.
		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(1). WQM modeling indicates that the TBEL is more stringent than the QBEL. Thus, the permit limit is confined to TBEL.
TSS	TBEL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a 24-hr composite sample (Table 6-3).
		Effluent Limit:	Effluent limits shall not exceed 30 mg/l as an average monthly.
		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(1). While there is no WQM modeling for this parameter, the permit limit for TSS is generally assigned similar effluent limits as CBOD or BOD.
UV disinfection	SOP	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency is 1/day. The facility will be required to recording the UV intensity.
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Consistent with the SOP- Establishing Effluent Limitations for Individual Sewage Permits (Revised January 10, 2019), the facility will be required to have routine monitoring for UV transmittance, UV dosage, or UV intensity.
Fecal Coliform	TBEL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/month as a grab sample (Table 6-3).
		Effluent Limit:	Summer effluent limits shall not exceed 200 No./100 mL as a geometric mean. Winter effluent limits shall not exceed 2000 No./100 mL as a geometric mean.
		Rationale:	The monitoring frequency has been assigned in accordance with Table 6-3 and the effluent limits assigned by Chapter 92a.47(a)(4) and 92a.47(a)(5).
E. Coli	SOP; Chapter 92a.61	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 1x/quarter as a grab sample (SOP).
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Consistent with the SOP- Establishing Effluent Limitations for Individual Sewage Permits (Revised March 22, 2019) and under the authority of Chapter 92a.61, the facility will be required to monitor for E.Coli.

Notes:

- 1 The NPDES permit was limited by (a) anti-Backsliding, (b) Anti-Degradation, (c) SOP, (d) TBEL, (e) TMDL, (f) QBEL, (g) WET, or (h) Other
- 2 Monitoring frequency based on flow rate of 0.0833 MGD.
- 3 Table 6-3 (Self Monitoring Requirements for Sewage Discharges) in Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations and Other Permit Conditions in NPDES Permits) (Document # 362-0400-001) Revised 10/97
- 4 Water Quality Antidegradation Implementaton Guidance (Document # 391-0300-002)
- 5 Chesapeake Bay Phase 3 Watershed Implementation Plan Wastewater Supplement, Revised September 13, 2021

6.1.2 Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus

Summary of Proposed NPDES Parameter Details for Nitrogen Species and Phosphorus			
Six Mile Run; PA0088609			
Parameter	Permit Limitation Required by ¹ :	Recommendation	
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Chesapeake Bay TMDL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/yr as a 24-hr composite sample
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 2x/yr.
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Chesapeake Bay TMDL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/yr as a 24-hr composite sample
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 2x/yr.
Total Nitrogen	Chesapeake Bay TMDL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/yr as a 24-hr composite sample
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 2x/yr.
TKN	Chesapeake Bay TMDL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/yr as a 24-hr composite sample
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 2x/yr.
Total Phosphorus	Chesapeake Bay TMDL	Monitoring:	The monitoring frequency shall be 2x/yr as a 24-hr composite sample
		Effluent Limit:	No effluent requirements.
		Rationale:	Due to the Chesapeake Bay Implementation Plan, the facility is required to be monitored on a frequency at least 2x/yr.
Notes:			
1 The NPDES permit was limited by (a) anti-Backsliding, (b) Anti-Degradation, (c) SOP, (d) TBEL, (e) TMDL, (f) WQBEL, (g) WET, or (h) Other			
2 Monitoring frequency based on flow rate of 0.0833 MGD.			
3 Table 6-3 (Self Monitoring Requirements for Sewage Discharges) in Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations and Other Permit Conditions in NPDES Permits) (Document # 362-0400-001) Revised 10/97			
4 Water Quality Antidegradation Implementaton Guidance (Document # 391-0300-002)			
5 Chesapeake Bay Phase 3 Watershed Implementation Plan Wastewater Supplement, Revised September 13, 2021			

6.2 Summary of Changes From Existing Permit to Proposed Permit

A summary of how the proposed NPDES permit differs from the existing NPDES permit is summarized as follows.

- **Due to the EPA triennial review, monitoring shall be required for E. coli.**

6.3.1 Summary of Proposed NPDES Effluent Limits

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the “NPDES Permit Writer’s Manual” (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

The proposed NPDES effluent limitations are summarized in the table below.

PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. A. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 9' 35.00", Longitude 78° 15' 19.00", River Mile Index 46, Stream Code 13349

Receiving Waters: Sixmile Run (WWF)

Type of Effluent: Sewage Effluent

- The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from **Permit Effective Date** through **Permit Expiration Date**.
- Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements and Footnotes).

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum		
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	5.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)	17	27	XXX	25	40	50	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5) Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report Daily Max	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	20	31	XXX	30	45	60	2/month	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000	2/month	Grab
Fecal Coliform (No./100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000	2/month	Grab
E. Coli (No./100 ml)	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report Daily Max	XXX	1/quarter	Grab

Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Daily Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum		
Ultraviolet light intensity (µw/cm²)	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Recorded
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	Calculation
Ammonia-Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	Report SEMI AVG	XXX	XXX	1/6 months	24-Hr Composite

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

6.3.2 Summary of Proposed Permit Part C Conditions

The subject facility has the following Part C conditions.

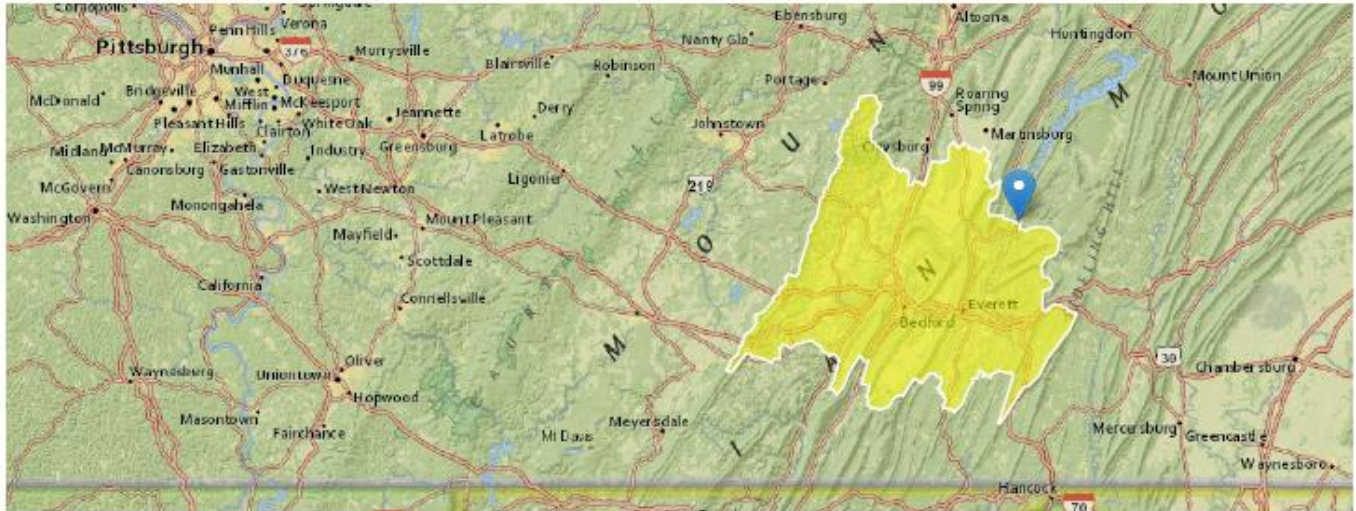
- Hauled-in Waste Restrictions
- Chesapeake Bay Nutrient Definitions
- Solids Management for Lagoons

