

**NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES)
INDIVIDUAL PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORMWATER FROM
SMALL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEMS (MS4s)**

NPDES PERMIT NO. PAI134810

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq. ("the Act") and Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, as amended, 35 P.S. Section 691.1 et seq.,

**Spring Township ~~Centre County~~
1309 Blanchard Street
Bellefonte, PA 16823-8623**

is authorized to discharge from a regulated small municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) located in **Spring Township, Centre County** to **Logan Branch (HQ-CWF, MF)** in Watershed(s) **9-C** in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

THIS PERMIT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON _____

THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT ON _____

The authority granted by coverage under this Permit is subject to the following further qualifications:

1. The permittee shall comply with the effluent limitations and reporting requirements contained in this permit.
2. The application and its supporting documents are incorporated into this permit. If there is a conflict between the application, its supporting documents and/or amendments and the terms and conditions of this permit, the terms and conditions shall apply.
3. Failure to comply with the terms, conditions or effluent limitations of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (40 CFR 122.41(a))
4. A complete application for renewal of this permit, or notice of intent to cease discharging by the expiration date, must be submitted to DEP at least 180 days prior to the above expiration date (unless permission has been granted by DEP for submission at a later date), using the appropriate NPDES permit application form (40 CFR 122.41(b), 122.21(d)). In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and DEP is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to reissue the permit before the above expiration date, the terms and conditions of this permit, including submission of the Annual MS4 Status Reports, will be automatically continued and will remain fully effective and enforceable against the discharger until DEP takes final action on the pending permit application. (25 Pa. Code §§ 92a.7(b), (c))

DATE PERMIT ISSUED _____

ISSUED BY _____
Thomas M. Randis
Environmental Program Manager
Northcentral Regional Office

PART A

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

- A. This permit establishes effluent limitations in the form of implementation of a Stormwater Management Program (SWMP), as specified in Part C I of this permit, to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the regulated small MS4 to the maximum extent practicable. The permittee shall comply with Minimum Control Measures (MCMs) and best management practices (BMPs) in Part C I of this permit, which constitutes compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to the maximum extent practicable.
- B. All discharges from regulated small MS4s must comply with all applicable requirements established in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapters 91-96, 102, and 105 of DEP's rules and regulations. DEP may, upon written notice, require additional BMPs or other control measures to ensure that the water quality standards of the surface waters receiving stormwater discharges are attained.

II. DEFINITIONS

Best Management Practices (BMPs) means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures and other management practices to prevent or reduce pollutant loading to surface waters of this Commonwealth. The term includes treatment requirements, operating procedures and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. The term includes activities, facilities, measures, planning or procedures used to minimize accelerated erosion and sedimentation and manage stormwater to protect, maintain, reclaim and restore the quality of waters and the existing and designated uses of waters within this Commonwealth before, during and after earth disturbance activities. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Clean Water Act (CWA) means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C.A. §§ 1251 - 1387.

Cleaning Agent means any product, substance or chemical other than water that is used to clean the exterior surface of vehicles.

Designated Uses are those uses specified in 25 Pa. Code §§ 93.4(a) and 93.9a – 93.9z for each water body or segment whether or not they are being attained. (25 Pa. Code § 93.1)

Dry Weather means a condition in which there are no precipitation, snowmelt, drainage or other events producing a stormwater discharge for more than 48 consecutive hours.

Existing Permittee means any entity that has been designated as a regulated small MS4 and has previously obtained permit coverage under the PAG-13 Permit or obtained an Individual NPDES MS4 Permit.

Existing Uses are those uses actually attained in the water body on or after November 28, 1975, whether or not they are included in the water quality standards. (25 Pa. Code § 93.1)

Illicit Connection means any physical connection to a municipal separate storm sewer system that can convey illicit discharges into the system and/or is not authorized or permitted by the permittee.

Illicit Discharge means any discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer that is not composed entirely of stormwater, except non-stormwater discharges as described in the "Discharges Authorized by this Permit" section of this Permit. Examples of illicit discharges include dumping of motor vehicle fluids, household hazardous wastes, grass clippings, leaf litter, animal wastes, or unauthorized discharges of sewage, industrial waste, restaurant wastes, or any other non-stormwater waste into a municipal separate storm sewer system. Illicit discharges can be accidental or intentional.

Impaired Waters means surface waters that fail to attain one or more of its designated uses under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 and as listed in Categories 4 and 5 of Pennsylvania's Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report.

Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report means the report published every other year by DEP to report on the conditions of Pennsylvania's surface waters to satisfy sections 305(b) and 303(d) of the CWA.

Intermittent Stream means a body of water flowing in a channel or bed composed primarily of substrates associated with flowing water, which, during periods of the year, is below the local water table and obtains its flow from both surface runoff and groundwater discharges. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Load Allocation means the portion of a surface water's loading capacity that is assigned or allocated to existing and future nonpoint sources and natural quality. (25 Pa. Code § 96.1)

Low Impact Development (LID) means site design approaches and small-scale stormwater management practices that promote the use of natural systems for infiltration, evapotranspiration, and reuse of rainwater. LID can be applied to new development, urban retrofits, and revitalization projects. LID utilizes design techniques that infiltrate, filter, evaporate, and store runoff close to its source. Rather than rely on costly large-scale conveyance and treatment systems, LID addresses stormwater through a variety of small, cost-effective landscape features located on-site.

Municipal separate storm sewer means a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains): (i) Owned or operated by a State, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body (created by or pursuant to State law) having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including special districts under State law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage district, or similar entity, or an Indian tribe or an authorized Indian tribal organization, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters; (ii) Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater; (iii) Which is not a combined sewer; and (iv) Which is not part of a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) as defined at 40 CFR 122.2. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.26(b)(8))

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) means all separate storm sewers that are defined as "large" or "medium" or "small" municipal separate storm sewer systems pursuant to 40 CFR §§ 122.26(b)(4), (b)(7), and (b)(16), respectively, or designated under 40 CFR § 122.26(a)(1)(v). (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.26(b)(18))

Municipality means a city, town, borough, county, township, school district, institution, authority or other public body created by or pursuant to State law and having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

New Permittee means any entity that has been designated as a regulated small MS4 and has not previously obtained permit coverage under the PAG-13 General Permit or obtained an Individual NPDES MS4 Permit.

Non-Municipal Permittee means a regulated small MS4 that is not a municipality, e.g., military bases, large hospital or prison complexes, and highways and other thoroughfares.

