

NPDES PUBLIC NOTICE

Application for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
System (NPDES) Permit to Discharge to State Waters

Southwest Regional Office: Regional Clean Water Program Manager, 400 Waterfront Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745, Telephone: 412.442.4000.

PA0253812, Sewage, SIC Code 9999, Glendale Valley Municipal Authority, 1800 Beaver Valley Road, Flinton, PA 16640. Facility Name: Glendale Valley Municipal Authority STP. This existing facility is located in White Township, Cambria County.

Description of Existing Activity: The application is for an amendment of an NPDES permit for an existing discharge of treated Sewage.

The receiving stream(s), Clearfield Creek, is located in State Water Plan watershed 8-C and is classified for Warm Water Fishes, aquatic life, water supply and recreation. The discharge is not expected to affect public water supplies.

The proposed effluent limits for Outfall 001 are based on a design flow of 0.450 MGD.

Parameters	Mass (lb/day)		Concentration (mg/l)			
	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0
CBOD5	93.9	140.8 Wkly Avg	XXX	25	37.5	50
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX
Total Suspended Solids	112.7	169.0 Wkly Avg	XXX	30	45	60
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1000
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2000 Geo Mean	XXX	10000
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX

The proposed monitoring requirements and, where appropriate, effluent limits for implementation of the Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy are as follows for Outfall 001.

Parameters	Mass (lbs)		Concentration (mg/l)		
	Monthly	Annual	Minimum	Monthly Average	Maximum
Ammonia---N	Report	Report		Report	
Kjeldahl---N	Report			Report	
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report			Report	
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report		Report	
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report		Report	
Net Total Nitrogen (Interim)	Report	Report			
Net Total Nitrogen (Final)	Report	7808			
Net Total Phosphorus (Interim)	Report	Report			
Net Total Phosphorus (Final)	Report	1041			

* This permit contains conditions which authorize the permittee to apply nutrient reduction credits to meet the Net Total Nitrogen and the Net Total Phosphorus effluent mass limits, under the Department's Trading of Nutrients and Sediment Reduction Credits Policy and Guidelines (Document #392-0900-001, December 30, 2006). The condition includes the requirement to report the application of these credits in Supplemental Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) submitted to the Department.

* The compliance date for Net Total Nitrogen and Net Total Phosphorus will begin on October 1st, 2013. Since these reporting requirements are annual loads, the reporting on compliance with the annual limitations will be required to be reported on the Supplemental DMR – Annual Nutrient Summary by November 28, 2011. This facility is required to monitor and report for Net Total Nitrogen and Net Total Phosphorus from the effective date of the permit until September 30, 2013.

** Total Annual Ammonia Load will be required to be reported on the Supplemental DMR – Annual Nutrient Summary by November 28, 2011.

You may make an appointment to review the DEP files on this case by calling the File Review Coordinator at 412-442-4000.

The EPA Waiver is not in effect.

APPLICATION – NPDES RENEWAL

Southwest Regional Office: Clean Water Program Manager, 400 Waterfront Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

NPDES No. (Type)	Facility Name & Address	County & Municipality	Stream Name (Watershed No.)	EPA Waived Y/N?
PA0253812 (Sewage)	Glendale Valley Municipal Authority STP Beaver Valley Road Flinton, PA 16640	Cambria County White Township	Clearfield Creek (8-C)	N

FACT SHEET/STATEMENT OF BASIS

NPDES PA0253812

Prepared by: William C. Mitchell, E.I.T.

Amendment No. 1

Date: April 4, 2012

Outfall 001

Phone: 412.442.4000

(ES) Glendale Valley Municipal Authority

(MUN)

White Township

(AF) Glendale Valley Municipal Authority STP

(CO)

Cambria

This application is for an amendment. The proposed discharge is to Clearfield Creek which is classified as a warm water fishery.

Part II No. 1110402 was issued by the Department on May, 17, 2011 and the proposed treatment process consists of flow equalization, anoxic tank, extended aeration, final clarification, sand filtration and ultraviolet disinfection. Since this facility will be a newly constructed facility no Compliance Schedule will be listed in Part C 1.B of the permit. Please note prior to this permit amendment the Authority was considered a Phase 4 sewage discharger and after this amendment they will be a Phase 3 sewage discharger upon completing construction of the new facility as stated in the Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting. The facility is currently under construction.

Effluent Limitations

Effluent limitations for this discharge were established using the Department's D.O. Modeling Program WQM 7.0, Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting and Chapter 93 criteria.

The Act 537 approval of June 2003, for the Authority's STP, encompasses the service area for the initial plant designed for 0.3 MGD. That service area consisted of flows from 817 on-lot systems, and three other STPs (PA0035262, PA0204587 and PA0097411). These three NPDES Permits will be eliminated upon connection to the Authority's STP.

The existing limitations have been modified because of a change in the discharge quantity from 0.3 MGD to 0.45 MGD by this amendment application.

The revised Act 537 plan for plat expansion was approved on September 28, 2009. The expansion of 0.15 MGD is for connections from the service area currently conveyed to the Glendale Yearound STP, Permit No. PA0097705. The Authority has purchased this facility, which is a problem facility, and will eliminate this facility upon connection to the Authority's STP. The current design flow of the Glendale Yearound STP (PA0097705) is 0.0375, but the current language in the NPDES Permit allows for

expansion to 0.1275 MGD to correct hydraulic overload conditions and to connect a number of on-lot systems previously approved by the Department in a July 1989 Act 537 Plan Revision.

CAP loadings are based on a combined design flow of 0.4275 MGD (0.3 MGD from Glendale Valley MA STP and 0.1275 MGD from Glendale Yearound) and 6mg/l for Total N and and 0.8 mg/l Total P – given the Act 537 Planning approval for these facilities occurred prior to August 29, 2005.

These CAP loading rates, of 7808 lbs Total N and 1041 lbs Total P, will be effective on October 1, 2013. Until that time the facility will be told to Monitor and Report.

In addition to the above parameters, they will also be required to Monitor and Report for the following: Ammonia-N, Kjeldahl-N, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus.

The basis for the limitations are contained in the attached pollution report

Update on March 4th, 2012:

The NPDES permit for this facility was originally published in draft on March 14, 2012. Changes were made to the permit on March 4th, 2012 to address requirements found in the Final Phase 2 Chesapeake Watershed Implementation Plan and to add raw sewage influent testing requirements, because of these changes the permit will be redrafted.

POLLUTION REPORT

March 6, 2012

(I) Project Description New Discharge Existing Discharge (X) Change Preliminary

A. NPDES Application/Permit No. PA 0253812-A1 Part II Permit Nos. 1110402

B. Applicant, Case Name or Permittee: Glendale Valley Municipal Authority

Municipality: White Township County: Cambria

C. Type Waste

D. Source and characteristics

- [X] Sewage [] Industrial [] Mine

0.45 MGD of Domestic Sewage From White and Reade Township

E. USGS Quad : Coalport

F. Latitude (or in. N) 40 43' 03" Longitude (or in. W) 78 31' 36"

(II) Water Uses and Criteria

A. Receiving waters Clearfield Creek Stream Code 26107 Chapter 93 classification WWF R.M.I. 45.2 D.A. 98.3 sq. mi. Yield 0.126 cfs/sq.mi Flow 12.3858 cfs. Based on data from PA Bull. #12, Station #01541325, Clearfield Creek @ Flinton PA, Page 203 Elevation 1395 ft.

Exceptions to standard water use lists : Add None Delete

Water Quality Criteria-Exceptions to Specific Criteria : Add None Delete

Impoundment Special Downstream Uses :

B. Secondary Waters West Branch Susquehanna River R.M.I. Ch. 93 classification WWF Distance from discharge 45.2 mi. Yield cfs/sq.mi D.A. sq. mi. Flow cfs. Based on data from Elevation ft. Stream Code 18668

Exceptions to standard water use lists : Add None Delete

Water Quality Criteria-Exceptions to Specific Criteria : Add None Delete

Impoundment Special Downstream Uses :

Downstream PWS : location Shawville Power Plant distance from discharge mi. intake mgd. stream flow at intake cfs.