Attachment A

Stream Stats/Gauge Data

StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA
 Workspace ID: PA20231116175620527000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.15966, -78.25559
 Time: 2023-11-16 12:56:42 -0500



Sixmile Run PA0088609 Modeling Point #1 November 2023

Collapse All

Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.49	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	724	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.34	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (724 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	724	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.34	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.49	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (724 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	76.3	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	98.2	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	43.1	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	56	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	78.9	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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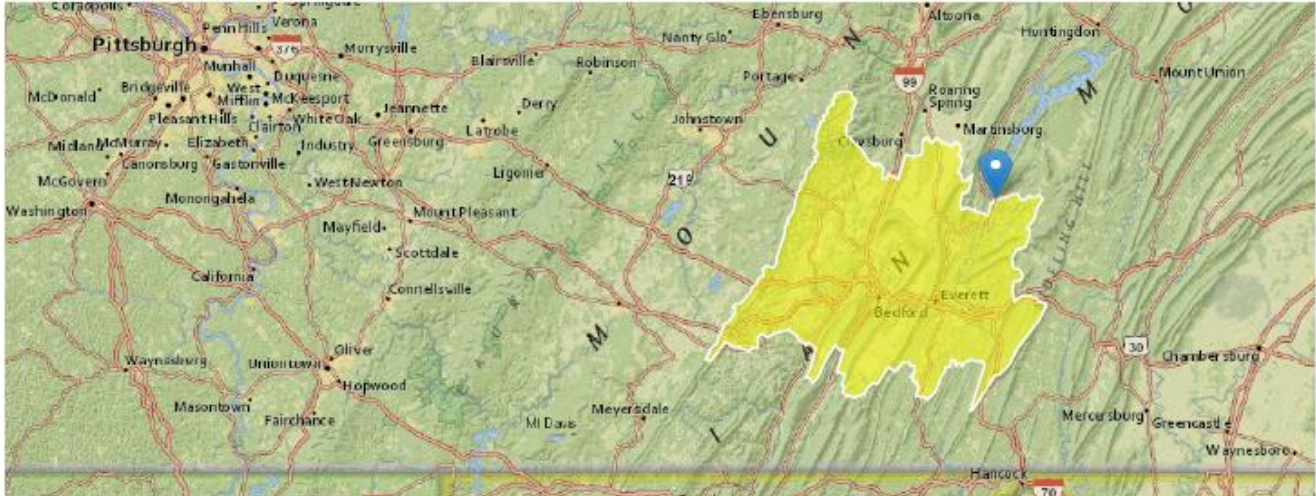
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Application Version: 4.18.1
StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22
NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA
 Workspace ID: PA20231116175943699000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.18550, -78.24368
 Time: 2023-11-16 13:00:06 -0500



Sixmile Run PA0088609 Modeling Point #1 November 2023

Collapse All

Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.13	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	740	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.33	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (740 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	740	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.33	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.13	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (740 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	78.2	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	101	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	44.1	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	57.4	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	80.9	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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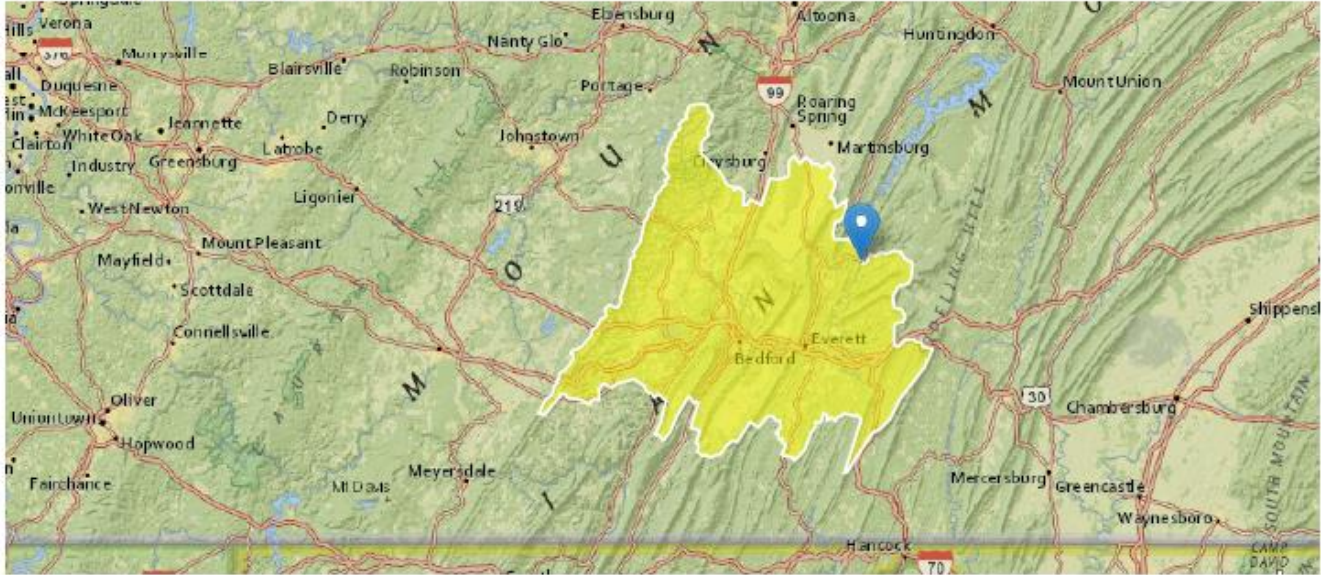
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Application Version: 4.18.1
StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22
NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA
 Workspace ID: PA20231117173934121000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.13753, -78.26576
 Time: 2023-11-17 12:40:06 -0500



Six Mile Run PA0082341 Modeling Point #3 (Hopewell Boro) November 2023

Collapse All

Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.51	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	723	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.34	miles per square mile

Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (723 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	723	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.34	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.51	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (723 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	76.2	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	98.1	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	43	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	55.9	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	78.8	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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Application Version: 4.18.1