Non-Structural BMPs means actions that involve management and source controls such as: (1) policies and ordinances that provide requirements and standards to direct growth to identified areas, promote redevelopment, protect areas such as wetlands and riparian areas, maintain and/or increase open space, provide buffers along water bodies, minimize impervious surfaces, and minimize disturbance of soils and vegetation; (2) education programs for developers and the public about minimizing water quality impacts; (3) measures such as minimizing the percentage of impervious area after development, use of measures to minimize directly connected impervious areas, street sweeping, and source control measures such as good housekeeping, maintenance, and spill prevention; and other BMPs as referenced in Chapter 5 of the Pennsylvania Stormwater BMP Manual (363-0300-002).

Observation point means a location upstream of an outfall where a permittee must conduct dry weather screening in accordance with Part C I.B.3.d of this permit if the permittee determines that screening at an outfall is infeasible, and the point at which stormwater discharges to storm sewers owned or operated by an adjoining municipality where dry weather screening must be conducted.

Ordinance means a law enacted by the government of a municipality.

Outfall means a point source as defined by 40 CFR § 122.2 at the point where a municipal separate storm sewer discharges to surface waters and does not include open conveyances connecting two municipal separate storm sewers, or pipes, tunnels or other conveyances which connect segments of the same stream or other surface waters and are used to convey surface waters. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.26(b)(9))

Owner or Operator means the owner or operator of any "facility" or "activity" subject to regulation under the NPDES program. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(b)(1) and 40 CFR § 122.2)

Permittee means the owner or operator of a regulated small MS4 authorized to discharge under the terms of this permit.

Point Source means a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including, but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production Facility (CAAP), Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO), landfill leachate collection system, or vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Pollutant means any contaminant or other alteration of the physical, chemical, biological, or radiological integrity of surface water which causes or has the potential to cause pollution as defined in section 1 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, 35 P.S. § 691.1. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Qualifying Development or Redevelopment Project means an earth disturbance activity that requires an NPDES permit for stormwater discharges associated with construction activity per 25 Pa. Code Chapter 102.

Regulated Small MS4 means any small MS4 that is covered by the federal Phase II stormwater program, either through automatic nationwide designation under 40 CFR § 122.32(a)(1) (via the Urbanized Area criteria) or by designation on a case-by-case basis by DEP pursuant to 40 CFR § 122.32(a)(2). "Regulated small MS4s" are a subset of "small MS4s" as defined in this section.

Riparian Forest Buffer means an area of permanent vegetation consisting of native trees, shrubs, forbs and grasses along surface water that is maintained in a natural state or sustainably managed to protect and enhance water quality, stabilize stream channels and banks, and buffer land use activities from surface waters.

Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (Small MS4) means an MS4, as defined in this section, that is not a large or medium MS4 pursuant to 40 CFR §§ 122.26(b)(4) and 122.26(b)(7). The term small MS4 includes systems similar to separate storm sewer systems in municipalities, such as systems at military bases, large hospital or prison complexes, and highways and other thoroughfares. The term does not include separate storm sewers in very discrete areas, such as individual buildings. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.26(b)(16))

Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) means a policy or set of procedures that are enacted by a non-municipal permittee to implement a stormwater management program.

Storm Sewershed means the land area that drains to an individual MS4 outfall from within the jurisdiction of the MS4 permittee. The term "combined storm sewershed" means the drainage areas of all MS4 outfalls that discharge to a specific surface water or to waters within the Chesapeake Bay watershed.

Stormwater means runoff from precipitation, snow melt runoff and surface runoff and drainage. "Stormwater" has the same meaning as "storm water." (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Structural BMPs means stormwater storage and management practices including, but not limited to, wet ponds and extended detention outlet structures; filtration practices such as grassed swales, sand filters and filter strips;

infiltration practices such as infiltration basins and infiltration trenches; and other BMPs as referenced in Chapter 6 of the Pennsylvania Stormwater BMP Manual (363-0300-002).

Surface Waters means perennial and intermittent streams, rivers, lakes, reservoirs, ponds, wetlands, springs, natural seeps and estuaries, excluding water at facilities approved for wastewater treatment such as wastewater treatment impoundments, cooling water ponds and constructed wetlands used as part of a wastewater treatment process. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) means the sum of individual waste load allocations for point sources, load allocations for nonpoint sources and natural quality and a margin of safety expressed in terms of mass per time, toxicity or other appropriate measures. (25 Pa. Code § 96.1)

Urbanized Area (UA) means land area comprising one or more places (central place(s)) and the adjacent densely settled surrounding area (urban fringe) that together have a residential population of at least 50,000 and an overall population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile, as defined by the United States Bureau of the Census and as determined by the latest available decennial census. The UA outlines the extent of automatically regulated areas.

Wasteload Allocation (WLA) means the portion of a surface water's loading capacity that is allocated to existing and future point source discharges. (25 Pa. Code § 96.1)

Water Quality Criteria means numeric concentrations, levels or surface water conditions that need to be maintained or attained to protect existing and designated uses. (25 Pa. Code § 93.1)

Water Quality Standards means the combination of water uses to be protected and the water quality criteria necessary to protect those uses. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.2)

III. MONITORING, REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING

- A. Where samples are collected and analyzed or measurements are taken under this permit, the permittee shall assure:
1. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(1))
 2. Records of monitoring information shall include (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(3)):
 - a. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements.
 - b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements.
 - c. The date(s) analyses were performed.
 - d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses.
 - e. The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - f. The results of such analysis.
 3. Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136 unless another method is required under 40 CFR Subchapters N or O. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(4))
- B. Records Retention – All records of monitoring activities and results, copies of all plans and reports required by this Permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this Permit shall be retained by the permittee for at least 5 years from the date of the sample measurement, report or application. Such records must be submitted to DEP upon request or as required for annual reports. The permittee must make records available to the public at reasonable times during regular business hours. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c), 40 CFR §§ 122.34(g)(2) and 122.41(i)(2))
- C. Proper Operation and Maintenance (O&M) – The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances), including stormwater BMPs,

that are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(e))

D. Reporting and Fee Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit a complete Annual MS4 Status Report using DEP's annual report template (3800-FM-BCW0491) to the DEP regional office that issued Permit coverage approval by September 30 of each year.
 - a. For existing permittees, the first annual report submitted to DEP under this permit shall have a reporting period starting from the end of the latest annual or progress report period (under the previous permit) to June 30, ~~(Enter Year - One Full Year After Issuance)~~2026. The first annual report is due by September 30, ~~(Enter Year - One Full Year After Issuance)~~2026. For new permittees, the first annual report is due by September 30 following the first year of Permit coverage.
 - b. Following the first annual report, the reporting period shall thereafter be July 1 - June 30, and the report shall be due by September 30.
2. Permittees shall pay an annual fee of \$2,500 in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.62. Annual fees are due on each anniversary of the effective date of the most recent new or reissued permit issued prior to August 28, 2021. Payment for annual fees shall be remitted to DEP at the address below by the anniversary date. Checks should be made payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