Nutrient Monitoring Requirements, Year 2012 Pollution Report:

The subject STP is located in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed. In accordance with Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting, the STP is considered a Phase 3 sewage discharger and will be assigned Cap Loading Rates for Net Total Nitrogen and Net Total Phosphorus of 7,808 lbs/yr and 1,041 lbs/yr. These Loading Rates will be effective on October 1, 2013. Until that time the facility will be told to Monitor and Report.

In addition to the above parameters, they will also be required to Monitor and Report for the following: Ammonia-N, Kjeldahl-N, Nitrate-Nitrite as N, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus.

Calculations for Cap Loading Rates of Net Total Nitrogen:

$$(0.4275 \text{ mgd})(6.0 \text{ mg/l})(8.34)(365 \text{ days/yr}) = 7,808 \text{ lbs/yr}$$

Calculations for Cap Loading Rates of Net Total Phosphorus:

$$(0.4275 \text{ mgd})(0.8 \text{ mg/l})(8.34)(365 \text{ days/yr}) = 1,041 \text{ lbs/yr}$$

Background used in Determining Flow Rate Used For CAP Loading Rates:

The Act 537 approval of June 2003, for the Authority's STP, encompasses the service area for the initial plant designed for 0.3 MGD. That service area consisted of flows from 817 on-lot systems and flows from three existing facilities (PA0035262, PA0204587 and PA0097411). The above three NPDES Permits will be eliminated upon connection to the Authority's STP.

The revised Act 537 plan for plant expansion was approved on September 28, 2009. The expansion of 0.15 MGD is for connections from the service area currently conveyed to the Glendale Yearound STP, Permit No. PA0097705. The Authority has purchased this facility, which is a problem facility, and will eliminate it upon connection to the Authority's STP. The current design flow of the Glendale Yearound STP (PA0097705) is 0.0375, but the current language in the NPDES Permit allows for expansion to 0.1275 MGD to correct hydraulic overload conditions and to connect a number of on-lot systems previously approved by the Department in a July 1989 Act 537 Plan Revision.

CAP loadings are based on a combined design flow of 0.4275 MGD (0.3 MGD from Glendale Valley MA STP and 0.1275 MGD from Glendale Yearound) and 6mg/l for Total N and and 0.8 mg/l Total P – given the prior Act 537 Planning approval occurred prior to August 29, 2005.

Warmer Period - 0.450 MGD discharge

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
08C	26107	CLEARFIELD CREEK	45.200	1395.00	98.30	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tributary Temp	Tributary pH	Stream Temp	Stream pH
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	(°C)		(°C)	
Q7-10	0.126	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	10.0	0.00	0.00	25.00	7.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
Glendale Valley STP	PA0253812	0.0000	0.4500	0.0000	0.000	20.00	7.00

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	2.00	8.38	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

Input Data WQM 7.0

SWP Basin	Stream Code	Stream Name	RMI	Elevation (ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	PWS Withdrawal (mgd)	Apply FC
08C	26107	CLEARFIELD CREEK	44.480	1380.00	148.00	0.00000	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Stream Data

Design Cond.	LFY	Trib Flow	Stream Flow	Rch Trav Time	Rch Velocity	WD Ratio	Rch Width	Rch Depth	Tributary		Stream	
	(cfsm)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(days)	(fps)		(ft)	(ft)	Temp	pH	Temp	pH
Q7-10	0.126	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	10.0	0.00	0.00	25.00	7.00	0.00	0.00
Q1-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							
Q30-10		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000							

Discharge Data

Name	Permit Number	Existing Disc Flow (mgd)	Permitted Disc Flow (mgd)	Design Disc Flow (mgd)	Reserve Factor	Disc Temp (°C)	Disc pH
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	25.00	7.00

Parameter Data

Parameter Name	Disc Conc (mg/L)	Trib Conc (mg/L)	Stream Conc (mg/L)	Fate Coef (1/days)
CBOD5	25.00	2.00	0.00	1.50
Dissolved Oxygen	2.00	8.38	0.00	0.00
NH3-N	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.70

WQM 7.0 Hydrodynamic Outputs

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>				<u>Stream Name</u>						
08C		26107				CLEARFIELD CREEK						
RMI	Stream Flow (cfs)	PWS With (cfs)	Net Stream Flow (cfs)	Disc Analysis Flow (cfs)	Reach Slope (ft/ft)	Depth (ft)	Width (ft)	W/D Ratio	Velocity (fps)	Reach Trav Time (days)	Analysis Temp (°C)	Analysis pH
Q7-10 Flow												
45.200	12.39	0.00	12.39	.6962	0.00395	.789	52.35	66.39	0.32	0.139	24.73	7.00
Q1-10 Flow												
45.200	7.93	0.00	7.93	.6962	0.00395	NA	NA	NA	0.25	0.175	24.60	7.00
Q30-10 Flow												
45.200	19.82	0.00	19.82	.6962	0.00395	NA	NA	NA	0.41	0.108	24.83	7.00

WQM 7.0 Modeling Specifications

Parameters	Both	Use Inputted Q1-10 and Q30-10 Flows	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WLA Method	EMPR	Use Inputted W/D Ratio	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1-10/Q7-10 Ratio	0.64	Use Inputted Reach Travel Times	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q30-10/Q7-10 Ratio	1.6	Temperature Adjust Kr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Saturation	85.00%	Use Balanced Technology	<input type="checkbox"/>
D.O. Goal	5		

WQM 7.0 Wasteload Allocations

<u>SWP Basin</u>	<u>Stream Code</u>	<u>Stream Name</u>
08C	26107	CLEARFIELD CREEK

NH3-N Acute Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
45.200	Glendale Valley S	6.96	50	6.96	50	0	0

NH3-N Chronic Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	Baseline Criterion (mg/L)	Baseline WLA (mg/L)	Multiple Criterion (mg/L)	Multiple WLA (mg/L)	Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
45.200	Glendale Valley S	1.36	25	1.36	25	0	0

Dissolved Oxygen Allocations

RMI	Discharge Name	<u>CBOD5</u>		<u>NH3-N</u>		<u>Dissolved Oxygen</u>		Critical Reach	Percent Reduction
		Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)	Baseline (mg/L)	Multiple (mg/L)		
45.20	Glendale Valley STP	25	25	25	25	2	2	0	0

WQM 7.0 D.O. Simulation

<u>SWP Basin</u>	<u>Stream Code</u>	<u>Stream Name</u>	
08C	26107	CLEARFIELD CREEK	
<u>RMI</u>	<u>Total Discharge Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Analysis Temperature (°C)</u>	<u>Analysis pH</u>
45.200	0.450	24.734	7.000
<u>Reach Width (ft)</u>	<u>Reach Depth (ft)</u>	<u>Reach WDRatio</u>	<u>Reach Velocity (fps)</u>
52.354	0.789	66.388	0.317
<u>Reach CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kc (1/days)</u>	<u>Reach NH3-N (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kn (1/days)</u>
3.22	0.573	1.33	1.008
<u>Reach DO (mg/L)</u>	<u>Reach Kr (1/days)</u>	<u>Kr Equation</u>	<u>Reach DO Goal (mg/L)</u>
8.040	9.545	Tsivoglou	5
<u>Reach Travel Time (days)</u>	Subreach Results		
0.139	<u>TravTime (days)</u>	<u>CBOD5 (mg/L)</u>	<u>NH3-N (mg/L)</u>
			<u>D.O. (mg/L)</u>
	0.014	3.19	1.31
	0.028	3.16	1.29
	0.042	3.13	1.28
	0.056	3.10	1.26
	0.069	3.07	1.24
	0.083	3.04	1.22
	0.097	3.01	1.21
	0.111	2.98	1.19
	0.125	2.95	1.17
	0.139	2.92	1.16