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

14 Selected Streamflow Statistics for Streamgage Locations in and near Pennsylvania

Table 1. List of U.S. Geological Survey streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania with updated streamflow statistics.—Continued

[Latitude and Longitude in decimal degrees; mi², square miles]

Streamgage number	Streamgage name	Latitude	Longitude	Drainage area (mi ²)	Regulated ¹
01561000	Brush Creek at Gapsville, Pa.	39.956	-78.254	36.8	N
01562000	Raystown Branch Juniata River at Saxton, Pa.	40.216	-78.265	756	N
01562500	Great Trough Creek near Marklesburg, Pa.	40.350	-78.130	84.6	N
01563200	Raystown Branch Juniata River below Rays Dam nr Huntingdon, Pa.	40.429	-77.991	960	Y
01563500	Juniata River at Mapleton Depot, Pa.	40.392	-77.935	2,030	Y
01564500	Aughwick Creek near Three Springs, Pa.	40.213	-77.925	205	N
01565000	Kishacoquillas Creek at Reedsville, Pa.	40.655	-77.583	164	N
01565700	Little Lost Creek at Oakland Mills, Pa.	40.605	-77.311	6.52	N
01566000	Tuscarora Creek near Port Royal, Pa.	40.515	-77.419	214	N
01566500	Cocolamus Creek near Millerstown, Pa.	40.566	-77.118	57.2	N
01567000	Juniata River at Newport, Pa.	40.478	-77.129	3,354	Y
01567500	Bixler Run near Loysville, Pa.	40.371	-77.402	15.0	N
01568000	Sherman Creek at Shermans Dale, Pa.	40.323	-77.169	207	N
01568500	Clark Creek near Carsonville, Pa.	40.460	-76.751	22.5	LF
01569000	Stony Creek nr Dauphin, Pa.	40.380	-76.907	33.2	N
01569800	Letort Spring Run near Carlisle, Pa.	40.235	-77.139	21.6	N
01570000	Conodoguinet Creek near Hogestown, Pa.	40.252	-77.021	470	LF
01570500	Susquehanna River at Harrisburg, Pa.	40.255	-76.886	24,100	Y
01571000	Paxton Creek near Penbrook, Pa.	40.308	-76.850	11.2	N
01571500	Yellow Breeches Creek near Camp Hill, Pa.	40.225	-76.898	213	N
01572000	Lower Little Swatara Creek at Pine Grove, Pa.	40.538	-76.377	34.3	N
01572025	Swatara Creek near Pine Grove, Pa.	40.533	-76.402	116	N
01572190	Swatara Creek near Inwood, Pa.	40.479	-76.531	167	N
01573000	Swatara Creek at Harper Tavern, Pa.	40.403	-76.577	337	N
01573086	Beck Creek near Cleona, Pa.	40.323	-76.483	7.87	N
01573160	Quittapahilla Creek near Bellegrove, Pa.	40.343	-76.562	74.2	N
01573500	Manada Creek at Manada Gap, Pa.	40.397	-76.709	13.5	N
01573560	Swatara Creek near Hershey, Pa.	40.298	-76.668	483	N
01574000	West Conewago Creek near Manchester, Pa.	40.082	-76.720	510	N
01574500	Codorus Creek at Spring Grove, Pa.	39.879	-76.853	75.5	Y
01575000	South Branch Codorus Creek near York, Pa.	39.921	-76.749	117	Y
01575500	Codorus Creek near York, Pa.	39.946	-76.755	222	Y
01576000	Susquehanna River at Marietta, Pa.	40.055	-76.531	25,990	Y
01576085	Little Conestoga Creek near Churchtown, Pa.	40.145	-75.989	5.82	N
01576500	Conestoga River at Lancaster, Pa.	40.050	-76.277	324	N
01576754	Conestoga River at Conestoga, Pa.	39.946	-76.368	470	N
01578310	Susquehanna River at Conowingo, Md.	39.658	-76.174	27,100	Y
01578400	Bowery Run near Quarryville, Pa.	39.895	-76.114	5.98	N
01580000	Deer Creek at Rocks, Md.	39.630	-76.403	94.4	N
01581500	Bynum Run at Bel Air, Md.	39.541	-76.330	8.52	N
01581700	Winters Run near Benson, Md.	39.520	-76.373	34.8	N
01582000	Little Falls at Blue Mount, Md.	39.604	-76.620	52.9	N
01582500	Gunpowder Falls at Glencoe, Md.	39.550	-76.636	160	Y
01583000	Slade Run near Glyndon, Md.	39.495	-76.795	2.09	N
01583100	Piney Run at Dover, Md.	39.521	-76.767	12.3	N

26 Selected Streamflow Statistics for Streamgage Locations in and near Pennsylvania

Table 2. Selected low-flow statistics for streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania.—Continued

[ft³/s; cubic feet per second; —, statistic not computed; <, less than]