PA Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Clean Water
Re: Chapter 92a Annual Fee
PO Box 8466
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8466

3. The permittee shall submit the Annual MS4 Status Report and annual fee to DEP electronically upon receipt of written notification from DEP.
4. Unanticipated Non-Compliance or Potential Pollution Reporting
 - a. Immediate Reporting - The permittee shall immediately report any incident causing or threatening pollution in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code §§ 91.33 and 92a.41(b) listed below:
 - (i) If, because of an accident, other activity or incident a toxic substance or another substance which would endanger users downstream from the discharge, or would otherwise result in pollution or create a danger of pollution or would damage property, the permittee shall immediately notify DEP by telephone of the location and nature of the danger. Oral notification to the Department is required as soon as possible, but no later than 4 hours after the permittee becomes aware of the incident causing or threatening pollution.
 - (ii) If reasonably possible to do so, the permittee shall immediately notify downstream users of the waters of the Commonwealth to which the substance was discharged. Such notice shall include the location and nature of the danger.
 - (iii) The permittee shall immediately take or cause to be taken steps necessary to prevent injury to property and downstream users of the waters from pollution or a danger of pollution and, in addition, within 15 days from the incident, shall remove the residual substances contained thereon or therein from the ground and from the affected waters of this Commonwealth to the extent required by applicable law.
 - b. The permittee shall report any non-compliance which may endanger health or the environment in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR § 122.41(l)(6). These requirements include the following obligations:

- (i) 24 Hour Reporting - The permittee shall orally report any non-compliance with this permit which may endanger health or the environment within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances.
- (ii) Written Report - A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of any non-compliance which may endanger health or the environment. The written submission shall contain a description of the non-compliance and its cause; the period of non-compliance, including exact dates and times, and if the non-compliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the non-compliance.
- (iii) Waiver of Written Report - DEP may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the associated oral report has been received within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances which may endanger health or the environment. Unless such a waiver is expressly granted by DEP, the permittee shall submit a written report in accordance with this paragraph. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(l)(6)(iii))

5. Other Non-Compliance

The permittee shall report all instances of non-compliance not reported under paragraph D.4 of this section at the time Annual Reports are submitted, on the Non-Compliance Reporting Form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0440). The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph D.4.b.(ii) of this section. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(l)(7))

6. Signatory Requirements

- a. Completed Annual Reports and all other reports, applications, and information submitted to DEP shall be signed and certified by either of the following applicable persons, as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 92a.22:
 - For a corporation - by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or an authorized representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the NPDES form originates.
 - For a partnership or sole proprietorship - by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.
 - For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency - by a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.
- b. If signed by a person other than the above, the person must be a duly authorized representative of the permittee. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - The authorization is made in writing by a person described in paragraph a., above, and submitted to DEP.
 - The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the operation of the regulated system, facility or activity, such as the position of manager, operator, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.
- c. Changes in Signatory Authorization - If an authorization is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the system or facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraphs 6.a and 6.b, above, must be submitted to DEP prior to or together with any reports, information or NOI to be signed by an authorized representative.

PART B
STANDARD CONDITIONS

I. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

A. Compliance

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this Permit. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation of the Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(a))

B. Permit Modification, Termination, or Revocation and Reissuance

1. Permit coverage may be modified, terminated, or revoked and reissued during its term in accordance with Title 25 Pa. Code §§ 92a.72 and 92a.74 and 40 CFR § 122.41(f).
2. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, does not stay any Permit condition. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(f))

C. Duty to Provide Information

1. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, within a reasonable time, any information which DEP may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating coverage under this Permit, or to determine compliance with this Permit. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(h))
2. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this Permit. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(h))
3. Other Information - Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in an NOI, or submitted incorrect information in an NOI or in any report to DEP, it shall promptly submit the correct and complete facts or information. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(l)(8))
4. The permittee shall give advance notice to the DEP office that approved permit coverage of any planned physical alterations or additions to the regulated small MS4. Notice is only required when: 1) the alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR § 122.29(b), or 2) the alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(l))

D. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(d))

E. Termination of Permit Coverage (25 Pa. Code § 92a.74 and 40 CFR 122.64)

1. Notice of Termination (NOT) – If the permittee plans to cease operations or will otherwise no longer require coverage under this permit, the permittee shall submit DEP's NPDES Notice of Termination (NOT) for Permits Issued Under Chapter 92a (3800-BCW-0410), signed in accordance with Part A III.D.6 of this permit, at least 30 days prior to cessation of operations or the date by which coverage is no longer required.
2. Where the permittee plans to cease operations, NOTs must be accompanied with an operation closure

plan that identifies how tankage and equipment will be decommissioned and how pollutants will be managed, as applicable.

3. The permittee shall submit the NOT to the DEP regional office with jurisdiction over the county in which the facility is located.

II. PENALTIES AND LIABILITY

A. Violations of Permit Conditions

1. Any person violating Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the CWA or any permit condition or limitation implementing such sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act is subject to civil, administrative and/or criminal penalties as set forth in 40 CFR § 122.41(a)(2).
2. Any person or municipality, who violates any provision of this Permit; any rule, regulation or order of DEP; or any condition or limitation of any permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law, is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties as set forth in Sections 602, 603 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

B. Falsifying Information

Any person who does any of the following:

- Falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit, or
- Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit (including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance)

Shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and/or imprisonment as set forth in 18 Pa.C.S.A. § 4904 and 40 CFR §§ 122.41(j)(5) and (k)(2).

C. Liability

1. Nothing in this Permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for non-compliance pursuant to Section 309 of the CWA or Sections 602, 603 or 605 of the Clean Streams Law.
2. Nothing in this Permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under the CWA and the Clean Streams Law.

D. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this Permit. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(c))

III. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Right of Entry

Pursuant to Section 5(b) of Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law (35 P.S. § 691.5(b)), 25 Pa. Code Chapter 92a and 40 CFR § 122.41(i), the permittee shall allow authorized representatives of DEP and EPA, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law:

1. To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this Permit; (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(1))

2. To have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this Permit; (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(2))
3. To inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this Permit; and (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(3))
4. To sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act or the Clean Streams Law, any substances or parameters at any location. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(i)(4))

B. Transfer of Permits

1. Transfers by modification. Except as provided in paragraph B.2 of this section, permit coverage may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if this Permit coverage has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.61(a))
 2. Automatic transfers. As an alternative to transfers under paragraph 1 of this section, any NPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
 - a. The current permittee notifies DEP at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date in paragraph 2.b. of this section; (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.61(b)(1))
 - b. The notice includes the appropriate DEP transfer form signed by the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between them; (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.61(b)(2))
 - c. DEP does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue coverage under this permit, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2.b. of this section; and (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.61(b)(3))
 - d. The new permittee is in compliance with existing DEP issued permits, regulations, orders and schedules of compliance, or has demonstrated that any non-compliance with the existing permits has been resolved by an appropriate compliance action or by the terms and conditions of the permit (including compliance schedules set forth in the permit), consistent with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.51 (relating to schedules of compliance) and other appropriate DEP regulations. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.71)
 3. In the event DEP does not approve transfer of coverage under this permit, the new owner or controller must submit a new NOI.
- C. Property Rights – The approval of coverage under this Permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.3(c) and 40 CFR § 122.41(g))
- D. Duty to Reapply – If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for a new permit. (40 CFR 122.41(b))
- E. Severability – The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this Permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected.

PART C
SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (SWMP)

- A. The permittee must develop, implement, and enforce an SWMP designed to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the MS4 to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the Clean Water Act and Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, as described in paragraph B, below. There are six Minimum Control Measures (MCMs) that comprise the SWMP. Specific BMPs are identified under each MCM. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the SWMP through the submission of Annual MS4 Status Reports due by September 30 each year.

B. Minimum Control Measures (MCMs)

1. **MCM #1:** Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(1))

The permittee shall implement a public education program to distribute educational materials to the community or conduct equivalent outreach activities about the impacts of stormwater discharges on water bodies and the steps that the public can take to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff.

- a. **BMP #1:** Develop, implement and maintain a written Public Education and Outreach Program.

~~(1) For new permittees, a written Public Education and Outreach Program (PEOP) shall be developed and implemented within one year following issuance of this permit, and shall be re-evaluated each year thereafter and revised as needed.~~

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~~(2) For existing permittees, t~~The existing PEOP shall be reviewed annually and revised as necessary.

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The permittee's PEOP shall be designed to achieve measurable improvements in the target audience's understanding of the causes and impacts of stormwater pollution and the steps they can take to prevent it.

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- b. **BMP #2:** Develop and maintain lists of target audience groups that are present within the areas served by the permittee's regulated small MS4. In most communities, the target audiences shall include residents, businesses (including commercial, industrial and retailers), developers, schools, and municipal employees.

~~(1) For new permittees, the lists shall be developed within one year following issuance of this permit, and reviewed and updated as necessary every year thereafter.~~

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~~(2) For existing permittees, t~~The lists shall continue to be reviewed and updated annually.

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- c. **BMP #3:** The permittee shall annually publish at least one issue of a newsletter, a pamphlet, a flyer, or a website that includes general stormwater educational information, a description of the permittee's SWMP, and/or information about the permittee's stormwater management activities. The list of publications and the content of the publications must be reviewed and updated at least once during each year of permit coverage. Publications should include a list of references (or links) to refer the reader to additional information (e.g., DEP and EPA stormwater websites, and any other sources that will be helpful to readers). The permittee must implement at least one of the following alternatives:

- Publish and distribute in printed form a newsletter, a pamphlet or a flyer containing information consistent with this BMP.

- Publish educational and informational items including links to DEP's and EPA's stormwater websites on the permittee's website.

~~(1) For new permittees, stormwater educational and informational items shall be produced and published in print and/or on the Internet no later than one year following issuance of this permit.~~

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~~(2) In subsequent years, and for existing permittees,~~ The list of items published and the content in these items shall be reviewed, updated, and maintained annually.

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The permittee's publications shall contain stormwater educational information that addresses one or more of the six MCMs.

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- d. **BMP #4:** Distribute stormwater educational materials and/or information to the target audiences using a variety of distribution methods, including but not limited to: displays, posters, signs, pamphlets, booklets, brochures, radio, local cable TV, newspaper articles, other advertisements (e.g., at bus and train stops/stations), bill stuffers, presentations, conferences, meetings, fact sheets, giveaways, and storm drain stenciling.

All permittees shall select and utilize at least two distribution methods annually. These are in addition to BMP #3, above.

2. **MCM #2:** Public Involvement / Participation. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(2))

The permittee shall comply with applicable state and local public notice requirements when implementing a public involvement / participation program.

- a. **BMP #1:** Develop, implement and maintain a written Public Involvement and Participation Program (PIPP) which describes various types of possible participation activities and describes methods of encouraging the public's involvement and of soliciting the public's input.

~~The PIPP for new permittees shall be developed and implemented within one year following issuance of this permit. All permittees shall reevaluate the~~ permittee shall reevaluate the PIPP annually and make revisions as necessary.

The PIPP shall include, at a minimum:

- (1) Opportunities for the public to participate in the decision-making processes associated with the development, implementation, and update of programs and activities related to this permit.
 - (2) Methods of routine communication to groups such as watershed associations, environmental advisory committees, and other environmental organizations that operate within proximity to the permittee's regulated small MS4s or surface waters receiving the permittee's discharges.
 - (3) Making Annual MS4 Status Reports and all other plans, programs, maps and reports required by this permit available to the public on the permittee's website, at the permittee's office(s), or by mail upon request.
- b. **BMP #2:** The permittee shall advertise to the public and solicit public input on the following documents prior to adoption or submission to DEP:

- Stormwater Management Ordinances (for municipalities); and
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) (for non-municipal entities).

For Ordinances and SOPs, the permittee shall provide notice to the public; provide opportunities for public comment; document and evaluate the public comments; and document the permittee's responses to the comments prior to finalizing the documents. The permittee shall provide this documentation to DEP upon request.

- c. **BMP #3:** Regularly solicit public involvement and participation from the target audience groups using available distribution and outreach methods. This shall include an effort to solicit public reporting of suspected illicit discharges. Assist the public in their efforts to help implement the SWMP.
- (1) The permittee shall solicit public involvement and participation from target audience groups on the implementation of the SWMP. The solicitation can take the form of public meetings or other events. The public shall be given notice in advance of each meeting or event. During the meetings or events, the permittee should present a summary of progress, activities, and accomplishments with implementation of the SWMP, and the permittee should provide opportunities for the public to provide feedback and input. The presentation can be made at specific MS4 events or during any other public meeting. ~~Existing permittees shall conduct at least one public meeting that includes information on SWMP implementation by March 15, 2028;~~ newThe permittees shall conduct at least one public meeting within 5 years following issuance of this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall document and report instances of cooperation and participation in MS4 activities; presentations the permittee made to local watershed organizations and conservation organizations; and similar instances of participation or coordination with organizations in the community.
 - (3) The permittee shall also document and report activities in which members of the public assisted or participated in the meetings and in the implementation of the SWMP, including education activities or organized implementation efforts such as cleanups, monitoring, storm drain stenciling, or others.
3. **MCM #3:** Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDD&E). (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(3))

The permittee shall develop, implement and enforce a program to detect and eliminate illicit discharges into the permittee's regulated small MS4.