WQM 7.0 Effluent Limits

<u>SWP Basin</u>		<u>Stream Code</u>		<u>Stream Name</u>		
08C		26107		CLEARFIELD CREEK		
RMI	Name	Permit Number	Disc Flow (mgd)	Parameter	Effluent Limit* (mg/L)	Max Effluent Limit** (mg/L)
45.200	Glendale Valley STP	PA0253812	0.450	CBOD5	25	
				NH3-N	25	50
				Dissolved Oxygen	2	

** No Need To Model Colder Period due to fact That Secondary Limits are Imposed For Summer Warmer Period.*

* 30 Day Average

** 24 Hour Average

III. Effluent Limitations

Amendment No. 1

NPDES #PA 0253812

A. Outfall 001

B. Discharge Volume

0.45 MGD

Parameter (Sewage)	lbs/day			mg/l		
	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.	Daily Max.	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.	Instan. Max.
(Industrial Waste)	Daily Avg.		Daily Max.	Daily Avg.	Daily Max for Toxics	Instan. Max.
1. CBOD-5 Day (Year around)	93.9	140.8		25	37.5	50
2. Total Suspended Solids	112.7	169.0		30	45	60
3. Fecal Coliform May 1 to Sep 30 Oct 1 to Apr 30	200 2,000	1100 ml as a geometric mean 1100 ml as a geometric mean				
4. Total Residual Chlorine			U.V. Proposed			
5. pH	not less than 6.0 nor greater than 9.0					
	Monthly Report	Annual Report		Minimum	Monthly	Maximum
6. Ammonia-N	Report	Report			Report	
7. Kjeldahl-N	Report				Report	
8. Nitrite-Nitrate as N	Report				Report	
9. Total Nitrogen	Report	Report			Report	
10. Total Phosphorus	Report	Report			Report	
11. Net Total Nitrogen	Issuance	Report	Report			
12. Net Total Nitrogen	10/1/2013	Report	7808.00			
13. Net Total Phosphorus	Issuance	Report	Report			
14. Net Total Phosphorus	10/1/2013	Report	1041.00			

Effluent Limitation Rational

1. PA Guideline: TRC Implementation Guidance

2. Regulation

3. Water Quality Criteria Chapter 93

Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Tributary Strategy Implementation Plan for NPDES Permitting.

Approvals:

Reviewer, Planning | WQ

Mike C. Mitchell

Date

3-6-12

Geologist or Aquatic Biologist

Date

Chief, Planning | WQ

[Signature]

Date

3-12-12

Chief, Division of WQ

Date



**AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR PUBLICLY OWNED
TREATMENT WORKS (POTWs)**

**NPDES PERMIT NO: PA0253812
Amendment No. 1**

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 *et seq.* ("the Act") and Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, as amended, 35 P.S. Section 691.1 *et seq.*,

**Glendale Valley Municipal Authority
1800 Beaver Valley Road
Flinton, PA 16640**

is authorized to discharge from a facility known as **Glendale Valley Municipal Authority STP**, located in **White Township, Cambria County**, to **Clearfield Creek** in Watershed(s) **8-C** in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts A, B and C hereof.

THIS PERMIT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON June 6, 2012

THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT ON March 31, 2014

The authority granted by this permit is subject to the following further qualifications:

1. If there is a conflict between the application, its supporting documents and/or amendments and the terms and conditions of this permit, the terms and conditions shall apply.
2. Failure to comply with the terms, conditions or effluent limitations of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (40 CFR 122.41(a))
3. A complete application for renewal of this permit, or notice of intent to cease discharging by the expiration date, must be submitted to DEP at least 180 days prior to the above expiration date (unless permission has been granted by DEP for submission at a later date), using the appropriate NPDES permit application form. (40 CFR 122.41(b), 122.21(d))

In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and DEP is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to reissue the permit before the above expiration date, the terms and conditions of this permit, including submission of the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs), will be automatically continued and will remain fully effective and enforceable against the discharger until DEP takes final action on the pending permit application. (25 Pa. Code 92a.7(b), (c))

4. This NPDES permit does not constitute authorization to construct or make modifications to wastewater treatment facilities necessary to meet the terms and conditions of this permit.

DATE PERMIT ISSUED March 17, 2009

ISSUED BY /S/ _____

DATE PERMIT AMENDMENT ISSUED June 6, 2012

**Samuel C. Harper
Clean Water Program Manager
Southwest Regional Office**

PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. A. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 43' 3.00", Longitude 78° 31' 36.00", River Mile Index 45.2, Stream Code 26107

Discharging to Clearfield Creek

which receives wastewater from the sewage treatment plant.

1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.
2. Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements, Footnotes and Supplemental Information).

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) ⁽¹⁾		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Average Monthly	Weekly Average	Instant. Maximum		
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Recorded
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/week	Grab
CBOD5	93.9	140.8 Wkly Avg	XXX	25	37.5	50	1/week	8-Hr Composite
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	112.7	169.0 Wkly Avg	XXX	30	45	60	1/week	8-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	1/week	Grab
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	1/week	Grab
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/week	8-Hr Composite

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

**PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
(Continued)**

Additional Requirements

1. The permittee may not discharge:
 - a. Floating solids, scum, sheen or substances that result in observed deposits in the receiving water. (25 Pa Code 92a.41(c))
 - b. Oil and grease in amounts that cause a film or sheen upon or discoloration of the waters of this Commonwealth or adjoining shoreline, or that exceed 15 mg/l as a daily average or 30 mg/l at any time (or lesser amounts if specified in this permit). (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(a)(7) and 95.2(2))
 - c. Substances in concentration or amounts sufficient to be inimical or harmful to the water uses to be protected or to human, animal, plant or aquatic life. (25 Pa Code 93.6(a))
 - d. Foam or substances that produce an observed change in the color, taste, odor or turbidity of the receiving water, unless those conditions are otherwise controlled through effluent limitations or other requirements in this permit. (25 Pa Code 92a.41(c))
2. The monthly average percent removal of BOD₅ or CBOD₅ and TSS must be at least 85% for POTW facilities on a concentration basis except where 25 Pa. Code 92a.47(g) and (h) are applicable to facilities with combined sewer overflows (CSOs) or as otherwise specified in this permit. (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(a)(3))

Footnotes

- (1) When sampling to determine compliance with mass effluent limitations, the discharge flow at the time of sampling must be measured and recorded.
- (2) This is the minimum number of sampling events required. Permittees are encouraged, and it may be advantageous in demonstrating compliance, to perform more than the minimum number of sampling events.

Supplemental Information

If the permit requires reporting of average weekly limitations use the following guideline. If the “maximum average concentration” and the “maximum average mass loading” does not occur within the same week, both the highest weekly average concentration and the highest weekly average mass load should be reported, regardless of whether they both occur during the same calendar week.

PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. B. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 43' 3.00", Longitude 78° 31' 36.00", River Mile Index 45.2, Stream Code 26107

Discharging to Clearfield Creek

which receives wastewater from the sewage treatment plant.

1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from Permit Effective Date through September 30, 2013.
2. Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements, Footnotes and Supplemental Information).

Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Effluent Limitations					Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs)		Concentrations (mg/L)			Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Monthly	Annual	Minimum	Monthly Average	Maximum		
Ammonia---N	Report	Report		Report			
Kjeldahl---N	Report			Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report			Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report		Report		1/month	Calculation
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report		Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Net Total Nitrogen	Report	Report				1/month	Calculation
Net Total Phosphorus	Report	Report				1/month	Calculation

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): Outfall 001.

Footnotes:

- (1) See Part C for Chesapeake Bay Requirements.
- (2) This is the minimum number of sampling events required. Permittees are encouraged, and it may be advantageous in demonstrating compliance, to perform more than the minimum number of sampling events required.