Streamgage number	Period of record used in analysis ¹	Number of years used in analysis	1-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	7-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	7-day, 2-year (ft ³ /s)	30-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	30-day, 2-year (ft ³ /s)	90-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)
01546000	1912–1934	17	1.8	2.2	6.8	3.7	12.1	11.2
01546400	1986–2008	23	13.5	14.0	19.6	15.4	22.3	18.7
01546500	1942–2008	67	26.8	29.0	41.3	31.2	44.2	33.7
01547100	1969–2008	40	102	105	128	111	133	117
01547200	1957–2008	52	99.4	101	132	106	142	115
01547500	² 1971–2008	38	28.2	109	151	131	172	153
01547500	³ 1956–1969	14	90.0	94.9	123	98.1	131	105
01547700	1957–2008	52	.5	.6	2.7	1.1	3.9	2.2
01547800	1971–1981	11	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.9	3.5
01547950	1970–2008	39	12.1	13.6	28.2	17.3	36.4	23.8
01548005	² 1971–2000	25	142	151	206	178	241	223
01548005	³ 1912–1969	58	105	114	147	125	165	140
01548500	1920–2008	89	21.2	24.2	50.1	33.6	68.6	49.3
01549000	1910–1920	11	26.0	32.9	78.0	46.4	106	89.8
01549500	1942–2008	67	.6	.8	2.5	1.4	3.9	2.6
01549700	1959–2008	50	33.3	37.2	83.8	51.2	117	78.4
01550000	1915–2008	94	6.6	7.6	16.8	11.2	24.6	18.6
01551500	² 1963–2008	46	520	578	1,020	678	1,330	919
01551500	³ 1901–1961	61	400	439	742	523	943	752
01552000	1927–2008	80	20.5	22.2	49.5	29.2	69.8	49.6
01552500	1942–2008	67	.9	1.2	3.1	1.7	4.4	3.3
01553130	1969–1981	13	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.7
01553500	² 1968–2008	41	760	838	1,440	1,000	1,850	1,470
01553500	³ 1941–1966	26	562	619	880	690	1,090	881
01553700	1981–2008	28	9.1	10.9	15.0	12.6	17.1	15.2
01554000	² 1981–2008	28	1,830	1,990	3,270	2,320	4,210	3,160
01554000	³ 1939–1979	41	1,560	1,630	2,870	1,880	3,620	2,570
01554500	1941–1993	53	16.2	22.0	31.2	25.9	35.7	31.4
01555000	1931–2008	78	33.5	37.6	58.8	43.4	69.6	54.6
01555500	1931–2008	78	4.9	6.5	18.0	9.4	24.3	16.6
01556000	1918–2008	91	43.3	47.8	66.0	55.1	75.0	63.7
01557500	1946–2008	63	2.8	3.2	6.3	4.2	8.1	5.8
01558000	1940–2008	69	56.3	59.0	79.8	65.7	86.2	73.7
01559000	1943–2008	66	104	177	249	198	279	227
01559500	1931–1958	28	9.3	10.5	15.0	12.4	17.8	15.8
01559700	1963–1978	16	.1	.1	.2	.1	.3	.2
01560000	1941–2008	68	8.5	9.4	15.6	12.0	20.2	16.2
01561000	1932–1958	27	4	5	1.6	8	2.5	1.7
01562000	1913–2008	96	64.1	67.1	106	77.4	122	94.5
01562500	1931–1957	27	1.1	1.6	3.8	2.3	5.4	3.7
01563200	² 1974–2008	35	—	—	—	112	266	129
01563200	³ 1948–1972	25	10.3	28.2	86.1	64.5	113	95.5
01563500	² 1974–2008	35	384	415	519	441	580	493
01563500	³ 1939–1972	34	153	242	343	278	399	333
01564500	1940–2008	69	3.6	4.2	10.0	6.2	14.4	10.6

Attachment B

WQM 7.0 Modeling Output Values

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>		<u>Stream Name</u>			
11D		13349		RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER			
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)
46.000	Six Mile Run	PA0088609	0.083	CBOD5	25		
				NH3-N	25	50	
				Dissolved Oxygen			5

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	47.860	856.48	723.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY (cfsm)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tributary		Stream	
									Temp (°C)	pH	Temp (°C)	pH
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	25.00	7.00

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	46.000	848.79	724.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY (cfsm)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tributary		Stream	
									Temp (°C)	pH	Temp (°C)	pH
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
Six Mile Run	PA0088609	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.000	25.00	7.41

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	43.740	834.70	740.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tributary Temp	Tributary pH	Stream Temp	Stream pH
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)	
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	25.00	7.00

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

WQM 7.0 D.O.Simulation

<u>SWP Basin</u>	<u>Stream Code</u>	<u>Stream Name</u>			
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER			
<hr/>					
<u>RMI</u>	<u>Total Discharge Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Analysis Temperature (°C)</u>		<u>Analysis pH</u>	
47.860	0.000	23.300		8.000	
<u>Reach Width (ft)</u>	<u>Reach Depth (ft)</u>	<u>Reach WDRatio</u>		<u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u>	
142.284	1.087	130.914		0.415	
<u>Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u>	<u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u>		<u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u>	
2.00	0.000	0.00		0.902	
<u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u>	<u>Kr Equation</u>		<u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>	
8.243	1.640	Tsivoglou		5	
<u>Reach Travel Time (days)</u>					
0.274					
	<u>Subreach Results</u>				
	<u>TravTime (days)</u>	<u>CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>D.O. (mg/L)</u>	
	0.027	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.055	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.082	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.110	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.137	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.164	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.192	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.219	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.246	2.00	0.00	7.76	
	0.274	2.00	0.00	7.76	
<hr/>					
<u>RMI</u>	<u>Total Discharge Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Analysis Temperature (°C)</u>		<u>Analysis pH</u>	
46.000	0.083	23.303		7.997	
<u>Reach Width (ft)</u>	<u>Reach Depth (ft)</u>	<u>Reach WDRatio</u>		<u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u>	
140.118	1.081	129.640		0.425	
<u>Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u>	<u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u>		<u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u>	
2.05	0.028	0.05		0.903	
<u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u>	<u>Kr Equation</u>		<u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>	
7.759	2.534	Tsivoglou		5	
<u>Reach Travel Time (days)</u>					
0.325					
	<u>Subreach Results</u>				
	<u>TravTime (days)</u>	<u>CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>D.O. (mg/L)</u>	
	0.032	2.04	0.05	7.76	
	0.065	2.04	0.05	7.76	
	0.097	2.04	0.05	7.76	
	0.130	2.04	0.04	7.76	
	0.162	2.04	0.04	7.76	
	0.195	2.03	0.04	7.76	
	0.227	2.03	0.04	7.76	
	0.260	2.03	0.04	7.76	
	0.292	2.03	0.04	7.76	
	0.325	2.02	0.04	7.76	
<hr/>					

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>		<u>Stream Name</u>								
11D		13349		RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER								
RMI	Stream Flow (cfs)	PWS With (cfs)	Net Stream Flow (cfs)	Disc Analysis Flow (cfs)	Reach Slope (ft/ft)	Depth (ft)	Width (ft)	W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Reach Trav Time (days)	Analysis Temp (°C)	Analysis pH
Q7-10 Flow												
47.860	64.20	0.00	64.20	NA	0.00078	1.087	142.28	130.91	0.42	0.274	23.30	8.00
46.000	64.29	0.00	64.29	.1289	0.00118	1.081	140.12	129.64	0.43	0.325	23.30	8.00
Q1-10 Flow												
47.860	61.63	0.00	61.63	NA	0.00078	NA	NA	NA	0.41	0.280	23.30	8.00
46.000	61.72	0.00	61.72	.1289	0.00118	NA	NA	NA	0.42	0.332	23.30	8.00
Q30-10 Flow												
47.860	73.83	0.00	73.83	NA	0.00078	NA	NA	NA	0.45	0.253	23.30	8.00
46.000	73.93	0.00	73.93	.1289	0.00118	NA	NA	NA	0.46	0.300	23.30	8.00

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	<input type="checkbox"/>
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.96	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.15	Temperature Adjust Kr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Goal	5		