- a. **BMP #1:** The permittee shall develop and implement a written program for the detection, elimination, and prevention of illicit discharges into the regulated small MS4. The program shall include the following:
- Procedures for identifying priority areas. These are areas with a higher likelihood of illicit discharges, illicit connections or illegal dumping. Priority areas may include areas with older infrastructure, a concentration of high-risk activities, or past history of water pollution problems.
 - Procedures for screening outfalls in priority areas. The program shall include dry weather field screening of outfalls for non-stormwater flows, and sampling of dry weather discharges for selected chemical and biological parameters. Test results shall be used as indicators of possible discharge sources.
 - Procedures for identifying the source of an illicit discharge when a contaminated flow is detected at a regulated small MS4 outfall.
 - Procedures for eliminating an illicit discharge.
 - Procedures for assessing the potential for illicit discharges caused by the interaction of sewage disposal systems (e.g., on-lot septic systems, sanitary piping) with storm drain systems.
 - Mechanisms for gaining access to private property to inspect outfalls (e.g., land easements, consent agreements, search warrants) and for investigating illicit connections and discharges.

- Procedures for program documentation, evaluation and assessment. Records shall be kept of all outfall inspections, flows observed, results of field screening and testing, and other follow-up investigation and corrective action work performed under this program.
- Procedures for addressing information or complaints received from the public.

~~(1) For new permittees, the IDD&E program shall be developed during the first year following issuance of this permit and shall be implemented and evaluated each year thereafter.~~

~~(2) For existing permittees, the permittee shall continue to implement and evaluate the IDD&E program shall continue to be implemented and evaluated annually.~~

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- b. **BMP #2:** The permittee shall develop and maintain map(s) that show permittee and urbanized area boundaries, the location of all outfalls and, if applicable, observation points, and the locations and names of all surface waters that receive discharges from those outfalls. Outfalls and observation points shall be numbered on the map(s).

~~(1) For new permittees, the map(s) must be developed and submitted to DEP as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance) or the fourth (4th) Annual MS4 Status Report following issuance of this permit, whichever is later.~~

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~~(2) For existing permittees, the permittee shall update and maintain existing map(s) shall be updated and maintained as necessary during each year of coverage under this permit.~~

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- c. **BMP #3:** In conjunction with the map(s) created under BMP #2 (either on the same map or on a different map), the permittee shall develop and maintain map(s) that show the entire storm sewer collection system within the permittee's jurisdiction that are owned or operated by the permittee (including roads, inlets, piping, swales, catch basins, channels, and any other components of the storm sewer collection system), including privately-owned components of the collection system where conveyances or BMPs on private property receive stormwater flows from upstream publicly-owned components.

~~(1) For new permittees, the map(s) must be developed and submitted to DEP as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance) or the fourth (4th) Annual MS4 Status Report following issuance of this permit, whichever is later.~~

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~~(2) For existing permittees, the permittee shall update and maintain the existing map(s) shall be updated and maintained as necessary during each year of coverage under this permit.~~

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- d. **BMP #4:** The permittee shall conduct dry weather screenings of its MS4 outfalls and observation points to evaluate the presence of illicit discharges. If any illicit discharges are present, the permittee shall identify the source(s) and take appropriate actions to remove or correct any illicit discharges. The permittee shall also respond to reports received from the public or other agencies of suspected or confirmed illicit discharges associated with the storm sewer system, as well as take enforcement action as necessary. The permittee shall immediately report to DEP illicit discharges that would endanger users downstream from the discharge, or would otherwise result in pollution or create a danger of pollution or would damage property, in accordance with Part A III.D.4 of this permit. An observation point must be established by the permittee at a location upstream of any discharge of stormwater into storm sewers owned or operated by an adjoining municipality.

~~(1) For new permittees, all of the identified regulated small MS4 outfalls shall be screened during dry weather at least twice within the 5-year period following issuance of this permit.~~

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~~(2) For existing permittees, each of the identified regulated small MS4 outfalls shall be screened during dry weather at least once by the (Enter Expiration Date) Permit Expiration Date. For areas where past problems have been reported or known sources of dry weather flows occur on~~

a continual basis, outfalls shall be screened annually during each year of permit coverage. This includes any outfalls discharging flows from areas that were identified as suspected source areas for the pollutants identified in Appendices A, B and C during the previous permit term.

- (3)(2) If a discharge is observed from any outfall during dry weather screenings, the discharge shall be inspected for color, odor, floating solids, scum, sheen, and substances that result in observed deposits in the surface waters. In addition, the discharge cannot contain substances that result in deposits in the receiving water or produce an observable change in the color, odor or turbidity of the receiving water.

If the discharge exhibits any of the above characteristics, or contains any other pollutants or causes an observed change in the surface waters, the permittee shall sample the discharge(s) for field and/or laboratory analysis of one or more common IDD&E parameters in order to determine if the dry weather flow is illicit. Possible parameters include, but are not limited to: pH, Conductivity, Fecal Coliform bacteria, Heavy Metals, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), 5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), Oil and Grease, Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) and Ammonia-Nitrogen. Proper quality assurance and quality control procedures shall be followed when collecting, transporting or analyzing water samples. The permittee shall retain sample results with the inspection report in accordance with Part A III.B of this permit.

- (4)(3) Each time an outfall is screened, the permittee shall record outfall observations, regardless of the presence of dry weather flow. All outfall inspections shall be documented on the MS4 Outfall Field Screening Report form (3800-FM-BCW0521), or equivalent. The report must be signed by the inspector and be maintained by the permittee in accordance with Part A III.B of this permit. If an outfall flow is determined by the permittee to be illicit, the actions taken to identify and eliminate the illicit flow shall also be documented.

- (5)(4) The permittee shall summarize the results of outfall inspections and actions taken to remove or correct illicit discharges in Annual MS4 Status Reports.

- (6)(5) If the permittee determines that an outfall cannot be accessed due to safety or other reasons, the permittee shall establish an "observation point" at an appropriate location prior to the outfall where outfall field screening shall be performed. If observation points are established by the permittee, such points shall be identified on the map required under BMP #2 of this section.

- (7)(6) Permittees must ensure that outfalls are properly maintained in accordance with Part C I.B.6.b of this Permit.

- e. **BMP #5:** Enact a Stormwater Management Ordinance ~~or SOP~~ to implement and enforce a stormwater management program that includes prohibition of non-stormwater discharges to the regulated small MS4.