PART A - EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. C. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 43' 3.00", Longitude 78° 31' 36.00", River Mile Index 45.2, Stream Code 26107

Discharging to Clearfield Creek

which receives wastewater from the sewage treatment plant.

1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from October 1, 2013 through Permit Expiration Date.
2. Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements, Footnotes and Supplemental Information).

Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Effluent Limitations					Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs)		Concentrations (mg/L)			Minimum ⁽²⁾ Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Monthly	Annual	Minimum	Monthly Average	Maximum		
Ammonia---N	Report	Report		Report		1/month	Calculation
Kjeldahl---N	Report			Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Report			Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	Report	Report		Report		1/month	Calculation
Total Phosphorus	Report	Report		Report		1/week	8-Hr Composite
Net Total Nitrogen	Report	7,808				1/month	Calculation
Net Total Phosphorus	Report	1,041				1/month	Calculation

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): Outfall 001.

Footnotes:

- (1) See Part C for Chesapeake Bay Requirements.
- (2) This is the minimum number of sampling events required. Permittees are encouraged, and it may be advantageous in demonstrating compliance, to perform more than the minimum number of sampling events required.

II. DEFINITIONS

At Outfall (XXX) means a sampling location in outfall line XXX below the last point at which wastes are added to outfall line (XXX), or where otherwise specified.

Average refers to the use of an arithmetic mean, unless otherwise specified in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(4)(iii))

Best Management Practices (BMPs) means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution to surface waters of the Commonwealth. BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

Bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(i))

Calendar Week is defined as the seven consecutive days from Sunday through Saturday, unless the permittee has been given permission by DEP to provide weekly data as Monday through Friday based on showing excellent performance of the facility and a history of compliance. In cases when the week falls in two separate months, the month with the most days in that week shall be the month for reporting.

Clean Water Act means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended. (33 U.S.C.A. §§1251 to 1387).

Composite Sample (for all except GC/MS volatile organic analysis) means a combination of individual samples (at least eight for a 24-hour period or four for an 8-hour period) of at least 100 milliliters (mL) each obtained at spaced time intervals during the compositing period. The composite must be flow-proportional; either the volume of each individual sample is proportional to discharge flow rates, or the sampling interval is proportional to the flow rates over the time period used to produce the composite. (EPA Form 2C)

Composite Sample (for GC/MS volatile organic analysis) consists of at least four aliquots or grab samples collected during the sampling event (not necessarily flow proportioned). The samples must be combined in the laboratory immediately before analysis and then one analysis is performed. (EPA Form 2C)

Daily Average Temperature means the average of all temperature measurements made, or the mean value plot of the record of a continuous automated temperature recording instrument, either during a calendar day or during the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration.

Daily Discharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2, 40 CFR 122.2)

Daily Maximum Discharge Limitation means the highest allowable "daily discharge."

Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) means the DEP or EPA supplied form(s) for the reporting of self-monitoring results by the permittee. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

Estimated Flow means any method of liquid volume measurement based on a technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge including, but not limited to, pump capabilities, water meters and batch discharge volumes.

Geometric Mean means the average of a set of n sample results given by the nth root of their product.

Grab Sample means an individual sample of at least 100 mL collected at a randomly selected time over a period not to exceed 15 minutes. (EPA Form 2C)

Hauled-In Wastes means any waste that is introduced into a treatment facility through any method other than a direct connection to the sewage collection system. The term includes wastes transported to and disposed of within the treatment facility or other entry points within the collection system.

Hazardous Substance means any substance designated under 40 CFR Part 116 pursuant to Section 311 of the Clean Water Act. (40 CFR 122.2)

Immersion Stabilization (i-s) means a calibrated device is immersed in the wastewater until the reading is stabilized.

Indirect Discharger means a non-domestic discharger introducing pollutants to a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) or other treatment works. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

Industrial User means a source of Indirect Discharge. (40 CFR 403.3)

Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitation means the highest allowable discharge of a concentration or mass of a substance at any one time as measured by a grab sample. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

Measured Flow means any method of liquid volume measurement, the accuracy of which has been previously demonstrated in engineering practice, or for which a relationship to absolute volume has been obtained.

Monthly Average Discharge Limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

Municipality means a city, town, borough, county, township, school district, institution, authority or other public body created by or pursuant to State law and having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) means a treatment works as defined by §212 of the Clean Water Act, owned by a state or municipality. The term includes any devices and systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling and reclamation of municipal sewage or industrial wastes of a liquid nature. The term also includes sewers, pipes or other conveyances if they convey wastewater to a POTW providing treatment. The term also means the municipality as defined in section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act, which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works. (25 Pa Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

Severe Property Damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities that causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(ii))

Stormwater means the runoff from precipitation, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage. 25 Pa. Code 92a.2

Stormwater Associated With Industrial Activity means the discharge from any conveyance that is used for collecting and conveying stormwater and that is directly related to manufacturing, processing or raw materials storage areas at an industrial plant, and as defined at 40 CFR §122.26(b)(14) (i) – (ix) and (xi) and 25 Pa. Code 92a.2

Toxic Pollutant means those pollutants, or combinations of pollutants, including disease-causing agents, which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains may, on the basis of information available to DEP cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions, including malfunctions in reproduction, or physical deformations in these organisms or their offspring. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

Weekly Average Discharge Limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week.

III. SELF-MONITORING, REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING

A. Representative Sampling (40 CFR 122.41(j)(1))

1. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.

2. Records Retention (40 CFR 122.41(j)(2))

Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sludge use and disposal activities which shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years, all records of monitoring activities and results (including all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and calibration and maintenance records), copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained by the permittee for 3 years from the date of the sample measurement, report or application. The 3-year period shall be extended as requested by DEP or the EPA Regional Administrator.

3. Recording of Results (40 CFR 122.41(j)(3))

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The exact place, date and time of sampling or measurements.
- b. The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements.
- c. The date(s) the analyses were performed.
- d. The person(s) who performed the analyses.
- e. The analytical techniques or methods used; and the associated detection level.
- f. The results of such analyses.

4. Test Procedures (40 CFR 122.41(j)(4))

Facilities that test or analyze environmental samples used to demonstrate compliance with this permit shall be in compliance with laboratory accreditation requirements of Act 90 of 2002 (27 Pa. C.S. §§4101-4113) and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 252, relating to environmental laboratory accreditation. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall be those approved under 40 CFR Part 136 (or in the case of sludge use or disposal, approved under 40 CFR Part 136, unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 503 or Subpart J of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 271), or alternate test procedures approved pursuant to those parts, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

5. Quality/Assurance/Control

In an effort to assure accurate self-monitoring analyses results:

- a. The permittee, or its designated laboratory, shall participate in the periodic scheduled quality assurance inspections conducted by DEP and EPA. (40 CFR 122.41(e), 122.41(i)(3))
- b. The permittee, or its designated laboratory, shall develop and implement a program to assure the quality and accurateness of the analyses performed to satisfy the requirements of this permit, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 136. (40 CFR 122.41(j)(4))

B. Reporting of Monitoring Results

1. The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of all wastewater treatment and control facilities, and the quantity and quality of the discharge(s) as specified in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(e), 40 CFR 122.44(i)(1))

2. Unless instructed otherwise in Part C of this permit, properly completed DMR(s) must be received by the agency(ies) below within 28 days after the end of each reporting period. The permittee shall complete all Supplemental Reporting forms (Supplemental DMRs) provided by DEP in this permit (or an approved equivalent), and submit the signed, completed forms as an attachment to the DMR(s). If the permittee elects to use DEP's electronic DMR (eDMR) system, one electronic submission may be made for DMRs and Supplemental DMRs. If paper forms are used, the completed forms shall be mailed to:

