

Southcentral Regional Office CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Application Type	New	NPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET	Application No.	PA0267627
Facility Type	Industrial	INDIVIDUAL INDUSTRIAL WASTE (IW)	APS ID	1049903
Major / Minor	Minor	AND IW STORMWATER	Authorization ID	1373265

	Applicant and Facility Information						
Applicant Name	Texas	s Eastern Transmission LP	Facility Name	Texas Eastern Perulack Compressor Station			
Applicant Address	890 V	Vinter Street	Facility Address	3318 Pumping Station Road			
	Walth	am, MA 02451-1470	<u></u>	East Waterford, PA 17021-7187			
Applicant Contact	Ivana	Pejatovic	Facility Contact				
Applicant Phone	(617)	560-1364	Facility Phone				
Client ID	82786	6	Site ID	442911			
SIC Code	4922		Municipality	Lack Township			
SIC Description		. & Utilities - Natural Gas mission	County	Juniata			
Date Application Rece	eived	October 15, 2021	EPA Waived?	Yes			
Date Application Acce	pted	October 27, 2021	If No, Reason				
Purpose of Application		New NPDES individual permit a discharges from hydrostatic test		industrial wastewater, specifically			

Summary of Review

SWCA on behalf of Texas Eastern submitted this permit application for the proposed discharge of hydrostatic test water either through the water treatment system or directly to ground surface and vegetated uplands.

The discharges of hydrostatic testing water are from new natural gas pipeline facilities to be installed as part of the construction work at the Perulack Compressor Station. The construction work is part of a project designed to ensure continued compliance with PADEP's air emissions regulation.

At this time, the PAG-10 NPDES General Permit for discharges from hydrostatic testing of tanks and pipelines expired July 10, 2020 and has been administratively extended a second time through July 10, 2022 (see Notice of Extension of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System General Permit for Discharges from Hydrostatic Testing of Tanks and Pipelines (PAG-10) in Volume 51, Issue 24, Saturday, June 12, 2021 issue of the Pa Bulletin Pennsylvania Bulletin (pacodeandbulletin.gov). During this period of administrative extension, no new coverage under the PAG-10 General Permit may be authorized by the Department. Therefore, Texas Eastern has applied for an individual NPDES Permit to Discharge Industrial Wastewater. If the PAG-10 was available, they would qualify and fall under Part A I.A. Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements for discharges of hydrostatic test water from new tanks and pipelines.

Note: A Public Notice of Draft NPDES General Permit for Discharges from Hydrostatic Testing of Tanks and Pipelines (PAG-10) was published in Volume 51, Issue 43 (51 Pa.B. 6706), Saturday, October 23, 2021 issue of the PA Bulletin Pennsylvania Bulletin (pacodeandbulletin.gov)

The project will include the installation of new natural gas piping, followed by the hydrostatic testing of the new pipe. The municipal water used for hydrostatic testing will be clean of any pollutants, since all piping to be tested at the station will be new. Hydrostatic test water samples will be collected at the beginning of discharge as well as at the end of discharge to

Approve	Deny	Signatures	Date
		Brenda T Frachtl	
х		Brenda J. Fruchtl, P.G. / Licensed Professional Geologist	December 9, 2021
х		Scott M Arwood Scott M. Arwood, P.E. / Environmental Engineer Manager	12/13/2021

Summary of Review

verify compliance with NPDES Individual permit limits. If elevated sampling parameters exist prior to discharge onsite, the hydrostatic test water will be treated via the on-site water filtration system before being discharged onsite. The water, either treated or directly released, will be discharged to uplands at the project site through a filter bag placed within a straw bale enclosure underlain by a geotextile fabric. Water will be discharged at a controlled rate to prevent scouring and erosion at the discharge point. The filter bag and straw bales will help to remove, retain, and filter any suspended solids from the water before it infiltrates into the surrounding uplands.

Approximately 21,200 linear feet of 2-inch to 36-inch diameter piping will be hydrostatically tested throughout the course of the project.

The system is designed for a flow rate of 100 gpm (0.06 mgd) but will likely operate at a lower flow rate. Hydrostatic test water is anticipated to be discharged for 10 hours per day for an estimated six days per year for a total of approximately 120,000 gallons each year.

The discharges are anticipated to occur during 2022 and 2023.

See Figure 1 for project location and outfall locations.

TIMELINE

- 1. October 29, 2021. PADEP sent an email outlining technical deficiencies that need addressed.
- 2. November 10, 2021. Texas Eastern (SWCA) addressed the technical deficiencies.
- 3. November 17, 2021. PADEP sent an email asking some additional questions.
- 4. December 1, 2021. Texas Eastern (SWCA) responded to the additional questions.