- (1) ~~The New municipal permittees shall submit a copy of an ordinance that is consistent with DEP's 2022 Model Stormwater Management Ordinance (3800-PM-BCW0100j) as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance). Existing municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an the existing ordinance Stormwater Management Ordinance.~~

- (2) ~~New permittees that lack the authority to enact ordinances (non-municipal permittees) shall develop and adopt an SOP that prohibits non-stormwater discharges consistent with this permit, and shall submit a copy of the SOP as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance). Existing non-municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an existing SOP.~~

- (3)(2) Notice must be provided to DEP of the approval of any waiver or variance by the permittee that allows an exception to non-stormwater discharge provisions of an ordinance ~~or SOP~~. This notice shall be submitted in the next Annual MS4 Status Report following approval of the waiver or variance.

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- f. **BMP #6:** Provide educational outreach to public employees, business owners and employees, property owners, the general public and elected officials (i.e., target audiences) about the program to detect and eliminate illicit discharges.
- (1) During each year of permit coverage, appropriate educational information concerning illicit discharges shall be distributed to the target audiences using methods outlined under MCM #1. The permittee shall establish and promote a stormwater pollution reporting mechanism (e.g., a complaint line with message recording) by the end of the first year of Permit coverage for the public to use to notify the permittee of illicit discharges, illegal dumping or outfall pollution. The permittee shall respond to all complaints in a timely and appropriate manner. The permittee shall document all responses, including the action taken, the time required to take the action, and whether the complaint was resolved successfully.
- (2) Educational outreach may include: distribution of brochures and guidance for target audiences including schools; programs to encourage and facilitate public reporting of illicit discharges; organizing volunteers to locate and visually inspect outfalls and to stencil storm drains; and implement and encourage recycling programs for common wastes such as motor oil, antifreeze and pesticides.
4. **MCM #4:** Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(4))

The permittee shall implement the BMPs identified below.

- a. **BMP #1:** The permittee may not issue a building or other permit or final approval to those proposing or conducting earth disturbance activities requiring an NPDES permit unless the party proposing the earth disturbance has valid NPDES Permit coverage (i.e., not expired) under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 102.

In addition, prior to the issuance of building or other permits or final approvals for earth disturbance activities that do not require an NPDES permit, the permittee shall require that applicants of proposed earth disturbance activities obtain approval from DEP or a delegated conservation district prior to removing, modifying, or otherwise negatively impacting any existing post-construction stormwater management (PCSM) BMPs on the site.

- b. **BMP #2:** A municipality or county which issues building or other permits shall notify DEP or a delegated county conservation district (CCD) within 5 days of the receipt of an application for a permit involving an earth disturbance activity consisting of one acre or more, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 102.42.
- c. **BMP #3:** Enact, implement and enforce an ordinance ~~or SOP~~ to require the implementation and maintenance of E&S control BMPs, including sanctions for non-compliance, as applicable.

~~(1) New municipal permittees shall enact, implement, and enforce an ordinance to require the implementation of E&S control BMPs, including sanctions for non-compliance. New municipal permittees shall submit a copy of an ordinance that is consistent with DEP's 2022 Model Stormwater Management Ordinance (3800-PM-BCW0100) as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance). Existing municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an existing Stormwater Management Ordinance.~~

~~(2) New permittees that lack the authority to enact ordinances shall develop, implement and enforce an SOP to require the implementation and maintenance of E&S control BMPs by September 30, (Enter Year - Four Years After Issuance). Existing non-municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an existing SOP.~~

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d. ~~BMP #4: Review Erosion and Sediment (E&S) control plans to ensure that such plans adequately consider water quality impacts and meet regulatory requirements.~~

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e. ~~BMP #5: Conduct inspections regarding installation and maintenance of E&S control measures during earth disturbance activities. Maintain records of site inspections, including dates and inspection results, in accordance with the record retention requirements in this permit.~~

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f. ~~BMP #6: Conduct enforcement when installation and maintenance of E&S control measures during earth disturbance activities does not comply with permit and/or regulatory requirements.~~

g. ~~BMP #7: Develop and implement requirements for construction site operators to control waste at construction sites that may cause adverse impacts to water quality. The permittee shall provide education on these requirements to construction site operators.~~

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~~While sediment is the most common pollutant of concern for MCM #4, construction activities can utilize materials and produce wastes that result in pollution, including but not limited to discarded building materials, washout from concrete trucks, chemicals, litter, and sanitary waste.~~

~~Implementation of this BMP may be accomplished by written municipal ordinance/code provisions, by standard notes on site plans, by any other written format that accomplishes the objectives of this BMP, or by any combination of these measures. The goal of this BMP shall be communicated to construction site operators during pre-construction meetings. This BMP shall be implemented during each year of permit coverage.~~

~~(1) New permittees shall establish requirements to address this BMP by the end of the first year of permit coverage and continue to implement this BMP each year thereafter.~~

~~(2) Existing permittees shall continue to implement existing requirements and update as necessary.~~

h. ~~BMP #8: Develop and implement procedures for the receipt and consideration of public inquiries, concerns, and information submitted by the public to the permittee regarding local construction activities. The permittee shall demonstrate acknowledgement and consideration of the information submitted, whether submitted verbally or in writing.~~

~~Permittees shall establish and implement a tracking system to keep a record of any submitted public information as well as the permittee's response, actions, and results. This BMP shall be implemented during each year of coverage under this permit.~~

~~(1) New permittees shall establish a tracking system by the end of the first year of permit coverage and continue to implement the tracking system each year thereafter.~~

~~(2) Existing permittees shall continue to implement the existing tracking system.~~

5. **MCM #5:** Post-Construction Stormwater Management (PCSM) in New Development and Redevelopment. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(5))

The permittee shall implement the BMPs identified below.

a. **BMP #1:** Enact, implement and enforce an ordinance ~~or SOP~~ to require post-construction stormwater management from new development and redevelopment projects, including sanctions for non-compliance.

~~(1) The New municipal permittees shall enact, implement, and enforce an ordinance to require the implementation of PCSM BMPs, including sanctions for non-compliance. New municipal permittees shall submit a copy of an ordinance that is consistent with DEP's 2022 Model Stormwater Management Ordinance (3800-PM-BCW0100) as an attachment to an Annual MS4 Status Report~~

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by September 30, (Enter Year – Four Years After Issuance). Existing municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an the existing ordinance Stormwater Management Ordinance.

(2) Permittees that lack the authority to enact ordinances shall develop, implement and enforce an SOP to require the implementation and maintenance of PCSM BMPs and submit the SOP to DEP by September 30, (Enter Year – Four Years After Issuance). Existing non-municipal permittees shall continue to implement and enforce an existing SOP.