Department of Environmental Protection
Clean Water Program
400 Waterfront Drive
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

3. If the permittee elects to begin using DEP's eDMR system to submit DMRs required by the permit, the permittee shall, to assure continuity of business operations, continue using the eDMR system to submit all DMRs and Supplemental Reports required by the permit, unless the following steps are completed to discontinue use of eDMR:
 - a. The permittee shall submit written notification to the regional office that issued the permit that it intends to discontinue use of eDMR. The notification shall be signed by a principal executive officer or authorized agent of the permittee.
 - b. The permittee shall continue using eDMR until the permittee receives written notification from DEP's Central Office that the facility has been removed from the eDMR system, and electronic report submissions are no longer expected.
4. The completed DMR Form shall be signed and certified by either of the following applicable persons, as defined in 25 Pa. Code 92a.22:
 - For a corporation - by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or an authorized representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the NPDES form originates.
 - For a partnership or sole proprietorship - by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.
 - For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency - by a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

If signed by a person other than the above, written notification of delegation of DMR signatory authority must be submitted to DEP in advance of or along with the relevant DMR form. (40 CFR 122.22(b))

5. If the permittee monitors any pollutant at monitoring points as designated by this permit, using analytical methods described in Part A III.A.4. herein, more frequently than the permit requires, the results of this monitoring shall be incorporated, as appropriate, into the calculations used to report self-monitoring data on the DMR. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(4)(ii))

C. Reporting and Notification Requirements

1. **Planned Changes to Physical Facilities** – The permittee shall give notice to DEP as soon as possible but no later than 30 days prior to any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. A permit under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 91 may be required for these situations prior to implementing the planned changes. A permit application, or other written submission to DEP, can be used to satisfy the notification requirements of this section.

Notice is required when:

- a. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR §122.29(b). (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(i))

- b. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(ii))
 - c. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(iii))
 - d. The planned change may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(2))
 - e. The facility is proposing an expansion or modifications to its treatment processes. (25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a))
2. Planned Changes to Waste Stream – Under the authority of 25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a) and 40 CFR 122.42(b), the permittee shall provide notice to DEP and EPA as soon as possible but no later than 45 days prior to any changes in the volume or pollutant concentration of its influent waste stream as a result of indirect discharges or hauled-in wastes, as specified in paragraphs 2.a. and 2.b., below. Notice shall be provided on the “Planned Changes to Waste Stream” Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0482), available on DEP’s web site. The permittee shall provide information on the quality and quantity of waste introduced into the POTW, and any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW (40 CFR 122.42(b)(3)). The Report shall be sent via Certified Mail or other means to confirm DEP’s receipt of the notification. DEP will determine if the submission of a new application and receipt of a new or amended permit is required.

- a. Introduction of New Pollutants (25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a), 40 CFR 122.42(b)(1))

New pollutants are defined as parameters that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- (i) Were not detected in the facilities’ influent waste stream as reported in the permit application, or were otherwise not analyzed in the influent and reported to DEP prior to permit issuance;
- (ii) Have not been previously approved to be included in the permittee’s influent waste stream by DEP and/or EPA in writing;
- (iii) Are previously unapproved pollutants introduced into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants (40 CFR 122.42(b)(1)).

The permittee shall provide notification of the introduction of new pollutants in accordance with paragraph 2 above. The permittee may not authorize the introduction of new pollutants until the permittee receives DEP’s and/or EPA’s written approval.

- b. Increased Loading of Approved Pollutants (25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a), 40 CFR 122.42(b)(2))

Approved pollutants are defined as parameters that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- (i) Were detected in the facilities’ influent waste stream as reported in the permittee’s permit application or were otherwise analyzed and reported to DEP prior to permit issuance;
- (ii) Have an effluent limitation or monitoring requirement in this permit;
- (iii) Have been previously approved for the permittee’s influent waste stream by DEP in writing.

The permittee shall provide notification of the introduction of increased influent loading (lbs/day) of approved pollutants in accordance with paragraph 2 above when (1) the cumulative increase in influent loading (lbs/day) exceeds 10% of the maximum loading reported in the permit application,

or a loading previously approved by DEP, or (2) may cause an exceedance in the effluent of Effluent Limitation Guidelines (ELGs) or limitations in Part A of this permit, or (3) may cause interference or pass through at the POTW, or (4) may cause exceedances of the applicable water quality standards in the receiving stream. Unless specified otherwise in this permit, if DEP and/or EPA does not respond to the notification within 30 days of its receipt, the permittee may proceed with the increase in loading. The acceptance of increased loading of approved pollutants may not result in an exceedance of ELGs or effluent limitations, may not result in a hydraulic or organic overload condition as defined in 25 Pa. Code 94.1, and may not cause exceedances of the applicable water quality standards in the receiving stream.

c. New Information on Existing Discharges

The permittee shall notify DEP and EPA where it discovers new information, not reported previously, on the quality and quantity of the effluent introduced into the POTW by an industrial user or an indirect discharger and the anticipated impact of the change in the quality and quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW. (40 CFR 122.42(b)(3))

3. Reporting Requirements for Hauled-In Wastes

a. Receipt of Residual Waste

- (i) The permittee shall document the receipt of all hauled-in residual wastes (including but not limited to wastewater from oil and gas wells, food processing waste, and landfill leachate) received for processing at the treatment facility. The permittee shall report hauled-in residual wastes on a monthly basis to DEP on the "Hauled In Residual Wastes" Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0450) as an attachment to the DMR. If no residual wastes were received during a month, submission of the Supplemental Report is not required.

The following information is required by the Supplemental Report. The information used to develop the Report shall be retained by the permittee for five years from the date of receipt and must be made available to DEP or EPA upon request.

- (1) The dates that residual wastes were received.
- (2) The volume (gallons) of wastes received.
- (3) The license plate number of the vehicle transporting the waste to the treatment facility.
- (4) The permit number(s) of the well(s) where residual wastes were generated, if applicable.
- (5) The name and address of the generator of the residual wastes.
- (6) The type of wastewater.
- (7) Documentation of whether or not a chemical analysis of the residual wastes were reported on a Residual Waste Form 26R, or a separate waste characterization using the parameters from Form 26R.

The transporter of residual waste must maintain these and other records as part of the daily operational record (25 Pa. Code 299.219). If the transporter is unable to provide this information, the residual wastes shall not be accepted by the permittee until such time as the transporter is able to provide the required information.

- (ii) The following conditions apply to the characterization of residual wastes received by the permitted treatment facility:
- (1) The permitted facility must receive and maintain on file a characterization of the residual wastes it receives from the generator, as required by 25 Pa. Code 287.54. The

characterization shall conform to the Bureau of Waste Management's Form 26R except as noted in paragraph (2), below. Each load of residual waste received must be characterized accordingly.

- (2) For wastewater generated from hydraulic fracturing operations ("frac wastewater") within the first 30 production days of a well site, the characterization may be a general frac wastewater characterization approved by DEP. Thereafter, the characterization must be waste-specific and reported on the Form 26R.

b. Receipt of Municipal Waste

- (i) The permittee shall document the receipt of all hauled-in municipal wastes (including but not limited to septage and liquid sewage sludge) received for processing at the treatment facility. The permittee shall report hauled-in municipal wastes on a monthly basis to DEP on the "Hauled In Municipal Wastes" Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0437) as an attachment to the DMR. If no municipal wastes were received during a month, submission of the Supplemental Report is not required.

The following information is required by the Supplemental Report:

- (1) The dates that municipal wastes were received.
 - (2) The volume (gallons) of wastes received.
 - (3) The BOD₅ concentration (mg/l) and load (lbs) for the wastes received.
 - (4) The location(s) where wastes were disposed of within the treatment facility.
- (ii) Sampling and analysis of hauled-in municipal wastes must be completed to characterize the organic strength of the wastes, unless composite sampling of influent wastewater is performed at a location downstream of the point of entry for the wastes. The influent BOD₅ characterization for the treatment facility, as reported in the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report per 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, must be representative of the hauled-in municipal wastes received.