Tools and References Used to Develop Permit	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WQM for Windows Model (see Attachment [redacted])
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toxics Management Spreadsheet (see Attachment [redacted])
<input type="checkbox"/>	TRC Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment [redacted])
<input type="checkbox"/>	Temperature Model Spreadsheet (see Attachment [redacted])
<input type="checkbox"/>	Water Quality Toxics Management Strategy, 361-0100-003, 4/06.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Technical Guidance for the Development and Specification of Effluent Limitations, 386-0400-001, 10/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy for Permitting Surface Water Diversions, 386-2000-019, 3/98.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy for Conducting Technical Reviews of Minor NPDES Renewal Applications, 386-2000-018, 11/96.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Technology-Based Control Requirements for Water Treatment Plant Wastes, 386-2183-001, 10/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Technical Guidance for Development of NPDES Permit Requirements Steam Electric Industry, 386-2183-002, 12/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pennsylvania CSO Policy, 386-2000-002, 9/08.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Water Quality Antidegradation Implementation Guidance, 391-0300-002, 11/03.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance Evaluation & Process Thermal Discharge (316(a)) Federal Water Pollution Act, 386-2000-008, 4/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determining Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits, 386-2000-004, 12/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance Design Conditions, 386-2000-007, 9/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) WQM 7.0 for Windows, Wasteload Allocation Program for Dissolved Oxygen and Ammonia Nitrogen, Version 1.0, 386-2000-016, 6/2004.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Interim Method for the Sampling and Analysis of Osmotic Pressure on Streams, Brines, and Industrial Discharges, 386-2000-012, 10/1997.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.6 Management of Point Source Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds, and Impoundments, 386-2000-009, 3/99.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Technical Reference Guide (TRG) PENTOXSD for Windows, PA Single Discharge Wasteload Allocation Program for Toxics, Version 2.0, 386-2000-015, 5/2004.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for Section 93.7 Ammonia Criteria, 386-2000-022, 11/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy and Procedure for Evaluating Wastewater Discharges to Intermittent and Ephemeral Streams, Drainage Channels and Swales, and Storm Sewers, 386-2000-013, 4/2008.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Regulation, 386-2000-011, 11/1994.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for Temperature Criteria, 386-2000-001, 4/09.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for Section 95.9 Phosphorus Discharges to Free Flowing Streams, 386-2000-021, 10/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for Application of Section 93.5(e) for Potable Water Supply Protection Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite-Nitrate, Non-Priority Pollutant Phenolics and Fluorides, 386-2000-020, 10/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Determining Stream and Point Source Discharge Design Hardness, 386-2000-005, 3/99.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Implementation Guidance for the Determination and Use of Background/Ambient Water Quality in the Determination of Wasteload Allocations and NPDES Effluent Limitations for Toxic Substances, 386-2000-010, 3/1999.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Design Stream Flows, 386-2000-003, 9/98.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Field Data Collection and Evaluation Protocol for Deriving Daily and Hourly Discharge Coefficients of Variation (CV) and Other Discharge Characteristics, 386-2000-006, 10/98.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluations of Phosphorus Discharges to Lakes, Ponds and Impoundments, 386-3200-001, 6/97.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, 4/07.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SOP: New and Reissuance Sewage Individual NPDES Permit Applications, rev 2/3/2022
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other: [redacted]

Attachment A

Stream Stats/Gauge Data

14 Selected Streamflow Statistics for Streamgage Locations in and near Pennsylvania

Table 1. List of U.S. Geological Survey streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania with updated streamflow statistics.—Continued

[Latitude and Longitude in decimal degrees; mi², square miles]

Streamgage number	Streamgage name	Latitude	Longitude	Drainage area (mi ²)	Regulated ¹
01561000	Brush Creek at Gapsville, Pa.	39.956	-78.254	36.8	N
01562000	Raystown Branch Juniata River at Saxton, Pa.	40.216	-78.265	756	N
01562500	Great Trough Creek near Marklesburg, Pa.	40.350	-78.130	84.6	N
01563200	Raystown Branch Juniata River below Rays Dam nr Huntingdon, Pa.	40.429	-77.991	960	Y
01563500	Juniata River at Mapleton Depot, Pa.	40.392	-77.935	2,030	Y
01564500	Aughwick Creek near Three Springs, Pa.	40.213	-77.925	205	N
01565000	Kishacoquillas Creek at Reedsville, Pa.	40.655	-77.583	164	N
01565700	Little Lost Creek at Oakland Mills, Pa.	40.605	-77.311	6.52	N
01566000	Tuscarora Creek near Port Royal, Pa.	40.515	-77.419	214	N
01566500	Cocolamus Creek near Millerstown, Pa.	40.566	-77.118	57.2	N
01567000	Juniata River at Newport, Pa.	40.478	-77.129	3,354	Y
01567500	Bixler Run near Loysville, Pa.	40.371	-77.402	15.0	N
01568000	Sherman Creek at Shermans Dale, Pa.	40.323	-77.169	207	N
01568500	Clark Creek near Carsonville, Pa.	40.460	-76.751	22.5	LF
01569000	Stony Creek nr Dauphin, Pa.	40.380	-76.907	33.2	N
01569800	Letort Spring Run near Carlisle, Pa.	40.235	-77.139	21.6	N
01570000	Conodoguinet Creek near Hogestown, Pa.	40.252	-77.021	470	LF
01570500	Susquehanna River at Harrisburg, Pa.	40.255	-76.886	24,100	Y
01571000	Paxton Creek near Penbrook, Pa.	40.308	-76.850	11.2	N
01571500	Yellow Breeches Creek near Camp Hill, Pa.	40.225	-76.898	213	N
01572000	Lower Little Swatara Creek at Pine Grove, Pa.	40.538	-76.377	34.3	N
01572025	Swatara Creek near Pine Grove, Pa.	40.533	-76.402	116	N
01572190	Swatara Creek near Inwood, Pa.	40.479	-76.531	167	N
01573000	Swatara Creek at Harper Tavern, Pa.	40.403	-76.577	337	N
01573086	Beck Creek near Cleona, Pa.	40.323	-76.483	7.87	N
01573160	Quittapahilla Creek near Bellegrove, Pa.	40.343	-76.562	74.2	N
01573500	Manada Creek at Manada Gap, Pa.	40.397	-76.709	13.5	N
01573560	Swatara Creek near Hershey, Pa.	40.298	-76.668	483	N
01574000	West Conewago Creek near Manchester, Pa.	40.082	-76.720	510	N
01574500	Codorus Creek at Spring Grove, Pa.	39.879	-76.853	75.5	Y
01575000	South Branch Codorus Creek near York, Pa.	39.921	-76.749	117	Y
01575500	Codorus Creek near York, Pa.	39.946	-76.755	222	Y
01576000	Susquehanna River at Marietta, Pa.	40.055	-76.531	25,990	Y
01576085	Little Conestoga Creek near Churchtown, Pa.	40.145	-75.989	5.82	N
01576500	Conestoga River at Lancaster, Pa.	40.050	-76.277	324	N
01576754	Conestoga River at Conestoga, Pa.	39.946	-76.368	470	N
01578310	Susquehanna River at Conowingo, Md.	39.658	-76.174	27,100	Y
01578400	Bowery Run near Quarryville, Pa.	39.895	-76.114	5.98	N
01580000	Deer Creek at Rocks, Md.	39.630	-76.403	94.4	N
01581500	Bynum Run at Bel Air, Md.	39.541	-76.330	8.52	N
01581700	Winters Run near Benson, Md.	39.520	-76.373	34.8	N
01582000	Little Falls at Blue Mount, Md.	39.604	-76.620	52.9	N
01582500	Gunpowder Falls at Glencoe, Md.	39.550	-76.636	160	Y
01583000	Slade Run near Glyndon, Md.	39.495	-76.795	2.09	N
01583100	Piney Run at Dover, Md.	39.521	-76.767	12.3	N