Public Participation

DEP will publish notice of the receipt of the NPDES permit application and a tentative decision to issue the individual NPDES permit in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.82. Upon publication in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*, DEP will accept written comments from interested persons for a 30-day period (which may be extended for one additional 15-day period at DEP's discretion), which will be considered in making a final decision on the application. Any person may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to the application. A public hearing may be held if DEP determines that there is significant public interest in holding a hearing. If a hearing is held, notice of the hearing will be published in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* at least 30 days prior to the hearing and in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographical area of the discharge.

Outfall No. 001		Design Flow (MGD)	.06	
Latitude 40° 2	21' 17"	Longitude	-77° 39' 7"	
Wastewater Descr	ption: Hydrostatic Test Water			
Receiving Waters	Lick Run (CWF, MF)	Stream Code	12119	
NHD Com ID	66209841	RMI	1.0	
Drainage Area	8.15	Elevation (ft)	726	
Watershed No.	12B	Chapter 93 Class.	CWF, MF	
Assessment Status	Attaining Use(s)			
Noarost Downstra	nm Public Water Supply Intels	Nowport Para Water Authority		
	am Public Water Supply Intake	Newport Boro Water Authority		
PWS Waters		Location	Newport Boro, Perry Co	
PWS RMI	12	Distance from Outfall (mi)	53	

Other Comments:

The discharge will flow overland approximately 400 ft to the east before reaching Lick Run.

ischarge, Red	ceiving	Waters and Water Supply Inform	nation		
Outfall No.	002		Design Flow (MGD)	.06	
Latitude	Latitude 40° 21' 13"		Longitude	-77º 39' 11"	
Wastewater Description: Hydrostatic Test Water					
Receiving Wa	aters	Unnamed Tributary to Lick Run (CWF, MF)	Stream Code	12120	
NHD Com ID)	66209937	RMI	<u>0.2600</u> <u>790</u>	
Drainage Are	a	0.15	Elevation (ft)		
Watershed No.		12B	Chapter 93 Class.	CWF, MF	
Assessment	Status	Attaining Use(s)			
Nearest Dow	nstrea	m Public Water Supply Intake	Newport Boro Water Authority	_	
PWS Waters Juniata River		luniata River	Location	Newport Boro, Perry Co	
PWS RMI	_1	2	Distance from Outfall (mi)	53	

Other Comments:

The discharge will flow overland approximately 200 feet to the south before reaching Trib 12120 to Lick Run.

Outfall No. 003		Design Flow (MGD)	.06	
Latitude 40° 2	21' 27"	Longitude	-77° 39' 24"	
Wastewater Descri	ption: Hydrostatic Test Water			
Receiving Waters	Lick Run (CWF, MF)	Stream Code	12119	
NHD Com ID	66209841		1.2	
Drainage Area	8.1	Elevation (ft)	770	
Watershed No.	12B	Chapter 93 Class.	CWF, MF	
Assessment Status	Attaining Use(s)			
Nearest Downstres	ım Public Water Supply Intake	Newport Boro Water Authority		
	Juniata River	Location	Newport Boro, Perry Co	
_	12	Distance from Outfall (mi)	53	

Other Comments:

The discharge will flow overland approximately 800 ft east before reaching Lick Run.

Treatment Facility Summary

Treatment Facility Name: Hydrostatic Test Water Dewatering.

Texas Eastern requested an approval of both potential water discharge methods for the hydrostatic water, directly to ground surface and uplands or through the onsite water treatment system.

The hydrostatic test water will be sampled prior to, and at the beginning of, and at the end of discharge to verify compliance with NPDES Individual permit limits. If hydrostatic test water does not meet the permit threshold related to specific sampling parameters levels, it can be treated via an onsite water treatment system. Texas Eastern will have a water treatment system located at the northwest side of the Compressor Station to address water generated during the hydrovac excavation procedure, whose discharge is covered by a temporary discharge approval.

The water, either treated or directly released, will be discharged to uplands at the project site through a filter bag placed within a straw bale enclosure underlain by a geotextile fabric. Water will be discharged at a controlled rate to prevent scouring and erosion at the discharge point.

Design Flow = 0.06 MGD Average Flow = 0.04 MGD Maximum Flow = 0.07 MGD

Discharge will be for 10 hours a day for approximately 6 days a year.