- b. **BMP #2:** Develop and implement measures to encourage and expand the use of Low Impact Development (LID) in new development and redevelopment. Measures should also be included to encourage retrofitting LID into existing development. Guidance on implementing LID practices may be found on DEP's MS4 website, www.dep.pa.gov/MS4. Enact ordinances consistent with LID practices and repeal sections of ordinances that conflict with LID practices.
- c. **BMP #3:** Ensure adequate O&M of all PCSM BMPs that have been installed at development or redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre, including projects less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale and BMPs installed by the permittee to satisfy Pollutant Reduction Plan (PRP) and TMDL Plan obligations in prior permit terms.

An inventory of BMPs shall be developed by new permittees by the end of the first year of Permit coverage and shall be continually updated during the term of coverage under the Permit as development projects are reviewed, approved, and constructed. Existing The permittees shall update and maintain its current inventory during the term of coverage under the Permit. The permittee must track the following information in its BMP inventory:

- All PCSM BMPs that were installed to meet requirements in NPDES Permits for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activities approved since March 10, 2003.
- All BMPs installed to satisfy PRP and/or TMDL Plan obligations.
- The exact location of the BMP (e.g., latitude and longitude, with street address).
- Information (e.g., name, address, phone number(s)) for BMP owners and entities responsible for BMP O&M, if different from BMP owners.
- The type of BMP and the year it was installed.
- Maintenance required for the BMP type according to the Pennsylvania Stormwater BMP Manual or other manuals and resources.
- The actual inspection/maintenance activities conducted for each BMP.
- An assessment by the permittee if proper O&M has occurred during the year and if not, what actions the permittee has taken, or shall take, to address compliance with O&M requirements.

The permittee shall submit the BMP inventory to DEP with each Annual MS4 Status Report.

USE THESE CONDITIONS IF MS4 IS NOT RELYING ON STATE 102 PROGRAM. DELETE IF NOT APPLICABLE.

d. **BMP #4:** Require the implementation of a combination of structural and/or non-structural BMPs that are appropriate to the local community, that minimize water quality impacts, and that are designed to maintain pre-development runoff conditions. This requirement can be met by ensuring that the selected BMPs comply with the Stormwater Management Ordinance that meets the requirements of this permit.

The permittee shall review all qualifying development or redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre, including projects less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, to ensure that post-construction stormwater management plans and selected BMPs conform to the applicable requirements. A tracking system (e.g., database, spreadsheet or written list) shall be maintained to record qualifying projects and their associated BMPs. Permittees shall note if there are no qualifying projects in a calendar year.

e. **BMP #5:** Ensure that controls are installed that shall prevent or minimize water quality impacts. The permittee shall inspect all qualifying development or redevelopment projects during the construction

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phase to ensure proper installation of the approved structural PCSM BMPs. A tracking system (e.g., database, spreadsheet, or written list) shall be implemented to track the inspections conducted and to track the results of the inspections (e.g., BMPs were, or were not, installed properly).

BMP #6: Develop a written procedure that describes how the permittee shall address all required components of this MCM. Guidance can be found in the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, as amended and updated. This plan shall include the following components: 1) minimum requirements for use of structural and/or non-structural BMPs in plans for development and redevelopment; 2) criteria for selecting and standards for sizing stormwater BMPs; and 3) implementation of an inspection program to ensure that BMPs are properly installed.

The written procedure shall be developed by the end of the first year of permit coverage and be reviewed and updated every permit year thereafter, as needed.

6. **MCM #6:** Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping. (25 Pa. Code § 92a.32(a) and 40 CFR § 122.34(b)(6))

The permittee must develop and implement an O&M program that includes a training component and has the ultimate goal of preventing and reducing pollutant runoff from operations, facilities and activities under the control of the permittee (collectively, "operations"). The program must include employee training to prevent and reduce stormwater pollution from activities such as park and open space maintenance, fleet and building maintenance, new construction and land disturbances, and stormwater system maintenance.

- a. **BMP #1:** Identify and document all operations that are owned or operated by the permittee and have the potential for generating pollution in stormwater runoff to the regulated small MS4. This includes activities conducted by contractors for the permittee. Activities may include the following: street sweeping; snow removal/deicing; inlet/outfall cleaning; lawn/grounds care; general storm sewer system inspections and maintenance/repairs; park and open space maintenance; municipal building maintenance; new construction and land disturbances; right-of-way maintenance; vehicle operation, fueling, washing and maintenance; and material transfer operations, including leaf/yard debris pickup and disposal procedures. Facilities can include streets; roads; highways; parking lots and other large paved surfaces; maintenance and storage yards; waste transfer stations; parks; fleet or maintenance shops; wastewater treatment plants; stormwater conveyances (open and closed pipe); riparian buffers; and stormwater storage or treatment units (e.g., basins, infiltration/filtering structures, constructed wetlands, etc.).

(1) New permittees shall create an inventory of all operations and land uses that may contribute to pollution in stormwater runoff within areas of operations that discharge to the regulated small MS4 by the end of the first year of permit coverage, and review and update the inventory annually thereafter.

(2) All The permittees must review and update the inventory each year of permit coverage, as necessary.

- b. **BMP #2:** Develop, implement and maintain a written O&M program for all operations that could contribute to the discharge of pollutants from the regulated small MS4, as identified under BMP #1. This program shall address stormwater collection or conveyance systems within the regulated MS4. The written O&M program shall stress pollution prevention and good housekeeping measures, contain site-specific information, and include the following:

- Management practices, policies, and procedures shall be developed and implemented to reduce or prevent the discharge of pollutants to the regulated small MS4s. The permittee shall consider eliminating maintenance area discharges from floor drains and other drains if they have the potential to discharge to storm sewers.
- Maintenance activities, maintenance schedules, and inspection procedures to reduce the potential for pollutants to reach the regulated small MS4s.

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- Controls for reducing or eliminating the discharge of pollutants from streets, roads, highways, municipal parking lots, maintenance and storage yards, waste transfer stations, fleet or maintenance shops with outdoor storage areas, salt / sand (anti-skid) storage locations and snow disposal areas. Controls for solid chemical products stored and utilized for the principal purpose of deicing roadways for public safety must be consistent with the BMPs for existing salt storage and distribution sites contained in the PAG-03 NPDES Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity.
- Procedures for the proper disposal of waste, including dredge spoil, accumulated sediments, trash, household hazardous waste, used motor oil, street sweepings, and other debris.

~~(1) New permittees shall develop and implement a written O&M program by the end of the first year of permit coverage and review and update the program each year thereafter.~~

~~(2)~~ All The permittees must review and update the written O&M program each year of permit coverage, as necessary.