4. Unanticipated Noncompliance or Potential Pollution Reporting

- a. Immediate Reporting - The permittee shall immediately report any incident causing or threatening pollution in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Sections 91.33 and 92a.41(b).
 - (i) If, because of an accident, other activity or incident a toxic substance or another substance which would endanger users downstream from the discharge, or would otherwise result in pollution or create a danger of pollution or would damage property, the permittee shall immediately notify DEP by telephone of the location and nature of the danger. Oral notification to the Department is required as soon as possible, but no later than 4 hours after the permittee becomes aware of the incident causing or threatening pollution.
 - (ii) If reasonably possible to do so, the permittee shall immediately notify downstream users of the waters of the Commonwealth to which the substance was discharged. Such notice shall include the location and nature of the danger.
 - (iii) The permittee shall immediately take or cause to be taken steps necessary to prevent injury to property and downstream users of the waters from pollution or a danger of pollution and, in addition, within 15 days from the incident, shall remove the residual substances contained thereon or therein from the ground and from the affected waters of this Commonwealth to the extent required by applicable law.

- b. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.41(l)(6). These requirements include the following obligations:
- (i) 24 Hour Reporting - The permittee shall orally report any noncompliance with this permit which may endanger health or the environment within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph (40 CFR 122.41(l)(6)(ii)):
 - (1) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
 - (2) Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit; and
 - (3) Violation of the maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in the permit as being subject to the 24-hour reporting requirement.
 - (ii) Written Report - A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
 - (iii) Waiver of Written Report - DEP may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the associated oral report has been received within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances which may endanger health or the environment. Unless such a waiver is expressly granted by DEP, the permittee shall submit a written report in accordance with this paragraph. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(6)(iii))

5. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraph C.4 of this section or specific requirements of compliance schedules, at the time DMRs are submitted, on the Non-Compliance Reporting Form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0440). The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph C.4.b.(ii) of this section. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(7))

PART B

I. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

A. Compliance Schedules (25 Pa. Code 92a.51, 40 CFR 122.47(a))

1. The permittee shall achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit within the time frames specified in this permit.
2. The permittee shall submit reports of compliance or noncompliance, or progress reports as applicable, for any interim and final requirements contained in this permit. Such reports shall be submitted no later than 14 days following the applicable schedule date or compliance deadline. (40 CFR 122.47(a)(4))

B. Permit Modification, Termination, or Revocation and Reissuance

1. This permit may be modified, terminated, or revoked and reissued during its term in accordance with Title 25 Pa. Code 92a.72 and 40 CFR 122.41(f).
2. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition. (40 CFR 122.41(f))
3. In the absence of DEP action to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time specified in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions. (40 CFR 122.41(a)(1))

C. Duty to Provide Information

1. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, within a reasonable time, any information which DEP may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(h))
2. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(h))
3. Other Information - Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to DEP, it shall promptly submit the correct and complete facts or information. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(8))
4. The permittee shall provide the following information in the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report, required under the provisions of Title 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94:
 - a. The requirements identified in 25 Pa. Code 94.12.
 - b. The identity of any indirect discharger(s) served by the POTW which are subject to pretreatment standards adopted under Section 307(b) of the Clean Water Act; the POTW shall also specify the total volume of discharge and estimate concentration of each pollutant discharged into the POTW by the indirect discharger.
 - c. A "Solids Management Inventory" including the following information for the preceding year, at a minimum: average annual flow (MGD), average influent BOD₅ (mg/l), average effluent CBOD₅ (mg/l), total volume of sludge wasted (gallons), average solids concentration of return or waste sludge flow (mg/l), and total sludge or biosolids generated (wet or dry tons).
 - d. The total volume of hauled-in residual and municipal wastes received during the year, by source.
 - e. The Annual Report requirements for permittees required to implement an industrial pretreatment program listed in Part C, as applicable.

D. General Pretreatment Requirements

1. POTWs shall require indirect dischargers to the treatment works subject to pretreatment standards adopted under Section 307(b) of the Clean Water Act to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act and regulations thereunder.
2. Any POTW (or combination of POTWs operated by the same authority) with a total design flow greater than 5 million gallons per day (MGD) and receiving from industrial users pollutants which pass through or interfere with the operation of the POTW or are otherwise subject to Pretreatment Standards will be required to establish a POTW Pretreatment Program unless specifically exempted by the Approval Authority. A POTW with a design flow of 5 MGD or less may be required to develop a POTW Pretreatment Program if the Approval Authority finds that the nature or volume of the industrial influent, treatment process upsets, violations of effluent limitations, contamination of sludge, or other circumstances warrant in order to prevent interference or pass through. (40 CFR 403.8)
3. Each POTW with an approved Pretreatment Program pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8 shall develop and enforce specific limits to implement the prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a)(1) and (b), and shall continue to develop these limits as necessary and effectively enforce such limits. This condition applies, for example, when there are planned changes to the waste stream as identified in Part A III.C.2. If the permittee is required to develop or continue implementation of a Pretreatment Program, detailed requirements will be contained in Part C of this permit.
4. For all POTWs, where pollutants contributed by indirect dischargers result in interference or pass through, and a violation is likely to recur, the permittee shall develop and enforce specific limits for indirect dischargers and other users, as appropriate, that together with appropriate facility or operational changes, are necessary to ensure renewed or continued compliance with this permit or sludge use or disposal practices. Where POTWs do not have an approved Pretreatment Program, the permittee shall submit a copy of such limits to DEP when developed. (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(d))

E. Proper Operation and Maintenance

1. The permittee shall employ operators certified in compliance with the Water and Wastewater Systems Operators Certification Act (63 P.S. §§1001-1015.1).
2. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes, but is not limited to, adequate laboratory controls including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision also includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems that are installed by the permittee, only when necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(e))

F. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge, sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment. (40 CFR 122.41(d))

G. Bypassing

1. Bypassing Not Exceeding Permit Limitations - The permittee may allow a bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions in paragraphs two, three and four of this section. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(2))
2. Other Bypassing - In all other situations, bypassing is prohibited and DEP may take enforcement action against the permittee for bypass unless:
 - a. A bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or "severe property damage." (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(A))

- b. There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(B))
 - c. The permittee submitted the necessary notice required in paragraph G.4 below. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(C))
3. DEP may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if DEP determines that it will meet the conditions listed in paragraph G.2 above. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(ii))
4. Notice
- a. Anticipated Bypass – If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible, at least 10 days before the bypass. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)(i))
 - b. Unanticipated Bypass
 - (i) The permittee shall submit immediate notice of an unanticipated bypass causing or threatening pollution. The notice shall be in accordance with Part A III.C.4.a.
 - (ii) The permittee shall submit oral notice of any other unanticipated bypass within 24 hours, regardless of whether the bypass may endanger health or the environment or whether the bypass exceeds effluent limitations. The notice shall be in accordance with Part A III.C.4.b.

II. PENALTIES AND LIABILITY

A. Violations of Permit Conditions

Any person violating Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Clean Water Act or any permit condition or limitation implementing such sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act is subject to civil, administrative and/or criminal penalties as set forth in 40 CFR §122.41(a)(2).

Any person or municipality, who violates any provision of this permit; any rule, regulation or order of DEP; or any condition or limitation of any permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law, is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties as set forth in Sections 602, 603 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

B. Falsifying Information

Any person who does any of the following:

- Falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit, or
- Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit (including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance)

Shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and/or imprisonment as set forth in *18 Pa.C.S.A § 4904* and 40 CFR §122.41(j)(5) and (k)(2).

C. Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance pursuant to Section 309 of the Clean Water Act or Sections 602, 603 or 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under the Clean Water Act and the Clean Streams Law.

D. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. 40 CFR 122.41(c)

III. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Right of Entry

Pursuant to Sections 5(b) and 305 of Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, and Title 25 Pa. Code Chapter 92a and 40 CFR §122.41(i), the permittee shall allow authorized representatives of DEP and EPA, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law:

1. To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit; 40 CFR 122.41(i)(1)
2. To have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit; 40 CFR 122.41(i)(2)
3. To inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit; and 40 CFR 122.41(i)(3)
4. To sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act or the Clean Streams Law, any substances or parameters at any location. 40 CFR 122.41(i)(4)

B. Transfer of Permits

1. Transfers by modification. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if this permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act. 40 CFR 122.61(a)
2. Automatic transfers. As an alternative to transfers under paragraph 1 of this section, any NPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
 - a. The current permittee notifies DEP at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date in paragraph 2.b. of this section; (40 CFR 122.61(b)(1))
 - b. The notice includes the appropriate DEP transfer form signed by the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between them; (40 CFR 122.61(b)(2))
 - c. DEP does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2.b. of this section; and (40 CFR 122.61(b)(3))
 - d. The new permittee is in compliance with existing DEP issued permits, regulations, orders and schedules of compliance, or that has demonstrated any noncompliance with the existing permits has been resolved by an appropriate compliance action or by the terms and conditions of the permit (including compliance schedules set forth in the permit), consistent with 25 Pa. Code 92a.51 (relating to schedules of compliance) and other appropriate DEP regulations. (25 Pa. Code 92a.71)
3. In the event DEP does not approve transfer of this permit, the new owner or controller must submit a new permit application.

C. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (40 CFR 122.41(g))

D. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for a new permit. (40 CFR 122.41(b))

E. Other Laws

The issuance of this permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of state or local law or regulations.

IV. ANNUAL FEE

Permittees shall pay an annual fee in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.62. Annual fee amounts are specified in the following schedule and are due on each anniversary of the effective date of the most recent new or reissued permit. All flows identified in the schedule are annual average design flows. (25 Pa. Code 92a.62)

Small Flow Treatment Facility (SRSTP or SFTF)	\$0
Minor Sewage Facility < 0.05 MGD (million gallons per day)	\$250
Minor Sewage Facility ≥ 0.05 and < 1 MGD	\$500
Minor Sewage Facility with CSO (Combined Sewer Overflow)	\$750
Major Sewage Facility ≥ 1 and < 5 MGD	\$1,250
Major Sewage Facility ≥ 5 MGD	\$2,500
Major Sewage Facility with CSO	\$5,000

As of the effective date of this permit, the facility covered by the permit is classified in the following fee category: **Minor Sewage Facility ≥0.05 and <1 MGD.**

Invoices for annual fees will be mailed to permittees approximately three months prior to the due date. In the event that an invoice is not received, the permittee is nonetheless responsible for payment. Throughout a five year permit term, permittees will pay four annual fees followed by a permit renewal application fee in the last year of permit coverage. Permittees may contact the DEP at 717-787-6744 with questions related to annual fees.

Payment for annual fees shall be remitted to DEP at the address below by the anniversary date. Checks should be made payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

PA Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Point and Non-Point Source Management
Re: Chapter 92a Annual Fee
P.O. Box 8466
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8466

PART C

I. CHESAPEAKE BAY SCHEDULE

A. **Timing For Effective Dates Of Effluent Limitations.** The following schedule applies to effluent limitations in this permit:

<u>Provision Containing Effluent Limitation</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>
Part A I.A.2	Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration
Part A I.B.2	Permit Effective Date through September

The permittee shall achieve compliance with all other terms and conditions of this permit upon the effective date of the permit, unless otherwise specified.

- B. **Compliance Schedule.** The permittee shall be in compliance with effluent limitations for Nitrogen and Phosphorus contained in Part A I.C.2, or terminate this discharge.
- C. No later than 14 calendar days following the date identified in the above schedule of compliance, the permittee shall submit to the Department a written notice of compliance or non-compliance with the specific schedule requirement(s) to:

Department of Environmental Protection
Southwest Regional Office
Water Management Program
Attn: Compliance Specialist
400 Waterfront Drive
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

- D. Each notice of non-compliance, at a minimum, shall include the following information:
1. A description of the noncompliance.
 2. A description of any actions taken or proposed by the permittee to comply with the elapsed schedule requirement.
 3. A description of any factors which tend to explain or mitigate the noncompliance.
 4. An estimate of the date that compliance with the elapsed schedule requirement will be achieved and an assessment of the probability that the next scheduled requirement will be met on time.
 5. A revised schedule of compliance for Department approval.
- E. The permittee should contact the compliance specialist indicated in the event of anticipated non-compliance with any of a compliance schedule activities listed, seven (7) days prior to the due date of the activity.

II. CHESAPEAKE BAY NUTRIENT REQUIREMENTS

The Annual Net Total Nitrogen (TN) and Annual Net Total Phosphorus (TP) Mass Load effluent limitations (Cap Loads) in Part A I.C are required in order to meet the downstream water quality standards of the State of Maryland, as required by 25 Pa. Code Chapter 92a, the federal Clean Water Act and implementing regulations. These effluent limitations do not reflect Credits applied or sold or Offsets applied during this permit cycle.

A. Definitions

Cap Load (lbs): The mass load of a pollutant authorized by an NPDES permit. Cap loads for TN and TP are implemented in NPDES permits by the establishment of Annual Net TN and TP Mass Load limits. The term "Net" is used to recognize that Credits and Offsets may be used to comply with the limits. The Annual Net Mass Load must be less than or equal to the Cap Load to achieve compliance.

Certification: Written approval by the Department of a proposed pollutant reduction activity to generate credits before the credits are verified and registered to be used to comply with NPDES permit effluent limitations.

Compliance Year: The year-long period starting October 1st and ending September 30th. The Compliance Year will be named for the year in which it ends. For example, the period of October 1, 2011 through September 30, 2012 is compliance year 2012.

Credit: The tradable unit of compliance that corresponds with a unit of reduction of a pollutant as recognized by DEP which, when certified, verified and registered, may be used to comply with effluent limits contained in an NPDES permit.

If the Annual Total Mass Load at the end of the Compliance Year is less than the Cap Load in the permit, the number of Credits that may be verified is determined by the following equation:

$(\text{Cap Load} - \text{Offsets incorporated into Cap Load (if applicable)} - \text{Annual Total Mass Load}) \times \text{Delivery Ratio} \times 0.9$, where 0.9 is the factor used to provide a reserve ratio of 10%.

* In the event that 1) DEP certified Credits prior to March 1, 2012 and 2) DEP issued the Credit certification in a manner that included Offsets, DEP will register those Credits until the expiration date of the Credit certification.

Delivery Ratio: A ratio that compensates for the natural attenuation of a pollutant as it travels in water before it reaches a defined compliance point. The Delivery Ratios for the facility authorized to discharge under this permit are as follows:

- TN: 0.836
- TP: 0.436

Net Mass Load (lbs):

- **Monthly Net Mass Load** = Total Monthly Mass Load + (Total Credits sold during the month / Delivery Ratio) – (Total Credits applied during the month / Delivery Ratio) – Offsets applied.
- **Annual Net Mass Load** = The sum of Monthly Net Mass Loads for one year beginning October 1st and ending September 30th, adjusted for transactions that may occur during the Truing Period.

Offset: The pollutant load reduction measured in pounds (lbs) that is created by an action, activity or technology which, when approved by DEP, may be used to comply with effluent limits contained in an NPDES permit. The offset may only be used by the NPDES permittee that DEP determines is associated with the load reduction achieved by the action, activity or technology. Offsets may be applied to meet compliance with Cap Loads, but may not be treated as Credits, and are not eligible for sale or trading.