Texas Eastern has developed an erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with the Pennsylvania Erosion and Sedimentation Pollution Control Program Manual (PA E&S Manual 363-2134-008) as part of the Individual Permit Application. An ESCGP-3 coverage was obtained from the Berks County Conservation District and the PADEP. The components of the erosion and sediment control plan (e.g., rock construction entrances, filter socks, diversion fencing, sediment traps, and inlet protections) were designed and sized based on the PA E&S Manual. Texas Eastern has also prepared a post-construction stormwater management plan as part of its ESCGP-3 NOI submittal. The PCSM was designed in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 102 and the Pennsylvania Stormwater.

See Attachment A for the BMPs in place to address erosion and sedimentation.

	Development of Effluent Limitations					
Outfall No.	001	Design Flow (MGD)	.06			
Latitude	40° 21' 17.00"	Longitude	-77° 39' 7.00"			
Outfall No.	002	Design Flow (MGD) Longitude	.06			
Latitude	40° 21' 13.00"		-77° 39' 11.00"			
Outfall No.	003		.06			
Latitude	40° 21' 27.00"		-77° 39' 24.00"			
Wastewater I	Description: Hydrostatic Test Water					

Parameters, Monitoring Frequency, and Limits

Parameters, monitoring frequency, and the limits were taken directly from the NPDES PAG-10 General Permit for discharges from hydrostatic testing of tanks and pipelines (effective July 11, 2015) for new tanks and pipelines since the facility would be eligible for the PAG-10 General Permit if it were currently available for new dischargers. See Table below taken from the PAG-10 General Permit (effective July 11, 2015):

PART A

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A. The permittee shall comply with the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for discharges of hydrostatic test water from <u>new tanks and pipelines</u>.

	Effluent Limitations			Monitoring Req	uirements ⁽¹⁾
Parameter	Minimum	Average Monthly	Instant. Maximum	Minimum Measurement Frequency ^{(2),(3)}	Sample Type
Flow (GPM) (4)	XXX	Report	XXX	1/discharge	Measured
Duration of Discharge (Hours) (4)	xxx	Report	xxx	1/discharge	Measured
Total Volume Discharged (Gallons) (4)	XXX	Report Total Monthly	XXX	1/month	Calculated
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	5.0	XXX	XXX	2/discharge	Grab
pH (S.U.)	6.0	XXX	9.0	2/discharge	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) (mg/L) (5)	XXX	Report	0.05	2/discharge	Grab
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	xxx	30	60	1/discharge	Grab
Oil and Grease (mg/L)	xxx	15	30	1/discharge	Grab
Dissolved Iron (mg/L)	XXX	XXX	7.0	1/discharge	Grab

Part A - Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

The following applicable footnotes, obtained from the PAG-10 NPDES General Permit for Discharges from Hydrostatic Testing of Tanks and Pipelines, effective 7/11/15, were added to Part A.1:

- 1. Footnote (2) or Minimum Measurement Frequency in Part A.I:
 - (2) This is the minimum number of sampling events required. Permittees are encouraged, and it may be advantageous in demonstrating compliance, to perform more than the number of sampling events.
- 2. Footnote (3) for Minimum Measurement Frequency in Part A.I:
 - (3) The permittee shall collect samples at the point of discharge (outfall) prior to the discharge entering the receiving

waters. For measurement frequencies of 1/discharge, the permittee shall collect samples within the first 30 minutes of commencing a discharge. For measurement frequencies of 2/discharge, the permittee shall collect one sample at the start of a discharge and one sample at the end of a discharge.

- 3. Footnote (4) for Flow (GPM), Duration of Discharge (hours), and Total Volume (Gallons) in Part A.I.
 - (4) The permittee shall report the average monthly flow, in gallons per minute (GPM), for all discharges occurring during the month. The permittee shall measure the flow and the duration of the discharge (in hours) for each discharge and shall report this information to DEP in the Annual Report as specified in Part C II of this permit. The permittee shall report the total volume discharged each month, in gallons.
- 4. Footnote (5) for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) in Part A.I:
 - (5) The permittee shall comply with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) only when a public water supply or other source of chlorinated water is used in hydrostatic testing.

PART C SPECIAL CONDITIONS

*Indicates the Special Condition was obtained / adapted from Part C of the PAG-10 NPDES General Permit for Discharges from Hydrostatic Testing of Tanks and Pipelines, effective 7/11/15.

^ Indicates the Special Condition was obtained / adapted from Part A.III.C.1. of the PAG-10 NPDES General Permit for Discharges from Hydrostatic Testing of Tanks and Pipelines, effective 7/11/15.

I. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- A. The approval herein given is specifically made contingent upon the permittee acquiring all necessary property rights by easement or otherwise, providing for the satisfactory construction, operation, maintenance or replacement of all structures associated with the herein approved discharge in, along, or across private property, with full rights of ingress, egress and regress.
- B. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges, and other solids shall be handled, recycled and/or disposed of in compliance with the Solid Waste Management Act (35 P.S. §§ 6018.101 6018.1003), 25 Pa. Code Chapters 287, 288, 289, 291, 295, 297, and 299 (relating to requirements for landfilling, impoundments, land application, composting, processing, and storage of residual waste), Chapters 261a, 262a, 263a, and 270a (related to identification of hazardous waste, requirements for generators and transporters, and hazardous waste, requirements for generators and transporters, and hazardous waste permit programs), federal regulation 40 CFR Part 257, The Clean Streams Law, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments. Screenings collected at intake structures shall be collected and managed and not be returned to the receiving waters.

The permittee is responsible to obtain or assure that contracted agents have all necessary permits and approvals for the handling, storage, transport and disposal of solid waste materials generated as a result of wastewater treatment.

- C. If the applicable standard or effluent guideline limitation relating to the application for Best Available Technology (BAT) Economically Achievable or to Best Conventional Technology (BCT) is developed by DEP or EPA for this type of industry, and if such standard or limitation is more stringent than the corresponding limitations of this permit (or if it controls pollutants not covered by this permit), DEP may modify or revoke and reissue the permit to conform with that standard or limitation.
- *D. The permittee shall not discharge any other wastewaters such as cleaning wastewaters, tank bottom water, sewage, raw product, etc. to waters of the Commonwealth. The permittee may discharge these other wastewaters to an available sanitary sewer system, if the permittee obtains permission from the owner. If discharge to a local sanitary sewer system is not an option, the permittee shall properly dispose of these other wastewaters off-site, unless otherwise authorized by DEP.
- *E. The permittee shall not introduce chemical additives, including but not limited to corrosion inhibitors, bactericides and dyes, into hydrostatic test water unless the permittee completely removes the constituents of such additives from the effluent prior to discharge (i.e., the permittee shall analyze the effluent for the constituents of such additives using the analytical method available that achieves the lowest quantitation limit, and the constituents shall not be detectable). The permittee shall notify DEP prior to introducing chemical additives to the hydrostatic test water.

^II. ANNUAL REPORT – The permittee shall submit a complete Annual Report to the DEP office that issued the permit by March 1 each year using DEP's Annual Report template, attached to this permit. The Annual Report shall address activities under the permit for the previous calendar year. The permittee shall submit the Annual Report electronically if notified by DEP in writing. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.61(g))

*III. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)

A. General

- The permittee shall not discharge in a manner that causes erosion of stream banks or scouring of stream beds. The permittee shall properly direct the discharge of all water discharged so that it does not cause nuisance conditions and does not pool or pond prior to reaching surface waters.
- 2. The permittee shall implement erosion and sedimentation control practices at the discharge point in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 102 (relating to Erosion and Sediment Control) and DEP's Erosion and Sedimentation Pollution Control Manual (DEP ID: 363-2134-008).
- 3. Wherever possible, the permittee shall not use water that has been chlorinated for hydrostatic testing. If no alternatives to chlorinated water exist, the permittee shall retain the water in the tank or pipeline for at least 24 hours prior to discharge and shall sample the water prior to discharge to confirm that the Total Residual Chlorine limits in Part A of this permit will be achieved. Dechlorination of discharges may be required.
- 4. If the permittee withdraws water from a stream to conduct its hydrostatic testing, the permittee shall not withdraw a volume of water that exceeds 25 percent of the volume of the stream at the time of withdrawal. The permittee shall not discharge a volume of test water that increases the volume of the receiving stream by more than 25 percent downstream regardless of the source of the test water. The permittee shall not dewater the stream to the extent that downstream users, including aquatic life, are impacted during pipe filling operations. The permittee shall prevent the impingement and entrainment of fish when withdrawing water from surface waters.
- 5. The permittee shall limit the volume to be discharged to the lowest possible rate to minimize any potential impact on aquatic life and to reduce the potential for erosion. In addition, the permittee shall avoid withdrawals and discharges during critical stream conditions such as low flow, trout stocking season, spawning seasons, recreational seasons, etc. The permittee shall not discharge to trout stocked streams from March 1 to June 15. The listing of trout stock streams can be found on the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission's website: www.fish.state.pa.us.
- 6. The permittee shall clean all tanks and pipelines prior to hydrostatic testing and discharge under this General Permit. The permittee shall collect wastewaters and solids from the cleaning process and shall transport them to an authorized disposal facility.
- 7. The permittee shall not discharge hydrostatic test water and cleaning wastewaters into a combined sewer system or a separate sanitary sewer.
- 8. The permittee shall develop and implement a Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 91.34 following the guidance contained in DEP's "Guidelines for the Development and Implementation of Environmental Emergency Response Plans" (DEP ID 400-2200-001), and its NPDES-specific addendum. The permittee shall evaluate and, if necessary, update the PPC Plan on an annual basis, at a minimum, and when one or more of the following occur:
 - a. The PPC Plan fails in an emergency;
 - b. A change in design, industrial process, operation, maintenance, or other circumstance occurs in a manner that materially increases the potential for fires, explosions or releases of toxic or hazardous constituents; or which changes the response necessary in an emergency;
 - c. The list of emergency coordinators or equipment changes; or
 - d. When notified in writing by DEP.