- c. **BMP #3:** Develop and implement an employee training program that addresses appropriate topics to further the goal of preventing or reducing the discharge of pollutants from operations to the regulated small MS4. The program may be developed and implemented using guidance and training materials that are available from federal, state or local agencies, or other organizations. All relevant employees and contractors shall receive training (i.e., public works staff, building, zoning, and code enforcement staff, engineering staff, police and fire responders, etc.). Training topics shall include operation, inspection, maintenance and repair activities associated with any of the operations identified under BMP #1. Training must cover all relevant parts of the permittee's overall stormwater management program that could affect operations, such as illicit discharge detection and elimination, construction sites, and ordinance requirements.

~~(1) New permittees shall develop and implement a training program that identifies the training topics that will be covered and what training methods and materials will be used by the end of the first year of permit coverage.~~

~~(2)(1)~~ All The permittees must review and update the training program each year of permit coverage, as necessary.

~~(3)(2)~~ Employee training shall occur at least annually and shall be documented in writing and reported in Annual MS4 Status Reports. Documentation shall include the date(s) of the training, the names of attendees, the topics covered, and the training presenter(s).

II. POLLUTANT REDUCTION PLANS

A Pollutant Reduction Plan (PRP) is a planning document prepared by the permittee which guides the selection and implementation of specific BMPs to reduce pollutant loading to surface waters. The objective of a PRP is to improve the condition of surface waters such that the waters eventually attain water quality standards and its designated and existing uses in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93. In the prior permit term, the permittee developed and implemented a PRP. The PRP's Final Report, dated September 25, 2024, indicated pollutant load reduction goals for total suspended solids, total nitrogen, and total phosphorus were achieved. The permittee shall continue to maintain and implement all BMPs outlined in the existing PRP in full working order to continue to meet the achieved pollutant reductions.

A. A Pollutant Reduction Plan (PRP) is a planning document prepared by the permittee which guides the selection and implementation of specific BMPs to reduce pollutant loading to surface waters. The objective of a PRP is to improve the condition of surface waters such that the waters eventually attain water quality standards and its designated and existing uses in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93. In the prior permit term, the permittee may have been required to develop PRP(s) and submit the PRP(s) to DEP with the permit application if one or more of the following criteria are met:

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1. ~~At the time of the application submission, the permittee has at least one MS4 outfall that discharges to surface waters within the Chesapeake Bay watershed, or otherwise has at least one discharge to storm sewers owned or operated by a different entity within the Chesapeake Bay watershed.~~
2. ~~At the time of the application submission, the permittee has at least one stormwater outfall that discharges to waters impaired for nutrients (i.e., nitrogen and/or phosphorus) and/or sediment (i.e., siltation), and a TMDL has not been approved for such waters, or a TMDL has been approved but no wasteload allocation (WLA) has been assigned by the TMDL for the permittee's discharge(s).~~
- B. ~~The permittee shall, where applicable, complete implementation of the permittee's approved PRP(s) to achieve the pollutant load reductions specified in the PRP(s) within 5 years following DEP's approval of the PRP(s). The permittee shall submit a report demonstrating implementation of the PRP(s) as an attachment to the first Annual MS4 Status Report that is due following completion of the permittee's 5th year of coverage under the prior permit.~~

III. ~~TMDL PLANS~~

~~A TMDL Plan is a planning document prepared by the permittee which guides the selection and implementation of specific BMPs to reduce pollutant loading to surface waters and comply with the TMDL. The permittee shall, where applicable, complete implementation of the permittee's approved TMDL Plan(s) to achieve the pollutant load reductions specified in the TMDL Plan(s) within 5 years following DEP's approval of the TMDL Plan(s). The permittee shall submit a report demonstrating implementation of the TMDL Plan(s) as an attachment to the first Annual MS4 Status Report that is due following completion of the permittee's 5th year of coverage under the prior permit.~~

III. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- A. Screenings and other solids collected by the permittee shall be handled, recycled and/or disposed of in compliance with the Solid Waste Management Act (35 P.S. §§ 6018.101 – 6018.1003), 25 Pa. Code Chapters 287, 288, 289, 291, 295, 297, and 299 (relating to requirements for landfilling, impoundments, land application, composting, processing, and storage of residual waste), federal regulation 40 CFR Part 257, The Clean Streams Law, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments.
- B. DEP may require monitoring of stormwater discharge(s) as may be reasonably necessary in order to characterize the nature, volume or other attributes of that discharge or its sources.
- C. The permittee shall ensure that its SWMP, including its Stormwater Management Ordinance(s) ~~or SOPs~~, is designed to prevent increased loadings of pollutants and to not cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards by any discharge from its regulated small MS4.
- D. The permittee shall develop and maintain adequate legal authorities, where applicable, and shall maintain adequate funding and staffing to implement this Permit, including the SWMP contained in Part C I of this Permit.

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- E. In accordance with 40 CFR § 122.35, the permittee may rely on another entity to satisfy NPDES permit obligations to implement a minimum control measure if: (1) the other entity, in fact, implements the control measure; (2) the particular control measure, or component thereof, is at least as stringent as the corresponding NPDES permit requirement; and (3) the other entity agrees to implement the control measure on the permittee's behalf. The permittee must specify in Annual MS4 Status Reports that it is relying on another entity to satisfy some of its NPDES permit obligations. The permittee remains responsible for compliance with permit obligations if the other entity fails to implement the control measure (or component thereof).
- F. This permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface waters from the permittee's regulated small MS4. In addition, the following non-stormwater discharges are authorized by this permit as long as such discharges do not cause or contribute to pollution as defined in Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law:
1. Discharges or flows from firefighting activities.
 2. Discharges from potable water sources including water line flushing and fire hydrant flushing, if such discharges do not contain detectable concentrations of Total Residual Chlorine (TRC).
 3. Non-contaminated irrigation water, water from lawn maintenance, landscape drainage and flows from riparian habitats and wetlands.
 4. Diverted stream flows and springs.
 5. Non-contaminated pumped ground water and water from foundation and footing drains and crawl space pumps.
 6. Non-contaminated HVAC condensation and water from geothermal systems.
 7. Residential (i.e., not commercial) vehicle wash water where cleaning agents are not utilized.
 8. Non-contaminated hydrostatic test water discharges, if such discharges do not contain detectable concentrations of TRC.
- G. In the event existing outfall(s) are identified during the permit term that were not identified on maps submitted as part of the application (where required), the permittee shall identify the outfall(s) in the subsequent Annual MS4 Status Report that is submitted to the DEP office that approved permit coverage. In the event new stormwater outfalls are proposed, the permittee shall submit written notification to the DEP office that issued the permit at least 60 days prior to commencing a discharge.

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