Registration: An accounting mechanism used by the Department to track certified and verified credits before they may be used to comply with NPDES permit effluent limitations.

Total Mass Load (lbs):

- **Monthly Total Mass Load** = The sum of the actual daily discharge loads (lbs/day) divided by the number of samples per month, multiplied by the number of days in the month. The daily discharge load (lbs/day) equals the average daily flow (MGD) on the day of sampling, multiplied by that day's sample concentration (mg/l), multiplied by 8.34.
- **Annual Total Mass Load** = The sum of the Monthly Total Mass Loads for one year beginning October 1st and ending September 30th.

Total Nitrogen: For concentration and load, Total Nitrogen is the sum of Total Kjeldahl-N (TKN) plus Nitrite-Nitrate as N (NO₂+NO₃-N), where TKN and NO₂+NO₃-N are measured in the same sample.

Truing Period: The time provided at the end of each Compliance Year for a permittee to come into compliance through the application of Credits and Offsets towards the Annual Net Mass Loads. The Truing Period will start on October 1st and end on November 28th of the same calendar year. During this period, compliance for the specified year may be achieved by using registered Credits that were generated during that Compliance Year. For example, Credits that are used to achieve compliance in Compliance Year 2012 must have been generated during Compliance Year 2012. Approved Offsets that have been generated may also be applied during the Truing Period.

Verification: Assurance that the verification plan contained in a certification, permit or other approval issued by the Department under this section has been implemented. Verification is required prior to registration of the credits for use in an NPDES permit to comply with NPDES permit effluent limitations.

B. Use of Credits for Compliance

1. The permittee is authorized to apply TN and TP Credits to achieve compliance with Cap Loads when the Credits are certified, verified and registered in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 96.8.
2. All Credits must be certified, verified, and registered for the year in which they are used for compliance with this permit. Credits may be applied to achieve compliance until the end of the Truing Period for the Compliance Year.
3. Where non-compliance with a Cap Load is the result of an unmet obligation of a contractual agreement for Credits resulting from failure of the pollutant reduction activity, the failure of the pollutant reduction activity was due to uncontrollable or unforeseeable circumstances, and the permittee provides timely notice to DEP, DEP may consider the factors contained in 25 Pa. Code 96.8(h)(5)(i), (ii), and (iii) to determine the appropriate resolution.

C. Use of Offsets for Compliance

1. Offsets must be approved by DEP in writing before they may be applied for compliance with Cap Loads, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 96.8(h)(3).
2. Offsets that are approved under this permit are listed in Part A, Footnotes. These Offsets may be applied each Compliance Year to achieve compliance with the Cap Loads. The application of these Offsets may be reported on a monthly basis or on an annual basis, at the permittee's discretion. Additional Offsets may be approved throughout the permit term.
3. Offsets may be approved for the connection of on-lot sewage disposal systems that existed prior to January 1, 2003 to public sewers. Twenty five pounds (25 lbs) of TN Offsets per year may be approved for each on-lot system retirement. These approved Offsets are cumulative. For example, if 10 on-lot systems are retired in year 1 (250 lbs TN approved Offsets) and 10 on-lot systems are retired in year 2, 500 lbs TN Offsets may be used toward compliance with the TN Cap Load in year 2 and thereafter.

For DEP to approve on-lot system retirement Offsets, the permittee must submit documentation indicating the on-lot systems existed prior to January 1, 2003 and were eliminated by connection to public sewers after January 1, 2003. This documentation must be retained by the permittee for as long as the Offsets are used to achieve compliance with Cap Loads.

4. Offsets may be approved for the transfer of load between facilities owned by the same entity.

D. Modification of Cap Loads

In general, the Cap Loads specified in this permit may be modified only if one or more of the following occur during the permit term:

1. A facility that has an NPDES permit elects to eliminate its discharge and connect to the facility covered under this permit. The lesser of existing annual loads or the facility's Cap Loads will be added to the Cap Loads in this permit.
2. DEP or EPA determines that modified Cap Loads are necessary to achieve water quality standards for the protection of the Chesapeake Bay.

E. Reporting Requirements

1. The facility shall utilize DEP's electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) system to submit DMR data and Supplemental DMR forms. This is required to assist DEP with nutrient credit certification and verification, and compliance assessment. Unless the permittee is already using the eDMR system, within 30 days of permit issuance, the permittee shall submit the necessary Registration and Trading Partner

Agreement forms to participate in eDMR, and begin using eDMR for submission of DMR data and Supplemental DMR forms when DEP notifies the permittee to begin doing so. The eDMR website is <http://www.dep.state.pa.us/edmr>. Use of eDMR shall continue unless the requirements of Part A III.B.3 are met.

2. The Nutrient Monitoring supplemental form (3800-FM-WSFR0444) shall be used to report daily nutrient sampling results for each monitoring period. This completed form shall be attached to the DMR submission. The spreadsheet version of this form, available on DEP's website, must be used for Credit certification and verification requests submitted to DEP.
3. The Monthly Nitrogen Budget and Monthly Phosphorus Budget supplemental forms (3800-FM-WSFR0445 and 3800-FM-WSFR0446, respectively) shall be used to calculate Monthly Net Mass Loads. The permittee shall report Credits applied or sold during the monitoring period, including registry number, contract effective date, and DEP certification approval date, and approved Offsets applied during the monitoring period, including the source of Offsets and DEP approval date. The completed forms shall be attached to the DMR submission.
4. The DMR for the reporting of Annual Net Mass Loads for TN and TP is due on November 28th following each Compliance Year. Also due on November 28th is the Annual Nutrient Summary supplemental form (3800-FM-WSFR0447), which must be attached to the DMR. This form shall be used to calculate the Annual Net Mass Load and summarize the Credits applied or sold and approved Offsets applied throughout the entire Compliance Year and Truing Period. If Credits are applied or sold or if approved Offsets are applied during the Truing Period, the Monthly Nitrogen Budget and/or Monthly Phosphorus Budget supplemental forms shall also be attached to the DMR to record details of these transactions.

III. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- A. Prior to use of the eDMR system as required by Part C.II.E.1 of this permit and in accordance with Part A of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the Discharge Monitoring Reports to each of the following:

Department of Environmental Protection
Clean Water Program
400 Waterfront Drive
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

Attn: Water Quality Specialist
Department of Environmental Protection
Cambria Office
286 Industrial Park Road
Ebensburg, PA 15931-4119

- B. Prior to use of the eDMR system as required by Part C.II.E.1 of this permit and in accordance with Part A of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the attached Supplemental Sewage Sludge Report to accompany each copy of the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports to the addresses as specified above. This form must be submitted even if sewage sludge is not hauled in a given month; in this event enter "no sludge hauled."
- C. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges and other solids shall be handled and disposed of in compliance with 25 Pa. Code, Chapters 271, 273, 275, 283, and 285 (related to permits and requirements for landfilling, land application, incineration and storage of sewage sludge) Federal Regulations 40 CFR 257, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments.
- D. All discharges of floating materials, oil, grease, scum and substances which produce tastes, color, odors, turbidity or settle to form deposits shall be controlled at levels which will not be inimical or harmful to the water uses to be protected or to human, animal, plant or aquatic life.
- E. The effluent limitations for Outfall 001 were determined using an effluent discharge rate of 0.45 MGD, which is the design flow used to determine whether a "hydraulic overload" situation exists, as defined in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94.

F. Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Minimization

The method of disinfection to be used is ultraviolet radiation. The permittee will ensure that applied chlorine dosages, used for other than disinfection purposes, are optimized to the degree necessary such that the TRC in the discharge does not cause an adverse stream impact. Routine use of chlorine at the treatment facility must be reported to the Department in writing. If the Department determines or receives documented evidence levels of TRC in the permittee's effluent are causing adverse impacts in the receiving water, upon the Department's notice, the permittee shall institute necessary additional steps to reduce or eliminate such impact.