26 Selected Streamflow Statistics for Streamgage Locations in and near Pennsylvania

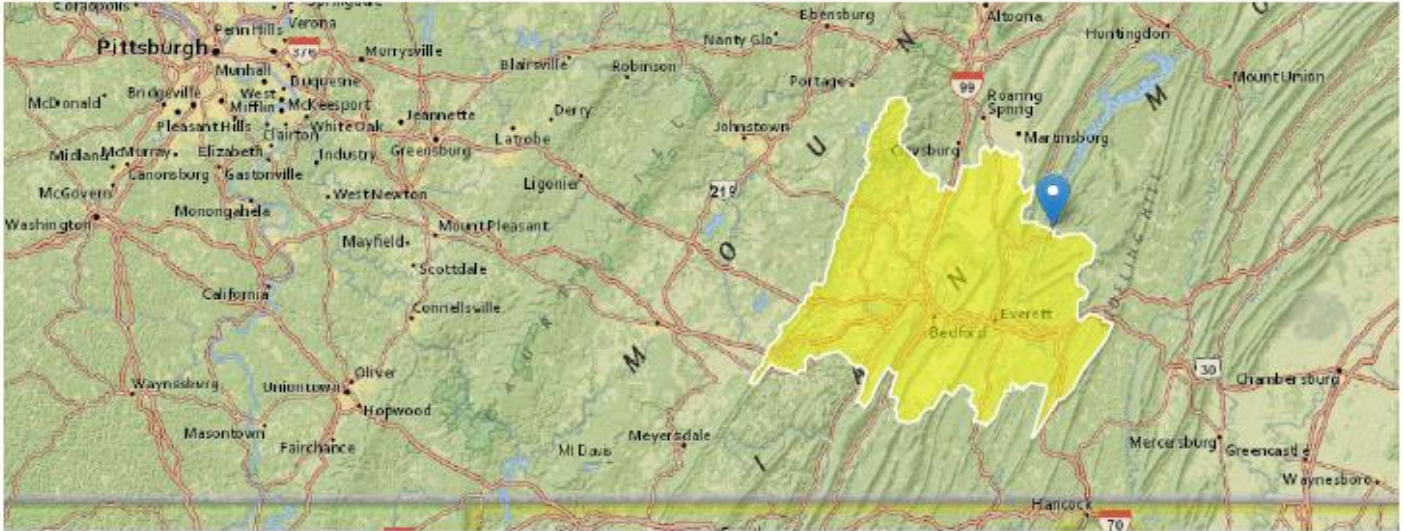
Table 2. Selected low-flow statistics for streamgage locations in and near Pennsylvania.—Continued

[ft³/s; cubic feet per second; —, statistic not computed; <, less than]

Streamgage number	Period of record used in analysis ¹	Number of years used in analysis	1-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	7-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	7-day, 2-year (ft ³ /s)	30-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)	30-day, 2-year (ft ³ /s)	90-day, 10-year (ft ³ /s)
01546000	1912–1934	17	1.8	2.2	6.8	3.7	12.1	11.2
01546400	1986–2008	23	13.5	14.0	19.6	15.4	22.3	18.7
01546500	1942–2008	67	26.8	29.0	41.3	31.2	44.2	33.7
01547100	1969–2008	40	102	105	128	111	133	117
01547200	1957–2008	52	99.4	101	132	106	142	115
01547500	² 1971–2008	38	28.2	109	151	131	172	153
01547500	³ 1956–1969	14	90.0	94.9	123	98.1	131	105
01547700	1957–2008	52	.5	.6	2.7	1.1	3.9	2.2
01547800	1971–1981	11	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.9	3.5
01547950	1970–2008	39	12.1	13.6	28.2	17.3	36.4	23.8
01548005	² 1971–2000	25	142	151	206	178	241	223
01548005	³ 1912–1969	58	105	114	147	125	165	140
01548500	1920–2008	89	21.2	24.2	50.1	33.6	68.6	49.3
01549000	1910–1920	11	26.0	32.9	78.0	46.4	106	89.8
01549500	1942–2008	67	.6	.8	2.5	1.4	3.9	2.6
01549700	1959–2008	50	33.3	37.2	83.8	51.2	117	78.4
01550000	1915–2008	94	6.6	7.6	16.8	11.2	24.6	18.6
01551500	² 1963–2008	46	520	578	1,020	678	1,330	919
01551500	³ 1901–1961	61	400	439	742	523	943	752
01552000	1927–2008	80	20.5	22.2	49.5	29.2	69.8	49.6
01552500	1942–2008	67	.9	1.2	3.1	1.7	4.4	3.3
01553130	1969–1981	13	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.7
01553500	² 1968–2008	41	760	838	1,440	1,000	1,850	1,470
01553500	³ 1941–1966	26	562	619	880	690	1,090	881
01553700	1981–2008	28	9.1	10.9	15.0	12.6	17.1	15.2
01554000	² 1981–2008	28	1,830	1,990	3,270	2,320	4,210	3,160
01554000	³ 1939–1979	41	1,560	1,630	2,870	1,880	3,620	2,570
01554500	1941–1993	53	16.2	22.0	31.2	25.9	35.7	31.4
01555000	1931–2008	78	33.5	37.6	58.8	43.4	69.6	54.6
01555500	1931–2008	78	4.9	6.5	18.0	9.4	24.3	16.6
01556000	1918–2008	91	43.3	47.8	66.0	55.1	75.0	63.7
01557500	1946–2008	63	2.8	3.2	6.3	4.2	8.1	5.8
01558000	1940–2008	69	56.3	59.0	79.8	65.7	86.2	73.7
01559000	1943–2008	66	104	177	249	198	279	227
01559500	1931–1958	28	9.3	10.5	15.0	12.4	17.8	15.8
01559700	1963–1978	16	.1	.1	.2	.1	.3	.2
01560000	1941–2008	68	8.5	9.4	15.6	12.0	20.2	16.2
01561000	1932–1958	27	4	5	1.6	8	2.5	1.7
01562000	1913–2008	96	64.1	67.1	106	77.4	122	94.5
01562500	1931–1957	27	1.1	1.6	3.8	2.3	5.4	3.7
01563200	² 1974–2008	35	—	—	—	112	266	129
01563200	³ 1948–1972	25	10.3	28.2	86.1	64.5	113	95.5
01563500	² 1974–2008	35	384	415	519	441	580	493
01563500	³ 1939–1972	34	153	242	343	278	399	333
01564500	1940–2008	69	3.6	4.2	10.0	6.2	14.4	10.6

StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA
 Workspace ID: PA20231116175620527000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.15966, -78.25559
 Time: 2023-11-16 12:56:42 -0500



Sixmile Run PA0088609 Modeling Point #1 November 2023

Collapse All

> Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.49	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	724	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.34	miles per square mile

> Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (724 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	724	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.34	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.49	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (724 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	76.3	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	98.2	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	43.1	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	56	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	78.9	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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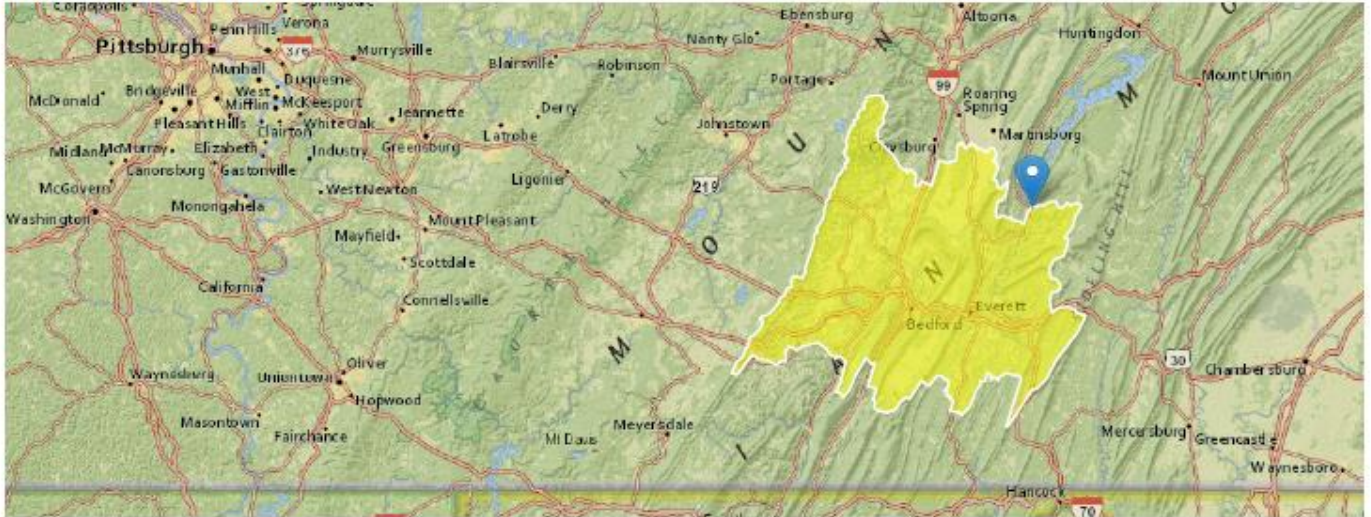
Application Version: 4.18.1

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

StreamStats Report

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 Workspace ID: PA20231116175943699000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.18550, -78.24368
 Time: 2023-11-16 13:00:06 -0500



Sixmile Run PA0088609 Modeling Point #1 November 2023

Collapse All

> Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.13	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	740	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.33	miles per square mile

> Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (740 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	740	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.33	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.13	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (740 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEP: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	78.2	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	101	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	44.1	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	57.4	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	80.9	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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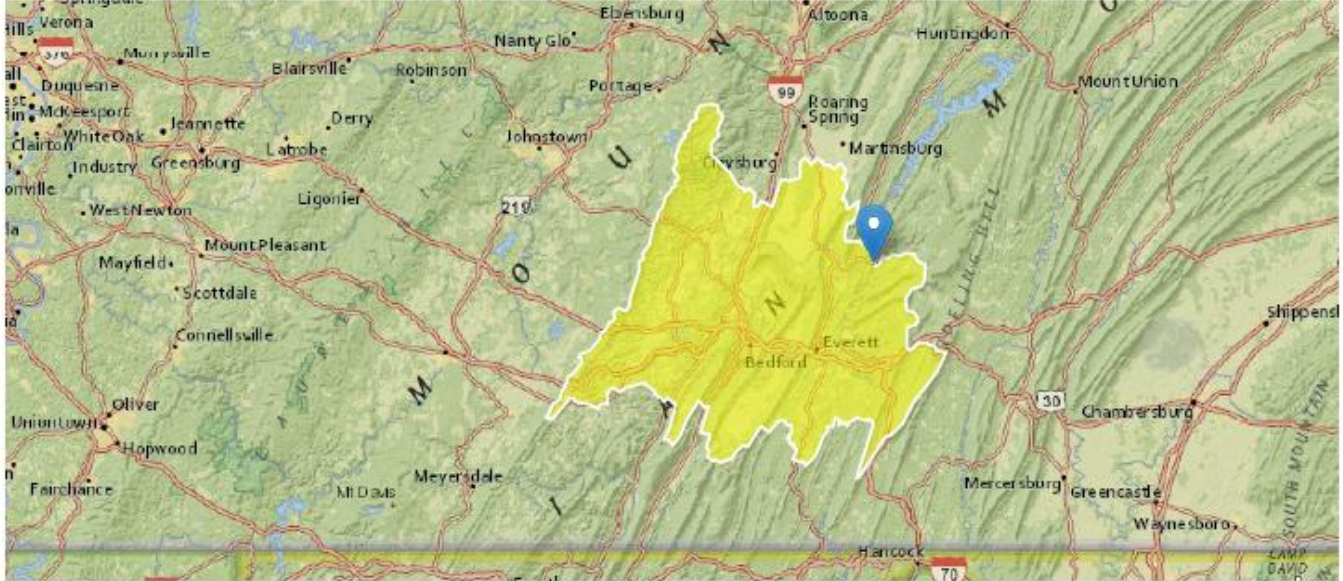
Application Version: 4.18.1

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

StreamStats Report

Region ID: PA
 Workspace ID: PA20231117173934121000
 Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 40.13753, -78.26576
 Time: 2023-11-17 12:40:06 -0500



Six Mile Run PA0082341 Modeling Point #3 (Hopewell Boro) November 2023

Collapse All

> Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CARBON	Percentage of area of carbonate rock	16.51	percent
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	723	square miles
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches
ROCKDEP	Depth to rock	4.3	feet
STRDEN	Stream Density -- total length of streams divided by drainage area	2.34	miles per square mile