The PPC Plan must be maintained on-site at the location of hydrostatic testing and be made available to DEP upon request.

B. Hydrostatic Testing of Pipelines

For pipelines, the permittee shall, at a minimum, place hay bales in a circular fashion at the discharge point with oil absorbent pads and a decant pipe for sampling purposes. The permittee shall install an energy dissipater in the containment areas and shall line the bottom of the containment areas with an impermeable material.

Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

The limitations and monitoring requirements specified below are proposed for the draft permit, and reflect the most stringent limitations amongst technology, water quality and BPJ. Instantaneous Maximum (IMAX) limits are determined using multipliers of 2 (conventional pollutants) or 2.5 (toxic pollutants). Sample frequencies and types are derived from the "NPDES Permit Writer's Manual" (362-0400-001), SOPs and/or BPJ.

Outfalls 001, 002, and 003, Effective Period: Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.

			Effluent L	imitations			Monitoring Re	quirements
Parameter	Mass Units	(lbs/day) (1)		Concentrations (mg/L)			Minimum ⁽²⁾	Required
raiametei	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Minimum	Average Monthly	Maximum	Instant. Maximum	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (GPM)	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/discharge	Measured
Total Flow (M Gal)	Report Total Mo	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/month	Calculation
Duration of Discharge (hours)	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/discharge	Measured
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	9.0	2/discharge	Grab
DO	XXX	XXX	5.0 Inst Min	XXX	XXX	XXX	2/discharge	Grab
TRC	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	0.05	2/discharge	Grab
TSS	XXX	XXX	XXX	30.0	XXX	60.0	1/discharge	Grab
Oil and Grease	XXX	XXX	XXX	15.0	XXX	30.0	1/discharge	Grab
Dissolved Iron	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	7.0	1/discharge	Grab

Compliance Sampling Location: At the Outfall

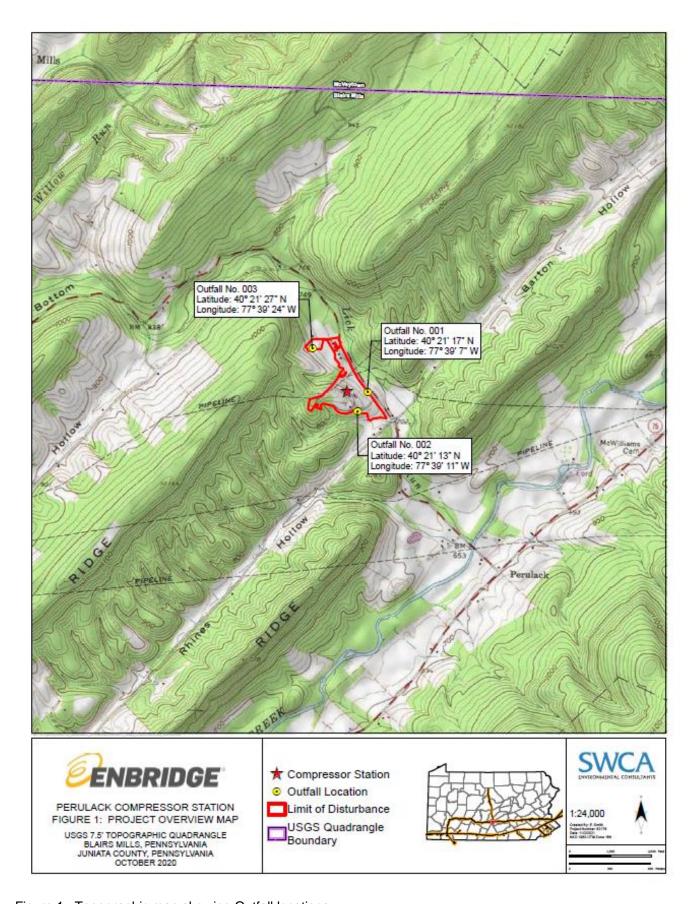


Figure 1. Topographic map showing Outfall locations

Attachment A

Discharge Structure Details and BMPs