> Low-Flow Statistics

Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [100.0 Percent (723 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	723	square miles	4.93	1280
PRECIP	Mean Annual Precipitation	38	inches	35	50.4
STRDEN	Stream Density	2.34	miles per square mile	0.51	3.1
ROCKDEP	Depth to Rock	4.3	feet	3.32	5.65

Attachment B

WQM 7.0 Modeling Output Values

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
CARBON	Percent Carbonate	16.51	percent	0	99

Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [100.0 Percent (723 square miles) Low Flow Region 2]

PIL: Lower 90% Prediction Interval, PIU: Upper 90% Prediction Interval, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SE	ASEp
7 Day 2 Year Low Flow	76.2	ft ³ /s	38	38
30 Day 2 Year Low Flow	98.1	ft ³ /s	33	33
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	43	ft ³ /s	51	51
30 Day 10 Year Low Flow	55.9	ft ³ /s	46	46
90 Day 10 Year Low Flow	78.8	ft ³ /s	36	36

Low-Flow Statistics Citations

Stuckey, M.H., 2006, Low-flow, base-flow, and mean-flow regression equations for Pennsylvania streams: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5130, 84 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5130/>)

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Application Version: 4.18.1

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.2.1

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>		<u>Stream Name</u>			
11D		13349		RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER			
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effl. Limit 30-day Ave. (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Maximum (mg/L)	Effl. Limit Minimum (mg/L)
46.000	Six Mile Run	PA0088609	0.083	CBOD5	25		
				NH3-N	25	50	
				Dissolved Oxygen			5

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

<u>SWP Basin</u>	<u>Stream Code</u>	<u>Stream Name</u>
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER

NH3-N Acute Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
47.860		NA	NA	2.97	NA	NA	NA
46.000	Six Mile Run	2.98	50	2.98	50	0	0

NH3-N Chronic Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
47.860		NA	NA	.63	NA	NA	NA
46.000	Six Mile Run	.63	25	.63	25	0	0

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	<u>CBOD5</u>		<u>NH3-N</u>		<u>Dissolved Oxygen</u>		Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
		Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)		
47.86		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
46.00	Six Mile Run	25	25	25	25	5	5	0	0

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	47.860	856.48	723.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY (cfs)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tributary		Stream	
									Temp (°C)	pH	Temp (°C)	pH
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	25.00	7.00

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	46.000	848.79	724.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tributary		Stream	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	Temp (°C)	pH	Temp (°C)	pH
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
Six Mile Run	PA0088609	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.000	25.00	7.41

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	5.00	8.24	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIV	43.740	834.70	740.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY (cfsm)	Trib Flow (cfs)	Stream Flow (cfs)	Rch Trav Time (days)	Rch Velocity (fps)	WD Ratio	Rch Width (ft)	Rch Depth (ft)	Tributary		Stream	
									Temp (°C)	pH	Temp (°C)	pH
Q7-10	0.089	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.00	23.30	8.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data							
Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	25.00	7.00
Parameter Data							
Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)			
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50			
Dissolved Oxygen	3.00	8.24	0.00	0.00			
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70			

WQM 7.0 D.O. Simulation

<u>SWP Basin</u>	<u>Stream Code</u>	<u>Stream Name</u>		
11D	13349	RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER		
<hr/>				
<u>RMI</u>	<u>Total Discharge Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Analysis Temperature (°C)</u>	<u>Analysis pH</u>	
47.860	0.000	23.300	8.000	
<u>Reach Width (ft)</u>	<u>Reach Depth (ft)</u>	<u>Reach WDRatio</u>	<u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u>	
142.284	1.087	130.914	0.415	
<u>Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u>	<u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u>	
2.00	0.000	0.00	0.902	
<u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u>	<u>Kr Equation</u>	<u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>	
8.243	1.640	Tsivoglou	5	
<u>Reach Travel Time (days)</u>				
0.274				
	<u>Subreach Results</u>			
	<u>TravTime (days)</u>	<u>CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>D.O. (mg/L)</u>
	0.027	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.055	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.082	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.110	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.137	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.164	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.192	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.219	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.246	2.00	0.00	7.76
	0.274	2.00	0.00	7.76
<hr/>				
<u>RMI</u>	<u>Total Discharge Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Analysis Temperature (°C)</u>	<u>Analysis pH</u>	
46.000	0.083	23.303	7.997	
<u>Reach Width (ft)</u>	<u>Reach Depth (ft)</u>	<u>Reach WDRatio</u>	<u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u>	
140.118	1.081	129.640	0.425	
<u>Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u>	<u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u>	
2.05	0.028	0.05	0.903	
<u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u>	<u>Kr Equation</u>	<u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>	
7.759	2.534	Tsivoglou	5	
<u>Reach Travel Time (days)</u>				
0.325				
	<u>Subreach Results</u>			
	<u>TravTime (days)</u>	<u>CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>D.O. (mg/L)</u>
	0.032	2.04	0.05	7.76
	0.065	2.04	0.05	7.76
	0.097	2.04	0.05	7.76
	0.130	2.04	0.04	7.76
	0.162	2.04	0.04	7.76
	0.195	2.03	0.04	7.76
	0.227	2.03	0.04	7.76
	0.260	2.03	0.04	7.76
	0.292	2.03	0.04	7.76
	0.325	2.02	0.04	7.76
<hr/>				

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>				<u>Stream Name</u>						
11D		13349				RAYSTOWN BRANCH JUNIATA RIVER						
RMI	Stream Flow (cfs)	PWS With (cfs)	Net Stream Flow (cfs)	Disc Analysis Flow (cfs)	Reach Slope (ft/ft)	Depth (ft)	Width (ft)	W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Reach Trav Time (days)	Analysis Temp (°C)	Analysis pH
Q7-10 Flow												
47.860	64.20	0.00	64.20	NA	0.00078	1.087	142.28	130.91	0.42	0.274	23.30	8.00
46.000	64.29	0.00	64.29	.1289	0.00118	1.081	140.12	129.64	0.43	0.325	23.30	8.00
Q1-10 Flow												
47.860	61.63	0.00	61.63	NA	0.00078	NA	NA	NA	0.41	0.280	23.30	8.00
46.000	61.72	0.00	61.72	.1289	0.00118	NA	NA	NA	0.42	0.332	23.30	8.00
Q30-10 Flow												
47.860	73.83	0.00	73.83	NA	0.00078	NA	NA	NA	0.45	0.253	23.30	8.00
46.000	73.93	0.00	73.93	.1289	0.00118	NA	NA	NA	0.46	0.300	23.30	8.00

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	<input type="checkbox"/>
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.96	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.15	Temperature Adjust Kr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Saturation	90.00%	Use Balanced Technology	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Goal	5		